

Butas, a Famous Wrestler, who was
went every day to eat a whole Ox;
whence the Proverb against Glut-
ions. Butas obambulat.
Buthia, a, a great Sacrifice, g.
† Butie, m. Heras of Oxen.
† Butio, onis, a Rittour.
Būtis, a City of Syria.
Būtoā, an Island near Crete.
Būthmum, i, n. Red grals or Ox-
bane, given Cattle for fodder.
Butrium, a City of Italy.
† Butia, a, a But.
† Butticum, and butto, onis, a Butt
† Butria, a Buttreff, a Prop.
† Butrubata, trifles, bumbles.
Butua, a Town of Liburnia, now
Buda.
Butuntum, or -os, the City Bitonto
in Apulia.
Butuntientes, the people of Bu-
runtum.
Būtus, a, um, taught any thing.
Būrus, the Son of Pandion, whence
Butada, part of the Tribe Ægeis;
also a City of Ægypt and Gedro-
fi.
† Būtyratus, a, um, buttered.
Būtyrinus, a, um, of or like But-
ter. From
BUTYRUM, i, n. [βυτρου] Butter.
Butyrus, a kind of Herb, g.
Buvinda, or dus, the River Boyn
in Ireland.
Buxa, orum, [a buxum] Pipes of
Box-wood.
Buxans, ntis, like Box-wood.
Buxea, a, f. a table of Box.
Buxentum, a Town of Lucania.
Buxetum, i, n. a place where box
grows.
Buxeus, a, um, of or like box.
Buxitei, a, um, bearing box.
Buxofus, a, um, like or full of box.
BUXUS i, f. [βυξ] the Box-
BUXUM, i, n. } tree, a Pipe with
two rows of holes, a Pox, Toy or
Cat. * Humi buxus, Ground box.
† Buza, a Paunch.
Buza, a people of India.
Buzarus, a Mountain of Maurita-
nia Cafariensis.
Buzes, a People of Marmarica.
Buzeri, a people of Themiscyra in
Asia.
Buzger, an Athenian Noble-man
thought to be the first that plough-
ed with Oxen yoked.
Buzygeus, a Mountain of Thessaly.
Buzygia, an Athenian Family en-
dowed with the Priesthood.

B Y

Bybe, a City near the Peucetii in
Thrace.
Byblefia, a Country of Caria.
Byblia, a name of Venus.
Bybii, a people of Scythia.
Bēblis, a little Mediterranean Isle;
also the Daughter of Miletus, who
died for love of her Brother Cau-
nus.
Byblus, a City of Phœnicia, now
called Giblee, or Gibelcto.
Byoz, the name of a Lake in Sar-
matia, running into Mæotis.
Bycus, the River Buges in Sar-
matia.
Bylliones, a people of Illyricum.
Byllis, a Sea-Town of Illyria.
BYNE, es, f. [Bum] Malt, or
Beer.

† Byrri, or Burri, a kind of red
garment.
Byrrhia, one with red hair.
Byrrhus, a Thief in Horace.
Byrsa, a castle in the midst of Car-
thage, on the top of which is a
Temple of Æsculapius, burnt by the
wife of Afrubal.
Byrfa, a Hide and a Purse, g.
† Byrfeus, a Tanner, or Carrier.
Bysalas, a country by the Syrtes.
Byrnei, a People of the Bebruce.
† Byrri, orum, Fantastical Persons.
Byssinus, a, um, of Silk, From
BYSSUS, i, f. [Βύσσος] Silk or
fine Flax.
† Byturos, a kind of worm gnawing
vines.
Byzacium, a country of Africa.
Byzacenus, a, um, of Byzacium.
Byzantium, a city of Thrace, built
by Pausanias, called afterwards
Nova Roma, and Constant nople,
taken by the Turks, An. Dom 1453.
who call it Stamboli. Also a City of
India within Ganges.
Byzantiacus, } of Constantino-
Byzantius, a, um, } ple.
Byzantinus, i, m. a bisantine or
belant, an ancient piece of Gold
coined at Constantinople.
Byzenus, a Son of Neptune, very
free in his speech, whence the adage,
Byzeni libertas, against those that
are too lavish of their tongues.
Byzeres, a people of Pontus.
Byzericus, a, um, belonging to By-
zeres.
Buzia, a City of the Thracian Kings.
See B. zia.

C

A

C. For Caius, causa, condemno
centum, or comitia.
Caas, a Mountain in Syria.
Cabados, a King of the Persians.
† Cābala [beb.] the Jewish tradition,
their Secret Science of expounding
Divine Mysteries.
Cabala, a place in Sicily, a City of
Cilicia, and a Town in Thrace.
Cabalaca, a Town of Albania in
Asia.
Cabalis, a Country of the Solymi
Cabalia, a Country of Asia minor.
Cabalii, the people of cabalia.
Cabali, a city near Sybaris.
† Cābālina, a, m. [a cabala] one
skilled in the Jews cabal.
† Cābālincus, a, um, of or belong-
ing to that Science.
Cāballārius, ii, m. [a caballus] a
Horse man
Cāballatio, ōnis, f. the Office of
keeping Horses
Cābllinum, a Town of Gallia Lug-
dunensis.
Cāballinus, a, um, of a Horse.
Caballinus fons, a very clear Foun-
tain in Helicon, consecrated to the
Muses, From
CABALLUS, li, m. [Καβαλλος] a
Horse, a Jade.
Caballus, the proper name of a man.
† Cābalus, a kind of a Night-
Raven.
Cabandena, a Country of Sufiana.
Cabandorum, a Town of Noricum
called Branaw.

Cabarni, Priests of Ceres amongst the
Parii.
Cabaites, part of Ægypt
Caballus, or cabellus, a City of
Cappadocia.
Cabdana, a Country of Carmania.
Cabeles, a people of Maonia.
Cabellio, a Town of Norbone.
Cābēra, the Daughter of Proteus,
who had three sons by Vulcan called
Caberis, and as many Daughters,
called Cāberidæ, all which had
Temples Dedicated to them.
Cabaraia, a City of Media.
Cātēri, a people of Asia.
Caber, Cannibals in Asia.
Cābēron, a River of Asia.
Cābidārius, ii, m. a Mason, one
that hews stones, g.
† Cabille, Teaching or Instruction.
Cabira, a City of Rhodes.
Cābiri, or -ei, Gods of the Phœni-
cians, worshipped chiefly at Beroicus.
Cabiria, a city of the lower Asia.
Cābrii, a people of Bæotia.
† Cabo, a Nig or Gelding.
Cabolus, one of Parma chosen Pope
by the Bishops of Lombardy, who
after a great slaughter of both
sides escaped by flight.
Cabolva, a people of Paropanifus.
Cabus, a god of the Phælitæ, who
sacrificed Salt-fish to him, which
occasioned a Proverb, sacrificium
Phælitærum.
Cabubathara, a Mountain of Arabia
fælix.
Cabullinum, a City of Gallia.
Cābūra, a fountain of Mesopotamia,
smelling very sweet, because [they
say] Jupiter was once washed in it.
† Cabus, i, m. a Measure of three
pints.
† Cābūta, a Crozier staff.
Cābyle, a city in Thrace.
Caca, the Sister of Cacus.
Cācābārius, ii, [a cacabus] a
maker of Kettles.
Cācābo, are, [a Kēkē apēd x]
to cry like a Partridge.
† Cacabulum, a house of Office.
Cacabulus, i, m. a little Kettle.
CACABUS, m. } [Κακάβος] a
CACABUM, i, n. } Great Kettle,
Cauldron, Pot, ge Por.
† Cācālia, f. Wild Carraways, or
wild Chervil.
Cacanus, a King of the Hunni.
Cacātūra, a, f. [a caro] Ordure.
† Cācātūrio, is, iv, itum, to have
a desire to go to stool
Cācatus, a, um, filled or defiled
with Ordure.
Caccabe, or carcabe, the ancient
name of Carthage.
Caccabus, i, m. a cauldron. See
cacabus.
Cācemphāton, or cacophaton, a
Harsh sound of Words in speak-
ing, g.
Cachao, chorolet.
Cāchectus, or cachecticus, one of
evil constitution, or complexion, g.
Cāchexia, a, t. an evil Disposition,
or State of Body, a Disemper, g.
Cachinnābilisarius, Excessive laugh-
ter.
Cāchinnatio, ōnis, f. from a great
laughter, giggling.
Cāchino, are, [Καχνα] to
Cāchinor, ari, } Laugh aloud,
Giggle.
Cāchinno, ōnis, m. a great
laughter, Buffon.

ACHINNUS, i, m. [*Kαχίνος*, vel *αἰόνο*] a Loud Unmannerly Laughing or Giggling. * **Tollere** cachinnum, to let up a laughing. * In cachinnos effusus, bursting out into intemperate laughing.

Cachyres, *Ash-keys* or catkins hanging upon teazels, g.

Cacia, æ, f. Noughtiness, Malice; also the great Beam of a Ship, g.

Cacdiri, a people of no small note among the Scythians.

Cacirini, a people of Sicily under the Romans.

CACO, are, f. [*Κακὸν* & *ἔχω*] to go to stool. * **Durum** cacare, to be hard bound.

Cacobasilæa, an ill Kingdom, g.

† **Cacoblepa**, a Beast that kills with her sight.

Cacochyla, things of ill juice, g.

Cacochymia, æ, f. ill Digestion, ill Juice in the Body, g.

Cacodæmon, onis, m. an evil spirit, g.

Cacœthes, is, n. an evil custom, a sore head to be cured, Ambition, g.

Cacologia, æ, f. evil speech, g.

Cacologus, i, m. an evil speaker, g.

Cacophagia, æ, f. devouring, g.

Cacophagus, i, a Devourer, g.

Cacophonia, æ, f. an ill sound, g.

Cacostomachus, having an ill Stomach, g.

Cacostyntheton, a bad composition of words, g.

Cacotechnia, æ, f. an evil Art, g.

Cacotrophia, Bad Nurishment, g.

Cacozela, æ, an evil affection or Imitation, g.

Cacozelus, i, m. he that indiscreetly imitates another, or affects new made words or things, g.

Carlos, an Artichoke, g.

† **Cacuba**, the name of certain stars.

Cacubulum, i, n. Berry-bearing chick-weed.

Cacula, æ, m. [*αἰαλο*, vel *αἰαλος* imbellis] a Soldiers boy.

† **Caculi**, orum, Dry wood.

† **Caculatus**, us, Slavery.

CACUMEN, inis, n. [*αἰακὸν* acumen] the Top, Peak, Ridge; a Sharp end of any thing. * **Venire ad** summum cacumen, to come to absolute perfection. * **Per acuta** cacumina vadere, to walk dangerously.

Cacuminatus, a, um, Sharp-pointed, or pecked.

† **Cacuminax**, acis, Aspiring, or Over-topping.

Cacumino, are, to make sharp or copped.

† **Cacuo**, ere, to exhort.

Cacus, the son of Vulcan, an Italian Shepherd slain by Hercules, for stealing his oxen driving them backward into his cave.

Cacuthis, a River of India falling into Ganges.

Cacyparis, a River of Sicily.

Cacyron, the city Calloro in Sicily.

Cadaundus, a, um, [*αἰαδο*] falling often.

Cadora, a great Island of the red Sea.

Cadala, æ, f. the neck or bending of any thing.

CADAVER, eris, n. [*αἰαδενδο*] a Dead carcass, corps, or carrion. * **Vivum** cadaver, one that lives without any employment worthy of life. * **Cadaver oppidorum** the ruins of Towns.

Cadaverosus, a, um, Ghostly, Full

of carcase. * **Facies** cadaverosa, the picture of death.

† **Cadax**, apt to fall.

Cadena, a place built like a city in the Hills of Lycæonia.

Cadens, ntis, Falling, Failing; going down.

† **Cadēsa**, a Whore or Harlot.

Cadeses, a people of Gallia Celtica.

Cadi, a city of Phrygia.

Cadiscus, ci, g. m. a Vessel where lots were put in an election in judgment; a Ballet box.

Cadiscus, a Mountain of Crete.

Cadivus, a, um, [*αἰαδο*] Falling of itself; Transitory.

† **Cadix**, a Block, Book, or Lock.

Cadmea, a castle in Thebes, take also for Thebes it self, and some times for Carthage.

Cadmei, Cadmii, and Cadmiones Thebans, or people of Thebes.

Cadmēia, or -eis, the country Boeotia.

Cadmeius, a surname of Mercury.

Cadria, æ, f. brass-ore, g.

† **Cadmite**, a kind of Precious stone with blew specks.

Cadmus, Son of Agenor, who sent him to seek his sister Europa, carried away by Jupiter, not finding her he tarried in Boeotia, where he built the city Thebes; also other men.

CADO, cecidi, casum, [*αἰαδο* cedere vel *αἰαδο* deorsum] to Fall, Dye, be Slain, Happen, Set as the Sun. * **Gadere** causa or lite, to be cast in ones Suit. * **Cedere** formula, not to declare, or proceed in due form. * **Non cadit** in alium tam absolutum opus, no body beside could do the like. * **Cadit solutio** in diem Calend, the day appointed for payment happened to be the first day of.

* **Verba melius** in syllabas longiores cadunt, a period ends better with a word compounded of long Syllables. * **Fonte Græco** cadunt quædam verba, are derived from the Greek.

† **Cado**, onis, f. a brazen bucket or chest.

Cadomum, the city Caen in Normandy.

Cadrema, a city of Lycia.

Cadruſi, a Town built by Alexander by Caucasus.

† **Caducarii**, Men having the falling sickness.

† **Caducarius**, ii, m. an Escheator.

Caduceator, oris, m. a Herald at Arms, Ambassadour. From.

Caduceus, i, m. [*Καδὺκεὺς*] Mercury's Rod, which he used for the composing of strife; Also the Roman Herald's white staff when they treated of Peace.

Caducifer, i, a name of Mercury.

Caduciger, i, m. he that carries the white staff.

Caducitas, atis, f. an Escheat.

Caduciter, adv. Ruinously, Rashly, Violently.

Caducum, ci, n. an Apple-blossom, an Escheat, Windfall.

Caducus, a, um, [*αἰαδο*] Decaying, Frail, Mortal. * **Morbus** caducus, the Falling Sickness. * **Pomum** caducum, an over-ripe apple. * **Bona** caduca, goods lapsed or forfeited, alienated from the proper heir. * **Caducæ** literæ, Letters that

spread bigger than the Pen make them.

Cadueri, a people of Caria.

† **Cādūla**, æ, f. the dripping of meat.

Cadurei, a people of Aquitaine.

De Cadurcis, the Family Chaworth.

Cadurcum, ci, n. [*αἰαδουρ*] Ticking, or Pack-cloth, also a Tent, Footstool, canopy.

† **Cadus**, a, um, Lunatick.

CADUS, i, m. [*Καδὺς*] ab heb. cad hydria] a Wine-pipe. * **Cadus** balsamentarius, a powdering tub.

Cadusi, a people about the Caspian Sea.

Cadytis, a great city of Syria.

Cæa, Zæa, or Zia, an Island in the Ægean Sea.

Cæada, a place in Sparta, into which they threw Malefactors.

† **Cæbus**, a Monkey.

Cæcatus, a, um, blinded.

Cæcias, æ, g. the North west or North-east wind bringing rain.

Cæcigenus, æ, um, [*αἰακος* & *γίγνομαι*] born blind.

Cæcilia, f. [*αἰακος*] a Sleeworm, or Blind worm.

Cæcilia, the Wife of Tarquinius Priscus, very courageous, and a notable Spinster.

Cæcilus, an unusual Surname among the Romans.

Cæcinus, a River of Lac-is.

Cæcitas, atis, f. Blindness of mind or Sight.

Cæco, are, to make Blind. * **Cæcare** mentes largitione, to blind with Gifts.

† **Cæcua**, an Owl.

Cæcubum, a Town of Campania, with very fruitful Vineyards.

Cæcubus, a, um, belonging to Cæcubum.

† **Cæcula**, f. a blind worm.

Cæculto, are, to be half blind or blunder.

Cæcylus, accounted Vulcan's Son, because his Mother said she conceived by a spark of fire falling into her lap.

CÆCUS, a, um, [*αἰακος* heb. chossek, tenebræ] Blind, Dark, Unseen, Ignorant. * **Cæcus** ramus, bearing neither Bud nor Blossom. * **Ennis** cæcus, striking here and there confusedly. * **Cæco cæcus** Dux, like Master like Scholar. * **Cæcus** moecus, a Disease difficult to be known. * **Ene die** cæca olivum, id vendito oculata die, buy it upon trust, and sell it for ready money.

† **Cæcus**, udis, m. a kind of blind worm.

Cæcitiens, ntis, half blind.

Cæcutio, ire, to be dim of sight.

† **Cæda**, æ, a dimness of sight.

Cædes, is, [*αἰαδο*] slaughter, cutting down. * **Ibatur** in cædes, they were going to slay one another. * **In** or **ex** cæde vivere, to turn cut-throat.

Cædicula, æ, f. a small slaughter.

Cædicius quintus, the name of two consuls, and a very rich man in Virgil.

CÆDO, cecidi, casum, [*αἰαδο* heb. id.] to Slash, cut, Sacrifice, Beat Kill, Dig. * **Virgis** ad necem cedere, to whip to Death. * **Cedere** testibus, to convince by witnesses. * **Cedere** januam saxo, to break open the Door with stones. * Pro

- **Propria vineta cædit, it is an ill bird that defiles his own nest.* **Pignora cedere, to sell the pawns publicly piece meal.*
Cædus, a, um, used to be lopped.
 **Sylva cædua, a Coppice.* **Cædua natura frutex, that may be cut up.*
 † *Cæta, the herb Calamint.*
Cælāmen. inis, n. [a cælo] an Engraving.
Cælestis, for cælaveris.
Cælātor, ōris, m. an Engraver.
Cælātōrius, a, um, belonging to Engraving.
Cælātūra, æ, f. an Engraving.
Cælātus, a, um, Engraved.
 CÆLEBS, ibis, c. [Κοῖλῆς, a Κόλῆ & Λαῖμα cui deest lectus nuptialis] a Batchelor or single person. **Arbor cælebs, that has no vine running up it.*
 † *Cæleria, pl. the neck of birds decked with divers colours.*
 † *Cæles, a Bird.*
Cælestini, a People of Umbria.
Cælestinus, he wrote the Lives of the Emperour Valerianus and Gallienus.
Cælestis, re, [a cælum] Heavenly Divine, excellent. **Cælestis pila, a ball smitten aloft in the Air.*
 **Cælestia statuta, the Imperial Edicts and Statutes.* **Cælestis aqua, Rain.* **Cælestia tentat, attempts things deserving praise.*
Cælestis, a name of a Goddess worshipped in Africa.
 † *Cælestissimus, most heavenly.*
 † *Cælia, a Spanish drink made of Grain.*
Celibātus, ū, m. [a cælebs] single life, the state of a Man or Woman unmarried.
Cælicola, æ, c. [a cælum & colo] dwelling in heaven.
Cælicus, a, um, Heavenly.
Cælifer, upholding heaven.
*Cæliger, a, um, *Cæligeræ stellæ, born by Heaven.*
Cælinum, or -na, a Town and River in Venice.
Cælipōtens, ntis, powerful. **Dii cælipotens, heavenly weights*
Cælites, um, m. Saints, Gods, Inhabitants of Heaven.
Cælitus, adv. from Heaven.
Cælium, a Town in Calabria near Brundisium.
Cælius, the name of several men, and one of the Hills upon which Rome stood.
 † *Cælo, are, to strike. See cello.*
Cælo, are, [a cælum vel cædo] to Engrave, Carve or Grasp. **Cælare argento or in argento, to grave in silver.* **Libidine in pœnis cælare, to engrave filthy obscene pictures upon the cups.*
 CÆLUM, n. [a Κοῖλῆς cæli, orum, a, um] Heaven. *the Air, Weather, all the Earth in respect to Hell; also great height, the Pallat of the Mouth.* **Morbis cæli, the infection of the Air.*
 **Cælum capitis, the Skull.* **in cælum jaculare, to threaten invain.*
 **Maricælum miscere, to storm and rage.* **Libero cælo permittere, to let fly abroad.* **In cælo sum, I am a brave fellow.* **Vertiter cælum, is of another Aspect.*
 **Cælo addere sidera, to throw Water into the Thames.*
Cælum, i, n. [a cædo vel Κοῖλῆς cævo] a Graving Instrument.
Cælus, i, m. Heaven.
Cælus, Saturn's Father.
Cæma, a Mountain of the Alps, dividing Gallia comata from togata.
 † *Cæmenta, æ, f. Mortar.*
Cæmentarius, ii, m. a Plaisterer, Pargetter.
Cæmentitius, a, um, made of Ragged Stones or Mortar, Rough-cast.
 CÆMENTUM, i, n. [a cædo] Mortar, Plaistering. Rubbish; also a Wall of such stuff.
Cæne, a small Island in the Sicilian sea.
Cæneus, the Name of Jupiter.
Cænina, a Town in Italy.
Cænis a Thessalian Maid, who being Ravished by Neptune, desired that her sex might be changed, and she might become invulnerable, and so being named Cæneus, and fighting with the Lapithæ against the Centaurs, was overwhelmed by trees, and turned into a Bird; also a Promontory and Town in Calabria and Sicily.
Cænites, a Port of Achia.
Cænotropæ, the Daughters of Anius and Dorippe, who turned whatsoever they touched into Wheat, Wine, or Oil.
Cæpe, i, n. [Γένιον & Κεφαλή caput] an Onion.
Cæpitius, a, um, of Onions. **Cæpitium caput, an Onions head.*
Cæpētum, i, n. an Onion bed.
Cæpori, a people of Spain.
 † *Cæpto, are, to begin.*
Cæpūla, æ, f. [a cæpe] a Chibol, or small Onion.
Cæpus, or -ptus, a Beast of Æthiopia like a Satyr or Wolfward.
Cære, a famous City of Hettruria, which once was the head of the whole Countrey
 † *Cærea, æ, f. a kind of Paint.*
 † *Cæresolium, the herb Chervil.*
 CÆREMONIA, æ, f. [ab antiq. Cærus sanctus, vel ab Heb. Kara orere] a Ceremony, Custom, Pomp, Religion.
Cæremoniōsus, a, um, Holy, belonging to Ceremonies.
Cæres, itis, belonging to Cære in Cæres, etis, Etruria, a free City of Rome, having no voice in Election. **Cærites tabulæ, the Censors Tables containing their Names who by some misdeemeanor were deprived of suffrage.* **Cærite cæra dignus, one that deserves to lose his Voice or Vote.*
 Cærimonia. See Cæremonia.
Cærinthe, three leaves Grass.
Cæreti, a People of Germany.
Cæreti, a Town of Umbria.
Cæritani, a sort of superstitious Vagabonds.
Cærebryx, a city of Lusitania.
Cæron, a country of Armenia where Josephus says some Relicks of Noah's Ark were still to be seen.
Cærpæus, Portchester in Hampshire.
Cærr severus, Salisbury.
Cærrū, orum, n. the sea
Cærrūleātus, a, um, coloured, blew, or like azure.
Cærrūleum, ei, n. a kind of sand found among Gold and Silver, and used of Painters.
 CÆRULEUS, a, um, [a cælum] Elem. azure, sky-coloured. **Cærulei campi, the sea.*
Cærrūlus, i, m. the sea.
Cærrulum, i, n. the sea.
Cæsa, æ, f. a dart used in War by the Gauls.
Cæsālis lapis, a Mark-stone, Land-stone.
Cæsar, āris, the surname of the Julii in Rome, and after Julius Cæsar given to every Emperour. **Aut Cæsar aut nullus, I will win the Horse or loose the saddle.*
Julius Cæsar, the first Roman Emperour, slain in the Senate house by Brutus, and others.
Caius Cæsar, a Tragical Post and Oratour.
Cæsaraugusta, the City Saragossa in Spain.
Cæsarea, the Island Jersey; also a Town in Bavaria and Resling, a city in Mauritania, and other places
Cæsārea magna, a city of Cappadocia and Bithynia.
Cæsarea Philippi, a city of Palestine.
Cæsarienus, a, um, of Cæsar.
Cæsariensis, se, of Cæsarea.
Cærrūlātus, a, um, having a long bush of Hair. From
 CÆSARIES, i, f. [a cæsus] a bush of Hair.
Cæsarium, a Mart-town of Ægypt.
Cæsārius, a Consul colleague to Atticus.
Cæsarobricenses, a people of Lusitania.
Cæsarodunum, the city Tours in France.
Cæsaromagus, the city Beauvois in Picardy.
Cæsena, a Town of Gallia Togata.
Cæsinate, the people of Cæsena.
Cæsiniatā vina, Wine growing at Cæsena.
Cæsim, adv. by slashing. **Cæsim petere horem, to strike with a downright blow.* **Cæsim dicere, to speak concisely.*
Cæsiō, ōnis, f. a stripe, gash, cut.
Cæsītium, ii, n. (a cæsus) any linnen whitened by beating, or which is jagged about. **Linteolum cæsītium, cut-work.*
Cæsium, ii, n. an Incision, Comma.
 CÆSIUS, a, um. [a cælum] Gray, sky coloured, Blunket.
Cæsius Bassus, a Lyrick Poet, who together with his Farm-house, was burnt by Vesuvius.
Cæso, ōnis, m. [a cædo] one that is ripped out of his mothers belly
Cæso, the name of several consuls.
Cæsōnia, the Wife of the Emperour Caligula, when he kissed her neck, he used to say, as fair a neck as 'tis, if I say the word, 'tis taken off.
L. Cæsionius, the name of a consul.
Cæsionium, or Cæsariorum, a city of Gallia Lugdunensis.
 CÆSPES, itis, m. [a cædo] a green Turf, a Sod.
Cæspitator, ōris, m. a stumpler.
Cæspititius, a, um, made of Turfs.
Cæspito, are, (a cæspes) to tumble, Trip.
Cæstrum, i, n. [a cædo] a Piercer, Wamble, Steeletto.
Cæstus, ūs, m. [a cædo] a Whirlbat.
 † *Cæstus, a, um, of a Gray colour.*
Cæsum, i, n. part of a sentence, containing no perfect sense; also a kind of Weapon.
Cæsura, æ, f. [a cædo] a cut, gash, Incision.

Cesurātum, adv. Briefly, by Pieces, by short Clauses.

† Cesurātum vas, a Vessel cut or notched round about.

Cesur, a, um, [of cad or] cut, beaten, slain. * Inter Cesa & porret, in the interim.

CETER, a, um, [Kai et ap] the other.

Cetera, adv. Furthermore, in other things. * Cetera doctus, other wise a learned man.

Cetero, adv. at the other time.

Ceteroqui, { adv. otherwise.

Ceteroquin, { adv. otherwise.

Ceterum, adv. But yet, Moreover, Otherwise.

Ceterus, a, um, the Rest, Other. * Ad cetera, as for the rest. * Et cetera, and so forth. * Nunquid me vis ceterum, Would you have any thing else with me?

Cetheus, a consul without any Colleagues, A. D. 1257.

Cetulum, a city in Spain.

† Cetum crudum, Green, or Undried Salt-fish.

Ceyx, ceyon, a kind of Alcyon. See Ceyx.

Cifa, a Mountain which Mahomet says holds up the Heavens.

Cafago, a Fountain in Laconia, rather Cacao.

Cafanes, a people of Mauritania.

† Cagenter, i, m. Ice.

Cajicus, a River of Media.

Cajeta, a Promontory and port-town of Campania.

Cajetanus, a, um, of Cajeta.

† Calous, or calus, or calocus, the

Kidney-bean of Malacca.

Calrus or Alcorus, and Babylon, the greatest City of Egypt, they say five times bigger than Paris, and besides the suburbs has thirty thousand houses.

Calus, a Mountain in Spain; also the name of divers Romans. * Ubi ru

Calus ibi ego Caia, I have as good Right in the East as you.

CALA, a, f. [Kala lignum] a Club, a Staff, Billet; also a Hall.

Calabastores, a Town of Africa.

Calaber, i, m. any barbarous man, g.

Caliber, -bris, of Calabria.

Calaber, the son of Jupiter, Brother of Tænarus and Carestus.

Q. Calaber, a great Poet that wrote fourteen books to perfect what Homer wanted concerning Troy.

Calabria, a Country in the uttermost part of Italy, almost an Isle, now called Terre de Labour.

† Calabria cura, a Convocation of the Clergy.

Calabricus, a, um, of Calabria.

† Calabrio, a kind of Bird.

Calabrites, a city of Peloponnesus.

Calabrus, a river of Calabria.

Calabrya, a place in Asia minor. so called from the springs of good water.

Calachana, a country of Armenia minor.

Calachana, a country of Assyria.

Calacta, a city of Sicily.

Calactinus, a, um, of Calacta.

Calacticus, a Bay of Spain.

Caladunum, a city of the Calatci Bracatii.

Calæ, a city of India, and an Island of Taprobane.

Calagia, Wittenberg in Germany.

Calæi, Islands in the mouth of the Persian Gulf.

Calenus, a Fountain of Lycia.

† Calagis, a disease in the Eye-brows.

Calagorgis, a city of Aquitaine.

Calagorina, or calaguris, a city of Spain.

† Calas, idia, f. a precious stone like a Sappir.

Calais, the winged Son of Boreas, who went with his brother Zenes with the Argonauts to Colchos, slain by Hercules, and turned into certain Winds, which arise eight days before the Dog-star.

Calama, a city of Africa, and a Village of Carmania.

† Calamacus, ci, m. a kind of close Mitre.

Calama, a city of Messenia in Peloponnesus.

† Calamancus, ci, m. a kind of Cap.

† Calamantius, ii, m. an Organist.

Calamarium, ii, n. [a calamus] a pen-case or Ink-born.

Calamarius, a, um, of Pens or Quills.

* Theca calamaria, a Pen case.

† Calamaticus, a, um, belonging to a close Mitre.

Calamenthæ, a city of Libya or Phœnicia.

Calamenthum, { a Broken piece

Calametum, i, n. { of a Vine prop, or rather shavings cut off (while a sitting up) by the Vine dresser.

Calamina, a city of India where they say the Body of St. Thomas was found.

Calaminæ, or Nympharum Insulæ, certain Islands in a Lake of Lydia, which move when you dance upon them.

Calamintus, a, { Calamint, g.

Calametum, i, n. { Calamint, g.

Calamis, a Name of a famous Engraver.

† Calamiscus, ci, m. a little Candelstick.

Calamissus, a Town of Locris.

Calamister, tri, m. a crispin. pin.

Calamistraculus, a, um, somewhat Frizzled, from

Calamistratus, a, um, Trimmed, Frizzled, crisped.

Calamistro, are, to crisp, or curl the Hair, from

CALAMISTRUM, i, n. [Kalamistrum] a crispin. pin. * Calamistrare, to garnish with words.

Calamitas, a, f. [a calamus] the lodging of or by a Tempest; also calamity, misery, mischief.

Calamites, { [a calamis] a little

Calamita, a, { green Frog.

† Calamitia, a kind of Gem.

† Calamitissum, i, n. the herb Nepeta.

† Calamito, are, to make wretched.

Calamitosè, adv. miserably, wretchedly.

Calamitosus, a, um, wretched, miserable, full of Calamity, hurtful.

* Hordeum ex omni frumento minimè calamitosum, least subject to lodge.

Calamizo, are, g. to pipe, or sing.

* Calamo, are, to glean corn.

Calamobas, a surname of Antipater, who wrote vehemently against Carneades.

Calamochus, g. the Salt from cleaving to Capes, in Pens

† Calamogrohis, Reed-grass.

Calamona, a Town of Egypt and Arabia.

† Calamonia, a, an Organ pipe.

† Calamonium, ii, a Pen sheath.

Calamos, a Town of Asia, a city of Phœnicia and Babylonia

CALAMUS, i, m. [Kalamus] a

Reed, an Arrow made of an Indian Cane, a Pen made of an Egyptian

Reed, an Oaten-pipe, an Angling-rod. * Calami aucupatorii, Lin-

twigs. * Calami arborum, or plantarum, sets or slips. * Calamus

odoratus, or aromaticus, a sweet-scented growing in Arabia.

CALANTICA, a, f. [Kalamantica] ornamentum, vel a Kapa caput] a coif, or binderchief.

Calani, a people of India, of whom Clearchus says the Jews sprang.

Calanus, an Indian Philosopher, who finding himself sick, made a great fire and burnt himself before Alexander.

Calaon, a River of Asia.

Calapis, a remarkable River of Pannonia.

Calaris, the chief city in Sardinia.

Calarni, a city of Macedonia.

Calarus, the Name of an Island called otherwise Atopecia.

Calasarna, the city Capana in Calabria.

† Calasaster, i, m. he that bath a shrill Voice

Calasiris, part of Egypt.

Calasirii, the Inhabitants of Calasiris.

Calasis, g. a kind of Coat.

† Calastica, orum, Purging Medicines.

Calasyris, a Linnen coat worn by the common people of Egypt, g.

Calata, a city and town in Sicily.

Calataræ, a people of Bactriana.

Calaterium nemus, the Forrest of Galtres in Yorkshire

Calanthana, a Town of Macedonia.

Calathe, a City by Hercules's Pillars; also an African Island.

Calathiāna, a, f. [a figurā calathi] the Flower Anchoris, or Blew vio-

lets.

Calathion, a Mountain of Laconia.

Calathis, a city of Illyris.

Calathiscus, i, m. a little Basket, g.

CALATHUS, i, m. [Kalamus] a Basket or Flask. * Effigie calathi, in form of a Pine-apple or top.

Calathus, the Son of Jupiter and Antiope.

Calathusa, an Island between Chersonesus and Samothrace, another in Pontus, and a Town of Arabia deserta.

Calatia, a city of Campania.

Calatiæ, a people of India.

* Calatiæ, Impudent, lascivious men.

Calatibu, a city of Libya.

† Calaticum hordeum, Barley that has two rows on each ear.

Calatis, a Town of Pontus, and a city of Thrace.

CALATOR, oris, m. [ab antiq. calo] an Apparitor, Bayliff, Cryer, Clark, he that carries Wood for Soldiers.

Calatum, Tadcaster in Yorkshire.

† Calatur, a, um, called. * Calata comitia, Assemblies for the Election of Flamines.

Calavii, a People of Campania.

† Calauræ, arum, solitary and secret places.

Calauria, an Isle in the Argolick gulf, where Democritus dying the Persecution of Antipater, poisoned himself, they say Neptune gave Delos to Latona for this Island, whence the

the adage, pro Gelo Calauria, on
good turn for another.
† Calazra, a Precious stone with
spots like Hail.
Calazophylaces, Græcian Priests,
observers of Hail.
† Calbæi, orum, m. Bracelets gi-
ven to Souldiers.
Calbis, a River of Caria.
† Calbitio, onis, f. Grief or Sorrow.
† Calbo, onis, a Dog.
Calcaneum, ei, n. [a calx] the heel
Calcaneus, ei, m. * Calcanes
camelorum, camels Hoofs.
† Calcanthum, i, n. Shoe-ma-
kers Black, Vitriol.
CALCAR, ari, n. [a calx] a spur.
* Calcaribus egere. to be dull.
Calcaria, æ, f. a Lime pits or kiln.
Calcaria, Tadcaster in Yorkshire.
Calcariu, a, um, [a calx] per-
taining to lime.
Calcarius, ii, m. be that Burns, or
Works in Lime.
† Calcatæ, arum, Bundles of straw
or Bushes.
Calcatio, onis, f. a Treading or
stamping.
Calcatorium, ii, n. a Lime pit, also
a place where Grapes are stamped.
† Calcatrepha, æ, f. the herb Lark-
beel.
Calcatūra, æ, f. a ceiling, or par-
getting.
Calcatus, a, um, Trodden on, Tri-
vial.
Calcatus, 2 cieled, White-
Calcatus, a, um, 3 lined.
Calce, a city of Campania.
Calceamen, inis, n. 2 a Shoe, or
Calceamentum, i, n. 3 Sock.
Calcearium, ii, n. a Place to keep
Shoes in; also a great quantity of
shoes.
Calceatus, a, um, Shod.
Calceatus, æ, m. any kind of Shoe.
† Calcedo, inis, a stone shining like
Fire.
† Calcedix, icis, a kind of Shell-
Fish.
† Calcentarius, ii, m. a caster of
Accompts.
Calceo, are, [a calceus] to put on
Shoes, to shoe a Horse. * Calceare
aliquem soccis, to put on his socks.
Calceolarius, ii, m. a Shoe maker.
Calceolus, ii, m. a little Shoe, or
Scandal.
CALCEUS, ei, m. [a calx] a Shoe,
Patten, Sock. * Calcei Sicyonii,
delicate soft shoes worn by Women.
* Mutare calceos, to be made a
Senator, because the Senators wear
shoes differing from the rest.
Calchas, ntis, a Greek Soothsayer,
who went to the Trojan war, being
overcome by Mopsus, at a trial
of their skill, died for grief.
Calciaci, a people of Germany.
Calciarium, ii, n. See calcearium.
Calcifraga, æ, f. [a calx & frango]
the Herb Hearts-tongue.
† Calcinatus, a, um, done into pow-
der.
† Calcinella, a kind of Fish.
† Calcino, are, to Calcinie, beat in-
to Powder.
† Calcitio, onis, rather calcitro, a
Clown, that treads hard.
Calcitratio, the Star-bistle,
Calcitratus, a, um, Kicked.
Calcitratus, æ, m. a Kicking,
Spurning.
Calcitro, are, [q. calce tero] to

Kick, Spurn, Wince, not to Obey.
Calcitro, onis, m. a Wincing horse.
Calitrosus, a, um, Striking, Terk-
ing, Kicking backward.
Calco, are, [a calx] to Kick,
Tread, Trample on, Subdue, De-
spise, to Bruise. * Equor cal-
care, to go on the Sea. * Tuam
ipsum terram calca, keep off. * Cal-
care librum, to turn over a book.
† Calcopharum, a kind of Gem.
† Calcos, a kind of Gem.
† Calcilla, a Souldiers boy.
† Calcularius, a, um, belonging to
Accompts.
Calculation, onis, f. a casting of
Accounts.
Calculator, oris, m. an Accomptant
or caster up of Accomps.
Calculatrix, icis, f. she that casts
Accompts.
Calcilo, are, [a calculus] to reckon
or cast Accompts.
† Calculositas, atis, f. a waxing
Stony
Calcilofus, a, um, strong, gritty, gra-
villy; also troubled with the Stone.
Calcillus, ii, m. [a calx] a peddle,
or Gravel stone, a Chestman, or
Table man, a Counter, a Ballote,
or suffrage by black or white peb-
bles, for Negative or Affirmative,
Difficulty in a Business. Plin. Jun.
Income or Revenue, Colum. * Re-
ducere ad calculum, to cast up a
thing. * Album calculum addere,
to give ones Approbation. * Pare
calculum facere, to return the like.
* Calculum de se permittere, to
submit ones self to anothers cen-
sure. * Ad calculos reverti, to
pursue his former Design afresh.
* Calculum reducere, to change
ones mind.
† Calcus, the fourth part of a Cir-
cle.
† Calda, æ, for calida, hot Water.
Caldarium, i, n. a little Kettle.
From
Caldarium, ii, n. [a calidus] a
Kettle or Cauldron. * Caldaria,
orum, hot Baths.
Caldarius, a, um, pertaining to a
Cauldron, or Heating. * Metall-
um caldarium, any Metal that
may be melted.
Calderus, the River Calder in
Yorkshire.
† Caldium, an open Walk or Gal-
lery.
Caldius, a Name given Claudius
Cæsar, by a Military Jest.
Caldone, a Promontory of India.
Caldor, oris, Var. Heat.
Calduba, a City of the Turdetani.
Cale, a City of Lusitania, called
Puerto; another in France.
Cale, es, or Calesium, or Calenum,
the Town of Campania, where ex-
cellent Wine grew.
Calcarius, a Lake in Africa.
Calcantum, a kind of binding earth
like Salt.
Calcut, the Chief of the Indian
Cities.
Caledonia, Scotland.
Caledonius, a, um, Scotch, Scot-
tish.
Calcfacio, and Calfacio, [a Caleo
& facio] ere, to make Hot or
Angry.
† Calcfacior, to be made hot.
Calcfactio, onis, f. a heating.
Calcfacio, are, to heat often.

Calcfactor, } to be made hot.
Calcfactor, ari, }
Calcfactus, a, um, [of Calcfacio]
Heated, Warmed, Angred.
Calcfactus, us, m. an Heating,
Warming.
Calcfio, factus sum, iri, to be
Warmed, Heated.
Calem, a City in Portugal and Italy.
CALENDÆ, arum, f. [ab antiq.
Calo] the Calends or first Day of a
Month. * Calendæ femineæ, the
first of March, when they brought
Presents to Women. * Ad Græcas
Calendas, at latter Lammæ. * Ca-
lendis Jani, on the first of Janu-
ary.
Calendialis, le, of the Calends.
Calendarius, re, of the Calends. * Ca-
lendaris Juno, Juno, the President
of the Calends.
Calendarium, ii, n. a Calender, an
Almanack, a Debt-book; also lend-
ing Money by the Month.
Calendarius, a, um, pertaining to a
Calendar or Account.
† Calendarius, ii, m. an Usurer.
Calendatim, adv. upon the first day
of every Month.
† Calendrum, a Pettiwig. See Ca-
liendrum.
† Calendula, æ, a Marigold.
Calens, ntis, [of caleo] Warm,
Hot. * Calentes adhuc ab recenti
pugna, coming fresh from.
Calentum, a Town in Spain, where
they make Bricks that will swim
upon the Water.
† Calentur, they are heated.
Calenum vinum, Rich Wine of
Calenum in Campania.
Calenus, a Famous Soothsayer in
Etruria.
CALEO, ui, ere, [a Kales
calidus vel Heb. Kalah torrere]
to be hot, earnest in Love, vexed,
in every Mans Mouth. * Laudis
cupidine calere, to be very desirous
of. * Res calet, 'Tis piping hot.
* Caleo audire, I would fain hear.
* Judicia calent, Trials are dis-
patched apace. * Illi rûmores ca-
luerunt, that was much talked.
† Calcepra, a place where Wasps
breed; a Mitre, and a kind of
Grain.
† Calces, m. a Stove.
Cales, a Mart Town of Bithynia,
also a River.
Calesco, cis, ui, ere, to wax hot.
Caletanus ager, a place in Italy.
Caletæ, or -tes, a people of Gallia
Belgica.
† Calerarius, ii, m. one that car-
rieth Wood.
† Caletra, æ, a Wasps Nest.
Calerum, the Town Calais in Pi-
cardy.
Caletur, imp. it is very hot Wea-
ther.
Caleva, or Calleva the City Ox-
ford or Wallingford.
Calfacto, are, to set a beating.
Calfacio. See Calcfacio.
Calguia, a City of Arabia Petraea.
† Cali, the Herb Glass-wort.
Calianassa, & Calianira, two Nymphs
having their Names, one from Ru-
ling well, the other from Humouring
Men.
Calicadnus, or Calycadnus, a Ri-
ver of Cilicia.
Calicandrum, a Promontory of Asia
minor.

Caliceni, a People of Macedonia.

† Calico, are, to Drink.

† Calicula, æ, a kind of Hose.

Calcula, a City in Spain.

† Calicūlārium, ii, n. a Cupboard for Cups.

Calicūlātīm, adv. in the Fashion of a Cup or Goblet. From

Calicūlus, i, m. [a calix] a little Cup or Goblet.

† Calidarium, ii, n. a place in a hot house where Men do Sweat.

† Calida equi, Horses with white fore heads.

Caliditas, ātis, f. [a calidus] Heat.

Calidiuscule, adv. somewhat botly.

Calidiuscūlus, a, um, somewhat bot.

† Calidris, a kind of Heron.

Calidromus, a promontory of Achaia.

Calidus, a, um, [a caleo] Hot, Eager, Headly, Light, Rash. * Calidis pedibus. Swiftly.

CALIENDRUM, i, n. [Καλαινδρον ornamentum] a Perriwig

CALIGA, æ, f. [ab Heb. nagnal id. vel a Χαλδα laxo, vel a calx] a Stockin, Spatter-lash, trouzes, Eloquent Stile.

Caligane, ntis, waxing dim or dark, or making dim.

Caligāris, e, [a caliga]

Caligarius, a, um, pertaining to a Stocking, or Harness for the Leg. * Clavus caligaris, a Nail in a Soldiers greaves.

Caligārius, ii, m. a Hosier or Trouze-maker.

Caligatio, ōnis, f. Dimness, Blindness.

Caligatus, a, um, Hosed, or Trouzed. * Caligatus miles, a Common Soldier or one that feigns himself weary for fear.

Caligii, a People in Arabia.

Caliginōsus, a, um, Dark, Obscure, Dim, Dusky.

Caligo, are, to dazzle, make or grow dark or dim. * Caligo in sole, I can't see Wood from Trees. * Caligare ad aliquid, to hoggle at a thing. * Amnes caligant nebulis, the Rivers have a Mist over 'em.

CALIGO, inis, f. [Ἀχλὺς] Darkness or Dimness, Blindness, Ignorance, Obscurity. * Quasi per caliginem cernere, to look upon a thing through an undue medium.

Caligula, a Roman Emperour, who succeeded Tiberius.

† Calilæ, arum, Calices, Cups used in Sacrifices.

Calinda, a City of Lycia.

Calindræ, a City of Asia, and of India within Ganges.

Calinga, arum, a People of India, whose Women are said to conceive at five Years, and not to Live above eight.

Calingii, a People of Arabia felix and Asia.

Calingen, a Promontory of India.

Calinipara, a Town of India.

Calinius, a Syrian Historian, who wrote of the Exploits of Alexander.

Calinus, the Name of a Statuary in Quintilian.

Caliordi, a People of Taurica Chersonesus.

† Caliptra, æ, a Covering for the

Priests Head in Sacrificing. See

Calyptra.

Calipus, a River of Lusitania.

† Calira, æ, a Sheep.

Calisia, a Town in Germany.

Calitæ, a People of Libya.

Calitūrus, a, um, [of caleo] about to grow warm.

Calur, a Town of India within Ganges.

† Calius, li, Ashes, Dust.

CALIX, icis, m. [Καλῖξ] a Cup or Challice, bottom of a Boat.

* Calix cochleæ, the Snails house

* Calix glandis, the Cup of an Acorn. * Calices amariores, Old Wine with a pleasant Tartness.

† Callæ, arum. Smiths Irons.

† Callaica, a Gem of a pale green.

Callaici, a People of Lusitania.

Callaicus Oceanus, the Spanish Sea.

† Callainæ, Precious Stones found always in Company.

† Callainus, i, m. a Venetian, bright Colour, Purple, Sea-green.

† Callais, dis. an Indian Gem.

Callantiani, People of Pontus.

Callantis, a City of Sicily.

† Callāris, or Callarius, a Had-dock.

Callas, a River of Eubœæ, and a place of Mauritania Cæsariensis.

Callatebum, A City of Asia propria.

Callateria, a Town of Campania.

Callatiæ, or -antia, a Town of Mœsia.

Callatiæ, a People of India, who eat their Parents.

Calle, Cale and Callium, a City of Ambria.

† Callena, æ, a kind of Salt-peter.

Calleni, a people of Campania.

Callenicus, a Town of the Senones.

Callens, ntis, knowing well, wise.

CALLEO, ui, ere, [a callus, vel ab Heb. jakal potuit] to be tough and brawny, be beaten with long use, be skilled in a thing, know well. * Plagis costæ callent, are hardened again with stripes. * Callere ad quæstum suum, to be very expert at getting Money.

Callesco, ere, to wax hard or tough.

Calletum, a Town in Spain.

Calliæ, a City of Ætolia

Calliarus, a City of Locris.

Callias, an Historian of Syracuse, a Comedian of Athens, who made Ropes for his Living; an Athenian General, a Grammarian of Methymna, and a Town of Arcadia.

† Calliblēphāra, the best kind of Oysters with a purple string about 'em.

Calliblēphārum, i, n. a Medicine to make the Eye-brows black. g.

Callica, a City of Bythynia.

Callicatis, a City of India within Ganges.

Callichorus, a River of Paphlagonia.

† Callioia, an Herb making Water to freeze.

Callicles, a Famous Statuary.

Callicolona, a place of Troas, about the River Simois.

Callicrates, a Carver, who made Ants and such small Creatures of Ivory, that their parts could not be discerned; and other Men.

Callidē, adv. Craftily.

Calliditas, ātis, f. Craftiness, Subtilty.

Callidus, a, um, [a calleo] Crafty, Skilful, Cunning. * Callidus lu-

crati, cunning to get gain. * Callidus temporum, a Statesman

Calliga, a Town of India within Ganges.

Calligeris, a city of India within Ganges, called Cananor.

Calligonum, i, n. Way-grass, Knot-grass, g.

Calligraphia, æ, f. fair Writing, g.

Calligraphus, i, m. a fair Writer, g.

Callilogia, æ, f. Neatness of Speech, g.

Callimachus, an Historian and Poet, Overseer of Ptolomies Library, and several other Men.

Callimedes, an Athenian Empe-

rouer.

† Callimus, a kind of Eagle stone.

Callinicum, a Town of Persia and Mesopotamia.

Callinicus, a philosopher of Syria and Arabia, he professed at Athens, and wrote of Rhetorick and other things.

Callinus, the first Orator, and in-venter of Elegiack Verse.

Callinusa, a promontory of Cyprus.

Callionius, g. a kind of Fish.

Callionymus, a Fish whose Gall Cu-reth Scars, and superfluous Flesh in the Eyes, g.

Calliope, one of the Muses, Mother of Orpheus; also a city of Parthia.

† Calliōpicus, Naturally given to Musick.

† Callipæda, æ, m. an old Fellow playing the Boy.

Callipatira, a Woman that came in Mans Apparel to the Olympick Games, which occasioned a Law that the Gamesters afterwards should come in Naked.

Callipia, a Fountain of Ephesus.

Callipidæ, and Callipodes, a people of Scythia Europæa.

Callinides, a Greek Tragedian, and Historian.

Callipius, the Name of a consul.

Callipolis, a city in Thrace and Apulia.

Callipos, a philosopher who joyne-pleasure to Honesty.

Callipus, an Athenian slain at Sy-racuse for attempting Tyranny af-ter Dionysius; also a Town by the Euxine Sea; and an Historian of Corinth

Callipygos, a Name of Venus.

Callirrhoe, a Fountain in Attica, a hot Bath in Palæstine curing Dis-eases, the Daughter of Lycus, and a Beautiful Daughter of Phocus, who had 30 Rich Young Men of Bœotia her Suiters, but Phocus slaying them, they slew him, and afterwards by her means were slain themselves.

CALLIS, is, m. and f. [a calleo] a beaten path or causey. * Callem carpere, to beat upon the Hoof.

† Callis, is, f. a Fig dried in the sun

† Callisco, ere, Cat, to grow hard.

† Callista, æ, a province.

Callista, an Island in the Ægean Sea.

Callisthenes, a philosopher. Familiar with Alexander, who slew him be-cause he opposed the worshipping of him.

Callisto, the Daughter of Lycas, King of Arcadia, by whom Jupiter

bad Arcas, who gave Name to Arcadia, she was turned into a Bear by Juno, and placed among the Stars by Jupiter.
 Callistratia, a Town of Galatia.
 Callistratus, an Athenian Orator, and other men.
 Callistruthia, æ, f. a Fig of an excellent taste, g.
 Callistus, a name of several Men.
 Callithrix, icis, f. a kind of Ape in Æthiopia.
 Callitric, es, } the Herb Maiden-
 Callitrix-cis, f. } hair, g.
 Callitrichon, n }
 Callixenus, a famous Statuary, and other Men.
 Calliona, a City of Lesbos very rich.
 Callösitas, atis, f. Hardness, Brownness.
 Callösus, a, um, Hard, Brawny, Insensible * Callosa tunica oculi, the first Membrane of the Eye.
 Callum, i, n. [a calx, calco, vel Callus, i, m. } cala, &c.] the brown of the Skin, a Disease in Trees. * Callum aprugnum, brown.
 * Callum obducere dolori, to grow insensible of a Grief.
 † Calmaria, the Cuttle fish.
 † Calmitro, are, to glean after the Reapers.
 † Calmus, a, um, dear.
 Cälo, are, to call.
 CALO, onis, [a Καλον lignum] a Souldiers Boy, or Snap-Sack-boy; also a Wooden shoe, or patten.
 Calobatarus, ii, m. one that goes on Stilts, g.
 Cälädämon, g. a good Angel.
 Cälæum, i, n. new Wine boiled till part be consumed, g.
 Calun, the name of a Statuary.
 Calonis, the City Cleves in Germany.
 Cälöphanta, æ, m. a Hypocrite or Mocker, g. See Halophanta.
 Cälöpöda, æ, m. having fair feet, g.
 Cälöpödium, ii, g. a Shoe-makers Last, or Wooden-shoe. * Ferratum, with hobnails on it.
 Cälör, öris, m. [a caleo] Heat, Anger, Hot, Love. * Dum calor se frangat, till the Weather grow cooler.
 Calor, a River in Italy.
 † Cälöratus, a, um, Hot or Ardent.
 Cälörificus, a, um, making hot.
 Calos limen, a Haven in the Euxine.
 Cälötechnus, i, m. a good Workman, g.
 † Calpæ, arum, Souldiers Bracelets.
 † Calpar, an Earthen Vessel; also Wine let out of the Vessels for Sacrifice, before it might be tasted.
 Calpos, a River and Haven of Bithynia.
 Calpe, one of Hercules's Pillars, a Town in Spain, and the name of a River.
 † Calpes, is, m. a Souldiers Helmet or Reward.
 Calperus sylvius, the ninth King of the Latins.
 Calphurnia, an Impudent Woman that would plead her Cause herself, which occasioned a Law that prohibited the like for the Future.
 Calphurniana, a City in Boeotia.
 Calphurnius, the Name of divers Men.

† Calpatur, for calvitur, be deceived.
 † Cälta, a Chestnut.
 CALTHA, æ, f. [Κάθε] a Marigold.
 Caltiorista, a City of Armenia minor.
 Calthüla, æ, f. a Garment of a Marigold colour.
 † Caltudia, a Holy-day or Festival.
 † Caltölum, i, n. a kind of Girdle, a Bier.
 † Cälum, i, n. the Herb Bupththalmum.
 † Caltu, a, um, unknown.
 Calva, æ, f. [a calvus] a Skull, the top of the Head.
 † Cälvan, Bald Kites.
 Calväria, æ, f. a Skull, a Burying-place, a Charnel-house.
 Calvärium, ii, n. a Sea-Owl, Paddle, Lamp [without Scales].
 Calvaster, i, m. [a calvus] one somewhat bald.
 † Calvara, æ, f. a Surgeons Lincet.
 Calvätus, a, um, thin or bare. * Calvara vinea, a thin Vineyard.
 Calucones, a people of Rhætia.
 Calucula, a Town in Spain.
 Calvesio, ier, to become bald.
 Calveo, vi, ere, to be or become bald, have, pilled.
 Calvesco, ere, to wax bald or bare.
 Calvēta, orum, Downs, Plains, bare places.
 Calui, I was hot. See Caleo.
 † Calvinärius porcus, a Hog fed with Grains, or the like.
 Calvisiani, a City of Sicily.
 Calvisius Tullus, a Roman consul.
 † Calvitas, atis, f. Baldness, Disappointment.
 Calvities, ei, f. } Baldness, or Bare-
 Calvitium, ii, n. } ness. * Calvirium loci, a bare place.
 Calumacuma, a Town of Africa.
 CALUMNIA, æ, f. [a calvendo, i. e. decipiendo] a calumny, Slander, False Accusation. * Calumniä ingenii, by shifts and wiles.
 * Jurare calumniam contra aliquem, to swear one don't commence a Suit out of Malice, but purely to get ones Right.
 Cälumniätor, öris, m. a Slanderer or False Accuser.
 Cälumniätrix, icis, f. she that Accuseth falsely.
 Cälumnior, äri, to Slander, or Accuse falsely, detract maliciously.
 Cälumniosè, adv. Slandrously.
 Cälumniosus, a, um, Slandrous, ready to accuse falsely.
 Calvo, are, to make bald.
 * Calvo, ere, and calvor, i, to deceive, Disappoint. * Sopor manus calvitur, Sleep deceives the Hands.
 De Calvo monte, the Family Chaumont.
 Calvor, i, to be Disappointed.
 * Ille calvi ratus, thinking he was deceived.
 Calupena, a country of Armenia minor.
 † Calus, i, m. a Birds Egg, a Shoe-makers Last, and a Vessel through which the Wine is strained.
 Calus, a River in Colchis.
 Calusium, a Town of Tyrrenia.
 Calvus, the Name of an Ancient poet in Horace.
 CALVUS, a, um, [Φαλκός]

vel ab Heb. kal. levis] Bald, Bare, counterfeit.
 CALX, cis, m. and f. [a Adæ calcibus] the Sole of the Foot, the Heel, a Kick, Goal, the End or Foot of any thing. * Calcem rejicere, to Kick back. * Calce petere, to Kick at one.
 CALX, cis, f. Χαλξ vel Καλξ lapillus] chalk, lime.
 † Calybæ, Manacles of the hands.
 Calybe, a city of Thrace, Philip the Son of Amyntas, stored it with the idlest fellows of his Army.
 Calycadnus, a River of Cilicia.
 Calycölus, i, m. [a calx] a little bud; also the pricking skin of a hedge hog or chestnut.
 Calpdium, a Town in Italy.
 Calydna, an Island in the Myrtoan Sea; also a city of Thebes.
 Cälýdon, a city of Ætolia.
 Calidonius, a, um, } belonging to
 Caldonis, idis, } Calydon.
 Calymna, the Name of an Island.
 Calynda, a city of Caria.
 Cälýpso, us, the Daughter of Oceanus and Thetis, she reigned in the Island Ogygia, she entertained Ulysses after his Shipwreck.
 Cälýptra, æ, f. a Womens Hood or Veil, g.
 Calvus, a city of Syria.
 CALYX, ycis, m. [Κάλυξ] a Bud, the outward Shell of a Nut.
 * Calycem aperire, to blow [of a flower].
 † Cama, æ, a Truckle bed.
 Camacæ, or cāmæ, a people of scythia.
 Camalodunum, or Camulodunum, either Colchester or Maldon in Essex.
 Camane, a city of India without Ganges.
 Carmani, a People of Germany.
 Camantium, one of the seven Cities of Asia minor, which Cyrus gave to his Friend Pitharchus.
 † Camara, æ, f. a Vault under ground. See Camera.
 Camara, a Mart Town of India within Ganges, and a City of Creer.
 † Camarasia, Greefes, Unevenness in the hair poll'd.
 Camarata, a Town of Mauritania Casariensis.
 † Cämäria, æ, the Arch of a Building.
 Camaria, a City in Italy.
 † Camarica, æ, a Ship.
 Camarica, a City in Cantabria.
 Cämärina, a city in Italy; also a Town and a stinking lake by it in Sicily, the draining of which contrary to the Oracle, made a passage to their Enemies, whence the Proverb Camerinam movere, to be the cause of any ones ruin.
 Camarini, Arabian Islands.
 Camarinum, a city of Umbra.
 Cämärion, ii, the uppermost hollow of the Skull, g.
 † Cämärie, m. a Bull unyoked.
 † Cämärus, a, um, crooked.
 † Cämärus, i, m. a crey fish.
 Cämäsus, a Garment furred on both sides, g.
 Camutulici, a people of Gallia Narbonensis.
 † Cama, an Oar or Rudder.
 Cambades, one of the Name of the bill Taurus.
 Cambala, orum, Gold Mines in Asia.

- Cambilides, a Mountain of Persia.
 Cambrate, a place about Burgundy.
 Cambei, an Illyrian People.
 Camberidum, a Mouth of the River Ganges.
 Cambri, a Town in Germany.
 CAMBIO, pfi, bitum and pfum, [*Ἀμπίω* vel *Καμπίω*] to change Money, Bend, Fight, Travel.
 Cambisena, a Country of Armenia.
 Cambistoli, a People of India.
 Cambitas, ātis, f. an exchange.
 Cambium, ii, n. exchange, bartering; also an exchange. * Cambium ficcum usury.
 Cambles, a King of Lydia, so greedy, that one Night he eat up his Wife, and the next Morning finding her band in his Mouth, killed himself.
 Cambodunum, the City Munchen in Germany; also Almondberry in Yorkshire.
 Cambolecti, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
 Cambricum, a Town in England, supposed to be Cambridge.
 Cambra, the Wife of Antenor.
 Cambria, the Principality of Wales.
 Cambricus, a, um, Welsh.
 Cambrinus, a Fierce King of the Tuscones.
 Cambro-Britannus, a Welsh-man.
 Camburii, Mountains of Macedonia.
 † Cambus, a, um, Crooked, or Writhe.
 Cambus, a River of Austria.
 Cambusis, a city of Æthiopia.
 Cambyses, the Son of Cyrus King of the Medes and Persians; he added Egypt to his Dominions, sending an Army to spoil the Temple of Ammon, were buried alive in the Libyan Sands, having hurt himself lightly with his own Sword, dyed of the Wound; also a River in Asia.
 Cambyllani, a People of Cyropolis.
 † Came, a kind of Serpent.
 Camechia, a town of Albania.
 Cameia, the Metropolis of the Manichæi.
 Camelani, a People of Italy.
 Cāmēlārius, ii, m. [a camelus] a Camel-driver.
 † Cāmēlāria, or -fia, æ, f. the driving or keeping Camels.
 † Camelaucum, or -gum, a Cap which the Popes sometimes wear in Procession.
 † Cāmēlia, æ, f. a Ship.
 Camelidæ, two Islands of Ionia.
 Cāmēlinus, a, um, of a Camel.
 Cāmēlina, æ, f. Treacle, Worm-seed.
 † Camelion, a kind of Herb.
 Camelitæ, a People in the borders of Mesopotamia near Euphrates.
 Cāmēlla, æ, f. [*καμήλα*] a kind of Vessel.
 Cameliosci, a people of Carmania.
 Cāmēlæoni, a People of Arabia.
 Camelodunum, Doncaster in Yorkshire.
 Cāmēlōpardālis, is, f. a Beast like a Camel and Panther, g.
 † Cāmēlōpōdium, Hor-hound.
 CAMELUS, i, f. and m. [*Κάμμος*] a Camel; also a Cable.
 Camenta, a Promontory of Cyprus.
 CĀMĒRA, æ, f. [*Καμάρα*] an arched Room, a Granary, a Ship, Mine, Chamber. * Percutere cameram femine pomorum, Hor. to be in great hopes of enjoying ones Mistress.
 Cameracum, the City Cambray on the Borders of Picardy.
 Cēmērārius, a, um, of a Vault.
 * Cameraria cucurbita, a Chamber-gourd, or Pole-gourd. * Cameraria [sc. puella] a Chamber-maid.
 Cāmērārius, ii, m. a Chamberlain.
 Cāmērātio, ōnis, f. a Vaulting, or Arching.
 Cāmērātus, a, um, Vaulted, Arched.
 * Vehiculum cameratum, a Horse-litter.
 Camerinum, a famous city of Umbria.
 Camerinus, a Roman Consul, and the name of a Poet.
 Camerium, a Town in Italy.
 Cāmēro, are, [a camera] to Vault, or Arch, Ciel.
 Cameropis, a city of India.
 Camērs, tis, and camertinus, a, um, of the Camertes.
 Camertes, or Camerinenfes, the People of Camerinum.
 Camēsene, or Camisene, a very ancient name of Italy ever since Janus.
 Camesus, a city of Thrace.
 Camicus, a city of Sicily.
 Camigora, a city of India, within Ganges.
 Camiletæ, a people beyond Euphrates.
 † Cāmilla, a young Priestess.
 Camilla, a Queen of the Volsci slain in the War against Æneas.
 † Camillus, i, m. a young priest among the Tuscans.
 Cāmillus, a Noble Roman called a second Romulus, who after he was banished was chosen Dictator, and saved Rome from the Gauls.
 † Cāmillum, a cabinet.
 † Cāmīna, æ, f. a short bed.
 Camina, an Island in the Ægean Sea.
 Cāmīnātus, a, um, made like a Furnace or chimney.
 Cāmīno, are, to make like a chimney or Furnace.
 CĀMĪNUS, i, m. [*Κάμινος*] a Chimney, Furnace, Heart, the Top of Ætna. * Ex conceptu camini, by the chimney's taking Fire.
 * Oleum addere camino, to incense one already incensed.
 Camirus, a city in Rhodes.
 Camisena, a countrey of Parthia, and Armenia minor.
 Camisia, æ, f. [Arab] a Surplice or Shirt.
 Camma, a Lady of Galatia, who to revenge the Death of her Husband killed by Sinorix, procured to be married to him, and upon the Wedding-day, drunk a cup of Poison to him.
 Camania, part of Thesprotia.
 Camārus, i, a crab fish, g.
 CAMOENA, æ, f. [a cano, vel a chald caman abscondere] a Song, Air.
 Cāmōnæ, arum, the Muses Daughters of Jupiter and Mnemosyne.
 Camon, a Historian who wrote of the Invention of things.
 † Campa, a Sea-horse, a palmer-worm.
 Campague, and Campacium, g. the Emperor's Shoe, differing in a colour from the Senators.
 CAMPANA, æ, f. [a regione Campaniæ] a Bell.
 Campanārius, ii, m. a Bell-founder.
 De Campania, the Family Champaigne.
 Campana, a most fruitful country of Italy now called Teara di Lavoro.
 Campānus, a, um, belonging to Campania. * Campanus morbus, Hor. ribaldry. * Campanum æs, a bell.
 Campānile, is, n. [a campana] a Belfray the Hollow of the Ear.
 ampanāla, a little Bell.
 Cāmpānella, æ, f. * Campanula hortensis, Bell-flowers.
 † Campārius, ii, m. he that keeps the Fields, an Heyward.
 Campaspe, the most beautiful and beloved concubine of Alexander, whom he gave to Apelles.
 Campe, et, g. Palmer-worm.
 Campester, tris, and -tre [a campus] of the Field. * Campestris āger, a plain Field.
 Campefire, is, n. [sc. tegmen] a Pair of Drawers to wrestle or exercise in.
 Campestro, are, to cover the secret.
 Campestrorari, Parts.
 Camphōra, æ, f. [*Κάψσα*] camphire.
 amphōrāta, æ, f. stinking Ground-pine, g.
 Campi Diomedis, a part of Apulia which fell to his share in the division of that country.
 Campicursio, ōnis, f. [a campus & curro] a kind of Exercising an Army, called also Ambulatio.
 Campidoctor, ōris, m. a corporal, or Officer, that instructs young Soldiers, a Driller.
 Campidona, the city Kempten in Germany.
 Campiductor, oris, m. a Field Officer.
 Campigēni, ōrum, [q. in campo geniti] tried Soldiers fighting in the second Rank next before the Ensign.
 De Campo Arnulphi, or Campanulphus, the Family Champenoun.
 De Campo florido, the Family Champ flour.
 † Campio, and Cambio, ōnis, m. a champion.
 † Campōmētātores, Quarter-masters to the Army.
 Campona, a city of Pannonia.
 Camponi, a people of Aquitain.
 † Campsa, æ, a chest.
 Campia, a city about Pallene.
 † Campfare, to bow or bend, to go towards a place, Enn. to change, sell, lend or take Money upon Interest, Cujac.
 Campsari, a People of Africa.
 † Chamsārius, ii, a chest-maker.
 † Champātilis, e, that will bend.
 Campseonyfis, a River of Themiscyra.
 Campsiani, a poor people of Germany.
 † Camfor, oris, m. a Banker, Usurer.
 Camptaula, æ, m. a Trumpeter, g.
 Campter, cris, g. a goat in the Fields.
 † Campulus, and Campellus, a little field.
 CAMPIUS, i, m. [*Καμπος*] a Field or Plain, Camp, the publick Assembly, any thing to which a Man bends his study. * Latissimus dicendi campus, a world of matter for an oration. * Campi natantes liquette, the Sea. * Venti campus, a light unconstant Man. * Campus martus, a Field near Rome, were

where the People sit for exercises,
and Election of Magistrates.

Camum, i, a kind of Drink.

Camuni, a people of Ital.

† Cānūra, æ, or camerum vas, a
cup formerly born covered before the
Bride.

Camurisarbum, a City of Pontus.

CAMŪRUS, a, um, [Καμυρος,
vel ab heb. camur clausus] crook-
ed, crumpled.

† Camus, a, um, crooked.

CAMUS, i, m. [Καμος] a Bridle,
or Bit, Fetter; also the Funnel
into which the Judges cast their lots
upon life and Death.

Camus, a city of Cæ. osoria.

† Cāna, a Basket; also the medicine
Panacea.

Canā, a Town in Arabia fælix, and
other places.

† Cānābi arborum, the small threds
of hairs in some trees, especially
the Oak.

Cānābīnus, a, um, made of canvass.
See Cannabīnus.

† Cānābūla, æ, a kind of Stone used
for a Land mark.

Canaca, a city in Spair.

Canacea, or Canace, the Daughter of
Æolus, who having a child by her
own Brother Macareus, her Father
threw it to the Dogs, and sent her
a Sword to use it according as she
had deserved it.

Cānāche, es, one of Aſtæon's Dogs
called barker.

Canæ, a Town of Locris and Æolia,
and a city by Tygris; whence Ju-
piter was called Canæus.

Canagora, a city of India.

† Cānāle, is, n. a channel.

Cālālīcōla, æ, c. [a canalis & co-
lo] a beggerly fellow, a Skip-ken-
nel. * Canaliculæ forense, poor
Men forced to stand by the channel,
or labourers standing in the Market
to be hired.

Cānālīcōla, æ, f. 2 [a canalis] a
Canaliculus, i, m. 3 little Pipe or
Gutter; also a splint to stay a bro-
ken finger, a channel in a pillar.

Cānālīcōlātus, a, um, fashioned
like a Pipe or Gutter.

CĀNĀLIS, is, m. and f. [a Xāves
hiatus] a channel, conduit-pipe,
a surgical Instrument into which
broken legs were put to keep the
Bone from slipping out when set.

* Canalis animæ, the Wind-pipe.

Cānālītus, a, um, of a channel or
Pipe.

Canaluvii, Mountains in Macedo-
nia.

† Cānāmis, a Scythian perfume
which dries very much.

Canan, Arabia, so called from
Cham, who settled there.

Cananæ, the Cannanites.

† Cānānea, a country of Syria, so
called from Canan the Son of
Cham.

Cananitis, itidis, of Cananea.

† Canaplura, or Canaptura, the
place or time of lighting candle,
striking Fire.

Canax, a Promontory of Maurita-
nia.

Cānāria, æ, f. [sc. herba] Hound-
grass.

Canaria, an Island in the Atlantick
Sea, near the Fortunate Islands, so
called from the great number of

dogs; now all the Islands which the
Ancients called Fortunate, are cal-
led Canæ, the Canaries.

Canari, a People about Atlas in
Africa, who live like Dogs.

Cānārius, a, um, [a canis] of a
dog. * Canarium sacrificium, a
Sacrifice to keep the Corn from be-
ing hurt by the Dog-star.

Canas, a Town of Lycia.

Canasida, a City of India.

† Cānaster, be that grows White or
Hoary.

Canatræum, a Promontory of Ma-
cedonia.

Canastrum, a Promontory near Pal-
lena or Thrace.

Canas, a City in the Trile of Ma-
naissa.

Canatha, a Town of Decapolis, and
a City of Media, and Arabia.

Canathia, an Island before Tapro-
bane.

Canathus, a Fountain by Nauplius,
in which Juno was thought to wash
her self yearly to recover her Vir-
ginitie, imitated afterwards by the
Argive Women.

Cānātim, adv. like a Dog.

Cānātius, a high Mountain in Spain,
in the top of which is a very steep
Lake, into which if you throw a
stone, they say there ariseth a tem-
pest on a sudden.

† Cānātius, adv. more Loudly.

Canaua, a Country of Arabia fæ-
lix.

Canautæ, Ornaments of the Head.

Cancāmum, i, g. an Arabian Gum
like unto Myrrh.

Cancellaria, æ, f. [sc. curia can-
celli] the Court of Chancery.

Cancellāriātus, ūs, m. the Chancel-
lorship.

Cancellārius, ii, m. a Chancellor,
Notary.

Cancellārius, a, um, of a Chancellor
or Secretary.

Cancellātum, adv. Latteſt-wiſe.

* Lineis cancellatim ductis dele-
re, to cross out what is written.

Cancellātus, a, um, made like a
Latteſt, cross-barred, cancelled.

* Cancellato brachiorum amplexu
Plin. [of a polypus] placing
his claws in fashion of a Grate.

CANCELLI, ōrum, Κίγκλιδες, vel
a cancer] Latteſtes, Grates. * Can-
cellos alicui circundare, to pre-
scribe one his bounds.

Cancello, are, to make like a Lat-
teſt, Deface, Cancel.

† Cancellō, ōnis, a Water-conduit.

Cancellus, i, m. a little crevice or
crab fish. From.

CANCER, i, m. [Κράκρος] a
crab; also a canker or Hard
Swelling Ulcer; also one of the
twelve Signs of the Zodiack.

Cancer, the Name of a Tragedi-
an.

† Cancer, ēris, n. an Ulcer or Can-
ker.

† Cancērātio, ōnis, f. a spreading
of the Canker or Ulcer.

† Cancēro, are, to spread like a
Cancer.

Canchæi, a people of Arabia.

Canchrys, g. the Seed of Libanotis
Fœcunda. Also a Medicinal Pill.

Cancrī, ōrum, [a cancer] Latteſtes.

* Inter orci caneros adherere, to
be bumpered between two streights.

† Cancrina, a Sea-Gem coloured
like the crab.

Candace, es, a Queen of Egypt,
who left her Name to her Successors.

Candali, a People of India within
Ganges.

Candalia, Kendal in Westmorland.

Candania, a Mountain of Epirus.

Candanum, a City of the Jazyges.

Candara, a city of Paphlagonia,
where Juno Candrene had a Tem-
ple.

Candari, a people of Sogdiana.

Candafa, a castle of Caria.

Candavia, a Mountain of Epirus,
dividing Illyria from Macedonia.

Candaules, the fourth King of Ly-
dia, slain by Gyges at the com-
mand of the Queen, because he
would needs shew her naked to him;
whereupon he enjoyed both her and
the Kingdom.

Candēfācio, ere, [q. candere facio]
to make white or hot.

Candei, a people of Arabia, who live
upon Serpents.

Candēla, æ, f. [a candeo] a can-
dle.

† Candēlāber, m. a Candle-stick.

Candelabrum, ri, n. a candle-pick.

Candēlāria, æ, f. the herb Mullein,
Long-wort.

Candens, ntis, Burning, or Red-hot,
Fair, White.

CANDEO, ui, ere, [a Kaiu uro,
vel ab heb. cadab incendere] to be
White, Red-hot, Shine, Glow like
a coal.

† Candes, pl. Earthen vessels.

Candes, is, f. a Princes Robe.

Candescō, is, ere, to Wax hot or
White.

Candia, a colony of Venetians in
Creet, whence the whole Island is so
called.

† Candicantia, æ, f. a Glistening,
bleaching, or making white.

Candico, are [a candeo] to be or
make White.

† Candidans, ntis, Waxing White.

* Prunus candidane, a White plum
Tree.

Candidarius, ii, m. a bleachster, or
Whiter.

Candidatōrius, a, um, [a candida-
tus] belonging to, or suing for an
Office.

Candidātrix, icis, f. Laundress.

Candidātus, a, um, clad with White.

Candidātus, i, m. [a candidus]
one clothed in White; also one
that sues for an Office, a Candi-
date. * Candidatus eloquentiæ,
addicted to Oratory. * Candi-
dati principis or Cæsaris, those
that had the Prince's Mandate to
be chosen into an Office. * Can-
didati milites, Soldiers exempted
from Duty.

Candide, adv. Plainly, Fairly,
Gently.

Candido, are, to bleach, to make
White.

Candiculus, a, um, [a candidus]
Whitish.

Candidum, a Promontory of Afri-
ca.

Candidus, a, um, [a candeo]
White, Bright, Red-hot, Sportless,
without Envy or Malice, Glorious
Fortunate, eloquent, Clear. * Can-
didum

didum ovi, ex ovo, the White of an egg. * Candido lapillo diem notare, to mark such a day for a fortunate one, from the Superstition of the Ancients who for every Day in the Year threw a pebble into a Box, if a lucky Day a White one, if unlucky a Black one.

Candidus, the name of a Consul.

† Candifico, are, to make White.

† Candificus, a, um, making White.

Candiope, the Daughter of Oenopion, deflowered in hunting by her Brother Theodotion, who was thereupon banished by her Father.

Candipurna, a Town of India within Ganges

Candolicea, a city of Noricum.

Candor, oris, m. [à candeo] brightness, a shining Whiteness. * Animi candor, sincere Affection, plain dealing.

† Candosoccus, ci, m. a Vine, or small tree bent with the tops to the Ground, that it may grow at both ends.

Candoum, a German Town.

Candrogari, a Town of Æthiopia, on the Banks of Nilus.

Candyla, a city of Lycia.

Candys, a city of Media; also a kind of Garment worn by the Persian Kings.

Cane, a Town upon the Arabian gulf, also a Promontory of Æolis.

Canea, a Town of Crete.

Canebrum, a city of Caria.

Canelate, a city of Corsica.

† Canela, æ, cinamon.

Cānens, the Wife of Picus, King of Laurentum, who when she saw her husband turned into a Bird by Circe, pined to Death.

† Cānentæ, arum, Ancient Attire from the Head.

Canentulum, a River of Aquitain.

Cāneo, ui, ere, [à canus] to grow old or gray, Decay or Wither.

Canēphōra, æ, f. a Woman that carries a Basket on her head with things belonging to Minerva's Sacrifice, g.

Canēphōrus, i, m. he that carries such Baskets, g.

† Canerit, for Cecinerit.

† Canes, is, for Canis, is.

Cānescō, ere, [a caneo] to grow White, Grey or Aged. * Canescit oratio, is very grave.

Canethum, a place in Eubœa; also a Mountain of Boeotia.

Canganorum, or Gangorum, a Promontory in the West of England.

Cani, orum, m. gray hairs. * Cani montes, Mountains White with Snow. * Cani arborum villi, moss upon Trees.

Cānia, æ, f. [a canis vel canus] a small stinging Nettle whose stalk stings as much as the leaves.

† Cānica, æ, Wheaten bran. * Canicaceus panis, Bread made of Wheat-bran.

Cānicula, æ, f. [a canis] a little Bitch; also the Dog star, a Dog-fish, Dog day, a Limprey, the Unluckiest cast at cockal or dice.

† Cānicularis, and Caniculuta, the herb Hen-bane.

Cāniculāris, re, [a canicula] of the Dog-star. * Dies caniculares, the Dog-Days.

Canidia, a Woman in Naples that sold Oyl, against whom Horace in-

veighs as a Witch

Cāniformis, me, [à canis & forma] like a Dog.

Canindasta, a Town of Isauria.

Caninefates, a people of Germany, near to Batavia.

Caninius, a consul for seven hours, who died the same day he was chosen, which made Cicero say, he was very watchful, because he slept not all the time of his Consulship.

Cāninus, a, um, [à canis] of a Dog Spightful. * Caninum prandium, a dinner without wine. * Canini dentes, the sharp Eye teeth

* Rosa canina, the Eglantine or Sweet-brier. * Rebus caninus, the wild Eglantine. * Canina fa-

cundia, impudent brawling.

Canipsa, a city of Arabia felix.

CĀNIS, is, c. [Κυν, Κυνό:] a Dog, or Bitch, a Dog fish, a Dog-star, a Dogged Fellow, Impudent, Impertunate, the Ace at Dice; also a chain. * Canes, bags. * Canis

odoriferus, a Hound. * And Canis gallicus, a Greyhound. * Canis

festinans cæcos parit catulos, the more haste the worse speed. * Canis

vetulus non assuescit loro, old Birds are not caught with chaff.

Canis, a River of Arabia felix.

Cānistellus, m. [a canistrum]

Canistella, æ, f. a little Basket.

Canistellum, i, n. het.

Cānistus, a Lackey of Lacedæmonia, who in one day ran twelve

hundred Furlongs.

CĀNISTRUM, tri, n. [Κάνιστρον] a Basket, or Pannier made of Osiers.

Cānities, ei, f. [à canus] grayness of the Hair, Gravity.

† Cānitudo, inis, f. the grayness of the Hair, Gravity.

Cānius, or Canis, a Merry Poet familiar with Martial, that was always laughing; also the Name of a Roman Knight handsomely abused by Pithius, who sold him a fish-pond without fish.

CANNA, æ, f. [Κάνα] a Reed, or cane. * Canna pulmonis, the Wind-pipe.

Canna, a Town of Ælia, and other places.

Cannaba, a city of Syria; also a General of the Goths slain by Valerianus.

Cannabaceus, of Hemp, or Cannabinus, a, um, of Canvas. From

Cannabis, is, f. [Καννάβις] Hemp,

Cannabum, i, n. or Neck-Weed, Hemp-seed, or hempen cord.

Cannæ, rum, a Village of Apulia, where Hannibal slew forty thousand

Romans, and so many Gentlemen, that he sent three Bushels of Gold

Rings to Carthage, as a token of his Victory.

Cannensis, fe, of Cannæ.

Cannetum, i, n. [à canna] a place where canes or Reeds grow.

Canneus, a, um, made of Reeds.

† Cannitiæ, arum, thatched houses.

† Cannitius, a, um, of canes or Reeds.

Canobus, the Pilot of Menelaus's Ships.

CĀNO, cecini, cantum, [beb. Kaganau, vel ab beb. Kaneb cana] to sing,

Play upon an Instrument, Sound, Praise, Write or talk of, Prophecie,

Trifle. * Receptui canere, to

sound a Retreat, leave of doing any thing. * Classicum canere, an alarm. * Eandem canere cantilenam, to be always in one tune. * Sibi intus canere, to speak to his own ends. * Canere tibi & mihi, to write beyond the capacity of the prophane Multitude. * Canere reum capitis, to summon a Criminal to appear by the sound of a Trumpet or Proclamation.

ANON, onis, m. [Κανών] a Rule, the handle of a Target, the Tongue of a Ballance, the yearly custom of corn, a Law. * Canon artis, the Model of an Art.

† Cānōnarii, Gatherers of Taxes or Rents.

† Cānōnia, æ, a Prebend or Canonship.

† Canonia, the Transoms of a Ship, whereon the Hitches are laid.

† Cānōnias, m. a tall Man with a flat Belly.

Cānōnicum, i, n. a place for regular Persons, a convent. From

Cānōnicus, a, um, Regular, According to Rule, Authentic. * Ca-

nonicæ horæ, canonical hours of Prayer. * Canonici, th set by try

Musick, and live by Rule, g.

anonicus, i, m. [à canon] a canon, a Prebend of the church.

† Cānōnium, a college of canons and regular Priests; also the Town

Chelmsford in Essex.

† Cānōnizo, are, to canonize, Register, Examine by Rule, put in the

Rank and Number.

Canonor, a city of India with a Harbour of intollerable Toll and

custom.

Cānōpei, the People of Canopus.

† Cānōpicon, a kind of sponge.

Cānōpicus, a, um, of Canopus.

Cānōpus, a city of Ægypt, where Claudian was born.

Canopus, a god of the Ægyptians, who overcame the Chaldeans God

fire by the Artifice of his Priest, who made many Holes in a Pitcher,

stopped them with Wax, and filled it with Water, which being set upon

the Fire, vanquished it.

Cānor, oris, m. [à cano] melody, a tunable Voice.

Cānōrus, a, um, [à canor] Melodious, loud Singing, Shrill.

† Cānōsus, a, um, full of grey Hairs, hoary.

Canovaci, the western People of Scotland.

Canta, a city of Spain.

Cantabria, a river falling into Indus

† Cantabrarius, ii, m. an Ensign-bearer.

Cantabri, a people of Spain.

Cantabria, the country of the Cantabri

Cantabricus, a, um, of Cantabria.

Cantabrica, æ, f. [à cantabra] the Wild Gilliflower.

† Cantabries. Scurf. Dandruf; also Water purling out of a Spring.

Cantabrigia, Cambridge, a Town and University of England.

Cantabrium, ii, n. [à conto] an Ensign; also Bran, or Hounds-meat.

Cantabundus, a, um, [à canto] given much to singing.

Cantacuzenus, a Greek Historian, who of an Emperor became a Monk

and under the name of Christodulus wrote the History of the Empire of

Andronicus and himself.

Canta,

Cantæ, a people of Rofs in Souther-land.
 Cantāmen, īnis, n. [a canto] a Charm, Enchantment.
 Cantātio, ōnis, f. a singing or Enchanting.
 Cantat. ſimus, a, um, Famous, much talked of.
 Cantātor, oris, m. a chanter or singer.
 * Cantator ſidibus, a Minſtrel.
 Cantātrix, icis, f. a Woman ſinger, an Enchantreſs.
 Cantātus, a, um, ſung of, Enchanted, Famous.
 De Cantelupo, the Family Cantlow.
 † Cantērīnum, a kind of Briley.
 † Canterium, ii, n. a Smiths Inſtrument.
 Cantērius, ii, m. a Gelding. See Cantherius.
 Canterius, a Mountain among the Sabines.
 † Cantes. Organ-pipes.
 † Cantharia, and Canthara, a kind of Vine.
 Cantharia, g. a Stone with the print of a Beetle.
 Canthāris, idis, f. } a Spaniſh fly,
 Canthārīda, æ, } uſed to raiſe
 bliſters; alſo a venomous potion,
 and the herb Fumitory, g.
 Cantharites, m. a kind of outlandiſh wine, g.
 Canthārium, a Promontory of Samos.
 Cantharolerthos, a place in Thrace where all Beetles dye.
 CANTHARUS, i, m. [Κάνθρος] a Tinhard, Beetle, Sprat, or ſuch like fiſh. the Knockor of a door.
 Canthirus, a comical Poet of Athens and an Impoſtor, who cauſed the Proverb Cantharo aſtutor.
 Canthēle, a City of the Libophæ-nicians.
 Canthelia, a City near Carthage.
 † Canthēliu, a kind of Veſſel to carry Water.
 Canthēriātus, a, um, [a cantherius] propped, underſet.
 Canthērīnus, a, um, of or like a Gelding, wild. * Canthērīnum hor-deum, Barley with ſix rows of Corn in an ear. * Cantherinum marru-bium, ſinking bore hound.
 Canthēriōlus, i, m. a little vine prop, a little Rail with ſtikes for the Defence of Vines.
 † Canthērīum, ii, n. a kind of Chariot conſecrated to Bacchus; alſo a kind of herb.
 CANTHĒRIUS, ii, m. [a Κάνθρος] aſinus] a Vine prop, a Raſter, a Wooden horſe to ſaw Timber on, a Labouring Beaſt, a Gelding.
 CANTHUS, i, m. [Κάνθος] hir-quus] the Iron ſtrake of a Cart-wheel; the corner of the Eye.
 Canthus, the ſon of Abas, one of the Argonauts.
 † Cantico, are, to Sing or Chant.
 Cantīum, ei, n. [a cano] a ſong, ballad, libell.
 Cantilēna, æ, f. [a cantus] a Song, Common-ſpeech, Vapouring or Bouncing with words.
 † Cantilēnoſus, a, um, Muſical.
 Cantilio, are, to chirp as a Bird.
 Cantio, ōnis, f. a Singing, an In-chantment.
 Cantioebis, a city of Germany.
 Cantito, are, [a canto] to ſing often.
 Cantium, and Cantia, Kent. * Can-

tium promontorium, North-fore-land.
 Cantiani, Kentiſh men, the moſt Courteous of all the Britains, according to Caſar.
 Cantioncula, æ, f. [a cantio] a paltry Song, Ballad, Catch.
 Canto, are, [a cano] to ſing, charm, exhort, inculcate, forewarn.
 Cantor, ōris, m. a ſinger, chanter.
 * Cantor formulatum, a prating Lawyer.
 Cantrix, icis, f. a Woman-ſinger.
 Cantuaria, Canterbury in Kent.
 Cantuariiani, a people of Mauritania.
 † Cantūrio, ire, to Whiſtle, Pipe, to be about to ſing.
 † Cantus, a, um, Famous, or Known.
 Cantus, ūs, m. a ſong, tune, charm.
 Cantzæcium, a city of Perſarmenia.
 Canucis, a Town of Mauritania Caſarienſis.
 Canucha, a Navigable River running into Ganges.
 Canuleia, one of the Four Princi-pal Veſtal Virgins.
 C. Canuleius, a Tribune of the Roman People.
 CĀNUS, a, um, [Γάνος, vel ab Heb. zahen ſenex] Gray, Hoary, Aged. * Malum canum, a Quince.
 Cānūina veſtis, [a canuſium] Cloth of Ruſſet or a brown colour.
 Canūſiātus, a, um, Arrayed in cloth made of the wool of Canuſium.
 Cānūſium, a Town of Apulia, where there is very fine wool.
 Canutus Tiberinus, a Tribune of the Roman People.
 Canutus, a Daniſh King, and 33th Monarch of England.
 Canyris, a great city of Syria.
 Cāpācitas, ātis, f. [a capax] Capa-city, Largeneſs, Aptneſs to receive.
 Capæ, a city of Hellespont.
 Capæus, a River cold at the top, and warm below.
 Cāpācilius, a, um, [a capax] ſome-what capable.
 † Capana, or capanna, æ, a little Cottage.
 Capaneus, a noble Græcian, husband to Evadne, who being about to ſcale the walls of Thebes, was beat down with ſtones.
 Capaneus, } of Capaneus.
 Capaneius, a, um, }
 Capara, a city of Luſitania.
 Caparata, a Town of Sarmatia.
 Capareolis, a Town of Armenia minor.
 † Caparienſe, a kind of Lead.
 Caparnaum, a Fountain by Geneſa-reth, which ſome think was a vein of the River Nilus.
 Caparorſa, a City of Judæa.
 Capaſa, a city of Portugal.
 Cāpax, acis, [a capio] Capable, Apt to receive, Hold or contain, Large, Fit for buſineſs, Underſtand-ing it well. * Omnis ſecreti capaciſſimus, to whom you may diſcover any ſecret whatſoever.
 Capa, a city of Africa propria.
 Cāpēdo, īnis, f. [a capio] a Flag-gen, Bowl at Sacrifices.
 Capeduncula, æ, f. a little Pot or Jug.
 Capedunum, a town of the Scordisci.
 Cāpella, æ, f. [a capra] a Kid; alſo a Star, and a Chappel.
 De Capella, the Family Capel.
 Capella Antiftius, the Maſter of the Emperor Commodus.
 Capella Marcianus, an African

who wrote the marriage of Mercury and Philologia.
 Cāpellānus, i, m. [a capella] a Chaplain; alſo a Pariſhioner.
 Capellarium, a Country of Ger-many.
 Capena, or Capinna, a Town of He-truria; alſo one of the Gates of Rome, call'd now Porta di S. Se-baſtiano, call'd alſo heretofore fon-tinalis, from Fountains cloſe to it.
 Capenates, the people of Capena.
 Capenatus, a, um, of Capena.
 CĀPER, ri, m. [a Tyrrheno Κάρπος] a He-goat gelt, a Buck; alſo the ſmell of the Arm-holes.
 Cāper, a River in Caria, and the proper name of a Grammarian.
 Cāpērātus, a, um, Wrinkled like a Goats born.
 Cāpēro, are, [a caper] to Wrinkle.
 * Caperare frontem, to Frowne, or Lowre.
 Capero, ōnis, Eraſm. in the Fran-ciſcan Language a Hat.
 Cāpērōrē, adv. Frowningly.
 Capertini, Fields about Maſſilia.
 Caperturi, a City in Syria.
 † Cāpes, is, a Houſe deſcending from ones Anceſtors.
 Cāpeſiātus, a, um, Endeavouring or taking in hand.
 Cāpeſſo, ſi, and ſivi, ſum, and itum, to take in hand, ſue for, Accompliſh.
 * Fugam capeſſere, to run away.
 * Capeſſere ſe domum, to go home.
 * Capeſſere ſe præcipitem, to run headlong. * Juſſa capeſſere, to do as one is bid. * Curſum ad aliquem capeſſere, to run towards one.
 Cāpētōlius, the Month December.
 Capetus, a King of Alba.
 Capeus, a Bay of Arabia felix.
 Capha, a City of Pontus, taken by the Turks.
 Caphareus, the higheſt Hill in Eu-bœa, againſt which many of the Græcian ſhips were broken.
 Caphartobas, a Town in Idumæa.
 Caphas, a Mountain of Libya.
 Capheris, a Deſert Iſland betwixt Cherſoneſus and Samothrace.
 Caphura, an Indian Tree ſo big that a hundred men may lye under it.
 Caphia, a city of Arcadia.
 † Caplālis, a crafty catching Fellow.
 † Capiculum, the herb Sea bolm.
 Capidava, a City of Myſia.
 † Cāpīdinārius, a, um, Voluntarily, Offering himſelf.
 Cāpīdīla, æ, f. [a capis] a Diſh, or Bowl with a handle.
 † Cāpīdūlum, or capidum, i, n. a Hod.
 Capiendus, a, um, to be taken.
 † Capieni milites, they that were next to the Standard.
 Cāpillāceus, a, um, [a capillus] of or like Hair.
 † Capillago, īnis, a buſh of Hair.
 Cāpillāmentum, i, n. a Riſh or Tire of hair. Perruig; alſo Strings a-bout roots, a very ſmall ſhank in Glaſs.
 Cāpillāre, is, n. a Coſt, Caul, Headroll.
 Cāpillāris, ri, f. the herb Maiden-hair.
 Cāpillāris, re, of or like Hair. * Ca-pillaris arbor, a tree at Rome, on which the young men and the Veſtal Virgins hung their hair, when they conſecrated it to the Gods.
 Cāpillāti, a people among the Alps.
 Cāpillā-

- Capillatura**, æ, f. a *friz*. * **Capillatura** fructor, a *frizler of hair*.
Capillatus, a, um, *bairy, long-haired, as Boys*.
Capillitium, ii, n. a *bush of Hair*.
Capillor, ari, to *grow, or make hairy*.
Capillōsus, a, um, *bairy*.
CAPILLUS, i, m. [q. *capitis pilus*] the *Hair, a Beard*. * **Capillus veneris**, *Maiden hair*. * **Capilli externi**, *false hair*. * **Compositio ac delibuto capillo**, *being snug and trim*.
Capina, an *Island of Arabia felix*.
CAPIO, cepi, captum, [Κάπτω vel ab Heb. Gaph vola manus] to *take, conceive, delight, mitigate, deceive, contain, sustain, begin chuse, find, keep*. * **Capere magistratum**, to *enter upon the Magistracy*. * **Capere rationem ut**, to *find out a way to*. * **Capere mortem**, to *suffer Death*. * **Capere tempus**, to *watch an Opportunity*. * **Cepi voluptatem**, *ceit me voluptas, I delighted in*. * **Capere Augurem**, to *consecrate an Augur*, to *force him to take the Office*.
Cāpior, i, to *be taken*. * **Naturæ imperu capior**, *I am over-swayed by my own inclination*.
Capionis Turris, a *very high Beacon in Spain to direct Mariners*.
Capis, a *colony in Italy*.
Capia, idia, f. [a *capia*] a *Pot used in Sacrifice, a Drinking-cup*.
Capisa, a *Town of Parodanisus*. * **Capisena**, the *People of Capisa*.
Capiderium, ii, n. [Σαφιδριον] a *Cribble or sieve to cleanse Corn*.
Capistro, are, to *Halter or Muzzle*.
CAPISTRUM, i, n. [a *capio*] to *Collar, Halter, Muzzle, a Band to the Vines*. * **Maritale capistrum**, *Wedlock*.
Capital, ālis, a *capital crime*; also a *Coif or Head Ornament*. * **Capital admittere**, to *incurr a premunire*.
Capitālia, the *biggest Mountain of India*.
Capitālis, lē *deadly, deserving Death*; also *subtle, precious*. * **Capitalis causa**, of *Life and Death*. * **Capitale**, they that *sate upon Life and Death*. * **Ædis capitalis**, in *which a horrid Villany is committed*. * **Morbis capitalis**, a *very danger us Disease*. * **Infectia capitalis**, the *Ignorance of the Physician endangering the Patients Life*. * **Capitale est**, it *deserves Death*.
Capitāliter, adv. *Deadly and Mortally*.
Capitāneus, ei, m. [a *caput*] a *Captain or Head Officer*.
† **Capitātum**, adv. *briefly*.
Capitatio, ōnis, f. *Poll-money*.
Capitatus, a, um, *headed*. * **Vinea capitata**, a *Vine running up against a House*.
† **Capitēcentus**, ūs, m. a *Crown worn upon the Head, or Poll-money*.
Capitellum, i, n. [a *caput*] a *little Head, a chapter of a Pillar*.
† **Capitularium**, ii, n. *Palm-Sunday*, when the *Infants Head were washed against Easter to be Baptized*.
Capitium, ii, n. [a *caput*] a *Night-cap, Hood*.
Capitium, a *City of Sicily, call'd Capizzi*.
Capitini, the *Townsmen of Capizzi*.
Capito, ōnis, be that *has a great Head, a Tubercle, an obstinate Fellow, a Fish called a Chub*.
Capito, the *eighth bishop of Jerusalem, and other Men*.
Capitolias, a *city of Syria cava*.
Capitolinus, the *Name of several Min, and Surnime of Jupiter*.
Capitolinus, a, um, *belonging to the Capitol*.
Capitolium, ii, n. a *great Castle in Rome, the capitol*.
Capiton, a *certain Robber, who being weary of his Trade, retired himself, and dwelt fifty Years in a Cave*.
Capitōsus, a, um, [a *caput*] of a *great and bird Head*. * **Capitōæ strophæ**, *subtle turnings*.
† **Capitulāre**, is, a *Cap*.
Capitulāria, orum, [a *capitulum*] *Statute books*.
Capitularii, *Judges upon Life and Death; also Captains of Horse*.
Capitulātum, adv. *by Articles, chapters, or small sums*.
Capitulātus, a, um, *knopped like a bead, beaded*.
Capitūlo, are, to *capitulate, or set down by Articles or Chapters*.
Capitulum, i, n. [a *caput*] a *little bead, a chapter or chapter, the chapter-house of Deins and Chapters*. * **Capitulum martis**, *Seaholm*.
Capitulum, a *city of Italy*.
Capituria, a *Town in Thrace*.
Capnias, g. a *kind of Jasper*.
Capnobatæ, the *People call'd Myfi*.
Capnon, -ium, ii, n. and -nos, ni, of the *herb Frumitory, g*.
CAPPO, ōnis, m. [a *Kάππο scindo*] a *Capon*.
Capotana, a *city of Asia*.
Capotes, a *Mountain of Asia*.
† **Cappa**, æ, f. a *Cap*. * **Cappamonachi**, *Libbards-bane, or Monks-hood*.
Cappadocia, a *large country of Asia, the People were accounted so Poysonous that their Blood was Mortal to a Snake, and of so base a Spirit, that when the Romans proffered them their Freedom, begg'd their Excuse, as Strabo Relates, who himself was a Cappadocian*.
Cappadox, a *River in Cappadocia; also a Cappadocian*.
Cappagum, a *Town in Spain*.
† **Cappar**, āris, the *Shrub bearing*.
Cappar, g. capers; also capers.
Cappellianus, a *Governour of Mauritania, who vanquish'd Gordianus*.
Capra, æ, [a *caper*] a *She-goat, a Sign in the Firmament, a Lapwing*. * **Olida capra**, the *stink of the Arm-boles*.
Capra, the *name of a certain greedy Harlot*.
Capraria, æ, f. a *kind of Sengreen, good against the Piles*.
Capraria, an *Island in the Ligustus Sea abounding with Goats; another in the Iberian Sea, and one of the Fortunate Islands, called Forteventura*.
Caprarienses, *People and Mountains of Mauritania*.
Caprarius, ii, a *Goat-berd*.
Capras, a *place in Tuscany where Totilas was slain*.
Caprasæ, a *Town of Calabria*.
Caprasia, a *Month of the River Po*.
Capra, æ, f. [a *Capra*] a *Koe, Wild Goat*. * **Caprea vitis**, the *tendrill of a Vine*.
Capreæ, an *Island beyond Surrentum in Campania Famous for abundance of Quails*.
Capreæ palus, the *place where Romulus Vanished, and was no more seen*.
Capreolatim, adv. *twining about like Vine Tendrils*.
Capreolatus, a, um, *turned about, writben*.
Capreolus, i, m. [a *caprea*] a *Kid or little Goat; also the tendrill of a Vine; also a Vine-prop, an Iron Instrument with two Grains to shake up the Earth*.
Capretæ, a *People in Asia*.
Capriæ lacus, a *Lake in Pamphylia*.
Caprianus, a *Mountain of Sicily*.
Capricornus, i, m. [a *capra & cornu*] the *sign capricorn, into which when the Sun enters, he makes the Winter solstice*.
Caprificatio, ōnis, a *dressing of wild Fig trees, or the cutting the Bark of Trees to let 'em grow bigger*.
Caprificālis, a *Day consecrated to Vulcan, upon which the Athenians began their Vintage of their Summer Honey*. * **Caprificālis dies**, the *Dog-days, when Women sacrifice under a Fig tree*.
† **Caprifico**, are, to *dress Wild Fig trees*.
Caprificor, ari, to *be ripened as Figs are with Gnats; also to dress wild Fig trees*.
Caprificus, i, f. a *wild Fig tree; also Vain glory*.
Caprifolium, ii, n. *Woodbine or Honey-suckle*.
Caprigēnus, a, um, [a *caper & gigno*] of the *kind of Goats*.
Caprile, is, ii, a *Stable or Pen for Goats*.
Caprilis, le, of *Goats, Goat (adj.)*.
Caprima, a *Town of Caria*.
Caprimulgeus, i, m. [a *caper & mulgeo*] a *milker of Goats; a Bird that sucks Goats; also a base Person of no Worth*.
Caprinus, a, um, [a *caper*] of a *Goat*. * **Caprinæ bacce**, *Goat-dung or trafilas*.
† **Capriola**, æ, f. the *herb Dogs Tooth*.
Capripes, ēdis, *footed like a Goat*.
Caprizans pulsus, an *uneven beating of the Pulse*.
† **Caprizo**, are, to *leap like a Goat*.
CAPRONA, æ, f. [a *caper, vel capere, vel q. a capite prona, &c.*] a *Foretop or Forehead*.
Caprotina, a *Name of Juno*.
Caprullum, a *Haven near the Mountain Athos*.
† **Caprunculus**, an *Earthen Vessel*.
Caprus, a *Haven in Chersonesus*.
CAPSA, æ, f. [Κάψα] a *coffer, chest*.
Capſa, a *city of Libya and Colchis*.
Capſaces, æ, m. [Κάψακες] a *crevet for Oyl*.
Capſarius, ii, m. be that *makes Boxes or Satchels, he that carries Books after another*.
Capsella,

Capsella, æ. [à capsula] a little Coffer or Case, a Christmas-box.
† **Capsellum**, a Trunk.
Capsicum, i, n. Pepper of India.
Capsitani, a People of Asia minor.
Capsula, æ, f. [à capsa] a Casket.
Capsum, i. n. the breadth of a Church between the windows; also as
Caplus, i, m. [à capio] a coach, or waggon; also the place where the passenger or coachman sits.
Captatio, ōnis, f. [à capto] a catching at, designing to get, a superstitious affectation, or curious seeking.
Captator, ōris, m. a Designer upon any person or thing.
Captatorius, a, um, deceitful, guileful, flattering.
Captatrix, icis, f. she that flatters, or endeavours to get.
† **Captigēnæ**, arum, born of Captives.
Captio, ōnis, f. a Taking, Deceiving, Catching, Cavilling, Nicety, Quirk. * **Captiones** dialecticæ, Fallacies.
Captiose, adv. captiously, subtly.
Captiosus, a, um, fallacious, cavilling, sophistical, hurtful, prejudicial.
Captivus, a, um, taken captive.
Captivator, ōris, m. he that takes Prisoners.
Captivitas, ātis, f. Captivity, Bondage.
Captiuncula, æ, f. [à captio] a poor Fallacy, a Quirk, Fetch.
Captivo, are, to take Prisoner.
Captivus, a, um, [à captus] captive, taken in War. * **Res captivæ**, Spoils.
Captivus, i, m. a Prisoner.
Capto, are, [à capio] to catch at, design to get, design upon, allure by flattery. * **Captare** verba, to wrest Words from their proper meaning. * **Captare** solitudines, arborum umbras, to long after Retirement, to be in the Shade. * **Captare** momenta temporum, to watch narrowly for an Opportunity. * **Admota** aure captare sonitum, to hearken to the sound. * **Captare** risum, to get something to make either himself or others laugh.
Captura, æ, f. a Prey, a little Gain, or Prize, a Catching. * **Capturæ**, Wiles.
Captus, a, um [à capior] taken, deceived, delighted. * **Oculis** captus, blind. * **Captus** mente, mad. * **Captus** ager, a Field marked out by the Augurs. * **Captus** est [amore] he is in love. * **Captus** membris, one that has not the use of his Limbs.
Captus, ūs, m. a Taking, Deceiving, Capacity. * **Pro captu** instantum rerum, according to the present State of Things.
Capua, a famous City of Campania near Naples.
Cāpula, æ, f. [à capis] a Wine-Vessel, or Ladle.
Cāpularis, re, [à capulum] Ready for the Bier. * **Senex** capularis, having one Foot in the Grave.
Cāpulator, ōris, m. [à capulo] he that lades Oil or Wine with a Ladle.
† **Cāpūlica**, a Kind of Ships.
Cāpulo, are, [à capula] to lade Wine or Oil from Vessel to Vessel.

Cāpulum, i, n. [à capio] a Bier; also a Coffin. * **Capuli** decus, a very old Man.
Cāpulus, i, m. a Handle, Haft, or Ailt; also a Kind of Ship, and a Bier.
Capus, i, m. [Κάπῶ] a Capon, Eunuch. See Capo.
CĀPUT, itis, n. [Κεφαλή] vel ab Heb. caphah curvavit] the Head, the Chief, Beginning, a Chapter, an Article, a Top of a Tree, a Root, Author, Peril, a Man, Man's Life, Reputation, the Sum of a Matter, the frontiers of a Country, the chief Point. * **Caput** facere, to come to a Head. * **Capite** censi, the poor People not assessed. * **Capitis** diminutio, Loss of Liberty. * **Agreste** caput, a rude Fellow. * **Capita** vel navim, cross or pile. * **Capitis** accrescere, to call one's Life in Question. * **Caput** & fœnus, the Principal and Interest. * **Capitū** tuo, at your own Peril be it. * **Nec caput nec pedes**, neither Head nor Tail, a Tale of a Tub. * **Caput** frumenti, &c. the Head or Article in a Law speaking of Imposit upon Corn. * **Sine capite** manet res, the Story has no Author. * **Caput** fluminis, the Head of a River, Horace; the mouth of a River, Cæsar. * **Detrahere** de capite alicujus, to blemish one's Reputation.
Capys, yos, the Son of Affaracus, and Father of Anchises; also a Trojan who came with Æneas into Italy and built Capua.
Capys sylvius, a King of Albania, Father of Capetus.
Capytium, a City of Sicily.
† **Cara**, a Parsnep or carrot.
Carabi, a River of Scythia.
Carabia, a Town of Macedonia.
Carabis, a City of Spain.
† **Carābūlus**, i, m. a Wood of which Masts are made.
Cārābus, i, m. a Lobster, or such like Shell-fish; also a Kind of Ship, &c.
Cārācalla, æ, f. [q. à Κεφα caput & calx] a Coat used by the old Gauls, which Antoninus brought to Rome, and had a Name from thence.
Caracates, a People of Germany.
Caraca, a Town in Spain.
Carceni, a People of Italy.
Caractacus, a King of the Silures in Britain.
† **Caracutium**, a very high Waggon.
Caradocus, the Family Cradock or Newton.
Caræi, a People of Arabia fœlix.
Caraga, a Town of Africa propria.
† **Cārāgus**, Carriage or carrying.
Caralia, a Town of Libya.
Caralis, the chief City of Sardignia, Hence Caralitanum, a Promontory.
Carallis, and -ia, a City of Isauria.
Carambis, a Promontory of Paphlagonia, or Galatia.
Carambucis, a River of Scythia.
Carambyce, a Hyperborean Nation from the River Carambycus.
Carana, a Town of Pontus.
Caranensis, of Carana.
Carantis, a part of Armenia major.
Caranna, a City of Galatia.
Caranus, the first King of Macedonia; also a Haven of Phœnicia.
Carape, a City of Armenia minor.
Cararos, a Town of Africa propria.
Caras, a King among the Caræ, who first taught them Augury.

Carafa, a City of Aquitaine.
Caraseni, a People of Taurea.
Carastasei, a People about Mæotis.
Carasyra, a Town of Thrace.
Caratzæ, a People of the Sacæ and Noricum.
Caravia, a City of Spain.
† **Cāraxātūra**, æ, a Dashing out with a Pen.
† **Cāraxis**, is, f. a Character.
Cāraxo, are, g. to write, aff.
Caraxus, the Brother of Sappho, and Lover of Pyramis the Harlot.
† **Carba**, or -bas, æ, f. a Southerly Wind.
Carbinus, a, um, of a Southerly Wind.
Carabaca, a City of Paropanifus.
Carbam, a Town of Armenia.
Carbana, a City of Lycia.
Carbania, a small Island near Italy, called also Barpana.
Carbantorium, the Town Caerlaverock in Scotland.
Carbāseus, a, um, [à carbasus] of fine Flax or Linnen. * **Carbāseum** septum, Toils to take Beasts. * **Carbāseus** sinus, a Sail.
Carbāsīnus, } See Carba-
Carbasineus, a, um, } seus.
CARBĀSUS, i, m & f. } [Κάρπας-
CARBASA, orum, n. } σος]
 fine Linnen, the Sail of a Ship, a fine Garment.
Carbātina, æ, f. a Country she, g.
Carbi, a People of Arabia fœlix.
Carbia, a City of Sardinia.
Carbi, a People of Thrace.
Carbilius, the first of the Romans that put away his Wife for being barren.
Sp. Carbilius, his Freedman, that first kept a publick School at Rome.
Carbina, a City of the Japyges.
CARBO, ōnis, m. [à Κάρπος arefacio, vel ab Heb. charah siccus fuit] a Coal. * **Carbo** aquaticus, a Sea-drake, or Cormorant. * **Carbones** fœxi, Sea-Coal. * **Carbone** notāre, to set a black Mark upon one.
Carbo, the Name of divers Men.
Carbōnāria, æ, f. a Coal-pit.
Carbonaria, a Mouth of the River Po.
Carbōnārius, a, um, of Coals.
Carbōnārius, ii, m. a Collier.
Carbōnārius saltus, or Carbonaria sylva, the same as Hircania sylva, or Black Forest.
Carbonarius collis, Coles-hill in Flintshire.
Carbōnella, æ, f. a Carbonado, or broiled Fish.
Carbones, a People of Sarmatia Europæa.
† **Carbonium**, ii, n. the Smoking or Stinking of Fire.
Carbrusa, a Desert Island, by Chersonesus of Thrace.
Carbulo, a Town in Spain.
Carbunculatio, ōnis, f. a Blasting of Herbs and Trees.
Carbunculo, are, } to be blasted, or
Carbuncolor, ari, } break out with
 red Boils. * **Carbunculantia** ulcera, Plague sores.
Carbunculus, a, um, Parched with Heat, full of red Pimples.
Carbunculus, i, m. [à carbo] a little Coal, a Plague-sore, a precious stone, the Smoothing or Blasting of Vines, and other Trees, a burning Earth mixed
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mixed with black slates.

Carca, a Town in Spain.

Carcantia, a Town in Italy.

Carcarum, a Place about Media.

Carcassum, a City of Gallia Narbonensis, called Carcassone, famous for Wool.

Carcathiocerta, a City of Armenia major, near Tigris.

CARCER, ēris, m. [à coerceo] a Prison; also a Jail-bird. * Carceres, the Starting-place or Barriers. * A carceribus ad metam, from the Beginning to the End.

Carcēriālis, le, } belonging to a

Carcērārius, a, um, } Prison or Jail

Carcērārius, ii, m. a Jailor or Keeper.

Carcērāticum, i. n. the Jailor's Fees.

† **Carcērius**, a, um. belonging to the Prison.

Carcha, a City of Assyria near Nineve.

Carchabefa, a City by Euphrates.

Carchēdon, ōnis, f. the City Carthage.

Carchēdōnius, a, um. a Carthaginian.

Carchēdōnius, ii, m. a precious Stone found in Africa and Egypt, g.

Carchesia, one of the Cyclades.

Carchesium, ii, n. a Bowl, the Head of a Crane Engine, the round Top of a Mast, g.

† **Carchequius**, ii, a Kind of Frog with yellow Spots on the Belly.

Carchi, a People about Media.

Carcicium, a City about Armenia.

Carcina, æ, m, g. a Gem of the Colour of a Sea Crab.

Carcina, a Mediterranean City.

Carcinetron, i, n. Knot Grass.

Carcinites, a Bay of Scythia.

Carcinodes, eos, n. a Disease in the Nose called Polypus, g.

Carcinoma, ātis, n. a Canker, g.

Carcium, a long Promontory of Magna Græcia; also a City about Pelilia.

Carcinus, i, m. a Crab-fish; also the Sign so call'd, g.

Carcinus, a Tragedian of Agrigentum, obscure to a Proverb.

Carcome, a Town of Mauritania Cæsariensis.

† **Carcūla**, æ, a little piece of Flesh. See Caruncula.

Carcurium, a City of Spain.

Cardaces, a People of Asia minor.

† **Cardaces**, Thieves, Robbers.

Cardalena, a Country in Arabia fælix.

† **Cardamina**, æ, a Kind of Water-cresses.

Cardamine, an Island in the Arabian Gulf.

Cardāmōmum, i, n. Grain of Paradise, a spicy Seed from the Indies.

Cardānum, i, n. Garden-Gresses, g.

Cardamyla, a City in Argos.

Cardava, a City of Arabia fælix.

† **Cardelus**, the Play call'd Cockall.

Cardesus, a City of Scythia.

Cardia, the Heart, g.

Cardia, a City of Chersonesus, from its Likeness to a Heart.

Cardiabanca, a Town on the Borders of Pannonia.

Cardiaca, cæ, f. Mother-wort, g.

Cardiacus, a, um, Troubled in the Stomach with a griping, g.

Cardialgia, æ, Pain of the Heart, g.

Cardiceas, the fourth King of the Medes.

Cardidum, a Promontory in Africa.

Cardigania, Cardigan in Wales.

Cardinālis, le. [à cardo] of or like a Hinge or Hook, Principal.

Cardinālis, is, m. a Cardinal.

† **Cardinālīter**, principally.

Cardinalitius, a, um, Erasim. of a Cardinal.

Cardinātus, a, um, banged or pinned fast.

† **Cardinātus**, i, a chief Man in Rank.

Cardinea, or Carna, a Roman Goddess, President of Kings.

Cardiognus, g. Pain or Griping at the Heart.

Cardisce, es, f. a Stone in the Shape of a Heart, g.

CARDO, inis, m. Κάρτ@ robur, vel Κράδ@ ramus vel Κραδάω α- gito] a Hinge, the chief Point of a Matter, the Knuckle of the Backbone on which the Head turns.

* Haud tanto cessabit cardine rerum, she wont lose such an Opportunity. * Cardines temporum, the four Seasons of the Year. * Car-

dines mundi, the two Poles. * Car-

do rerum, the Juncture of Affairs.

* Cardo agri, the Limit of a Field from North to South.

† **Cardo**, ōnis, a Kind of Thistle.

† **Cardonettum**, i, n. the Thistle Camellion, whose Seed is used instead of Rennet.

† **Cardopatium**, the Carline Thistle.

† **Cardopus**, i. a Kneading-trough, or Bread butch.

† **Carduanæ**, Vessels wherein Carduus is boiled.

Carduchi, a warlike and rebellious People of Media.

Carduēlis, is, f. [à carduus] a Bird feeding on Thistles, a Linnet or Gold finch.

CARDUUS, i, m. [ab antiq. caro] a Thistle or Teazel. * Carduus fativus and altilis, the Artichoke.

* Carduus mariae, the white or white Thistle. * Carduus itellatus, Stone Thistle or Calthrop.

Cardynus, a Mountain by the River Tigris.

Cardytenses, a People of Syria.

Cardytus, a great City of Syria.

Carē, adv. dearly, at a great rate.

Care, a Town in Spain.

Carea, a City of the Tartars.

Carecardama, a Town of India within Ganges.

Cārectum, i, n. [à carex] a place full of Sedge.

Carei, a City of India within Ganges.

Cārēne, a Town of Mysia.

Careni, a People of Scotland; also a People about Persia, and between the Rivers Euphrates and Cyrus.

Carenenses, a People of Spain.

† **Cariensis**, a Baker of Meat.

Carentani, a People of Germany.

Carentini, a People of Italy.

CAREO, ui, itum, and flum, [à carus] to want what one desires, be free from, be absent from, deprived of, spare. * Id quod amo careo, I want what I long for. * Caruit te febris, the Ague-fit was not upon you. * Carere domo, patria, to be from home, out of one's Country. * Carere luce forensi, to give over pleading Causes. * Tui carendum

est, I must want your Company.

Careon, a City of Spain.

Careotæ, a People of Sarmatia Europæa.

Carepula, a City of Mauritania Cæsariensis.

Cares, the Father of Caryassius; also a famous Statuary, Scholar to Lysippus.

Cares, pl. the People of Caria.

Carefa, an Island of the Aegean Sea.

Careffus, a famous River of Troas, but Pliny says in his time there was nothing of it to be seen; also a City of the Island Cia.

Caretha, an Island in the Lycian Sea.

Cāreum, ei, n. the Herb Caraway, so called from Caria.

CāREX, icis, f. [à caro] Sedge, or Sheer-grass.

Cargani, a People of France, carried thither by Ariovistus, King of the Germans.

Cāria, a Country of Asia minor, between Lycia and Ionia.

Cariapa, a Promontory of Parthia.

Cariata, a City of Bactriana, which Alexander overthrew.

Cārica, æ, f. [à caria] a Kind of dry Fig; also the Ship call'd a Carick.

† **Carica**, orum, Buildings on high Places naturally fortified.

Cāricāna massa, a Frail of Figs.

† **Carico**, are, to load.

Carichontichus, a City of Libya.

Caricum, a solitary Place in Memphis.

Caricus, a, um, vile.

Carides, um, f. Prawns.

Carides, a City of Phrygia.

CāRIES, ei, f. [à Καρυον vel ab Heb. carang fodere] Rottenness, Worm eatenness, Dreys. * Trahere cariem, to grow rotten.

Carietes, a People of Spain.

Cariga, a City of Drangiana.

Carigæ, a City of India within Ganges.

Carima, a City of Galatia.

CāRINA, æ, f. [à Καρυιν scindere] a Keel of a Ship; also a Ship; a Kennel.

Carina, a Mountain of Galatia.

Carinæ, Buildings at Rome in manner of Keels, such were within the Temple of Tellus; also Women hired to mourn at Funerals, brought from Caria. * Carinæ putaminum, the hollow part of a Nut-shell, &c.

† **Cārinarius**, ii, a Kennel-raker.

† **Cārinatim**, adv. like the Keel or Bottom of a Ship.

† **Cārinator**, ōris, m. a Railer, a Taunter.

Cārinātus, a, um, of or like a Keel.

Carinæ, a City of Asia minor.

Carini, a People of Germany.

Carinii, a People of Illyrium.

Cāriño, are, [à carina] to make hollow like a Keel.

† **Cārinor**, ari, to accuse, rail, mock, like a Water-man.

Carinfi, a People of Sardinia.

Carinthia, a Dukedom in Germany.

Carinus, a Roman Emperor, proud, cruel, and very dissolute.

† **Cārio**, are, to rot.

Cariobarzanes, a Mountain between the Parthians and Medagetes.

Cariouellites, a People of Gallia Lugdunensis.

Cāriōsus,

- Cariōsus**, a, um, [à caries] rotten, worm-eaten, pleasant. * **Cariōsa terra**, stiff Ground in which Rain stands a great while e'er it sinks.
- Caripeta**, a Town of Arabia fœlix.
- Caris**, the old Name of Cos; also a River in France, called le Cher.
- † **Carisa**, æ, a Bean.
- † **Cariscus**, i, a little Fly.
- † **Cāriseus**, a, um, mouldy.
- Carisia**, a City in Spain.
- Carisiacum**, a Town of Gallia Belgica.
- Carissa**, a Town of Paphlagonia.
- Carissanum**, a Castle in Italy.
- Caristi**, a People in Spain.
- † **Caristium**, a green Marble Stone.
- Caristum**, a Town of Liguria.
- Cāritas**, atis, f. [à carus] Dearth, Scarcity, High Price.
- Caritui**, a People of Germany.
- Carium**, a Place in Cyprus, where Apollo's Wood is.
- Carius**, the Son of Jupiter and Torthebia, hearing the Nymphs sing by chance, learned Musick by them, and taught it to the Lydians; whereupon he was honoured for a God.
- Carleolum**, Carlisle in Cumberland.
- Carlina**, æ, f. the Chamelion, or white Thistle. See **Carolina**.
- Carlomannus**, the Name of several Men.
- Carmacæ**, a People of Asia.
- Carmatus**, a River in Asia minor.
- Carmana**, a City of Carmania.
- Carmania**, a Country of Asia, between Persia and India, divided into deserta and culta.
- Carmani**, the People of Carmania.
- Carmanis**, a Mart-town of Persia.
- Carmartima**, Carmarthen in Wales.
- Carnara**, a City of India within Ganges.
- Carme**, a Nymph who bore Britomartis to Jupiter.
- Carmelis**, a City of Spain.
- Carmelita**, æ, m. Erasm. a Carmelite Fryer.
- Carmeliticus**, a, um, Erasm. belonging to the Order of Carmelites.
- Carmelus**, the Name of two Mountains in Judæa.
- † **Carmelus**, a Place set with Trees, fruitful in Corn and Grass.
- CARMEN**, inis, [q. casmen, ab ant. casno, pro cano] a Poem, a Charm, a Prophecy, a Form of Prayer used by the Ancients to their Gods. * **Carmen cruciatus**, the Form used by the Judge in passing Sentence.
- Carmen**, inis, n. [q. carimen a caro] a Card for Wool, a Hatchel.
- Carmenta**, and -tis, an Arcadian Prophetess, Mother of Evander; hence **Carmentalis**.
- Carmēntalia**, Feasts celebrated yearly in Honour of Carmenta.
- Carmides**, a Grecian of a singular Memory.
- Carmina**, an Island of India.
- † **Carminarius**, he that cards or picks Wool.
- † **Carminatrix**, icis, f. she that cards Wool.
- Carminatio**, onis, f. a picking or carding of Wool.
- † **Carminator**, a Carder of Wool.
- Carminatus**, a, um, carded, heckled.
- Carmina**, an Island of Carmania.
- Carminzi**, the People of Carmi-na.
- Carminius**, the Name of an Historian, who wrote of Italy.
- Carmino**, are [à carmen] to card, or comb Wool; to heckle Flax or Hemp.
- Carnion**, a Place in Messenia, and a Temple of Apollo in Laconia, a River in Achaia, a Mountain of Peloponnesus, and a City of Spain.
- Carna**, a Goddess, who was thought to preside over the Vitals of Men; also a City of Arabia fœlix.
- Carnabas**, a certain cruel Man who slew his Father Triopas, King of the Perrhæbi.
- Carnālis**, le, [à caro] carnal, fleshy.
- † **Carnālitās**, Fleshliness.
- Carnāliter**, adv. carnally.
- Carnanā**, a City by the Red Sea.
- Carnapæ**, a People about Mæotis.
- † **Carnāria**, æ, a Larder.
- Carnarium**, ii, n. [à caro] a Butchery, a Frame to hang Meat on, also the Lean of Meat; also the Place where they salted the Meat.
- Carnārius**, ii, m. a Butcher, a Lover of lean Meat, also a Wether.
- Carnārius**, } of Flesh, Fleshy.
- Carneus**, a, um, }
- Carnarvonia**, Carnarvon in Wales.
- Carnasa**, a City of India within Ganges.
- Carnasus saltus**, a Town of Peloponnesus.
- Carne**, a Town of Phœnicia by Mount Libanus; also a City of Æolia.
- Carneades**, a Philosopher of Cyrene, and chief of the Sect called Novi Academici. Also another Philosopher of Athens, Scholar to Anaxagoras.
- Carneus**, a Name of Apollo, and a certain Harper, who overcame Terpander.
- Carni**, a People near the Alps, of the Country Carniola.
- Carnia**, or -ea, Feasts of Apollo in Sparta, where Terpander got the first Victory.
- Carnia**, a City of Ionia.
- † **Carnicūla**, æ, f. a little Flesh.
- Carnicum Julium**, a Town of Noricum.
- Carnifex**, icis, m. [à caro & facio] an Executioner, Hangman.
- Carnificina**, æ, f. the Place of Execution, the Art of tormenting.
- * **Carnificinam facere**, to do the Office of a Hangman. * **Carnificinam subire**, to undergo an Inquisition.
- Carnificium**, ii, n. Carnage, the Office of a Hangman.
- Carnificinus**, a, um, } belonging to
- Carnificius**, a, um, } a Hangman.
- * **Carnificium cribrum**, one that has been so well favouredly whipt at the Carr's-tail, that his Back is creased cross-wise like a Sieve.
- Carnificio**, are, to torment, execute, cut in Pieces.
- Carniola**, a Country of Noricum, called Il Cragno.
- Carniolenses**, the People of Carniola.
- Carnion**, a Town of Laconia, and a River of Arcadia.
- Carnisprivium**, ii, n. [à caro & privo] Lent-time.
- Carnithia**, the same as Carinthia.
- Carnivorus**, a, um, [à caro & voro] devouring Flesh.
- Carnius**, the Month May amongst the Athenians.
- Carnodunum**, or Carrodunum, a Town in Germany.
- Carnon**, a Town of Arabia fœlix.
- Carnonacæ**, a People of Cathness in Scotland.
- † **Carnositās**, atis, Fleshiness.
- Carnosus**, a, um, [à caro] Fleshy, gross, plump, pithy. * **Carnosum vestigium**, the Foot of a Dog or any other Creature that has not Hoofs.
- † **Carnulentia**, Grosneß.
- Carnulentus**, a, um, gross, plump.
- Carnus**, an Island of Acarnania; also the Name of a Poet.
- Carnutes**, a People among the Celts.
- Carnuri**, a People of Germany.
- Carnutum**, a Town of France.
- CARO**, nis, f. [Kpæs] Flesh, the Substance of Fish, Fruits, Trees, Herbs.
- † **Caro**, are, to card Wool.
- † **Carobe**, the Fruit of the Carob-tree, also the Tree it self.
- Carodunum**, a City in Germany.
- Carœa**, a Town of Sarmatia Europæa.
- Carolina**, the white Thistle.
- Carolinus**, Erasm. a Carolus [Piece of Money.]
- Carolo bergomum**, the City Karlesperg in Bavaria.
- Carolistadium**, the Town Karlstadt in Franconia.
- Carolus**, Charles the Name of several Men.
- Carolus magnus**, the Son of Pipin, King of France and Emperour, who built the University of Paris.
- Carolus quintus**, King of Spain, and Emperour of Germany, who resigned his Empire to his Brother Ferdinand, and his other Kingdoms to Philip Husband of Queen Mary.
- Caronium**, a City of Spain.
- Caropolis**, a City of Caria.
- Cāros**, g. Surfeiting, or Lethargy.
- Caros**, } g. the Herb Caraways.
- Caron**, }
- Cārōta**, the wild Carrot.
- Cārōticus**, a, um, causing sleep, g.
- Cārōtides**, Carotæ, or Carotici, g. the Name of Arteries carried from the axillaris arteria through the Side of the Neck to the Skull.
- † **Carpa**, æ, f. a Carp.
- † **Carpagus**, i, a Baker of Meat.
- Carpasia**, a City of Cyprus, an Island in Cilicia.
- † **Carpasus**, a Kind of Colour and Herb.
- Carpates**, a Mountain of Sarmatia Europæa.
- Carpathus**, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea, between Rhodes and Creet.
- † **Carpātinz**, Cockers.
- Carpe**, a Place in Spain.
- Carpella**, a Promontory of Campania.
- Carpentarius**, ii, m. [à carpentum] a Carpenter, Coach-man, or Coach-maker, Cart-wright.
- Carpentarius**, a, um, of a Cart Coach or Chariot.
- Carpentarium**, ii, n. [à carpo, vel Carpentum, i, n. } ab Heb. Rhabab equitavit] a Chariot or Waggon.
- Carpentoracte**, a City of Gallia Narbonensis.
- † **Carpesia**, a Kind of Herb.
- Carpesi**, a People of Iberia.
- Carpesium**, Cubebs.
- Carpeteni**, a People of Spain.

- † **Carpheotum**, pure and white *Frankincense*.
Carphi, a People of Africa.
Carphos, the Herb Fenegreek, g.
† **Carpies**, filthy Wool.
Capinetum, i, n. a Place where *Carpine Trees* grow.
Carpineus, a, um, of the *Carpine Tree*.
Carpinus, i, f. [à carpo, vel Κάροφω sicco] the *Horn-beam Tree*.
CARPIO, onis, m. [Καρπίου] a *Carp-fish*.
Carpis, a Town of Pannonia; also a River of Myfia, and a Town of Africa.
† **Carpisculum**, a Kind of Ship.
CARPO, psi, tum, [Καρπίω, à Κάροφς fructus] to pick, carve, pluck, take, find fault with, diminish by little and little. * *Pede carpere campos*, to run lightly over the Fields. *Carpere vitales auras* to draw breath. * *Carpamus dulcia*, let's be jolly. * *Carpere faciem*, to tear one's Face. * *Carpere rura*, to feed Cattle upon a Ground. * *Agmen carpere*, to cut off the Stragglers of an Army.
Carpobalsamum, i, n. the Fruit of *balsamum*, g.
Carpophorus, a, um, bearing Fruit, g.
Carpocrates, a Heretick in the Time of Adrian, who taught that the World was made by Angels, denied the Divinity of Christ, and would have Wives to be common.
Carpocratiani, the Followers of *Carpocrates*.
Carpophorus, a Martyr of Hispalis, and a young Man beloved by Domitian.
Carpophylion, i, n. Laurel of Alexandria, g.
Carpore, i, to be troubled, cropt, &c.
† **Carpore**, are, to wound.
Carpōsis, The Sacrifice of Venus at Amathus.
† **Carptorium**, ii, n. a Wool-card.
Carptum, a, v. [à carpo] picking out the best here and there, by parcels, separately. * *Carptum vocem re-forbere*, to pant.
Carptor, oris, m. a Reprover, Carper, Garder, Carver.
Carptura, x, f. gathering together, scrapi, g.
Carpius, ſis, m. a Cropping or Scraping, cutting. * *Trium digitorum carpius*, as much as one can take up with three Fingers.
Carptus, a, um, [à carpor] plucked, gathered, torzed.
Carpudenum, a City of Thrace.
CARPUS, i, m. [καρπός] the Wrist.
Carpus, a Bishop and Martyr under Aurelius Commodus.
† **Carpus**, a, um, wary, wise.
Carra, a River of Syria.
† **Carra**, orum, Holes.
Carraca, the City of Carava in Tuscany.
Carrāgo, ſinis, f. [à carrum] a Sconse or Barricado with Carts.
† **Carrāvanum**, a Caravan, or Company of Merchants travelling together in Turkey.
Carrzi, a People of Arabia felix.
Carrha, a City of Arabia by the red Sea; also a City of Mesopotamia.
† **Carrinātor**, a Carder of Wool.
Carrimenſis, a Field in Spain, where there are two Fountains, whereof one refuses all Things, the other sucks them in.
† **Carro**, are, to card Wool. See Caro.
† **Carrōbalista**, a warlike Instrument carried in a Cart.
† **Carrōcium**, ii, n. a Coach or Carroach.
Carrodunum, a Town in Germany, and other Places.
Carruca, x, f. [à carrus] a Plough, a little Cart.
Carruca, a Town in Spain.
Carrucārius, ii, m. a Cart-maker, or Carter.
Carrucarius, a, um, belonging to a Cart.
CARRUM, i, n. } [à curro] a
Carrus, i, m. } Chariot or Cart,
Waggon, Wain.
Carrus, the River Car in Dorsetshire.
Carſo, an Island in the Ægean Sea.
Carſe, a City of Armenia.
Carſeæ, a People of Asia minor.
Carſeolani, a People in Italy.
Carſeoli, a Town in Italy.
Carſeolanus, a, um, belonging to Carſeoli.
Carſicis, a Port Town of Gallia Narbonenſis.
Carſidava, a City of Dacia.
Carſitani, a People of Italy.
Carſuli, a City of Umbria.
Carta, a City of Hyrcania, and one of Darius's Princes.
Cartadulorum, a Country in the Mountains of India, where are found Satyrs both four footed and upright, but by Reason of their Swiftneſs, are never taken but when old or ſick.
Cartalias, a Town in Spain.
† **Cartallus**, i, a Basket or Pannier, made of Oſiers.
Cartālo, a proper Name of a Man.
Cartandus, a Mountain between Perſia and Media.
Cartare, a Spaniſh Island.
Cartafina, a City of India within Ganges.
Carteia, a Town in Spain.
Cartenaga, a Town of India within Ganges.
Cartenna, a Colony of Augustus in Mauritania Tingitana.
Cartennæ, a City of Mauritania Cæſarienſis.
Cartenus, a River of Mauritania Cæſarienſis.
Carteria, an Island before Smyrna.
† **Carthamus**, i, Wild Saffron.
Carthāgo, ſinis, the moſt famous City of all Africa, once contending with Rome for the Empire of the World; waſted at laſt by Scipio.
Carthago nova, a City of Spain, built by Aſdrubal, General of the Carthaginians, now called Carthagena.
Carthago vetus, a City of Spain, by ſome Villa Franca, by others Cantavilla.
Carthaginenſis, e, of Carthage.
Carthago, a Daughter of Hercules.
Carthara, a City of Meſopotamia.
Carthæa, a City in the Island Cea.
Carthæus, a, um, } of Carthæa.
Cartheius,
Cartheia, a ſmall Iſland about Delos.
Carthusia, Eraſm. the firſt Monastery of the Carthuſians near Grenoble.
Carthuſiani, Monks inſtituted by Bruno of Colen, A. D. 1080.
† **Cartibulum**, a little Table.
† **Carticulum**, i, a High Cart or Waggon.
† **Cartii**, the Herb called Spurge.

- Cartii**, a People of Perſia.
Cartilagineus, a, um, Griſtly.
Cartilaginōſus, a, um, Full of Griſtles.
CARTILAGO, ſinis, f. [q. carnilago] a Griſtle, or Tendrel. * *Arun-dinis cartilago*, the Piſh in the Joint of a Reed.
Cartris, a Peninſula of the Cimbri.
Caruancas, a Mountain of Noricum.
Carvanis, a City of Cappadocia.
Caruentus, a City of the Latins.
Carui, I have wanted. See Careo.
Carvaleu, the Name of a Conſul. See
Carbilius, a City of Spain.
Cārum, n. Caraway, g.
Cāruncula, x, f. [à caro] a little Piece of Fleſh.
Caruonis, a Town in Guelderland, called Grave.
Carura, a City of India within Ganges.
Carus, the 36th Emperor of Rome.
CĀRUS, a, um, [à careo vel ab Heb. jakar pretioſum eſſe] dear, coſtly.
Caruſſi, a People bordering upon the Troglodytæ and Æthiopians.
Carya, a Country of Arcadia, and a City of Laconia and Peloponneſus.
† **Caryapontica**, Filberts.
Caryanda, an Island of Caria.
Caryatides, Images of Women ſupporting Buildings, g.
Caryinus,
Cārynus, a, um, } of Nuts, g.
Caryitis, itis, f. the ſecond kind of Spurge.
Carynia, a City of Achaia.
Cāryon, g. a Walnut. * *Caryon myriticon*, a Nutmeg.
Caryones, a People of Sarmatia Europæa.
Cāryophyllata, the Herb Aven, from
Cāryophyllum, i, n. a Gilli-flower, or Clove, g.
† **Caryōnon**, Syrian Cinnamon.
Cāryopus, the Juice of a Nut, g.
Cāryōta, x, f. } a Date or Palm-tree.
Cāryōtis, idis, } ta, g.
Caryſa, a Bay in Galatia.
Caryſtæu,
Caryſtius, a, um, } of Caryſtus.
Cāryſtus, or -tos, i, the City Garitto in Eubœa.
† **Carytes**, a ſecond kind of Spurge.
Carytum, a Town of Laconia, whence Diana is called Caryatis.
CĀSA, x, f. [ab H. caſa textit] a Cottage, alſo a Land-mark. * *Ita fugias ne præter caſam*, don't to avoid one evil, run into another.
† **Casābundus**, a, um. Ready to fall, ſtumbling.
Caſæ, a City of Pamphylia, and a Village in Africa.
Caſæ nigræ, a City of Africa.
† **Cāsāle**, is, n. Ground that hath a Land-mark, alſo a Shed.
Casalus, a Bay by the Island of Corſica.
Casama, a City of Palmyrene.
Casaman, a Town of Armenia.
Casamari, a People of Æthiopia.
† **Casamentum**, i, a Cottage.
† **Casana**, x, a covering of a Ship.
Casandra, an Iſland againſt Perſia.
Cāsans, ntis, [of caſo] ready to fall.
* *Casanti capite incedit*, runs headlong.
† **Casaria**, x, She that keeps a Cottage.
† **Casarius**, ii, a Cottager. † **Calcā-**

† *Cascābus*, for *Cacabus*, a *Caul-dron*.
Cascandrus, a *Desert Island* towards *India*.
Cascanienſes, a *People* of *Spain*.
† *Cascus*, a, um, very old.
† *Casculus*, a, um, somewhat old.
Cāſeāle, is, n. [a *caſeus*] a *Cheese-Chamber*, or *Cheese-Prefſ*, or *Dairy*.
Cāſeārius, a, um, [a *caſeus*] of *Cheese*.
Cāſeārius, ii, m. a *Cheesemonger*.
† *Cāſeātum*, i, n. *Curds* made of *Whey*.
Cāſeera, a *City* of *Thrace*.
Cāſellius vindex, a famous *Lawyer*.
† *Cāſer*, m. an old *Man*.
Cāſerotæ, a *People* of *Aria*.
CāſEUS, i, m. } [q. *coaxeus* à
CāſEUM, i, n. } *cogo*, vel a
Chald. Cas ſenſcere] *Cheese*.
* *Cāſeus oculatus*, *Cheese* full of *Eyes*. * *Cāſeus Parmenſis*, *Parmesan*.
CASIA, or *Caſſia*, æ, f. [καſία] a *sweet Shrub* uſed for *Cinnamon*.
* *Caſſia lignea*, the common *Cinnamon*.
Caſia, a *Country* of *Scythia*.
Caſilinum, a *Town* in *Campania*.
Caſilinus fluvius, the ſame as *vulturnus*.
Casina, one of *Plautus's* *Comedies*, from the *Maid Caſina*, beloved of an old *Man* and his *Son*.
Casina, and -um, a *Town* in *Campania*.
De Caſineto, or *Caneto*, the *Family* *Cheyney*.
Casinus, a *Mountain* of *Campania*, where *Apollo* was worſhipped.
† *Casiola*, æ, f. a *Surplice*.
Casiope, a *City* in *Epirus*.
Casiotis, part of *Syria*, near *Phœnicia*.
† *Cāſitans*, ntis, *Tumbling*.
Cāſito, are, [a *caſo*] to *tumble*, or *fall* often.
Cāſius, a *Mountain* by *Euphrates*, another in that part of *Arabia*, which from thence is called *Casiotis*, and from thence *Jupiter* is called *Cāſius*, who had a *Temple* there, and *Pompey* had a *Tomb* there built by *Adrian*; alſo a *Mountain* in *Syria*.
Cāſſetum, a *Town* of *Gallia Belgica*.
Cāſinare, a *Town* of *Mauritania Cæſarienſis*.
Cāſmēne, a *City* of *Sicily*.
Cāſmonates, a *People* of *Liguria*.
Cāſmilus, a *Surname* of *Mercury*.
Cāſninium, one of thoſe *Towns* that had no *Officers* of their own, but ſuch as were ſent them yearly.
Cāſo, are [a *cado*] to *tumble*, nod, be ready to *fall*.
† *Cāſona*, æ, f. a *Woman's* *Bodkin* for her *Head*.
Cāſos, and -us, an *Ægean* *Island*, one of the *Sporades*.
Cāſos, an *Island* and *City* of *Perſia*.
Cāſpapyrus, a *City* of *India*.
Cāſpium, a *River* of *Scythia*.
Cāſperia, a *Country* of *India* within *Ganges*: alſo the *Wife* of *Rhœtus* *King* of the *Marrubii*; alſo a *Town* of the *Sabines*.
Cāſperula, a *Town* of the *Sabines*.
Cāſpiana, a *Country* of *Armenia* major.
Cāſpiæ portæ, a *City* in *Media*.
Cāſpii, a *People* of *Scythia*, who

ſtarved their *Parents* to *Death* after they were 70 *Years* old.
Cāſpirus, a *City* of *Parthia*, whose *Inhabitants* are the ſwifteſt that are.
Cāſpis, a *City* of *Syria*.
Cāſpium mare, the *Caspian* *Sea*, between the *Caspian* and *Hyrcanian* *Mountains*.
Cāſſandane, the *Daughter* of *Pharnaspis*, and *Mother* to *Cambyſes*.
Cāſſander, the twenty fifth *King* of *Macedonia*.
Cāſſandra, the *Daughter* of *Priamus* and *Hecuba*, ſhe promiſed *Apollo* to lye with him for the *Gift* of *Prophesy*, but when ſhe had it, was worſe than her *Word*, whereupon he cauſed that none ſhould believe her, which proved the *Ruin* of the *Trojans*; alſo the *Daughter* of *Jobates*; who was married to *Bellerophon*.
Cāſſāndria, a *City* of *Macedonia*.
Cāſſanitæ, a *People* by the *Red* *Sea*.
Cāſſanorus, a *City* of *Ægypt*.
† *Cāſſari*, to be deceived or miſtaken.
† *Cāſſarius*, ii, a *Net-maker*.
† *Cāſſe*, in vain.
Cāſſelenſis, of *Cāſſile* in *Ireland*.
Cāſſera, a *Town* of *Macedonia*.
Cāſſi, the *Hundred* of *Cailhow* in *Hertfordſhire*.
Cāſſia via, a *High-way* paved by *Cāſſius*.
Cāſſianus, a *King* of *Antiochia*, a *Biſhop*, and divers others.
† *Cāſſicūlum*, i, n. a little or caſting-net.
Cāſſicūlus, i, m. [a *caſſis*] a little *Net*, a *Cobweb*.
Cāſſida, æ, f. [a *caſſis*] a *Helmet* or *Head-piece*.
Cāſſida, a *Town* of *India* within *Ganges*.
Cāſſii, *Mountains* of *Scythia*.
† *Cāſſilago*, inis, the *Herb* *Henbane*.
Cāſſiliacum, a *Town* of *Rhætia*, called *Romakeſſel*.
Cāſſinitius, a *River* of *Thrace* that makes *Horſes* drunk.
Cāſſiodorus, a *Nobleman* and *Senator* of *Rome*, a *Maſter* of *Theodoric* *King* of the *Goths*.
Cāſſiope, or *Cāſſiopeia*, *Wife* of *Cepheus* *King* of *Æthiopia*; alſo a *Town* of *Sicily* and *Epirus*, and other *Places*.
Cāſſios, a *River* of *Scythia*.
CASSIS, is, m. [ab *H. Kaſh* irre-tire] a *Net*, *Hay*, or *Snare*.
CASSIS, idis, f. [q. *carallis* a καρα caput] a *Head-piece* or *Helmet*.
Cāſſita, æ, f. [a *caſſide*] a *Lark*.
Cāſſiterides, *Islands* in the *Western* *Ocean*, whence white *Lead* is digged.
Cāſſitērus, i, m. white *Lead*, g.
† *Cāſſitias*, the *Gum* of a *Fir-tree*.
† *Cāſſio*, quaſi *quatio*, I *shake*.
Cāſſitira, an *Island* in the *Ocean* near *India*.
Cāſſius, the *Name* of divers *Romans*; alſo a *Mountain* in *Spain*.
Cāſſius, a, um, } of *Cāſſius*.
Cāſſianus, }
Cāſſio, are, [a *caſſius*] to *frustrate*, or *make* void.
Cāſſopa, a *City* in *Moloffus*.
Cāſſus, a, um, [a *careo*] empty, void. * In *caſſum*, in vain. * Lu-

mine & æthere *caſſi*, dead. * *Cāſſa* dote *virgo*, a *Maid* that has no *Portion*. * *Cāſſa præſidia*, weak *Supports*.
Cāſſum, i, n. a *Fragment*, empty *Husk*.
† *Cāſſūta*, or *Cāſſyta*, the *Weed* *Dodder*, or *Wood* *bine*.
Cāſtabala, a *City* of *Cilicia* and *Phœnicia*.
Cāſtabalenſes, the *People* of *Cāſtabala*.
Cāſtalia, the *Daughter* of *Achelous*, and a *City* of *Cilicia*.
† *Cāſtaldius*, i, m. a *Steward* or *Bailiff*.
Cāſtālius fons, a *Well* at the *Foot* of *Parnafius*, ſacred to the *Muſes*, called *Cāſtalides* from thence.
Cāſtalo, the greateſt *City* of *Orē-tania*.
Cāſtalonites, an *Inhabitant* of *Cāſtalo*.
CAſTĀNEA, æ, f. [καſτανη vel ab urbe *Caſtanea*] a *Cheſnut*, or *Cheſnut-tree*.
Caſtanea, a *City* about the *River* *Pencus*.
Cāſtānētum, i, n. a *Place* ſet with *Cheſnut-trees*.
Cāſtāneus, } [a *caſtanea*]
Cāſtāninus, a, um, } of a *Cheſnut* or *Cheſnut-tree*.
Caſtaon, a *Town* of *Spain*.
Caſtax, a *City* of *Iberia*.
Cāſtē, ius, illime, adv. *Chaſtly*, purely.
† *Cāſtellamentum*, i, n. a kind of *Meat* diſhed up *Caſtle-wiſe*; alſo a *Part* of a *Ship*.
Cāſtellāni, a *People* of *Spain*.
Cāſtellānus, i, m. [a *caſtellum*] he that keeps or dwells in a *Caſtle*.
Cāſtellānus, a, um, of the *Garrison*. * *Cāſtellanus triumphus*, a *Triumph* made after the taking a *Fort*.
Cāſtellarii, they that look to *Caſtles* or *Conduits*.
Cāſtellātim, adv. from *Caſtle* to *Caſtle*. * *Cāſtellatim ſerere*, to ſow in *Heaps*.
Cāſtellum, i, n. [a *caſtrum*] a little *Caſtle*, *Tower*, *Fort*, *Bulwark*; alſo a *Mill-dam*, or *Conduit*, a little walled *Town*.
Cāſtellum aquarum, the *City* *Baden* in *Helvetia*.
Cāſtellum cattorum, *Caſſel* in *Heſſia*.
Cāſtellum Hunnorum, the *Town* *Caſtellum* in *Upper* *Germany*.
Cāſtellum Menapiorum, the *Town* *Keſſel* in *Brabant*.
Cāſtellum Morinorum, the *Town* *Kaſſel* in *Flanders*.
De Caſtello, the *Family* *Caſtel*.
Cāſtellio, a *Greek* *Profeſſor* of *Baſil*, famous for *translating* the *Bible*, and other *Learned* *Works*.
Cāſtēria, æ, f. [q. καſτρία à καſτ internitto] a *Store-houſe* where the *Tackling* of *Ships* is laid up.
Cāſthenes, a *Bay* of *Thracia*, near *Byzantium*.
Cāſſiāmira, one of *Priam's* *Concubines*.
Cāſſificus, a, um, [a *caſtus* & *facio*] making *chaſſe*.
Cāſtigābilis, le. [a *caſtigo*] worthy to be *chaſtiſed*, that may be *mended*.

Castigatio, ōnis, f. a Correction or Amending.
Castigatiuncula, æ, f. a little Correction.
Castigatius, adv. more correctly.
Castigator, ōris, m. a Chastiser, Corrector.
Castigatus, a, um. Corrected, chastised, asswaged, diminished. * **Castigatus vivere**, to live more reformedly. * **Castigata frons**, a well proportion'd Face.
CASTIGO, are, [q. castum ago] to chide, correct, chasten. * **Castigat moras**, he chastens'em for tarrying. * **Sed in hoc me ipse castigo quod**, but in this I am angry with my self.
Castimēsis, a Surname of Venus in Thessalia.
Castimonia, æ, f. [à castus] Chastity, Continency.
Castinus, a Roman Consul.
Castinium, a Mountain in Pamphylia.
Castinetes, } an Inhabitant of Casti-
Castinius, } nium.
Castitas, ātis, f. [à castus] Chastity, Cleanness.
† **Castitium**, a Shed, a little Building added to a House.
† **Castitudo**, inis, f. Chastity.
Castologi, a People of Gallia Belgica.
Castolus, a City in Lydia.
CASTOR, ōris, m. [καστωρ] a Beaver; also Saffron.
Castor and Pollux, Twin-brothers, whom Leda bore to Jupiter, from their clearing the Sea of Pirates, were called Gods of the Sea. **Pollux desired Jupiter**, that his Brother might partake of his Immortality, which being granted, they were said to live and dye by turns; because being two Stars, the one always rose when the other sat; also the Name of several other Men.
Castorea, orum, Beavers stones.
Castoreum, ei, n. Oyl of Beavers stones.
Castoreus, a, um [à castor] of a Beaver.
† **Castorides**, Dogs bred of a Fox, or Beaver, and a Bitch.
† **Castorina**, a Beavers Skin.
† **Castorinatus**, a, um, wearing Beavers Skin.
Castra, orum, n. a Camp, the Soldiers, or the Place where they are encamped; also a Fort. * **Castra cerea**, a Bee-hive. * **Castra caltris conferre**, to pitch their Tents one against another.
Castra, a Town of India within Ganges, a City of Noricum and Macedonia.
Castra Annibalis, a Haven of magna Græcia.
Castra Cælicia, a City of Lusitania.
Castra Cornelia, or Corneliana, a City of Africa propria.
Castra Constantia, the City Constance in Normandy.
Castra Cyri, a Country about Lycia.
Castra gemina, a Town in Spain.
Castra Germanorum, a Town of Mauritania Cæsariensis, now Brexar.
Castra Julia, the Town of Tragillo in Spain.
Castra Lælia, a City of Africa minor.
Castra Lapidariorum, a City of Ægypt.

Castra Larba, a City of Thrace.
Castra Poitnumiana, a Place in Spain.
Castra vinaria, a City of Spain.
Castrametatio, ōnis, f. a pitching of a Camp.
Castrametator, ōris, m. the Camp-Master.
Castrametor, ari, [of castra and metior] to encamp.
† **Castranda**, a kind of Fruit.
† **Castrangula**, æ, f. Broom wort, or Water-betony.
Castrata, æ, f. [à castror] a pure kind of red Wheat.
Castratio, ōnis, } a Gelding, Prun-
Castratura, æ, f. } ing, Diminishing.
Castratus, a, um, gelded, weakned.
Castrensis, fe, [à castra] of a Camp or Army. * **Peculium castrense**, Goods gotten by Service in War, or given by a Father to his Son whilst he served in the Wars. * **Res castrensis**, Warfare.
† **Castriani**, orum, Soldiers of the Garrisons on the Roman Frontiers; also a People destroyed by Aurelian the Emperor.
† **Castrilamentum**, a Pudding.
Castrimonium, a Town in Italy.
CASTRO, are, [à castus, vel à καστωρ instrumentum quo cavatur ebur] to geld, lop, cut off, crop, mangle. * **Castrare vitem**, to prune a Vine. * **Castrare alvearia**, to take the Honey away.
Castrozorba, a Town of Thrace.
CASTRUM, i, n. [à casa] a Castle or Fort.
Castrum, a City of Italy.
Castrum alatum, Edinburgh in Scotland.
Castrum Britonum, Dunbritton in Scotland.
Castrum Corvolinum, the Town Carbeil in France.
Castrum de Vies, Castrodunum the Devises in Wiltshire.
Castrum Inui, a Sea Town of Tuscany, call'd Cornetto.
Castrum Minervæ, the Town Grotaria in Magna Græcia.
Castrum Stilichonis, a Town of Insubria, called Caltion.
Castula, æ, f. [à castus] an Apron, Stomacher, Gorget, Petty-coat.
Castula, a Town in Tuscany.
Castulo, a Town in Spain.
CASTUS, a, um, [à καστος or natus, vel à Chald. Kashath ornare] Chast, uncorrupt, holy, innocent, pure. * **Castus fides**, inviolable Faithfulness. * **Castilimi sermonis homo**, a Man of a clean Style, without affected foreign Words.
† **Castus**, ūs, m. Chastness, Purifying, a Ceremony.
Casualis, le, [à casus] having Cases.
Casualiter, adv. casually, by chance.
† **Casula**, a kind of Priest's Garment.
Casula, æ, f. [à casa] a little Cottage.
Casula, a City in Africa.
Casaventiliani, a People of Italy.
Casuentum, a River in the Bay of Tarentum.
† **Casura**, æ, f. a falling, a Fall.
Casurgis, the City Prague, Metropolis of Bohemia.

Casurus, a, um, [of cado] ready to fall, decay, that will have its Course.
Casus, an Island near Rhodes.
Casus, ūs, m. a Fall, Chance, or Hap, Case, or Cause, Disease, Danger, Ruin. * **Fortunæ casibus permittere**, to hazard. * **Si inciderit casus**, if need requires. * **Dare in casum rem**, to put it to a Hazard.
† **Cata**, a Cat.
Catabenes, a People of Arabia deserta.
Catabasis, eos, f. a Descending, g.
Catabathmus, a Town of Marmarica.
Catābolum, g. a Stable; also a Place where Men fought with Beasts; also a Prison.
Catabulum, a City of Cilicia.
† **Catabulenses**, the Governors of the Catabulum, or Place where Beasts were kept.
Catacauniene a Country of Phrygia.
Cataceti, * le of Asia about Mæotis.
Catāchrēsis, is, f. an abusive, or improper Expression, g.
Catāchysmata, g. Nuts or Figs poured on the new Bride or Servant's Head, in Token of good luck.
† **Catāclita**, the first small Bones in the Breast.
† **Catāclista**, a Sea-gown or Cassock.
† **Catāclistica**, a precious Garment laid up and pressed.
Catāclita, æ, g. a Garment to wear at Table.
Catāclitum, i, n. a Bed, or Coverlet, g.
Citaclymus, l, m. a Deluge, or Flood, g.
Catācrisis, f. Condemnation, g.
† **Catācumba**, æ, or Catatumba, a Burying place.
Catada, a River of Africa.
Catadix, a Town of Æthiopia.
Catradomus, i, m. a steep race, Tilt-Yard, a Dancing-Rope, an Engine to lift up, and let down heavy Things, g.
Catādupa, orum, n, the Places where the River Nilus falls with very great Noise, g.
Catādupi, the People of Æthiopia, made deaf with the Noise of those Cataracts.
Catæa, a Persian Islands.
Catægis, idis, g. a stormy, or hollow Wind.
Catæonium, a Promontory of Marmarica, g.
Catagnatica emplastra, g. Plaisters for broken Bones.
Catāgrāpha, pl. n. Images represented only on one Side, or looking divers Ways, g.
Catagraphe, es, f. the first Draught of a Picture, g.
Catāgrāpho, are, to write out of another's Copy.
Catalaunia, Part of Spain.
Catalunium, two Cities in France, one in Campania called Chaalons, the other in Burgundy called Chalons.
Catālepsis, g. a Sleeping Sickness.
Catālecticus, a, um, g. wanting a Syllable of an entire Foot.
Catālepton, g. comprehensible.

Cātālexis, g. a Finishing of a Thing.
 Cātālogus, i. m. a Roll, Bill, Catalogue, g.
 Cātālyma, a Refreshing, an Inn.
 Cātālysis, g. a Dissolution.
 Cātānum, a City of Syria.
 Catamidio, are, and ior -ari, to put one to open Shame, give one public Correction, g.
 Cātāmitus i, a Ganymede, a Boy used for Sodomy, g.
 Catampo, a Play of tossing Things one to another.
 Catana, a Town in Sicily.
 Catanance, g. Crimson Grass-vetch.
 Catangius, a Bay in the Asiatick shore of Bosphorus.
 Catania, an Island against Lesbos.
 Catanni, a People by the Caspian Sea.
 Cataonia, a Country on the Borders of Cappadocia.
 Cātāpasma, ātis, n. a dry Medicine cast into a Wound, g.
 Cātāphōra, g. a dead Sleep.
 Cātāphracta, x, f. a Breast-plate, or Cuirass, g.
 † Cātāphractarius, ii, m. one armed with a Cuirass; also a Lobster.
 Cataphractus, i, m. a Man at Arms, armed Cap-a-pe, a Cuirassier.
 Cātāphrygæ, Phrygian Hereticks, who said the Holy Ghost was not given to the Apostles, but to them.
 Catapirater, eris, m. a sounding Lead, g.
 Catapiromantia, g. Divination by a Glass.
 Cātāplasma, ātis, g. a Poultice.
 * Cataplasmata, a dry Powder for the Ears.
 † Cataplasmo, are, to poultice.
 † Cataplectatio, onis, f. a Reviling.
 Cataplius, a Port Town, a Fleet for Merchandize, the Arrival of Ships, g.
 Catapōtium, ii. n. and -ia, orum, a Pill to be swallowed, g.
 † Cataprorates, is, a Plummert, or sounding Lead.
 † Cataptata, or caleptata, a Kind of Cup.
 Cātaptōsis, g. a Kind of Falling-sickness.
 Catapulta, x, f. a Battering Engine to cast Darts or Stones, g.
 Catapultarius, a, um, of a Batterer. * Catapultarium pilum, a Javelin flung from a Batterer.
 † Cataputia, x, the Herb Spurge; also a Surgeon's Instrument to search the Bladder, and a Tent for Sores.
 † Cataputium, ii, n. a Pill.
 Cātāracta, x, f. the steep Fall of Cataractes, x, m. a River, a Sluce, a Draw-bridge, a Port-cullis, a Suffusion of Humours in the Eyes, g.
 Cataracta, or -es, a City of the Samnites, and the Swale in Richmondshire.
 Cataractes, Cascada di Tivoli, a great Fall of the River Anio by Tibur, another of Danubius, called Sewreussel.
 Cataractonum, or Cataracton, a Town in Scotland.
 Catari, a People of Pannonia.
 Cataritæ, a People of Arabia fælix.
 Cātāractus, a, um, g. Stopping the Course of Water. * Porta Cataracta, a Port-cullis.

Catarractus, a River of Creet and Pamphylia.
 Cātarrhus, i, m. a Rheum, falling down of Humours, g.
 Catarrhytum, a City of Africa, called also Hippo.
 Catarrhytus, a, um, g. watery, moist, by which a River runneth.
 Cātascōpium, ii, n. a Discovery-Frigot, g.
 Cātasta, x, f. [καβίστασι statu] the Stall on which the Slaves stood which were to be sold; also a Piece wherein Christians used to be tormented.
 Catastema, ātis, n. the State [of the Air] g.
 Catastroma, ātis, n. the upper Deck where Men stand to fight.
 Cātastrophe, es, f. the last Act, or winding up of a Play, g.
 † Cātallus, i, m. a Slave kept in Bridewell to work.
 Cātatechnos, g. a skilful Artizan.
 † Catatecta, choice Poems.
 Catathræ, two Islands of the Red Sea.
 Catatus, a City of Hungary.
 Catacopia, a Name of Venus.
 Cātatypōsis, g. a Figure of doing a Thing by an Ensamble of another.
 † Catax, g. lame.
 Catē, for Cautē, adv. warily.
 Catēchēsis, is, f. a Catechism, an Instruction, g.
 Catēchismus, i, m. g. a Catechism.
 Catēchiso, or zo, are, to catechise, instruct, g.
 Catechista, x, m. he that catechiseth, a Catechist, g.
 † Catechizeta, an Instructor.
 Catēchūmēna, orum, the Place where the Catechumeni did stand.
 Catechumēnus, i, m. one in the Catechism; a Profelyte, Novice in Religion.
 † Cātēia, a bearded Dart with a String.
 Cātēgōrēmata, um, n. Predicables, or Predicaments, g.
 Cātēgōria, x, g. a Predicament, Accusation.
 Cātelani, a People of Spain.
 Catella, x, f. [à catena] a little Chain.
 Catella, x, f. [à catellus] a little Bitch.
 † Catellulus, i, a little Puppy Dog.
 Catella, x, f. [à catulus] a little Dog or Whelp.
 CātēNA, x, f. [καθνη] a Chain; also a Meteor, and a Kind of Dance.
 Cātēnārius, a, um, chained, linked.
 Catenates, a People of the Vindelici.
 Cātēnatio, ōnis, f. a Chaining or Linking.
 Cātēnātus, a, um, chained, linked.
 Catenati Labores, endless Labors.
 * Catenatus canis, a Bandog.
 Cātēno, are, to chain or tie.
 Cātēnula, x, f. [à catena] a little Chain.
 CātēRVA, x, f. [q. Quaterva, vel à κατερεωw contraho] a Company of Soldiers or others.
 Cātērvārius, a, um, trooping in Multitudes, disorderly, confused.
 Cātērvātim, adv. By Bands or Companies.
 Cath, the Son of Trismegistus.
 Cathæa, a Country of India, where Beauty is so much admired, that

they are said to chuse the fairest for their King.
 Cathalusius, Nicanor so called in Stephanus.
 Cathania, Cathnes in Scotland.
 Cathari, a People of India, whose Custom was to burn the Wives with the deceased Husbands; also a People of Gallia, and certain ancient Hereticks, which the People now call Puritans.
 Catharina, a Virgin of Alexandria, adorned with Philosophical and other Learning; in a Dispute with fifty Heathen Grammarians and Orators, she vanquished and converted them; Maximinus was about to break her on the Wheel, but that being broken by a Thunderbolt, she was beheaded, and her Body said to be carried by Angels into Mount Sina.
 Cātharma, ātis, g. Sacrifice to turn away the Pestilence.
 Cātharmos, g. Purgation by Fire.
 Cātharticus, a, um, g. purgative.
 * Medicamentum catharticum, a Purge.
 Cathaum, a Promontory of Libya.
 CATHĒDRA, x, f. [καθῆδρα] a Chair, Desk, Pulpit, the Bishop's See.
 Cāthēdrālītius, a, um, attending on a Chair.
 † Cāthēdraria, Covers for Chairs.
 Cāthēdrarius, a, um, of a Chair, or See. * Philosophi cathedrarii, Doctors only of the Chair, not practising what they teach, a Tartuff.
 Cathei, Mountains of Sarmatia in Asia.
 Cathelauni, a People of Gallia.
 Cāthēmērina febris, g. a Quotidian Ague.
 Cāthēter, ēris, a Surgeon's Probe, g.
 Cathilci, a People in Germany, vanquish'd by Cæsar Germanicus.
 Cathippi, a city of Asia.
 † Cathnæa, a Kind of Lattin Ore.
 Cathnesia, a Country in the East of Scotland.
 † Catholismus, Universality.
 Cāthōlicus, a, um, g. Catholick, Universal, General.
 Cathon, an Island among the Cyclades.
 Cathulci, the same as Cathilci.
 † Cātianum palatum, a Slap-sawce, or Liquorish Lips.
 Caticardamna, a City of India within Ganges.
 P. Catienus, he loved his Master so well, that when he was dead, he burnt himself with him.
 Catifons, a Well in Italy.
 Catili, Inhabitants of the Alps, between Pola and Sergetus.
 Cātīlina, x, m, a Nobleman of Rome, who conspired against his Country, and was suppressed by Cicero.
 Catilius severus, a learned Man, Scholar of Papinianus; also the Name of a Consul.
 Cātillatio, onis, f. a being liquorish.
 Catisti, a People of the River Anio.
 Cātillo, are, [à catillus] to lick Dishes, or feed greedily.
 Cātillo, ōnis, m. a Lick-dish, or Glutton.
 † Catillulum, } a little Dish.
 † Catillum, i, n. }

Cātillus, i, m. [à catinus] a little Dish, or Porringer, the upper Mil-stone Runner.
† **Catillus**, i, a Table to write on.
Catillus, the Son of Amphiarus, who built Tybur; also a Mountain near Tybris.
Catina, a City of Sicily, and a Town in Arcadia.
† **Catinellus**, i, a Saucer.
† **Catinulus**, i, a little Dish.
CATINUM, i, n. [Arab.] a Plat-
CATINUS, i, m. } ter, Dish, Por-
ringer. * **Catinus** Tuscus, an earthen Pot.
Cātius, the Name of a Man; also a Heathen God, supposed to make Men witty and wary.
Catizi, the Pigmies.
Cāto, onis, the Name of several Men.
* **Contenti** finis hoc **Catone**, Seldom comes a better.
M. Porcius Cato, called also **Censorius** from his Censorship.
M. Cato Uticensis, who was Grand-child to the former, and killed himself at Utica, when Cæsar had vanquished Pompey.
Val. Cato, a Grammarian, who taught many Noblemen in Rome, in the Time of Sylla.
Cātōblēpas, x, g. the Basilisk.
Catobriga, a City in Spain.
Catochites, g. a precious Stone in Corsica, of a clammy Nature; also a Kind of Figs.
Catocœlica, x, g. the Belly or the Paunch.
Catoluca, a Town of Gallia Narbonensis.
† **Cātōnidio**, are, to beat on the Shoulders.
† **Cātōmum**, or -ium, a Chain for the Neck in torturing. * **Tollere** in **catomium**, to hang one up by the Heels.
Cātōmus, i, n. one that is crump-shouldered.
Catoni, a People in Scythia.
Catonianus, a, um, of Cato.
Catonianum, i, n. a Prison into which Cato was thrown by the Command of Cæsar.
Cātōptæ, Hereticks called Circumcellians.
Catopterium, a high Place about Anemoria in Phocis.
Catoptromantia, x, f. Divination by a Looking glass, g.
Catopyrites, x, m. a precious Stone in Cappadocia, g.
Catorthoma, ātis, g. a perfect Work of Virtue, a just and good Deed.
Cātorthōsis, g. a righteous Doing.
Catralucos, a City of Lusitania.
Catreæ, a City of Creet.
Catria, an Island in the Libyan Sea, called also **Ægusa**.
† **Catta**, a Name of a Ship, a Kind of Engine; also a Cat.
Cattabania, a Country in Arabia.
Catti, or **Chattæ**, a People of Germany, whose Country is called Helsen.
Cattigara, a Bay and City of the Sina.
Cattuaci, a People of the Low Countries.
Catnellani, the People of Buckingham, Bedford, and Hertfordshire.
Catularia, a Gate in Rome so called.
ātulārius, a, um, [à catulus] belonging to Whelps.

† **Cātulaster**, ri, m. He that counterfeits a Whelp; also a little Whelp.
Cātulina, x, [sc. caro] Dogs flesh.
Catulinum, i, a little Whelp.
Catulinus, a, um, of a Whelp.
Cātūlio, ivi, ium, to desire the Male, or go to rut.
† **Cātūliōsus**, a, um, greedy.
Cātūlitio, ōnis, f. a going a-salt, or proud as Bitches.
† **Catullio**, ire, to hunger.
Catulus, a Poet of Verona, who wrote Epigrams.
Cātulus, i, m. [à canis vel catus] a Whelp, Kitting, the young of all Beasts; also a Hound, and a Leash, a Dog fish. * **Catulum** in culeo emere, to buy a Pig in a Poke.
Catulus, an Orator, Consul with Caius Marius, and several others.
† **Catumeum**, a Kind of Cake used in Sacrifice.
Catunculus, Erasim. Cato's moral Verses.
Caturica, a Place about the Alps.
Caturiges, a People of Gallia Narbonensis, whose Town is called **Caturia**, Charges.
Caturractionum, Caerlile in Cumberland, or Allerton in Yorkshire.
Caturriga, a City of Gallia Belgica.
Cātus, a, um, [q. cautus] Cunning, circumspect, wise.
Cātus, i, [à catus, a, um] a Cat.
Catyenclani, the People of Buckinghamshire, Hertfordshire and Bedfordshire.
† **Cāva**, x, f. a Hold in which Birds build.
Cāvædium, ii, n. [q. cava ædium] an open Part or Quadrangle in a House.
† **Cāvāmen**, īnis, n. a Hollow Place.
Cavana, a City of Arabia felix.
Cavaræ, -es, and -ri, a People of Gallia Narbonensis, whose chief Town is Avieno.
Cavarus, a King of the Gauls 2085 Years after the Flood.
Cāvaticus, a, um, [à cavus] of a Hole or Cave.
Cāvātor, oris, m. He that makes Holes or Hollow.
Cāvātus, a, um, hollowed, fetched out.
Cauca, the City Quonca in Spain.
Caucadæ, a People by the River Lagous.
Caucalis, is, and īdis, f. Bastard Parsley, g.
† **Caucalium**, ii, a Drinking-glass.
† **Cauālus**, m. a Pain in the Reins proceeding from Heat; also a Servant.
Caucana, orum, a Port Town in Sicily.
Caucālus, a very high Mountain in the North of Asia dividing India from Scythia. **Caucaseus**, a, um, and **Caucasius**, a, um.
Caucenses, a People of Ireland.
Cauchæ, Fields about Ctesiphon, which the River Tigris divides.
Caucones, a People of Bithynia and Messenia.
† **Caucūla**, orum, little Leaves.
† **Caucus**, and **Cauculus**, a Kind of Vessel.
CAUDA, x, f. [à cavus] the Tail, or Privy Parts. * **Cauda** muris, the Herb Mo-se-tail. * **Caudam** trahere, to be mocked with some-

thing stuck behind him. * **Cauda** blandiri, to fawn upon one.
Cauda, a River in Cumberland.
† **Caudacus**, pleasant.
† **Caudēcæ**, arum, f. little Wicker Coffers or Junks to catch Bels.
Caudāius, a, um, with a Tail, tailed.
Caudeus, a, um, [à caudex] of a Stock or Plank. * **Cistella caudea**, a wooden Chest.
CAUDEX, icis, m. [à cædo, vel q. cauda arboris] the Stump, Stock, or Body of a Tree; also a Blockhead, and a Book of Boards fasten'd together.
Caudi, or **Cadium**, a Town of the Samnites in Italy.
† **Caudicæ**, arum, Rafts, Float-boards of Timber.
Caudicālis, e, of a Log. * **Caudicali præfeci** provinciæ, I have set you to cleave Blocks.
Caudicarius, a, um, of the Body of a Tree. * **Navis caudicaria**, a great Ship made of thick Planks.
Caudicātus, a, um, } of the Body of
Caudiceus, } a Tree.
Caudinus, a, um, of Caudi.
Caudos, an Island near Creet.
Cave, a Town in Bithynia.
CāVEA, x, f. [à cavus] a Cave, Cage, a Scaffold to behold Plays, the Pit, any fenced Place.
Cāvendus, a, um, to be heeded.
CāVEO, cāvi, cautum [à cavo] to take Heed, be aware of, promise for, provide for, to demand Security. * **Cavere** alicui to secure another. * **Cavere** ab aliquo, to stand upon one's own Guard against another. * **Cavere** testamento, to order by Will. * **Cautum est** lege, the Law forbids. * **Cave** facias, See you do it not. * **Cavere** sibi aliquo, or per aliquem, (in Law) to give or take Security. * **Cavere** obsidibus pro pecunia, to give Hostages for Payment of the Money.
† **Cāveōla**, x, f. a little Cave or Cage.
Caveor, eri, to be looked after. * **Cætera cavebuntur**, the rest shall be bow'd for.
Cāverna, x, f. [à cavus] a Cave, or Den, Concavity.
† **Cāvernātus**, a, um, made like a Cave.
† **Cāvernīcula**, x, a little Cave.
Cāvernōsus, a, um, full of Holes or Vaults.
Cāvernūla, x, f. a little Hole or Den.
† **Cāvernum**, i, n. a Den.
† **Cāveus**, ei, a Pot or Jug.
† **Caviæ**, Part of the Sacrifice next the Tail.
† **Caviæres** hostiæ, Parts of Sacrifices next the Tail, offered yearly for the College of Priests.
Cavicum, a City of Bætica.
Cavii, a People of Illyricum.
† **Cāvile**, is, a hollow Place.
Cavilia, x, f. a Cavil, Scoff, Wrangling. See **Cavillum**.
Cāvillatio, onis, f. } a Jestling
Cāvillatus, ūs, m. } Scoffing
Wrangling.
Cāvillātor, oris, a Caviller, Mocker, wrangling Fellow.
Cāvillor, āri, [à cavillum] to make a groundless Exception, wrangle and jangle, and taunt, to cavil at. Cā-

Cavillum, i, n. [à carus vel careo] a Jest, Cavil, Taunt, dry Bob, a Pre-
tence.
Cavitas, āus, f. [à cavus] Hollow-
ness.
† **Cavutio**, for **Cautio**, a Taking heed.
CAULA, æ, f. [Aυλή] a Sheep-
fold. * **Caulæ**, arum, the Pores
of the Body.
† **Caulæcus**, and **Caulæcus**, a Weight
of 10 Drams.
† **Cauledon**, the Breaking of a Bone
long ways.
Caulei, a People of Germany.
† **Caulesco**, ere, to grow to a Stalk.
Also bring forth Leaves.
Caulias, æ, m. the Juice of **Las-
er-
pitium**, g.
Caulisci, a People by the Gulph of
Æonia.
Cauliculus, i, m. [à caulis] a little
Stem or Stalk.
CAULIS, is, m. [Καυλός] a Stalk,
the Quill of a Feather, or Beast's
Rump, a Man's Yard, an Arrow or
any Herb, Colewort. * **Caulis Jo-
vis**, Sengreen. * **Caulis marinus**,
wild Colewort.
† **Caulo-rapum**, Rape-cole.
Caulum, or **Caulon**, and **Aulum**, a
Town in Italy.
Caulonates, or **Caulonius**, one of
that Town.
Caum, a Town in Spain.
Caunia, ātis, n. Heat, Burning, a
Scald in the Head, g.
Caumana, the Channel of the River
Indus.
Caumas, one of the Centaurs, Son of
Ixion.
Caunaces, a Kind of Purple Cover-
lets, g.
† **Cauneas**, for cave ne eas.
Caunia, or **Caunæ**, a Kind of Figs
growing in **Caunus**.
Caunus, a Town of **Caria** by the Ri-
ver **Calbis**; also a Town in **Doris**,
Crete, **Æolia**, and the Mountain of
Moncayo in Spain; Also the Son
of **Miletus**, who being beloved of his
sister **Byblis**, left his Country, and
built the City **Caunus** in **Caria**.
Cāvo, are [à cavus] to make hollow.
* **Cavare cornua** [of the Moon]
to decrease.
Cavoda, **Cawood** in **Yorkshire**.
† **Cavo**, ere, to take heed.
† **Cavoneæ**, arum, sweet Funkets, or
Apothecaries Stuff.
Cauphiaca, a City of **Persia**.
† **Caupilus**, a Cup or little Ship.
CAUPO, cupo, or copo, ōnis, and
caupa, and copa, æ, m. [Κάπηλας] a
Victualler, Huckster, Suttler, Inn-
keeper.
† **Caupolus**, i, m. a Piece of Wood
hollowed like a Boat.
Caupona, æ, f. [à capō] a Victual-
ling-house, a Conks-shop, or Tavern;
also a Woman that sells Wine.
† **Cauponalia**, Tents or Booths for
Victuallers.
Cauponaria, æ, f. the Keeping of
an Inn, Tavern, Victualling-house.
Cauponarius, a, um, of a Victual-
ler.
† **Caupōnātīm**, adv. deceitfully.
† **Caupōniūm**, ii, an Ale-house or
Tavern.
Caupōnius, a, um, of a Tavern.
* **Ars Cauponia**, the Vintner's
Trade.
Cauponor, ari, [à caupo] to huck-
ster, keep a Tavern, or Victualling-

house. * **Cauponari bellum**, to
drive a Trade of Soldiering.
Caupōnula, æ, f. a Tap-house, Tip-
pling-house.
† **Caupulus**, i, a sharp Ship.
Cauralia, a People of **Bætica**.
Cauratani, a People of **Arabia felix**.
Caurio, ii, & ivi, ire [à sono] to
roar like a Panther.
Caurinus, a, um, [à caurus] of the
North-west-wind.
Caurita, the City **Coria** in Spain.
Caurium, the Town **Corra** in Por-
tugal.
Cauros, the Island **Andros**.
Caurus, i, m. [ab Heb. Kar frigi-
dus] the North-west-wind.
Caus, untis, a City of **Arcadia**,
where **Æsculapius** was worshipped
by the Name of **Causius**.
CAUSA, æ, f. [à quæso, vel q.
carissā, à careo] a Cause, Excuse,
Controversy, or Suit, a Case, a Busi-
ness, Occasion, Quarrel, Title, State,
or Condition, Profit, Beginning.
* **In causa esse**, to be sick. * **Per
causam**, under a Colour. * **Causa
meā**, for my sake. * **Causam di-
cere**, to make one's Defence. * **Cau-
sā cadere**, to be non-suited. * **De-
sertā causa vincere**, to carry the
Day. * **Superior causa**, having
more Right on his Side. * **Accipere
causam**, to undertake the Suit, to
excuse. * **Viri fit causa**, the Hus-
band has an Opportunity. * **Cau-
sam sustinere**, to be wholly in Fault.
* **In suam causam recidere**, to be
in his former Condition. * **Inimic-
us huic causæ**, not favouring this
Party. * **Tenere causam**, to get
the better [in Law.]
Causālis, e, making Exceptions, or
pertaining to a Cause.
† **Causāma**, æ, f. the Swelling of the
Sea.
Causariē, adv. upon just Grounds.
* **Causariē missus**, dismissed with
a Passport.
Causarius, a, um, [à causa] effoin-
ed, or excused by Law. * **Miles
causarius**, a Soldier having just
Excuse for his Absence. * **Dens
causarius**, an aking Tooth. * **Cau-
saria milho**, an honourable Cashier-
ing on just Ground. * **Causarii**,
crazy, impotent Folk.
Causateus, a, um, which is the Cause
of a Thing.
Causatio, ōnis, f. an Excusing or
Quarrelling. * **Dentium causa-
tio**, or querela, the Tooth-ach.
Causatiū, adv. with great Cause or
Reason.
† **Causativus**, a, um, quarrellous.
Causennis, the Kesteven in Lin-
colnshire.
Causia, æ, f. the Royal Diadem of
the Macedonians.
Causia, æ, f. a broad-brim'd Hat, g.
Causiani, a People who bewail those
that are born, and count them hap-
py that die.
Causiatus Pater [à causia] a Car-
dinal; or one next to the High-
Priest.
† **Causidicina**, æ, the Profession of
Law, pleading of Causes.
† **Causidicor**, ari, to alledge a Cause
or Excuse.
Causidicus, i, m. [ab causa & di-
co] a Lawyer, Counsellor, or Pleader.
† **Causifico**, are, and or, ari, to
make Excuses.

P P P P

Causima ligni, dry Fuel, g.
Causini, a People of **Mauritania
Tingitana**.
Causina, Combustible Stuff, g.
Causōdes, g, a continual burning
Fever.
Causon, ōnis, and **causos**, a Heat,
or burning Fever, g.
Causor, ari, [à causa] to plead,
alledge Excuses, effoin, blame, ac-
cuse, commit a Fault worthy of
Blame. * **Causari**, to be found
Fault with.
Causa, æ, f. a Cause. See **causa**.
Cauticum, i, n. a Caustick, g.
Cauticus, a, um, corrosive, burning.
* **Cautica spuma**, Soap to colour
the Hair yellow, g.
Cautum, i, n. a Thing burnt, or
that may be burnt, g.
Causula, æ, f. [à causa] a little
Cause or Plea.
† **Causus**, a, um, of the Fire or
burning.
Causus, i, m. a very sharp Fever, g.
† **Cauta**, æ, Dogs-Camomile or Ox-
eye.
Cautē, warily, subtilly, wisely.
Cautēla, æ, f. [à cautus] a Taking
heed, Security, Caution.
Cauter, ēris, m. a Searing-iron, g.
Cauterianus, a, um, burnt or mark-
ed with a Searing-iron.
Cauterio, and **Cauterizo**, are, to
sear with an hot Iron.
† **Cauteriolum**, li, n. a little Seer-
ing or Burning.
Cauterismus, i, a Cutting in the Body
for an Inflammation or Swelling, g.
Cauterito, are, g. to sear with an
hot Iron.
Cauterium, ii, g. a Searing or
Marking-Iron, an Instrument used
by Painters.
CAUTES, is, f. [à caveo] a Cliff,
or ragged Rock. * **Concurrent
cautes**, the Rocks almost meet.
Cauti, a People of Scotland, who in-
habit **Moravia** and **Roslia**.
† **Cauticus**, a, um, rough or hard.
Cautim, adv. warily.
Cautio, ōnis, f. [à caveo] a Cau-
tion, Provision, a Surety, Bill of one's
Hand, an Instrument, Assurance, Re-
medy. * **Cautio est**, Care must be
taken. * **Mea cautio est**, 'tis I
that must look to it.
Cautiōnālis, le, pertaining to Cau-
tion or Security.
Cautor, ōris, m. [à caveo] a Pre-
venter of his own or another's Dan-
ger, Cautioner, a Counsellor directing
his Client to save him harmless.
* **Cautor formularum**, a Lawyer.
† **Cautum**, i, n. a Bar or Stop.
Cautum est, imp. it is provided, Or-
der is taken. * **Cautum est po-
pulo**, the People had Assurance gi-
ven them.
Cautus, a, um, wary, circumspect,
witty, sure. * **Cautus opus est**,
there is need of Care and Circum-
spection. * **Pars cautior**, the surer
Side.
Cāvum, i, n. [à cavus] a Hole, Cave,
Sink. * **Cava dentium**, hollow
Teeth.
Cavum dirum, Holdernefs in **York-
shire**.
CāvUS, a, um, [ab Heb. Kavar
cavum fecit, hollow, deep, ceiled,
full. * **Luna cava**, Increasing.
* **Cavus orbis**, a Buckler. * **Cā-
va vena**, the great Liver-vein.
* **Ca-**

* Cava pinus, a Ship. * Cava fenestra, a Bay-window. * Aescavum, a Kettle, a Trumpet.
Cāvus, i, m. a hollow Place, Cavern, Hole.
Cayci, a People of Germany.
Caycus, the Son of Celænus; also a River in Mysia.
Cayrethus, the Builder of Myus.
Cayster, or -trus, a River about Ephesus in Asia, whence Caystrius ales, a Swan.
Cazeca, a Town in Taurica Chersonesus.
Cazimi, a Planet's being within sixteen Minutes of the Sun.

C E

Cea, or Ceos, Cos, Cia, and Cios, an Island by Eubœa.
Cea veitis, a Garment of Silk or Lawn, first made in that Island.
Ceades, a Thracian, whose Son Euphemus aided the Trojans.
† Ceanothus, a Kind of Thorn.
Ceba, a Town of Italy. * Cebani, the People.
Cebares, the Groom of Darius, by whose Craft he obtained the Kingdom of Persia, causing his Horse to neigh before the others, by which Sign they had resolved to chuse a King.
† Cebile, the Herb Origanus.
Cebrenia, a small Country of Troas.
Cebrenis, idis, belonging to Cebrenia.
Cebriones, a Bastard Son of Priam, whom Patroclus slew with a Stone.
† Cēbus, i, m. a Monkey.
Cecia, a City of Austria, called Seilelmaur.
Cec'di, I fell, of cado.
Cecidi, I have beat, of cado.
† Cecilia, a Kind of Serpent.
Cecilia, a City of Syria by Euphrates.
Cecilia Mellinum, a City in Portugal.
Cecilion, a Place in Spain.
Cecini, a River by Volaterra.
Cēcini, I have sung, from Cano.
Cecinna, a Name of several Men.
Au. Cecinna, a Roman Knight of Pompey's Party, who sent the News of the War to Rome, by Swallows kept for that Purpose.
Cecrena, a City of Troas.
Cecrōpia, the City Athens.
Cecrōpidæ, People of Athens.
Cecrōpius, a, um, of Athens.
Cecrops, opis, the first King of the Athenians, he brought in Marriage, Altars, and Sacrifices, and built the City Athens.
Cecryphalea, a Promontory or Island of Peloponnesus.
† Cecubum, i, n. a Kind of Wine.
† Cēcteria, a round Pit for a Land-Mark.
† Cēcūma, æ, f. an Owl.
† Cēcurre, for cucurri.
Cecylitrium, a Town of Gallia Narbonensis.
Cecyrina, a City of Achaia in Peloponnesus.
Cedar, a Country in Arabia.
Cēdens, -ntis, [of cedo] yielding, changed, falling, lost, decayed.
Cedias, a Town by Sinueffa, another in Africa.
CēDO, celli, flum, [Fluv, vel Xázω] to yield, to fall from, retire

renounce, obey, grant, succeed, stand instead of, happen, fall out, or upon.
* Cedere de jure, to fall from one's Right. * Cedere lite, or alicui litem, to yield the Suit.
* Omnia ex sententiâ cedunt, all Things run according to one's Heart's Wish. * Cedere è vita, to die.
* Ceditur, they give Place. * Cēferit parum gratus, grant 'twas not so acceptable. * Cedo tibi conductione, do the Business, and take the Wages. * Quum ripæ cedunt, when they are Part of the Bank. * Cedere provocacioni, to leave off appealing. * Cedit dies, the Day appointed for Payment of the Money is near. * Quæ domui cedunt, the Appurtenances belonging to a House. * Hoc pro pulmentario cedit, it serves for Food.
Cedò, for Cedito, give, tell. * Cedo quemvis arbitrum, appoint what Arbitrator you will. * Cedo senem, let the Old Man come.
Cedrātus, a, um, [à cedrus] anointed with the Oyl of Cedar, to keep from perishing.
Cedreanitæ, a People of Arabia felix.
Cedreatis, Diana so called by the Orcomenii, from her Image in a great Cedar-Tree.
Cedreæ, a City of Caria.
Cedrei, a People of Arabia Petræa.
Cedrelaum, æi, n. Oyl or Juice of Cedars, g.
Cedrelate, es, f. the large Kind of Cedar, g.
Cedria, æ, g. the Liquor or Rosin of the great Cedar; also a Kind of Fish.
Cedrinus, a, um, of the Cedar-tree.
Cedris, idis, f. the Cedar Fruit or Berry, g.
Cedris, a River of Sardinia.
Cedrium, ii, g. the Juice of the Cedar-tree. * Cedrium malum, an Orange or Limon.
Cedromelon, a Citron.
Cedron, a Brook between Jerusalem and Mount Olivet.
Cedropolis, a Town of Caria.
Cedros, an Island of Germany, full of Cedars, whence Amber is said to drop upon the Rocks.
Cedrosii, a People near the Red Sea.
Cedrostis, is, f. the white Vine growing in Hedges, g.
† Cēdrūla, æ, f. the small Kind of Cedar.
CEDRUS, i, f. [Κέδρος] a Cedar-tree; also the Oyl of Cedars, with which Books were wont to be anointed to keep them from being Worm-eaten. * Cedrus conifera, the great Cedar-tree. * Digna cedro, worthy everlasting Praise.
Cefala, an Island of Africa.
Celonius Bassus, a Consul of Rome.
† Ceiria, a Kind of Worm.
Ceiris, g. a Partridge or Halceto.
† Ceirulus, the Bee Alcion.
† Ceisus, a Kind of Herb.
Celadonius, a Bishop of Alexandria.
Celadon, one of those that were slain by Perseus in the Court of Cepheus; also a River running into Alpheus.
Celadone, a City of Locris.
Cēlādus, a River of Arcadia.
Cēladusa, an Island in the Adriatick Sea.

Celaduffæ, a small Island by Delos.
Celæ, an Island before Tros.
Celæna, a Place in Campania, sacred to Juno.
Celæna, a Hill and Town of Asia, where Marfyas is said to contend with Apollo.
Celenus, a, um, of Celæna.
† Celania, æ, f. a Toak of Oxen.
Cēlæno, one of the Pleiades, and one of the Harpyes.
Cēlænus, a Mountain of Galatia.
Celæthi, a People of Thesprotia.
Celæthra, a City of Bœotia.
Celama, a Town of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
Cēlans, ntis [of celo] dissembling.
† Cēlārium, ii, n. a Box, or any Kind of Sauce.
† Celaitra, a Kind of Vessel used by Shepherds.
Cēlātum, adv. secretly, privily, closely.
Cēlatus, a, um, secret, hidden.
Celebothras, a King of Muziris, the chief Mart-town of India.
Celeæ, a City of Peloponnesus.
Celeber, bris, bre, famous. See Celebris.
Cēlēbrābilis, le, with much Solemnity.
Celebrandus, a, um, to be solemnized or praised.
† Cēlēbrāta, arum, Funerals.
Cēlēbratio, ōnis, f. a Solemnizing, or Extolling, Esteem.
Cēlēbratissimus, a, um, very commonly reported.
Cēlēbrātus, a, um, renowned, haunted, much used or spoken of. * Celebrata Græcis & Latinis literis, notably penn'd in Greek and Latin.
Celebresco, ere, to grow famous.
Cēlēberrime, adv. most famously.
Cēlēberrimus, a, um, most famous, or renowned.
CēLēBRIS, bre, [à Κλεῖω celebro] renowned, honourable, famous. * Cebris civitas, a populous City. * Celebris rumor, a current Report.
Cēlēbritas, ātis, f. Renown, Fame, Resort. * In maxima celebritate vivere, to live in a Place of very great Resort. * Celebritas mercatus, a Fair.
Cēlēbro, are [à celebris] to frequent, celebrate, publish abroad. * Celebrare locum conventu, to gather a great Company together in a Place. * Celebrare ferias, ludos, to celebrate Festivals, make Pastime.
Celegeri, People of Mœsia.
Celeia, or Celia, a Town of the Norici.
Celulates, a People of Liguria.
Celemantia, a Town of Germany.
Cēlendre, aris, or deris, a Colony of the Samii in Cilicia.
† Celepsia, a Kind of Mitre.
Cēler, the Name of a Consul.
CēLER, -ris, [à Κλέω eques, vel ab Heb. Kalal celerem esse] swift, nimble. * Irasci celer, intchy.
† Cēlēranter, and Celeratim, adv. swiftly.
† Cēlēratus, a, um, quick or speedy.
† Cēlēre, adv. speedily.
Cēlēres, rum, light Horsemen.
Celerini, a People of Spain.
Cēlērior, swifter, faster. Cēlēripes,

Celeripes, ēdis, adj. *swift of Foot.*
Celeris e, *swift.* See **Celer**.
Celerissimus, for **Celerrimus**.
Celeritas, ātis, f. *Quickness, Haste, swiftness.* * **Celeritate** uti **Cæsariana**, to make quick Dispatch of a Business. * **Suscipere nimias celeritates**, to struggle along.
Celeriter, ius, errimē, adv. *speedily, quickly, suddenly.*
Celeritudo, inis, f. *Speediness.*
Celeriuscule, adv. *somewhat quickly.*
Celeriusculus, a, um, *somewhat swift and quick.*
Celero, are [à celer] to make haste, dispatch. * **Celerare casus**, to shoot down.
Celes, ētis, g. a Race-horse, a Pleasure-boat; also he that rid in the Games.
Celethes, a People of Thesprotia.
Celetizontes, g. light Horsemen, or Images of Horsemen.
Celstrum, a City of Macedonia.
Celeuma, for **Celeufma**.
Celeus, a King of Eleusina, Father of Triptolemus.
Celeusma, ātis, n. the Mark-word given to keep Time when the Seamen do any Thing together.
Celeustes, x, m. he that makes that Noise, or encourageth the Seamen, g.
Celezene, a Country in Armenia.
Celia, a Town of Noricum, Apulia, and Campania.
Celia, a Kind of Ale.
Celibaris hasta, a spear with which the Bride had her Hair trussed up.
Celida, a Town of Pentapolis in Africa.
Celium, a City of Spain.
Celius, a Mountain of Rome, so called from **Celius**, a Tuscan General.
CELLA, x, f. [à celo, vel cedo, vel Heb. *Cala claudere*] a Cellar, store-house, Bath, Vestry, a Hive. * **Cella janitoris**, the Porter's Lodge. * **Cella promptuaria**, a Pantry, Buttery. * **In cellam emere frumentum**, to buy Corn for one's own Use. * **Cellar**, Honey-combs.
Cellæ, a Place of Macedonia and Africa.
Cellaria, x, f. a Cellar, or she that keeps it.
Cellaris, e, of the Cellar. * **Columbi cellares**, Doves kept in Lockers.
Cellarium, ii, n. a Cellar, Store-house, or Buttery.
Cellarius, ii, m. [à cella] a Butler, Yeoman of the Larder.
Cellaromarium, a Safe or Cupboard in the Pantry.
Cellioros, or **Cilindros**, a Woman's Apparel.
CELLO, ere [à Κέλλω moveor] to beat or break.
Celonæenses, a People of Scythia.
Cellos, a Town in Africa.
Cellula, x, f. [à cella] a Larder, Buttery, a secret Chamber. * **Cellulæ columbarum cavatæ**, Culver-holes.
Celmis, one of the **Idæi Dactyli**, who having ravished the Mother of the Gods, was rejected by his other Brethren; he was wont to forge very good Iron, whence the Proverb, **Celmis in ferro**.
Celmus, whom Jupiter loved when he

was young, but coming to his Kingdom, turned to an Adamant, for saying he was mortal.
Celinus, a River in Scotland, called Killian.
CELO, are [à Κεῖω vel Heb. *cala claudere*] to hide, conceal from. * **Qui nos nihil celat**, who acquaints us with every Thing. * **Celavit de me hoc libro**, would not let me know the Name of the Book. * **Si hoc celetur Patri**, if you can keep this from my Father's Knowledge.
Celo, ōnis, a Fly-boat, or Pin-nace.
Celonæ, a Town in Mesopotamia.
Celōneum, ei, n. a Bucket.
CELOX, ōcis, f. [Κέλξ] a Brigantine, Hoy, Yacht.
Celphi, wild Beasts in Æthiopia, with Feet like Men's.
Celsa, a City of Spain.
Celsitas, ātis, } *Bigness, Loftiness,*
Celsitudo, inis, f. } *Nobility.*
CELSUS, a, uni [à Κέλς eques] high, lofty, noble, upright. * **Celsa graditur**, she walks bolt upright.
Celsus, a Plagiarist mentioned by Horace, and other Men.
Celta, x, m. a French-man.
Celtæ, arum, a People of Gallia comata, between the Rivers Garumna and Sequana.
Celtiaca, a Town in Spain.
Celtiberi, a People of Spain, coming from the Celtæ, and settling by the River Iberus.
Celtiberia, the Country of the Celtiberi, now called Arragon.
Celtibericus, } a, um, of Arra-
Celtiberius, } gon.
Celtibium, ii, n. Bread.
Celtica, x, the Country of the Celtæ.
Celtici, a People of Spain.
Celticum, a Promontory of Spain, commonly called the Lands end.
Celticus, a, um, of Celtica; also noble.
Celtiens, entis, adj. honourable.
Celtis, is, f. [à celsus] a sweet Tree in Africa, called Lotos; also a Kind of Fish.
Celtis, is, m. [à exlo] a Graving Instrument.
Celtium, a Kind of Tortoise.
Celtoſcythæ, a Northern People.
Celtorii, a People of France near the Senones.
Celtum, a City in Spain.
Celundria, or **Celindria**, a swift Ship.
Celurea, Montrois in Scotland.
Cema, a River of Narbone.
Cemandri, a People of Illyrium.
Cēmas, a Kind of Goat.
Cembani, a People of Arabia Felix.
Cembrī, a Kind of Pine-tree.
Cēmeliarcha, g. he that keeps the Sacred Vessels.
Cēmeliōn, g. a precious Vessel.
Cemenelion, a Town of Liguria.
Cēmēnus, a great Mountain of France.
Cemos, g. a Kind of Herb.
Cempsi, a People of Spain at the Foot of the Pyrenæan Mountain.
Cena, a Place in Sicily.
Cenabum, a City of the Cornutæ.
Cenchos, a Kind of Diamond.
Cenchramides, um, g. the Kernels of Figs.
Cenchranopola, a Confessioner.

Cenchreæ, a Town of Peloponnesus near Corinth.
Cenchres, a King of Ægypt, who perished in the Red Sea.
Cenchrias, Bread made of Millet; also a Kind of Tetter.
Cenchris, is, m. a venomous Serpent full of Spots.
Cenchris, idis, f. a Kestrel, g.
Cenchris, the Wife of Cinyras, King of Assyria, the Mother of Myrrha.
Cenchrites, x, m. } a precious Stone,
Cenchritis, idis, f. } resembling Millet seed, g.
Cenchrius, a River of Ionia, where Latona was washed after her Child-birth by her Nurse Ortygia.
Cenchron, g. an Adamant in Pliny.
Cenchrus, i, m. Millet; also a Kind of Serpent and Herb.
Cencryamus Bellonii, the Bird Yellow-hammer.
Cencles, a Kind of Sea-bird.
Cenderia, a Fen in Phœnicia, whence the River Belus is thought to spring.
Cēneangia, Emptiness of the Stomach or Guts; also Want of Appetite.
Ceneda, a Town of Venetia.
Ceneia Halanta, the Daughter of Ceneus.
Cenespolis, a City in Spain.
Cenettum, a City of Corsica.
Ceneium, a Town of Peloponnesus.
Ceneum, a Promontory of Eubœa, whence Jupiter is called Ceneus.
Ceneus, a Thessalian that could not be wounded, whence the Proverb, **Invulnerabilis ut Ceneus**. This Man was changed from a Woman into a Man.
Cenienſes, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
Cenimagni, for **Iceni**, **Cangi**, a People of England.
Cenina, a City of Italy.
Ceninenses, the People of Cenina.
Cenio, a River of Cornwall.
Cenites, the Founder of the City Cenina.
Cennaba, a Mountain of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
Cenni, a People of Germany, with whom Caracalla waged War.
Cēnēdoxia, x, f. Vain Glory, g.
Cenomanni, a People of Gallia Celtica, called Manſeaux.
Cenomani, a People of Italy, in whose Country Cremona was.
Cenomonia, a Kind of Fly.
Cenon, a Town in Italy.
Cēnōtāphium, ii, g. an empty Monument in Memory of the dead.
Censa, orum, Substance, Revenues.
CENSEO, ere, } [ab Heb. *canas*
CENSEOR, eri, } *colligere*] to suppose, think, tax, determine, number or muster the People, to give in the Value of one's Estate to the Censor, think good, to be angry, vex.
Censeor, eri, to be numbred, valued, taxed, esteemed, praised.
Censio, ōnis, f. a Punishment by the Censor, a Price or Advice. * **Censionem facere**, to lay a Penalty upon one. * **Censio bubula**, a Whip.
Censitio, ōnis, a Taxing or Rating.
Censitor, ōris, m. a Steward that keeps Account, or he that taxeth.

- Censor, ōris, m.** [à cenſeo] the Maſter of Manners, or Diſcipline, who every fifth Year ſurveyed and aſſeſſed the Eſtates of Roman Citizens.
- Cenſorinus,** } belonging to the
- Cenſorius, a, um,** } Cenſor, puniſhable, ſevere. * Homo cenſorius, he that hath been Cenſor. * Minime cenſorium eſt, 'tis not at all like a Cenſor.
- Cenſualis, e,** belonging to numbring or valuing.
- Cenſum, a** Promontory of Eubœa.
- Cenſura, æ, f.** the Office of a Cenſor, the Power of controuling; alſo a Muſter-Roll. * Cenſuram agere, or facere, to tax.
- Cenſus, a, um** [of cenſor] ceſſed, taxed.
- Cenſus, ſis, m.** [à cenſeo] an Eſtate, the Priſing or Valuation of it, Subſidy, Subſidy Book. * Cenſum agere, to make a Rate. * Deſerre cenſum, to pay one's Rate according to the Aſſeſſment. * Homo ſine cenſu, tenuis cenſus, a poor Man. * Prædia cenſui cenſenda, Farms that could only be bought or ſold by a Deniſon of Rome.
- Cenſus, a, um,** that may be bought or ſold.
- Centa, a** City of Mauritania Tingitana, called Benibahalud.
- Centaureus, a** certain Galatian, who, when Antiochus was ſlain, mounted his Horſe, which in Indignation leaped down a ſteep Place, and killed both himſelf and his Rider.
- Centaurea, -ia, or -ium,** the Herb Centory, g.
- Centaureus, a, um,** } of the Centaurs.
- Centauricus, a, um,** } taurs.
- Centauri, the Centaurs, a** People of Theſſaly by the Mount Pelion, who firſt broke Horſes for War, and were thought by their Neighbours to be but one Creature. The Poets feign they were begotten by Ixion, on a Cloud which he embraced inſtead of Juno.
- † **Centaurida, f.** the great Centory.
- Centauris, g.** a third Kind of Centory.
- Centauroides, g.** Hedge-hyſſop.
- Centaurus, i, m.** a Centaur; alſo the Name of a Ship, and a Cœleſtial Sign, g.
- † **Centena, æ, m.** a Captain of a hundred Men; alſo a hundred, g.
- † **Centenaria, æ, f.** Silver in little Balls or Lumps.
- Centenarii, ōrum, m.** petty judges in hundreds.
- Centenarium, ii, n.** a hundred pound Weight.
- Centenarius, a, um,** [à centum] of an hundred Years, Pounds, or Feet.
- Centenus, a, um,** [à centum] of a hundred, or a hundred Years.
- Centesima, æ, f.** the Uſury of one in a hundred every Month, or twelve per Cent.
- Centesimo, are,** to take one out of a hundred.
- Centesimus, a, um,** [à centum] the hundredth, or a hundred-fold. * Centesima calendæ, a hundred Months.
- Centiceps, ipitis,** [of centum and caput] having a hundred heads.
- Centies, adv.** a hundred times.
- Centifidus, a, um** [à centum & findo] divided a hundred Ways.
- Centifolius, a, um** [à centum & folium] bearing an hundred Leaves.
- Centigranus, a, um,** having an hundred Corns in an Ear.
- Centiloquium, ii, n.** Ptolemy's Book of a hundred Sentences concerning Aſtrology.
- Centimanus, i, m.** having a hundred Hands, as Briareus.
- Centinodia, or Centuminodia, æ, f.** Knot-graſs.
- Centinum, or Sentinum, a** City in Italy.
- Centipeda, æ, f.** [of centum and pes] a Worm with many Feet.
- Centipellio, ōnis, m.** [à centum & pellis] the Paunch of a Stag, the Udder of a Deer.
- Centipes, the** Fiſh Scolopendra, which having ſwallowed a Hook rids himſelf of it by caſting out his Entrails, and ſucking them up again.
- CENTO, ōnis,** [Κέντρον] a Coverlet of divers Pieces and Shreds, a Poem composed of many Fragments, a Quilt or Bed-tick. * Centones facere, to patch Collections together.
- Centobrica, a** City of Celtiberia.
- Centodemum, a** Place in the lower Myſia.
- Centon, a** Caſtle in the ſame Place.
- Centonarius, ii, m.** [à cento] a Patcher of Collections.
- Centonarius, a, um,** of or for patching.
- † **Centonicum, ci,** Sea worm-wood.
- Centores, a** People of Scythia.
- † **Centralis, le,** of or in the Center.
- † **Centrina, æ, f.** and centrides, a Kind of Gnats.
- † **Centris, or Centeris, a** Kind of Serpent.
- Centrites, a** River between Armenia and Media.
- † **Centrix, icis, f.** a Whore.
- † **Centro, ōnis, a** Malefactor tortured by pricking to extort his Confeſſion.
- Centrones, a** People of Savoy, their Country is called le Pais de Tarentoife; alſo a People of lower Germany.
- † **Centrophagia, æ, f.** Penny-royal.
- Centroſus, a, um,** full of Knots and Knurs.
- CENTRUM, i, n.** [Κέντρον] a Center, a Knot in Timber, or Stone. * Centrum galli, the Herb Clary.
- † **Centua, æ, a** Measure of a hundred foot every way.
- CENTIUM, indec.** [ἑκατόν] a hundred or many.
- Centum cellæ, a** City in Tuscany, called Civita Vecchia.
- Centum colles, the** Town Zaſhalon in Hungary.
- Centumcapita, [à centum & caput]** Sea-holm, or Sea-holly.
- Centumgeminus, a, um,** a hundred-fold.
- † **Centummorbia, æ, f.** two-penny-graſs, money-wort.
- † **Centumnodia, the** ſame as corrigiola.
- † **Centumpeda, æ, f.** a Canterod.
- Centumperanea, an** Iſland of the Sentina.
- Centumpondium, ii, n.** [à centum & pondo] a hundred-weight.
- Centumviralis, le,** belonging to the
- Centumviri, *** Haſta centumviralis, Judgment paſſed by the Centumviri, becauſe while they were ſitting, a Spear was ſet up in the Court.
- Centumviri, ōrum, m.** a hundred and five Judges, choſen to determine private Matters among the People.
- Centuncularis, *** [à cento]
- Centunculus, i, m.** } Cudd-weed, Chaff-weed; alſo a coarſe Garment.
- Centuplex, icis, adj.** [of centum and plico] a hundred-fold.
- Centuplicato, adv.** an hundred times double.
- Centuplicatus, a, um,** doubled an hundred times.
- Centuplico, }** to fold an hundred
- Centuplo, are, }** times.
- Centuplus, a, um,** an hundred-fold.
- Centupondium, ii, n.** [à centum & pondo] an hundred pound weight, an exceeding great weight.
- Centuria, æ, f.** [à centum] a Company of a hundred; alſo a hundred of a Shire.
- Centuriatim, adv.** by hundreds or Companies, thick or three-fold.
- Centuriatus, ſis, m.** the Office and State of a Centurion, Captainſhip.
- Centuriatus, a, um,** formed into hundreds, divided into hundreds according to their Eſtates. * Comitia centuriata, the greateſt Aſſemblies of the People in Campus martius. * Leges centuriata, Laws made by thoſe Aſſemblies.
- Centurinum, a** City of Corſica.
- Centurio, ōnis, a** Captain. * Centurio principili, the eldeſt Captain in the Roman Legion, who had the Charge of the Eagle and four hundred Men.
- Centurio, are,** to divide into hundreds.
- Centurionatus, ſis, m.** the Office of a Centurion. * Agere centurionatum, to look narrowly into the Carriage of a Centurion.
- Centuriones, a** City in Spain.
- Centuripe, a** Field of Sicily.
- Centuripinum crocum,** Saffron growing at Centuripe.
- Centuripini, the** People of Centuripe.
- Centuſſis, is, m.** [pro'centum aſſes] a Roman Coin, worth ſix Shilling, and three Pence.
- Cenus, a** Promontory in Italy, over againſt Sicily.
- Ceos, Cea, Cia,** one of the Cyclades called Zea.
- CēPA, æ, f.** [à Κῆπ@ hortus, vel Κεφαλή caput] an Onion. * Cepas edere, to put Finger in Eye.
- Cēpæ, æ, g.** Sea-purſlian or Brooklime.
- † **Cepānus, a, um,** of Onions.
- † **Cepariffus, as** Cupreſſus.
- † **Ceparius panis,** Hoſthold-bread.
- Cepe, n. ind.** an Onion. See Cæpe.
- Cēpētum, i, n.** a Bed of Onions.
- † **Cēpeus, a, um,** like Sea-purſlian, or an Onion.
- Cephale, or l'is, g.** a Head.
- Cephālas, a** woody Promontory in Africa, where the greater Syrtis begins.
- Cēphālax, æ, f.** a continual Pain in the Head, g.
- Cephalalgia, æ, g.** the Head-ach.

Cephalalgicus, i, m. he that cures the Head-ach.
 Cephalædion, a Town of Sicily.
 Cephalene, and Cephallenia, an Island of the Ionian Sea.
 Cephalenes, the People of Cephalene.
 † Cephalëtio, ònis, f. Poll-money.
 Cēphaleus, a, um, of the Fish Cephalus.
 Cephalicus, a, um, g. belonging to the Head. * Cephalica arteria, the Artery belonging to the Head.
 † Cephaline, that part of the Tongue whereby we taste.
 † Cephalis, is, f. a Hat or Cap, a Roll of a Book.
 Cephallen, a famous Musician, Son of Lampus.
 Cephalœdis, a City of Sicily, called Cefaleu.
 Cephalœditani, the People of Cephalœdis.
 Cephalotrusces, a Worm breeding in the Leaves of a Peach-tree.
 † Cephalon, ònis, the Date-tree.
 Cephalonnesus, an Island of Taurica Chersonesus.
 Cephalotomi, a People by the Euxine Sea.
 † Cephalotus, or -tes, a great headed Leek.
 Cephalus, a Fish which hides his Head, and then thinks his whole Body is hid, a Pollard, g.
 Cephalus, the Son of Deioneus and Husband of Procris. See Procris; also an Athenian Orator, who first invented Prologues and Epilogues.
 Cephas, the Name of Simon Peter, signifying in Syriac, a Rock.
 Cephēnes, or Cephediones, a People of Æthiopia.
 Cephēnes, g. Drones.
 Cepheſis, the same as Telphusa.
 Cēpheus, a King of Æthiopia, and Father of Andromeda; also one of the Argonauts.
 † Cephaticum medicamentum, a Medicine to engender Flesh.
 Cephis, a famous Statuary.
 Cephisia, a small Country of Attica, with a Fountain of the same Name.
 Cephisis, a Lake by the Atlantick Sea.
 Cephisidorus, a Tragedian of Athens, and other Men.
 Cephren, an Egyptian Tyrant.
 Cephissus, or Cephissus, a River in Boœtia, near which stood the Temple of Themis.
 Cēphus, i, m. [ab Heb. Kaph simia] a Beast in Æthiopia like a Man.
 Cēphi, a Place where Meander falls into the Sea.
 Cēpi, I have taken [of capio]
 Cepiana, a City in Portugal.
 † Cepidines, Cephedines, Rocks in the Sea.
 Cēpina, x, f. [à cepe] an Onion-Garden.
 Cēpio, a Roman Citizen, Enemy to Drusus.
 Cēpio Servilius, a Consul, who came to a miserable End for robbing a Temple at Tholouse in France, whence the Proverb, aurum habet Tholosanum.
 Cēpionides, x, f. a precious Stone, clear as Chrystal, g.
 Cēpites, or Cepocapites, x, m. a precious Stone full of white Streaks, g.

Cēpitium, ii, n. a Bed of Onions. See Cepetum.
 † Cēpitius, a, um, of Onions.
 Cepoe, a Town of Bosphorus Cimmerius.
 Cēpos, g. a Garden.
 Cēpphicus, a, um, g. very light, trifling, wild.
 Cēpphos, or -us, i, m. a Sea-mew, carried every Way with the Wind; whence Cēppi, vain and foolish Men, g.
 Cēpūla, x, f. a little Onion, or Chibbal.
 † Cēpūrius, a, um, of a Garden.
 † Cēpūrus, i, m. a Gardiner.
 Cēpūrica, orum, g. Herbs growing in Gardens.
 † Cēpus, i, a Kind of Ape.
 Cēpus, a City by the Euxine Sea.
 CēRA, x, f. [wqds] Wax, a Page, or Side of a Leaf. * Cēra ultimæ, the last Will and Testament.
 * Inis ceris radere, to raise out wholly. * In prima or ima cera, In the first or last Bequeath of a Will.
 * Cēra sexangulæ, the six corner'd Holes in Honey-combs.
 † Cērābus, a Kind of Ship.
 Ceraca, a City of Macedonia.
 Cēracætes, a People of Germany, beyond the Rhine.
 Cērachætes, x, m. a precious Stone of a Wax-colour, g.
 † Cēragium, a Bake-house.
 † Cēragius, ii, a Paſteler.
 † Cerambix, a Kind of Beetle.
 Ceramentes, a People of Caria.
 Cēramicus, a Bay of Caria near Halicarnassus.
 Ceramici, two Places in Athens, in one they buried those that were slain in the War, in the other Harlots alive.
 Cēramitis, g. a precious Stone of a Tile-colour.
 † Ceramium, a Botch, or Swelling of corrupt Flesh.
 Ceramium, a Place in Rome where Cicero and Milo dwelt.
 Ceramorum forum, a City of Asia minor.
 Cēranus, i, g. a Potter.
 Ceramus, a Town in Mæonia, and in the Island Archonnesus by Caria, and another of Doris.
 Ceramyntes, a Surname of Hercules among the Greeks.
 Cerangæ, a City of India within Ganges.
 † Ceraphia, x, a Blow or Stroke.
 Ceraria, x, f. a Woman Wax-chandler.
 Cērārius, ii, m. a Wax-chandler.
 † Cērasbōlus, a stubborn or tough Fellow.
 Cērasinus, a, um [à cerasum] of a Cherry.
 Cērasium, ii, n. a Cherry, g.
 Cērason Chryſeon, a Promontory of Propontis, where Constantinople stands.
 Cērasphōrus, i, he that wears Horns, g.
 Cēraſta, certain Islands near Cyrene in Æthiopia.
 Cēraſtes, x, or -is, m. a little bodied Serpent, horned like a Ram; also a Worm that breeds in Trees, an Herb, g.
 † Cēraſtibōla, Places about the Hips.
 † Cēraſtis, a Painter.
 Cēraſtis, the old Name of Cyprus.
 CēRĀSUM, i. [wqds] a Cherry.
 * Actium, a Black-cherry. * Apro-

nianum, the Red. * Duracinum, the Heart-cherry.
 Cēraſus, i, f. a Cherry-tree, g.
 Ceraſus, untis, and cheraſonda, a City in Cappadocia, whence Lucullus first carried Cherries into Italy.
 Cerate, a City in Italy.
 † Cērātes, the fourth part of a Scruple.
 Cēratia, x, an Herb with one Leaf, and a great knotty Root, Capers, g.
 Cēratias, x, m. a Blazing-star, like a Horn.
 Cēratinus, a, um, horned, intricate, sophistical, g.
 Ceratitis, f. horn'd Poppy, g.
 Cēratium, ii, the Carob Fruit, or Tree; also a Carast; also Candle-money, or Fees for Tapers at Baptisms.
 † Cēratōnia, the Carob-tree.
 Cēratum, or cerotum, i, n. [à cera] a Searchcloth.
 Cēratūra, x, m. f. a Dressing with Wax, or Waxing over.
 Cēratūs, a, um, waxed. * Cerata tabulæ, ancient Writing-tables.
 Ceratus, a River in Creet.
 Ceratus, a, um, belonging thereto.
 Cēraula, or -les, x, m. one that blows a Horn, a Blowster, g.
 Cēraunia, x, f. a precious Stone with a Star in the midst, found near Places blasted with Lightning; also a Thunder-bolt.
 Ceraunia, a City in Peloponnesus, and a Town in Cyprus.
 Cēraunia, or -ii, Mountains in the Borders of Epirus.
 † Cēraunia uvæ, Grapes as red as Fire.
 Cēraunias, a Name of Jupiter from the Lightning.
 Cēraunium, g. a Kind of Mushroom, in Thrate.
 Cēraunōbōlus, the Tables of Apelles, wherein he had painted Thunder, g.
 Cēraunus, i, m. a precious Stone, g.
 Ceraunus, a clear River in Cappadocia; also a Surname of one of the Ptolemies.
 Cerauius, a Mountain of Arcadia.
 Cerbalus, a River of Apulia.
 Cerbani, a People of Arabia felix.
 Cerberion, a Town in the Mouth of Bosphorus Cimmerius.
 Cerberus, i, m. a three headed Dog, feigned to be the Porter of Hell, whom Hercules bound and carried away.
 Cercaphus, a Mountain of Colophon; also the Son of Poliades, and Cydippe, from whom the Women of Rhodes were called Cercaphides.
 Cercasorum, a Town in Egypt.
 Cerceis, a Sea-nymph.
 † Cerceps, a Beast with a long Tail.
 Cercēris, g. a Kind of Bird.
 Cerceticus, a Gulf in the Euxine Sea, called Golfo di ſulaco.
 Cercetii, a People about Cerceticus.
 Cercetus, a Mountain of Samos.
 * Cercetii, are also Mountains in Theſſaly.
 Cercix, Islands about Ionia.
 Cercidas, an excellent Law-maker of Megalopolis, being about to dye, he told his Friends pleasantly, that he was glad he should presently meet with Wise Pythagoras, the Historian Hecætus, the Musica! Olympus, and the Poet Homer; also an Iambick Poet.

Cercii, a People of Italy.
Cercina, or **Cercanna**, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.
Cercinities, a very little Island, joynted by a Bridge to Cercina.
Cercinium, a Town of Macedonia.
Cercius, ii, m. a strong Southern Wind arising in Narbone. See **Circius**.
Circolips, ipis, g. an Ape without a Tail.
Cercôpe, g. a little Grasshopper.
Cercôpes, a People of Pithecusa, turned by Jupiter into Apes for their Wickedness and Deceit.
Cercopia, a Town of Magna Phrygia.
Cercôpithêcus, ci, m. a Marmoset, or Monkey, g.
Cercops, opis, a fabulous Historian; also any crafty deceitful Fellow; also a Pythagorean Philosopher.
Cercos, a Buzzard; also a Tail, and a Kind of Vessel, g.
Cercosium, a Town fortified by Dioclesian.
Cercûrus, ra, and -ron, g. a Kind of great Ship.
Cercus, a Hill of Bithynia.
Cercyon, a King of Thessaly; also a notable Robber, who was wont to bend down the smallest Trees, tie Men to them, and rend them to Pieces, was at last served so himself by Theseus; thence **Cercyoneus**, a, um.
Cercyra, or **Corcyra**, an Island in the Ionian Sea.
Cercyres, the People of Cercyra.
Cercyros, a Sea-fish in Ovid.
Cerdanites, a People of Arabia Felix.
Cerdias, a City taken and rased by Lyfander.
Cerdici vadum, Chardford in Hampshire.
Cerditos, g. most subtle or witty.
CERDO, onis, m. [a κερδ@] lucrum] a Cobler, Currier, Smith, or any such like Artizan.
Cerdo, or -on, a Heretick who held there was two Gods, and denied Christ to be true Man; also the third Bishop of Alexandria.
Cerdon, Leather.
Cerdonarium, ii, n. a Bark or Tan-house.
Cerdous, a Name of Apollo and Mercury.
Cereâgius, a Baker.
Cereâlia, orum, Sacrifices of Ceres.
Cereâlis, le, pertaining to Ceres, or Corn. * **Cereales cænæ**, sumptuous Feasts. * **Cereale folum**, a Trencher made of Bread. * **Cereales auræ**, Winds that drive a Cornwind-mill.
Cereâlis, the City Ebury in Spain; also the Name of several Men.
Cereâlium, a Pantry.
Cerebellum, i, n. [a cerebrum] a little Brain, the hinder Part of the Head.
Cereber, i, m. the Brain.
Cerebrôsus, a, um, brain-sick, cock-brain'd, conceited, stubborn. * **Cerebrofus bos**, a mad Bull.
CEREBRUM, i, n. [a κεφα caput] the Brain. * **Cerebrum elongatum**, the Marrow of the Back-bone. * **Cerebro laborare**, to be brain-sick, grow foolish. * **Cerebrium arboris**, the Pith of a Tree.
Cerefolium, ii, n. the Herb Cheruil, g.

Ceremônia, æ, f. a Ceremony. See **Cæremonia**.
Ceremônialis, le, Religious, divine.
Cereôlus, i, a little Wax-candle.
Cêres, êris, f. Daughter of Saturn and Ops, Inventer of Corn and Tillage; also Bread-corn.
Cereffus, a Castle in Boœtia, and a Town in Spain.
Ceretani, a People of Umbria.
Ceretæ, a People of Creet.
Cerete, a Town in Italy.
Ceretani, People of Cerete.
Ceretica, Cardiganshire.
Ceretici, the People of Ceretica.
Cerevisia, [q. cererisia] the same as cervisia.
Cêreus, a, um, [à cera] of Wax, yellow, soft, dainty, unconstant, pliant, fat, anointed.
Cereus, i, m. a Taper, Wax-light, or Torch. * **Cereus Peruvianus**, Torch-Thistle.
Cerficula, æ, a Fool, Dotterel.
Ceria, æ, Ale, or Beer; Barley-water, or the like.
Ceriades, a Town of Attica.
Ceriâlum, i, n. a Pin where Bread is chipped.
Cerifico, are, [à cera & facio] to make a clammy Substance like Wax, as the Purple-fishes do.
Cerillum, a Place of Lucania in Italy.
Cerimonia, æ, f. [ab ant. Cerus, i. e. sanctus] a Ceremony.
Cerînârius, ii, he that dyes Garments of a Wax-colour.
Cerînthe, es, f. } a Honey-suckle, Honey-wort,
Cerinthia, æ, } g.
Cerinthum, i, n. }
Cerîthus, a City of Greece; also a Town in Eubœa, and the Name of a Heretick, who taught that Christ at his second Coming should give his People carnal Delights.
Cerînum, i, n. a Garment of Wax-colour.
Cerînus, a, um [à cera] of Wax-colour.
Cêris, a Kind of Fish.
Cêrites, æ, m. a Wax-colour'd precious Stone, g.
Cerites, a People whom the Romans vanquished, and would suffer neither to make nor to have any Laws.
Cerites Tabulæ, the Censor's Tables. See **Cerites**, &c.
Ceritus, a, um, distracted, frantick, Mad. See **Cerritus**.
Cerium, ii, n. a Kind of Ulcer, g.
Cermalus, a Place in Rome so called.
Cernatæ, a People Enemies to the Agarens.
Cermorum, a Town of Macedonia.
Cerna, or -ne, an Island in the Æthiopian Sea, called by the Spaniards the Island of St. Laurence, but by the Inhabitants Madagascar.
Cerne, an Island in the Atlantick Sea, over against Mount Atlas, called Madera and Graciosa.
Cernetani, a People of Italy.
Cernetum, a Town in Italy.
Cernicûlum, i, n. a Sieve, or Boulter.
Ceanida, æ, the same.
Cernitur, imp. it is seen, or understood.
CERNO, crevi, eretum [κρίνω] to see, perceive, know, contend for, sift, separate, judge, ordain, deter-

mine. * **Cernere hæreditatem**, to enter upon an Inheritance. * **Cernere armis**, to try it out by Arms. * **De divinis atque humanis cernitur**, the Discourse is of Divine and Humane Matters.
Cernua, æ, f. the Fish called a Ruff.
Cernuatus, a, um, bending, bent.
Cernulo, are, to turn over, or about.
Cernulus, a, um, busy in spying Faults in other Men.
Cernuo, are, to tumble, stoop.
Cernus, um, a Basket used in fishing for Purples.
Cernuus, a, um [à cerno] bowing down to the Earth, decaying, stooping.
Cernuus, i, m. a Tumbler, or Rope-dancer.
Cêro, are, [à cera] to cover with Wax.
Cêrôfêrârium, ii, n. a Candlestick for Tapers.
Cêrôfêrârius, ii, m. [à cera & ferro] a Taper-bearer.
Cerohinos, or **Cerchinos**, a Desire to couch.
Cêrôma, âtis, n. an Ointment where-with Wrestlers anointed themselves; the Place where they were anointed; also a Writing-table.
Cêrômâta, ium, Candlesticks.
Cêrômâticus, a, um, g. of Ointment, bedaubed.
Ceron, a Fountain in Hestizotis, whose Waters make the Sheep that drink it turn black.
Ceronia, a Kind of Tree.
Cerophœi, a People of Africa propria.
Ceroplastes, g. a Maker of Wax-images.
Cerossus, a Place by the Ionian Sea.
Cêrostrôtum, i, n. the Setting of little Pieces of painted Horn or Ivory into Tables, g.
Cerosus, a, um, mixed with Wax.
Ceroti Insula, Chertsey in Surry.
Cêrotum, a Sear cloth.
Cerretani, a People of Spain.
Cerreus, } belonging to the
Cerrinus, a, um, } Tree Cerrus.
Cerritus, a, um, [q. cererius, à ceres] having Bread or Corn; also furious, mad, frantick.
Cerrus, i, m. [a κερας cornu] a Kind of Mast-bearing Tree; also a Kind of Fish, and a Rock.
Cerfunum, a City of Corsica.
Certa, a City beyond Armenia.
Certâmen, inis, n. [à certo] a Contention, Prize, Game, Exercise, Trial, Business, Labour, Tumult, and Danger. * **Honestum certâmen**, a commendable Bickering at Disputation.
Certâmino, are, to strive.
Gertans, ntis, striving. * **Certantibus animis**, with might and main.
Certâtîm, adv. for a Wager, as striving who shall do best. * **Quem certâtîm amamus**, in whose Love we rival one another.
Certâtio, ônis, f. a Striving, Endeavouring, Debate. * **Non fuit Nevio par certâtio cum Alphenio**, Alphenus had the Advantage of Nevius.
Certâtor, ôris, m. a Striver.
Certatur, imp. there is Contention, or Difference.
Certâtus, ûs, as certâmen.

Certānis, a, um, about which there is much Strife.
Certe, ius, iusimè, adv. Certainly, Surely, without Doubt, Yea verily.
*** Certè quidem** [at the beginning of a Sentence.] *** Quidem certè**, [in the middle] assuredly.
Certeræ, a People about the Euxine Sea.
Certesia, Chertsey in Surrey.
Certhia, -ias, or ius, a Woodpecker.
† Certifico, are, to certify.
† Certifico, fis, I am certified.
Certima, a City in Spain.
† Certiōro, are, to certify, advertise.
Certifia, a Town in Pannonia.
† Certifico, are, to be certified, or sure.
Certitudo, inis, f. Certainty, Surety.
Certio, adv. Certainly, Surely, Manifestly. *** Satin' hoc certo**, are you sure on't.
Certio, are, to contend, strive, endeavour, compare with. *** Certare aliquid**, to affect any thing. *** Certat Ægyptus cum feracissimis terris**, Ægypt gives Place to no Country for Fruitfulness. *** Certare maledictis**, to revile one another.
Certonium, a Town of Asia minor.
CERTUS, ior, illius, [à cerno] Certain, True, Necessary, Firm, Determinate, Notorious, Quiet, or Calm. *** Certum est**, I am resolved. *** Mulier certa sceleris**, resolved to commit Wickedness. *** Certo certius**, nothing more certain. *** Certius alicui facere**, or aliquem certiore de aliqua re, to certify one. *** Pro certo habetur**, it is believed for certain. *** Certum habeo**, I am sure. *** Certi homines**, Men whom I could name, trusty Persons. *** Certus mori**, resolved to die.
Cerva, æ, f. a Hind; also the Herb Palma Christi.
Cervaria, a Place by the Temple of Venus in Aquitane; also a City in Spain.
Cervarius, a, um, [à cervus] of a Hart or Stag. *** Lupus cervarius**, a Cat of Mountain. *** Cervarium venenum**, a Poison into which Arrows were dipt and shot at Deer.
Cerūchus, the end of the Sail-yard, or the Shrouds belonging thereto.
† Cervica, æ, a Blow on the Neck.
† Cervical, -le, lis, n. [à cervix] a Pillow, or Bolster.
† Cervicaria, æ, the Herb Canterbury Bells.
† Cervicarium, as cervicæ.
† Cervicatus, a, um, and cervicofus, a, um, Stiff-necked, Intractable, Inexorable.
Cervicula, æ, f. [à cervix] a little Neck.
Cervinus, a, um, [à cervus] of a Hart. *** Cervinus color**, Tawney. *** Cervina caro**, Venison.
Cervisia, æ, f. Beer or Ale. See cerevisia.
† Cervisaria, æ, a Buttery.
† Cervisarium, ii, n. an Ale-house.
(Cervisarius, ii, m. a Brewer.
CERVIX, icis, f. [Heb. Gnoreph] the Neck, Stubbornness, Pride; also any thing like a Neck. *** Sustinere Rempublicam cervicibus suis**, to manage the whole Business of the State. *** Esse in cervicibus**, to be very nigh. *** Cervix arboris**, the top of a Tree.

Cērūla, æ, f. [à cera] a little Wax or Wafer.
Cērūmen, inis, n. Ear-wax.
† Cērus, a Creator.
Cērussa, æ, f. [Κηρόσσα] Ceruse, White Lead, Womens Paint.
Cerussatus, a, um, Painted with Ceruse.
Cerutto, g, to preach, publish.
Cervulus, i, m. a little Hart.
Cervus, a, m. [à Κέρως cornu] a Hart or Stag; also a Stake. *** Cervi ocellus**, wild Parsnep. *** Cervus volans**, a Bull fly, or horned Beetle.
Ceryces, Heralds, from Ceryx the Son of Mercury.
Cerycius, a Mountain of Bœotia and Ephefus.
Cerynia, a City of Achaia in Peloponnesus, and a Mountain of Arcadia, from whence the River Cyrenites flows which runs by this City.
Ceryx, ycis, a Herald.
Cesata, or -da, a City in Spain.
Cescus, a City of Pamphylia, or according to Suidas, in Cilicia.
Cesena, a Town in Italy.
Cesennius Priscus, a Prator of Syria, A. D. 47.
† Cēsōnia, a piece of Flesh on a Colt's Forehead, of which they make Enchantments.
Cesonius Petus, the Collegue of Petronius.
† Cesor, oris, a Cutter.
Cespēs, cespito, &c. vide cæf.
† Cespix, a Shrub, or Carrot.
† Cēsābundus, a, um, Idle.
† Cessampelos, Bind weed.
Cessans, ntis, Loitering. *** Cessans morbus**, the Gout, or any lingering Disease.
Cessatio, ōnis, f. Loitering, Illness, Rest. *** Magno sœnore cessationis colono respondent**, abundantly recompences the Husbandman for its lying still.
Cessator, ōris, m. a Loiterer, Sluggard, Truant.
Cēsātūrus, a, um, about to leave, or be left. *** Casa cessatura**, a Cottage in which he will live no longer.
Cēsātus, a, um, ceased, given over, not tilled.
Cessero, Cæsiro, the City Casires in Gallia Narbonensis.
Celli, I yielded, [ab cedo.]
Cellim, adv. in recoiling backwards. *** Cellim**, ire, to retreat, or give ground.
Cessio, ōnis, f. a Yielding, or Surrendering.
† Cellius, a, um, unconstant to mind any thing.
Cesso, are, [à cedo] to Loiter, Linger, Cease, to tarry in a Place. *** Cessatum usque adhuc est**, they have been negligent hitherto. *** Cessare amori**, to mind love. *** Quod cessat ex redivit**, frugalitate impletur, what I want by reason of my small Revenue, I supply by my Thriftiness.
Cessor, oris, m. a Loiterer.
† Cesticillus, and cesticulus, i, m. a roll of Cloth, or Straw, which Women lay on their Heads when they carry any thing.
Cestiri, a People of Media.
Cestius Florus, a Procurator of Judæa, A. D. 64.
Cestius, a Bridge at Rome, called st. Bartholomæo.

† Celtra, æ, a Battle-ax, or Poll-ax; also a kind of Fish.
Cestria, a Town of Epirus called Sapoto.
Cestria, Chester.
Cestrinus, the Son of Helenus and Andromacha.
Cestron, and -tros, the Herb Betony, g.
Cestrosphendone, a Sling, an Engine of War to cast Darts, g.
Cestrum, i, n. [Κεστρον] a Piercer or Graver, or Dagger. *** Cestium morionis**, the Herb reed mace, Cat-tail or Betony.
Cestrus, a River of Pamphylia.
CESTUS, i, f. and m. [Κεσς] a Marriage-girdle, which the Bridegroom girds the Bride with, and looseth again the first night; also any kind of Band.
† Cesyphum, i, a Gum, being the right Ladanum.
Cetaceus, a, um, [à cetus] of a Whale.
† Cetarach, Wall-Fern, or Milt-wort.
Cetaria, æ, the Place where great salt Fish is sold; also the Woman that sells it.
Cetaria a City in Sicily.
Cetaria, orum, and -ria, arum, Ponds by the Sea side where great Fishes are taken and kept.
Cetarius, a, um, of Whales, or great Fishes.
Cetarius, ii, m. a Fishmonger of great Sea Fish.
CETE, n, indec. pl. [Κητη] a Whale.
Ceteus, a King of Ægypt, called by the Greeks Proteus.
Cethægus, a Roman Consul; also a Conspirator with Catiline.
Ceticus, a Magician, by whose direction Bocchitta, King of the Getæ, vanquished the Romans.
Cetii, a People between the Cilices and Pelasgi.
Cetirzes, a Promontory of Apollonia.
Cetis, a Country of Cilicia.
Cetium, a Town of Noricum.
Cetius, a Mountain between Noricum and Pannonia, called also Kalenberg.
Cetobrica, or Cetobrix, the City Setuval in Portugal.
† Cētōsus, a, um, Full of, or belonging to Whales.
CETRA, æ, f. [à Κεῦθα abscondo, vel ab. Heb. Geava sepium] a short, or square Buckler used by the Spaniards and Africans.
Cetratus, a, um, having such a Target.
Cetriboni, a People of India.
† Cetto, for cedite, tell or reach ye hither.
Cetuma, a Town of Æthiopia.
Cētus, i, m. [Κητος] a Whale, or any great Fish.
CEU, adv. [ab Heb. Ke] like as, as it were. *** Ceu vero**, as if.
† Ceva, æ, f. a little milch Cow.
Cēuci, a People of Spain.
CEVEO, ere, [à Χαίρω] to flatter, or fawn upon by wagging the Tail, as Dogs are wont.
Cēus, an Island, where all above sixty Years old were to poison themselves, that the rest might not want; also a City of Propontis.
Cēus, or cæus, the Son of Titan and Terra, who took up Arms against Jupiter, for ravishing his Daughter Latona.

Latona, but might overcome right, and so he perished.

† Ceutērea, a kind of Plant.

Ceyx, ycis, m. a King Fisher.

Ceyx, a King of Trachinia, Son of Lucifer, and Husband of Alcyone, who being drowned in his return from Ægypt, was for his Wife's daily Prayers for his Safety, turned into a Bird of that Name.

C H

C. H. for Custos haredum.

Chaa, a City of Peloponnesus, which occasioned the War between the Arcadians and Pylii.

Chabaca, a City of Cappadocia.

Chabareni, a People about Calybe, who eat the Children, and raw Breasts of Strangers.

Chaberis, a City and River of India within Ganges.

Chabinus, a Mountain of Arabia felix.

Chablesti, a People of Arabia next the Nabathæi.

Chabyr, or -ra, a River and Mountain of Mesopotamia.

Chabria, a Town in Ægypt near Arabia.

Chabrias, a famous Philosopher and Emperor of Athens, who was wont to say, That an Army of Harts with a Lion General, was more than an Army of Lions commanded by a Hart.

Chabris, one of the Senators of the City Bethulia.

Chabrius, a River of Macedonia.

Chabuata, a River of Arabia felix.

Chadaca, a Town of Albania.

Chadæi, a People of Arabia felix.

Chadeni, a People of Scandinavia.

Chadisia, a City of the Leucosyri.

Chadramotitæ, a People near the Indian Gulf.

Chæanitæ, a People at the foot of the Mountain Caucasus toward the North.

Chamæ, a People of Germany.

Chæmides, a People of Sarmatia in Asia.

Chære, all Hail, God save you, g.

Chærecla, a City of Pentapolis in Africa.

Chæreas, the Name of an Historian, or rather a fabulous Trifler.

Chæremon, a Comedian, Scholar to Socrates; also one that wrote Hieroglyphicks.

Chærophon, an Athenian Philosopher, in the Time of Philip King of Macedon, whose paleness and leanness occasioned the Proverb, nihil a Chærophonte differt.

Chærephyllum, i, n. the Herb Chervil, g.

Chærinthus, a very beautiful Boy, but one that prostituted himself.

Chæris, a simple Fidler in Aristophanes.

Chæronæa, a Town in Bœotia, built by Chæron, Son of Apollo; hence Plutarch is called Philosophus Chæronensis. Here Sylla with the loss of Fourteen Men only, slew a hundred and ten thousand of Archelaus's Men.

Chæronenses, the People of Chæronæa.

Chæroneus, a, um, } of Chæronæa.
Chæronicus, a, um, }
Chæronis, e.

Chætæ, a City of Macedonia, and a People of Scythia.

Chalæon, a Haven of Bœotia, and a City of Locris.

Chalama, a City of Persia, called also Ctesiphon.

† Chalambri, a Sort of Horses, so called from a Place in Libya.

Chalanne, a City in which Nimrod reigned.

Chalapetis, a Country of Susiana.

Chalallis, a kind of loose Garment, g.

Chalastica, orum, Resolving Medicines, g.

Chalastra, a City of Macedonia.

Chalastrium nitrum, pure Salt Petre.

† Chālātōrii, funes, Sail Ropes.

Chālaza, æ, i. chalazium, ii. n, a Pimple, or little Wart under the Eyelid; also Measels or Kernels, g.

Chālazias, æ, m. a Stone like Hail, and so cold, that no Fire can heat it, g.

Chalcæ, an Island about Rhodes.

Chalcæa, a City of Caria, and other Places.

Chalcæa, or Athenæa, Feasts of Vulcan, kept especially by Coblers and Handicrafts-men.

Chalcanthum, i, n. } Copperas, Vi-

Chalcanthus, i, m. } triol, g.

Chalcædon, onis, } an ancient City of

Chalcedonia, æ. } Bithynia, where

the Fourth General Council was held against Nestorius, A. D. 453. Also

a little River running into Propontis, whence the City took its Name.

Chalcedentis, e, } of Chalce-

Chalcedonius, a, um, } don.

Chalcedonius lapis, a Chalcedony, a kind of Onyx.

Chalcædra, orum, g. Brazen Cisterns.

Chalcenterus, or -res, an Epithet of the Grammarian Didymus, from his indefatigable Pains.

† Chalceos, a kind of Thistle.

Chalcetarium, a City of Creet.

† Chalcetum, a kind of Herb.

Chalceus, a, um, g. made of Brass.

Chalceus, i, m. a Smith; also a kind of Fish, g.

Chalceutice, es, g. a Smith's Forge for Brass.

Chalcia, one of the Cyclades.

Chalcidene, a fruitful Country of Syria.

Chalcidenses, the People of Chalcidica.

Chalcidensis, e, of Chalcis.

Chalcidica, a Country of Macedonia, and Syria and Thrace.

† Chalcidica, and chalcidices, is, f. a kind of chalkey Earth, good for Wheat; a kind of Serpent.

Chalcidicus, a Mountain of Sicily, also a kind of Cork.

Chalcides, æ, } a kind of Lizards.

Chalcidix, icis, }

† Chalcidicum, ci, n. a kind of Building or Banqueting House.

Chalcidicus, a, um, of Chalcis.

Chalcioecum, a Feast of Minerva.

Chalcioecus, a Name of Minerva.

Chalciope, the Daughter of Æetis, King of Colchis, and Wife of Phryxus.

Chalcis, idis, a Town of Eubœa where they say Brass was first found; also the Name of several other Cities; the Name also of a Woman that bare a hundred Sons, which caused the Proverb, tanquam Chalcidica nobis preperit uxor.

Chalcis, idis, a kind of Turbet-Fish,

a venomous Serpent, and a Host Enemy to the Eagle, g.

Chalcites, a Gem of Brass Colour.

Chalcitis, an Island over against

Chalcedon, and a small Country of Mesopotamia, and a Country of India within Ganges, and an Island in the Mouth of the River Rhyn-

dacus in Asia.

Chalcitis, tidis, f. Brass Ore, Red Vitriol.

Chalcocondylas, an Historian of Athens, who wrote the Turkish History in Greek.

Chalcocras, g. Money mingled with Brass.

Chalcographus, i, m. an Ingraver in Brass, g.

Chalcomedusa, the Wife of Arceus, and Grandmother to Ulysses.

Chalcophones, a black Stone sounding like Brass.

Chalcophthongus, g. a precious Stone.

Chalcosmaragdos, the Bastard Emerald, g.

Chalcus, i, m. the 36 Part of a Dram, also a Dutch Penny.

Chaldæa, a Country of Asia major, bordering on Arabia, plain without Springs, in which is the great City Babylon.

Chaldæi, Chaldeans, also a People near Cholchis.

Chaldæus, i, m. a Mathematician or Fortune-Teller. * Chaldæorum

promissi, Prognostications.

Chaldaici Lacus, Lakes of Chaldæa, into which Tigris falls.

Chaldaicus, a, um, of Chaldæa.

Chaldia, a Country of Armenia, and other Places.

Chaldone, a Promontory of Arabia felix.

Chaleos, a City of Achaia.

Chaleitra, a City of Thessaly.

Chalia, a City of Bœotia.

Chalinitis, Minerva so called, from bridling Pegasus for Bellerophon.

Chālīnos, g. a Bridle Bit, and the corner of the Mouth.

Chalisia, a City of Lybia, and another of the Amazons, whose Citizens are call'd Chalisi.

Chalix, g. a flint Stone.

Chalo, are, g. to slacken, or let down by Ropes.

Chalus, a River of Syria, where are seen Fishes of a very great bigness, and very gentle; which the Syrians would not suffer to be wronged, taking them for Gods.

Chalusus, a River in Germany.

Chalybes, a People near Pontus by the River Thermoodon, called also Alizonæ.

Chālybeus, a, um, [a chalybs] of Steel.

Chālybonitis, a Country of Syria.

CHĀLYBS, ībis, m. [Χάλυβς] Steel, or any thing made of it.

Chalybs, a River in Spain wherein Iron is very well tempered.

Chamæ, pl. f. Cockles, round Shell Fish, g.

Chamæacte, es, the Herb Wall Wort, g.

Chamæbalanus, i, m. Earth Nut, g.

Chamæbatus, g. the Dewberry Bush.

Chamæbuxus, g. Bastard Dwarf Box.

Chamæcerāsus, i, a Shrub like the young Shoots of Plum Trees.

Chamæ,

Chamæcissus, f. Ground-Ivy, Hare-foot, g.
 Chamæcissus, g. a little Sun-flower.
 Chamæcyparissus, i, f. Lavendar-cotton, g.
 Chamædaphne, es, f. the Herb Periwinkle, g.
 Chamædracontes, g. a Kind of Serpents.
 Chamædryas, yos, f. the Herb Germander, g.
 † Chamædicus, f. a Dwarf fig-tree.
 † Chamæfilix, Dwarf stone fern.
 † Chamægenista, æ, Dwarf-broom.
 † Chamæglycimerides, a Kind of Fish.
 † Chamæiris, Dwarf flower-de-luce.
 † Chamæitea, Dwarf-millows.
 Chamælea, æ, f. five finger grass, g.
 Chamæleon, ontis, m. the Chameleon, or little Beast that lives by the Air. * Chamæleonte mutabilior, a Turn-coat, g.
 Chamæleon, onis, m. a Kind of Herb. * Chamæleon albus, the Carline or White Thistle. * Chamæleon niger, the Mary Thistle.
 Chamæleon, a Commentator upon several Poets.
 † Chamæleos, m. a Kind of Crabfish.
 Chamæleuce, es, f. the Herb Colts-foot.
 † Chamælinum, Dwarf-flax.
 † Chamælopardalis, a Beast as big as a Camel, with a Skin like a Panther.
 Chamæmêlinus, a, um, of Camomil.
 Chamæmêlum, i, n. Camomil, g.
 † Chamæmespilus, Dwarf-medlar.
 † Chamæmorus, Knot berry bush.
 Chamæmysine, f. Butcher's broom, g.
 † Chamænerion, ii, Rose-bay, Willow-flower.
 † Chamæpelōris, idis, a Kind of Fish.
 Chamæpeuce, es, f. an Herb for the Pain in the Back, g.
 Chamæpitys, yos, f. Ground-pine, g.
 Chamæplatanus, g. Dwarf-plantain.
 Chamæpus, ōdis, f. the Bride which went home on foot to the Bridegroom's house, g.
 Chamæpyxos, g. Dwarf box-tree.
 Chamærododendros, g. Dwarf rose-bay.
 Chamærops, ōpis, g. Germander.
 Chamæteræ, and Chamæterides, little Images plated by great ones, g.
 † Chamætrachæa, a Kind of Sea-crab.
 Chamani, or Chamari, a People of Germany.
 † Chames, an Island of the Moabites.
 † Chāmulci, Engines to draw Ships to the Shore.
 Chāmus, i, m. [Χημὸς] a Bit or Shackle.
 Chanai, or -us, } the Cananites.
 Chananiti,
 Chananæa, Canaan, or the Holy Land.
 Chandanace, a City of Persia.
 Chandanaceus, belonging to Chandanace.
 Chandane, a City of Apulia.
 Chanæ, a River between Albania and Armenia.
 Channa, æ, f. a Fish like a Perch, breeding of it self, g.
 † Chanona, a Tart, March-pane, or the like.
 Chāōnes, a People of Epirus.

Chāōnia, the Country of the Chāones; also a City in Syria.
 Chāōnius, a, um, of Chāonia. * Chāōnius victus, a living upon Acorns.
 Chaonides, g. a Kind of Dogs.
 Chaonitis, a small Country of Assyria.
 Chaos, n. Da. & Ab. Chao, a rude and confused Heap of Things. * Antiquior quam chaos, older than the Creation, g.
 † Chara, æ, i. a certain Root.
 Charabe, a Town of Galilee.
 Characa, a Place in Phrygia.
 † Chārācātus, a, um, staked, trenched, or enclosed.
 Characena, a Country of Susiana.
 Characeni, a People of Taurica.
 † Chārācia, f. a Kind of Reed.
 Chārācias, æ, m. a Kind of Spurge, g.
 Characina, a small Country of Cilicia.
 Charachomba, or Molucharax, a City of Palæstine.
 Characometes, a River of Asia.
 Chāracter, ēris, m. a Character, Mark, Seal, Print, the Style of an Oration, g.
 Chāracterismus, i, m. a Noting or Marking, g.
 Chāracteristicus, a, um, g. Distinguishing.
 Chāracterizo, are, g. to mark with a Character.
 Chāracto, are, g. to print, write, or mark.
 Charadnæ, a People of Carmania.
 Chārādra, æ, f. a Chink or Cleft of the Earth, g.
 Charadra, a City of Phocis, whence
 Charadræus, a, um, belonging there-to.
 Charadrius, a Sea-bird, called also Icterus and Gulgulus, g.
 Charadrius, a River of Phocis and Cilicia, with a Lake of the same Name, whose Water causeth Males to be begotten.
 Chāragnia, ātis, n. an Image or Impression, g.
 Charandæi, a People by Pontus.
 † Chārantia, the Male Balm-apple.
 Charandes, a Tyrian Law-maker among the Athenians, that ordered that none should come armed into the Assembly.
 Charandra, a Bay of the Arabian Sea, by the City Arsinoe.
 † Charativus, a, um, and charitativus, very charitable.
 Charauni, a People and Town of Scythia.
 Chārax, ācis, m. a certain Fish whose Teeth stand out of her Lips; also a Stay or Frame of a Vine, g.
 Chārax, a Priest and Philosopher of Pergamus, who wrote forty Books of Greek History; also a Town of Armenia minor, and Parthia, and several other Places.
 Chārāxes, -us, the Brother of Sappho, who spent all he had upon the Harlot Rhodope, and then turned Pirate.
 Charbanus, a Mountain of Media.
 Charchêlium, ii, n. a slender Cup full of Handles, g.
 Charenton, a Town by Paris in France, it is famous for an Echo which returns the voice twelve times.
 Chares, ētis, an Athenian General of many Promises but no Performance, whence the Proverb, Charetis pollicitationes; also a Soldier

who wounded Cyrus, which made him so proud that he grew mad upon it; also a Lydian Statuary, and other Men.
 Charetes, a River of Peloponnesus.
 Chariala, a Town of Arabia fælix.
 Chāriclo, the Daughter of Apollo, and Wife of a Centaur.
 Charidemum, a Promontory of Spain.
 Charidēmus, an Athenian banished by Alexander, who fled to Darius, and was of great Use to the Persians, till for his Petulancy Darius slew him; also the Name of a General under Chersobleptes King of Thrace, and a certain Roman cast to wild Beasts.
 Charien, a River of Themiscyrena.
 Chārientismus, i, m. Urbanity, Pleasantness, a graceful way of speaking, g.
 Charilaus, a Noble Lacedæmonian, who being asked why he was so curious in his Hair, said, Of all Ornaments that is most comely, and least costly; also being asked why Lycurgus made so few Laws, answered, A few Laws suffice those that speak but few Words.
 Charilus, a General of the Lacedæmonians.
 Charimatæ, a People of Pontus.
 † Chārīna, æ, the Keel of a Ship.
 Charinda, a River of Media.
 Chariphron, one of the Mouths of the River Indus.
 Chāris, itis, f. a Grace, Pleasantness, Benefit, g.
 Charis, the Wife of Vulcan of Lemnos.
 Charisia, a City of Arcadia.
 † Chārīsius, a Kind of Lake.
 Charisius, an Athenian Orator, and a Grammarian, whose Institutions are yet extant.
 Chārīfina, ātis, n. a Gift, g.
 Charistas, a River of Colchis, called Tamais.
 Chārīstērīum, a Gratification or Re-compence for a good turn, g.
 Chārīstia, ōrum, n. Roman Feast celebrated the 19 of February by Friends and Relations, who then gave Presents to one another.
 Chārīstia, æ, f. Sweetness, and Gracious time, g.
 Chārīsticon, n. Rewarding, thankful, g.
 † Chārīstium marmor, Green Marble.
 Chārītas, ātis, f. [à charus] Charity, Love, Bounty. * Omnes omnium charitates patria una complectitur, one's Country engrosses all one's Love and Kindness.
 Chārītes, rum, the Graces, Aglaia, Thalia, and Euphrosyne. They were painted naked, young, smiling, and their Arms linked together, to denote the Properties of Benefits and mutual good Turns.
 Chārītōblēphāron, g. a Kind of Sea-shrub.
 Charitonia, for charitōn maia, one of the Graces, a pretty little Mopet, g.
 † Charitonius, a, um, speaking fair.
 Charmi, a People of India.
 Charma, a Town in Arabia.
 Charmandæ, a City beyond Euphrates.
 Charmidas, a Grecian of an extraordinary Memory.

- Charmides**, a famous Champion, and a Massilian Writer.
- Charmiones**, Cleopatra's Maid, who imitated her Mistress in killing herself.
- Charmis**, a City of Sardinia, built by the Carthaginians; also a Massilian Physician, who in the coldest Weather, washed his Patients in cold Baths.
- Charmonia**, a City of Spain.
- Charmothus**, a Haven in Arabia, almost a hundred Furlongs in compass.
- Charnius**, a Poet of Syracuse, who would have a Verse or Saying extempore for every Thing on the Table.
- † **Chārōmardārius**, ii, m. a Gunner.
- Chāron**, us, the supposed Ferry-man of Hell; also the name of several other Men, and a Dog's Name Lyon.
- Charondas**, a Sicilian, who having made a Law that none should come into an Assembly armed, and afterward breaking that Law himself, and being put in mind of it by one that sat next him, drew out his Sword and killed himself.
- Charonea**, orum, a Country of Asia, by the River Menander.
- Charonea porta**, a Gate at Athens through which Malefactors were led to their Punishment.
- Charonea scrobs**, a Cave in Italy sending up a pestilent Air.
- Charonium**, a Cave between Tralles and Nisa dedicated to Pluto, where by some superstitious Ceremonies sick Men were brought to be cured.
- Charonium**, ii, g. Hell or a supposed Passage from thence.
- † **Chārōpis**, an Impression or Image.
- Chārōpus**, amiable, pleasant, g.
- Charops**, the Son of Æschylus, and 14th Prince of Athens, who was the first after the perpetual Princes that was chosen to reign ten Years; also divers other Men.
- CHARTA**, æ, f. [Χάρτης] Paper, Parchment, Skin or any Thing to write on, a Charter. * **Charta Augusta**, Royal Paper. * **Charta Bibula**, blotting or sinking Paper. * **Claudiana**, large Paper. * **Emporetica**, Cap-Paper. * **Virgo**, an original not yet published. * **Charta plumbea**, a Sheet of Lead. * **Charta picta**, a Card. * **Chartæ index**, the Trump. * **Chartas distribue**, deal. * **Misce**, shuffle. * **Compone**, pack the Cards.
- Charta**, a City of Tyre, from whence Dido is said to come when she built Carthage.
- Chartaceus**, a, um, [à charta] made of Paper.
- Chartaia**, a City of Hyrcania.
- Chartani**, a People of Marmarica.
- Chartapola**, æ, m. a Stationer, or Paper-seller, g.
- † **Chartarium**, ii, n. a Bag of Paper.
- Chartarius**, ii, m. Eratim. a Card-player.
- Chartarius**, a, um, of Paper. * **Chartariæ officinæ**, Paper Mills.
- Charteia**, a Town in the Island Cea.
- Chartophylacium**, ii, n. the House of Records, or Place where Writings are kept. The Rolls, g.
- Chartophylax**, æcis, m. the Master of the Rolls, g.
- Chartosus**, a, um, full of Paper.
- † **Chartuarius**, a, um, of or selling Paper.
- Chartula**, æ, f. a small Piece of Paper.
- * **Chartulæ lusoria**, Cards.
- Chartulārius**, ii, m. a Register, Keeper of Evidences or Accounts, a Paper Merchant.
- † **Chartus**, i, m. Paper.
- CHĀRUS**, a, um [Χαρίος] dear, beloved, acceptable. * **Charum habere aliquem**, to have a tender Affection for one. * **Vitā mihi charior**, dearer to me than my own Life.
- Chārybdis**, is, f. a Gulf of the Sicilian Sea over against Scylla. * **Quanta laboras in Chārybdi!** what a Peck of Troubles thou art in!
- Chasia**, a Town in Armenia minor.
- Chasina**, ætis, n. a Gaping or Opening of the Earth or Firmament; also the Jaw of a Lyon, g.
- Chasmatias**, æ, g. an Earthquake causing such Gappings.
- † **Chasmaticus**, a, um, belonging to a Gaping or Opening.
- † **Chasmatissō**, as, are, to gape or chaw as the Ground doth.
- Chasphon**, a Town of Palæstine.
- Chasuari**, a People of Germany.
- Chaszanemica**, a City of Pontus.
- Chat**, the Son of Mercurius Trismegistus.
- Chateri**, a People of Arabia Felix.
- Chatracharta**, a City of Bactriana in Assyria.
- Chatræi**, a People of India within Ganges.
- Chatramitis**, a Country by the red Sea.
- Chatramotitæ**, or **Catramotæ**, or **Catrimitæ**, and **Chattrimmilitæ**, the People of Chatramitis.
- Chatteni**, the Inhabitants of Chatenia.
- Chattenia**, a Country near the Red Sea.
- Chatuarii**, a People of Germany.
- Chaubi**, a People of Germany.
- Chauci**, Cāuchi or Cauci, a People of Germany.
- Chaum**, a Mountain of Argia, and a Castle of Taurica Cherlonesus.
- Chauni**, a People of Thesprotia.
- Chaunaria**, a City of Libya interior, and a Promontory by the Atlantick Sea.
- Chauon**, a Country of Media.
- Chauones**, the People of Chauon.
- Chaurana**, a City of Scythia.
- Chaurina**, a City of Asia.
- † **Chaus**, i, m. a Cat of Mountains; also the same as Chaos.
- Chazene**, Part of Mesopotamia.
- Chebron**, a King of Egypt.
- † **Cheiras**, Chops in the Hands or other Parts.
- Cheirōcālāthiscus**, a Kind of Tragical Dance, g.
- Cheirodotus**, i, m. a Kind of short Cloak, g.
- Cheironium**, Centory, g.
- Chelæ**, a Place about Byzantium, and two Promontories of Africa, and other Places.
- Chelandium**, a Kind of Ship.
- Chèle**, es, a Cley of a Fish or Chela, æ, f. Scorpion. * **Chelæ**, the Sign Libra in Lucan.
- Chelæ**, arum, Bulwark or Piles to break the Force of the Water.
- Cheleunia**, a Shoemaker's Thread with a Bristle at the End, g.
- † **Chèleus**, i, a Lutanist.
- Chelidon**, onis, f. a Swallow; also the Hollow of the Hoof.
- Chelidoni**, a People of Illyria.
- Chelidonia**, æ, f. g. the Herb Celandine, a Kind of Gem, and a blew Fig; also an Asp. * **Chelidonium majus**, great Celandine or Swallow-wort. * **Chelidonium minus**, Pile-wort.
- Chelidonias**, æ, g. the West Wind, so called from the 8 to the 23 of February, when Swallows begin first to appear.
- † **Chelidoniacus**, a, um, forked like a Swallow's Tail.
- Chelidoniæ**, two Islands against the Promontory of Taurus call'd Coridela and Menalippea, dangerous to Seamen.
- Chelidonii** (sc. lapides) little Stones found in a Swallow's man, or of a Swallow colour.
- Chelidonium micron**, the Herb Emmitory, g.
- Chelidonium**, a Promontory of Taurus.
- Chelidonium**, a, um, of a Swallow.
- Cheligrevus**, the Family Killigrew.
- Chelippus**, a Mountain in the Isle Chios.
- † **Cheliscion**, a dry Cough.
- † **Chelāris**, a Kind of Fish.
- † **Chelon**, Crooked.
- Chelonates**, or -ites, a Promontory and Town of Peloponnesus.
- Chelone**, a Promontory of Coos.
- Chelonia**, æ, a Stone like the eye of an Indian Snake, another like a Tortoise, g.
- † **Chelonia**, orum, the Side-posts of a Wind-beam.
- Chelonides**, certain Fens of Libya interior.
- Chelōnitis**, idis, a precious Stone like Tortoise-shell, g.
- Chelōnium**, ii, a Tortoise-shell, g.
- Chelōnophagi**, a People in the Corner of Carmania, who live on the Flesh of Tortoises, and cover their Houses with the Shells.
- † **Chelvia**, a Kind of Fish.
- † **Chelydoreus**, a Mountain in Bœotia.
- Chelydrus**, i, m. a Tortoise, Water-snake, g.
- Chelys**, yos, or -is, f. a Tortoise, a Lute made of Tortoise-shell, g.
- Chelytis**, a Surname of Diana.
- Chême**, and -ma, a small Greek measure, g.
- Chemmisia**, a City of Misia.
- Chemnis**, an Island of Egypt.
- † **Chēmōsis**, a Distemper of the Eye when the Lids be turned by a violent Inflammation.
- Chena**, a City of Laconia.
- Chenālōpex**, ecis, f. a Bird call'd a Birgander, g.
- Cheneres**, a King of Egypt.
- † **Chenicida**, a Surgeon's Instrument used about broken skulls.
- Cheniscus**, ci, m. a Gossia; also the Poop of a Ship, or the Figure of a Goose made there, g.
- † **Chennium**, ii, n. a Kind of Egyptian Bird.
- Chenoboscia**, or -ium, a City of Egypt, over against Diospolis.
- Chenoboscium**, ii, n. a Goose-pen, or Place where they feed, g.
- Chenōmychon**, i, n. an Herb that Geese are afraid of, g.
- † **Chenōpina**, or -phina, æ, f. the Paris half-pint, or our common Pint.
- Chenopus**, edis, f. a Goose-foot, or an Herb like it odious to Bees.

Chenotrophium, ii, n. a Place where water-fowl are kept, g.
Cheops, or **Cheopes**, a King of Egypt, who built that famous Pyramid of Menphis, at which so many Men were employed, that he spent upon them one thousand and sixty Talents only in Parsley, Onions and Garlick.
Chephrem, the Brother of Cheops, who reigned after him.
Chepta, a River in Asia.
Cheramydes, a kind of precious stone.
Cheremocrates, a famous Artist who was said to build the Temple of Diana at Ephesus.
Chereos, a Castle in Asia minor.
Cheria, x, wild radish.
Cherias, a Champion whom Hercules slew with a Filipp; also a Physician of Athens.
Cherinum oleum, Oil of Violets.
Chermes, a Sickle; also a Scarlet-grain.
Chermula, a City of Palæstine.
Chernites, a Stone like to ivory, out of which the ancients made Coffins, g.
Cherogipis, a River of Thrace.
Cherophyllum, the Herb Chervil.
Cherotrophium, ii, n. an Alms-house for poor Widows, g.
Cherotrophus, i, m. a Nourisher of Widows, g.
Cherraidæ, a Haven of Ionia.
Cherres, a King of Egypt.
Cherronesus, or **Chersonesus**, i, f. a Peninsula, or Land compassed with the Sea, only joined by a small Neck to the Continent; also the Name of several such Countries, of which these are of most note. 1. Peloponnesus. 2. Cherronesus Thracia or Hellepontica. 3. Cimbrica. 4. Taurica. 5. Aurea in India beyond Ganges; a Town in Spain, and two Promontories of Sicily.
Cherrura, a City of Libya, called also Chersonesus.
Cherrus, a River of Phœnicia.
Chersidamas, a Trojan whom Ulysses slew.
Chersina, x, f. a Land-snail. * **Chersina testudines**, Land-tortoises, g.
Chersipho, the name of a famous Architect.
Chersis, a Town of Africa.
Cherso, a Sea Town of Pontus.
Chersobleptes, a King of Thrace.
Chersonesus, as **Cherronesus**.
Chersos, Land or Ground unmanur'd, a Continent, g.
Chersydros, and **Chelydros**, an Amphibious Serpent, g.
Chertobalus, the Town Charlburg in Pannonia.
Cherva, the Herb Palma Christi.
Cherub, heb, a winged Image like a Youth.
Cherubicus, a, um, of Cherubims.
Cherubim, one of the Orders of Angels.
Cheruchii, ship-ropes.
Cheruchus, i, a Fane, or a Flag on the top of a Mast.
Cheruscii, a People of Germany.
Cherwellus, the Cherwel by Oxford.
Cheryda, a Breach in the earth made by a Flood, g.
Cheslon, a Town of Ionia.
Cheslonæus, an Inhabitant of Cheslon.
Chesius, a River in Samos.
Chesna, x, an Oak.

Cheslinus, a River of Sarmatia in Europe.
Chestria, Chester.
Cheffen, a Village near Jerusalem.
Chettæa, a Town of Marmarica.
Chia, sc. ficus (a chios) the sharp Chian fig; also a kind of paint.
Chiaca, a City of Armenia.
Chibis, the Herb Scortana.
Chidnæi, a People of Pontus.
Chidon, onis, m. a Shield or Buckler.
Chidorus, a River of Macedonia.
Chii, a People who came drunk to Sparta, and employed themselves in the Court of the Ephori, whence the Proverb, Chius omnia pericacans.
Childasus, a Mountain of Ireland.
Childebertus, a King of France, and others.
Childericus, a King of France, and others.
Chile, a Lip.
Chiliarchus, i, } a Colonel or Com-
Chiliarcha, x, m. } mander of a thousand Men g.
Chilias, iadis, f. a thousand, g.
Chiliastæ, arum, Millenaries holding that Christ should reign a thousand years on earth.
Chiliocomus, a Part of Media.
Chiliodynāma, and **Chiliodynamis**, the Herb Polemania of a thousand Virtues, a Kind of Gentian, g.
Chiliophyllon, the Herb Milfoil, or Yarrow, g.
Chilis, the cava vena, or Mother of all other Veins, g.
Chilmanense, a Town in Africa propria.
Chilo, onis, one that has great Lips, g.
Chilo, a Lacedæmonian Philosopher, one of the 7 wise Men of Greece; there were 3 of his sayings in Apollo's temple at Delphos. * **Nosce te ipsum, Nil nimium cupias, Comes æris alieni atq; litis est miseria.**
Chilocæmus, a Bridle or Halter; g.
Chilpericus, the ninth King of the Franks, a Monster of nature.
Chimæra, x, f. a City of Epirus, and Sicily, also a Mountain of Lycia, continually burning; on the top of it are Lyons, in the middle pastures with Goats, at the root of it Serpents. Whence it was called a monster spitting fire, with the head and breast of a Lyon, the belly of a Goat, and tail of a Dragon, said to be slain by Bellerophon, because he made the Mountain habitable. A Chimæra, Whimsy, an idle Story.
Chimeræus, a, um, of the Monster Chimæra.
Chimarus, a Brook in Argia.
Chimastrum, i, n. a Winter-garment, g.
Chimerii, a People of Asia, next the Amazones, and whosoever inhabit any cold Countries.
Chimerinus, a, um, of Winter or the shortest days, g.
Chimerium, a Mountain of Thesaly.
Chimelthum, and -tium, a Rife or Chil-blain, g.
Chimo, a Town in Egypt by the Mediterranean Sea.
Chinædes, a Kind of Fish.
Chinaphal, a River of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
Chiuna, a City of Dalmatia.
Chinus, i, m. a Writting of the Mouth in mockery.

Chione, a noted Harlot; also the Daughter of Deucalion, with whom Apollo and Mercury lay in one night; to Mercury she bore Autolycus, to Apollo Philammon.
Chionitæ, a People bordering on Persia.
Chios, an Island of the Aegean Sea, whence comes the best Mastick, and good wine and figs. Hence Apollo who had a Temple there is called Chius.
Chiradra, and **Chirades**, Ruptures in the Hands or Feet.
Chiragra, x, f. and **cheragra**, the Gout in the Hands, g.
Chiragricus, a, um, troubled with the Gout, g.
Chiramaxium, ii, g. a Child's coach to be drawn with the hand.
Chirca, Chirk in Denbighshire.
Chirchebeius, the Family Kirby.
Chirumbolum, i, g. a Beckoning or Token, chiefly when the Master of the Ship beckons to a Seaman.
Chiridota, x, f. a Garment with long Sleeves to cover the Hands, g.
Chiridotus, a, um, belonging to that Garment, g.
Chirocrates, the Name of a famous Architect.
Chirogilus and **Chirogenius**, ii, a Hedge-hog.
Chirogonia, a Name of Proserpine or Diana.
Chirographarius, a, um, of a Bill; hand-writing or Acquittance. * **Debitor chirographarius**, he that acknowledges a Debt by a Bill of his hand. * **Creditor chirographarius**, he that has but the Debtors bare Word for his Debt, and no Mortgage.
Chirographo, as, are, to write or set one's Hand, g.
Chirographia, x, f. a Hand-writing.
Chirographus, i, m. } a Hand-wri-
Chirographum, i, n. } ting.
Chirogylum, the Name of an Island in Pliny.
Chiomānica, Iron manicles, or hand-cuffs.
Chiomantes, is, } a Palm-tree,
Chiomantus, -ti, m. } that tells Fortunes by your Hand, g.
Chiomantia, x, f. Palmistry, g.
Chiomanticus, a, um, Erasmi. of Chiromancy, g.
Chirōmaxium, ii, a Sedan, or hand-litter. See **Chiramaxium**.
Chiron, onis, a Centaur, the Son of Saturn, who taught Physick to Esculapius, Musick to Apollo, Astronomy to Hercules.
Chironæon, or **ion**, ii, n. the great Centory, also Gentian or Fell-wort, g.
Chironius, a, um, of Chiron. * **Chironia vitis**, the wild or black Vine. * **Chironium ulcus**, a malignant Ulcer, a great Sore, especially in the Thighs and Feet.
Chirōnōmia, x, f. a Gesture with the Hand in dancing, pleading, &c.
Chironomica saltatio, a Morrice-dance, Mummery, g.
Chirōnōmus, i, m. he that teaches one gesture in dancing carrying of Meat, &c. a Morrice-dancer or Mummer, g.
Chirōpedæ, Gives of the Hands.
Chirōpedes, they that have Ruptures in their Feet.
Chirōtheca, x, [Xepθήκη] a Glove.
Chirotheca divæ Mariæ, the Lady's Glove.
Chirōthecaria, x, f. a Glover's Trade.
Chirō-

Chirōthēcārius, ii, m. a Glover.
 Chirōthēsia, x, f. the Laying on of Hands, g.
 † Chirrea, Inspiring or Breathing.
 Chirurgia, x, and -ce, ces, f. the Art of Surgery.
 Chirurgicus, a, um, g. of Surgery, or a Surgeon.
 Chirurgus, gi, m. a Surgeon, g.
 Chistotofagi, a People of Scythia.
 Chitis, an Island of Arabia.
 Chitone, or Chitonia, a Name of Diana.
 Chitux, a People of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
 Chitus, a Town in Thrace.
 Chius, a Cast at Dice. * Chius ad Coum, an unequal Comparison.
 Chius, a, um, of the Isle Chios.
 Chlena, g. an upper winter Garment.
 Chlāmydātus, a, um, g. cloathed with a Cloak.
 Chlāmydia, an Island amongst the Cyclades.
 Chlāmydula, x, f. a little Cloak.
 CHLĀMYS, ydis, f. [Χλαμύς] a short Cloak, or Soldier's Coat. * Chlamys purpurea, the General's Purple Coat.
 † Chlidōnes, a Woman's Ornament about the Neck or Arms.
 Chloë, a Surname of Ceres; also a Family of the Corinthians.
 Chloreus, a skilful Priest of Cybele.
 Chlōrio, and -on, ōnis, a Yellowhammer, g.
 Chlōris, idis, f. a Green finch, or Canary-bird, g.
 Chlōris, the Goddess of Flowers, called Flora; and a Daughter of Amphion, who bare Nestor unto Neleus.
 Chlōrites, g. a green precious Stone.
 † Chlorocarides, a Kind of Fish.
 † Chlōrosis, the Green-sickness.
 Chlorus, a River of Cilicia.
 Chlūnes, a Barren bog, g.
 Chna, the Country Phœnice.
 Chnaus, a, um, belonging to Chna.
 Chnavis, a City of Ægypt.
 † Choa, x, a Vessel wherein Liquor offered to Idols was put; also an Attick Measure. * Choa in triclinio, a good Soaker.
 † Choāna, an Ingot.
 Choana, a City of Media, Parthia, and Bactriana.
 Choani, a People of Arabia.
 Choar, the sixteenth King of the Sicyonii.
 Choaraxes, a Bound between Colchis and Armenia.
 Choarina, a Country of Parthia next of all to India.
 Choaspa, a City of Arachosia.
 Choaspes, a River of India, another of Media, whose Waters are so sweet, that the neighbouring Kings use no other for their Drink.
 Choaspites, g. a precious Stone, green and resplendent like Gold.
 Choatra, a Mountain of Asia.
 Choava, Coffee.
 Chobar, a River in Chaldaea, and a Town of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
 Chobara, a River of Albania.
 Chobus, a River of Colchis.
 Choche, a Town by the River Tygris.
 † Chocortis, Hocks or Mallows.
 Chodda, a City of Carmania.

† Choëmis, the Space of four Italian Miles among the Jews.
 Choënicion, g. a Surgeon's Instrument to take out little Bones, called also Modiolus; the Nave of a Wheel.
 Choënix, icis, f. a Quarter of a Peck, by which the Grecians daily measured the Corn for one Man. * Choënici ne insideas, don't turn Drone or Idle-pack, g.
 Choërades, a City of the Mosynœci; certain Isles of Ægypt, Italy, Pontus Euxinus, and the Balears; also Rocks before Eubœa, and other Places.
 Choëras, ādis, } the black top of a
 Cherada, x, f. } Rock appearing out
 of the Water; also the King's
 Evil, g.
 Choërilus, a good Poet of Samos, who wrote the Athenians Victory against Xerxes, and received from Archeaus, King of Macedon, a Piece of Gold for every Verse. Also a simple Poet, who wrote the Exploits of Alexander, from whom he received seven Pieces of Gold for seven Verses approved of, and a Box on the Ear for every one of the rest.
 Chœrillus, a Tragedian of Athens, said by some to be the first Inventer of Vizards, and Stage-apparel.
 † Chœrospēlethon, Garden Buglos.
 Choës, an Athenian Feast upon the twelfth of December, in Honour of Dionysius Lenæus.
 Choi, a People of Asia.
 Choicus, a, um, g. earthly, mortal.
 † Chōla, x, or -las, a precious Stone.
 † Chōlāgo, a Medicine purging Cholera.
 Cholargos, or Cholargi, a Village in the Tribe of Acamantis near Athens.
 Cholargeus, one of the Tribe of Cholargos.
 Chōlbesina, a Town of Sogdiana.
 Chōlēdocus, g. a Bladder of Gall.
 Chōlēra, x, f. Cholera; also the Choleric Passion, g.
 Chōlēricus, a, um, g. choleric.
 Choliambi, orum, g. Iambick Verses with a Spondee at last.
 Chōlicus, a, um, g. troubled with Cholera or the Cholick.
 Cholidæ, a Village in the Tribe Leontis.
 Cholidis, e, } of Cholidæ.
 Cholæus, a, um, }
 Cholinna, a City of Armenia major.
 Cholle, a Town of Palmyrene.
 Cholmadata, a City of Syria.
 Cholobetene, a part of Armenia, of which Tigranes was Governor.
 Cholœ, a Town in Cappadocia.
 † Chōlon, the long Gut. See Colon.
 Cholontichos, a City of Græcia.
 Chōlos, g. a Kind of Emerald; also lame.
 Cholua, two Cities of Armenia major.
 Chōma, ātis, n. a Shoar or Waterbank, g.
 Choma, a City of Lycia.
 Chomari, a People about Margiana or Bactriana.
 Chompso, an Island of Nilus, between Æthiopia and Ægypt.
 Chompotes, one of Chompso.

Chon, the Name of Hercules among the Ægyptians.
 Chondrilla, x, f. Wild Endive, or Gum Cicory, g.
 Chondrocōpium farreum, a Wheatmill, g.
 Chondros, a Grain of Frankincense, also a Gristle. * Chondros Xiphoides, the Gristle over the Mouth of the Stomach, g.
 Chondrosyndesmos, g. a gristly Conjunction.
 Chone, a City of the OEnotri.
 Chones, } the Inhabitants of Chone.
 Chonii, }
 Chonia, or Choris, a City of Calabria, called Belcastro.
 Chonodomārias, a King of the Algemani.
 Chonnobara, a Town of India within Ganges.
 Chōrāgium, ii, g. Masking-Apparel, Attire for the Scene, Furniture for any Business.
 Chōrāgus, i, m. the Keeper of the Scene-Apparel, a Setter out of Plays, a Leader of a Dance, g.
 Chōrālis, le [a chorus] belonging to the Quire.
 Choramæi, a wild People of Persia, so swift, that they will run down Stage.
 Chorāsmi, a People of Asia.
 Chōraules, x, is, or -la, m. a Piper with the Chorus, g.
 Chōraulistria, x, f. a good Dancer, g.
 Chorax, the fifteenth King of the Sicyonii.
 CHORDA, x, f. [Χορδή] a String of a Bow or Musical Instrument. * Eadem sæpius oberrare chordā, to be out often in the same Fault.
 Chordapsus, i, m. the Iliack Passion, or Twisting of the Guts, g.
 Chordiraca, a City of Mesopotamia.
 Chordūla, x, f. a little String.
 CHORDUS, a, um, [a Κωρῶδιος juvenilis] born or springing out of time. * Pecudes chordæ, a backward breed. * Chordum sænum, Latter-math.
 Chōrēa, x, f. a Dance of many together, a Ball, g.
 Chōreas, the Measure of ten Bushels.
 Chōreuma, ātis, g. a Song or Dance of many together.
 Chorepiscopus, i, g. a Bishop's Suffragan.
 Chōrēus, i, m. or chorius, a Trochee, or one long and one short Syllable, g.
 Chōreutes, is, or -x, m. a Dancer or Quire-man.
 Chōriambus, i, m. a Foot with the first and last Syllable long, and the two middle short, g.
 Choriensis petra, a Place in India.
 Chorinaus, a skilful Rutilian Darter, slain by Asylas a Trojan.
 Chorion, a thin Skin next under the dura mater, with which the Brain is clad; also the After-birth, g.
 Chorista, x, m. a Chorister.
 † Chōrizo, are, to dance in Company.
 Choroana, a small Country of Parthia.
 Chōrobates, x, g. a Measure twenty Foot long, a Mason's Rule, or the like.
 Cho-

Chorocitharista, æ, m. he that dances and plays on a Kit, g.
 Chorocitharistæ, arum, a Consort of Instruments and Voices.
 Chorodidascælus, li, m. a Dancing-Master.
 Chōroḡna, a City of Persia.
 Chōroebus, an Athenian, who first invented the making of Earthen Vessels; also a young Man to whom Priamus betrothed Cassandra.
 Chōrogrāphīa, æ, f. the Description of a Country, g.
 Chōrogrāphus, i, m. a Describer of Countries and Regions, g.
 Choromandæ, a People without Voice, making a horrid Noise, of hairy Bodies, grey Eyes, and Dog's Teeth.
 Chorolates, æ, m. the Chanter in a Quire, g.
 † Chors, ortis, f. a Yard, Barton, or Place where Poultry is kept. See Cors.
 Chorfa, a City of Armenia major.
 Chorfeus, a River of Palæstine.
 Chorsia, a Town of Boeotia.
 Chortacana, a City of Asia, taken by Alexander.
 Chortālis, le, of a Barton, Coop, or Hen-yard.
 Chortazo, a City of Ægypt.
 † Chorteus, ei, m. a thick, warm Coat.
 Chōrulus, li, m. a little Quire.
 CHORUS, i, m. [Χορὸς] a Quire, a Ball, a Company of Dancers or Singers. * Extra chorum saltare, to be out in Dancing. * In alieno choro pedem ponere, to have an Oar in another's Boat.
 Chorzena, a Country of Armenia major.
 Chorziani, a People of Asia about Persia.
 Chosreos, a King of Persia, famous for his Study in the Greek Philosophy.
 Chozala, a Town of Mauritania Cafariensis.
 Chrabaza, a City of Africa propria.
 Chremes, an old Man in Terence.
 Chremētes, a very great River of Libya.
 Chrendi, a People of Hircania.
 Chrestodemus, a Theban Historian.
 Chrestolōgus, using fair Words to small Purpose, who saith well, and doth ill, g.
 Chreston, g. the Herb Succory.
 Chrestus, a Sophister of Byzantium, who loved Wine, but in other Things very continent and vigilant, for though he were drinking till cock-crowing, he went to Study before he went to Bed; also an Approved Athenian Author.
 † Chrestus, a, um, Erasim. polluted.
 Chretina, a City of Lusitania.
 Chria, a practical Sentence, quoted out of an Author, with his Name added, an Exercise of Rhetorick, g.
 Chrima, ātis, n. Chrism, Unction, Anointing Oyl, Christianity, g.
 † Chrimo, are, to anoint.
 Chriſtianiſmus, i, m. } Chriſtiani-
 Chriſtianiſtas, ātis, f. } ty.
 Chriſtianus, i, m. [à Christus] a Christian.
 Chriſticōla, æ, c. [à Christus & colo] a Worshipper of Christ.
 Chriſtina, a Virgin of Italy, impri-

soned by her Father, delivered afterwards to the Tormentors, who when they could neither burn her, nor drown her, thrust her thorow with Darts in the time of Julian.
 Chriſtodorus, an Ægyptian Poet in the time of Cæſar Anaſtaſius.
 Chriſtophōrus, the hundred and eighteenth Pope of Rome, put down and imprisoned by Sergius; also one who is said to have propagated the Gospel in Lycia, and to be beheaded under Dioclesian.
 CHRISTUS, i, m. [Χριστός] Christ, the Messiah, Anointed, Saviour.
 Chrobata, or Corobata, a People about Dalmatia.
 Chroḡnia, ātis, n. a pleasant Musick, g.
 † Chromātiārii, having coloured and tanned Skins.
 Chromaticus, a, um, g. whose Colour never changes.
 † Chrombus, i, m. a Kind of Fish.
 Chromios, the Son of Neleus, slain with his ten Brothers in the Fight of the Pylis and Meſſenii against Hercules; also a Son of Priamus slain by Diomedes.
 Chromis, a Son of Hercules.
 Chromis, is, a Fish that makes her Nest in the Water.
 Chromius, the Name of an Argive.
 † Chroḡneolus, a, um, as rosa chroḡneola, a Musk Rose. See Coroḡneola.
 Chroḡnia, orum, n. Feasts of Saturn, g.
 Chroḡnica, orum, Chronicles, Annals, g.
 Chroḡnicālis, le, of Chronicles.
 Chroḡnici, orum, m. Registers, Chroniglers, g.
 Chroḡnicus, a, um, g. temporal, returning at a certain time, belonging to Chronicles.
 Chroḡniſſo, are, g. to tarry long in a Place.
 Chroḡnōgrāphīa, æ, f. the Writing of Chronicles, g.
 Chronographus, i, m. a Recorder of Times, g.
 Chroḡnōlēri, g. old Dotards.
 Chroḡnōlōgia, æ, f. Chronology, or Computing of Years, g.
 Chroḡnōlōgus, i, m. a Chronologer, or Computer of Times, g.
 Chroḡnus, g. Time, Saturn.
 Chronus, a River of Sarmatia Europæa.
 Chrysa, or -se, a Town of Cilicia.
 Chryſālis, a certain Worm, or Vermin, g.
 Chryſantes, a General of Cyrus's Army, who having lift up his Sword to kill an Enemy, and hearing the Trumpet sound a Retreat, held his Hand, for which he was commended by Cyrus.
 Chryſanthēmum, i, g. Crow-foot, Golden Flower. * Chryſanthemum Peruvianum, the Flower of the Sun. * Chryſanthemum ſegetum, Corn Marygold.
 Chryſanthus, a young Man of Alexandria, who lived a Virgin with his Wife Daira, became a Christian at Rome, was thrown into a Ditch, and stoned under Numerian.
 Chryſaor, the Father of Milasus; also the Son of Medusa by Neptune.
 Chryſaorius, a Surname of Jupiter.

Chryſaoris, a City of Caria, and sometimes Caria it self.
 Chryſacrus, a River that runs thro' the City Maſtaura in Libya.
 Chryſas, a River of Sicily, worshiped as a God by the Aſſorini, thro' whole Country it ran.
 Chryſalpidēs, um, g. Soldiers with Golden Shields.
 Chryſe, a Bay of the Eastern Sea; also an Island therein.
 Chryſei, g. Stars that cast light Beams.
 Chryſei, a People of India.
 Chryſeīs, idis, the Daughter of Chryſes.
 Chryſelectrum, g. yellow Amber, very apt to catch fire, a Kind of Jacynth.
 Chryſelectrus, a, um, g. of the Colour of yellow Amber.
 Chryſendēta, orum, n. Cups tipped with Gold, g.
 Chryſermus, a Corinthian Historian.
 Chryſertium, a Word made by Erasmus for a Cloyſter.
 Chryſes, a Priest of Apollo, Father of Aſtynome, called from him Chryſeis.
 Chryſeus, a, um, g. Golden.
 Chryſippa, a City of Cilicia, from Chryſippus the Founder.
 Chryſippānus, } of Chryſip-
 Chryſippeus, a, um, } pa.
 Chryſippus, the chief of the Stoick Philosophers, a most acute Logician, which made some say, that if the Gods had any Logick, it was that of Chryſippus; also the Names of divers others.
 Chryſites, æ, m. a Kind of precious Stone, an Ointment, g.
 Chryſtes, a Place in Macedonia, called now Siderocapſa.
 Chryſitis, idis, f. the Golden Foam of Lead tried; also the Herb Milfoil, g.
 Chryſius, a River of Dacia and Spain.
 Chryſo, are, g. to gild.
 Chryſoana, a City of India within Ganges.
 Chryſoaspides, dum, g. Knights with gilt Shields.
 Chryſoberillus, i, m. a Chryſtal like Gold, g.
 Chryſobullum, a Place about Tarſus.
 Chryſocalis, g. the Herb Parthenium.
 Chryſocarpum, g. a Kind of Ivy.
 Chryſoceras, a Promontory of Thrace.
 Chryſocolla, æ, f. Borace with which Goldsmiths ſolder, g.
 Chryſocōme, es, f. the Herb Crow-foot, g.
 Chryſocōmus, g. having golden Hair, g.
 Chryſoglottus, Erasim. silver-tongued, eloquent, g.
 Chryſogōnum, bringing forth Gold.
 Chryſogōnus, a Nobleman of Rome, martyr'd by Dioclesian, when the Promise of the Conſulſhip, and other Preferment could not turn him; and other Men.
 Chryſōgraphātus, a, um, damasked, or graven with Gold, g.
 Chryſolāchānum, g. the Herb Orage.
 Chryſolāmpis, is, f. a precious Stone, pale by Day, and bright by Night.
 Chryſolectrum, i, n. a Gem, in colour

colour not much differing from Amber.
Chrysolithus, i, m. a Chrysolite, g.
Chrysonallion, or -os, g. the Ram with the golden Fleece.
Chrysomelum, i, n. an Orange or Quince, g.
Chrysomitris, is, f. a Gold Finch, g.
Chryson, or -os, a kind of Fish, a Gilt Head.
† **Chryson ovi**, the Yolk of an Egg.
Chrysondium, a Town in Macedonia.
Chrysopastus, a, um, g. set with Gold.
Chrysophrys, g. a kind of Sea Fish.
Chrysopis, g. a precious Stone like Gold.
† **Chrysopleurus**, g. a kind of Fish.
Chrysoplysum, ii, n. the Place where Gold is washed or tryed, g.
Chrysopolis, a City in Bithynia, Cilicia, and a Promontory of Asia.
Chrysoplytes, g. a Gold Finer.
Chrysoprasus, and -se, a precious Stone like Gold, g.
Chrysopterus, m. a kind of Topaz, g.
Chrysorrhoea, a People so called from their Rivers bearing Gold, which gave Occasion to the Fable of the golden Fleece.
Chrysorrhoeas, the River Pactolus in Syria with golden Sands, occasioned by Midas washing there; also another in Bythinia, and Themiscyra.
Chrysos, g. Gold.
Chrysostomus, a Bishop of Constantinople in the time of Arcadius, and Honorius, so called from his excellent Eloquence; he died in Banishment, and after one and thirty Years was brought and interred there.
Chrysothales, g. the lesser Wall-pennywort.
Chrysothemis, the Daughter of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra.
Chrysotus, a, um, g. Gilded.
Chrysulca, g. Aqua-fortis.
Chrysum, one of the Mouths of the River Indus.
Chrysus, a River in Spain.
Chryxus, a General of the Boii, and Grandson to Brennus.
Chthonia, the Island Creet.
Chthonium, a Feast in Honour of Ceres amongst the Hermionenses.
Chthonopyle, a Woman who bore Philus unto Bacchus.
Chuba, a City of Asia.
Chuduca, a City of Babylonia.
Chullabi, a City of Africa propria.
Chuni, a People of Sarmatia.
Churix, a People of Lybia interior.
Churnettus, the River Churnet in Staffordshire.
Chus, the same among the Græcians as Congius among the Romans.
Chusanrathaim, a King of Mesopotamia.
Chusaris, a River of Lybia interior.
Chuta, a Country in Persia, whence Salmanasar brought People to inhabit Palestine.
† **Chutra**, as Chytra, a Pipkin.
Chuzis, a City of Africa propria.
† **Chya**, x, a Serpent's Den.
Chyda, a River of Sicily, and a Sea-Town of Lycia.
† **Chydæa**, a kind of Date Tree; also a ripe Date.
Chydæus, a, um, g. Vile, Vulgar.

* **Chydæum vinum**, Wine made of a Palm.
Chydorus, a River of Beœotia, drunk quite up by Xerxes's Soldiers.
† **Chydrea**, a kind of Palm.
Chylemarch, a River of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
CHYLUS, i, m. [Χυλός] the white juice of the first Concoction of Meat in the Stomach, the Chyle.
Chymosis, a Moisture in the Skin which encloses the Eyes, g.
Chynius, i, m. the Juice of the second Concoction, g.
† **Chyrrabus**, a kind of Bird.
Chytetie, a City of Macedonia.
Chyton, a small Country of Epirus.
Chytos, a Haven of Cyzicus.
Chytra, x, g. a Pipkin, Posnet, or Skillet.
Chytridium, g. a little Pot.
Chytri, a City of Cyprus; also an Athenian Feast, wherein they were wont to boyl all manner of Seeds together in a Pot.
Chytrinda, x, Hot Cockles; or how many Plumbs for a Penny; also he that plays at it, g.
Chytrium, a Place in Ionia.
Chytröpodium, ii, n. a Skillet, g.
Chytröpola, x, m. a Pot-seller, g.
Chytropolis, a small Country of Thrace.
Chytropos, pödis, m. a Posnet, Tri-vet, or Brandiron, g.

C I

C. J. C. for Caius Julius Cæsar.
Cia, Cxa, and Ceos, the Island Zea by Eubœa, not far from Attica.
Cii, the People of Cia, who maintained neither Harlots nor Fiddlers, as the Chii on the contrary were very effeminate. Non Chius sed Cius.
Ciabus, or Ciambus, a River of Dacia.
Ciacis, a City of Armenia minor.
Ciana, a City of Galatia.
Ciagesi, a People of Dacia.
† **Ciāmis**, a kind of Wood.
Cianica, a Town of Armenia.
Ciasa, a Town of Babylonia.
Cibalis, a City of Pannonia.
† **Cibālis**, le, belonging to Meat, Edible. * **Cibalis fistula**, the Gullet.
Cibarci, a People of Spain.
Cibāria, orum, n. [a cibus] Food or Fodder.
Cibaritis, a Country of Asia.
Cibarium, ii, n. Food, also Bran.
Cibarius, a, um, of Meat. * **Cibarius esse alicujus**, to Table in a Man's House. * **Cibarius panis**, Household Bread. * **Cibarium vinum**, Common Wine. * **Cibarius homo**, A mean Man.
Cibātorius, a, um, belonging to Victuals.
† **Cibātus**, a, um, Fed.
Cibātus, us, m, a Feeding, Victualing. * **Gratissimo in cibatu habent**, they esteem it delicate fare.
† **Cibeus**, ei, m. a River.
Cibicida, x, [a cibus & cædo] a Carver of Meat; also a greedy Gut.
Gibilitani, a People of Spain.
† **Cibilla**, a Round Table.
Cibinium, a City of Dacia, called Hermanstad.
Cibo, are, to feed or nourish.
Ciborium, -or -tium, ii, n. the Leaf

of the Bean Colocasia, a Cup made thereof, a little Coffer, a drinking Cup like a Bean, the Pyx wherein the Host is kept, g.
† **Cibositas**, Plenty of Victuals.
Cibosus, a, um, full of Meat.
† **Cibotides**, a kind of Fish.
Cibotus, the City of Apamia in Asia.
CIBUS, i, m. [a Kιβος] Meat, Food, Sustenance, Nourishment.
* **Cibus anceps**, which is good for one and naught for another. * **Deorum cibus**, Sumptuous Cheer.
* **Es flamma cibum petere**, to do any thing for one's living. * **In cibo est homini**, 'tis Man's Meat. * **In or ad cibos non admittitur echinus**, is not fit to be eaten.
† **Cibutum**, a Chest.
Cibyra, a City of Phrygia major and Cilicia.
CICADA, x, f. [Kικα vel 2 sono] a small Hot Country Insect singing on the Top of Trees; also a Grasshopper.
Cicatricæ, are, [a cicatrix] to beat up into a Scar, to cicatrize.
Cicatricosus, a, um, full of Scars and Bitches.
Cicatricula, x, f. a little Scar.
CICATRIX, icis, f. [q. cicatrix vel a Kικω valeo] a Scar, also a Chop in the Bough of a Tree.
* **Cicatrices ostentare**, to shew the Marks of one's Manhood. * **Inducere cicatricem**, to skin a Wound over. * **Refricare cicatricem**, to rip up an old sore. * **Cicatrices in statu**, the Hatchings wherein the Gilding sticks.
† **Cicatrizo**, are, to heal, so that nothing but a Scar appears.
Ciccum, i, n. the tender Rind of a Pomegranate.
Ciccus, i, m. a young Grasshopper, g.
CICER, eris, n. [a Kικος robur, vel Heb. Kikar massa, pars rotunda] a Vetch, a small Pea. * **Cicer Arietinum**, chick Pease. * **Ciceris emptor**, one that fares hardly.
Cicera, x, f. the yellow wild Vetch.
† **Cicerbita**, x, f. a Sow Thistle.
Cicercula, x, f. the flat Pea, or Pease everlasting.
Cicerculum, i, n. a kind of Colour called Sinoper.
M. T. Cicero, the most Famous of all the Roman Orators, and a great Philosopher.
Ciceronianus, a, um, of Cicero.
M. Cicero, the Son of T. Cicero, called Bicongius, by reason of his Drunkenness; he did nothing worthy of his Father, but that he adhered obstinately to the Murderers of Cæsar.
Q. Cicero, Brother of Marcus, Cæsar's Ambassador into France.
† **Cicerus**, a, the Land Crocodile.
Cicestria, x, or Neomagus, the City Chichester in Suffex.
† **Cichla**, a kind of Fish.
Cichoreum, i, n. } Cichory, or Succory,
Cichorium, i, n. } cory, the wild Endive, g.
Cichirus, a Town of Thesprotia.
Cici, indec, n. an Egyptian Tree, g.
Cicianthi, a People of Scythia Alatica.
Ciciliam, a City of Spain.
† **Cicilindrum**, a kind of Pulse and Roots.
Cicimeni, a People about Mæotis.

- CICINDELA**, *x*, *f*. [*à cis & can-
deo*] a Glow-worm.
† **Cicindelus**, and *-la*, a Lamp or
Torch.
† **Cicipia**, *x*, *f*. a Small Italian
Serpent.
† **Cicinnatus**, *a*, *um*, for Cincin-
natus.
Cicinum oleum, [*à cici*] Oyl of the
Seed Palma Christi.
† **Cicis**, the little Skin about an Ap-
ple Kernel.
† **Ciculum**, the Eye-lid.
† **Ciculus**, a Circle, the Ring of a
Chain.
Cicōnes, a People of Thrace, whom
Ulysses subdued after he came from
Troy.
† **Ciconeum**, *ei*, a Crane to draw
up Water.
CICONIA, *x*, *f*. [*à sono*] a Stork;
also a Crane or Snipe; and a Scoff,
by holding ones Finger like a Stork's
Bill, a kind of Measure in Colum.
Ciconinus, *a*, *uni*, of a Stork.
Ciconium, a Promontory near Bos-
phorus, called Cornio.
Ciconius, the Name of him that built
Brixia.
† **Cicotacia**, *x*, a certain Herb.
† **Cicuba**, a Weed hurtful to Corn.
† **Cicumā**, *x*, a Night Crow.
Cicurio, *ire*, [*à sono*] to clock like
a Hen.
CICUR, *uris*, *adi*. [*à cis & curro*]
Tame, Gentle. * **Cicur ingeni-
um**, gentle Nature or Disposi-
tion.
Cicuro, *are*, to make tame.
Cicurris, a Hog bred of a wild Boar
and tame Sow.
Cicus, or *-um*, [*à Klaus robur, vel
Klaus discrimen*] the Skin that di-
vides the Grains in a Pomegranate.
CICUTA, *x*, *f*. [*q. cæcuta, vel a
cicus, &c.*] Hemlock, a Kex, a
Reed; also the Stalk between two
Knots, and a Shepherd's Pipe.
Cicuta, the Name of a very covetous
Usurer.
† **Cicutaria**, *x*, the same as Myr-
rhis.
† **Cicuticen**, or *-cina*, a Piper on a
Reed.
† **Ciculus**, *a*, *um*, Courteous.
Cicynethus, an Island of Macedo-
nia, call'd Pontico.
† **Cidāna**, *-dina*, and **Cædina**, a Pit
where Prisoners were set to dig
Stones.
† **Cidāris**, *is*, *f*. a Persian shash, or
Turbant, the High Priest's Mitre.
Cidonium, *ii*, a Quince. See Cy-
donium.
Ciens, *ntis*, stirring up.
CIEO, *civi*, *itum*, *iere*, [*à cio,
vel cis & eo*] to stir up, provoke,
cause to call upon, blame, Repel.
* **Manes carminibus ciere**, to
raise the dead. * **Agmen ciere**,
to raise an Army. * **Alvum ciere**,
to move to Stool.
Cieor, *eri*, to be moved.
Cierium, a City of Boeotia.
† **Cignitus**, *is*, the drenching or cry-
ing of a Swan.
Cilbianum, a City of Asia by the
River Cayster.
Cilbicini, a People of Spain.
Cilbus, a River in Spain.
Cileni, a People of Spain.
† **Ciliatus**, *a*, *uni*, having fair
Brows.
- Cilicene**, a City of Pannonia infe-
rior.
Cilicia, a very noted Country of Asia,
commonly call'd Caramania, it a-
bounds very much in Saffron. The
People were noted for Piracy and
Lying, which occasioned the Proverb,
Cilix non facile verum dicit.
Cilicinus, *a*, *um*, [*à cilicium*]
made of Hair, or Hair Cloth.
Cilicium, *ii*, *n*. [*à cilicius*] a
Hair Cloth, with which the Arabi-
ans made their Tents, a Strainer,
Boulter or Sieve.
Cilicius, *a*, *um*, [*à cilix*] Cilician;
also of Hair or Woollen Cloth.
Cilimbessii, a People of Corsica.
† **Cilindrum**, a kind of Herb or
Pulse.
† **Cilindrus**, for Cylindrus.
Terra Cilissa, Cilicia.
Cilissa, a City of Phrygia, or there-
abouts.
Cilissa hedera, the sharp pricking
Bind Wood or Ivy.
CILIUM, *ii*, *n*. [*à cilleo vel celo*]
the Eye-lid; also the Hair of the
Eye-lid.
Cilium, a City of Africa.
† **Cilius**, *a*, *um*, Ash-colour.
Cilix, *icis*, *adj*. one of Cilicia; also
the Son of Phœnix.
Cilla, a City of Africa propria, and
other Places.
Cillaba, a City of Africa.
† **Cillæ**, a City of Thrace.
† **Cilleo**, *ere*, to stir, move, twin-
kle.
† **Cilliba**, a Dining Table.
† **Cillibas**, a Rest for the Shield.
† **Cillo**, *is*, the same as Cilleo.
† **Cillones**, or **Cyllones**, obscene
Minstrels.
Cillus, a Coachman of Pelops.
Cilma, a City of Africa propria.
Cilmana, a City about the Bay of
Gades.
Cilnius, a Surname of Mæcenus.
CILO, *onis*, *n*. [*à Κεφαλή caput,
vel Κίραδος asinus*] one that has a
high Crown like a Sugar Loaf, or a
great Forehead.
Cilurnum, **Cillurinum**, **Collerton**,
or **Collerford** in Northumber-
land.
Cima, *x*, the top of an Herb. See
Cyma.
† **Cimacia**, *orum*, Things that be
Four Square.
† **Cimacium**, *ii*, a Crown.
† **Cimædia**, *x*, a white Gem in a
Fishes Head.
Cimæus, a Mountain about Troas.
Cinara, a City of India without
Ganges.
† **Cimbālāris**, *ris* *f*. an Herb grow-
ing in Stone Walls somewhat like
Ivy.
† **Cimbices**, Niggards that make
much of a little.
Cimbina, a City of Media.
Cimbri, a People of Germany whose
Country is call'd Cimbrica Cherfo-
neus.
† **Cimbuni**, the bottom of an Earthen
Pot.
† **Cimelia terra**, a kind of Earth
used in Physick.
Cimeliarches, and *-cha*, *x*, *m*. a
Church Warden, or Master of the
Jewel House, *g*.
Cimeliarchium, *ii*, *n*. a Jewel House
or Vestry, *g*.
- Cimelium**, *ii*, *n*. a Cabinet of Rari-
ties, *g*.
CIMEX, *icis*, *m*. [*Kis*] a Wood Louse,
or Teek in a rotten Post.
Cimicāria, *x*, *f*. the Herb Flea-bane.
† **Cimicia**, *x*, *f*. a kind of Herb.
† **Cimico**, *are*, to swarm, with Pe-
nies or Wood Lice.
† **Cimicōsus**, *a*, *um*, full of Fleas or
Flies.
† **Cimile**, *lis*, *n*. a Basin or Ewer.
Ciminus, a Lake and Mountain in
Italy.
† **Cimiterium**, for Cœmiterium.
Cimnērii, a Northern People; also
the People in Italy in deep Vallies
or Caves, who seldom or neuer
see the Sun. Hence the Proverb,
Cimmeriæ tenebræ, thick darkness.
Cimnēris, a City of Troas; also a
Mother of the Gods amongst the
Cimmerii in Asia.
Cimmerium, a Town of Asia by
Bosporus Cimmerius.
Cinolia terra, [*à cinolus*] Fullers
Earth.
Cinolis, a Town of Paphlagonia.
Cinulus, an Island of the Cretian
Sea.
Cimon, an Athenian, the Son of
Miltiades, famous for his Liberali-
ty, who made great Provision for the
Poor, he first set up Schools at A-
thens, as Pythagoras in Italy; also
several others.
Cinædicus, *a*, *um*, *g*. Wanton.
Cinædior, and *-us*, more wicked or
impudent.
† **Cinædius**, a kind of Fish.
Cinædocolpitarum mons, a Moun-
tain in Arabia fælix.
Cinædopolis, an Isle of Doris.
Cinædulus, a pretty impudent Dan-
cer.
Cinædus, *i*, *m*. a Sodomite, a Cata-
mite, *g*.
Cinzi, a People about Libanus and
Amanus.
Cinatius, a Promontory of Pello-
ponnesus.
Cinambri, a People of Illyrium.
Cināmōlogus, *i*, a Bird that makes
her Nest with Cinnamon.
Cinandra, *x*, *f*. a Fox, *g*.
CINARA, *x*, *f*. [*Κινάρα*] an Ar-
tichoke. * **Cinara Rustica**, Fullers
teazle.
† **Cinaroides**, a kind of Fish.
Cincenses, a People of Spain.
Cincia, a Place in Rome where a
Monument was erected in Honour of
the Cincii.
L. Q. Cincinnatus, a Roman taken
from the Plough to be a Dictator.
Cinnannalis, *lis*, [*sc. herba*] Basse
or flat Vervain, or Ladies Hair.
† **Cinnannātulus**, *a*, *um*, Tufted.
Cinnannatus, *a*, *um*, having curled
Locks.
CINCINNUS, *i*. a curled Lock.
* **Cincinnati Oratoris**, fine Flou-
rishes and Ornaments with which an
Orator decks his Oration.
Cincius, a Pretor who governed Si-
cily in the second Punick War; also
a Senator who wrote of Military
Discipline.
Cinclidæ, *arum*, the Rails about the
Judgment-seat, Chancel or Altar, *g*.
† **Cinclidarius**, *ii*, a Keeper of the
Rolls, or Monuments and Records.
Cinclis, *idis*, *f*. a kind of Door; also
a Key-hole, *g*.

Cinclus, i, m. a Wag-tail or Dish-wash.
Cincomagus, a Town by the Alps.
Cincticulus, i, m. [a cinctus] a kind of Garment girt about the Navel.
† **Cincticulus**, a, um, neatly Girt.
† **Cinctim**, adv. Strictly.
Cinctorium, ii, n. [a cinctus] a Girdle or Girth.
† **Cinctus**, arum, a kind of Images.
Cinctura, æ, f. a Girding.
Cinctus, a, um, [of cingor] girded, compassed, beset with. * **Alte cinctus**, a stout Soldier with his Coat tucked up. * **Cinctus ferro**, wearing a Sword and Belt. * In alia militia cinctus, lifted in another Company. * Male cinctus male sanctus, Ungirt, Unblest'd.
Cinctus, us, m. [of cingo] a Girdle, a Mode or Fashion.
Cinctutus, a, um, [a cinctus] wearing a Waste Belt, ready to fight.
Cindalifinus, the Play at Quoits, or Dust Point, g.
Cindalopectes, m. he that plays at Dust Point, g.
Cindaphe, f. a Fox, g.
Cindapsus, a kind of musical Instrument or a Bird, g.
† **Cindator**, oris, m. a Cogger, or Inchanter.
Cindia, a Town of India without Ganges.
Cindra, a People of Thrace.
Cineas, a Thessalian, and Familiar of King Pyrrhus, of an exceeding good Memory, who when he was Ambassador at Rome, did call all the Senators and Knights by their Names; and being asked what he thought of the Senate and City, said, that the Senate seemed to him an Assembly of Gods, and the People of Lyræan Hydræ's.
† **Cinēfacio**, ere, to bring to Ashes.
† **Ciner**, m. a Coal.
Cineraceus, a, um, [a cinis] of Ash-colour.
Cineralia, orum, [a cinis] Ash-Wednesday, on the first Day of Lent.
Cinērarius, ii, m. [a cinis] a Tire-man, or Wash-Ball-maker.
Cinereus, a, um, of or like Ashes. * **Cinerea vitis**, a Hedge Vine.
† **Cinērica**, cæ, an Ash-colour'd Bird.
Cinēricus, a, um, as Cinereus; also baked under Ashes.
† **Cinermi**, little Fishes.
† **Cinērōsus**, a, um, full of Ashes.
† **Cinērulentus**, a, um, the same.
Cinesias, a Theban Writer of Dithyrambicks.
† **Cinētinda**, a kind of Play where the Forfeiture was a Kiss.
† **Cinetus**, i, m. the Thickness of Clouds.
Cinga, a River in Spain.
† **Cingali**, Beggars, Vagrants, Gypsies.
† **Cingillum**, i, n. a little Girdle.
† **Cingillus**, i, m. a Stomacher.
CINGO, xi, ctum, ere, [Zovvōv vel a con & ago] to gird, compass about, tuck up. * **Cingi cum aliquo**, to be joyned with one. * **Urbem mœnibus cingere**, to wall a Town. * **Cingere sylvam**, to peel the Trees in a Wood. * **Aonium nemus marte cingere**, so to attend upon the Wars as not to forget the Muses.
† **Cingria**, æ, f. a short and shrill Pipe.

Cingula, æ, f. [a cingo] a Horse-girth, or Sur-cingle.
Cingulari, the Inhabitants of Cingulum.
Cingularius, ii, m. a Girdler.
† **Cingulatus**, i, a kind of Shoe.
Cingulatus, a, um, Girded.
† **Cinguli**, orum, People slender about the Waste or Girdlebead.
Cingulum, a City of Picenum.
Cingulum, i, n. } [a cingo] a Gir-
Cingulus, i, m. } dle; also a Sea-
Herb like a Girdle; also a Ring.
* **Cingulo spoljare**, to put out of Office.
Ciniara, a strong Castle in Galatia built by Mithridates.
† **Cinifex**, a kind of Bird.
Ciniflo, onis, m. [a cinis & flo] a Blower of Coals, a curler or frizler of the Hair; also a Chymist, and an Ornament for the Head, g.
Ciniphes, [Κνίπης] little Flies or Gnats, cruelly stinging.
CINIS, eris, m. and f. [Κόινς] Ashes, Embers, Cinders, the Relicks of the Body from the funeral Pile.
* **Cinis lixivius**, Lye made of Ashes.
* **Post cineres**, after Death. * **Dare pœnas cineri alicujus**, to suffer Punishment for an Offence committed against the Ghost of a Person deceased.
† **Cinisculus**, i, small Ashes.
Cinium, a Town of the greater Balearis.
Cinna, a City of Italy, and of other Places; also a cruel Roman who in his first Consulship slew his Fellow Octavius, and in his 4th Consulship was stoned, to Death at Ancona; also a learned Poet; and several other Men.
Cinnabari, n, g. } Vermilion.
Cinnabaris, is, f. }
Cinnāmeus, a, um, Smelling of Cinnamon.
Cinnamologus, g. a Bird that makes her Nest of Cinnamon.
Cinnānominus, a, um, of Cinnamon.
Cinnāmun, }
Cinnamomum, i, n. } Cinnamon, g.
Cinnamus, i, the Name of a Barber; also an Historian who in brief wrote the Life of Johannes Comnenus, Emperor of Constantinople.
† **Cinnāris**, ra, or cinare, an Herb which is a Remedy to a Stag against Poison.
Cinnarus, a Celinusian who got much Wealth by pimping, which he promised to dedicate to Venus; but when he died the People shared it, which caused the Proverb, Rapina rerum Cinnari, ill gotten ill gone.
Cinniana, a City of Spain and Portugal.
† **Cinniligium**, ii, n. a Girdle which the Bride wore.
† **Cinnōmāron**, i, n. Oil of Lillies.
† **Cinnurides**, a sort of little Birds.
CINNUS, i, m. [Κυνέωv] a Medley, or Gallinawfrey; also a Gesture or Nad, Plaiting of the Hair.
† **Cino**, ere, to move.
Cinotus, a City of Doris.
Cinterna, a City of Africa propria.
† **Cinsus**, a kind of Money.
† **Cinum**, i, the Brow or Eye-lid.
Cinura, æ, f. a kind of musical Instrument, g.
† **Cinus**, a kind of Tree.
† **Cinxius**, a, um, of a Girdle or Girding.

Cinkia, a Name of Juno, the reputed Patroness of Brides.
Cinyphes, the People of Cinyps.
Cinyphus, a, um, of Cinyps.
Cinyps, and **Cinyphus**, a River in Africa near the Garamantes, once full of Goats.
Cingra, æ, f. a Lute or Harp.
Cinyras, a very rich Man, whence the Proverb, Cinyræ opes; also a King of Phœnicia, who kept his Court at Byblos; also a King of Cyprus, the Son of Celia, who by the subtilty of the Nurse lay with his own Daughter Myrrha unawares.
Cinyria, a Town of Cyprus.
Cinyrus, a Mountain of Picenum.
CIO, ivi, itum, [a Kiw eo vel Xivido] to move, divide.
† **Cionocranum**, the Head of a Pillar.
Cios, a Mart Town of Phrygia; also a River by it, and a City of Bithynia, called afterwards Prusias.
† **Ciparillus**, i, the Name of an Herb.
† **Cipharius**, ii, a Cup-maker.
Ciphra, æ, f. a Cipher, Syr.
† **Ciphus**, i, m. a Cup.
CIPPUS, i, m. [ab heb. Kaph curvatura vel Kepha petra] the Pillar of a Monument, a Horse-block; also the Stocks or Pillory, a Mile Mark.
Cippus, the Name of a noble Roman, who having vanquished his Enemies, and returning home, was told by the Soothsayers, that if he entered Rome, he should reign there; therefore calling the People and Senate together without the Walls, and declaring his Mind, he willingly banished himself into one Acre of Ground.
† **Cipria**, æ, a kind of Colour.
† **Cira**, æ, a Fox.
Ciranus, corruptly, for Coeranus.
† **Ciras**, a Lance Man.
CIRCA, [a circus] præp. (relating to time or place) About, Nigh to, By, Against. * **Circa Demetrium**, about the Time of Demetrius. * **Circa occultandum eloquentiam**, in dissembling his Wit. * **Varia circa hæc opinio**, there were several Opinions about it. * **Per insequentes dies circa singulas heminas**, every Day after nine Ounces.
Circes, adv. round about.
Circæa, g. [a circe] the Herb Nightshade, or Inchanter.
Circæum, } a Promontory in Italy.
Circeium, } called Monte Circello.
† **Circæa**, or -ia, a Kite that fetcheth a Compass in flying up, also a Needle.
† **Circæneus**, a, um, Fetching a Compass.
Circe, es, the Daughter of Sol and Perse, a notable Witch, who poison'd her Husband, a King of the Sarmatians, and being expell'd by her Subjects, fled into Italy, where she turn'd Ulysses's Companions into Swine, and for his sake restored them again, and bore him Telegonus.
Circellum, i, n. a little Ring or Compass.
Circerienses, ium, the Inhabitants of the Hill Circeium.
Circenses ludi, Roman Games of Wrestling, Running, Tournament, &c. in the Honour of Consul, Gods of Counsels.
Circensis, fe, [a circus] belonging to round running. * **Circense tomentum**, coarse Flocks, or stuffs of Chaff, &c. † C.R.

† **Circerus**, i, m. and um, n. a great ship used in Asia.
 † **Circēs**, is, m. a Hoop of Iron.
Circēs domus, a Town in Italy.
Circēssium, a City by Euphrates, where is the Tomb of the Emperor Gordianus.
Circēus, a, um, Eras. of Circe.
 † **Circiæ**, the Sun-beams.
Circidius, a River of Corsica.
Circinatio, ōnis, f. [à circino] a turning round in a Circle.
Circinatio, adv. in a Circle, with a Circumference.
 † **Circinātor**, ōris, m. a Basket-bearer.
Circinātus, a, um, compassed, rounded. * **Circinatum tympanum**, the Mariner's Compass.
Circino, are [à circinus] to measure with a pair of Compasses. * **Auras circinare**, to fly round about.
 † **Circinūlus**, i, m. a little Compass.
Circinus, i, m. [à circus] a pair of Compasses.
 † **Circion**, ii, Bugloss, or Langue de bœuf.
Circiter [relating to number or time] about, nigh unto, almost. Prep. [à circa].
Circiter, adv. about.
 † **Circito**, are, to compass about.
 † **Circitores**, those that go the rounds; also Pawn-brokers. * **Dux circitorum**, the Captain of the Watch.
 † **Circuitura**, the same as Circuitio.
Circius, part of Mount Taurus.
Circius [à circum] a Whirlwind, a Wind proper to Gallia Narbonensis; also Dizziness.
Circus, in Virgil for circulus.
 † **Circo**, are, to go about, compass or search about.
 † **Circopa**, he that contends, or looks about.
 † **Circopaticus**, a kind of Monkey or Baboon.
 † **Circopus**, he that sells or makes Ointments.
Circos, g. a Hawk lame of one foot; also a precious Stone like to Wreaths or Circles.
Circueo, ivi, itum, the same as circumeo.
Circuitio, ōnis, f. a compassing, going about, going the rounds. * **Circuitione uti**, to go about the Bush.
Circuitor, or **Circitor**, ōris, m. the Viewer of Watches; he that sells Garments about the Streets, a Pedlar, a Basket-bearer.
Circuitus, a, um [of circueor] gone about.
Circuitus, ūs, m. a Going round, a Circuit, Race. * **Circuitus febris**, the coming of a Fit of an Ague.
 * **Circuitus orationis**, a Period.
Circulāris, re [à circulus] of a Circle, round.
Circulātim, adv. by circles or circle-wise.
Circulator, ōris, m. a Jester or Juggler, a Mountebank.
 † **Circulatorium**, a Kind of Alembick.
Circulatorius, a, um, of Jesters, Jugglers or the like. * **Circulatoria jactatio**, the impudent boasting of a Mountebank upon the Stage.
Circulatrix, icis, f. a Woman that sings ballads, or shews any sights, or tricks.
 † **Circuli**, the Pipes of the Lungs.
Circulo, are, to compass in a Ring, to prate at random.

Circulus, i, m. [à circus] a Circle, the Cycle of the Sun, a Ring of People, a Hoop. * **Circulos conficere**, [of the Stars] to perform their course.
Circum [à circus] prep. about. * **Mittere circum amicos**, to send all about to one's Friends.
Circum, adv. round about, on all sides. * **Collo dare brachia circum**, to loll or clip.
 † **Circumactālis**, le, turned about with ease.
Circumactio, ōnis, f. [à circum-
Circumactus, ūs, m. } agor] a Turning round.
 † **Circumaggeratio**, ōnis, f. a ditching about, or making a rampire.
Circumaggero, are, to cast a Heap about.
 † **Circumāgito**, are, to compass about.
Circumāgo, ēgi, actum, to turn round, pursue, set at liberty. * **Circumagere se**, to turn this way or that way. * **Circumagit se annus**, the Year runs about.
Circumāgor, gi, to be driven about, pursued, or made free.
 † **Circumambulatio**, ōnis, f. a walking about.
 † **Circumambulo**, are, to walk round.
 † **Circumāmicto**, are, to cloath about often.
 † **Circumāmictus**, a, um, cloathed about.
 † **Circumārens**, ntis, dried all about.
Circumāro, arare, to plow or till round about.
 † **Circumaspectio**, ōnis, f. a Looking about.
 † **Circumaspetto**, are, to look about.
Circumaspicio, exi, ctum, to look round about.
 † **Circumcæsurā**, or **circumcifura**, the setting out of Images at Funerals resembling the Dead.
Circumcelliones, um, m. [à circum & cella] Ale-house-hunters, Night-walkers, a kind of wandering and desperate Hereticks.
Circumcido, di, sum [à circum & cædo] to circumcise, prune trees.
Circumcingo, xi, ctum, to compass about.
Circumcircā, adv. round about, on every side.
Circumcise, adv. briefly, in a few words.
Circumcisio, ōnis, f. Circumcision, a pairing round, or cutting away.
 † **Circumcisor**, ōris, m. a Clipper of Coin.
 † **Circumcissura**, æ, f. a Cutting round.
Circumcludo, si, sum [à circum & claudo] to enclose about. * **Circumcludere aliquid argento ab labris**, to tip a thing with silver.
Circumcolo, ere, to dwell about.
Circumculco, are [à circum & calco] to trample over.
Circumcoluminium, a Place set about with Pillars.
 † **Circumcumbo**, ere, to sit, or lye round about.
Circumcurro, ere, to run up and down.
Circumcurso, are, to run about: to and fro.
Circumdatio, ōnis, f. a putting on of Apparel.
Circumdatus, a, um, encompassed.
Circumdo, are, to encompass.

R R R R

† **Circumcūtio**, I shake about.
Circumdūco, ere, to lead about.
Circumēo, ire, to go about, turn about. * **Circumire singulos**, to pass through all round. * **Omnes circumire Cæsares**, to record all the Cæsars in order.
Circumēquito, are, to ride about.
 † **Circumerrābundus**, a, um, wandering about.
 † **Circumerratio**, ōnis, a straying about.
Circumerro, are, to wander about.
Circumeundus, [of circumeor] to be gone about.
Circumferentia, æ, f. a Circumference, Circuit or Compass.
Circumfero, ferre, to carry about. * **Purā undā circumferre**, to purify by sprinkling. * **Qui circumfertur nomine**, who goes under the Name of. * **Illud circumfert fama**, that is much talk'd of. * **Ad nutum licentium circumferri**, to be for him that bids most.
Circumfirmo, are, to strengthen on all parts, hedge, fortify.
Circumflecto, xi, um, to bend or turn round.
 † **Circumflectio**, ōnis, f. a turning round.
Circumflexus, a, um [of circumflector] bent round.
Circumflexus, ūs, m. a bowing round, a Circumflex.
Circumflo, are, to blow on all sides.
Circumfluo, ere, to flow round, or crowd together. * **Divitiis circumfluit**, he is very rich. * **Circumfluxit nos cervorum multitudo**, a Herd of Harts encompassed us.
Circumfluus, a, um, flowing about.
Circumfodō, ere, to dig about.
Circumforāneus, ei, m [à circum & forum] a Mountebank, Juggler.
Circumforāneus, a, um, which may be carried about, or going about.
Circumforo, are, to bore holes round about.
Circumfractus, a, um, broken about.
Circumfremens, ntis, raging and roaring all about.
Circumfrēmo, ere, to make a noise all about.
Circumfrico, are, to rub about.
 † **Circumfugio**, ere, to fly about.
Circumfulgen, ere, to shine about.
Circumfundo, ere, to pour out round about one. * **Circumfundit me luxuria**, riot hath supplied me with superfluities. * **Circumfundere hostes**, to lay flat the Enemies on all sides.
Circumundor, di, to be poured about. * **Ne lac circumfundatur**, that it run not over.
Circumfusio, ōnis, f. a shedding abroad on every side.
Circumfusus, a, um, comprehended, compassed about, spread or lying round about. * **Circumfusa undique molestia**, troubles on all sides.
Circumgelatus, a, um, frozen about.
Circumgemo, ere, to roar about.
Circumgesto, are, to carry about.
Circumglōbo, are, to heap up in round lumps.
Circumgredior, di, to march about.
Circumgressus, ūs, m. a fetching a Compass, or going about.
Circumhūmātus, a, um, earthed, interred.

Circum.

Circumjicio, ere, to cast about.
 * Circumjicere vallum, to make a Trench about.
 Circumjaceo, ere, to lye round about.
 Circumjectus, ūs, m. a casting round.
 * Rudis parietum circumjectus, an Enclosure made with Walls unartificially built.
 Circumjicio, ōnis, f. [à circum] a Reach or Compass, going round about in a Discourse.
 Circumlabo, ere, to lick about.
 Circumlatro, are, to carp, or bark round about.
 Circumlarus, a, um [of circumferor] carried about.
 Circumligo, are, to tie about.
 Circumlino, ere, } to anoint round,
 Circumlino, ere, } oversmear, daub.
 † Circumlitio, ōnis, f. a daubing round.
 Circumlöcutio, ōnis, f. a speaking any thing by fetching it about.
 Circumlucens, ntis, glittering.
 Circummiffus, a, um, sent round about.
 Circumluo, ere [à circum & lavo] to wash about.
 † Circumlüvio, and -ium, a rising of Water round a place.
 Circummitto, ere, to send all round about.
 † Circummönitus, a, um, compassed round about, walled about.
 Circummulceo, ere, to flatter, or stroak all about.
 Circummünio, ire, to fortify on all sides.
 Circummünitio, ōnis, f. a Fortification on all sides.
 Circummünitus, a, um, defended on all sides.
 Circummürānus, a, um, about the Walls. * Circummürana pericula, in scaling the Walls.
 Circumnascor, sci, to grow round.
 Circumobruo, ui, ūtum, to overwhelm with Earth.
 Circumpactus, a, um [of circum-pangor] set round about.
 Circumpadānus, a, um, about the River Po.
 Circumpango, egi, actum, to ram down all about.
 Circumpävio, ire, to pave round.
 Circumpävitus, a, um, paved, or rammed down all over.
 Circumpēdes, um [à circum & pes] Pages, Lacquies.
 † Circumplecto, ere, to fold about.
 Circumplector, ti, to embrace, encompass, or comprize. * Circumplecti alterius patrimonium, to take away by Extortion.
 Circumplexus, us, m. an embracing or compassing about.
 Circumplexus, a, um, Gell. environed.
 † Circumplēctio, ōnis, f. a folding about.
 Circumplicatus, a, um, twisted about.
 Circumplico, are, to fold or wrap about.
 Circumpōno, ere, to lay, or put [a bout].
 † Circumporto, are, to carry about.
 Circumpotatio, ōnis, f. a drinking about, or handing the Cup round the Board.
 † Circumpōto, are, to drink round.
 Circumrādo, ere, to scrape, shave about.

Circumrātio, ōnis, f. a scraping about.
 Circumrāsus, a, um [of circumrador] shaved, or scraped about.
 Circumrētiō, ire [à circum & rete] to entangle, ensnare.
 Circumriguus, a, um, watered round about.
 Circumrōdo, ere, to gnaw round, to take occasion of carping at.
 Circumrōrans, ntis, sprinkling, or bedewing about.
 Circumrōtor, ari, to be wheeled about.
 Circumscalpo, ere, to scratch about.
 Circumscarifico, are, to scarify round about.
 Circumscindo, ere, to slash about.
 Circumseribo, ere, to draw a line about, abstract, set bounds unto, circumvent, cashire, blot out of a Roll. * Circumscribere testes, to refuse Witnesses.
 † Circumscriptē, adv. abstractedly, concisely, expressly.
 Circumscriptio, ōnis, f. a setting down in place and order, a deceiving.
 Circumscriptor, ōris, a Cozener or Cheater.
 † Circumscriptōriē, adv. craftily.
 Circumscriptus, a, um [of circumseribor] deceived, limited. * Nihil est circumscriptus, nothing is more limited or equitable.
 Circumseco, are, to cut round.
 Circumsectus, a, um, circumcised, cut about.
 Circumsēcūs, adv. all about, on both sides.
 Circumsēdeo, } to sit down a-
 Circumsideo, ere, } bout. * Circumfedere oppidum, to besiege a Town.
 Circumsēpio, ire, to hedge or fence round.
 Circumsēro, ere, to plant, or sow round.
 † Circumfēlio, ōnis, a Besieging.
 Circumsido, ere, to besiege.
 Circumfigno, are, to mark or seal about.
 † Circumfisto, ere, to encompass or stand about.
 Circumfistor, ti, to be surrounded.
 Circumsitus, a, um [of circumferor] seated, or dwelling round about.
 Circumsōno, are, to ring round.
 * Clamor hostes circumsonat, the Shout rings about the Enemy.
 † Circumspectē, circumspectly.
 † Circumspectio, ōnis, a diligent heading.
 Circumspectissimus, most circum-spect or wary.
 Circumspecto, are, to survey the place round.
 † Circumspectus, ūs, a Surveying or looking round.
 Circumspectus, a, um [of circumspicior] considered, advised, wary. * Verba non circumspecta, inconsiderate Words.
 Circumspargo, ere [à circum & spargo] to sprinkle or scatter about.
 † Circumspicientia, æ, f. a Looking round, Regard, Consideration.
 Circumspicio, ere, to stare or gaze about. * Latebras circumspicere, to look out for skulking-holes.
 * Circumspicere acta tua, to review one's Actions. * Magnificē

se circumspicere, to be well opinionated of himself.
 Circumstantia, æ, f. an Enveloping a Circumstance. * Circumstantiarationum, the Affinity of Reasons to the Points.
 Circumstipo, are, to guard.
 Circumsto, are, to stand about.
 Circumstrepo, ere, to make a Noise round.
 Circumstruo, ere, to build round.
 Circumsūdo, are, to be all in a Sweat.
 Circumsuo, ere, to sew round.
 Circumtēgo, ere, to cover round.
 Circumtexo, ere, to weave round.
 Circumtondeo, ere, to shave or poll round.
 Circumtōno, are, to thunder about us.
 Circumtonfus, a, um [of circumtondeor] shaved about.
 Circumtortus, a, um, Erasmi. twisted round.
 Circumtuli, see Circumfero.
 Circumtrēmo, ere, to quiver in turning round, as the Light of a moving Candle.
 Circumvādo, ere, to invade or assault on all parts.
 Circumvāgus, a, um, wandering round about.
 Circumvallatus, a, um, encompassed, beleaguered.
 Circumvallo, are, to cast up Works round about, draw a Line or Trench about, hem in. * Tot res circumvallant, I am so beset.
 Circumvectio, ōnis, f. a Passing round. * Solis circumvectio, the Course of the Sun.
 Circumvecto, are, to carry often about.
 Circumvēho, ere, to ride, sail round.
 * Circumvectus nave vel equo, having sailed or rid about.
 Circumvenio, ire, to wind round, and fall upon the Rear of an Army; to deceive, charge wrongfully. * Circumvenire aliquem iudicio capitis, to cause one to be condemned falsely.
 Circumventio, ōnis, f. a deceiving.
 Circumventor, ōris, m. a deceiver.
 † Circumventorius, a, um, circumventing.
 Circumventus, a, um [of circumvenior] compassed about, oppressed on every side. * Circumventus necessitudinibus, bound by Alliance.
 Circumversor, ari, to go about hither and thither.
 Circumverto, ere, to turn round; also to deceive. * Circumvertere aliquem argento, to chouse one of his Money.
 Circumvestio, ire, to cloath round, garnish. * Circumvestire dictis, to beguile.
 Circumvincio, ire, to bind about.
 Circumviso, ere, to see on every side.
 Circumvōlo, are, to fly about.
 Circumvōlatus, a, um, flown about.
 Circumvōlito, are, to flutter about, whisk about from one place to another. * Circumvolitare limina potentiorum, to run about with a good morrow, or a how-d'ye.
 Circumvolvo, ere, to roll or wrap about. * Circumvolvere sese arboribus [of an Herb] to twist it self about Trees.
 Circumvōlutor, ari, to be tumbled about. Circum.

Circumvolutus, a, um [of circum-
volvō] rolled or wrapped.
Circun, see circum.
Circuncidāneus, ā, um, cut about.
* **Circuncidaneum vinum**, Wine
of the second pressing.
Circuncido, ere [of circum and
cādo] to cut about, diminish, cir-
cumcise, to lop off. * **Circunci-**
dendum vinum est, he must be
debarred of Wine.
Circuncingo, ere, to compass, or go
round about.
Circuncircā, adv. round about.
Circuncisē, adv. briefly, shortly.
Circuncisio, ōnis, f. Circumcision.
† **Circuncisus**, a, um, cut about.
see circuncidaneus.
Circuncisura, æ, f. a Cut or Gash
about.
Circuncisus, a, um, cut about, taken
away, circumcised. * **Circuncisa**
omni negotiosa cogitatione, not
at all minding Business.
Circunclaudō, ere, to enclose, envi-
ron, or hem in on every side.
Circunclusus, a, um, shut or closed
in.
Circuncōlens, ntis, dwelling about.
Circuncōlo, ui, ultum, to dwell
nigh, or round about.
Circuncolumnium, ii, n. [a cir-
cum & columna] a Cloyster, a Pi-
azza.
Circunculo, are, to tread down on
every part.
Circuncurrens ars, an Art not re-
strained to any certain matter, but
running at random and meddling
with every Thing.
Circuncurro, ere, to run hither and
thither.
Circuncurso, are, to run up and
down.
Circundandus, a, um, to be com-
passed about.
† **Circundatio**, ōnis, f. a Compassing
about.
Circundatus, a, um, compassed, en-
vironed. * **Armis circundatus**,
armed.
Circundo, āre [of circum and do]
to compass about, enclose. * **Circun-**
dedit nova mœnia oppido, he made
a new Wall round about the Town.
* **Urbem castris, or urbicastra cir-**
cundare, to lay siege to a City.
Circundōlo, are, to chip, or hew
round.
Circundūco, ere, to lead round, to
carry one to and fro, to deceive.
* **Actum circunducere**, to cancel
a Deed. * **Diem circunducere**, to
spend a day by various Entertain-
ments. * **Circunducere aliquem**
argento, to wheedle one out of one's
Money.
Circunductilis, le, easie to be turned
about.
Circunductio, ōnis, f. a leading a-
bout, deceiving.
Circunductus, a, um [of circun-
ducō] a turning round.
Circunferentia, } see Circumfe-
Circunfero, &c. } rentia.
Circunflo, are, to blow round about.
* **Circunflari ab omnibus ventis**
invidiæ, to be tossed with all envi-
ous and malicious reports.
Circunfluens, ntis, flowing about.
* **Exercitus circunfluens**, coming
in abundance on all sides.
Circunfluo, ere, to flow round about.
Circunfluus, a, um, flowing or flow-

ed about. * **Mens circunflua luxu**,
swimming in Sensuality and Riot.
Circunfodio, &c. } See circumfo-
Circunforaneus, } raneus.
Circunfōro, are, to bore, or make
Holes round about.
Circunfossor, ōris, m. a Digger a-
bout.
† **Circunfolsūra**, æ, f. a digging a-
bout.
† **Circunfossus**, a, um, dug about.
† **Circunfrico**, ui, ctum, to rub a-
bout.
† **Circunfringo**, ere, to break about.
Circunfundo, &c. } See Circumge-
Circungelatus, } latus.
Circungēmo, ul, itum, to groan or
bemoil round about.
Circungesto, } See Circumglobo.
Circunglobo, }
Circungrēdior, gredi [a circum &
gradiōr] to go round about.
Circunjāceo, ere, to be scituate, or
lye about.
Circunjectus, a, um, scituate, made,
or lying round about.
Circunlambo, ere, to lick all about.
Circunlatus, a, um [of circumfe-
ror] carried all about.
Circunligātus, a, um, wrapped or
tied about.
Circunligo, are, to wrap or bind a-
bout. * **Ulnis circunligare**, to
embrace.
Circunlinitio, ōnis, f. a cleansing,
rubbing or garnishing about.
Circunlinitus, a, um, burnished,
trimmed, or anointed all about.
Circunlino, &c. See circum-
Circunliuus, a, um, besmeared, or
anointed about.
Circunquāquē, adv. on every side.
Circunrāsus, a, um, shaved about.
Circunrētio, ire, to catch in Nets
pitched round about.
Circunrētītus, a, um, entangled as
with Nets all about.
Circunrōro, are, to bedew round a-
bout.
Circunrōto, are, to wheel about.
Circunscārifico, are, to cut or lance
about.
Circunscribo, &c. See Circum-
Circunscriptior, ius, more brief.
† **Circunscriptivē**, adv. craftily,
warily, within such a compass.
Circunseptus, a, um, enclosed, hedged
in.
Circuncessio, ōnis, f. a Besieging.
Circunseffus, a, um, beset, besieged.
Circunsideo, ere, } to sit about, or
Circunsido, ere, } besiege.
Circunspectans, ntis, looking hither
and thither.
Circunspectator, ōris, m. he which
looks about on every side.
Circunspectatrix, icis, f. she that
watcheth or looketh about.
Circunspectus, a, um [of circunspi-
cior] circumspect; also regarded.
* **Circunspectus honor**, a reve-
rend and respectful Regard. * **Cir-**
cunspecum populi Romani no-
men, highly esteemed.
Circunspicius, a, um, which may
be seen on all sides.
Circunspiracula mundi, the Breath-
ing places.
Circunstatio, ōnis, f. a standing
round about.
Circunstipo, are, to guard round
about.
Circunsto, stiti, stitum, to compass
or stand about.

† **Circunstrēpitus**, a, um, beaten
upon with great Noise, resounding
all about.
Circunstrideo, } to shriek or make
Circunstrido, ere, } a hideous noise
round about.
Circunsūdo, are, to sweat round a-
bout and all over.
Circuntectus, a, um [of circunte-
gor] covered all about.
† **Circuntectura**, æ, f. a Work or
Border about.
† **Circuntectum**, i, n. a Garment
woven about with Purple.
Circuntondeo, &c. See circum.
† **Circuntūmūlātus**, a, um, heaped,
or compassed about.
Circunvallātus, a, um, beset, trench-
ed about.
Circunvector, ari, to be carried a-
bout.
Circunvectus, a, um [of circumve-
lior] carried about.
Circunvectus, ūs, a carrying or pas-
sing about.
Circunvenio, } See circum-
Circunverto, &c. }
Circunungo, xi, ctum, to anoint a-
bout.
Circuo, ivi, itum, the same as cir-
cumeo
CIRCUS, ci, m. [Κίρκος, Κόνακος]
a Ring, or circle, Garland, the Fal-
con gentle; also a Place in Rome,
where the People sat and saw Games
and Exercises, to wit, Circus Max-
imus, between the Palace and A-
ventine, Circus Flaminus, or
Apollinaris, and Circus Neronis
in the Vatican. * **Circus can-**
dens, the milky way.
Cirencestria, Cirester in Gloucester-
shire.
Ciris, Scylla, the Daughter of King
Nisus, who was changed into a Lark.
† **Cirmōli**, a wild kind of a Pine-tree.
Cirna, a Mountain of Africa pro-
pria.
Cirnea, æ, f. [Κίρκω misceo] a Wine
pot.
† **Ciron**, a Batch or Boil.
† **Cirota**, a Spear like a Wheel.
Cirphis, a City or Mountain of Pho-
cis.
Cirpis, a City of Valeria ripensis.
† **Cirra**, a Kind of Fish.
Cirrātus, a, um [a cirrus] having
his Hair curled and in Tufts.
Cirra, or cyrrha, a Town of Phocis
at the Foot of Parnassus, where A-
pollo was worshipped.
Cirrhadia, a Country of India with-
out Ganges.
Cirrhæi, a People formerly dwelling
near Athens.
Cirriger, a, um [a cirrus & gero]
wearing Hair in Tufts.
CIRRUS, i, m. [Σείρος, vel à Κεῖ-
ρω tondeo] a Bush of curled Hair,
Crest of a Bird, Plait in a Garment.
* **Cirri ostreorum**, little Hairs
sticking to Oysters.
Cirfocele, g. Swelling of the Cods.
† **Cirfolon**, the same.
Cirtha, or -ta, the City Constantina
in Numidia.
CIS, [Εξασ] prep. on this side, be-
hither. * **Cis paucos dies**, within a
few days. * **Cis undique**, all about.
* **Cis naturæ leges**, less than the
Laws of Nature can suffer.
Cis, a kind of Worm hurtful to Corn
or Trees, a. vecitii, g.

- Cisalpinga** Gallia, called also *citerior*, and *togata*, the Country of the Gauls, dwelling between the Alps and the River Rubicon, now called Lombardy.
- Cisamus**, a City of Crete.
- Cisapennina**, the part of Italy which is on that side of the Apennine Hills towards Rome.
- Ciferussa**, an Island near Cnidus.
- Cisia**, the Mother of Meninon, from whom the Citizens of Susa were called *Cisii*.
- Cisianthi**, a People bordering upon Scythia.
- Cisarius**, ii, n. [à *cisium*] a Carter, or Carman.
- † **Cisibilibes**, m. a Sweet Drink.
- Cisipades**, a People of Africa propria.
- Cisium**, ii, n. [à *cæsus*] a Cart, or Chariot.
- Cispello**, ere, to keep one from entering, to pluck to one.
- Cispii**, a People of Æthiopia.
- Cispinus**, a Hill in Rome.
- Cisrhénanus**, a, um [à *cis* & *Rhenus*] which is on this side the Rhine.
- Cissa**, a River of Pontus called *Quissa*, and a City of Thrace.
- Cisanthemos**, a kind of With-wind, or Sow-bread, g.
- Cisanthemus**, g. Wild-vine, Briony.
- Cisanius Cous**, a very rich Man, even to a Proverb.
- Cisse**, a City of Mauritania *Cæsariensis*.
- Cissene**, a Mountain of Thrace.
- Cisseus**, a King of Thrace, Father of Hecuba, from him called *Cisseis*.
- Cissi**, a People of Cappadocia.
- Cissibium**, ii, g. See *Cissybium*.
- Cissites**, g. a precious stone like an Ivy-leaf.
- Cissos**, i, m. a kind of Ivy growing without stay, g.
- Cissus**, a young Man, who dancing before Bacchus fell down dead, and in Honour of Bacchus Ivy sprung up in the Place; also a Mountain of Macedonia, and a City of Thrace.
- Cissusa**, a Fountain where Bacchus was washed when he was a Child.
- Cissybium**, ii, n. a Cup bound about with Ivy, a brown Bowl, g.
- CISTA**, æ, f. [Kîsn] a Chest or Coffer, a Ballot-box.
- Cistartium**, g. a Bread-basket.
- Cistella**, æ, f. a little Chest, Casket or Box.
- Cistellatrix**, icis, f. a Woman Servant, that carrieth her Mistresses Cabinet.
- Cistellula**, æ, f. a little Cabinet.
- Cistena**, a City of Æolis, an Island and Town of Lycia.
- Cisterna**, æ, f. [à *cista*] a Cistern.
- Cisterninus**, a, um, of a Cistern.
- Cisternula**, æ, f. a little Cistern.
- Cisthus**, a Shrub growing in the Isle Cyprus, g.
- Cistifer**, a, um [à *cista* & *fero*] bearing a Chest or Coffer.
- Cistoboli**, a People of Dacia.
- Cistophorus**, i, m. an Asian Coin about three Pence, g.
- Cistula**, æ, f. a little Box.
- Cistus**, g. a Kind of Herb; also a Bladder.
- Citanum**, a Town of Armenia major.
- Citanus**, one of the Cyclades.
- Citarii**, a People of Sicily.
- Citāris**, g. a Diadem.
- Citarius**, a Mountain in Macedonia.
- † **Citatē**, adv. See *Citatum*.
- Citātum**, adv. hastily, speedily.
- Citatio**, ōnis, f. [à *cito*] an Arrest, Summons.
- Citātor**, ūs, swifter, nimbler.
- Citatus**, a, um, hastened, sudden, summoned, provoked. * *Citatus pulsus arteriarum*, the thick beating of the Pulses. * *Citato equo Larissam contendit*, he gallop'd to Larissa.
- Citatus**, ūs, m. motion or carrying.
- † **Citēria**, æ, a Puppet.
- Citērior**, ūs, oris [à *citrā*] nigher, or nearer to us. * *Citērior est pœna quam scelus*, the Punishment cometh short of the Fact.
- Cithæron**, ōnis, a famous Mountain in Boeotia, whose Foot Asopus washes.
- † **Cithægo**, inis, Cockle weed.
- CITHARA**, æ, f. [Kîdga] a Cittern, or the Musick of it. * *Non omnes qui citharam tenent sunt citharædi*, many talk of Robin Hood, that never shot in his Bow.
- Citharista**, and *tes*, tæ, m. a Player on the Cittern, g.
- Citharista**, a Promontory of Gallic Narbonensis.
- Citharistia**, æ, f. she that plays on a Cittern, g.
- Citharizo**, are, g. to play on the Cittern.
- Citharædicus**, a, um, g. belonging to a Cittern, Harp, or Minstrel.
- Citharædus**, i, g. a Player on the Cittern, a Fidler. * *Aulædus sit qui citharædus esse non potest*, 'tis better to play at a small Game than to stand out.
- Citharus**, or *cytherus*, g. a Fish, whose Teeth are like a Saw.
- Citinus**, a, um [à *cis*] nearest, nighest, next. * *Citima terris luna*, of all the Planets, the Moon is nearest the Earth.
- † **Citipes**, pēdis, swift-footed.
- Citium**, a Town of Cyprus, and a City of Misnia, called *Citz*.
- Citissimè**, adv. by and by, very quickly.
- Citiūs**, adv. sooner, swifter, before, rather. * *Dicto citius*, before a Man can tell what's this.
- Citō**, adv. swiftly, shortly, suddenly. * *Non cito dixerim*, I can scarce say, can hardly tell.
- Cito**, are, to summon, quote, put on, or stir up, alledge, praise, call, relate. * *Citare urinam*, to provoke Urine. * *Citare aliquem testem in aliquam rem*, in aliqua re, *alicujus rei*, to produce Witness for it. * *Citare humorem illuc*, to draw down the humour to that part. * *Citare palmitem*, to put forth a Branch.
- † **Citocatio**, or -tium, a kind of Chameleon.
- Citra**, prep. [à *cis*] on this side, without, before, behither. * *Citra senatus auctoritatem*, without Commission. * *Citra pulveris jactum* or *tactum*, without pains. * *Citra spectaculorum dies*, unless on the Days when Plays were exhibited.
- † **Citrāgo**, Balm, or Balm gentle.
- † **Citrampelos**, a kind of Herb.
- † **Citraria**, the same as *citrāgo*.
- Citratus**, a, um, the same as *citrinus*.
- Citreum**, i, n. an Orange, g.
- Citreus**, a, um, of Orange or Citron. * *Citrea mala*, Citrons, Lemons, &c.
- Citrinella**, æ, f. the Bird *Hortulana*.
- Citrinus**, } of Citron or Lemon, g.
- Citrius**, a, um, } mon, g.
- † **Citro**, ōnis, a Citron, Melon, or Pumpkin.
- Citrō**, adv. [à *cis*] on this side.
- † **Citropedes**, or *Sitropedes*, earthen Vessels with long feet.
- Citrōsus**, a, um, the same as *citrinus*. * *Citrosa vestis*, a Lemon-colour'd Garment.
- † **Citrulū**, and *citrullum*, a Citrus, or Citrus Cucumber.
- Citrum**, i, n. the Wood of the Citron, or Lemon-tree.
- Citrus**, i, f. a Citron, or Lemon-tree, g.
- Citiampelos**, the Herb *Helxine* or *Parietaria*, g.
- Cittōsis**, a fault in Vines when the Grapes fall or perish, g.
- † **Citūle**, adv. nimbly, quickly.
- Cituorum**, an Island in Danubius.
- Citus**, a, um [of *cior*] provoked, moved; also light or swift, sudden, loose, divided, torn asunder. * *Citioris curæ negotium*, requiring more Expedition. * *Alvo citā*, being laxative.
- Civaro**, or -on, the City Chamberg in Savoy.
- † **Civetta**, æ, Civet, or Civet cat.
- Civica Pompeianus**, the Collegue of L. Ceionius Commodus.
- † **Civico**, are, to do or be like a Citizen.
- Civicus**, a, um [à *civis*] of a City or Citizen. * *Civica corona*, a Crown given him that rescues a Citizen or Fellow soldier. * *Civicum jus*, Civil Law. * *Arma civica*, Pleas in defence of Citizens.
- Civilis**, ior, iſſimus [à *civis*] civil, courteous, of the City. * *Sermo minimè civilis*, a domineering Speech. * *Undæ civiles*, the care attending upon State-business. * *Animus civilis*, an humble mind, not affecting to domineer. * *Agere se civilem*, not to meddle much with State-affairs. * *Dies civilis*, the Civil Day, diversly reckoned by Countries, some beginning it at such a time, some at another.
- Civilitas**, atis, f. Courteousness, Gentleness, Behaviour like fellow-citizens; also Policy.
- Civiliter**, adv. like a fellow-citizen, civilly and courteously, according to the Civil Law. * *Plusquam civiliter*, uncivilly. * *Civiliter contendere* (of Citizens) to have a Controversy with.
- Civilius**, or *Clivius*, Emperor of the Volsci, vanquished by Geganius.
- Civilius Tullus**, a Tribune of the Soldiers.
- CIVIS**, is, c. [à *cio*] a Citizen, Subject, or Member of an Estate, a Freeman. * *Civis meus*, my Fellow-Citizen.
- † **Civitaclum**, li, n. a little City.
- Civitas**, atis, f. [à *civis*] a City, the State or Privilege of a Freeman, the whole Jurisdiction of the City. * *Civitas regia*, Monarchy. * Ci-

* Civitas popularis, popular Government. * Civitate donare, or dare alicui civitatem, to enfranchise, or make free. * Demptio civitatis, a depriving of Freedom. Civitatula, æ, f. [à civitas] a little City. Cixius, i, a Grasshopper, g. Cizara, a Castle of Paphlagonia. Cizya, a City of Thrace.

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CL. for Claudius or Clarissimus. † Clabula, æ, f. a Graff. † Clacendrix, or calcendix, a Shellfish; also an Ensign. † Cādēcula, æ, f. a little Loss or Overthrow. CLADES, is, f. [à gladius, vel à κλάω, frango] an Overthrow, Slaughter, Defeat, Ruine, Destruction. Cladeus, a River in Peloponnesus. Clao, a Fountain of Phrygia casting up Stones. Clagesfurtum, a City of Slavonia, whose Citizens are inexorable to Thieves; for one suspected is immediately hanged, and the Business examined three Days after; if he be clear, they bury him richly; if guilty, basely. CLAM, prep. & adv. [κρυπταμένῳ, vel à celo] by stealth, privily, secretly, unknown to. * Clam patre, unknown to my Father. * Clam uxore, without my Wife's privity. * Nec clam te est, neither are you ignorant. Clamans, ntis, crying, &c. Clamatio, ōnis, f. [à clamo] a crying. Clamator, ōris, m. he that calls aloud, or cries out. Clamatorius, a, um, clamorous, bawling. Clamatus, a, um, called unto, upon, or after. Clamitans, ntis, crying often. Clamito, are, [à clamo] to call often and aloud. * Venit ad me saepe clamitans, he often comes bawling to me. * Carycas clamitare, to cry his Figs. * Illa supercilia clamitant calliditate, these Eye-brows speak him a cunning one. CLAMO, are, [καλέω, κλάω, κλάω] to cry aloud, to call one aloud, affirm, or complain. * Clamare de re aliqua, to make a grievous complaint of a thing. * Clamare aliquem, to call to one. * Clamat veritas, the Truth loudly proclaims it. * Clamare omnes qui aderant, all that were there presently cried out. Clamor, ōris, m. a Shout, a Cry, a Noise. * Clamor militum, a shout. * Excipere aliquem clamore, to receive with great Acclamations and Tokens of Joy. Clamorus, a, um, loud, bawling, clamorous. Clamptia, a place in Italy among the Brutii. Clancularius, a, um, secret, private. Clanculò, } adv. [à clam] closely, Clanculum, } or privily, by stealth. * Clanculum patres, unknown to their Fathers.

† Clanculus, a, um, secret, private. Clandestinò, adv. privily, by stealth. Clandestinus, a, um, [à clam] privy, secret, hidden. † Clanea, æ, a Scythian Gem, sky-coloured and spotted like Gold. Clenes, a River rising in Vindelicia, and falling into Ister. Clānius and Claris, a River of Campania near Naples. † Clanga, a bald Buzzard, Kite. † Clangito, are, to clack, or ring. CLANGO, xi, ctum, [κλάζω] to sound a Trumpet, cry like an Eagle or Goose. Clangor, ōris, m. the Sound of a Trumpet, the Cry of a Bird, the Noise a Bird makes when it shakes its Wings. * Clangorem fundit vastum, he makes a terrible Noise. Clanos, an Island in the Ægean Sea. Clanum, a City of Gallia Narbonensis. Clanus, or -is, a River of Etruria. S. Clara, she instituted an Order of Nuns, called after her Name, 1224. Clarafontanus, of Sherbourn. Clarana, Erasm. a Nun of the Order of Sancta Clara. Clāranus, the Name of a Grammarian; also the Family Clare. Clarè, ius, illimè, adv. clearly, manifestly, shrilly, distinctly. * Dic clarè, tell me plainly. † Clāredo, inis, the same as Claritudo. Clarens, ntis, [à clareo] well known, famous. Clarentia, æ, Clarence in Suffolk. Clāreo, ere, [à clarus] to be clear, appear, be famous. * Claret mihi, I understand it. Claresco, cere, [à clareo] to grow clearer and clearer. * Plausu clarescere vulgi, to be praised by the People. * Aliud ex alio clarescit, one thing gives light to another. Claria, the County Clare in Ireland. Clarix, a People of Thrace. † Claricito, are, to call aloud. Clarificatio, ōnis, f. a clarifying. Clérificatus, a, um, clarified. Clárisico, are, to make clear and plain, to clarify, to glorify. † Clárisicus, a, um, clear, or loud. Clárigatio, ōnis, f. a proclaiming War upon Restitution refused, a Subsidy granted by common Consent; Letters of Mart, Reprisals. Clárigo, are, [à clarus] to proclaim War upon refusal of Restitution, to arrest, or take Sureties of. Clárigatus, a, um, denounced. Clárisonus, a, um, [à clarus & sono] sounding clearly, and aloud. † Clárisimatus, ūs, m. the Dignity of a Senator or Consular President. Clárisimus, a, um, most noble or renowned. Claritas, ātis, f. Clearness, Brightness, Excellency. * Excellere claritate nascendi, to be of noble Extraction. * Esse in claritate, to get a Name. Cláritudo, inis, Brightness, Famaousness. Clarius, a River of Cyprus. Clarius Deus, Apollo. Clāro, are, to make famous or manifest.

Clāror, ōris, m. Brightness. Clarotæ, or -tes, Servants among the Cretians. CLĀRUS, a, um, ior, illimus, [à κλέω, gloria, vel γλαυρός splendens] bright, intelligible, manifest, excellent, famous, loud, and shrill. * Lux clara, broad Day-light. * Sonus clarus, a shrill Sound. * Ictus clarus, a fair and full Blow. * Rumore claro apud vulgum esse, to have the good Word of the Populacy. * Clarum signum, or plausum dare, to clap (at a Play). Clārus, a City of Ionia, famous for an Oracle of Apollo; also an Island in the Myrtoan Sea, consecrated to Apollo. Clarus fons, Sherbourn in Dorsetshire. Classetæ, a People of Assyria. Clāliarii, ōum, Soldiers which serve at Sea. Clāliarius, ii, m. a Trumpeter. Clāliarius, a, um, [à classis] belonging to the Navy, diligent. Clālicen, inis, m. [à clālicum & cano] he that calls the Navy together. Clālici, orum, m. Rowers, they that sound a Charge, or call the People together. Clālicula, æ, [à classis] a small Navy. Clālicum, i, n. an Alarm, Call, a Trumpet, a blowing like a Trumpet. * Canere clālicum, to sound a Charge. Clālicus, a, um, [à classis] of a Fleet. * Bellum clālicum, a Sea Fight. * Clālici, Subsidy-men of the first of the five Ranks or Rates. * Clālici testes, credible Witnesses. * Clālici authores, those which are of prime Authority. CLASSIS, is, f. [à καλέω, voco] a Navy, a Fleet, a Ship, a Form, an Army, a Troop of Horse, a Rank of Citizens, as they were rated in the Subsidies, whereof there were Five. * Classis procincta, the Battalia drawn up. * Primæ classis, of the first Rank. Classis, a Town of Ravenna, of which nothing remains but a Monastery of D. Apollinaris. Clāsius, a River of Gallia Narbonensis. Clāsidium, a Town of Italy. Claterna, or Cliterna, the Town Quaderna in Æmilia. Clathratus, a, um, latticed. * Fenestra clathrata, a Lattice-window. Clāthro, are, to guard with cross Bars, Grates, and Lattises. Clāthrum, i, n. [καλέω, voco] a Grate. Clāthrus, i, m. } or Lattice; also a Harrow. Clatos, a City of Creet. CLĀVA, æ, f. [à βάλον, lignum] κλάδα, ramus, vel Heb. Calaph, ferire] a Club, a Stick with a great Head. Clāvarius, ii, m. he that fights with a Club, a Beadle, or Mace-bearer. Clāvārius, a, um, hard-stuffed, smitten with Cudgels. * Pila clavaria, a Goff-ball, or Stow-ball. Clāvātor, ōris, m. he that bears or uses a Club. Clāvārus, a, um, [à clavus] garnished with Nails or Studs, studded. Clāuda, an Island near Creet.

† **Clandaster**, ri, m. a lame Man feigning to go upright.
 † **Claudeo**, and -dio, ire, to halt.
Claudi, a Place in Numidia.
Claudia, a Town of Noricum; also a Vestal Virgin, who proved her Chastity by drawing the Image of Cybele up Tyber in a Ship with her Girdle, when no other force would move it; it is a noble Family coming from the Sabines.
Claudia, and **Claudia castra**, the City Gloucester.
Claudianus, a famous Poet under Theodosius and Honorius.
Claudianus or **Claudius**, one of the Roman Emperors.
Claudianus, a, um, of Claudius Cæsar. * **Claudiana charta**, Royal Paper.
Claudias, a City in Asia minor.
 † **Claudicarius**, a, um, that is soon lame.
Claudicatio, onis, f. lameness, halting.
Claudico, are, [à claudus] to limp, to be feeble or maimed. * **Claudicat oratio**, the Speech is faulty. * **Claudicare in officio**, not to do one's Duty roundly.
Claudiculus, a, um, somewhat lame.
Claudiocestria, the City Gloucester.
Claudiomerium, a City in Spain.
Claudiopolis, a City of Cappadocia and Dacia.
 † **Claudipes**, edis, lame of a Foot.
Clauditas, atis, f. Lameness.
Claudius, a Mountain of Pannonia.
Claudius Agathernus, a Physician of Lacedæmonia.
Claudius Cæsar, he succeeded Caligula in the Empire.
Claudius Nero, a Consul who slew Asdrubal; also the Father of Tiberius.
Claudius Tiberius Nero Cæsar, the third Emperor of Rome.
Claudius, an Island in the Cretian Sea; and the Name of divers Romans.
CLAUDO, si, sum, [Κλειδο, à Κλεις] to shut, close, finish, surround, besiege, stop, fail. * **In angustum claudi**, to be driven to a strait. * **Claudere sanguinem**, to stanch the Blood. * **Claudit aqua locum illum**, that Place is encompassed with Water. * **Nolo tibi ullum commodum in me claudier**, I will be no let to your Profit. * **Clausi mihi meus pudor consuetudinem**, my Modesty would not let me scrape acquaintance with him. * **Claudere omnes aditus**, aliquid ex omni aditu, to leave no Passage.
Claudulus, somewhat lame.
CLAUDUS, a, um, [χλωδός] lame, halting, feeble. * **Claudus Deus**, halting Vulcan.
 † **Clavécymbalum**, i, n. the Virginals.
 † **Clavellatus**, herba clavellata, Herb-trinity, or Hearts-case.
Clavena, a Town of Helvetia.
 † **Clavarius**, or **Clavicarius**, a Lock-Smith, or Key-maker.
Clavicula, æ, f. [à clavis] the Tendrel of a Vine, a little Key, the channel-bone, Ground-Ivy.

Clavicula, æ, f. [à clava] a little Club, Stick.
Clavicularius, ii, m. a Turn-key, Porter.
Clavicularius, a, um, of a Key. * **Faber clavicularius**, a Locksmith.
Claviculatum, adv. wrinkled or wreathed like the Tendrel of a Vine.
Claviculatus, a, um, nailed, wreathed like a Vine.
Claviculus, i, m, a small Nail, or Tendrel of a Vine.
Claviger, a, um [à clava & gero] bearing a Club.
Claviger, a, um, [à clavis & gero] bearing a Key.
CLAVIS, is, f. [Κλεις] a Key, a Lock or Bolt. * **Esse sub clavi**, to be lock'd up.
Clavola, æ, f. [à clava] a Graff, Slip.
Clausentum, Southampton.
 † **Clausor**, oris, m. an Officer who looked to the repairing of Walls.
Claustralis, le, [à claustrum] of or shut up in a Cloyster.
Claustrarius, ii, m. one that lives in a Cloyster; also a Maker of Locks, Keys, &c.
 † **Claustrellum**, i, n. a little Cloyster or Closet.
 † **Claustrensis**, e, belonging to a Cloyster.
 † **Claustrinus**, i, m. a Keeper of Cloysters.
 † **Claustritimus**, or **Claustrituus**, he that looks to the Locks.
Clastrum, ii, n. the shutting or putting together any thing.
Clastrum, i, n. [à claudo] a Bar, close Gate, or Cloyster. * **Clastra nobilitatis refringere**, to pull down the Fences of Nobility, to make it very accessible. * **Sutrium claustra Hetruria**, Sutrium is the Key to Hetruria.
Clausula, æ, f. [à claudo] a Clause, the End of any thing. * **Clausula imponere**, to make a Conclusion. * **Clausula clauda & pendens**, an imperfect or un-entire Clause.
Clausum, i, n. an inclosed Place, a Close, a Stable, Stall.
Clausura, æ, f. a shutting in, a Fortrefs. * **Clausura tempus**, the time of a Siege.
Clausus, a, um, [of claudor] shut up, close imprisoned, hid. * **Clausum mare**, the Time from the third of the Ides of November, to the sixth of the Ides of March, wherein Navigation was forbidden or forborn by the Romans.
Clausus, a King of the Sabines, who assisted Turnus against Æneas.
Clavulus, i, m. a small Nail.
CLAVUS, i, m. [à Κλειω, claudo] a Nail, a Pin, a Button, the Stern of a Ship, Government, a Corn in the Foot, Bile, a Distemper in Trees proceeding from the scalding Heat of the Sun, a Stud of Purple, or the like, upon Garments. * **Clavum clavo pellerere**, to drive out one thing with another. * **Latus clavus**, the Senators Robe. * **Clavi annales**, brass Nails driven into the Church-Walls yearly, serving for a Chronicle of Years.
Clazomenæ, a City of Ionia.
Clazomenia, an Island of Mæonia.

Clazomenii, the Inhabitants of Clazomenia.
Vina Clazomœnia, Wines heretofore in great request with the Romans.
 † **Clægra**, æ, a Crome or Hook to draw up Water.
Cleander, an Arcadian Soothsayer.
Cleandria, a place in Troas, from whence the River Rhodius flows.
Cleanthes, a Stoic Philosopher, Successor of Zeno, who studied by Day, and drew Water by Night, whence he was also called Phræantles, and his excessive Pains caused the Proverb, **Ad Cleanthis lucernam evigilatum est**.
Cleanthis, the Name of a Woman.
Clearchus, a Scholar of Zeno, who wrote upon Ox-bones and Tile-sherds for want of Paper; also a Lacedæmonian General, who was wont to say, That the General was more to be feared than the Enemy; and other Men.
Cleartus, a Fox of Marmarica.
Cleempus, a Physician, to whom some do ascribe that Book of Pythagoras, **De magicis herbis**.
 † **Clæda**, æ, a kind of Shoe.
 † **Clæides**, g, a Neck or Throat-bone.
Clêmatis, idis, f. the Herb Periwinkle, g.
 † **Clêmäties**, Saracens Herb.
CLÊMENS, ntis, adj. [q. clinans mentem, vel ab Heb. Chamlah. id.] mild, calm. * **Clementissimus ab innocentia**, very mild towards the guiltless. * **Clemens alveus**, a smooth Stream.
Clemens, Clement, the third Bishop of Rome, a Hearer of St. Peter, who sent Dionysius Areopagita to Paris. There is extant an Epistle of his to the Corinthians; and several Poves.
Clemens Historicus, who wrote of the Kings and Emperors of Rome.
Clemens Alexandrinus, the Master of Origen; he flourish'd under Severus, and wrote many excellent Treatises.
Clementer, ius, iſſimè, adv. mildly, gently. * **Clementer volo**, with all my heart.
Clementia, æ, f. mildness, gentleness. * **Clementia æstatis**, the moderation of Heat in Summer.
Clementinus, the Colleague of Probus.
 † **Clæna**, æ, a Cloak.
 † **Clênodia**, fair Promises.
Cleobinicus, a Garment worn by the Argives.
Cleobis, the Son of Argia the Priestess, who with his Brother Biton, when the Horses were tired, drew their Mother's Coach to the Temple; she requested of the Goddess to bestow upon them the greatest Blessing possible, and in the Morning they were both found dead.
Cleobula, the Wife of Amintor, and Mother of Phoenix.
Cleobulina, the Daughter of Cleobulus, who wrote certain Ænigmata in Greek Hexameters.
Cleobulus, the Son of Evagoras, one of the Seven Wise Men of Greece; and other Men.
Cleocritus, the Son of Cybele.
Cleodamus Thasius, a Philosopher and Geometrician in the Time of Plato; and others.
Cleodamus Malchus, he wrote an History in Imitation of Moses.
Cleodora,

Cleodora, Mother of Parnassus, from whom the Hill Parnassus had its Name.
 Cleogenes, the Son of Silenus.
 † Cleoma, the Herb Spear-wort, or Bane-wort.
 Cleomachus, a Champion of Magnesia.
 Cleombrotus, the Son of Pausanias, General of the Lacedæmonians, overthrown by Epaminondas; also a young Man, who reading Plato's Book of the Immortality of the Soul, threw himself headlong into the Sea.
 Cleomedes, a famous Champion who being cheated of a Prize which he won at the Olympic Games, ran mad: at his return to Astypelæa, he pulled down a School, and killed many Children; being sought after to be punished, he got into a Sepulchre, and was never seen after; they consulted the Oracle concerning him, and received this Answer, Ultimius Heroum Cleomedes Astypelæus.
 Cleomènes, a Lacedæmonian General, vanquished by King Antigonus; also a Sicilian that conspired with Verres and others.
 Cleon, a General of the Athenians, and others.
 Cleonæ, Cleone, or -na, a Town in Peloponnesus, between Corinth and Argus.
 Cleonæus, a, um, belonging to Cleonæ.
 Cleonicion, the same as Clinopodion, g.
 Cleonymus, an Athenian Captain, who threw away his Buckler, and ran away; whence the Proverb, Cleonymo timidior.
 Cleopatra, an Egyptian Queen, Daughter of Auletes, Sister and Wife to Ptolemy the last, a most impudent Woman, first beloved of Julius Cæsar, to whom she bore Cæsarion, afterwards by Marc. Antonius, for whose sake he aspired to the Empire; but being vanquished by Augustus, slew himself, and she thereupon suffered her self to be sucked to death with Asps.
 Cleopatri, or Arsinoë, a City of Egypt.
 Cleopatus, a Captain of Corinth.
 Cleophrantus, the Son of Themistocles; also a Physician and a Painter of Corinth.
 Cleophon, a Tragedian of Athens.
 Cleopompus, a noble Athenian.
 Cleostratus, a noble and ancient Philosopher, who first wrote of the twelve Signs, especially Aries and Sagittarius. Also a young Man upon whom the Lot fell to be sacrificed to a cruel Dragon among the Thespians; but his Friend Menestratus slew the Beast, and delivered both him and the City.
 Cleoxenus, and Demeoclitus wrote a History of Persia, which Polybius finished.
 Clepidiana, a City of Sarmatia Europæa.
 CLEPO, psi, -tum, [κλέπτω] to steal, or take away secretly. * Sermonem clepere, to lye upon the catch, to eaves-drop.
 Clepsamidum, ii, n. Clepsammos and Clepsamathos, an Hour-glass, g.
 Clepsydra, æ, g. an Hour-glass of Water, a Water-pot; also an Instrument with which Astronomers measured the Bigness of the Stars.

Clepsydra, a Mountain of Athens and Messina.
 † Clepsydrarii, they that measure the Hours by the Instrument Clepsydra.
 Cleptes, is, a Thief, g.
 † Cleptus, a, um, stolen.
 Cleri, a People of Attica.
 † Clericālis, le, of the Clergy.
 † Clericāliter, Clerk-like.
 Clericārus, ūs, m. [a clericus] Clerkship.
 † Clericitas, Clericalitas, and Clerimonia, Clerkship, a being in Orders.
 † Clericor, ari, to do the Office of a Clerk or Clergy-man.
 Clericus, ci, g. a Clerk or Clergy-man.
 Cleromantia, æ, f. a Sooth-saying by Lots, g.
 Cleronomia, æ, f. an Heritage, g.
 Cleronōmus, i, m. an Heir, g.
 Clērus, i, m. a Lot, Chance, Heritage, an Assembly of Clergy-men, the Clergy; also a small Worm hurtful to Bees, g. * Concio ad clerum, a Latin or Visitation Sermon.
 Clesides, a famous Painter, who abused the Queen Stratonice, because she did not respect him.
 Cleta, Petromala in Italy.
 Cletabeni, a People of Arabia felix.
 Cletharro, a Town of Arabia Petraea.
 Clēthus, the Husband of Pallene, Sithon's Daughter, who gave name to a City of Thrace.
 Clevum, Gloucestre-City.
 Clezus, a Mountain and River of Lydia.
 Clibānarius, a, um, [a clibanus] of Armour, &c. * Clibanaria fabrica, a Forge or Work-house where Armour was made.
 Clibānarius, ii, m. one armed cap-a-pee; also an Oven-maker.
 † Clibānicus, or ceus, a, um, of an Oven or Furnace.
 † Clibānum, i, n. a Breast-plate.
 CLIBANUS, i, m. [κλίβανος] a Still, a moveable Oven, or Stove, or Hot-house; also complete Armour.
 Clibanus, a Mountain in Italy, near the Promontory Lacinium, and a Town of Isauria.
 Clidemus, a very ancient Writer, whose Work of Plants is very often quoted by Theophrastus, and his Protogenia by Athenæus.
 Clides, a Promontory of Cyprus.
 Clidichus, the 16th Prince of the Athenians.
 Clidium, ii, n. the Throat of the Tunny-fish, g.
 CLIENS, -ntis, c. [a colo vel κλέω celebros] a Client, a Vassal, Tenant, a Retainer.
 Clienta, æ, f. a She-client, or Tenant's Wife.
 Clientalis, le, of a Client.
 Clientela, æ, f. Protection, a Retinue, Vassalage, or being under Protection. * Commendare se alicui in clientelam, or in clientelam alicujus, to put one's self under another's Protection.
 Clientelāris, re, of a Client, doing Homage. * Prædium clientelare, a Fee farm or Copy-hold.
 † Clientelārium, a yearly Fee for Counsel or Assistance.

† Clientia, æ, f. the betaking of one into another's protection.
 † Clientulus, i, a poor or little Client.
 Clima, ātis, n. a Climate, a Measure of 60 foot every way, g.
 Climacter, ēris, m. a Pot-hook, or Pot-hanger, the Round of a Ladder, g. * Climacteres, the Terms of important Changes in the Bodies of Men at the end of seven Years.
 † Climactera, æ, the perillous Time of one's Life at every Seven or Nine Years end.
 † Climactericum, That which descendeth by degrees, an uncertain Divination.
 Climactericus, a, um, g. climacterical, ascending like a Ladder, dangerous. * Anni Climacterici, 63, 49, or 81 Years.
 Climatis, m. a kind of Earthquake moving side-ways, g.
 Climax, ācis, f. a Ladder or Stile, a going up by degrees, g.
 Climax, a Mountain in Phœnicia, and other places.
 Climberty, a City of France.
 † Clināmen, inis, n. a declining, or turning aside.
 Clinas, a Musician and Philosopher of Pythagoras's sect; if at any time he were provoked to Anger, he pacified it with his Music.
 † Clinātus, a, um, bowed down.
 Cline, es, f. a Bed, g.
 Clinidion, is, n. a little Bed or Couch, g.
 † Clinenios, an Herb that cures the Disease, but causes Barrenness.
 Clinice, es, the Art of Physic, healing by Diets and Medicines, g.
 Clinicus, ci, m. one that is Bed-ridden, or a Physician curing by Diets, g.
 † Clino, are, to bend or incline.
 † Clinodarius, ii, a Jeweller.
 † Clinodia, orum, one's proper Goods or Inheritance.
 Clinopale, es, Bed-wrestling, g.
 † Clinopodium, a Candlestick.
 Clinopæus, i, m. a Bed-maker, Upholder, g.
 Clinopodium, ii, n. wild Basil, g.
 De Clinton, the Family Clinton.
 Clio, ūs, f. the chief of the Muses.
 † Clipeola, æ, a Ring.
 † Clipeus, is Clypeus.
 Clisis, g. a Declination or Bowing.
 Clisthenes, an Athenian, who first invented Ostracism, or Banishment for Ten Years, and is said to be the first that was so banished.
 Clitarchus, a Historian and Companion of Alexander, who fabulously wrote his Acts.
 Clite, a City of Bithynia.
 CLITELLÆ, arum, f. [a clino, vel a κλίτη, locus declivis] Duffers or Panniers: Also a Way leading to Rome in form of a Pack-saddle, a kind of punishment. * Clitellæ bovum sunt impolte, the Charge is committed to one unfit for it.
 Clitellarius, a, um, bearing a Pack-saddle.
 Clitellarius, ii, m. [sc. equus] a Sumpter-horse.
 † Clitellatus, a, um, having a Panel or Pack-saddle on.
 † Clitenus, i, f. the Herb Periclymenon.
 Cliterium, a City of Arcadia.
 Cliterina, a Town of Italy, called Celano.
 Cliternini, the People of Cliternia.
 † Cli-

- † Cliterni, nini, Cliterini, and -torini, the Stones.
 Clitis, a River of Gallia, called the Glain.
 Clitomachus, a Carthaginian Philosopher; when he was 40 Years old, he went to Athens, and profited so much in so short a Time, that he wrote forty Volumes, and succeeded his Master Carneades; also a Champion so chaste, that if any talked obscenely, he would presently depart.
 Cliton, a River of Arcadia.
 Clitonymus, an Italian Historian.
 Clitophon, one of Rhodes, who wrote the History of India, France, and Italy.
 Clitor, a Town of Arcadia, near which is the Fountain Clitorius, which makes him that drinks of it to loath Wine for ever.
 † Clitōrium, ii, a Woman's Secret.
 Clitumnus, i, a River in Italy, which makes the Beasts that drink of it turn white.
 Clitus, Alexander's Foster-brother, and intimate Friend, whom in a drunken Fit he slew, because he spoke against the Persian Manners; but being sober, he was so sorry, that he fasted 3 Days, and would have starved himself, but that his Friends dissuaded him, and so he buried him most sumptuously.
 Clitus, a, um, glorious, g.
 † Clivētia, x, rashness, giddiness.
 † Clivia, x, the City Cleves in Germany.
 † Clivina, x, a Bird which in Sooth-saying gave a Sign that the thing should not be done.
 † Clivius, a, um, steep, uneasy.
 * Clivia auspiciā, foreboding, or forbidding Omens.
 Clivōsus, a, um [à clivus] craggy, hilly, steep down.
 Clivulus, i, m. a small Ascent or Bending.
 CLIVUS, i, m. [κλίϋς, à κλίω] the Bending, Ascent, or Descent of a Hill or Cliff. * Sudamus in uno clivo, we roll the same Stone.
 CLOACA, x, f. [à κλύω, purgo] a Sink, a Fakes. * Cloacæ publicæ, the common Sewers.
 Cloacālis, le, of a Sink. * Cloacale flumen, the common Sewer or Town-ditch.
 † Cloacare, to defile or pollute.
 Cloacarium, ii, n. the Scavenger's Fee for cleansing Sinks.
 Cloacarius, a, um, belonging to Sinks or Channels.
 Cloacina, the Goddess of Sinks consecrated by Tatius King of Rome.
 Cloacūla, x, f. a little Sink.
 † Cloax, an Arch or Vault under Ground.
 † Clōca, x, a certain Tune sung to the Pipe.
 † Clōcca, x, a Clock or Bell.
 Clodia, a rich noble Woman of Rome.
 * Clodia via, between Lucca and Rome.
 Clōdia fossa, a Town on the Adriatic Shore.
 Clōdiana, a Town of Macedonia.
 Clodianus, a River of Spain.
 † Clodico, are, to limp.
 Clodii forum, a Town in Italy.
 Clodiorum familia, so called of Clodius, a Companion of Æneas.
- Clodius, the Name of several Romans.
 P. Clodius, an Enemy of Cicero's who caused his Exile; a noted Adulterer, taken in Woman's Cloaths at the Sacrifice of Bona Dea, whence the Proverb, Clodius accusat mæchos, the Devil rebukes Sin.
 † Clodo, ere, to shut. See Claudio.
 Clodomirus, the Son of Basamas King of the Sicambri: Also the Son of Clodavius, who threw Sigismund, the Son of Gundebald, King of Burgundy, with his Wife and Children, into a Well.
 Clodoveus, a King of the Franks.
 Clœlia, a noble Family so called from Clœlius, a Companion of Æneas: also a noble Maid of Rome, who being given, with some others, as a Hostage to Porsenna, deceived her Keepers, and swam home over Tyber, and thereupon had a Statue raised in her Honour.
 Clogio, or -dio, a King of the Franks.
 Clonas, an Elegiac and Epic Poet.
 Clonia, a Lake of Libya interior.
 Clōnius, one of the five Boeotian Captains, who went with fifty Ships to Troy.
 Clopeia, Theft; also a kind of Dance.
 † Cloppus, a, um, lame.
 Clopmus, i, m. a clacking with the Tongue, g.
 Closter, the Son of Arachne, who invented Spindles.
 Clostra, a Town in Italy.
 † Clostrum, any Enclosure. See Claustrum.
 Cloto, or Clita, a River of Scotland, called Cluid or Clyd.
 Clotarius, the Son of Clodoveus, and others.
 Clōtho, one of the Destinies.
 Cluaca, a City of Media.
 Cluacina, Venus so called, whose Image stood in the place where Peace was made between the Romans and Sabines.
 Clauana, a City of Pifenum.
 † Clucidatus, a, um, sweet, pleasant.
 † Cluden, inis, a crooked Staff held by the Mimi.
 Cludo, si, sum, to shut or enclose. See Claudio.
 † Cludus, for Claudus, lame.
 Cluens, ntis, shining, excelling.
 Cluentius, a Roman Citizen accused by his Mother Sallia of killing his Father-in-law Oppianicus, and defended by Cicero.
 CLUEO, ere, [κλύω, audio] to be reputed, esteemed, renowned. * Hujus fani sacerdos clueo, I am a Priest of this Temple. * Quæ nigra cluent, which appear black.
 † Clues, m. a Thumb.
 Cludia, the River Cluid in Denbighshire.
 † Cluinum pecus, Swine feeding abroad.
 † Clumæ, arum, Barley Husks.
 † Cluna, x, an Ape.
 † Clunābulum, a Dagger or Butcher's Knife.
 † Clunaculum, i, n. [à clunes] the same.
 † Clunar, aris, n. the Husk of Barley.
 † Clunāticus, ci, a fault-finder.
 Clunia, a City of Spain.
 † Cluniculum, i, a kind of Sword.
- Clūniculus i, m. [à clunis] a little Hunch or Buttock.
 † Clunicus, a, um, Diseased in his Buttocks.
 Clunientes, the People of Clunia.
 CLŪNIS, is, m. and f. [à clino, vel à κλύω, purgo] a Buttock or Paunch, a Crupper; also the Leg of a roasted Fowl. Ribbet, &c.
 Clunium, a City of Corsica.
 CLUO, ere, [κλύω] to shine, be famous, purge, make clean, fight.
 Clūpea, x, the Fish Shad, g.
 Clūpea, or Clypea, a City of Africa propria.
 † Clura, the same as Cluna.
 Clurinum, as Cluinum.
 † Clusa, x, a Valley.
 † Clūsarius, a, um, shut up.
 Clusia, the chaste Daughter of King Tuscus, when Torquatus would have married her, she threw herself from the Tower, but by the Favour of the Wind had no harm.
 Clūsilis, le, [à claudio] easie to be shut up.
 Clūsini, a People of Hetruria.
 Clūsini fontes, Baths in Tuscany, called Bagni di S. Cassiano.
 Clusinum [sc. far] a kind of Wheat.
 Clūsinus, Janus so called, because in Peace his Temple was wont to be shut up.
 Clūsinus, a, um, [à clusum] of a whitish Yellow.
 † Clūsio, ōnis, f. a shutting.
 Clusiolum, a Town in Umbria, now lost.
 Clusium, a Town in Tuscany, called Chiusi, where Porsenna was buried.
 Clusius, the River Chiese in Gallia Cisalpina.
 † Clusuræ, arum, Closets, Enclosures.
 Clusus, a, um, shut, compassed. See Clausus.
 † Clutus, a, um, noble, famous.
 L. Clavius, a Roman Knight, whose Daughter was struck with a Thunderbolt.
 Clymēne, the Daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, the Wife of Japetus: also Helena's Hand-maid, and the Mother of Phaeton, called from her Clymeneia proles.
 Clymenēides, dum, Phaeton's Sisters.
 Clymenēius, } a, um, of Clymene,
 Clymeneus, } * Clymeneia proles, Phaethon.
 Clymenum, Water-betony, and Saponaria. * Clymenum Italarum, Agnus castus, or Park-leaves.
 Clymeneus, a Name of Pluto.
 Clypea, x, f. a kind of Fish, g.
 † Clypearius, ii, a Buckler-maker.
 Clypeatus, a, um, armed with a Buckler.
 Clypeo, are, [à clypeus] to arm with a Buckler.
 † Clypeoides, round in fashion of a Target.
 † Clypeola, x, a Roll or Ring.
 Clypeus, a Bay in the German Sea.
 † Clypetum, i, a Picture.
 Clypeum, i, n. } [à γλύφω, sculpo,
 Clypeus, i, m. } vel κλύπτω, te-
 go] a Shield, Buckler, or Target; also an Image painted or graven on it.
 Clymus, i, m. } a Purgation or
 Clyma, ātis, n. } Washing, a
 Glyster, g. Clyfo.

Clyfona, a Garrison in Ægypt by the Gulf of Arabia.

Clyster, ēris, m. a Glyster, or Glyster-Pipe, or Siringe, g.

† Clysterium, and clystrum, i, n. the same.

Clystrus, a Town of Cilicia.

Clytæ, a People of Macedonia.

Clytæmneitra, the Daughter of Tyn-darus and Leda, Wife of Agamemnon, in whose Absence at the Trojan War, she lived in Adultery with Ægisthus, and at his return slew him.

Clytiæ, or -e, a Nymph beloved of Apollo, till she told Orchemus of his Lying with his Daughter Leucothoe, and then Apollo made her burn in Love with the Sun so long, till she was turned into a Heliotrope; and others.

Clytius, the Son of Laomedon and Brother of Priam; also a young Man beloved of Cydon.

C M

C M. for Comis.

C. M. for Causa mortis, civis malus, Centum millia, or clarissima memoriz.

C N

C N. for Cneius, or Cnevius.

C. N. for Caius Cæsar, or civis noster.

Cnacadium, a Mountain in Laconia.

Cnacalus, a Mountain of Arcadia. Whence Cnacalyfia Diana.

Cnagia, Diana so called from Cnagius a Spartan, who being sold by the Cretians fled into his own Country with the Image of the Goddess.

† Cnafo, ōnis, m. a Bodkin, or Crisping-Pin.

Cneceius, a River of Laconia.

† Cnecus, or cnicus, Wild Saffron.

Cnemis, or Cnemides, a Town and Mountain of Boeotia, whence the Locrians are call'd Epicnemides.

Cneorum, or -ron, i, n. an Herb or Flower used much in Garlands, one kind is white, another black, g.

Cnephe, a God of the Ægyptians, whom they thought the only Maker of the World.

Cneus, the Sirname of many Romans.

† Cnicus, and -um, Bastard Saffron.

Cnidos, g. an Herb in Pliny.

Cnidus, or Gnidus, a City of Caria, and a Promontory. Here was an Image of Venus, an excellent piece of Praxiteles, and here she was worshipped.

Cnipologus, g. a Water-Wag-tail.

Cnips, ipis, a little Worm breeding in the Blisters of Elm-Trees, g.

† Cniseus, an Herb like Parsley.

† Cnix, icis, a Fly like a Gnat.

Cnodax, acis, m. an Iron Spike, the Gudgeon of the Spindle of a Wheel, g.

† Cnopodion, the Herb Polygon.

Cnecupolis, a City of Ionia.

Cnopus, a River; the same as Ismenus.

Cnossus, the same as Gnosus.

C O

C O. for Conjux or controversia.

C. O. for Civitas oninis.

Co, a City of Ægypt.

Co, Coos, or Cos, an Island in the Ægean Sea.

Co-, prep. for Con.

Cōa, a Town of Arabia felix.

Coa vestis, a very thin Garment of Silk from the Island Co.

Coaccēdo, si, sum, [of con & accedo] to be further added.

Coacervātim, adv. with heaping up.

Coacervatio, ōnis, f. a heaping together.

Coacervatīve, adv. by heaps.

Coacervator, ōris, m. a Heaper up.

Coacervatus, a, um. Heaped together.

Coacervo, are, to heap up together.

Coaceſco, ui, ere, to wax sower or Tart together.

† Coaclices, m. a kind of Bread.

† Coacon, ci, n. a black Plaster.

Coactilia, um, n. [a coactus] coarse woollen Cloaths for Package, woollen Socks, Felts.

Coactiliarius, ii, m. a Pelt Maker.

Coactilis, le, Wrought up as Felt.

Coactim, or -te, adv. Forcibly, by Compulsion.

Coactio, ōnis, f. a Gathering together, Compulsion, Levying.

Coacto, are, to work up Felts, or Constrain much or often.

Coactor, ōris, m. a Gatherer together, a Collector, or Raiser of Taxes, a Receiver of Debts. * Coactor agminis, a Serjeant of a Company.

Coactrix, icis, f. she that Constrains or Gathers.

† Coactum, i, n. Gelly.

Coactura, æ, f. a Thickning, a Gathering or Heaping together.

Coactus, a, um, [of cogor] Assembled, Gathered, Grown together, Constrain'd, Wrought, Congealed. * Coactæ brevitatis, kept down with cutting. * Coacta alvi, clung Excrements. * Coactum cornu Phæbes, Full Moon.

Coactus, ūs, m. Constraint, Compulsion.

† Coacuo, ere, to sharpen.

Coaddo, didi, ditum, to cast or add together.

Coadjicio, ēci, ectum, (of con, ad and jacio) to cast to or together.

Coadjumentum, ti, n. a joint Help.

Coadjutor, ōris, m. a Fellow-Helper, a Coadjutor.

† Coadjuvo, are, to help together.

Coaduno, are, to unite together. * Brachium itatur coadunare, to Solder it.

Coedificatus, a, um, built hard by. * Locus coedificatus, Ground built upon and streightned.

Coedifico, are, to build hard together, or take up with Building.

Coequalis, le, Equal with another, Co-equal.

Coerquo, are, to equalize, fill up.

Coerquus, a, um, Equal together.

Coestimo, are, to esteem alike.

† Coetaneo, are, to be of the same Age.

Coetaneus, a, um, [a con & atas] living in the same Age.

S S S S

Coeternus, a, um. Co-eternal.

Coarvus, a, um, [a con & ævum] of the same Age.

Coagitatio, ōnis, f. a Stirring together.

Coagito, are, to move or shake together.

Coagmentandus, a, um, to be cemented, clapt or joined together.

Coagmentatio, ōnis, f. a Cementing, Joining, Gluing together.

Coagmentatus, a, um, joined together.

Coagmento, are, [a con & agmen, vel a cogo] to join or glue together.

* Verba coagmentare, to knit Words together neatly.

Coagmentum, i, n. a Joining of things together. * Coagmentum lanæ, a Pack of Wool. * Coagmenta, the Mortar, or Pieces cementing.

Coagulatio, ōnis, f. a Curdling.

Coagulatus, a, um, Congealed together.

Coagulo, are, to curdle or come as Cheese, to make to join.

Coagulum, i, n. [a cogo] Runnet, Curd, that which joins, or is joined. * Fides amicitia coagulum, Faith draws Friends together.

† Coalbeo, ere, to make White.

Coaleo, ui, itum, [a con & ant. aleo pro alo] to grow together.

Coalesco, ui, escere, to clse again or grow together. * Coalescere in unum corpus, to become one Body.

Coalitatus, a, um, Encreased, Nourished.

Coalluo, ui, ere, [of con, ad and luo] to cast Sand on heaps, as a River doth.

Coamani, a People of Asia.

Coanibulo, are, to walk together.

† Coamicio, ire, to cloath together.

Coamicus, ci, m. a Joint Friend.

Coanca, a City of India within Ganges.

Coanguſto, are, to strengthen, close together. * Legem coanguſtare, to put narrower Bounds to a Law.

Coarctatio, ōnis, f. a Streightning, or Pressing together.

Coarctatus, a, um, Strained or Pressed together. * Coarctatus in oppido, kept within the Town.

Coarcto, are, to strain or press together, make narrow.

† Coarctatio, ōnis, f. a Joining or Bowing together.

Coarguo, ui, utum, to rebuke, disprove, convince.

Coaspermor, ari, to despise together.

† Coalpides, a Gem of a green Colour mingled with Gold.

Coassatio, ōnis, f. a Boarding or Planking of a Floor.

Coasso, are, to board a Room.

Coatra, or Coactra, Inhabitants of the Mountain Coatra between Assyria and Media.

† Coauſtio, ōnis, Encreasing.

† Coaugeo, ere, to encrease together.

† Coactus, a, um, Encreased together.

† Coauxilior, ari, to help together.

† Coaxatio, ōnis, a Boarding, or Croaking of Frogs. See coassatio.

COAXO, are, [a fonu] to Croak like a Frog; also as Coasso.

Coaxum, i, and Coax, the Voice of Frogs, g.

Cobali

- Cobali, certain Spirits of Bacchus's rain.
- † Cobaltum, i. a Stone used in Medicine.
- Cobandi, a People of Germany.
- † Cobio, onis, m. a Gudgeon.
- Cobitis, idos, g. a Smelt.
- Cobaris, an Island in the Gulf of Arabia.
- Cobatas, a famous Magician of Media in the Time of Alexander.
- Cober, a Mart Town in Æthiopia.
- Coblius, a Town of Libya.
- Cobrys, a City of Thrace.
- Cobum, or -bus, a River of Colchis abounding with Gold Sands.
- C'cala, a City of India within Ganges.
- Cōcalia, a City of Pontus in Capadocia.
- Cocalus, a King of Sicily, who entertained Dædalus flying from Minos.
- Cocanicus, a Lake in Sicily.
- Cocarus, the River Cock in Yorkshire, and Cockar in Lancashire.
- Cocālus, i, f. a Pine-Apple Kernel, g.
- Cocceius, the Name of a Man in Horace.
- Coccimelus, the Name of a Tree, g.
- Coccinātus, a, um, [a coccinum] arrayed in Scarlet.
- Coccineus, a, um, of Scarlet or Crimson.
- Coccinum, i, n. a Scarlet Robe or Colour, g.
- Coccinus, a, um, g. of Scarlet or Crimson.
- Coccium, Ribblescheester, in Lancashire.
- † Coccoclārātus, a, um, Garnished with Scarlet.
- Cocconagā, a People of India within Ganges.
- Cocconogata, a City of China and India without Ganges.
- † Coccus, Sea spurge; also the black Chameleon, and the Seed of Thymelæa.
- † Coccula, or cocula, orum, Vessels to Bake or Boil in.
- Coccum, or -us, i, the Grain Alkermes, wherewith Scarlet is dyed, also Scarlet, g.
- Coccygius, a Mountain of Peloponnesus, and a Name of Jupiter.
- Coccyum, a Promontory about Sicily.
- Coccyso, are, to cry like a young Cockrel, to sing the old Tune, g.
- Coccyx, ygis, m. a Cuckow; also a Gurnard; also the 3 last Bones of the Back, g.
- Cōcetum, i, n. [a Κοκκῶ miscen] Meat of Honey and Poppy-seed; also a Hotch-potch, any mingled Drink.
- Coche, a Town of Arabia deserta.
- † Cochilia, x, f. an Ascent by winding Stairs. * Cochilia columna, a Pillar with winding Stairs.
- † Cochliacæ, Round Stones in the River like Snails.
- CōCHLEA, x, f. [Κοχλίας] a Cockle, a Snail, or Snail shell, a Peri-winkle, a Vice, a Skrew of a Press, a pair of Winding Stairs, a Pump, a kind of Door. * Cochlea margaritifera, Mother of Pearls. * Cochleæ vita, living always at home and nearly.
- Cochleare, is, n. [a cochlea] a Spoon or Spoonful.
- Cochleāria, x, f. Spoonwort or Scurvy Grass.
- Cochleārium, ii, n. a Spoonful, the least Measure of Liquids; also a Place to keep Small Fish or Snails in.
- † Cochleārius, ii, m. a Sea-Stone of Shells and Gravel congealed; also a Spoon-maker.
- Cochleum, cochlidium, and cochlis, idis, g. Winding Stairs.
- † Cochlites, a precious Stone.
- Cochlusa, an Island near Lycia.
- Cochryna, a River of Thrace which makes the Sheep that drink it bring forth black Lambs.
- Cocillum, a Town of Mysia.
- Cocintos, or -tum, a Promontory of Magna Græcia.
- Cocio, ōnis, m. [a cocus] a Pedlar or Huckster.
- Cocles, itis, c. [Κόκκλω] an One-eyed Man or Woman.
- Cocles, a Roman who kept Porfena and all his Army back, till the Bridge was broken behind him, and throwing himself into Tybur swam to Shore.
- † Cocolobis, a Spanish Grape.
- Cocossates, a People of Aquitain.
- Cocollis, a People of Mauritania Tingitana.
- † Coctia, a kind of Drink made of sodden Corn.
- Coctia, or Cottia, a Name of the Alps from Coctius King of the Gauls.
- Coctibilis, le, [a coquo] Light or Ease of Digestion.
- † Coctilia, um, Charcoal, or Tile and Bricks.
- † Coctilicia taberna, a Coal Kiln, the Place where they sell Coal.
- Coctilis, le, [a coquo] Dressed by fire. * Muri coctiles, Brick Walls.
- Coctillatio, ōnis, f. a Potching of Eggs.
- Coctillatus, a, um, potched or boiled.
- Coctillo, are, [a coquo] to potch or boil.
- † Coctio, or Cuctio, m. a Pedlar.
- Coctio, ōnis, f. a Cooking or Dressing by Fire, a Digestion.
- Coctito, are, [a coquo] to cook.
- Coctivus, a, um, fit to be dressed, easily boiled, soon ripe.
- † Coctōnum, i, n. Cotton.
- Coctor, ōris, m. a Boiler, a Spendthrift.
- Coctura, x, f. a Dressing of Meat, or the Meat dressed; also Digestion; a good Season for the ripening of the Apples.
- Coctus, a, um, [of coquor] Sodden, Digested, Ripe.
- Cōcūm, i, n. a Kettle; also dry Sticks to burn under it.
- Cōcūlus, i, m. [a coquus] a little, poor or under-cook.
- Cocundæ, a People of India.
- Cocus, i, m. a Cook. See coquus.
- Cocytus, i, m. a River of Hell flowing from Styx.
- † Cōda, for cauda, a Tail.
- Codane, an Island of Gedrosia.
- Codania, Copenhagen, the Metropolis of Denmark.
- Codanania, a Danish Island in the Baltick Sea.
- Codānus, sinus, the Baltick Sea, Buelth or the Sundt.
- † Codairēmūla, a Water-Wag-tail.
- Coddura, a City of India within Ganges.
- Cōdēta, x, [a cauda] Ground overgrown with Horse Tail Grass.
- CōDEX, icis, m. [a cado] the Stock or Body of a Tree; also a Book. * Codex robustus, the Stock. * Referre in codicem, to book a Thing.
- † Codia, the Tops of Poppy.
- Codicaria, [sc. naves] Ships made of thick Planks.
- Codicarius, a, um, [a codex] belonging to the Stock or Stamp of a Tree.
- Codicillaris, re, Granted or Holden by Patent.
- Cōdiculus, i, m. a little Book, a Ledger Book, a Codicil, a Supplement to a Will. * Codicilli, orum, Letters Patents, a Deed of Gift. * Codicillorum insignia auferre, to take away one's Patent or Charter.
- † Codicum, ii, a Book.
- † Cōdiculus, and codicellus, a little Book.
- † Codion, a kind of Lettice; also the Flower of Codiaminon.
- Cōdon, ōnis, m. a little Bell, the Mouth of a Trumpet, a prating, talkative Fellow, g.
- Codonophorus, i, m. he that rings a Bell in his Hand before the Corps, g.
- † Codra, x, for quadra, x, a Trencher.
- Codrava, a City of India within Ganges.
- Codropolis, a Town of Illyria.
- Codrus, the 17th and last King of Athens, who in a disguise exposed himself to Death for his Country, because the Oracle said the Lacedæmonians should overcome if they did not kill him; also the Name of a Poet whose Poverty became a Proverb, Codro pauperior.
- Cœcile, a City in Spain.
- Cœcinum, a Town in the Gulf of Scylla.
- Cœculus, by surname Saturnus Junior, who reigned among the Adorigines the Year before the building of the City 807.
- Cœdamusii, a People of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
- Cœla, a small Countrey of Attica, made famous by the Sepulchres of Miltiades and Thucydides.
- Cœlaretæ, a People of Thrace.
- Cœlebs, ibis, c. a single Person. See Cœlebs.
- Cœlectus, a, um, chosen together.
- Cœlerini, a People of Spain.
- Cœlestis, Heavenly. See Cœlestis.
- Cœlestyria, or Calostyria, all that Countrey beyond Seleucis, towards Egypt and Arabia.
- Cœlia, g. the Belly or Stomach.
- Cœliacus, a, um, g. troubled with the Belly-Ach, griped in the Guts. * Cœliaci passio, the Cholick. * Cœliacus morbus, the Wind or Stone Cholick, Griping in the Guts.
- Cœliacus, i, m. he that is so troubled.
- † Cœligēna, x, f. Begotten of the Gods, or in Heaven.
- Cœlimontana, one of the Gates in Rome.
- † Cœlispe, an Astrologer, a Stargazer.
- Cœlites, um, the Gods. See cœlites.
- Cœlitus, adv. [a cælum] from Heaven.
- Cœlius, one of the Hills of Rome called Augustus by the Command of Tiberius.

Cælo, are, to carve. See Cælo.
 Cæloma, ātis, n. a long hollow Sore
 about the Circle of the Eye, g.
 † Cælon, a kind of Sill, or Painter's
 Colour.
 Cælophthalmus, g. one that hath
 hollow Eyes.
 Cælos, a Haven, or City of Thrace.
 Cæloſſa, a Mountain near Philus.
 Cæloſtōmia, æ, f. a speaking hollow
 in the Mouth, g.
 Cælum, i. Heaven. See Cælum.
 Cæmētērium, ii, n. a Church-Yard,
 a Dormitory, g.
 Coëmo, ere, (of con and emo) to
 buy up in great Quantity.
 Coemptio, ōnis, f. a Buying up;
 also a formal Purchase which the
 Bridegroom made of the Bride at
 Betrothing.
 Coemptionsalis, le, which is often
 in buying.
 † Coemptor, ōris, m. he that buyeth
 or adquireth.
 COENA, æ, f. [Kavā] a Supper,
 or any Meal. * Cœna Cynici, a
 frigid Supper. * Cœna dialis,
 rich Entertainment. * Cœna ter-
 restris, Philosophers Fare of Herbs
 and Roots. * Caput cœnæ, the
 first Dish. * Cœna recta, a set or
 full Supper.
 † Cœna, æ, f. a Dining Room.
 Cœnāculāria, æ, f. a Letting out of
 Rooms. * Cœnaculariam exerce-
 re, to keep Lodgings to Lett.
 Cœnāculārius, ii, m. one who hath
 hired a Cock-Loft, or he that provides
 Supper.
 Cœnāculum, i, n. [à cœno] a Sup-
 ping-Room above Stairs; also a
 Garret, where the poorer Sort were
 wont to Lodge and Eat.
 Cœnāticus, a, um, of Supper. * Spes
 cœnatica, hope of getting a Sup-
 per.
 Cœnatio, ōnis, f. a Supping Room,
 a Parlour.
 Cœnatiuncula, æ, f. a little Parlour
 or Supping Room.
 Cœnatorium, ii, n. a Night Gown
 or Supper Garment.
 Cœnātorius, a, um, [à cœna] of
 Suppers.
 Cœnātūrio, ire, to have a mind to
 go to Supper.
 Cœnātus, a, um, which hath Sup-
 ped.
 Cœneum, a Promontory of Eubœa.
 Cœnipēta, æ, [à cœna & peto] a
 Smell-Feast, one that hawks for a
 Supper.
 Cœnito, are, to use to Sup.
 Cœno, are, [à cœna] to be at, or
 go to Supper. * Alienum cœnare,
 to sup at another's Cost. * Olus cœ-
 nare, to sup with Herbs. * Eca-
 llor, cœnabis hodie ut dignum
 est, magnum malum, you shall be
 dealt with according to your Deserts.
 Cœnōbiarcha, æ, m. the Prior of a
 Monastery, g.
 Cœnōbita, arum, g. the Fellows of
 a Monastery.
 Cœnōbium, ii, n. a Monastery, Con-
 vent, or Cloyster, g.
 Cœnodoxus, a, um, g. Vain-Glo-
 rious.
 † Cœnolactarius, ii, m. a Dawber
 or Tiler.
 † Cœnolactoria, and -ium, the Daw-
 bers Trade.
 † Cœnōpōlium, ii, n. a Cusboard,
 or Place where the Supper is dress'd.

† Cœnōsitas, and Cœnosentia, fil-
 thiness.
 Cœnōlus, a, um, [à cœnum] filthy,
 dirty.
 † Cœnōvēctōrium, ii, n. a Wheel-
 barrow, or Dung-Cart.
 Cœnūla, æ, f. [à cœna] a little Sup-
 per.
 Cœnōlentus, a, um, full of Clay.
 COENUM, i, n. [Kavōv] Dirt, or
 a dirty Fellow.
 Cœnoenum, the City Laubenburg
 in Saxony.
 Cœnus, the second King of Macedo-
 nia.
 Cœo, ivi, itum, [of con and eo]
 to meet, or come together, close,
 joy, couple together, agree. * Coi-
 re in litem, to conspire in Trouncing
 Men, and sharing what they can get
 by false Assesation. * Coire f-
 cietaem cum aliquo, to join Al-
 liance with one. * Coire f- cieta-
 tem alicuius rei cum aliquo, to
 be Partner with one in a Business.
 * Cicatrix coit, the Scar closes
 up. * Coeunt milites, the Dis-
 pute begins.
 Cœpi, of the old Cœpio, I have be-
 gun, or taken in hand. * Alium
 quæstum cœpiat, let him take up
 some other Trade.
 Cœpiscopus, i, m. a Fellow-Bi-
 shop.
 Cœpio, are, to begin, attempt, set
 upon.
 Cœptum, i, n. an Attempt, Enter-
 prise, or Beginning.
 Cœpturus, a, um, [of cœpi] ready
 to begin.
 Cœpius, ūs, m. a beginning.
 Cœptus, a, um, begun. * Cœptus
 sum, I have begun.
 † Cœpūlōnus, i, a Fellow-banqueter,
 or Reveller.
 † Cœpūlor, ari, to feast together.
 † Cœquātus, a, um, made even.
 Cœquito, are, to ride together.
 Cœcōsa, a Town of Aquitain.
 Coeranus, the Name of a River; also
 a Man slain by Ulysses; and a Ship-
 wreck'd Man slain by a Dolphin.
 † Coerārius, ii, he that has the Charge
 of Wards, &c.
 Coercendus, a, um, to be chastised.
 Coerceo, [of con and arceo] ui,
 itum, to hold hard, bridle in, tie
 up, compel, correct, punish, subdue,
 restrain. * Modico se coercere,
 to content himself with a little.
 * Omnia complexu suo coercere,
 [of the World] to contain or compre-
 hend all Things.
 † Coercibilis, le, that may be re-
 strained.
 Coercitio, or Coertio, ōnis, f. a Re-
 straint.
 Coercitus, a, um, [of coerceor]
 Restrained, Stopped, Compelled, &c.
 Coertio, the same as Coertio.
 † Coëro, are, to have the Charge of.
 Coëro, are, to wander together.
 Cœrūleus, and Cœrulus, a, um, [à
 cœlum] sky-coloured Blue.
 † Coæstimo, are, to esteem, or bo-
 nour together.
 Coestoboci, a People of Sarmatia
 Europæa.
 † Coëus, a, um, Eaten together.
 † Coëus, to be together.
 † Coeternus, a, um, Co-eternal.
 Coeti, a People of Asia by the Euxine
 Sea.
 COETUS, ūs, m. [à coeo] a Meet-

ing, a Multitude, Flock, Rabble
 a seditious Meeting or Riot.
 Coexercitatus, a, um, exercised, or
 practised together.
 Coeus, a River of Messenia; also
 a Giant, the Son of Coetus and
 Terra.
 Cogamus, a River in Lydia.
 Cogens, ntis, compelling, &c.
 † Cogeyria, a Tree that loseth its
 Fruit in the Cotton about it, Ve-
 nice Sumach, or Silk Sumach.
 Cogitabilis, le, [à cogito] to be
 thought on.
 Cogitabundus, a, um, Musing, in
 a brown Study.
 † Cogitāmen, inis, n. a Thought.
 Cogitāte, -to, adv. upon Design,
 Advisedly.
 † Cogitatin, adv. the same.
 Cogitatio, ōnis, f. a Thought, In-
 tention, Advice, Device, Imagina-
 tion. * Homo nullā cogitatione,
 a Man of no Forecast, dull pated.
 Cogitātiuncula, æ, f. a little Cog-
 itation or Musing.
 Cogitativus, a, um, Musing, Pen-
 sive.
 Cogitatum, i, n. a Thought or De-
 vice.
 † Cogitātus, a, um, thought upon,
 intended, considered, devised.
 † Cogitā-us, ūs, m. a Device, or
 Project.
 COGITO, are, [à cogo, vel qu-
 coagito] to think, cast with one's
 self, devise and consider. * Cogi-
 to in Tusculanum, I intend to go
 to my Tusculan House. * Cogito
 Britanniam, I have a Design to
 take a Voyage into Britany. * Cras
 cogitabat [ire] he had Thoughts
 of going to Morrow. * Malè
 cogitare de aliquo, to bear one
 a Grudge.
 Cognabanda, and Cognabara, Cities
 of India within Ganges.
 Cognāti, orum, [à con & natus]
 Kinsfolk by Blood or Birth.
 Cognatio, ōnis, f. Kindred, Alli-
 ance, Likeness and Agreement.
 * Ut quisque te maxime cognat-
 iōne attingebat, the nearer any
 was akin to you.
 Cognātus, a, um, near to, akin,
 allied; also alike, or agreeable.
 Cognātus, i, m, a Kinsman, or
 Cousin.
 Cogni, a People of Germany.
 Cognitio, ōnis, f. [à cognosco]
 a Knowing, Hearing and judging
 of a Cause, Acquaintance. * Dies
 cognitionis, the Day of Trial.
 * Cognitionem sustinere, to delay
 the Trial of a Suit.
 † Cognitionaliter, thoroughly, with
 perfect Knowledge.
 Cognitor, and -us, better known.
 Cognitor, ōris, m. a Solicitor, an
 Attorney.
 Cognitūra, æ, f. the Office or Fee of
 an Attorney.
 Cognitus, a, um, [of cognoscor]
 known, heard. * Cognitā causā,
 the Cause being tried. * Habere
 cognitum, to have Knowledge
 in.
 Cognitus, i, m. an Acquaintance.
 † Cognōbilis, le, clearly to be
 known.
 Cognōmen, inis, n. } a Surname.
 Cognōmentum, i, } * Est & al-
 tera cyclaminas, cognōmine Cif-
 santhemus, there is another kind of
 Snow.

- Sow-Bread, Surnamed Cissanthemum.
- Cognōmīnis, e, bearing the same Name, a Name-fake.
- Cognōmīnātus, a, um, Surnamed.
- Cognōmīn, are, to Surname.
- † Cognoscīto, are, to know.
- Cognosco, ōvi, cognitum, [of con and nosco] to know, own, take Cognizance, be informed, hear and determine, understand. * Hominem prudentem cognosces, you will find him to be a wise Man. * Cognoscite, pray hearken, understand.
- Cōgo, egi, actum, [of con and ago] to draw together, compel, to curdle, put in Rank and Order, drive in, conclude, and prove by Argument, to milk a Beast. * Cogere medicos, to get Physicians together. * Cogere lanam, to work Wooll for Felts. * Cogere pecuniam agmen, to levy Money, raise an Army. * In nubem cogitur aer, the Weather is over-cast.
- Cohærarīus, ii, m. [à con & hæres] a joint Heir, Tenant, or Officer.
- Cohærens, ntis, Agreeing or Hanging together.
- Cohærentia, æ, f. Coherence, Hanging together.
- Cohærentiūs, adv. more Agreeably or Fittly.
- Cohæreo, si, sum, [of con and hæreo] to hang together, to be fellow or joint Heir, cleave unto, to agree well with. * Hæc non cohærent, these are not all of a Piece.
- Cohæres, edis, c. a joint Heir.
- Cohæresco, ere, to cling together.
- † Cohæredīto, and cohæro, are, to inherit together.
- † Cohaurīo, ire, to draw together.
- † Cohibentia, æ, f. a keeping under.
- Cohibeo, ui, itum, [of con and habeo] to hold or keep in, restrain, contain, stop, repress, keep short, forbid, tie up. * Cohibere assensionem, to suspend one's Belief. * Cohibere se, to moderate himself.
- † Cohibilis, le, Gentle, easie to be ruled.
- † Cohibīlīter, adv. briefly.
- Cohibitio, ōnis, f. a Restraining, or holding in.
- Cohibitus, a, um, [of cohibeor] restrained. * Cohibitum genus dicendi, a moderate Style.
- † Cohinnio, ire, to neigh together.
- † Cohivum, i. a Rose Bud not fully blown.
- Cohonesto, are, to Command by joint Suffrages, Honour.
- Cohonestor, ari, to be repaired, or recovered.
- † Cohonoro, are, to honour together.
- Cohorreo, ui, ere, to tremble together for fear.
- Cohorresco, ere, to shiver with Cold or Fear.
- Cohors, tis, f. [Χόρτος] a Yard, Barton, Hen-House, a Foot Company, any Band or Company of Soldiers, or others, a Train, Retinue. * Cohors prætoria, the Life-Guard.
- † Cohortalinus, a Soldier waiting on the Magistrate.
- Cohortālis, le, crammed, or kept in a Barton or Pen.
- Cōhortandus, a, um, to be exhorted.
- Cōhortatio, ōnis, f. an Encouraging.
- † Cōhortātiuncula, æ, f. a little Exhortation.
- † Cōhorticulæ, arum, small Bands of Men.
- Cōhortor, ari, [à con & hortor] to exhort, encourage, hearten on.
- † Cōhortatus, a, um, encouraged.
- † Cohum, i, n. the Thong which tyes the Ox-bow and Yoke together; also Heaven.
- Coibilis, le, [à coeo] hanging together.
- † Coibiliūs, adv. with better Coherence.
- Coiens, euntis, [of coeo] joining, or coming together.
- † Coincīdo, ere, to fall in together, fall pat, or jump right.
- † Coinquino, are, to defile commonly, or together, to defame.
- Cointa, a noble Woman martyred at Alexandria under Decius.
- Coitio, ōnis, f. [à coeo] a Conspiracy, Encounter, or a Coupling together.
- Coiturus, a, um, about to meet, &c.
- Coitus, a, um, Assembled, Entred into, or come together.
- Coitus, us, m. a Gathering or Coning together. * Coitus Lunæ, the Conjunction of the Sun and Moon. * Coitus humoris, the gathering of Humours.
- † Coix, icis, a Basket, a kind of Oshers.
- † Cola, æ, f. a Strainer.
- Colaca, a Promontory of Æthiopia.
- Colada, a City of India within Ganges.
- Colaicum, a Promontory of Taprobane.
- Colana, a Town of Armenia major.
- Colancorum, a City of Germany.
- Colāphizo, are, to buffet or box about the Ears.
- Colāphus, i, m. } a buffet or blow
- Colaphum, i, n. } with the Fist.
- * Colaphum alicui ducere, or infligere, to give one a Box on the Ear.
- Colapiani, a People of Pannonia.
- † Colāris, ris, the Name of a Bird.
- Colarsini, a People of Lusitania.
- Colāsis, g. Correction or Punishment.
- Colalis, the Scholar of Lysippus, who made the Colossus.
- † Colātōrium, ii, a Strainer.
- † Colatum, i, a Wine Vessel.
- Colātus, a, um, [of colo] strained.
- Colax, acis, g. a Flatterer.
- Colaxes, the Son of Jupiter and Ora, slain by Jason.
- Colbi, a People of Æthiopia.
- Colchi, a Mart Town of India within Ganges, called Colchin.
- Colchi, orum, the People of Colchis.
- Colchiacus, } a, um, of Col-
- Colchicus, } chis.
- † Colchicum, ci, the Herb Dog's Bane, or Meadow Saffron.
- Colchium, a Town of Dalmatia, called afterwards Olchinium.
- Colchis, idis, a Country of Asia near Pontus, the Kingdom of Æetes, and Country of Medea; it is full of Poysons.
- Colchus, a, um, of Colchis.
- † Colcis, a false or counterfeit Colour.
- Colduli, a People of Bohemia.
- Coleatus, a, um, [à coles] of the Male Sex.
- † Colema, atis, an Oyntment used by Wrestlers.
- † Colēna, æ, an Herb like Origanum.
- Colenda, a City in Spain.
- Colenis, Diana so called from Colenus, who reigned before Cecrops.
- Colens, ntis, Religious, Devout, &c.
- Colentium, an Island of Illyricum.
- Colentini, the Inhabitants thereof.
- † Colēphium, or pium, a Collop, Pieces of Swines Flesh, Cow Heels, a kind of dry Food with which Wrestlers were dieted.
- COLES, is, m. [a Κανός scapus] a Man's Yard.
- Colētiani, a People of Pannonia.
- Coleus, ei, m. the Stones, Cullions, &c.
- Coli, a People of Caucasus.
- † Cōlia, æ, a kind of Dance.
- † Cōliacus morbus, the Cholick.
- Cōlias, æ, m. a Bastard Tunny, or a Mackrel, g.
- Colias, a Promontory of Attica.
- Cōlice, es, f. the Cholick, g.
- Cōliculus, i, m, [à colis] a little Stall.
- Cōlicus, a, um, of the Cholick. * Colicum medicamentum, a Medicine good for the Cholick.
- † Cōlimbus, i, m. a Conduit Pipe.
- † Colimphæ, arum, Ships.
- † Cōlina, for culina, a Kitchen.
- Cōliphium, ii, n. the Wrestlers Diet.
- Colippo, a Town of Lusitania.
- † Coliria, a Kernel, or swelling in the Thigh.
- † Colirida, æ, Bread made Triangle-wise.
- † Colis, is, m. the Stem of a Vine, a tender Branch, or a Shoot of an Ear. See Caulis.
- Colla, æ, g. Grew; also a kind of Sacrifice.
- Collābasco, ere, [of con and labasco] to stagger, or be ready to fall.
- † Collābescio, ere, [of con, labes, and facio] to break down, or destroy.
- † Collābescitio, ōnis, f. a Decaying.
- Collābescitio, are, to batter, or make to totter, fright one from his Purpose.
- Collābescio, iēri, to be shaken, cast down, weakened.
- † Collabello, are, to kiss.
- Collābesco, ere, [à collabor] to totter.
- Collābi, orum, g. Virginal Keys, or the Keys of any musical Instrument.
- Collābor, bi, [of con and labor] to slide, or sink down. * Animus collabitur, the Mind desponds.
- † Collācero, are, to tear in Pieces.
- Collachrymatio, ōnis, f. a Weeping with others.
- Collachrymo, are, to lament over, and with others.
- † Collachrymor, ari, the same.
- Collactanea, æ, f. a Foster-Sister.
- Collactaneus, m. } a Foster-Bro-
- Collacteus, ei, } ther.
- † Collactō, are, and -eo, ere, to give Suck.
- Collator, ari, to rejoice together.
- † Collambo, ere, to lick together.
- Collapsus, a, um, [of collabor] sit or fallen down, discouraged. * Collapsi cineres, Ashes out of which the Fire is quite gone. * Collapsa tempora,

pora, hollow and sunk temples.
 † Collaqueo, are, to entangle together.
 Collare, is, n. [à collum] a Neck-band, or Collar.
 Collaria, æ, f. an Iron-collar, worn by Malefactors.
 Collaris, re, of or for the Neck.
 † Collarium, ii, n. a Cloth to wipe the Eye with.
 Collatus, a, um, enlarged, amplified.
 Collatensis, a Friend, or Companion.
 † Collateralis, le, Collateral, on the side, or opposite.
 † Collatéro, are, to joyn side by side.
 Collatia, a Town in Italy.
 Collatina, a Gate of Rome; also the Goddess of hills.
 Collatinus, one of the seven Hills of Rome; also the Husband of Lucretia.
 Collatio, ōnis, f. a Joining or Coping together, a Contribution, a Club, a Collation, a Comparing. * Collatio signorum, the On-set.
 Collatitius, a, um, contributed. * Cœna collatitia, where every Man brings his Dish.
 Collativum, i, n. a Benevolence, subsidy.
 Collativus, a, um, clubbed, or brought in by joint payment. * Collativus venter, a great or swollen Belly. * Collativum sacrificium, a Sacrifice of many Offerings together.
 Collatio, are, to enlarge.
 Collator, ōnis, m. he that pays Contribution.
 Collatro, are, to bark together.
 Collatus, a, um [ab conferor] conferred, assembled, compared. * Collatum est decies, there was a Contribution made ten times. * Collatis viribus, with joint force.
 Collatus, ūs, m. a Comparing, or joining together, a Tax, or Gathering.
 † Collatum, i, n. a Largest of the Prince to the People.
 Collaudabilis, le, praise-worthy.
 Collaudatio, ōnis, f. a Crying up, or Commending.
 Collaudatus, a, um, commended.
 Collaudo, are, to cry up by joint Suffrages.
 Collecta, æ, f. [à colligo] a Collation or Club; also a Shoot or Reckoning, a Tax or Contribution; also a Collect or short Prayer.
 † Collectaculum, i, n. a Gathering together.
 Collectanea, ōrum, Collections of divers matters into one Bundle.
 Collectaneus, a, um, gathered or drawn together from divers parts. * Aes collectaneum, old Brass.
 Collectarius, ii, m. a Tax-gatherer, Collector, Banker.
 Collecte, } adv. briefly, compen-
 Collectim, } diously.
 Collectio, ōnis, f. a Collection or Gathering together; also an Imposition, and a Conclusion.
 Collector, ius, more close and compact.
 Collectitius, a, um, gathered of all, or many sorts.
 Collectivus, a, um, gathering, or gathered together, conclusive.
 † Collecto, are, to gather together.
 Collectum, i, n. that which is gathered together. * Vivere collecto, to live upon one's store.

Collectus, a, um [ab colligo] gathered together, assembled, gotten, recovered, living within a narrow compass.
 COLLEGA, æ, m. [à con & lex vel legare] a Joint-commissioner, or Partner in Office.
 Collega, the Name of a Roman Consul.
 Collegatarius, ii, m. he that partakes of a Legacy with another.
 † Collegatus, a, um, sent with others.
 † Collegialis, le, of a College, or Society.
 † Collegiatus, a, um, of the same Company.
 † Collegiati, Watchmen or Warders.
 COLLEGIUM, ii, n. [à collega vel à colligo] a College, Society, or Company; the Time and Office of two together. * Accipiter auxiliatur c. legio naturæ, the hawk helps [the owl] bring by nature's appointment of the same college or Society.
 † Collego, ere, to read or gather with others.
 † Collego, are, to send together.
 † Collenio, ire, to make soft, or gentle.
 Collervo, are, to lift up, mitigate, or lighten.
 † Colleurina, æ, a piece of Ordnance called a Culverin.
 † Collibentia, æ, f. a Willingness.
 † Collibero, are, to make free together.
 Collibertus, i, m. he that is made free by the same master.
 Collibet, imp. it likes me well. * Ut cuncto animo collibitum est meo, as the toy takes me.
 † Collibista, æ, he that receives, or gives collibia.
 † Collibium, ii, a little Gift, Apples, Nuts, &c.
 † Collibo, are, to taste together.
 † Collibro, are, to make even, or weigh together.
 † Collibrum, i, n. a kind of money, or all the money weighed together.
 Collicia, arum, Gutters in the field to drain the land, or in the house-eaves to catch the Rain. See Colliquæ.
 † Collicinus, i, m. a Dog's collar.
 Colliculus, i, m. [à collis] a Hillock.
 Collido, si, sum [of con and lædo] to knock, batter, or dash one against another. * Colliduntur leges, the Laws contradict one another.
 † Collifana, and Collofani, orum, Sheep kept for Sacrifice.
 † Colligamen, and colligamentum, a Knitting or Tying together.
 Colligatio, ōnis, f. [à colligo] a Binding up, a Tying fast, a Pinioning.
 Colligatus, i, n. that which is bound together.
 † Colligatura, æ, a Knot or Band.
 Colligatus, a, um, bound or joyned together.
 Colligo, are [of con and ligo] to bind up, tie fast, to entangle, repress, or take away, comprehend. * Colligare impetum furentis, to stop his mad Career.
 Colligo, egi, etum [of con and lego] to gather, or bring together, prepare, reckon, rehearse, conclude, seek, get, receive, tuck up, enclose, call to mind, perceive, recreate. * Vasa colligere, to truss up bag and baggage, as in a march. * Col-

ligere hastam, to pluck in one's Spear. * Colligere se in ictum, to call up his whole strength that he may give the harder blow. * Colligere rationem, to sum up an account. * Ambitus capitis centum duos pedes colligit, takes up an hundred and two feet. * Me ipse collegi, I went aside. * Se cr animum colligere, to come to himself, take courage.
 † Collimatio, ōnis, Aim, or Level.
 † Collimbris, f. a Ducker or Diddapper.
 Colliminium, ii, n. [à con & limen] the meeting of bounds.
 Collimitatus, a, um, bounded, or bordered together.
 Collimitium, ii, n. [à con & limes] the meeting of bounds.
 Collimitor, ari, to border or butt upon the bounds of another.
 Collimo, are [of con and limes] to level, to aim with another.
 Collina, a Gate in Rome.
 Collineo, are [à con & linea] to level in a right line at a mark.
 Collino, and -io, ini, ui, and ivi, itum, to anoint or damb over.
 Collinus, a, um [à collis] of a Hill or Hillock, growing upon a Hill.
 Collinus, the Family Knolles.
 † Colliphia, orum, n. Cheese-cakes.
 Colliquatio, ōnis, f. a Meeting; also a dangerous flux.
 Colliquescio, eci, etum, to melt down.
 Colliqueo, } to melt, or be
 Colliquefco, ere, } melted.
 Colliquæ, arum, f. [à con & liqu] Water-furrows, Drains, Trenches.
 Colliquo, are, to consume or melt.
 † Collirium, ii, a Medicine for the Eyes.
 COLLIS, is, m. [Korawn] a little Hill, the rising of the Back.
 Collisio, ōnis, f. [à collido] a Dashing, Bruising, or Battering together.
 Collistrigium, ii, n. [à collum & stringo] a Pillory.
 Collisus, ūs, m. a Squeezing, Thrusting or Dashing together.
 Collisus, a, um [of collidor] squeezed or beaten together. * Collisum vulnus, a Bruise.
 † Collito, are, to place on a Hill.
 † Collixo, are, to boil together.
 † Collöbium, ii, a kind of Coat.
 Collocatio, ōnis, f. a Placing in order. * Collocatio siderum, the position of the Stars. * Collocatio filiarum, the Daughter's portion.
 Collocatus, a, um, placed or bestowed.
 Colloco, are [of con and loco] to place in order, to let out, bestow. * Collocare filiam suam alicui, Collocare filiam nuptum, to marry his Daughter. * Collocare aliquem in ædibus, to reinstate one in his house. * Collocare filiam nuptui in parte agri, to give half a field as a portion with his daughter. * Collocare sextantes in capita, to appoint every man to pay a Farthing.
 Collocupletio, are, to enrich, or pick up riches.
 Collocutio, ōnis, f. a Conference, or Discoursing together.
 Collodis, an Island near Sardinia.
 † Collones, great Ships for Colonies.
 † Col-

† Collopes, the pins of a lute or harp.
Collops, a City of Africa.
Colloquium, ii, n. a Dialogue, a Discourse, or Treaty, a Colloquy. * Colloquium avium, the chattering of birds together.
Collōquor, qui, to confer or discourse together.
† Collōrico, are, to cloath one with a coat of mail.
† Collōstrati, Chiāren sucking the first milk after birth.
Collūbet, imp. it likes, it pleaseth.
Collucatio, ōnis, a Cutting of boughs in a Forest.
Colluceo, ere, to shine all over, to be evident. * Vidi collucere omnia furtis tuis, I saw the marks of your thievery every where.
Collūco, are [a con & lucus] to lop trees so that a glade is made in a wood.
Colluctatio, ōnis, a Wrestling with or together.
Colluctor, ari, to wrestle with or together.
† Collūdīo, ōnis, f. a Playing together.
† Collūdium, ii, n. a Playing together, also collusion or deceit.
Collūdo, si, sum [a con & ludo] to play together; also to acknowledge a feigned execution whereby to evade a true Debt.
† Collūgeo, ani esco, ere, to bewail together.
Collūm, i, n. a little neck.
COLLUM, i, n. [a Kōlov membrum vel Kōvlos Icapus] the Neck; also the space between the top and the middle of a hill.
Collumbar, ris, n. a Pillory.
† Collūmellares, ium, m. the Cheek-teeth.
† Collūmino, are, the same as collutro.
† Collūminor, ari, to be enlightened.
Colluo, ui, ūtum [a con & lavo] to rinse or scour.
† Collurcinatio, ōnis, f. a Gormandizing.
Collurio, ōnis, m. a Field fare, g.
Collasi, i, plati together [of colludo]
Collusio, ōnis, f. Collusion or Cheating among Lawyers.
Collutor, ōris, m. a Play-fellow; also he that useth collusion.
Collusorie, adv. with covin and fraud.
Collustrans, ntis, clear, shining.
Collustratio, ōnis, f. a Shining or Enlightning.
Collustratus, a, um, enlightened, made clear.
Collustro, are [ab con & lustrō] to survey, or view round about, also to make clear.
Collūtilo, are, to dash with mire, defile, defame.
Collūtus, a, um [of collucor] rinsed, scoured.
† Collūviāris, re, of a Sink, or wallowing in the mire. * Colluviāris porcus, a hog fed with druff or swill.
Collūviārium, ū, n. a Sink, or Common-sewer.
Collūvies, ei, [a colluo] a Sink.
Colluvio, ōnis, f. [or Kēnet, Filth, Naughtiness, base company.
† Collybia, Fig-arts or the like.
Collybita, a, m. a Banker, or Collybittes, } money-changer, g.
Collybiticus, a, um, g. belonging to a Banker, or money-changer.

* Symbola collybitica, Letters of Exchange.
Collybus, i, m. the Loss for exchange of money, also Exchange, and a kind of junkets, g. * Collybo pecuniam curare or mittere, to return money by bills of exchange.
† Collybum, i, n. a little piece.
Collyra, a, f. a Sippet, Simnel, or Bun, g.
† Collyrida, a, f. a Cake; also a kind of Paint used by women.
Collyris, idis, f. Manchet-read, g.
Collyrium, i, g. Eye-salve; also a Suppository, errhinefs, and powders for the ears, &c. * Eodem collyrio mederi omnibus, one plaister for all sores.
† Collyrum, a little piece of money.
Colmaria, the City Colmar in Alsatia.
Colnius, the River Colne.
Cōlo, are [a colum, vel Kαλώω arceo] to rain, purge.
CōLO, ui, ūtum [a Kαλώω celebris, vel ab Hēl. calab. perfecti] to worship, honour, respect, inhabit, till or dress, exercise, maintain, or keep, follow or delight in, to be given to. * Inter se colere, to love and live to ether. * Servitutum apud aliquem colere, to serve under one. * Colere vitam, to pass one's life. * Qui efficacius coleret, that he might gain the more by courting her. * Colere seditiones, to blow the coals of sedition.
Coloa, a City and Lake of Æthiopia.
Cōlobium, ii, n. a Jacket or short Colobum, i, } coat with half sleeves, g.
Cōlobōma, atis, n. a Maim, or Lack of any Member, g.
Colorin, a Promontory of Æthiopia.
Colobona, a City in Spain.
Colobressus, a Town in Pamphylia.
Coloca, a Promontory of Africa.
Cōlocasia, a, f. an Egyptian Bean of whose leaves they made cups; also the herb Aron, or Calf's-foot, g.
Colocasia, a Temple of Minerva in Sicily.
Colocalium, ii, n. the Bean, or Root of the Bean colocasia, g.
Colocaurum, a City of Germany.
Cōlocanthis, idis, f. colocintida a wild Gourd purging flegm, g.
Coloe, a Lake of Æthiopia, and three Cities there; also a place in Lydia near Sardis, by which there was a Temple of Diana called Colonea.
Colōephryx, a Mountain of Bœotia.
Colomanus, a King of Hungary, who put out the Eyes of his Brother and Grandson to make them incapable of reigning, and being taken with a sudden sickness his brain came out.
Cōlon, and lum, i, g. the great gut in which is the Cholick disease; also half a period.
Colona, a, f. [a colonus] a Dame or Farmer's Wife.
Colona, a Place in Troas, near Lampfacum, and another on the outward part of Hellespont.
† Cōlōnārii, orum, Tenants in Villainage.
Cōlōnārium, ii, n. Tax upon lands, a Land-tax; or for Columnarium, a Tax for the repairing the Highways and way-marks.

Cōlōnārius, a, um of Husbandry or Colonies.
Colone, a City in Phocis, Erythraa, Thessaly, Messenia, and a Rock in Asia by the shore of Bosphorus Thracicus.
Coloni, orum, Inhabitants, Husbandmen; also People sent from one Place to dwell in another.
Cōlōnia, a, f. a Colony or Plantation, either the place it self or the People, a Fee-Farm, or Copy-hold.
Colonia, a City of Cappadocia, and other places.
Colonia Agrippinensis, the City Collein in Germany.
Colonia Victricensis, Malden in Essex.
Cōlōnicus, a, um, of Husbandry or a Colony.
Cōlōnis, an Island in the Argolick Gulf.
Colonos, a Place near Athens where Oedipus lived in exile, from whence he was called Coloneus; this Place was consecrated to Neptune.
Cōlōnus, i, m. [a colo] a Husbandman, a Farmer, an inhabitant of a foreign Plantation. * Colonus catenarum, that lives in chains.
Colopena, part of Cappadocia, and a City of Æolis.
Cōlōphon, ōnis, g. a Conclusion, Top or Chief.
Col phon, a City of Ionia, famous for an Oracle of Apollo. Colophonii, the People, who were very strong in shipping and cavalry, so that whoever had the Colophonian Horse promised themselves Victory; whence the Proverb, C. Iophonem addere, to perfect, finish. Hence Homer [said to be born there] is called Colophoniacus.
Cōlōphone, a Pond in the Cave of Apollo Clarius, by the drinking of which strange Oracles were given.
Cōlōphonia, and -ium [a civit. colophon] the Hero Scammanus. * Colophonis resin. Pin-tree resin.
Colopiani, a People of Pannonia.
Colips magnus, the Royal City Giger in Zeugitana.
COLOR, ōris, m. [a colo] Colour, a Pretence, Beauty, the State or Condition of Life. * Colores rhetorici, the Schemes or Tropes in Oratory. * Colores fanniorum, Phantasms.
Cōlōārius, a, um, having a good Colour.
Cōlōrator, having more Colour.
Cōlōratus, a, um, coloured, painted, sun-burnt. * Colorata virtus, Virtue in appearance.
† Coloreus, et -ius, a, um, of a natural colour, not dyed.
† Cōlōrificus, and colorinus, a, um, colouring.
Colorina, a City of Arabia deserta.
Cōlōro, are, to colour over, cloak, make florid.
Cōlōror, ari, to be discoloured, tanned, sun-burnt.
† Colos, ōris, Colour. See color.
† Colos, i, m. the Fundament.
Cōlōsse, or -sis, a Town of Phrygia, near Laodicea, both which fell with an Earth-quake in Nero's time.
Colossenses, the Inhabitants of Colosse.
Colossus, } a, um, like the Image
Colossicus, } Coloss, vast, tall.
Colossus, i, m. a giantly Statue, the Colosse

Colosse at Rhodes 70 cubits high, one of the 7 wonders of the World.
 Colotis, an Herb called by the Greeks Pyrethron.
 Colostræ, æ, f. [à callum, vel calefco, vel κόλλη gluten, &c.] the Beestings, the thick first milk after birth.
 Colostratio, ònis, f. a Disease incident to Children from sucking such curdled milk.
 Colostratus, a, um, thick like Beestings, distemper'd like such milk.
 Colostrum, i, n. Beesting Milk. See Colostræ.
 Colotes, a famous Painter of Teium in Paphlagonia; also a Scholar of Epicurus, refuted by Plutarch; and a famous Carver.
 † Coloutia, or coloutea, a Tree bearing Bladder-nuts, the Bastard Sena.
 Colpe, a City of Ionia.
 Colpos, that part of the Paps that contains the Milk, g.
 Colsa, a City of Armenia major.
 Colza, a Place in Carmania by the Red Sea.
 Colthena, a City of Armenia major.
 Colubæ, a People of India.
 Coluber, ri, m. [Χέλυδρ] a Snake, an Adder.
 Colubra, æ, f. a female Snake or Adder.
 Colubaria, a Mediterranean Island full of Snakes, called Dragonera.
 Colubrier, a, um [à coluber & fero] bearing Snakes or Adders.
 † Colubrimodus, a, um, like Snakes.
 Colubrinus, a, um, of a Snake, crafty.
 † Colubrum, i, n. a Kind of Instrument.
 Colūm, i, n. [à colo, vel κόλιν membrum, vel κόλιν arceo, &c.] a Colender, a Strainer, a Wheel to catch fish; also the Chollic.
 Colūmba, æ, f. a Pigeon, a Dove, or Culver. See Columbus.
 Colūmbanus, he was born at Colūmba in Ireland, went into France to propagate the Gospel, and was banished by Theodorick.
 Colūbaria, an Isle in the Tuscan Sea.
 Colūbāria, òrum, Pigeon-holes, a Pillory, or Stocks, Mortress-holes, &c.
 Colūbāris, re, of a Dove or Pigeon.
 Colūbarium, ii, n. a Dove-house, or Dove-coat. * Colūbarium fittile, an earthen Pot for Birds to breed in.
 Colūbārius, ii, m. a Dove-keeper.
 Colūbātini, adv. like a Dove.
 Colūbina, æ, Veruin.
 Colūbina recta, streight or upright Veruin.
 † Colūbinus, a kind of Gem.
 Colūbinus, a, um, of a Dove.
 * Colūbina terra, a Kind of Marle to fat ground.
 † Colūbis, a Kind of Duck.
 † Columbo, or -bor, ari, to bill or kiss like Doves.
 Columbulus, i, m. a little Dove or young Pigeon.
 Colūmbus, i, m. [à Κόλυμβος urinator] a Cock-Pigeon, a Dove, a Culver.
 Colūmella, æ, f. [à columna] a

little Pillar, a square monument on a tomb, the Uvula; also the chief Servant of a house.
 Colūmella, he wrote excellent books of husbandry in the time of Claudius.
 Colūmellāris, re, square and flat like a Tomb. * Dentes colūmellares, the Cheek-teeth.
 † Colūmellus, i, the Tusk of a Boar.
 ColūMEN, inis, n. [Κόλων vel à colo] a Pillar, a Stay or Buttress; also the top. * Colūmen actionis, the main prop of the cause.
 † Colūmis, me, sound, safe, healthy.
 † Colūmitas, ātis, Health, Safety.
 Colūmna, æ, f. [à columnen] a round Pillar or Poli.
 Colūmna regia, a City of the Bruttii.
 Colūmnæ, arum, the Upright posts bearing the Wind-beam, the Borders of a Country.
 Colūmnæ, small Islands of the Red Sea.
 Colūmnæ Herculis, Hercules's Pillars, two Mountains at the Streights's mouth, Abyla in Africa, and Calpe in Europe.
 Colūmnārium, ii, n. a Tribute exacted for every Pillar of a House.
 † Colūmnarii, òrum, the Collectors of that Tribute.
 † Colūmnārius, a, um, having many Pillars.
 Colūmnatio, ònis, f. a Building or Propping with Pillars.
 Colūminatus, a, um, propped with Pillars. * Os colūminatum, leaning on one's Arm.
 Colūmnella, æ, f. [à columna] a little Pillar.
 † Colūmnelli, òrum, the Dog teeth.
 Colūminifer, a, um [à columna & fero] supporting a Pillar. * Radius colūminifer, a Pillar of Fire.
 † Colūmnula, æ, f. a little Pillar.
 † Colūmus, for culmus, the stalk of Corn from the Root to the Ear.
 Colūnum, Colebrook in Bucks.
 Colūra, and -ia, Beasts which have no Tail, and may not be sacrificed, g.
 Colūri, òrum, the Colures, two Circles, which pass through the Poles, and divide the Globe like an Apple into four equal Parts, g.
 Colurnus, a, um [à corylus] of Hazel.
 ColūS, i, or ūs, f. [à colendo, vel à Κάλιν lignum] a Distaff.
 * Colus rustica, wild Bastard Safiron.
 Colūitra, æ, f. } [à coalesco] Bee-
 Colūstrum, i, n. } sting-milk. See Colūitra.
 Colūtea, æ, g. a Tree bearing Bladder-nuts, or St. Anthony's-nuts.
 † Colūteum, a great quince-pear.
 † Colūthea, òrum, junkets.
 † Colycæ, arum, Caves wherein Saltpeter is found.
 Colycantii, a People of Asia, now lost.
 † Colycia, corycia, or corythia, a Kind of shell-fish.
 Colymbades, um, f. pickled O'ives, g.
 Colymbarium, a Promontory of Sardinia.
 Colymbus, i, m. a Didapper, or Dab-chick; also a Pond, g.
 Colyrīdes, g. small Leaves or Manchetts.

Colytrus, an Athenian People of the Tribe Ægeis.
 CōMA, æ, f. [Κόμη] the Hair of the Head or Locks; also the Leaves of Trees. * Comæ priores, Women's forelocks.
 CōMA, atis, n. a Lethargy, or Continual Sleeping, g.
 Comāgēna, Part of Syria above Cilicia Eastward.
 Comageni, the People thereof, famous heretofore for Soothsaying.
 Comagenus, a, um, of Comagena. * Comagenum medicamentum, an Ointment of Goose grease.
 Comāna, òrum, a City of Cappadocia, famous for a Temple of Bel-lona.
 Comana, a City of Armenia minor, Iaprobane, Phrygia, and Pisidia.
 Comani, the sacred Servants of Bel-lona, whereof Strabo says in his time there were above 6000, who all obeyed the name and command of the Priest, and upon some set Feasts of Bellona butchered one another.
 Comani, a People vanquished by Ladislaus King of Hungary, at the lake Hood, A. D. 1270.
 Comania, a Country of Asia about Hyrcania.
 Cōmans, ntis, having long Hair, Leaves or Mane. * Stella comans, a Blazing-Star.
 Cōmarchus, i, m. an Earl or Governor of a Town or City; Burgo-master, g.
 Comari, a People of Asia beyond the Deserts of Scythia.
 Cōmārium, ii, a Crab, or Wild-ing, g.
 Cōmārus, i, g. a Crab or Crab-tree.
 Comarus, a Haven by Nicopolis.
 † Cōmātor, òris, m. a Finer or Trimmer.
 Cōmātūlus, a, um [à comatus] fine and trim, wearing Hair somewhat long.
 Cōmātūlus, li, m. he that has a fair Head of Hair.
 Cōmatus, a, um, wearing the Locks long; also bushy with Leaves.
 Comazon, the Name of a Consul.
 Combā, a City of Lycia.
 Combana, a City of Carmania.
 Combe, the Daughter of Asopos, who is said first to have invented Brass Armour; whence she is also called Chalcis.
 † Combennones, Companions in the same Waggon.
 Combi, or Ombi, a City of Ægypt.
 Combibo, ibi, ibitum, to drink together, to keep Company. * Artes combibere, to learn the Arts with others, or divers Arts.
 Combibo, ònis, m. a Pot-Companion.
 Combinatio, ònis, f. } a Combina-
 Combinatus, ūs, m. } tion, a Cou-
 } pling together, a Doubling the same Word, called also Epizuxis.
 Combinatus, a, um, combined, coupled together, compounded.
 Combino, are [à con & binus] to combine, couple, or glue together.
 Combix, the People who worshipped the Crocodile.
 Combrea, a City about Pallene.
 Combretonium, Bretenham in Suffolk.
 † Com-

- † **Combretum**, i, the Herb *Volubilis*.
Comburo, ussi, ultum [of con and uro] to burn up or consume. * **Comburare diem**, to spend all the day in a Chimney-corner.
Combustia, a City of Gallia Narbonensis about the Pyrenean Hills.
† **Combustilis**, and **combustibilis**, le, that may be burned.
Combustio, ōnis, f. a Burning.
Combustus, a, um [of comburo] burnt or consumed.
Comē, es, f. the Herb Goat's-beard, g.
Comedæ, a People of China.
Comēdendus, a, um, to be consumed, eaten up, &c.
† **Comedim**, for comedam.
Comēdo, ēdi, ēsum, or estum, to eat up, consume in Riot, to forget. * **Comedere aliquem**, to eat one out of house and home.
Comēdo, or -io, ōnis, a Glutton, Spend-thrift.
† **Comedus**, i, the same.
Comenii, a People of Illyris.
Comenses, the People of Comum in France.
Comerus Gallus, a French-man, who led a Colony into Italy, and called the Country by his name, and taught them Laws and Justice.
Comerus Scythæ, a Scythian, who taught the Italians to build a City of Waggon.
COMES, itis, c. [à con & eo] a Companion, a Follower; also an Earl, also a Tutor to great men's children; the Head of any School or Society, any one of the Emperor's Court or Train. * **Comes domesticorum**, the Master or Comptroller of the King's Household, * **Comes privatorum rei**, the Keeper of the Privy Purse. * **Comites iudicum**, Lieutenants, Secretaries, or such others as accompanied or assisted Judges or the chief Governors of Provinces. * **Comes genius**, one's Guardian Angel.
Comēsābundus, a, um, that useth to go a Revelling.
Comēsāns, ntis, revelling.
Comēsātio, ōnis, f. a Revelling, an unseasonable, or unreasonable Eating.
Comēsātor, ōris, m. a Reveller.
Comēssor, ari [à comedo, vel à *Kαμς* temulentia Deus] to revel, eat riotously.
Comest, for Comedit.
† **Comestio**, ōnis, an Eating.
Comestor, ōris, m. an Eater.
Comestura, æ, f. an Eating or Feeding.
Comēstus, } [of comedo]
Comēsus, a, um, } eaten up, riotously wasted.
Comēta, æ, } m. a Comet, or Blazing star, g.
Cometes, æ, }
Cometes, one of the Argonauts, Father of Asterion.
Comi, a People of Bactriana.
Comicē, adv. pleasantly, as in a Comedy.
Comicus, a, um, g. comical, of a Comedy. * **Davus comicus**, Davus characterized by Terence.
Comicus, i, m. a Writer of Comedies, g.
Comidava, a Town of Dacia.
† **Cominia**, a Kind of Olive.
Cominium, a City of the Samnites.
Cominsena, a Country of Parthia.
- Cominus**, adv. [of con and manus] nigh at hand, hand to hand, forthwith.
COMIS, e, ior [*Kόμπος*] courteous, affable, good natured.
Comisena, a Province of Armenia maior.
Comissatio, ōnis, f. a Revelling.
† **Comisse**, for comedisse.
Comissor, ari [*Kωμαίζω*] to revel, or make good cheer. See **comissor**.
Comistrum, i, n. a Porter's Fare, or a Carrier's Hire, g.
Comitas, ātis, f. [à comis] Kindness, Gentleness. * **Exquisitissimæ comitatis cānam dare**, to treat one at a Supper very courteously and frankly.
† **Comitatus**, se, of the shire.
* **Comitenis**, or **Comitatus fabrica**, a Court Faction.
Comitator, us, better accompanied or attended.
Comitatus, a, um, accompanying, or being accompanied.
Comitatus, ūs, m. a Train, Retinue, Country or Shire.
† **Comitellus**, i, a little Companion.
Comiter, adv. kindly, lovingly.
† **Comitia**, or -tiva, æ, an Earldom, the Dignity of a Comes.
Comitia, ōrum, n. [à con & eo] a Meeting of People for the Election of Burgesses, &c. a Parliament-house. * **Indicere comitia**, to appoint the Day of Assembling.
Comitialis, le, of the Meeting for Elections, or Council-house. * **Morbū comitalis**, the Falling-sickness, which did put by the Day of Elections. * **Comitalis homo**, one troubled with the Falling-sickness, or a busie-body.
Comitiāliter, adv. like one troubled with the Falling-sickness.
Comitiārius, a, um, pertaining to or after the manner of an Assembly of the People.
Comitiātus, a, um, chosen by Consent of the People.
Comitiātus, ūs, m. an Assembly for Elections.
Comitiāta, æ, f. [à comes] a Countess.
Comitium, ii, n. [q. coitium à coeo] a Place of Assembly, Council, or Parliament-house.
† **Comito**, are, the same as comitor.
Comitor, ari, to accompany, wait upon, or follow; also to be followed, &c.
Comma, ātis, n. the Point of a single Sentence when it enters into a Colon or Period; also a Sentence comprised in one stop, g. Also a Piece of base Money. * **Mali commatis**, not worth a Groat.
† **Commāculatio**, ōnis, f. a Spotting.
Commāculatus, a, um, spotted.
Commāculo, are, to spot, defile, or stain.
Commādeo, ui, ere, to moisten, wet; also to be wet all over.
† **Commālaxo**, are, to plaister, pulstels or assvag. a Wound.
Commāducatus, a, um, chewed.
Commāducatus, ūs, m. a Chewing.
Commāuco, are, to chew.
† **Commāducor**, ari, the same.
† **Commāneo**, si, sum, to tarry together.
- Commani**, a People about Margana
Commanipulatio, ōnis, f. Gathering together of Soldiers of one Band.
Commanipularis, is, m. } [à con & manipulo, ōnis, m. } manipulus] a Soldier of the same Company, a Comrade, Fellow Soldier.
† **Commāreo**, ere, to wither, wax lither, or heartless.
Commārius, i, m. he that is instead of a Husband or Partner in a Wife.
Commāsculo, are [à con & masculus] to put on Manfulness. * **Commāsculare frontem**, to set a bold face on a thing.
Commata, uni, g. Sluces of Water.
† **Commāter**, ris, a God-mother.
Commaticus, a, um, of short Sentences. * **Commatica pronuntiatio**, a Pronouncing by short pieces of Sentences.
† **Commāticus**, i, a Versifier.
† **Commātim**, adv. briefly.
† **Commāturus**, a, um, ripe together.
Commeans, ntis, passing to and again. * **Commeantes**, Way-faring Men, or Soldiers upon a Convoy.
Commeātalis miles, a Soldier allowed Meat for part of his Wages.
Commeātor, ōris, m. a Messenger between two Parties; a Post.
Commeatus, ūs, m. [à commeo] Safe Conduct, a Passport, Leave to be absent; also the Time of that Liberty; Provision, Commons, a Passage to and fro, a Convoy. * **Intercludere hostes commeatu**; to intercept the Enemies Convoy, seize their Provision. * **Commeatum totius æstatis obtinebat**, he got leave to be absent for the whole Summer. * **Accepto commeatu**, having got a Pass.
Commēator, ari, to study hard, con with one's self, to make a near Resemblance.
† **Commēio**, ere, to piss together.
† **Commēibum**, a Fellow-member.
Commēmīni, nisse, to bear a Thing well in one's mind.
Commēmōrābilis, le, fit to be reckoned up or remembered.
Commēmōrandus, a, um, to be mentioned.
Commēmōratio, ōnis, f. a Remembrance, Maintaining, Putting in mind of. * **In assidua commemoratione omnibus esse**, to be often remembered by all Persons.
Commēmōro, are, to tell, rehearse, report, put in mind of.
Commēnāses, a River of India.
Commēndābilis, le, commendable. * **Nulla commendabilis merito**, having no merit for which he should be recommended.
Commēndatio, ōnis, f. a Commending or Praising. * **Ponere in prima commendatione**, to praise most of all.
Commēndātitiū, a, um, recommendatory. * **Literæ commendatitiæ**, Letters of Recommendation.
Commēndātor, ōris, m. he that commendeth.
Commēndātrix, icis, f. she that commendeth.
Commēndātus, a, um, commended, committed to charge, praised, esteemed. * **Commendatum habere** ali-

aliquid, to be entrusted with, to take an especial care of a Thing.
 * Commendatoris esse famæ, to be of greater esteem.
 Commendo, are [à con & mando] to commit one to the Care or Favour of another, to commend, set forth, give one a good Character.
 * Vina succo suo commendans, making Wines by its Juice more palatable.
 Commensus, ūs, m. [à commetior] an equal Proportion or Measure.
 † Commentāculum, i, the Rod of an Officer or Marshal.
 † Commentāriensis, sis, m. a Register or a Taylor.
 Commentāriolum, i, n. a little Register-book or Journal.
 Commentārium, ii, n. a Prison or Jail; also a Commentary.
 Commentarium, ii, n. } a Commentary, Register, a Comment, Exposition, short Remembrances. * In commentarios referre aliquid, to register a Thing.
 Commentarius, ii, m. a Commentator.
 Commentatio, ōnis, f. a meditating or devising, a debating, a Description, a Commentary.
 Commentator, ōris, m. a Deviser, or Inventer.
 Commentatus, a, um, invented, disputed.
 Commentior, iri, to lye or feign.
 Commentitius, a, um [à commentus] invented, feigned.
 Commentor, ari [à comminiscor] to study, invent, compose, dispute, counterfeit, think upon, treat of.
 Commentor, ōris, m. an Inventer, or Deviser.
 Commentum, ti, n. a Comment or Exposition; also a Device or Lye.
 Commentus, a, um [of comminiscor] devising, commenting; also invented, forged.
 Commeo, are, to pist to and fro.
 commercium, ii, n. [à con & merx] Commerce, Trade, Acquaintance, dealing together. * Nec habet ullum cum virtute commercium, has nothing to do with Virtue.
 * Commercia venarum, the closing of Veins. * commercium facere thuris, to sell Frankincense.
 commercor, ari, to traffick or trade.
 commereo, ui, itum, and -or, eri, to demerit, incur a Penalty. * Fateor me culpam commeruisse, I confess I have committed a fault.
 commertus, a, um, having deserved. * Æstimationem commeritus, one that deserves an Amercement.
 † Commessatio, ōnis, f. a reveling.
 † Commessator, ōris, a Reveler.
 † Commessor, ari, to riot or revel. See Comessor.
 Commetior, iri, to measure.
 † Commeto, for Commeo.
 Commictilis, le [à commingo] contemptible, to be pist on.
 Commigratio, ōnis, f. a sitting from one place to another.
 Commigro, are, to remove one's Dwelling, Bag and Baggage.
 Commiles, itis, m. a Fellow-Soldier.
 Commilitia, æ, f. } a Company in
 Commilitium, ii, n. } Soldiery, Fellowship in War; also Fellow-studenty.

Commilito, ōnis, m. a Fellow-Soldier.
 Commilito, are, to fight or serve in War together.
 Comminatio, ōnis, f. a Threatning.
 Comminativus, a, um, of threatening.
 Comminiscor, sci [à con & memin] to devise, invent, feign.
 Comministro, are, to serve or help.
 † Commينو, are, to threaten; also to lead or drive as Herds of Cattle.
 Comminor, ari, to threaten earnestly with Hand and Words.
 Comminuendus, a, um, to be diminished.
 Commينو, ui, uum, to break in pieces, bruise, abate, neglect.
 Comminus, as Cominus, adv. nigh at hand.
 Comminutum, adv. by Shreds or Pieces.
 Comminutus, a, um [of comminuo] diminished, broken in Pieces.
 * Comminutus re familiari, impoverished.
 Commisceo, ui, itum, to mingle together. * Abeo nequid tecum consilii commisceam, that I may not be privy to your Designs.
 Commisceor, eri, to be mixed.
 * Commisceri mulieri, to lye with a Woman.
 Commiserans, ntis, taking pity.
 Commiseratio, ōnis, f. Compassion.
 Commiscesco, scere, to pity one.
 * Me ejus commiserescit, I pity his Case.
 Commiseror, ari, to have pity upon.
 Commisio, ōnis, f. a matching two Antagonists together to give Proof of their Art; a committing to Custody, also a Beginning, a Composition.
 Commissor, ōris, m. a Feoffer.
 Commisoria lex, a Clause in a Contract containing an Exception.
 Commisum, i, n. an Offence, Trespass, Forfeiture. * In commissum, or in causam commissi incidere, to be confiscated. * Commisso tollere, or vendere, to seize one as forfeited.
 Commisura, æ, f. a Seam, Joyn, Closure of any Things. * Commisura verborum, an apt Connexion of Words.
 Commisus, a, um [of committor] committed, mingled, began, set together; also fortified. * Stipulatio commissa, a Promise that ought to be performed. * Capitis mei devotionem convictam & commissam putabo, I shall think my self liable to make good my Vow.
 Commitigo, are, to assuage another, or pacify.
 Committendus, a, um, to be committed, or ascribed.
 Committo, iti, sum, to entrust, commit to the Charge of another, joyn and put together, commit, begin, cause, give occasion, refer to, venture, deliver, compare, assemble, provoke, confiscate. * Committere maria, to let in two Seas one upon another. * Committere historiam, to enter upon a History. * Committere palpebras, to shut the Eye-lids. * Committere frigori, to expose to the Cold. * Committere spectaculum, to set out Plays. * Committere mulctam, to deserve an Amercement. * Com-

mittere aliquos inter se, to set 'em together by the Ears. * Non committam ut, I won't give occasion any more.
 † Commixtilis, le, mixt, to be mixed.
 Commixtio, ōnis, f. a mixing together.
 Commixtus, a, um [of commisceor] mingled.
 Commodatio, ōnis, f. a lending.
 Commodator, ōris, m. a Lender.
 Commodatus, a, um, freely lent, fit. * Commodati actione agere, to sue a Man for not restoring something lent.
 Commode, ius, iusimè, adv. conveniently, advantageously. * Satisne illa commodè dici possent latine, whether they may be handsomely turned into Latin.
 Commoditas, ātis, f. Convenience, Advantage, Profit, Opportunity, Fitness, Gentleness, Civility.
 † Commodito, are, to lend often, to please one.
 Commodo, are [à commodus] to please, help, lend, apply, trim, make fit; also borrow. * Commodare severitatem peccatis magnis, to punish great Faults severely.
 * Commodare loquelam, to speak fitly to.
 † Commoddò, adv. fitly, or in good time.
 † Commoddulè, adv. somewhat fitly or conveniently.
 Commodum, i, n. a Profit, Advantage, good Turn, Gain, Opportunity, Pay; also Qualification. * Ex commodo, to advantage. * Si ei commodum esset, if it would turn to his Advantage. * Quod commodo tuo fiat, so it be no prejudice to you.
 Commodum, adv. in good time, conveniently. * Commodum ad te miseram, cum, &c. I had scarcely sent to you, but, &c. * Quos ei commodum fuit, compellavit, he spoke to whom he thought fit.
 Commodus, a, um, ior, iusimus [à con & modus] fit, convenient, good, profitable, tractable, liberal, courteous, trimmed, comely, lucky, thrifty. * Minus commodà uti valetudine, to be out of frame. * Homo commoda statura, one of an indifferent height. * Commodius visum est, it seem'd much better.
 Commodus, a Roman Emperor, Son and Successor to Antoninus, very unlike his Father; also the Name of two Consuls.
 † Commoreo, ui, re, to mourn together.
 Commolior, itus sum, iri, to endeavour together.
 Commolitus, a, um [of commolor] ground, broken, mash.
 Commolo, ui, itum, to grind, or bruise together.
 Commione, an Island hard by Ephesus.
 Commonefacio, ēci, actum, to put in mind, admonish, rehearse.
 Commonefio, factus sum, fieri, to be warned, advertised.
 Commoneo, ui, itum, to give a general warning, to advise, put in mind of. * Commonere aliquem miseriarum suarum, officii sui, to put one in mind of one's Misery, Duty.

Commoni, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
Communio, ōnis, f. a publick Warning or Advertisement.
Communitorium, ii, n. Letters mandatory, a private Convention without Record.
Communitus, a, um [of commoneor] admonished, warned.
† **Communistratus**, a, uni, shewed.
Communistro, are, to shew together, to teach.
Commoratio, ōnis, f. an abiding, staying, also a stopping another.
Commordeo, si, sum, to bite close or hard.
Commorientes, dying together, a Comedy so call'd in Plautus.
Commorior, ri, to dye together.
Commoror, ari, to abide, sojourn; also to stop another. * Commorari verbis pluribus in re aliqua, to insist much upon a Thing.
Commorsus, a, um [of commordeor] bitten.
Commortalis, le, wholly frail, mortal.
Commoficus, a King and High-Priest of the Getæ.
Commotaculum, as Commentaculum.
Commotio, ōnis, f. a Commotion, a Stirring, a Passion.
Commotiuncula, æ, f. a small Motion or Passion, a Grudging of a Fit.
Commotus, a, um [of commoveor] moved, troubled, angry, afraid, distracted. * Commotas mentes restituere, to restore Folks to their right Wits. * Ego jam te commotum reddam, I'll vex every Vein in your Heart.
Commoveo, ōvi, ōtum, to move or stir, vex, remove, raise up, astonish. * Commovere pecuniam, to take up money upon use. * Cornua disputationis commovere, to refute a Dilemma.
Commulceo, si, ere, to pacify or assuage.
† **Commulcimen**, inis, an asswaging.
† **Commulcium**, ii, the Mark of a Blow about the Eye; also Shame and Reproach.
† **Commulco**, are, to strike or press together; also to whip.
Commune, is, n. a Common-wealth, City, University or College.
† **Communificabilis**, le, which may be communicated.
Communificatio, ōnis, f. a Communicating, imparting, Consultation.
† **Communificatus**, us, m. an imparting.
Communificatus, a, um, made or making another Partaker.
Communiceps, ipis [a communis & capio] a Townsman, or Fellow-Citizen.
Communico, are, to communicate, impart, make common, discourse together; also to desire. * Communicare inter se aliquid, to discourse of a Thing privately. * Communica mihi hanc provinciam, assist me in this Business.
Communio, ire, itum, to fortify on all sides.
Communio, ōnis, f. Communion, mutual partaking.
Communior, us, oris, more common or familiar.

Communis, ne [a con & munis] common, publick, approved of all. * In commune laborant apes, upon a common Account. * Dies communes, half-working Days. * Res communis, the Common-wealth.
Communitas, atis, f. a Participation, Society, a having in common, Justice.
† **Communitè**, strongly.
Communitèr, adv. in common, jointly.
† **Communitio**, ōnis, a fortifying.
Communitus, a, um, fortified, fenced.
Communitus, adv. by common Consent.
Commurmuratio, ōnis, f. a murmuring together, mumbling.
Commurnuro, are, } to mutter or
Commurmuro, ari, } murmur.
Commütäbilis, le, inconstant, easily changed.
Commütatio, ōnis, f. a Change or changing.
Commütatus, a, um, changed, altered.
Commütatus, us, m. a Change or Alteration, a Chaffering or Trucking.
Commuto, are, to barter or change one for another. * Commutare verba, to chop Logick, fend and prove. * Vitam cum morte commutare, to dye.
Como, are [a coma] to attire, to wear a Bush of Hair.
Como, psi, psim [Kσω, vel a coma] to comb, deck, trick and trim. * Dum moliantur, dum comuntur annus est, these Women are a twelvemonth equipping and attiring themselves.
Comœdia, æ, f. a Comedy, a Play representing as in a Glass the Course of a private and ordinary Conversation.
Comœdicè, adv. pleasantly, waggishly, like a Comedian.
Comœdicus, a, um, of a Comedy, g.
Comœdiographus, i, m. a Poet that writes Comedies, g.
Comœdus, i, m. a Stage-player, an Actor of Comedies, g.
Comöpolis, is, f. a large Village, g.
Comöpolis, a Town of Assyria.
† **Comosandalos**, the Flower Hyacinthus.
Comösis, the Dregs of Wax, the first Foundation of the Bees work, g.
Comösus, ior, illimus [a coma] very hairy, full of Leaves, or Branches.
Comotrix, Chamber-maids or Tirewomen, g.
Comotriön, a Curling-iron, g.
Compactilis, le [a compactus] framed together, joyned.
Compactio, ōnis, f. a joyning or setting. * Compactio membrorum, a knitting the Limbs together.
Compactum, i, n. a Composition, Agreement, Bargain. * I.e. compacto agere, to act by Comploit or Combination.
Compactus, a, um [of compingor] well-set, trussed or joyned together.
Compages, is, f. [of compingo] a joyn, or joyning together.
† **Compagia**, the Heads of the Bones where they are joyned together.
† **Compaginatio**, ōnis, a joyning or setting together.
Compaginatus, a, um, set, framed, or joyned together.

Compagino, are [a compago] to close or joyn together.
Compago, inis, f. See Compages.
Compar, äris, adj. equal, even, well-matched.
Compar, äris, c. a Match, Companion, Husband or Wife.
Compäräbilis, le, that may be compared.
Compärandus, a, um, to be compared or equalled.
Comparatè, adv. comparatively.
Compäratio, ōnis, f. Provision, Preparation, Getting, Comparison, Proportion, Regard, Agreement. * Comparatio novi belli, the levying a new War.
Compärativum, i, n. the comparative degree.
Compärativus, a, um, comparative, fit to compare.
† **Compärator**, ōris, m. a Getter or Comparer.
Compäratus, a, um, ordained, provided, received into use. * Comparatum est, it is an order or use.
Comparco, ci, ere, to spare, scrape together by living very near.
Compäreo, ui, itum, to appear or be in sight, extant, at hand, or forth coming. * Qui modo nusquam comparebas, that lately plaidst least in sight. * Comparebunt quæ imperas, your Commands shall be obeyed.
Compärilis, le, equal, even. * Comparili ratione, in like manner.
Compäro, are, to match or compare together, order, get, raise, procure, joyn, plot, purchase. * Ego me ita comparavi, I have brought my self to that pass. * Comparare tecta urere, to go about to fire the House. * Comparare inter se, to agree upon. * Comparare vultum suum ex vultu alterius, to set his own Countenance by another's.
Compasco, ui, astum, to feed together.
Compascuus, a, um, common, for pasturage. * Jus compascuum, a right of commoning.
Compasio, ōnis, f. a suffering together.
† **Compasum**, a Compas, a Dial.
Compasus, a, um [of compatio] having suffered together.
† **Compaticæ deliciæ**, vain-glorious Boastings.
Compäter, tris, m. a God-father.
Compätior, ti, to suffer together.
Compatriota, æ, m. [a con & patria] a Fellow-country-man.
Compatrönus, i, m. a Co-patron.
† **Compävresco**, ere, to be sore afraid.
Compävitus, a, um, crushed, or trampled on.
† **Compavo**, and -io, ere, to beat, trample down.
† **Compecto**, ere, to comb together.
† **Compëda**, æ, a Footlock.
Compëdes, um, f. and abl. sing. compede [a con & pes] Fetters, Shackles, Stoppages, Barricades; also Womens Ornaments.
Compëdio, ivi, itum, to shackle or fetter.
Compëditus, a, um, fettered, shackled.
† **Compëdo**, ere, to fart together.
Compegi. See Compingo.
Compellatio, ōnis, f. a chiding, calling by name.

Compello, are, to accost, speak unto, accuse, blame, to bring one's Name in question. * Compellare lege, to sue at Law.
 Compello, ūli, ulsum, to drive up together, to compel. * Ad laqueum eum compulit, he made him hang himself. * In lethargum compellere, to bring one into a Lethargy. * Ad humanos cibos compulit, he drove them to eat Man's Flesh.
 † Compellūceo, uxi, ere, to shine thorow.
 Compellūcidus, a, um, shining thorow.
 † Compendiari, to be abridged.
 Compendiario, adv. briefly, compendiously.
 Compendiarius, a, um, short, abridged.
 † Compendiatus, a, um, shortened.
 Compendiatio, eci, ere, to abridge, shorten; also to gain.
 † Compendio, are, to contract, or draw together.
 † Compendiose, adv. compendiously.
 † Compendiositas, atis, Compendiousness.
 Compendiosus, a, um, compendious, brief, profitable, gainful.
 Compendium, ii, n. [à con & pendo] Gain, Profit; also a short cut, an Abstract, a brief Relation. * Verba conferre in compendium, to be brief. * Compendium operæ est, it saves labour or pains.
 Compendium, the City Compeigne, or Carolopolis in Picardy.
 † Compensate, with full Recompence.
 Compensatio, ōnis, f. a Recompence or Requitall.
 Compensativus, a, um, recompensing.
 Compensatus, a, um, requited, satisfied.
 Compensio, are, to make Amends, requite, value or esteem. * Tarditatemque supplicii gravitate compensat, makes up the Slowness by the Severity of the Punishment.
 † Compensus, a, um, recompensed.
 † Comperceo, or Comparceo, ere, to forbear.
 Comperendinatio, ōnis, f. a putting off from day to day.
 Comperendinator, ōris, m. a Protractor of Suits.
 Comperendinatus, a, um, prolonged, adjourned. * Comperendinati rei, Prisoners set at liberty upon Bail or Parole.
 Comperendinatus, ūs, m. a delaying.
 Comperendino, are, to delay or defer from day to day.
 Comperendinus, a, um [à perendie] adjourned, deferred.
 † Comperceo, ire, to dry together.
 Comperio, ire, ertum [à con & pario] to know by experience, to find plainly, know of another.
 Comperior, iri, to find by experience.
 Compernis, is, c. [à con & perna] having one's Knees bowed inwards.
 Compertius, adv. very assuredly known.
 † Comperto, adv. by Experience.
 Compertus, a, um [of comperior] found out, convicted, known assuredly. * Comperto matrem decessisse, it being certainly under-

flood that his Mother was dead.
 * Compertum est mihi, I know assuredly. * Compertus stupri, found guilty of Whoredom.
 Compes, see Compedes.
 † Compescatio, ōnis, f. a good Carriage of one's Life.
 Compesco, ui, ere [à con & pascio] to restrain, stanch or quench, assuage, cease, cut, pasture together, spare, forbear. * Compescere vitem, to prune a Vine that it may not run into too much Wood.
 Compētens, ntis, competent, sufficient, convenient. * Competentes, Rivals.
 Compētenter, adv. agreeably, fitly, sufficiently, indifferently.
 Compētencia, æ, f. Convenience, Agreeableness, Fitness, Competition.
 Compētitiō, ōnis, f. a striving together for the same Thing.
 Compētitor, ōris, m. a Competitor, he that stands for the same Office or Prize.
 Compētitrix, icis, f. she that sues for the same Thing with another.
 Competo, ivi, itum, ere, to sue together for the same Dignity or Prize, to beset, hold out, hold good in law, to be in health, fall out or happen. * Neque oculis neque auribus competeant, they could neither see nor hear very well. * Ubi recti angulorum competunt ictus, where the right angles meet. * Competit in eum actio, he may enter an Action.
 Compilatio, ōnis, f. a compiling, pillaging or robbing.
 Compilator, ōris, m. an Extortioner.
 Compilatus, a, um, robbed, pillaged.
 Compilatus, ūs, m. Pillage.
 Compilo, are, to pill or strip, heap together. * Compilare hæreditatem, to defraud the Heir of part of the Inheritance. * Compilare scientiam alicujus, by subtle prying or observation to learn a Man's Skill or Art.
 Compingo, egi, actum [of con and pango] to thrust in, joyn together, frame. * Compingere in carcerem, to clap up in Prison. * Compingere solum axibus, to plank.
 Compita, orum, n. Cross-ways or Streets.
 Compitalia, orum, Wakes, Fairs, Whitsun-ale.
 Compitalis, le, of or in the Cross-ways. * Lares compitales, Household Gods, whose Chappels were in the publick Places.
 Compitalia, orum, n. Plays at the Corner of Streets.
 Compitalitius, a, um, belonging to Wakes.
 Compitum, i, n. [à competo] a Street or Cross-way.
 † Compititus, i, m. the same.
 Complacéo, ui, itum, to be liked.
 Complāco, are, to appease or pacify.
 Complānābilis, le, easy to be made plain.
 Complānatio, ōnis, f. a plaining.
 Complānator, ōris, m. he that plains.
 Complānatus, a, um, plained, smoothed.
 Complāno, are [ex con & planus]

to make even, level, and smooth.
 * Complānare domum, to rase a House. * Complānare opus, to finish a Work.
 Complāudo, si, sum, to clap hands together at one.
 † Complectite, for complectimini.
 Complector, ti, to embrace, contain, sum up, consider, conceive, describe, handle, associate. * Amore complecti, to love entirely.
 Complémentum, i, n. a filling up, finishing, a Complement.
 Compleo, ere, etum, to fill up to the Top, fulfil, accomplish, set about. * Complere tres, to do as much as three. * Tot annos complevit, he is full so many Years old. * Complere cohortes, to recruit the Companies.
 Completorium, ii, n. the Compline, the last of the Canonical Hours.
 Complētus, a, um [of compleor] filled up, perfected.
 Complex, icis, c. a Partner or Companion.
 Complexio, ōnis, f. a comprehending, embracing, a Dilemma, an Argument-string both ways.
 Complexivus, a, um, clasping. * Complexiva conjunctio, a Copulative.
 Complexus, a, um [of complector] embracing or embraced, contained.
 Complexus, ūs, m. an embracing. * Crassitudo ad trium hominum complexum, three Fathoms about. * Totius complexus gentis humanæ, all Mankind. * Complexum accipere, to admit of a Salute.
 † Complicātilis, le, easily folded.
 Complicatio, ōnis, f. a folding together.
 Complicatus, a, um, wrapped together.
 Complicitas, atis, a consenting in evil.
 † Complicitus, folding or bowing-wise.
 Complico, ui and avi, itum and atum, to fold or wrap up. * Vela complicare, to furl the Sails.
 Complodo, ōsi, sum [à con & plaudo] to clap the Hands together, or stamp.
 Comploratio, ōnis, f. } a mourning
 Comploratus, ūs, m. } over one in company.
 Comploro, are, to weep together over one.
 Complōsus, a, um [of complodor] stricken or shaken together.
 Compluo, ui, utum, to rain upon.
 Complures, a, and ia, very many. * Nova hic compluria, here is much news.
 Compluscūli, æ, a pretty many.
 Compluries, many and many a time.
 Complutica, a Town in Spain.
 Complutum, an University in Spain, called Alcala de Henares.
 Complutus, a, um [of compluor] covered or wet with Rain.
 Compluviatus, a, um, made gutter-wise. * Vineā compluviata, a Vine tied along a Frame.
 Compluvium, ii, n. [à pluvia] a common Gutter between two Houses. * Compluvium erectum, an upright or trap Pent-house.
 Compluvius, a, um, receiving Rain-water. * Lacus compluvius, a Cistern

Cistern to catch Rain-water and preserve.

† Componista, æ, a Composer of Musick.

Compono, òsui, itum, to lay together, compose, set in order, compare, build, collect, or make up of Pieces, repose, assuage, or smooth, lay out, make up and agree. * Componere folia, to pack the Cards. * Acie composuere, to set in Array. * Omnes composui, I have buried them all. * Componere societatem cum latronibus, to be one of the Gang. * Componere fallacias, to invent Shifts, Evasions, Tricks, to put off a Thing. * Componere aleam, to cog a Dy.

Comportionalis, le [à portio] in possession of divers Men.

Comporto, are, to convey or carry together.

Compos, òtis, i, c. [à con & potis] having obtained his Desire, endued with. * Miseriarum compos, miserable. * Compos victoriæ, that has carried the Day. * Compos voti, that has his Wish. * Compos mentis, animi, or animo, in his right Senses.

Compositæ, adv. orderly, neatly.

Compositio, ònis, f. a joyning together, an orderly placing, an Agreement. * Compositio unguentorum, a Confection of Unguents. * Compositiones gladiatorum, the setting Combatants together to begin the Fry.

Compositius, adv. more orderly.

Compositò, adv. upon design, by Complot.

Compositòr, òris, m. a Composer, Framer, Coiner. * Compositores gemmarum, Jewellers.

Compositura, æ, f. a Composition, Framing, Confection.

Compositus, a, um [of componor] composed, compounded, joined together, set in order, fashioned; also proper, neat, calm. * Ex composito, for the nonce. * Literæ compositissimæ, Letters very curiously written. * Ut compositum cum eo fuerat, as the Agreement was made.

† Compossessor, òris, a Possessor with another.

Compostella, a City in Spain, called St. Jago, whose Reliques are there worshipped.

Compostus, for Compositus.

Compotatio, ònis, f. a drinking together.

† Compotatiuncula, æ, f. a little drinking.

† Compotator, òris, m. a Pot-companion.

† Compotatrix, icis, f. a Cup Gossip.

† Compotens, ntis, having his desire.

† Compotire, to obtain.

† Compotista, an Accountant.

Compoto, are, to drink together.

Compotor, òris, m. a Companion in drinking.

Compotrix, icis, f. a drinking Gossip.

Compræs, dis, m. a Joint security.

Comprandeo, ere, to dine together.

Compranfor, òris, m. he that dines with another.

Compræcatio, ònis, f. a solemn Supplication.

Compræcor, ari, to atone by Prayer, to pray many, or with many, to desire earnestly or solemnly.

Compræhendo, di, sum, to comprehend, comprise, sum, contain, understand, conclude, oblige, apprehend, seize. * Compræhendere terram, to take root. * Compræhendere aliquem humanitate, to be civil and kind to one. * Compræhendere allejus adulterium, to take one in the very Act of Adultery.

Compræhensè, adv. briefly, in few Words.

Compræhensibilis, le, which may be comprehended or understood.

Compræhensio, ònis, f. a comprehending, containing, understanding, discovering; also apprehending.

* Compræhensio verborum, a Period.

Compræhensivus, a, um, laying hold of, apprehending, comprehensive.

Compræhensum, si, n. that which is understood. * Compræhensi nihil habere, to be quite ignorant of.

Compræhensus, a, um [ab compræhendor] comprehended, holden, conceived, compassed, concluded. * Compræhensus animo, conceived.

Compræssè, adv. briefly, compactly, closely.

Compræssio, ònis, f. a nipping or squeezing.

Compræssior, ius, closer, harder.

Compræssiuncula, æ, f. a small pressing or nipping.

Compræsius, adv. more briefly or closely.

Compræssor, òris, m. a Desflowerer, Ravisher.

Compræssus, us, m. a lying with Women.

Compræssus, a, um [à comprimor] thrust, pressed close together, kept under, suppressed, ravished, hidden, dissembled. * Annona compræssa, dearth of Victuals. * Caliculus oris compræssioris, a Cup with a very narrow mouth. * Compræssis manibus sedere, to be idle.

Comprimo, essi, sum [ab con & premo] to squeeze together, keep close, keep in, keep down, cling together, ravish or desflower, to moderate, or appease. * Comprimere aliquem, to make one hold one's peace. * Alvum comprimere, to bind the Body.

Compræbatio, ònis, f. an approving, commending or allowing.

Compræbator, òris, m. he that approves, or commends, an Allower.

Compræbo, are, to approve, commend, or allow. * Re aliquid compræbare, to shew by the Effects that it is so.

Compræmissarius judex, an Arbitrator to whose Award two Parties engage to stand.

Compræmissum, i, n. an Engagement to stand to the Arbitrator's Award.

Compræmitto, isi, sum, to put to Arbitration.

† Comprævincialis, Episcopal, a Bishop of the same Province.

Compsa, a Town in Italy.

Compsani, the People of Compsa.

Compsacus, a River of Thrace.

Comptè, adv. neatly, finely.

† Comptorius, a, um, adorning, setting a Gloss upon.

Comptrix, icis, f. Erasm. she that combs or dresses.

Comptus, a, um [ab comor] combed, trimmed, neat.

Comptus, us, m. trimming, decking, Attire.

Compugno, are, to fight together, quarrel one with another, to brawl.

Compulsio, ònis, f. Compulsion, Constraint, driving together.

Compulso, are, to beat much against.

Compulsor, òris, a Constrainer, also an Attorney or Proctor.

Compulsus, a, um [ab compellor] compelled, driven, beaten.

Compunctio, ònis, f. a pricking, or Stitch, a shooting Pain of the Pleurisie, or the like.

Compungo, pugi, punctum, to prick, sting, brand, mark, vex, astonish, offend. * Compungere aciem oculorum, to dazzle the Eyes.

Compurgo, are, to clear or cleanse.

Compūro, are, to cleanse together.

Compusa, a Town of Bithynia, near Chalcedon.

Computabilis, le, that may be reckoned.

Computatio, ònis, f. an Account, or accounting.

† Computatiuncula, æ, f. a small Account.

† Computator, and computista, æ, m. an Accountant.

Compūto, are, to count or account, esteem, reckon, score down, to prune, or lop off.

Computresco, ere, to putrify or rot.

Computus, i, m. an Account.

Comum, a Colony and City of Insurbria.

Cōmus, the heathen God of revelling and dancing, also a Shepherd's Dance.

Con, the same as Cum.

† Conābundus, a, um, endeavouring.

Conadipsas, a Country of Scythia.

Conallea, Tirconnel in Ireland.

Conāmen, inis, n. [à conor] an Endeavour, Enterprize, Diligence, Force.

Conāmentum, i, n. an Aid or Help, that which one reaches at, and cannot easily come at; also a Garnishing.

Conapseni, a People of Sarmatia in Asia.

† Conarium, ii, a Kernel like a Pine on the outside of the Brain.

Conarus, the twentieth King of Scots, and the first that exacted any Tribute of them, who was therefore cast in Prison, where he died miserably.

† Conātum, i, that about which pains has been taken.

Conātus, a, um, endeavouring.

Conātus, us, m. an Endeavour.

* Magno conatu magnas nugas agit, he makes a great stir to no purpose.

† Conbibo, ere, to drink together.

Concāco, are, to lewray.

Concādes, ium, f. pl. [à cādo] Baricadoes of Timber, Loppings, Ravins.

† Concāno, are, to sup together.

Concālēfācio, ēci, actum, to heat, inflame, make warm.

Concālēfactio, ònis, f. a warming together.

Concālēfactōrius, a, um, heating.

Concālēfactus, a, um, made hot, chafed.

Concālēfio, ieri, to be heated.

Concālēo, ere, to be hot, or heated, vexed, chafed.

Concalesco, ere, to begin to be hot, &c.

Con-

Concalfacio, ere, to make hot.
 Concalfactus, a, um, heated, made hot.
 Concalleo, ere, to harden, to be brawny.
 † Concalo, are, to call.
 † Concambio, ire, to exchange.
 Concāmērātio, ōnis, f. an arching, or vaulting; also the Vault, or Ceiling.
 Concāmērātus, a, um, of or like a Vault.
 Concāmīro, are, to vault, arch, ceil.
 Concāna, a City of Spain.
 Concānus, a, um, belonging to Concāna.
 Concangium, the Barony of Kendale in Westmorland.
 Concāni, People of Munster in Ireland.
 Concastigo, are, to correct with others.
 Concātēnātus, a, um, chained together.
 † Concātēno, are, to chain up one to another.
 † Concātervātus, a, um, heaped together.
 Concāva, ōrum, Ditches. See Concavus.
 Concāvātio, ōnis, f. a hollowing.
 Concāvitas, ātis, f. a Concavity or Hollowneſs.
 Concāvo, are, to make hollow, to bend in, to scoop.
 Concāvus, a, um, hollow, bowing.
 Concēdo, cēlli, ſum, to yield, condeſcend, pardon, depart, dye, grant or allow. * Concedere numero, to be fewer in number. * Concedere in gentem nomenque imperantium, to be taken into the Country, and under the Name of thoſe that command. * Concedere alicui artem aliquam, to grant one to be well ſkilled in an Art. * Concedere furtum lance & licio, to ſearch for ſtollen Goods with a Baſin and linen Girdle.
 † Concēlēbrātio, ōnis, f. a Celebration.
 † Concēlēbrātus, a, um, celebrated.
 Concēlēbro, are, to celebrate, keep, ſolemnize, make, frequent.
 † Concellānei, ōrum, Monks of the ſame Cell.
 † Concēlo, are, to conceal from one.
 Concentio, ōnis, f. [à concino] a Conſort of Voices, Harmony, Melody, alſo Agreement.
 † Concento, are, to agree in one Tune.
 Concentricus, a, um, [à centrum] having the ſame Center.
 † Concentūriatio, ōnis, f. a banding of Men.
 † Concentūrio, are, to gather into Companies.
 Concentus, ūs, m. a ſinging in tune.
 Concepi, ſee concipio.
 Conceptaculum, i, n. a Receptacle, a Collection, a Place of ſpringing up, a Sink, or Slough.
 Conceptio, ōnis, f. Conception, Conceiving. * Formularum conceptio, the formal Words of any public Act.
 Conceptivæ feriæ, moveable Feaſts kept at the pleaſure of the Magiſtrate.
 Concepto, are, to conceive; alſo to project, or reach at.

† Conceptor, ōris, m. a Practiſer, or Practitioner in the Law.
 Conceptum, i, n. the Conceit, or the Thing conceived.
 Conceptus, a, um, [of concipior] conceived, taken, purpoſed, begotten, &c. * Concepta verba, the Form of an Oath, &c.
 Conceptus, ūs, m. a Conceiving, or Conception, Notion, breeding, gathering together. * Fastidioſi conceptus, loathing of Viſtials. * Camini conceptus, a Chimney catching of Fire. * Conceptu mortuo, the Child being dead in the Womb.
 Concerno, crevi, cretum, to perceive or ſee clearly. * Concerni, to be incorporated.
 Concerpo, pſi, pium [à con & carpo] to rend or tear in pieces.
 Concerptus, a, um, torn in pieces.
 † Concerræ and concerrones, Tatlers.
 Concertatio, ōnis, f. a Wrangling, Debate, Strife, Variance.
 Concertativus, a, um, contentious.
 Concertator, ōris, m. a Striver.
 Concertatorius, a, um, contentious, recriminating.
 Concertatus, a, um, debated, or contended for.
 Concerto, are, to debate, wrangle, ſtrive. * Te audio nescio quid concertaſſe cum hero, I hear you have a Quarrel with my Maſter.
 Conceſſatio, ōnis, f. a leaving off work, a loitering.
 Conceſſio, ōnis, f. Permiſſion, Leave, Acquitting, Release.
 Conceſſivus, a, um, permitting, granting.
 Conceſſo, are, to be quiet, or idle, to leave off work.
 † Conceſſor, ōris, he that grants or gives leave.
 Conceſſum, i, n. a thing granted.
 Conceſſus, a, um, [of concedor] granted, lawful.
 Conceſſus, ūs, a granting or allowing, agreement, pardon.
 CONCHA, æ, f. [κόγχη] a Shell, or Shell-fiſh, a Baſin, a Wind-Inſtrument, the Hollowneſs of the Ear, a Wine-pot, a Meaſure of two Spoonfuls, or ſix Drams, a Box, or Caſe. * Concha anatiſera, the Barnacle-tree. * Concha margaritiſera, Mother of Pearl. * Concha venerea, a Sea-ſnail.
 Conchātus, and-cheus, a, um, winding like a Shell of a Fiſh.
 † Conchilēgus, a, um, gathering Cockles or Shells.
 Conchis, iſ, f. Beans boiled in the Shells.
 † Conchitæ, arum, m. Shell-fiſhers.
 † Conchites, m. a Pearl found in a Shell-fiſh.
 † Conchlearius, a hard ſpongy Stone.
 Conchos, i, m. the Hollowneſs of the Eyes, g.
 Conchos, i, a Pearl, g.
 Conchyla, æ, f. a little Shell-fiſh, g.
 Conchyle, iſ, n. and conchylium, ii, n. a Shell-fiſh, eſpecially that of whoſe Liquor Purple is made; alſo the Purple Die, g.
 † Conchylias, a Stone having in it the Form of a Cockle.
 Conchyliatus, a, um, g. of purple Colour.
 † Conchylio, are, to die Purple.
 Conchyla, æ, m. a Purple-gatherer, an Oyſter-man, g.

Concidentia, æ, f. a like falling in the end of Words.
 † Concides, great Ranks of Trees.
 Concido, idi, iſum, [of con and cado] to cut in pieces, mince, maim, beat, kill, rail at. * Concidere aliquem totis voluminibus, to back one with ſharp Inveſtives.
 Concido, idi, ere, [à con & cado] to fall down, dye, faint, be killed, be demolished, allayed. * Concidere animis or mente, to be out of Heart.
 Concio, ivi, itum, to ſummon, call together, ſtir up.
 Conciliabulum, i, n. a Council-houſe, or Conventicle, a Crew, Club.
 Conciliabundus, a, um, procuring Love, or Acquaintance, or Friendſhip.
 Conciliatio, ōnis, f. a reconciling, procuring Love or Friendſhip.
 Conciliator, ōris, m. a Reconciler, Procurer of Favour. * Conciliator furti, he that watches whiſt another ſteals, a Setter.
 Conciliatricula, æ, f. a mean or little Woman that procures Matches.
 Conciliatrix, icis, f. a She-procurer. * Oratio conciliatrix humanæ maximè ſocietatis, Speech chiefly brought Men into Bodies and Societies.
 Conciliatura, æ, f. a reconciling, bringing into acquaintance.
 Conciliatus, a, um, reconciling, procured, &c. * Conciliatum mancipium, a bought Slave.
 Conciliatus, ūs, m. a procuring Favour, a Compoſition or Mingling.
 Concilio, are [à concilium] to draw together, procure, reconcile, allure, aſſemble. * Concilia eum huc, get him to come hither. * Conciliare veſtem, to full, or thicken Cloth. * Conciliare colores, to match Colours.
 Concilium, ii, n. [à concio] a Council, Aſſembly, joining together; alſo a Room or Counting-houſe. * Concilium luminis, the matching of Purple.
 Concinentia, æ, f. [à concino] Harmony.
 Concinnatio, ōnis, f. a tricking, trimming, or making up.
 Concinnatitius, a, um, neatly and ſprucely ordered.
 Concinnator, ōris, m. a Trimmer, Fitter, or Forger. * Cauſarum concinnator, a Barreter.
 Concinnatorius, a, um, dreſſing or making fit.
 Concinnatus, a, um, trimmed, ſituated, apparelled.
 Concinnè, adv. neatly, ſprucely.
 Concinnior, uſ, more compact, handſomer.
 Concinnitas, ātis. } f. Prettiſneſs,
 Concinnitudo, inis. } Neatneſs, Properneſs, Succinctneſs.
 Concinniter, adv. prettily.
 Concino, are, to make ſpruce, neat, or gallant, trim, make up, forge. * Me infanum verbis concinnat, he makes me mad. * Concinnare ſe levem ſuis, to put his Friends to ſmall Coſt.
 Concinnus, a, um, [à cinnus] neat, ſpruce, quaint, pretty, ſinc, compact, courteous.
 Concino, inui, ntum, [à con & cano] to ſing in conſort, to conſent,

to agree, to foretell, praise. * Fata concinentur, Destinies are read.
 Concio, ivi, itum, to move, stir up, call together.
 Concio, ōnis, f. a Pulpit, or Desk, Assembly, Oration, Speech, Harangue.
 † Concionābilis, le, of an Oration.
 Concionābundus, a, um, good at making Speeches.
 Concionālis, le, belonging to an Assembly or Oration.
 Concionārius, a, um, of the Assembly.
 Concionātor, ōris, m. an Orator, Preacher.
 Concionātorius, a, um, proper to an Orator.
 Concionatrix, icis, f. Erasmus. a she holder-forth.
 Concionor, ari, to preach, or make a public Oration.
 † Concipilo, are, to take or handle rudely, to pull one by the Hair.
 Concipio, epi, eptum, [à con & capio] to take hold of, to conceive, breed, contrive, sum up, form, gather, enterprize, rehearse. * Concipere verba jurisjurandi, to recite before him the Words of his Oath which he must take. * Ignem concipere, to break out in Fire. * Concipere summas, to sum up Particulars. * Concipere vadium, to make recognizance. * Concipere ferias, to give notice of Holy-days.
 † Concipiones, num, m. Stars favourable at the Conception of a Man.
 † Concisco, ere, to grant.
 Concise, adv. briefly, compendiously.
 † Concisio, ōnis, f. a contracting.
 Concisōrius, a, um, contracting.
 * Ferramentum concisōrium, a Farrier's Buttress.
 Concisura, æ, f. a cutting or dividing.
 † Concisus, a, um [ab concidor] cut short, beaten, mangled, killed.
 Concitatio, onis, f. } a stirring,
 Concitamentum, i, n, } or raising up.
 Concitator, us, swifter.
 Concitātissimus, a, um, exceeding swift. * Cursu quam concitātissimo, as fast as his Legs could carry him.
 Concitator, ōris, m. he that moves or stirs up.
 Concitatrix, icis, f. she that moves or raises a Tumult.
 Concitatus, a, um, stirred, provoked, vehement, swift.
 Concito, are, to stir up, provoke, encourage, prick forward. * Pituitam concitare, to breed Phlegm. * Expectationem sui concitare, to make his Company very desirable, and to be even long'd for.
 Concitor, ōris, m. a stirrer up.
 * Belli concitor, a raiser of War.
 Concitus, a, um [ab concior] summoned together.
 Concitus, a, um, [ab concieor] moved, troubled, hastened, provoked. * Alvus concita, a Lark or Gurry.
 Concivis, c. a Fellow-Citizen.
 Conciuncula, æ, f. [à concio] a little Speech or Assembly.
 Conclamatio, ōnis, f. a public shout.

Conclamatus, a, um, dead and buried. * Conclamatū est, 'tis given over for desperate and past Recovery.
 Conclamito, are, to cry out aloud, all about after one.
 Conclamo, are, to shout out with one Voice together, proclaim. * Conclamare socios, to call for his Fellows.
 * Conclamare vasa, to give orders for marching from Quarters with Bag and Baggage.
 † Conclasse, are, to join Ships together in a Navy.
 Conclāvatus, a, um, locked together into one Chamber.
 † Conclaudivi, si, sum, to shut up together.
 Conclāve, is, n. [à clavis] a Room under Lock and Key, a Dining-room.
 † Conclāvia, æ, the joining of Chambers together.
 Conclavium, ii, n. a Parlour.
 † Conclausus, a, um, shut up together.
 † Conclino, are, to shrink back together.
 Concludo, si, sum, [à con & claud] to conclude, shut up, stop, comprehend, make perfect, finish. * Pugnum concludere, to clinch one's Fist.
 Conclusè, adv. briefly, closingly.
 Conclusio, onis, f. a Conclusion, End, Closure.
 † Conclusivè, adv. briefly, or shutting up.
 Conclusiuncula, æ, f. a small Conclusion.
 Conclusus, a, um [à concludor] shut up, concluded, perfected.
 Concoctio, ōnis, f. a Concoction, Digestion.
 Concoctrix facultas, the natural Power of Digestion.
 Concoctus, a, um [ab concoquor] digested, sod.
 Concoctio, ōnis, f. a supping together.
 Concolor, ōris, adj. of the same Colour.
 Concomitor, ari, to accompany.
 Concoquens, ntis, repining. * Concoquenda medicamenta, Medicines to help Digestion.
 Concoquo, xi, ctum, to boil, concoct, digest. * Concoquere injuriam, to put up a Wrong.
 Concordantia, æ, f. Agreement, a Concord.
 Concordatus, a, um, agreed upon.
 Concordia, æ, f. [à concors] Concord, Agreement, a Concordance; the Herb Agrimony, or Liverwort. * Concordia discors, unhearty Fellowship.
 Concordia, a Roman Goddess, and the City Cochesberg in Germany, and a City in Spain, and other Places.
 Concordienses, the People of Concordia.
 † Concordiosus, a, um, full of Concord.
 † Concorditas, atis, f. agreeing together.
 Concorditer, issimè, with a right Understanding, and mutual Consent, adv.
 Concordo, are, to accord or agree together.
 † Concorpōrā is, is, the Fore-man of the File, the File-leader.
 † Concorpōratus, a, um, conjoined.
 Concorpōro, are, to incorporate.

Concorporor, ari, to be joyned in one Body.
 Concors, dis, [ab con & cor] of one mind, agreeing, tunable. * Civitas concordior, a City more at unity.
 * Concordiālimi principes, agreeing passing well together.
 Concratitius, a, um, made of Hurdles, watted, twisted together.
 † Concreditor, ōris, he that lends with another.
 Concreditus, a, um, lent together.
 Concredo, didi, ditum, to entrust with another. * Concredere mari navigia, to commit Vessels to the Sea.
 † Concredum, for concredam.
 † Concrematio, ōnis, a burning together.
 † Concrementum, i, a gathering together.
 Concremo, are, to burn together.
 Concrepo, ui, itum, are, to create cry softly, make a Sound. * Concrepare digitis, to knock with his Fingers.
 † Concreresco, evi, etum, to grow together, congeal, to grow hard together, to be formed.
 † Concretile, that which may be hardened or congealed.
 † Concretim, adv. congealedly.
 Concretio, ōnis, f. a compounding, congealing, thickening.
 † Concretivus, a, um, congealing.
 Concretum, i, n. a thing congealed, also an Accident considered with the Subject.
 Concretus, a, um, [ab concreresco] joyned, grown or congealed together, composed, clotted. * Rumores densi & concreti, coming thick, and huddling together.
 Concretus, ūs, m. a thickening or congealing.
 † Concriminatio, ōnis, a joyned accusing.
 † Concriminator, ari, to charge or accuse of many things.
 † Concrispere, to brandish.
 † Concruciabilis, le, worthy of Torments.
 † Concruciabiliter, tormenting wise.
 † Concruciarius, ii, m. a Tormenter.
 † Concruciatio, onis, f. a tormenting.
 Concruciator, onis, m. a Tormenter.
 † Concrucio, are, to torment.
 † Concrucior, ari, to be tormented, or sympathize with others in Torment.
 † Concrustatus, a, um, made hard.
 † Concuba, he or she that lies with another.
 Concubientes, a People of Umbria.
 Concubina, æ, f. [à concubo] a Concubine, a she Bedfellow.
 † Concubinālis, le, and concubinaris, a, um, of a Concubine.
 Concubinatus, ūs, m. the keeping of a Concubine or Strumpet.
 † Concubinula, æ, a little Strumpet.
 Concubinus, i, m. a Paramour, Adulterer, Catamite.
 † Concubitor, ōris, a Bedfellow.
 Concubitus, ūs, m. a lying with one.
 Concubium, ii, n. Midnight; also a lying together.
 Concubius, a, um, of Midnight.
 † Concubo, ui, itum, are, to lie with one.
 † Concudo, ere, to stamp or coin.
 † Concula, a Dram and half. Con-

Conculcatio, ōnis, f. a trampling upon.
 Conculcatus, a, um. trodden under foot.
 Conculco, are, [ab con & calco] to trample upon, suppress.
 † Conculpatus, a, um, blam'd, found fault with.
 † Conculpo, are, to blame, find fault with.
 Concumbere, ere, to 'ye together.
 † Concūmulate, with good measure, fully.
 † Concūmūlatim, the same.
 † Concūmūlatio, onis, f. a heaping up.
 Concupio, 3ivi, itum, ere, to long
 Concupisco, 3 or lust after.
 Concūpiscens, ntis, desiring, coveting.
 † Concūpiscens, covetously.
 Concūpiscencia, æ, f. Concupiscence, Lust, eager Desire.
 Concūpiscibilis, le, earnestly desiring, or desirable.
 † Concupitor, ōris, m. a Desirer.
 Concupitus, a, um, coveted, eagerly desired.
 Concurator, ōris, m. a Fellow-guardian.
 Concūro, are, to dress, take care of.
 Concurrunt, [ab illis] they fall on, or charge one another.
 Concurro, i, cursum, to concur, to run or flock together, run against one another, to charge. * Concurrere obviam alicui, to run to meet one. * Tot concurrunt verisimilia, so many likely things meet together. * In pignus concurrere, to be partaker with him in the pledge. * Nomina concurrunt, what I owe to others is as much as others owe to me.
 Concurfans, ntis, meeting, or going together.
 Concursatio, ōnis, f. a meeting together, or bickering.
 Concursator, ōris, m. a nimble charger in the War.
 Concursatōrius, a, um, skirmishing.
 Concurso, ōnis, f. a meeting or encountering.
 † Concurso, are, to flock together.
 Concurso, are [à concurro] to run about, bicker.
 Concurfus, ūs, m. a concourse, running, or flocking together, agreement.
 † Concurvatus, a, um, made crooked.
 † Concurvo, are, to make crooked.
 † Concus, ūtis, f. the Slay of a Loom that strikes the Cloth thick.
 Concussio, ōnis, f. [à concutio] a shaking, or dashing together. * Dentium concussio, crashing, gnashing, and chattering of the Teeth. * Crimen concussionis, violent Oppression and extorting by terrifying People.
 † Concusso, are, to shake often.
 † Concussor, ōris, m. he that shaketh.
 † Concussura, æ, f. a making to tremble.
 Concussus, a, um, [ab concutio] shaken, moved, troubled, decaying.
 Concussus, ūs, m. a shaking together, or troubling.
 † Concussus, a, um, stamped, coined.
 Concussiens, ntis, shaking, rousing.
 Concūti, ūti, itum, [ab con & quatio] to shake, make to tremble, extort by violence, strike. * Te ipsum concute, examine your self.

Condabura, a Town in Spain.
 † Condalium, -lum, condalus, and -ulus, a Taylor's Thimble.
 Condalus, a Lieutenant in Lycia under Mausolus King of Caria, seeing the People much delighted in their Hair, pretended an Order from the King to cut off their Hair and send it him; but if they would give him a Sum of Money, he would buy Hair of the Græcians, and send it instead of theirs; by which means he raised a great Sum of Money.
 Condax, Congleton in Lancashire or Yorkshire.
 Condatis, a City of Hainault, called Condet; also the City Rheims in Britany.
 † Condātōres, m. they which are of the same Mystery.
 Condecens, ntis, convenient.
 Condecens, adv. handsomely.
 Condecencia, æ, f. Corneliness.
 Condecet, imp. it is becoming.
 † Condeclino, are, to recoil together.
 Condecōre, adv. gracefully.
 Condecōro, are, to set forth, make brave or gallant.
 † Condecūrio, are, to bring the Files together till they make up the Ranks.
 Condemnatio, ōnis, f. Condemnation.
 Condemnator, ōris, m. a Condemner, Accuser.
 Condemnatus, a, um, condemned.
 Condemno, are, [of con and damno] to condemn.
 Condensatio, onis, f. a thickening, or hardening.
 Condensatus, a, um, thickened.
 Condensatus, ūs, m. a thickening.
 † Condenseo, ere, to grow thick.
 Condensitas, ātis, f. thickness.
 Condensio, are, to thicken or make thick.
 † Condensum, i, a thick place.
 Condensus, a, um, thick, close together.
 † Condentalis, le, having his Teeth growing in a Rank.
 Condepso, ui, itum, ere, to knead, or make Paste.
 Condercum, Chester upon the Street, in the Bishoprick of Durham.
 Condico, xi, tum, to appoint by common Consent, to agree upon, to claim at Law, promise, declare, require, deny. * Cœnam condicere, to promise to come and sup with one. * Paterpatratus rerum aut litium condicit, the Herald questioneth for such Matters and Controversies. * Nummos alicui condicere, to re-demand Money of one.
 Condicare operam, to undertake a Work.
 Condictio, ōnis, f. a personal Action against any one. * Condictio indebiti, an Action against a Person to force him to repay what was pay'd to him upon mistake. * Condictio ex scriptura, a suing one upon a bare Promise made.
 Condictitius, a, um, claiming.
 * Actio condictitia, a personal Action.
 † Condicto, are, to tell or appoint.
 Condictum, i, n. a Composition or Agreement between two.
 Condictus, a, um [of condicor] appointed, denounced, promised.

* Cœna subita & condicta, a sudden Supper of ordinary Fare.
 Condigne, adv. fitly, suitably.
 Condignus, a, um, worthy, suitable.
 Condigrammus, a Town of Carmania.
 † Condilōmāta, orum, n. large Acorns.
 Condimentarius, a, um, of Sauce, or Seasoning.
 Condimentarius, ii, m. he that sells Salt, and Pickled Things.
 Condimentum, i, n. Sauce, Pickle, Syrup. * Condimentum amicitiae, the seasoning of Friendship, that that gives it a delicate Hogo.
 CONDIO, ivi, itum [ab Heb. Cun, aptare] to season, powder, pickle, preserve, sweeten, embalm.
 Condiscipula, æ, f. a School-fellow.
 Condiscipulatus, ūs, m. a School-fellowship.
 Condiscipulus, li, m. a School-fellow.
 Condisco, didici, ere, to learn with others.
 Condita, ōrum, n. [à condio] Sweetmeats, Junkets, Confits.
 Condita, ōrum, n. [à condo] Corn laid up in store, Magazines.
 Conditaneus, a, um, to be kept in pickle.
 Conditio, ōnis, f. [à condio] a powdering, saucing, seasoning.
 Conditio, onis, f. [à condo] a Condition or State, Manner, Means, Quality, Property, Choice, Covenant, the Creation or Creature. * Pacis conditiones, Articles of Peace.
 * Dura conditio, hard Terms.
 * Conditionem filiae querere, to get a Husband for his Daughter.
 * Conditione tua non utar, I don't like your Proposals touching the Match.
 Conditōnalis, le, conditional.
 Conditōnaliter, adv. conditionally.
 Condititius, a, um, powdered, preserved.
 Conditivum, i, n. a Burying-place.
 Conditivus, a, um, [of condor] that may be laid up.
 Conditivus, a, um, [of condior] to be powdered or pickled.
 Conditor, ōris, m. a Seasoner, Pickler.
 Conditor, ōris, [of condo] a Maker, Author, Inventer, Composer, Builder.
 Conditorium, ii, n. a Vault, Sepulchre, or Storehouse.
 Conditrix, icis, f. she that makes or builds.
 Conditum, i, n. Hippoceras. * Conditum rosaceum, wine of Roses, &c.
 Conditura, æ, f. a pickling or saucing.
 Conditus, a, um, [of condior] and -ior, seasoned, tempered, embalmed. * Conditura oratio, a Speech corn'd with witty Conceits and Expressions.
 Conditus, a, um [of condor] hidden, laid up, made; also State, Rank. * A condito ævo, Time out of mind.
 Conditus, ūs, m. a seasoning.
 † Conditus, ūs, m. a founding or building.
 Condivium, the City Nants in Britany.
 Condo, didi, itum, to lay or hoard up, hide, build, compose, appoint, get, enjoy, consecrate. * Condere humo.

humo, to bury. * *Condere diem*, to spend a whole Day. * *Condere lumina*, to close up the Eyes of the Dead. * *Condere iram*, to dissemble his Anger. * *Condere carmen*, to write a Poem. * *Aurea sæcula condere*, to bring the golden Age again. * *Condere iuramentum*, to appoint an Oath to be taken.

† *Condo*, and -io, ōnis, a Fencer.

Condōcēfācio, eci, actum, to inform one of many things.

Condōcēfactus, a, um, taught.

Condōceo, ui, ctum, to teach many or publicly.

Condochates, a River of India.

Condolentē, adv. with Grief.

Condolentia, æ, f. a condoling, or grieving with another.

Condoleo, ere, to be pained all over.

* *Condoluit caput de vento*, the Wind made my Head ache.

Condoleſco, ui, eſcere, to fall an aching all over.

† *Condolo*, are, to make smooth.

† *Condōminari*, to bear rule.

† *Condōminātus*, ūs, bearing rule together.

† *Condōmo*, are, to tame, or subdue.

Condōnātio, ōnis, f. a giving, or forgiving, or indulging.

† *Condōnātor*, ōris, a Pardoner.

† *Condōnatrīx*, icis, she that pardoneth.

Condōnātus, a, um, pardoned, forgiven.

Condonō, are, to forgive, indulge, bear with, give. * *Condonare aliquem cruci*, to deliver one over to be crucified. * *Condonare aliquem pecuniam*, to forgive one a Debt.

Condormio, ire, to sleep together.

Condormiſco, ere, to go to sleep with others.

† *Condormitātor*, ōris, m. he that sleeps with another.

† *Condormitio*, ōnis, f. a sleeping together.

† *Condormito*, are, to sleep together.

† *Condormitor*, oris, m. a Fellow-sleeper.

† *Condōtālis*, le, having a Dowry together.

† *Condōtāri*, to have a Dowry with another.

† *Condōtātus*, a, um, having a Dowry with another.

Condoundus, a King of the Almains.

Condrusi, a People of Belgium, whose Country is called Condron.

Condrilla, æ, f. } the Herb Dandelion, or Gum-cichory, g.

Condrillum, li, n. }

† *Condris*, f. false Dittany.

† *Condūbitanter*, doubting together.

† *Condūbitatim*, doubtfully.

† *Condūbitātus*, a, um, doubted of by many.

† *Condūbito*, are, to doubt of.

Conducibilis, le, advantageous, profitable, available.

Conducit, imp. it is expedient.

* *Conducunt ſaluti tuæ*, they conduce much to your Health.

† *Conducium*, ii, a Warden-pear.

† *Conducus*, ii, f. a Warden-tree.

Conduco, xi, ctum, to bring with or together, lead, assemble, rent, to hire, agree for. * *Conducere opus*

faciendum, to take Work by the great. * *Quæ ad ventris victum conducunt*, Belly-timber. * *Reipublicæ rationibus conducere*, to turn to the publick Advantage.

* *Conducere vulnus*, to skin or heal up a Wound. * *Nimium magno conducere*, to buy too dear.

* *Non ædepol conduci possum vita uxoris annua*, I can't believe my Wife will live a Year to an end.

Conducor, ci, to be led or brought together.

† *Conductārius*, a, um, guiding together.

† *Conductilis*, le, easily to be hired.

† *Conductim*, bringing jointly.

Conductio, onis, f. a gathering together, hiring, undertaking.

Conductitius, a, um, hired, or to be hired.

† *Conducto*, are, to lead or bring together.

Conductor, ōris, m. a Hirer, Farmer, or he that takes Work by the great.

Conductum, i, n. a thing hired.

Conductus, a, um, [of conductor] hired, brought together.

Conductus, ūs, m. a Conduct. * *Salvus conductus*, a Passport.

† *Conductum*, i, a Cup or Pot.

† *Conductina*, a necessary place.

Conduplicatio, ōnis, f. a repeating, a doubling the same Word.

† *Conduplicatō*, doublingly.

Conduplicātus, a, um, doubled, folded.

Conduplico, are, to double, fold, line, pay double.

† *Condurdon*, an Herb good against the King's-Evil.

† *Condūro*, are, to harden greatly.

Condus, i, m. [a condo] a Caterer, Butler, Steward; also a kind of Cup.

Conduxi, ſec *Conduco*.

Condyba, a City of Lycia.

Condylea, a City of Arcadia.

Condylum, ii, n. a Ring, g.

Condyloma, ātis, n. a Swelling, Inflammation of the Fundament, g.

Condylomāticus, a, um, g. full of Knots.

Condylus, i, m. a Knuckle or Joynt, also a Ring or Thimble, g.

Cone, a small Island near the Mouth of the River Iſter.

† *Confabrē*, fitly, handsomely.

† *Confabrēfācio*, ere, to make fine or fit.

† *Confabrēfactus*, made fine or neat.

† *Confabrīcātor*, oris, he that deviseth.

Confabrīcātus, a, um, built together.

Confabrīcor, ari, to make or forge.

† *Confabrilis*, le, of a Smith.

Confabulatio, onis, f. a prating or talking together.

* *Confabulātor*, ōris, m. a Prater.

Confabulo, are, } to discourse, talk,

Confabulor, ari, } or prate together, tell tales.

† *Confāmūlātus*, ūs, m. a Fellow-service.

Confāmūlor, ari, to serve together.

† *Confāmūlus*, i, m. a Fellow-servant.

† *Confanones*, Banners carried in Procession.

† *Confarcio*, as confercio.

Confarreātio, ōnis, f. an eating of Bride-Cake together, a solemnizing of a Marriage.

Confarreātus, a, um, lawfully married.

Confarreō, are [a far] to marry with the Solemnity of a Bride-Cake.

Confātālis, le, joyned together by Destiny.

† *Confecta*, orum, Things concluded by Reason.

Confectio, ōnis, f. a dispatching or finishing, a digestion or mingling.

* *Confectio tributi*, an assessing.

* *Confectio escarum*, the chewing of Meat.

Confector, ōris, m. a Destroyer, Dispatch; also a Dyer. * *Confectores cardinum*, such as break open Doors.

Confectura, æ, f. a making or mingling.

Confectus, a, um, [of conficior] perfected, slain, undone. * *Confectus ætate*, or annis, grown feeble.

Conferbeo, ere, to glew or solder together.

Confercio, ſi, tum [of con and farcio] to stuff, heap together, gorge, drive thick together.

† *Conferentia*, æ, a Conference.

Conféro, tūli, latum, to bring together, to profit or serve, set forth, prepare, discourse, compare, contribute, delay, join, apply, bestow.

* *Conferre pedem*, to join issue or stand to it. * *Conferre manus*, to come to Handy-blows. * *Conferre gradum*, to go Cheek by Joll. * *Conferre ſigna*, to fight a pitched Battle.

* *Conferre culpam in aliquem*, to lay the fault upon any one. * *Conferre confilia in unum*, to confer notes, or lay their heads together.

* *Conferre plurimum ad victoriam*, to help forward the Victory.

* *Conferre verba in pauca*, to draw up in short what one has to say.

* *Conferre capita*, to discourse together of any Business. * *Conféro me in or ad campum*, I walk into the Fields. * *Verba in rem conferre*, to make one's Words good.

* *Conferre in diem*, to put off.

† *Conferrūmino*, the same as Ferrumino.

Confert, imp. it profiteth, helpeth, or is expedient.

Confertim, adv. close together, in a Heap.

† *Confertio*, onis, a Stuffing.

Confertus, a, um, [of confercior] stuffed, filled, gorged; also close and thick together. * *Conferta legio*, an Army very compact and closely ranged.

† *Conſerva*, æ, the Herb Sponge of the River, hairy River-weed.

Confervēfācio, ere, to make hot.

Conferveo, ere, to boil up, or be knit together. * *Confervent ossa*, the Bones grow together again.

Conferveſco, ere, to begin to boil.

Confessio, ōnis, f. a Confession.

* *Confessione illius ævi*, as that Age acknowledged.

† *Confessionāle*, is, the Place where the Priest hears Confession.

Confessor, ōris, m. he that confesseth.

Confessorius, a, um, of Confession.

Confessus, a, um [of confiteor] confessing or confessed. * *Ex confesso*, confessedly. * *In confesso est*, it is certain, no Man denies. * *Confessus ævis*, acknowledging the Debt. Con-

Confestim, adv. [à festino] suddenly, presently.
 Confibula, æ, f. a clasp or tack.
 † Confibulo, are, to buckle or button together.
 † Confica, æ, f. the Herb Arguga or Lupine.
 Conficiens, ntis, a Finisher, Dispatcher. * Conficientissima literarum civitas, keeping a diligent Register of all that is done.
 Conficio, eci, ctum, (of con and facio) to finish, dispatch, destroy, grieve, explain, gather, provide, break, commit, chew, digest, conclude, make, spend. * Conficere fame or frigore, to starve one with Hunger and Cold. * Conficere cibo, to digest Meat. Plin. to chew Meat, Liv. * Conficere rem, to spend an Estate. * Reliquum nummorum confeci, I have made up what was wanting of the Summe. * Conficere alicui centurias, to get such a Hundred to Vote for one. * Ex quo conficitur, from whence one may conclude.
 Conficior, ci, to be sore broken. * Angore confici, to pine away for grief. * Donec bruma conficiatur, till mid-winter be past. * Confectum est, the business is over.
 † Conficte, adv. Feignedly.
 Confictilis, le, Feigned, Forged.
 Confictio, ònis, f. [à confingo] a Devising or Feigning.
 † Confictitant, for confingunt.
 Confictitius, a, um, Devised, Feigned.
 † Confictor, òris, m. a Feigner, Forger.
 † Confictrix, icis, f. a Witch.
 Confictus, a, um, [of confingor] Feigned, Counterfeited.
 Confidejussor, òris, m. joint-security, or Surety.
 Confidens, ntis, Confident, Presumptuous, Fool-hardy, Stubborn, Constant.
 Confidenter, adv. confidently, boldly.
 Confidentia, æ, f. Confidence, Boldness, Stoutness; also Conscience. * Confidentiam habere in ventre, to have ones Belly full, to defy hunger.
 Confidentilòquus, a, um, bold and presumptuous in Speech, undertaking great matters.
 Confidentissimus, a, um, very Confident and Peremptory.
 Confido, idi, and -ifus sum, ere, to trust, rely upon, be confident. * Confidere animo, to take Courage. * Nihil nimis oportet confidere, one ought not to be too confident in any thing.
 † Confieri, to be done with others, to be made up, produced or dispatched.
 Configo, xi, xum, to fasten, settle, repose, thrust thorow. * Cornicum oculos configere, to out-do others. * Configere omnes curas in reipublicæ salute, to mind nothing but the concerns of the Commonwealth.
 † Configularis, re, of a Potter.
 † Configulatus, a, um, made by a Potter.
 † Configulo, are, to play the Potter.
 Configurare, adv. in the same fashion.

* Configuratio, ònis, f. a likening together.
 Configuro, are, to shape or fashion alike.
 † Confinālis, le, near or bordering upon.
 Confindo, idi, sum, to rive or cleave.
 Confine, is, n. [à finis] a Border, March.
 Confingo, xi, ctum, to Fashion, Devise together, Contrive.
 Confinio, ire, to Border upon.
 Confinis, ne, Adjoyning, Bordering upon, like.
 † Confinitas, ātis, f. Neighbourhood.
 † Confinite, adv. nearly.
 † Confinutio, ònis, an ending or Bordering upon.
 Confinium, ii, n. nearness, the Frontiers, Marches, or Borders of a Country.
 Confio, ieri, to be made or done.
 † Confirma major, Wall-wort, Asparagus, or Comfrey.
 † Confirmamen, inis, n. a confirming.
 Confirmatio, ònis, f. a Confirmation, Assuring, Strengthening.
 Confirmatior, us, stronger, more resolute.
 Confirmator, òris, m. a strengthener, Surety for.
 Confirmatus, a, um, confirmed, strengthened, constant, resolute.
 † Confirmitas, atis, Resolution, Constancy.
 † Confirmiter, strongly.
 Confirmo, are, to strengthen, confirm, hearten, recruit. * Confirmare se ad omnia, to harden himself against all Accidents. * Ut confirmare possum, as I dare avouch. * Confirmare membrum, to make it perfectly well.
 † Confiscarius, ii, a Promoter.
 Confiscatio, ònis, f. a Confiscating.
 Confiscator, òris, m. he that Confiscates, or seizeth for the King.
 Confiscatus, a, um, confiscated, seized on.
 Confisco, are, [à fiscus] to confiscate, seize as forfeited to the Prince; also to Arrest a Man in the Prince's Name, to lay up in the Exchequer.
 Confisio, ònis, f. a trusting or relying upon.
 Confisus, a, um, [of confido] trusting, hoping, having confidence in.
 Confiteor, fessus sum, eri, [of con and fateor] to confess, profess, acknowledge. * Ut de me confitear, to speak my mind freely and ingeniously.
 Confixi, see Configo.
 Confixilis, le, Built or fastened together.
 † Confixum, xi, a Stage.
 † Confixus, a, um, [of configer] fastened, thrust thorow. * Confixus sententiis, Condemn'd by most.
 † Confixus, us, um. a sticking or thrusting in.
 † Confiacreo, ere, to wither or faint.
 Confaccesco, ere, to be allayed or weakened.
 † Confagellator, òris, m. a Whiper.
 † Confagellatus, a, um, Whipped, scourged.

† Conflagres, places to which many Winds blow together.
 † Conflagitator, òris, an earnest Suiter.
 Conflagito, are, to Importune and Request earnestly.
 † Conflagrans, tissimus, earnestly desiring, scorched, burning in Love.
 † Conflagranter, burning furiously.
 † Conflagrantia, æ, f. a burning, a hot desire.
 Conflagratus, a, um, set on fire, burned.
 Conflagro, are, to be on fire. * Conflagrare amoris flammā, to burn in Love. * Conflagrare invidia, to be much envied.
 † Conflammatus, a, um, enflamed, set on fire.
 Conflatile, is, n. [à conflo] a molten Image.
 Conflatilis, le, Cast or Molten.
 Conflatio, ònis, f. a melting down; also a procuring.
 Conflator, òris, m. a Founder, Melter.
 Conflatorium, ii, n. a Forge.
 Conflatura, æ, f. a Casting, Melting.
 Conflatus, a, um, blown, compact, procured, Forged, Coined. * Conflati testes, suborn'd Witnesses.
 † Confecto, xi, xum, to bend or bow.
 Conflexilis, le, [à confecto] pliant, easily turned.
 Conflexio, ònis, f. a bending or turning.
 † Conflexuōse, adv. bendingly.
 † Conflexuōsus, a, um, bending, winding.
 † Conflexura, æ, f. a winding.
 Conflexus, a, um, [of conlector] bent, bowed.
 Conflictatio, ònis, f. a contest or bickering.
 Conflictatus, a, um, vexed, troubled.
 Conflictio, ònis, f. a dashing one against another, a Conflict, a Combating, Contrariety, Opposition.
 Conflito, are, -or, ari, [à confligo] to conflict, contest, grieve, annoy, to have to do with, to be troubled with, be annoyed by. * Magnā inopiā rerum necessariarum conflitari, to want Necessaries. * Qui cum ingenii conflatur ejusmodi, he that has such Men to deal withal.
 Conflitus, us, m. a Combat, Conflict, Skirmish.
 † Confligatio, ònis, f. a rushing together.
 † Confligium, ii, n. a meeting or dashing together.
 † Confligo, are, to fight or contend.
 Confligo, xi, ctum, to contend, combat, battle together, to be contrary. * Confligere ratione, to manage a Dispute by Reason.
 Conflo, are, to blow together, to cast Metal, to Plot or Contrive, Forget or make, gather, Compose. * Societatem cum aliquo conflare, to join Friendship with one. * Invidiam sibi conflare, to make himself to be envied. * Sibi conflare æs alienum, to run himself in Debt.
 Confloreo, ere, to flourish together.
 † Confluatim, adv. in a flowing manner.

Confluctuatio, ōnis, f. a flowing together.
 † **Confluctuo**, are, to wave.
Confluator, ari, to be tossed up and down, to be in doubt.
 † **Confluctuosus**, a, um, rushing or flowing together.
Confluens, ntis, m. a place where two Rivers meet.
Confluentia, æ, f. an abundance, a flowing together, a falling down of Humours into any part of the Body.
Confluentia, the City Coblentz in Germany, where the River Rhine and Mosel meet.
 † **Confluges**, places to which divers Rivers run.
 † **Confluito**, are, to flow together.
 † **Conflumineus**, a, um, Bordering on a River.
Confluo, xi, xum, to flow, come or get together.
 † **Confluvialis**, le, adjoining to a River.
 † **Confluvius**, a, um, joyned to a River, or conveyed by a Sluce.
 † **Confluvium**, ii, n. the in-let, or meeting of divers streams.
 † **Confluus**, a, um, flowing together.
 † **Confluxè**, adv. flowingly.
 † **Confluxio**, ōnis, f. a flowing together.
 † **Confluxus**, ūs, m. a concourse of Waters.
 † **Confocillatio**, ōnis, f. a Cherishing.
 † **Confodico**, are, to stamp or dig.
Confodio, ōdi, ūm, to dig, pierce, or run through. * **Confodere** vulneribus, to wound in many places.
 † **Confodatio**, ōnis, f. a Defiling.
 † **Confodatus**, a, um, Polluted.
Confoderatio, ōnis, f. Consent, Agreement.
Confodero, are, [à fœdus] to Consent or Agree together.
Confedo, are, to Defile or Pollute.
 † **Confœdusti**, Confederates.
 † **Confœnerator**, ōris, m. a partner in Usury.
 † **Confœneratus**, a, um, put in Usury.
 † **Confœnero**, are, to put out to Use.
 † **Confœcto**, are, to bring forth together.
 † **Confœtura**, æ, f. a bringing forth Young together.
 † **Confœtus**, a, um, big with young.
 * **Confœta sus**, a Sow brought to Sacrifice with all her Pigs.
 † **Confœliatus**, a, um, having leaves together.
Confœre, [à confio] that will come to pass, or succeed.
 † **Confœrio**, ire, to defile with dung.
Conformatio, ōnis, f. a conforming, framing, fashioning, an Institution and Redress.
Conformator, ōris, m. a Fashioner, Resembler.
Conformatus, a, um, formed, made like.
Conformidatio, ōnis, f. an affright.
Conformis, e, [ex forma] conformable, suitable, alike, agreeable.
Conformitas, ātis, f. Conformity, Suitableness.
 † **Conformiter**, Formally, Orderly.
Conformo, are, to Fashion like another, Represent, Frame. * **Con-**

formare se ad voluntatem alterius, to comply with.
Confornico, are, to bow or make like an Arch.
 † **Confortatio**, ōnis, a strengthening or comforting.
 † **Conforto**, are, to comfort or cherish.
Confossio, ōnis, f. a digging or stabbing.
Confossor, ōris, m. a digger, stabber.
Confossus, a, um, [of Confodior] digged, stabbed. * **Confossior**, fuller of stabs or wounds.
Confoveo, ere, ōm, to Nourish or keep warm together.
 † **Confraceo**, ere, to wax rotten.
Confractio, ōnis, f. a breaking.
Confractus, a, um, [of Confringor] bruised, broken.
 † **Confrages**, as Conflagres.
Confragose, adv. roughly, ruggedly.
Confragōsus, a, um, rough, ragged.
Confragus, stony, craggy, hard to understand, hoarse. * **Confragosi versus**, rough hewn Verses.
 † **Confratrista**, æ, Brother-hood.
 † **Confrēmēbundus**, a, um, making a great noise.
 † **Confrēmītus**, ūs, m. a terrible noise or roaring.
 † **Confrēmisco**, ere, to Grumble together.
Confrēmo, ui, ere, to murmur together.
 † **Confrendeo**, ere, to gnash the teeth.
 † **Confrendo**, ere, to chatter with the teeth.
 † **Confrēquento**, are, to haunt together.
 † **Conficatio**, ōnis, f. a rubbing.
 † **Confricatus**, a, um, rubbed.
Confrico, ui, ūm, are, to rub, chafe, daunt. * **Boves confricare**, to rub down Oxen.
Confictio, ōnis, f. a fretting or chafing.
Confrigēfio, eri, to be made cold.
 † **Confrigēo**, ere, to wax cold.
Confrigēro, are, to make cold.
 † **Confriego**, ere, to fry together.
Confringo, ēgi, actum, [of con and frango] to break in pieces, break up, split, confute, make havoc. * **Confringere rem**, to waste an Estate.
 † **Confrixorium**, ii, n. a frigasy.
 † **Confrondōsus**, a, um, full of boughs.
 † **Confructus**, ūs, m. a mingling or parting of Fruit.
 † **Confruo**, ui, to enjoy together.
 † **Confuga**, æ, f. a Refugee, one that has taken Sanctuary.
 † **Confugatio**, ōnis, f. a putting to flight, flying for Succour.
 † **Confugēla**, æ, f. a fleeing for Refuge.
Confugio, ūgi, itum, to flee for Refuge, to appeal unto. * **Confugere in misericordiam alicujus**, to make any Man's goodness or tenderness a retreat or place of Succour.
Confugium, ii, n. a Refuge, a Resort for Succour.
 † **Confugo**, are, to put to flight.
 † **Confulcimentum**, ti, n. a Prop or Stay.
Confulcio, si, ūm, to shore or prop up.
Confulgeo, ere, to Glister, Shine all over.

Confulgāro, are, to Lighten.
 † **Confulminātus**, a, um, struck with Lightning.
 † **Confulmino**, are, to strike with Thunder.
 † **Confultura**, æ, f. an under propping.
Confultus, a, um, [of confulcio] under-propped.
 † **Consumo**, are, to smoke or smother.
Confundo, ūdi, ūm, to confound, astonish, mingle together, put out of Order.
 † **Confūnero**, are, to bury.
 † **Confūngor**, gi, to be dispatched.
Confūsāneus, a, um, [à confusus] confounded, coarse.
 † **Confusco**, are, to make brown.
Confusè, ius, adv. confusedly.
 † **Confusilis**, le, easily mixed or confounded.
Confusim, adv. promiscuously.
Confusio, ōnis, f. Confusion, Disorder, a mingle mangle, dismaying.
Confusior, us, more troubled.
Confusus, a, um, [of confundor] confounded, confused, troubled, abashed. * **Confusum suffragium**, an Election in a huddle.
Confutatio, ōnis, f. a Confutation, Disproving.
 † **Confutatus**, a, um, Accused or Charged.
Confuto, are, to Confute, Disprove, assuage, mix together, restrain, dazzle. * **Paula confutat trua**, cools with a little Ladle. * **Confutare audaciam alicujus**, to check a Malapert Sawce-box.
 † **Confuturus**, a, um, which will ensue.
Conga, æ, a Town of India within Ganges.
 † **Congarrio**, ire, to prate together.
Congavata, Rose-castle in Cumberland.
 † **Congaudeo**, ere, to Rejoyce together.
Congedus, a River in Spain.
Congelabilis, le, easily congealed.
 † **Congelasco**, ere, to grow hard or thick.
Congelatio, ōnis, f. a freezing or congealing.
 † **Congelativa medicamenta**, stopping and drying Medicines.
Congelatus, a, um, congealed.
 † **Congelidè**, adv. very coldly.
Congelidus, a, um, cold.
 † **Congellus**, i, he that was to succeed the Patriarch.
Congelo, are, to congeal or freeze; also to mortify. * **Congelare otio**, to grow dull and unactive for want of business.
Congelor, ari, to be frozen.
 † **Congemendus**, a, um, to be lamented.
Congeminans, ntis, doubling.
Congeminatim, adv. jointly, doublingly.
Congeminatio, ōnis, f. a doubling or repeating.
Congeminatus, a, um, doubled.
Congemino, are, to multiply or double. * **Ictus congeminare**, to lay on thick and three-fold.
 † **Congemisco**, ui, ere, to sigh or lament together, to crash or crack.
Congemmat, a, um, budded.
Congemmo, are, to bud together.

Congēmo, ere, to lament, to groan together.
Congēner, ēris [of con and genus] of the same Kind.
† **Congēnērābilis**, le, easily engendered.
Congēnērātus, a, um, begotten together.
Congēnēro, are, to associate, or ally.
† **Congēnicōlo**, or **congeniculo**, are, to kneel.
† **Congēnitura**, æ, f. a being born together.
Congēnitus, a, um [of conignor] born together. * **Congeniti pili**, Hairs that we are born with.
† **Congentilis**, le, of the same Province or Family.
† **Congēnūlo**, are, to set one upon his Knees.
† **Congēnūo**, are, to join the Knees.
Conger, ri, a **Conger** Eel. See **Congrus**.
Congeries, iei, f. [à congero] a Heap, a Hoard, a Pile.
† **Congerminālis**, le, of the same Stock or Root.
† **Congerminasco**, and -no, are, to bud or grow together, to be allied, associated.
† **Congerminātio**, ōnis, f. a budding together.
† **Congerminātus**, a, um, grown up together.
† **Congerminātē**, lovingly, as growing together.
Congēro, si, sum, to gather or heap together, to charge one with, heap upon, to make a Nest. * **Viaticum alicui congerere**, to give one all Things fit for his Journey. * **Aram congerere**, to raise an Altar. * **Congerere in aliquem maledicta**, to revile one.
Congerro, ōnis, m. [à gerræ vel garrō] a prating Companion.
Congestatio, ōnis, f. a heaping together, or carrying about.
Congestatus, a, um, carried about, or together.
Congestē, } adv. by Heaps, confusedly.
Congestim, } sedly.
Congestio, ōnis, f. a Gathering or Heaping together.
Congestitus, a, um, cast in heaps, raised by hand. * **Locus congestitius**, a Dunghill.
† **Congestitus**, a, um, cast on Heaps.
Congesto, are, to carry together.
Congestus, a, um [of congeror] heaped up, cast together, covered.
Congestus, ūs, m. a Heaping up.
* **Congestus avium**, a Bird's Nest.
* **Congestus copiarum**, the main Forces.
Congialis, le [à congius] belonging to the Measure Congius.
Congiārium, ii, n. a Largest or Dole of Corn, Wine, &c. given especially by the Roman Emperors at their Coronation.
Congiārius, a, um, of a Roman Gallon. * **Cadus congiarius**, a Gallon, Rundlet.
† **Congigno**, ere, to get at once.
† **Congio**, ire, to augment or gather together.
† **Congium**, ii, a Gallon. See **Congius**.
Congius, ii, m. [Xvss, vel à concha, vel congero] a Roman Gallon, holding 6 Sextarii, or 7 Wine-pints, and one eighth of a Pint.
† **Conglabro**, are, to make bald or bare.

Conglaciātus, a, um, frozen.
Conglacio, are, to freeze, or be idle.
* **Conglaciāt tribunatus Curioni**, Curio did nothing remarkable in his Tribuneship.
Conglobātum, adv. in a round Lump.
Conglobatio, ōnis, f. a Gathering or Coming to a round Lump.
Conglobātus, a, um, gathered round.
Conglōbo, are, to make round, embody, gather into a thick Party.
† **Conglomerārius**, a, um, winding upon a Bottom.
† **Conglomeratio**, ōnis, f. a Heaping together, or Winding up.
Conglomerātus, a, um, heaped together.
Conglōmēro, are, to wind Yarn on Bottoms, to assemble or gather together, to hurry tempestuously.
Conglōmēror, ari, to be wound or hurried about.
† **Conglutināmentum**, a Gluing together.
Conglutinatio, ōnis, f. a Gluing or Joining together.
Conglutinātor, ōris, m. he that glues.
Conglutinātus, a, um, glued together, made up of.
Conglutino, are, to glue or join together. * **Vulnus conglutinare**, to close up a Wound.
Conglutio, ire, to swallow together.
Congræco, are, } to tipple and make merry together.
Congræcor, ari, }
† **Congrandio**, ire, to wax great all about.
Congrassator, ōris, m. a Fellow-Thief or Robber.
Congrassor, ari, to rob or steal.
Congrātantē, adv. very acceptably.
Congrātificor, ari, to gratify together.
† **Congrātulābundus**, a, um, desirous to be thankful, and shew his good will.
Congrātulatio, ōnis, f. a congratulating or wishing one much Joy.
Congrātulātor, ōris, m. he that rejoiceth at one's Prosperity.
Congrātulor, ari, to wish one Joy, and rejoice with him.
Congrāvīdo, are, to make heavy or big with Child.
Congrāvo, are, to make heavy, to load, weigh down.
† **Congrēdias**, for **Congrediaris**.
Congrēdiens, ntis, going together.
† **Congrēdio**, for **Congredior**.
Congrēdior, gressus sum, edi [of con and gradior] to walk together, to meet, engage, dispute, encounter. * **Congredere actutum**, go talk with him presently. * **Congredi alicui quotidiana consuetudine**, to converse with one daily.
Congrēgābilis, le, easily brought together.
Congrēgātum, adv. in Companies.
Congrēgatio, ōnis, f. a Congregation, Assembly, gathering together.
Congrēgatus, a, um, gathered together.
Congrēgo, are [à grex] to associate, to gather together. * **Congregare se cum æqualibus**, to keep Company with his Fellows.
† **Congrēmio**, are, to lull asleep.
Congressio, ōnis, f. a Meeting, Haunting, Visiting, Conference, Encountering, Accosting.

Congressus, a, um [of congregior] assaulting, coping, joining.
Congressus, ūs, m. a Meeting, Encountering. * **Impar congressus**, an unequal Match. * **Reservare aliquid in congressum**, to reserve a Thing till a Meeting happen.
Congrex, ēgis, of the same Flock, keeping Company, or conversing together.
Congruens, ntis, agreeable.
Congruenter, adv. agreeably.
Congruentia, æ, } f. Congruity.
Congruitas, ams, } Agreeableness.
* **Pronunciandi congruentia**, comely Pronunciation.
Congruo, ui, are [à grus] to agree.
* **Congruit tempus ad illud**, the Time serves well for it. * **Congruit mulieri magis**, it better suits a Woman. * **Id non congruit ad nostras literas**, that is unsuitable to our Learning.
Congrus, i, m. [κόνγρῦς] a **Conger**-Eel.
† **Congruus**, a, um, suitable, agreeable.
† **Congusto**, are, to taste together.
Congustus, a City of Galatia.
Congylis, is, f. a Rape-root, &c.
† **Congylium**, ii, n. a Naphew or Turnip.
† **Conhibere** and **Conhibentia**, for **Connivere** and **Conniventia**.
Coniaci, a People of Spain.
Coniades, a Greek Author.
† **Coniātes**, a Pargetter of Walls, or Anointer of Wrestlers.
Conica, a City of Paphlagonia.
† **Conicus**, a, um, conical, sharp at the Top.
† **Coniectābundus**, a, um, full of Conjectures.
Coniectanea, ōrum, n. Books wherein we write our Conjectures.
† **Coniectantē**, adv. conjecture-wise.
Coniectatio, ōnis, f. a Guessing or Conjecturing.
† **Coniectator**, ōris, a Guesser.
Coniectatoriē, adv. by Guess.
Coniectio, ōnis, f. a Guessing or Casting together.
Coniecto, are [of con and jacto] to guess, divine, cast. * **Coniectare aliquid argumento**, to guess at a Thing with some Reason.
Coniector, ōris, m. a Soothsayer, Diviner, Prognosticator, Interpreter of Dreams.
Coniectrix, icis, f. an Interpreter.
Coniectura, æ, f. a Conjecture or Guessing. * **De se coniecturam facere**, to judge of by one's self.
Coniecturalis, le, only guessed at.
Coniecturaliter, adv. by guess.
† **Coniecturārius**, and **Coniectārius**, a, um, of guessing.
† **Coniecturaticus**, a, um, of Efficacy, absolute.
† **Coniecturatio**, ōnis, f. a Conjecturing.
† **Coniecturo**, are, to conjecture.
Coniectus, a, um [of conjiçior] cast, thrust, detained.
Coniectus, ūs, m. a casting, hurling.
* **Coniectus oculorum**, the rolling about the Eyes.
Conifer, } a, um [à conus & fer-
Coniferus, } ro] bearing long
Bunches, like the Seed of Cyprus, My-
berries, Grapes, or Pine-apples.
Coniger, a, um, the same as **Conifer**.
Conii, a People of Spain.

Conjicio, ēci, ctum [of *con* and *jacio*] to cast together, hurl, drive, lay, put, convey, make, withdraw, bestow, pack, add to, digest, guess. * **Conjicere in vincula**, to cast into Prison. * **Conjicere se in pedes**, to betake himself to his heels. * **Culpam in me conjicit**, he lays the Fault on me. * **Conjicere in librum**, to put it down, or write it in a Book. * **In verum se mente ac cogitatione conjicere**, to fall to making Verses.

† **Cōnīā, z, and le**, a kind of Pot-herb. **Conimbrica**, a City and University of Portugal.

† **Conjocor, ari**, to jest together.

† **Conjoculāris, re**, sporting, jesting.

† **Conjoculārius, ii, m.** a Buffoon, or make sport.

† **Conjoculātor, ōris, m.** a Jester.

Cōnion, g. the Herb Hemlock.

† **Cōniōis**, the first Foundation of Bees work.

† **Cōnipōdes**, a Shoe worn by wanton Persons.

Conisaltus, an Athenian God, worshipped after the same manner as Priapus among the Lamplaceni.

Conisci, a People of Spain.

Cōnisco, } to butt as a Ram.

Cōniso, are, g. }

† **Conistica, or Conistra**, a Place of wrestling or Exercise.

Cōnistērium, ii, n. a Place where Wrestlers bedusted one another, g.

Conistium, a Town of Teuthrania, near the River Caycus.

Conistoris, a City of Spain.

Conisum, a Town of Mysia in Asia.

† **Conitum, i, n.** a kind of Offering on which Flower was cast.

† **Conjubilatio, ōnis, f.** a rejoicing together.

† **Conjūbilo, are**, to rejoice together.

† **Conjūdicatō, with good Advice.**

† **Conjūdicātus, a, um**, judged together.

† **Conjūdicō, are**, to judge together.

† **Conjūga, z, f.** a Wife.

Conjūgālis, le, of Marriage. * **Dii conjugales** Gods residing over Marriage, Hymen, &c.

† **Conjugamentum**, a coupling together.

† **Conjūgārius, ii, m.** he that yoketh together.

Conjūgata, ōrum, Derivatives of the same Original.

Conjūgatio, ōnis, f. a yoking together, Conjugation.

Conjūgātor, ōris, m. he that joins or makes together.

Conjūgātus, a, um, joined, yoked.

Conjūgālis, le, of Wedlock.

Conjūgium, ii, n. Wedlock, Marriage. * **duo conjugia**, two Couples.

Conjūgo, are, to match, wed, or tie together.

† **Conjūgūlum, i**, Roap-weed, or With-vind.

Conjūgūlus, a, um, joined.

Conjūgus, a, um, yoked, joined together.

Conjuncta, ōrum, inseparable Accidents.

Conjunctē, ius, iusimē, adv. jointly, friendly. * **Conjunctē amare**, to love entirely.

Conjunctim, adv. together, nearly.

Conjunctio, ōnis, f. a Conjunction, joining together, Affinity, Love, Nearness. * **Conjunctiones**, Hypothetical Propositions.

† **Conjunctionālis, le**, of Conjunction or joining together.

† **Conjunctionālītēr, conjunctionālī.** Conjunctionālītēr, most closely.

Conjunctivus, a, um, fastning together.

Conjunctūra, z, f. a joining together.

Conjunctus, ior, iusim [of *conjungor*] joined, allied, faithful, familiar. * **Fannii ætate conjunctus Antipater**, Antipater was contemporary with Fannius. * **Conjunctissimi inter se**, most dear Friends.

Conjungo, xi, ctum, to join together. * **Dextram conjungere dextræ**, to shake hands.

† **Conjux, ūgis, and conjugis, ge**, joined together.

† **Conjūramentum, ti, a** Conjuring, or Conspiracy.

Conjūrātī, ōrum, Conspirators.

Conjūrātīm, adv. by Conspiracy.

Conjūratio, ōnis, f. a Conspiracy, Confederacy.

† **Conjūrātō, adv.** by Conspiracy.

Conjūrātor, ōris, m. a Conspirator.

Conjūrātus, a, um, conspiring together.

Conjūro, are, to conspire together with an Oath of Secrecy, in a good or bad Sense, to engage in mutually. * **Conjurat amice**, agrees lovingly.

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

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Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Conjux, ūgis, c. [a *jugum vel*

Connicto, are [a *conniveo*] to wink often.

† **Connictor, ari**, to flutter with the Wings.

Connidifico, are, } to build a Nest.

Connidulor, ari, }

Connigrefacio, ere, to make black.

† **Connigreo, ere**, to wax black.

† **Connigrico, are**, to make somewhat black.

Connigro, are, to make black.

† **Connisus, ūs, m.** an Essay.

† **Conniteo, ere**, to shine together.

† **Connitido, are**, to make bright.

Connitor, nixus, or -sus, ti, to endeavour earnestly, tug hard, lean upon, bring forth young. * **Conniti in summum jugum**, to get up the Hill by hard Labour.

Connivens, ntis, winking or dissembling. * **Oculi somno conniventes**, heavy with sleep.

Conniventia, z, f. winking, or conniving at.

Conniveo, ivi, and axi, ere, to wink, wink at, dissemble.

† **Connivum, i**, a Rose-bud.

Connixus, a, um [of *connitor*] endeavouring, leaning, or yawning.

† **Conno, are**, to swim together, or in a Shoal.

Connodo, are, to knit together.

† **Connotesco, ere**, to begin to be known.

Connubialis, le, of Wedlock.

† **Connubilare**, to make cloudy or dark.

Connubilis, le, marriageable.

Connubilus, a, um, dark or cloudy.

Connubium, ii, n. Marriage, Wedlock.

† **Connubius, a, um**, of Wedlock.

Connubo, psi, ptum, to marry together.

Connudatus, a, um, made bare, or naked.

Connudo, are, to make bare, or uncover.

Connugarius, ii, m. See *Connugator*.

Connugator, ōris, m. a Trifler.

† **Connugatorius, a, um**, trifling, foolish.

Connugor, ari, to trifle, toy, dally.

† **Connūmeratim, or -tō, by Number.**

Connūmeratio, ōnis, f. a reckoning up.

Connūmerātus, a, um, numbered together.

Connūmero, are, to number together.

† **Connuo, ere**, to nod together.

† **Connuptialis, le**, of Marriage.

† **Connuto, are**, to nod the Head.

† **Connutricatio, ōnis, f.** a Nourishing together.

† **Connutrico, are**, to nourish together.

Connutrio, ire, to nourish together.

† **Connutritus, ii, m.** he that is brought up with another.

Connutritus, a, um, nourished together. * **Connutritus morbus**, an old Distemper.

Conoides, or -odes, g. like a Pest-apple.

Cōnon, a Historian, a famous Mathematician, and a General of the Athenians, who being beaten by Lyfander the Lacedæmonian, willingly banished himself into Persia, where he prevailed with King Artaxerxes to assist his Country in regaining their former Liberty.

Cononientes, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
 Cononis, aræ, a People in Æthiopia, by the Gulf of Arabia.
 Cononium, Chelmsford in Essex.
 Conopas, the Name of a Dwarf of two feet and a hand-breadth, affected by Julia the Grand-daughter of Augustus.
 Conope, a City of Acarnania.
 Conopæus, a Citizen of Conope.
 Conopites, a Canopy, Tent, or Bed-curtain.
 Conopon, or Diabasis, a small Island of Mylia inferior.
 Conops, g. a Gnat.
 Conor, ari, [ἀνορεύω, festino] to endeavour, attempt.
 Conos, a kind of Tree.
 Conovium, Conway and Aber-Conway in Wales.
 † Conplūrinum, a Tabernacle.
 † Conpluvium, as compluvium.
 Conquadrātus, a, um, squared.
 Conquadro, are, to square.
 Conquassatio, ōnis, f. a shaking together, or vexing.
 Conquassatus, a, um, shaken disquieted.
 Conquasso, are, to shake and break in pieces, Waste and Trouble.
 † Conquaterno, are, to set in Squares or Squadrons.
 Conqueror, questus sum, ri, to complain or bewail. * Conqueritur tibi, he makes his moan to you.
 Conquestio, ōnis, f. a complaining.
 Conquestus, ūs, m. a Complaint.
 † Conquiesco, ere, to rest together.
 Conquiesco, ēvi, etum, to rest, acquiesce, take content, cease, be allayed. * Ab armis conquiescere, to be at peace. * Conquiescere in studiis, to delight himself in, &c.
 * Conquiescit sanguis, the Flux is staid.
 Conquinsco, iscere, to nod.
 Conquiro, sivi, itum [of con and quæro] to get, to seek about, search for diligently. * Milites conquirere, to raise Soldiers in every place.
 Conquisitè, adv. exquisitely, choicely, rarely.
 Conquisitio, ōnis, f. a diligent searching or providing. * Militum conquisitio, a pressing of Soldiers.
 Conquisitor, ōris, m. an Officer that presses, keeps Orders in the Theatre, that follows a Hue and Cry.
 Conquisitus, a, um [of conqueror] rare and choice, exquisite and curious, &c.
 Conradinus, the Son of the Emperor Conradus.
 † Conrado, conrepo, conrideo, &c. as Corrado, &c.
 Conradus, an Emperor, the Son of Frederick, poisoned by his Physicians corrupted by Manfredus, who succeeded him in the Empire.
 † Conregio, ōnis, f. a Region [a Term in Augury].
 † Conreus, ei, m. a Fellow-prisoner, an Accessary to a Fact.
 † Conruo, or corruo, ere, to subvert and overthrow.
 † Conruspari, to search diligently.
 Confaburrenses, People of Confabrum, or -burum in Spain.
 † Consāburro, are, to ballast a Ship.
 † Confalaneus, ei, m. he that sits at the same Salt or Mess.

Confālūtatio, ōnis, f. a joint Salutation.
 Confālūtator, ōris, m. a Joint-saluter.
 Confālūto, are, to greet one another.
 Confānesco, ere, to grow whole or well.
 Confanguinālis, le, of the same Blood.
 Confanguineus, ei, m. a Consin-German.
 Confanguineus, a, um, akin by Blood.
 Confanguinitas, ātis, f. Kindred by Blood or Birth.
 † Confanguineo, are, to be of the same Blood.
 Confāno, are, to heal up, or be healed.
 Confarciendus, a, um, to be patched.
 † Confarcinārius, ii, m. he that packs up.
 Confarcinātor, ōris, m. a Patcher or Packer.
 Confarcinatrix, icis, f. a Woman-taylor or Botcher.
 Confarcinātus, a, um, patched or packed.
 Confarcino, are, to pack or bundle up; also to patch or mend.
 Confarcio, ire, to piece or make whole.
 Confarculatio, ōnis, f. a weeding, raking or harrowing.
 Confarculo, are, to rake or weed.
 Confarrio, ire, to weed up, purge.
 Confarritio, ōnis, f. a weeding.
 Confarritor, ōris, m. a Weeder or Raker.
 † Confartor, ōris, m. a Botcher or Taylor.
 † Confartus, a, um [of confarcior] kept safe and sound.
 † Confatellitium, ii, n. a Guard of Men.
 † Consātiātus, a, um, satisfied.
 † Consātivus, a, um, sown or planted together.
 Consātūro, are, to satisfy or fill.
 Confauciatio, ōnis, f. a wounding.
 Confauciatus, a, um, wounded much.
 Confaucio, are, to wound deep.
 Confaucior, ari, to be wounded.
 † Confātūrigo, inis, f. the bubbling up of a Spring.
 † Confātūrio, ire, to spring or bubble up.
 Confclērātè, adv. wickedly.
 Confclērātus, a, um, mischievous, involved in Wickedness.
 Confclēro, are, to defile, defame, involve in Wickedness.
 † Confclērosus, a, um, full of mischief.
 Confclēstus, a, um, wicked, naughty.
 Confendo, di, sum [of con and scando] to climb or go up. * Confendere in navem, to go on Ship-board. * Confendere equum, to take Horse.
 Confensio, ōnis, f. an embarking, mounting.
 † Confcholāris, a School-fellow.
 † Confcia, and -iola, a Maid that is her Mistress's Confident.
 Confciens, ntis [of conscio] guilty or privy to.
 Confcienter, adv. knowingly, wittingly.
 Confscientia, æ, f. Conscience, the Knowledge of or Reflexion upon our own Actions. * Reus conscientia, accused as an Accessary. * Confscientiam habet suæ conditionis, he knows his own Estate well enough. * Assumere aliquem in conscientiam, to make one privy to, to un-bosom one's self to any one.

Conscindo, scidi, scissum. to cut in pieces, slice, slash or carbonado, gird, taunt, quip. * Sibilis conscindere, to hiss one off.
 Conscio, ire, to know in one's self, be privy to. * Nil conscire sibi, to know himself to be clear.
 Consciōlus, a, um, somewhat guilty.
 Consciscendus, a, um, to be gotten.
 Conscisco, ivi, tum, ere, to vote by common consent, ordain, procure, commit, gather. * Consciscere sibi mortem, to kill himself. * Consciscere sibi fugam & exilium, to go into voluntary Banishment.
 † Conscissilis, le, easily cut.
 Conscillio, ōnis, f. a cutting or paring.
 Conscissura, æ, f. a Slash, Gash, Hacking.
 Conscissus, a, um [of conscindor] torn or cut in pieces, hack'd and jagg'd.
 Conscissus, ūs, m. a cutting.
 Conscitus, a, um, [of consciscor] ordained, &c.
 Conscius, a, um [à scio] conscious, privy to, guilty. * Conscius tui, alicui, privy to one's Intentions.
 † Conscobino, are, to shave off, wound.
 Conscortator, ōris, m. a Companion of Whoremongers.
 Conscortor, ari, to go a whoring.
 † Conscōtinus, a Fellow in Darkness.
 Conscribillo, are, to enroll, scrawl, to wheel.
 Conscribo, psi, tum, to write down, or register, to compose. * Milites conscribere, to list Soldiers.
 † Conscriptilis, le, that may be written, joyned in the same Service or Sect.
 Conscriptio, ōnis, f. a recording.
 † Conscriptor, ōris, m. an Enroller.
 † Conscriptorius, a, um, of writing, or registering.
 Conscriptus, a, um [of conscribor] enrolled, mustered. * Conscripti patres, the Senators enrolled.
 Conscrutor, ari, to search all about.
 † Conculpo, ere, to carve or engrave.
 Conculptilis, le, easily carved.
 Conculptor, ōris, m. an Engraver.
 Conculptura, æ, f. a carving.
 Conculptus, a, um [of conculpor] engraven.
 Confeco, ui, ctum, to cut in pieces.
 † Confecrabor, for confecrabo.
 Confecrāneus, a, um, consecrated.
 Confecratio, ōnis, f. a dedicating.
 Confecrator, ōris, m. he that consecrates.
 Confecratus, a, um, consecrated, given.
 Confecro, are [of con and sacro] to consecrate, or dedicate. * Confecrare scriptis, to eternize. * Martis manubias musis confecrare, to find some Time for Exercise of the Pen amidst the Tumults and Noise of War.
 Confecrāneus, a, um, following.
 Confecrarium, ii, n. a Consecration, or Conclusion.
 Confecrarius, a, um, following upon another thing.
 Confecrarius, ii, m. a Follower of any Party.
 Confecratio, ōnis, f. a following, pursu-it, imitating.
 Confecrator, ōris, m. a Follower, Pursuer.

Confectatrix, icis, f. *she that follows.*
 Confectilis, le, *easy to be cut.*
 Confectio, ōnis, f. *a cutting or pruning.*
 † Confectivus, a, um, *often cut.*
 Consector, ari [a consequor] *to follow close, run after, endeavour, know, imitate, affect, recite.* * Confectari benevolentiam largitione, *to seek to get good will by Bribes.*
 * Confectari convitiis, *to rail at.*
 † Confectura, æ, f. *a cutting.*
 Confectus, a, um [of consecor] *cut.*
 Consecutio, ōnis, f. *a following, obtaining, consequence.* * Consecutionem voluptatis affert, *introduces pleasure.*
 † Consecutivè, *consequently.*
 † Consecutivus, a, um, *following by consequence.*
 Consecutus, a, um [of consequor] *following, overtaken, obtained.*
 † Consecutè, *quietly.*
 † Consecutio, ōnis, f. *an appeasing, calming.*
 † Consecutor, ōris, m. *an appeaser, pacifier.*
 Consecutus, a, um, *quieted, calmed.*
 Consedie, or Cosedia, *a Town in the Dukedom of Luxenberg.*
 † Consedo, ōnis, m. *he that sits with another.*
 Conseminalis, le, *of divers Seeds.*
 Consemineus, a, um, *sown with mingled Seeds.* * Silva confeminea, *a Wilderness in a Garden.*
 Consemino, are, *to sow together.*
 Consenesco, ui, ere, *to wax old, grow into dis-repute.* * Sub armis consenescere, *to lead all his life in War.*
 Consensio, ōnis, f. *a consenting, or accord, conspiracy.*
 Consensus, a, um, [of consentior] *consented unto, granted.*
 Consensus, ūs, m. *Consent, Agreement.*
 Consentaneus, a, um, *agreeable, convenient.* * Consentaneum est illis, *'tis according to their Principles.*
 Consentēs, *the Twelve principal Heathen Gods.*
 Consentia, *Sacrifices appointed by the Consent of the Family.*
 Consentia, *the chief City of the Brutii.*
 Consentiens, ntis, *agreeing.* * Consentiens fama, *a current Report.*
 Consentini, *the Townsmen of Consentia.*
 Consentio, si, sum, *to consent, agree with, be convenient.* * Consentire secum, or sibi ipsi, *to be always like himself.* * Consentire in aliquem, *to agree to make such an one Umpire.* * In eum omnes illud consentiunt elogium, *they all gave him this commendation.*
 Consentitur [ab illis] *they are agreed upon, &c.*
 Consēpilio, ire, *to bury together.*
 Consēpio, psi, tum, *to enclose or hedge in.*
 Consēptum, i, a. *an Enclosure, Closet.*
 Consēptus, a, um [of consēpior] *enclosed.*
 † Consequax, cis, *following, or plant.*

Consēquēla, æ, f. *a Conclusion, Sequel.*
 Consēquens, ntis, *following, convenient.* * Consequens est, *as follows.*
 Consēquens, ntis, subst. *a Conclusion.*
 Consēquentèr, adv. *by consequence.*
 Consēquentia, æ, f. *a Consequence or Sequel.*
 † Consequia, *Sequels.*
 † Consēquitor, oris, m. *a Follower.*
 Consēquor, cutus sum, qui, *to follow, overtake, win, purchase, comprehend, express, overcome, imitate.* * Verbis consequi, *to express.* * Memoria, conjecturâ consequi, *to remember, guess.* * Eum morem consequor, *I'll do it just so, I'll imitate or follow it.*
 † Consēquus, a, um, *consequent, consonant.*
 Consēquutus, a, um [ab consequor] *obtained.*
 Consēnat, *it is fair Weather.*
 † Consēnitas, *fair Weather for a long time.*
 Consēno, are, *to be fair.*
 † Consermonor, for Sermonocinor.
 Consēro, ēvi, itum, *to plant, sow or set in Beds, ordain, stir up, spread upon.* * Conferere leges, *to make Laws.*
 Consēro, ui, ertum, *to plat or tye together, intermingle.* * Manum cum hoste conferere, *to fight hand to hand.* * Prælia conferere, *to join Battel.* * Conferere inter se bell. artes, *to discourse together of Stratagems.*
 Conferatus, a, um, *sawed or like a Saw.*
 Conferro, are, *to saw together.*
 Conferre, } adv. *fast, jointly,*
 Conferri n, } *closely, in Links.*
 Confertor, ōris, m. *he that fights hand to hand.*
 Confertus, a, um, [ab conferor] *joined, interlaced, beset.* * Arva conferta gentibus, *Countries inhabited.*
 Conserva, æ, f. *a Fellow Maid-servant.*
 Conservābilis, le, *easily kept.*
 Conservatio, ōnis, f. *a keeping or preserving.*
 Conservator, ōris, m. *a Preserver, Maintainer, Deliverer.*
 Conservatrix, icis, f. *she that preserves.*
 Conservatus, a, um, *preserved, saved.*
 † Conservilis, le, *of Servants.*
 Conservio, ire, *to serve together.*
 Conservitium, ii, n. } *Fellowship in*
 Conservitus, ūtis, f. } *Service.*
 Conservo, are, *to keep, maintain, preserve, deliver, fulfil.*
 Conservula, æ, f. *a fellow Maid-servant.*
 Conservulus, i, m. *a fellow Man-servant.*
 Conservus, i, m. *a Fellow-servant.*
 † Confessibulum, i, n. *a Bench to sit on.*
 Confessilis, le, *sitting together, or which may easily sit together.*
 Confessio, ōnis, f. *a sitting together.*
 Confessor, ōris, m. *he that sits by others.*
 Confessus, ūs, m. *an Assembly seated on Benches, as in a School, Theatre, &c.*

Consideo, ēdi, flum [ab con & se-deo] *to sit by others, take up one's abode or rest, to light upon, sit will be allayed, to quarter or lodge.* * In mediocritate consider, *it's plain and ordinary.* * Consider utriusque nomen in Quæstura, *neither of them got any Honour in the Quæstorship.*
 † Considerālis, le, *of Planets.*
 Considerantia, æ, f. *Wariness, Advice.*
 † Considerantiis, and -atiis, *more considerately.*
 Consideratè, adv. *circumspectly, warily.*
 Consideratio, ōnis, f. *a considering, contemplation, regard.*
 Considerator, ōris, m. *he that considers.*
 Consideratus, a, um, *considered, circumspect, discreet.* * Verbum consideratissimum, *a modest Word spoken after mature Deliberation.*
 Considero, are, *to consider, ponder, regard, view.*
 Consideror, ari, *to be considered, blasted.*
 Considitur, [ab illis] *they rest.*
 Consido, ēdi, flum, *to sit, or sink down, to rest or settle, light, be assuaged.* * Considerare in aliam partem, *to be of another mind.* * Ardor animi confedit, *the passion is over.*
 Consigillāris, re, *of sealing.*
 Consigillatim, adv. *one by one.*
 Consigillatus, a, u, n, *sealed or marked together.*
 Consigillo, are, *to seal together.*
 Consignaculum, li, n. *a marking, or sealing together.*
 Consignantèr, adv. *and -tè, ius, illimè, evidently, notably.*
 Consignatio, ōnis, f. *a sealing up, a hand-writing signed.*
 † Consignatorius, a, um, *of sealing.*
 Consignatura, æ, f. *a sealing together.*
 Consignatus, a, um, *signed, marked, registred.*
 † Consignificanter, *as signifying with another.*
 † Consignificantia, æ, f. *a signifying with others.*
 Consignificatio, ōnis, f. *a signifying by Tokens.*
 Consignificatus, a, um, *signified with others, or by Tokens.*
 Consignifico, are, *to signify with others, or shew by Tokens.*
 Consigno, are, *to seal or mark, add a Condition to a thing already written.* * Consignare literis, *to pen, set down in writing.*
 Consileo, } *to keep silence, be or*
 Consilescō, ere, } *grow still.* * Dum hæc consilescunt turbæ, *till this Bluster be laid.*
 Consilians, ntis, *giving, taking, or asking Counsel.*
 Consiliarius, ii, m. *a Counselor.*
 Consiligo, inis, f. *the Herb Pome-lia, or Setterwort.*
 Consilium, *a Town in Italy near Tarentum.*
 Consilio, are [a consilium] *to treat together, to ask or give counsel.*
 Consilio, ui, and -ivi, ire [of con and salio] *to assault, charge, and fall on.*
 Consiliisus, a, um, *wife, full of wholesome Advice.*
 Consilium,

Consilium, ii, n. [à consulo] Counsel, Advice, Purpose, Intent, Appointment, the Council, Persons assembled in Council. * In consilio habendum est, it is to be thought upon. * Consilium habere, or inire, to enter into Consultation. * Contemnere consilium suum, to dislike his design. * Consilium est, I intend.

Consimilis, le, very like.

† **Consimilitas**, ātis, f. likeness.

Consimiliter, adv. Just so.

Consimilitudo, inis, f. great resemblance.

† **Consimulāmen**, inis, n. a resembling together.

Consimulātē, adv. with resemblance.

Consimulatio, ōnis, f. a mutual resemblance.

Consimulātus, a, um. Resembled, Counterfeit.

† **Consino**, ere, to permit.

Consipio, ere, [à sapio] to savour or be wise with others.

† **Consipium**, for consēptum.

Consistens, ntis, Durable. * Vinum consistens, that bears its age well.

Consistentia, æ, f. a thickning.

Consisto, ititi, itum, to stop and stay, to consist, sojourn, last, depend upon.

* **Clavis consistit in anchoris**, the Fleet rides at Anchor. * **Fluvii consistunt frigore**, the Rivers are frozen up. * **Mente consistere**, to be in one's right wits. * **Legatum consistit**, the Legacy is good in law. * **Paulisper agmen consistit**, they made a halt. * **Ita consiite**, stand. * **Fides consistit utrinque**, they both kept their words. * **Consistere cum aliquo in iudicio**, to go to Law with one.

Consistorianus, a, um, of the Consistory, Convocation or Parliament.

Consistorium, ii, n. a Consistory, Council or Council-house.

Consitio, ōnis, f. [à consero] a Planting or Setting.

† **Consitivus ager**, a Field good for Vines.

Consitor, ōris, m. a Setter, Planter, Grafter.

Consitūra, æ, f. a Setting, Planting.

Consitus, a, um, [of conseror,] Set, Planted, Moved.

Consobrina, æ, f. a Sister's daughter.

Consobrinus, i, m. a Sister's Son, Cousin-german by the Mother.

Consocer, ēri, m. One of those two whose Son and Daughter is married together.

Consociālis, le, of Allies or Fellows.

† **Consociālitās**, ātis, f. Fellowship, Confederacy.

† **Consociāliter**, like Fellows.

Consociatio, ōnis, f. an associating or joining together.

Consociatrix, icis, f. She that joins in fellowship.

Consocio, are, to Associate or join together.

Consociātus, a, um, Associated.

Consolābilis, le, that may be Comforted, or comforting.

† **Consolābundus**, a, um, Comforting.

† **Consolāmen**, inis, n. Comfort.

Consolans, ntis, Comforting or Comfortable.

Consolatio, ōnis, f. Comfort.

Consolāriolum, i, n. Small Comfort.

Consolator, ōris, m. a Comforter.

Consolatorius, a, um, Comforting.

Consolida, æ, f. [à consolido] the herb Comfrey. * **Consolida rega-**

lis, Wild Cummin. * **Consolida media**, bugle.

Consolidatio, ōnis, f. the joining of Possession or Profit with the Property, strengthening.

Consolidātus, a, um, Confirmed, made sure.

† **Consoliditas**, ātis, Soundness.

Consolido, are, to solder together, or make sound.

Consolor, ari, to Comfort, Encourage, Mitigate.

Consonniatio, ōnis, f. a dreaming together.

† **Consonniator**, ōris, m. a fellow dreamer.

Consonnio, are, to dream together.

Consōna, æ, [sc. litera] a Consonant.

Consōnans, ntis, Sounding, Consonant, Agreeable. * **Consonantes literæ**, the letters joined with vowels in their sound. * **Consonantior**, making a greater sound, more agreeable.

Consōnans, ntis, f. a Consonant.

Consōnantia, æ, f. Harmony, Agreeing of Voices.

Consōnē, adv. with one Accord and Voice.

† **Consōnito**, are, to sound together.

Consōno, ui, are, to sound together, Echo, Agree. * **Consonat sibi**, he is still the same Man.

Consōnus, a, um, Agreeing in sound, Convenient.

Consopio, ire, to Cast into a Sleep.

Consopitus, a, um, laid asleep.

Conforanni, a People of Aquitaine.

† **Conforbilis**, le, to be supped together.

† **Conforbillo**, are, to sup often.

† **Conforbio**, is, I sup with another.

Confors, tis, c. a Co-partner, or sharer. * **Confors consilii publici**, a Common Council-man. * **Confors generis**, a Kinsman. * **Confors culpæ**, an Accessory. * **Confors thalami**, a Bed-fellow. * **Confors casus**, the like issue. * **Confortes**, they whose Lands bound together.

Confortio, ōnis, f. Fellowship.

† **Confortior**, iri, to draw Lots.

Confortitio, ōnis, f. a casting of Lots.

Confortitē, adv. by Lot.

† **Confortitor**, ōris, m. he that draws Lots.

Confortium, ii, n. a Partnership, Acquaintance, the marrying with a Bond-woman.

† **Conspēctābilis**, le, to be seen.

† **Conspēctāmen**, inis, n. a sight.

† **Conspēctatio**, ōnis, f. a Beholding together.

† **Conspēctator**, ōris, m. a Spy or Observer.

† **Conspēctatrix**, cis, f. She that pries into every thing.

Conspēctio, ōnis, f. a sight or beholding.

Conspēcto, are, to behold or spie out.

Conspēctus, a, um, [of conspicio] Beheld, Gazed upon, Illustrious. * **Ne in ipsa urbe mors conspēctor foret**, lest in the City his death should be more remarkable.

Conspēctus, us, m. open sight, an Aspect of Stars. * **In conspēctum admittere**, to suffer one to come in to his presence.

† **Conspēculārius**, ii, m. a Watchman.

† **Conspērgo**, inis, f. a Water-sprinkle.

Conspērgo, si, sum, [of con and

spargo] to sprinkle, scatter or strew all about.

Conspersim, adv. scatteringly.

Conspersio, ōnis, f. a sprinkling about.

Conspersus, a, um, [of conspergor] sprinkled, &c.

† **Conspicābilis**, le, evident, eminent.

† **Conspicābundus**, a, um, very beautiful.

Conspicārus, a, um, seeing or seen.

Conspicax, ācis, clear, evident.

Conspiciendus, a, um, worthy to be regarded or esteemed.

Conspicilium, ii, n. a Perspective-glass, Spectacle, or Loop hole, a Lattice-window.

Conspicillo, ōnis, m. a Spy or Watchman.

Conspicillum, i, n. see Conspicilium.

Conspicio, exi, ctum, [ab ant. specio] to look upon, consider.

Conspicior, ci, to be beheld or had in regard. * **Animi bonis conspici**, to be eminent for his good parts.

Conspicor, ari, to behold, meet with.

Conspiciuus, a, um, [à conspicio] Remarkable, Apparent, Eminent; also quick-sighted. * **Conspiciuus magnitudine**, Esteemed for its greatness.

Conspirans, ntis, Agreeing.

Conspiratio, ōnis, f. a Conspiracy.

Conspirātus, adv. more fervently.

Conspirator, ōris, m. a Conspirator.

Conspirātus, a, um, Conspiring, Banded together. * **Conspiratum est**, they plotted his Destruction.

Conspiratus, us, m. a Knot, League, Conspiracy.

Conspiro, are, [à spiro] to Conspire, blow together, Associate, and enter into League.

Conspiro, are, [à spira] to wind about like a Snake.

Conspissatus, a, um, thickened.

Conspisso, are, to make thick.

† **Conspolium**, a kind of Cake for Sacrifice.

Conspondeo, di, nsum, to promise one another.

Consponsor, ōris, m. a joint-security.

Conspensus, a, um, mutually agreed upon. * **Conspensi**, bound in league to one another.

Conspumātus, a, um, covered with froth.

Conspūmo, are, to froth up.

Conspuo, ui, utum, to spit upon.

Conspurcatio, ōnis, f. a Defiling.

Conspurcātus, a, um, Polluted.

Conspurco, are, to defile, bewray.

† **Conspūtator**, ōris, m. a spitter upon.

Conspūto, are, to bespawl or spit upon, to misuse.

Constābilio, ire, to make firm, strong or steady.

Constābilis, le, sure, firm.

Constābilitas, ātis, f. stability, firmness.

Constābilitus, a, um, assured, out of danger.

Constābulārius, ii, m. an Hostler, Constable.

Constābulatio, ōnis, f. a Stabling, or Housing of Beasts.

Constābulo, are, to set up in a Stable, or keep at Livery.

Con-

† **Constābūlus**, li, m. a Constable.
Constagno, are, to stand still as Water in a Pond.
Constans, ntis, constant, steadfast, resolute.
Constans, the Brother of Constantinus, and Constantius, and others.
Constantēr, ius, iusmē, adv. constantly, steadfastly, like it self.
Constantia, æ, f. Constancy, Resolution, Steadfastness, Gravity.
Constantia, a City of Cyprus, Germany, and other Places, and the Name of a Woman.
Constantiensis, e, of Constance.
Constantina, the Metropolis of Numidia.
Constantinopolis, the City Byzantium, Nova Roma, or Stamboli, as the Turks now call it, the Seat of the Grand Seignior, upon the Borders of Thrace.
Constantinopolitanus, a, um, of Constantinople.
Constantinus, the Name of several Men.
Constantinus magnus, the Son of Constantius and Helena, the first Christian Emperor, who removed his Seat to Byzantium.
Constantior, issimus, more and most constant, &c.
Constantius, a Roman Emperor, and other Men.
Constat, imp. it is certain, manifest, beyond Controversy.
Constātūrus, a, um, which will cost.
Constellatio, ōnis, f. } a Constellation.
Constellatura, æ, } on, or Company of Stars.
Constellātus, a, um, adorned with Stars. * **Constellati balthei**, Belts studded with Gold like Stars.
† **Consterilis**, le, barren with others.
Consternatio, ōnis, f. Astonishment, Affrightment, Sedition.
Consternātus, a, um, astonished, desperate.
† **Consternium**, ii, n. the Place where they laid their Clothes, while they bathed.
Consterno, ravi, are, to affright, discourage. * **Ad arma consternatum est**, they rose up in Arms.
Consterno, stravi, ātum, ere, to strew, pave, cover.
† **Constimulātor**, ōris, m. he that pricks forward.
† **Constimulatrix**, icis, f. she that moves or stirs up.
Constimulatus, a, um, moved, incensed.
Constimulo, are, to move, urge, incite.
Constipatio, ōnis, f. a Company thrust close together; also a Guarding.
Constipātor, ōris, m. he that stops Places, or thrusts together.
Constipātus, a, um, guarded or thrust together.
Constipo, are, to crowd or stuff in; also to compass about.
† **Constirpo**, are, to plant one by another.
Constituendus, a, um, to be appointed, &c.
Constituo, ui, ūtum [of con and statuo] to set, appoint, or pitch upon by Agreement, Design, prefix, put. * **Constituere pecuniam**, to promise Payment at a certain Day.
* **Constituere disceptationem**, or

controversiam, to agree on both sides upon a Point (in pleading).
* **Amicitiam constituere**, to enter Friendship. * **Constituere in**, or **cum re præsenti**, to decide a Business upon the very Place in Debate.
* **Constituere actionem**, or **iudicium** (of the Roman Pretor) to order the Process in Law. * **Constituere quæstionem**, to cause Information to be brought in, and the Criminal to be arraigned. * **Constituere vadimonium**, to summon one to appear.
Constituta, orum, n. Statutes, Decrees.
Constitutio, ōnis, f. an Ordinance; also the Completion, the Compass of a Song.
Constitutūcūla, æ, f. a needless Ordinance, a silly Ceremony.
Constitutō, adv. by Appointment.
Constitutor, ōris, m. an Ordainer.
Constitutorius, a, um, of Appointment.
Constitutum, i, n. a Purpose, Appointment. * **Constitutum cum aliquo habere**, to have a Day of Hearing set down between him and another.
† **Constitutus**, ūs, m. a Multitude standing together.
Constitutus, a, um [of constituor] ordained, appointed, arrested, complexioned, &c. * **Bene constitutus de rebus domesticis**, well to pass, in a good Condition.
Conto, iti, ātum, and -itum, are, to continue, consist of, cost, stand in, think, agree, depend upon, sojourn, perform by. * **Contare sibi**, to hold to one's Principles. * **Rationem constare oportet**, he must have a good Reason for it. * **Contare mente**, vel **animo**, to be found in Mind. * **Constat reverentia magistratibus**, Reverence is due to Men in Office. * **Non constat ei nec color nec vultus**, his Countenance comes and goes.
Constrātor, ōris, m. he that allays or makes calm.
Constrātus, a, um [of consternor] strewed, paved, covered. * **Constrata navis**, having a Deck; also beaten with a Tempest. * **Constrata pontium**, the Arches of a Bridge.
Constrepo, ui, itum, to make a Noise together.
Constrictē, and -tum, adv. freightly, shortly, briefly.
Constrictio, ōnis, f. a binding fast.
† **Constrictō**, are, to tie together.
Constrictus, a, um [of constringor] bound, strained, &c.
Constringendus, a, um, to be bound. * **Constringendum se libidinibus tradere**, to yield himself a Slave to his Lusts.
Constringo, xi, ctum, to tie hard, bind up freight, compel, restrain.
Constructilis, le, fit for building, easily built.
Constructio, ōnis, f. a Building up, Construction, or Order of Speech.
Constructor, ōris, m. a Builder.
Constructura, æ, f. a Building or Framing.
Constructus, a, um [of construor] built, framed, cast up, furnished. * **Dentes in ore constructi**, the Teeth commodiously rang'd in the Mouth.

Construo, uxi, ctum, to build up, construe, compose, heap together, dress, contrive, confirm.
Constupēfactus, a, um, astonished.
Constupēfācio, ere, to astonish.
† **Constupēfio**, ieri, to be amazed.
† **Constupēo**, ere, to be in Amaze-ment.
Consuprātor, ōris, m. a Russian, Adulterer.
Consuprātus, a, um, deflowred, corrupted.
Consupro, are, to ravish or deflower.
† **Consuprofus**, a, um, whorish, corrupt.
Consuadeo, si, sum, to persuade together or earnestly.
Consualia, orum; Plays in honour of the God **Consus**, upon the eighteenth day of August.
Consuantes, a People among the Alps.
Consurani, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
† **Consuasibilitēr**, persuasively.
† **Consuasio**, ōnis, f. a Persuasion.
Consuasor, ōris, m. a Joint Persuader.
Consuaviatio, ōnis, f. a Kissing or Embracing.
Consuaviātor, ōris, m. a sweet Kisser.
Consuavio, are, } to kiss or salute.
Consuavior, ari, }
† **Consuvido**, ere, the same as **Consido**.
† **Consubstantia**, æ, f. Consubstance.
Consubstantialis, le, of the same Substance.
Consudasco, ere, to break forth into a Sweat all over.
† **Consudator**, ōris, m. he that sweats all over.
Consudo, are, to sweat all over.
Consuefacio, eci, actum, to inure, accustom, or use one to do.
† **Consueo**, ere, to be wont.
Consuesco, ēvi, ētum, to be wont, or accustom one's self, get a Habit. * **Consuescere alicui**, to be much in one's Company. * **Consuescere cum muliere**, to have to do with. * **Magis humo quam stagno consueverunt**, they are more used to Land than Water. * **Consuecamus mori**, let us practise dying. * **Consuescere juvenum aratro**, to accustom the Steer to the Plough.
† **Consuetē**, and -tūm, adv. usually.
Consuetio, ōnis, f. an Accustoming.
Consuetissimus, a, um, used very often.
Consuetudo, inis, f. Custom, Usage, Fashion; also Intimacy and Familiarity. * **Consuetudo morbi**, the Fit of a Distemper coming as a set time. * **In consuetudinem alicujus se insinuare**, to slide into one's Acquaintance.
Consuetus, a, um [of consuesco] accustomed, wonted, usual.
Consugillo, are, to slander, defame.
Confugo, ere, to suck together.
Consul, ūlis, m. [a consulo] a Consul, whereof two were chosen yearly among the Romans, to govern (after the Kings were deposed) the Space of a Year. * **Te consule**, in your Consulship.

Consulāris, re, belonging to the Consul. * **Candidatus Consulāris**, he that stands for Consulship. * **Vir Consulāris**, he that has been Consul. * **Ætas Consulāris**, the Age of 55 Years.

Consulāris, is, m. the President of a Province; also the Emperor's Lieutenant commanding the Army.

Consulārīter, adv. like one that has been Consul.

† **Consulārius**, a, um, of a Consul.

† **Consulārius**, ii, m. a Conplotter.

Consulātus, ūs, m. the Consulship.

Consulens, ntis, counselling.

Consulitur, imp. Advice is given.

Consulo [ex con & sileo vel falio] ui, ulum (with an Accusative) to ask counsel or consult: (with a Dative) to give counsel or provide for. * **Neque id te consulo**, I don't ask your Advice in it. * **Pessimè istuc in te consulis**, you take a very bad course. * **Vitæ durius consulere**, to entertain Thoughts of Despair. * **Æqui bonique consulo**, I take it in good part. * **Consulere tempori**, to temporize.

Consulor, li, to be consulted. * **Nihil consulitur Senatus**, they never ask the Senate.

Consultatio, ōnis, f. a consulting.

* **Nulla tibi hic jam consultatio est**, here's no Time for you to consult.

Consulte, adv. advisedly.

Consultissime, adv. very prudently.

Consultissimus, a, um, having good skill.

Consultius, adv. with better Advice.

Consulto, are, [à consulo] to give or ask Counsel. * **Consultare alicui**, to bestow something upon any one.

Consulto, adv. advisedly, deliberately, of set purpose.

Consultor, ari, to be consulted.

Consultor, ōris, m. a Client who goes to council; also the Counciller.

† **Consultorius**, a, um, of asking Counsel. * **Holīa consultoria**, a Bullock sacrific'd, by whose Inwards the Soothsayers divin'd.

Consultrix, icis, f. she that fore-casts, that gives or takes Counsel.

Consultum, i, n. a Decree of the Council. * **Consulto opus est**, we must take Advice.

† **Consultum est**, I can tell.

Consultus, a, um, [of consulor] consulted, enquired at, skilful, wise, gathered together. * **Jurisconsultus**, a Counciller at Law. * **Consultā operā**, advisedly.

Consultus, ūs, m. [à saltus] a leaping together.

Consummābilis, le, to be perfected.

* **Consummabile ævum**, Middle-age.

Consummātē, adv. absolutely, fully.

Consummatio, ōnis, f. a completing the total Sum; also an Accomplishment.

Consummātus, a, um, completed, perfected; also consumed. * **Consummati gladiatores**, freed from further Service. * **Consummatissimus juvenis**, a most accomplished young Man.

Consummo, are, to complete, finish, sum up, consummate.

Consumo, psi, prum, to consume, spend, waste, finish. * **Consumere otium**, tempus, to spend

Time. * **Consumere verba**, to use Words.

Consumor, i, to be spent, bestowed, &c.

† **Consumptibilis**, le, which may be wasted or consumed.

Consumptio, ōnis, f. a wasting, spending; also the Consumption.

Consumptor, ōris, m. a Consumer, Spender.

† **Consumptuārius**, ii, m. a Spendthrift.

† **Consumptuose**, adv. riotously.

Consumptus, a, um [of consumor] consumed, withered away, dead.

Consuo, ui, ūtum, to sew together.

* **Consuere dolos**, to play the Knave.

Consurgitur [ab illis] they rise up in token of reverence.

Consurgo, rexi, rectum, to rise together, grow up. * **Consurgere in iras**, to be wroth. * **Consurgere ad bellum**, to be up in arms.

Consurrectio, ōnis, f. a rising together.

Consus, the God of Councils.

† **Consutārius**, ii, m. a crafty Conplotter.

† **Consutēla**, æ, f. a crafty Device.

Consutilis, le, sewed together.

Consutum, i, n. a Seam.

Consutura, æ, f. a sewing together.

Consutus, a, um [of consutor] sewed together, forged.

† **Consydero**, are, as confidēro, &c.

Consygne, the Wife of Nicomedes, King of Bithynia, who as she was wantonly playing with her Husband, was torn in pieces by Dogs.

Contābesco, ere, to pine or waste away.

† **Contābularis**, re, boarded, fit for boards.

Contābulārium, ii, n. a boarded Place or Floor.

Contābulatio, ōnis, f. a boarding or planking, a floor, or mainscotting.

Contābulo, are, to board or plank, to joyn planks together, to cover a place.

† **Contacium**, ii, a Writing-book.

Contactus, a, um, [of contingor] touched, stained, infected. * **Contactus religione** dies, a Day religiously observed, kept solemnly.

Contactus, ūs, m. a touch.

Contadesdus, a River of Thrace.

Contāges, is, f. } a catching Con-

Contāgio, ōnis, f. } tagion, Infecti-

Contāgium, ii, n. } on. * **Contāgio belli**, the raging or spreading of a War.

Contagiosus, a, um, contagious, infectious.

† **Contāmen**, inis, a defiling.

Contāminatio, ōnis, f. a defiling.

Contāminator, ōris, m. a Defiler.

Contāminātus, ior, ilimus, defiled, corrupted.

Contāmino, are, to defile, mar by mixing, violate. * **Contaminare fabulam**, to patch up one Play out of several, to translate such an Act out of one, and borrow a Scene or two out of another.

† **Contans**, and **contatio**, for cunctans, and cunctatio.

† **Contardo**, are, to be slow or lag.

† **Contarium**, ii, n. a Spear.

† **Contātē**, slowly. * **Contatiās credere**, to be hard of Belief.

† **Contati**, orum, Pike-men or Lanciers.

Contatio, ōnis, f. [à contor] a beating down the Price.

Contechnor, ari [à techna] to invent, devise some Trick or Wile.

Contectus, a, um, [of contegor] covered.

Contēgo, xi, ctum, to cover close, or all over.

† **Contēgularis**, re, tyled.

† **Contēgūlatio**, ōnis, f. a tyling.

† **Contēgulator**, oris, m. a Tyler.

† **Contēgulo**, are, to tyle.

† **Contēmētor**, ōris, m. a Violator.

Contēmētatus, a, um, defiled.

Contēmēro, are, to violate, pollute, profane.

Contemnendus, a, um, to be despised.

† **Conteminentē**, adv. contemptuously.

† **Contemnificus**, a, um, despising.

† **Contemnificium**, ii, n. a despising.

Contemno, psi, tum, to despise, set at nought.

Contempērans, -ntis, tempering, mingling.

† **Contempēratio**, ōnis, f. a mingling.

† **Contempērativus**, a, um, tempering.

† **Contempēratus**, a, um, mingled together.

Contempēro, are, to mingle.

Contemplābilis, le, in open sight, eminent, expert.

† **Contemplābiliter**, evidently, remarkably.

† **Contemplatio**, ōnis, f. Contemplation, a steadfast beholding. * **Tui contemplatione**, in regard of you.

Contemplativus, a, um, of or given to Meditation, speculative.

Contemplator, oris, m. a gazer upon.

Contemplatrix, icis, f. she that meditates or beholds.

Contemplatus, ūs, m. a contemplating.

Contemplor, ari [à templum] to behold earnestly, meditate, look round or wisely on a thing.

Contemporāneus, a, um, living

Contemporarius, } both at the same time.

† **Contempōro**, are, to live at the same time.

Contemptim, adv. scornfully, disdainfully. * **Contemptim audire**, to hearken carelessly and heedlessly.

Contemptibilis, le, despicable.

† **Contemptibilitas**, atis, Contemptibleness.

Contemptio, ōnis, f. Contempt. Despising.

Contemptor, ōris, m. a Despiser.

† **Contempto**, and -or, ari, to slight.

Contemprix, icis, f. a scornful Dame.

Contemptuosus, a, um, contemptuous.

Contemptus, a, um [of contemnor] despised, vile, abject. * **Homo contemptissimus**, a very despicable Fellow.

Contemptus, ūs, m. Contempt.

* **Contemptui esse**, to be scorned.

* **Contemptui habere**, to scorn.

* **Contemptibus exire**, to come into request again.

Contendo, di, sum and tum, to contend, strain at, or perform a thing with.

with utmost force, go toward a place; bend, tie fast, desire earnestly, compare. * *Contendere iter, or itinere, to march hastily.* * *Contendere ab aliquo, or aliquid ab aliquo, to be importunate with.* * *Arcum contendere, to bend a Bow hard.* * *Ut contendit Asclepiades, as Asclepiades holds or affirms.* * *Contendere omnia, to question every thing.* * *Contendere inter se verbis, to dispute or hold an Argument with.* * *Contendere rem, Cicer. Rem cum alia, Apul. Rem alteri, Aufon. to compare together, to set one against another.*
† *Contenebrat, it grows dark.*
† *Contenebresco, escere, to grow dark.*
† *Contenebrosus, a, um, dark or dusk.*
† *Contensus, a, um, very swift.*
Contente, } ius, illime, earnestly,
Contentim, } freightly, with all
one's strength * *Illum mater contente habet, keeps him short.*
Contentio, onis, f. contention, straining; also a diligent comparing, strife, brawling, controversy. * *Contentionem animi adhibere, to muster up all the Forces of one's mind, to employ all one's Faculties about.* * *Venire in contentionem de accusando, to be very earnest to accuse or attain one.*
† *Contentiose, earnestly, stubbornly.*
Contentiosus, a, um, contentious, quarrelsome, vehement.
Contentus, a, um [of contineor] contained; also contented.
Contentus, a, um, [of contendor] stretched, strained. * *Contentis oculis prosequi, to look wistly, or stare upon.*
† *Conterebro, are, to bore thorow.*
† *Conterminalis, le, near the Bound.*
Conterminatio, onis, f. a bordering upon.
Conterminatus, a, um, bordered upon.
Contermino, are, to border upon, or lie near.
Conterminus, a, um, bordering upon, near.
Conternatio, onis, f. a dividing by three.
Conternatus, a, um, divided by threes.
† *Conterno, are, [à ternus] to divide by threes.*
† *Contero, rivi, ritum, to traise small, to spend, grind, weary.* * *Conterre injurias oblivione, utterly to forget an Injury.* * *Conterere aliquem oratione, to worry one with Impertinence.*
† *Contraneus, a, um, of the same Land or Country.*
† *Conterreo, ui, itum, to affright.*
† *Contrito, are, to put one into a fright.*
† *Contritus, a, um [of conterreor] frightened.*
† *Contestatio, onis, f. [à tessera] a League between Strangers.*
† *Contestatus, a, um, bound in League.*
† *Contestanea, a Country of Spain, in which New Carthage is situated.*
† *Contestatio, onis, f. a calling to witness.*

Contestatio, adv. before Witness.
† *Contestatus, a, um, witnessed.*
† *Lis contestata, an Action wherein the Plaintiff has put in his Declaration, and the Defendant his Answer.*
† *Contestificatio, onis, f. a bearing witness.*
† *Contestificor, ari, to bear witness.*
† *Contestor, ari, to invoke or call to witness, to make protestation of.*
† *Contexo, ui, xtum, to weave, twist, or join together, compose, devise.*
† *Contexere interrupta, to hedge up gaps.* * *Contexere crimen, to frame something wherewith to accuse one.*
† *Contexte, adv. closely, as woven together.*
† *Contextim, adv. interweave ly.*
† *Contextura, æ, f. a composition or making fit.*
† *Contextio, onis, f. } a weaving together,*
† *Contextus, us, m. } ther, a braiding or twisting.* * *Contextus rerum or sermonis, the order or connexion of* * *Uno contextu, following one after another.*
† *Contextus, a, um [of c intexor] woven together, interlac'd.*
† *Conticeo, } ere [a taceo] to be still*
† *Conticesco, } or silent, cease.* * *Literæ conticuerunt forenses, pleading was quite laid aside.* * *Nulla ætas de tuis laudibus conticescet, the Ages to come will sing forth your Praises.*
† *Conticinium, ii, n. the dead time of the Night when all are hush.*
† *Conticisco, for conticesco.*
† *Contificium, ii, n. [à contus & conficio] a killing of Beasts with Darts.*
† *Contignatio, onis, f. the Timber-work and Frame of a Building.*
† *Contigno, are, to frame the Timber-work.*
† *Contignum, i, n. a piece of Beef of seven Ribs.*
† *Contigo, for contingo.*
† *Contiguus, a, um [à contingo] touching, adjoining, very near.*
† *Contilus, i, m. a kind of Bird, or Serpent.*
† *Continctus, a, um [of contingor] ayed.*
† *Continellum, i, n. sweating.*
† *Continens, -tis, adjoining, of one piece; also chaste and temperate.* * *Continens imperium, an uninterrupted Empire.* * *Continens biduum, two Days together.* * *Continens, the point that determines a matter.*
† *Continens, -ntis, f. the Continent or main Land.*
† *Continenter, adv. continually, without interruption, temperately.*
† *Continentia, æ, f. Chastity, Temperance, bordering upon.* * *Continentia urbis, the Suburbs of the City.*
† *Contineo, i, entum [of con & teneo] to contain or hold, to keep within bounds, forbear, refrain.* * *Continere se, to be quiet.* * *Vix me contineo quin, I can hardly forbear.* * *Continere alvo, to be with Child.*
† *Contineor, eri, to be contain'd*
† *Contingens, utis, contingent, happening.*
† *Contingit, imp. it happeneth.*

† *Contingerunt, for contigerunt.*
† *Contingo, igi, ctum [of con & tango] to touch, come unto, happen, or fall out, anoint, or powder, stain, dye.* * *Contingere regiam pro-pinquitate, to be of the Blood royal.* * *Crimine contingi, to have a hand in a Villany.* * *Contingere sale, to powder, season with salt.*
† *Continuatè, adv. continually, incessantly.*
† *Continuatio, onis, f. a continuing or holding n without ceasing.*
† *Continuatus, a, um, continual.*
† *Continuè, adv. continually.*
† *Continuitas, atis, f. a being all of a piece.*
† *Continuò, adv. forthwith, presently.* * *Non continuò, not therefore.*
† *Continuo, are [à continuus] to continue, hold on from one to another.* * *Continuat dapes, he sets the Dishes in order.* * *Continuat mortem, or ultimum somnum, he kills him in his sleep.* * *Continuare domos moenibus, to make a continual Row of Houses.*
† *Continuor, ari, to accompany, to be joined, or to touch one another.*
† *Continua, an Island bordering upon Spain.*
† *Continuus, a, um [à contineo] continual, incessant, touching one another.* * *Triduum continuum, three days together.*
† *Contiquia, æ, f. the gathering of Showers.*
† *Contogati, they that are of the same Office.*
† *Contoleranter, patiently.*
† *Contolero, are, to suffer patiently.*
† *Contollo, ere, to lift up together.* * *Contollam gradum, I will put on faster.*
† *Contophori, orum, Lanciers, g.*
† *Contor, ari, [à contus] to sound the depth, search diligently after.*
† *Contorpesco, ere, to be amazed.*
† *Contorquatus, a, um, wearing a Chain or Collar.*
† *Contorquendus, a, um, to be wrested.*
† *Contorqueo, si, tum, and sum, to wind round, wrest, cast or sling, make intricate.* * *Contorquere aliquem ad tristitiam, to make one sad.* * *Contorquere verba, to give 'em another meaning.*
† *Contorrefacio, ere, to broil.*
† *Contorreo, ere, to broil, scorch, burn.*
† *Contorridus, a, um, parched.*
† *Contorsio, onis, f. a wrestling or wreathing.* * *Contorsiones orationis, the Windings and Turnings of an Oration, the Reaches of a Discourse.*
† *Contortè, adv. indirectly, intricately, by long windings.*
† *Conto tibilis, le, capable of being wrested.*
† *Contortilis, le, wrung out.*
† *Contortiloquium, ii, n. crooked or intricate Discourse.*
† *Contortio, onis, f. a screwing or turning round.*
† *Contortor, oris, m. a Wrestler or Wracker.* * *Contortor legum, he that perverts the Meaning and Intent of the Laws.*
† *Contortulus, a, um, turned round in fine small Rings.*
† *Contortuosus, a, um, winding many ways.*
† *Contor-*

† Contortuplicātor, oris, m. *he that folds in crooked Lines.*
 Contortuplicātus, a, um, *folded intricately, obscurely, harsh.*
 Contortuplico, are, *to roll up in a spiral Line.*
 Contortus, a, um [of contorqueor] *wrested, twisted, curled, obscure, hurled with violence.*
 Contosolia, a *City of Spain.*
 Contra, prap. [ἀντί, vel à con] *against, over-against, toward.* * Contra aurum vaneunt, *they are worth their weight in Gold.*
 CONTRA, adv. *contrariwise, in like sort, over-against, again.* * Quod contrā est, *which is contrary.* * Stat contrā, *he stands right against.* * Nostri contrā ingruunt, *ours on the contrary side charge and fall on.* * Contrā ac, *contrā quam, contrā atque, other-wise than.*
 Contractio, ōnis, f. *a shortning, shrinking, or shriveling up.* * Contractio animi, *Distress, Anguish.*
 Contractiuncula, æ, f. *a little shortning or grief.*
 † Contracto, are, *to handle or treat of.*
 Contractorium, ii, n. *a String or Cord.*
 Contractura, æ, f. *the lessening of Pillars about the top.*
 Contractus, a, um, [of contrahor] *drawn or gathered together, short, narrow, streightned, wrinkled.* * Contractæ res, *Bargain.* * Contracta paupertas, *pinching Poverty.*
 † Contractus, ūs, m. *a Contract or Bargain.*
 † Contrādēcorum, a, um, *disshonest.*
 Contradico, xi, ctum, *to contradict or gainsay.*
 Contradictio, ōnis, f. *a Contradiction.*
 † Contradictiuncula, æ, f. *a small Contradiction.*
 Contradictor, ōris, m. *a Gainsayer.*
 Contradictum, i, n. *a thing spoken against one.*
 † Contrado, ere, *to deliver up.*
 † Contrādico, ere, *to lead against.*
 Contraeo, ire, *to go against.*
 Contrāho, xi, ctum, *to draw together, gain, enter into, purchase, bargain with, get, abridge.* * Æs alienum contrahere, *to run himself into Debt.* * Contrahere frontem, *to frown.* * Vela contrahere, *to furl the Sails.* * Ventrem contrahere, *to make costive.* * Res contrahere, *to bargain for Commodities.* * Lac contrahere, *to curdle the Milk.* * Hoc sibi contrahit, *he may thank himself.* * Contrahere animum, *to make sad.* * Contrahere inimicitiam, *to get ill-will.*
 Contraliceor, eri, *to cheapen or bid against another.*
 Contrāpōsitus, a, um, *set against.*
 † Contrapunctus, ūs, m. *or -tum, ii, n. counter-point.*
 Contrariē, adv. *contrariwise.*
 Contrarietas, ātis, f. *contrariety.*
 Contrarius, a, um, [à contra] *contrary, over-against.* * E contrariō, *on the contrary.* * In contrarias partes de omni re disputare, *to dispute upon all things Pro and Con.*

Contrārior, ari, *to oppose or be repugnant.*
 Contraſcriptum, i, n. *a Writing which is against one.*
 † Contraſto, are, *to withstand.*
 Contravēnio, ire, *to oppose, to come before, to meet, to happen.* * Si de literis corruptis contravenit, *if he accuse him of falsifying the Letters.*
 † Contraversum, *contrariwise.*
 † Conrectābilit̄er, *sensibly, palpably.*
 Conrectatio, ōnis, f. *a handling.*
 Conrectātus, a, um, *handled often.*
 Conrecto, are [of tracto] *to handle often, to speak of.* * Oculis conrectare, *to have a full sight of.* * Conrectare mente varios voluptates, *to enjoy divers Pleasures inwardly and within himself.*
 † Contrēmēbundus, a, um, *quaking for Fear.*
 Contrēmēfācio, ere, *to affright.*
 Contrēmisco, ere, *to quiver.* * Contrēmiscere injurias, *to be afraid of Injuries.*
 Contrēmo, ui, ere, *to shake or waver, to be amazed.* * Cujus virtus nunquam contremuit, *whose Courage never abated, faltered or shrunk from.*
 † Contrēpidanter, *tremblingly.*
 † Contrēpidē, *fearfully.*
 † Contriblātus, a, um, *broken, bruised.*
 Contribūlis, le, *of the same Tribe.*
 Contribuo, ui, utum, *to contribute, give, account, divide.* * Contribuere se alicui, *to be at one's command, to join in a League with.* * In eam oram contribuuntur, *are accounted among the Inhabitants of that Country.*
 Contributa Julia, *a Town of Bethuria in Spain.*
 Contributarius, ii, m. *a Contributary.*
 † Contributim, *Tribe by Tribe.*
 Contributio, ōnis, f. *a Contribution, or giving with others.*
 Contributor, ōris, m. *a Contributor.*
 † Contributōrius, a, um, *of Contribution.*
 Contributus, a, um [of contribuor] *contributed, given, counted.*
 Contristatio, ōnis, f. *a sorrowing.*
 Contristo, are, *to make sorry or sad.*
 Contristor, ari, *to be sorry.*
 Contritio, ōnis, f. *Contrition, Sorrow.*
 Contritor, ōris, m. *he that wears out or consumes.* * Contritor compedum, *a Slave.*
 Contritus, a, um [of conteror] *broken, bruised, worn.* * Contrita præcepta, *common Precepts.*
 Contrōversia, æ, f. *a Controversy, Debate, Difficulty.* * Sine contrōversia, *without doubt.* * In contrōversiam venire, *to be debated.*
 Contrōversim, adv. *dubiously.*
 Contrōversiola, æ, f. *a small Debate.*
 Contrōversiosus, a, um, *litigious, wrangling.*
 Contrōversor, ari, *to contest or debate.*
 Contrōversus, a, um, *debated, controverted, doubtful; also quarrelling, contrary, far distant.*

Contrūcidātus, a, um, *wounded, left half dead.*
 Contrūcido, are, *to hack and hem, to Death, Massacre.*
 Contrūdo, ūs, ūm, *to crowd, thrust in together.*
 Contrunco, are, *to diminish, cut away, or mingle.* * Contruncare cibum, *to chew his Meat.*
 Contrusus, a, um, *thrust together.*
 Contūbernālis, le, *of the same quarters.*
 Contūbernālis, is, m. *a Comrade or Chamber-fellow.*
 Contūbernārius, ii, m. } *a Cham-*
 † Contūbernio, ōnis, m. } *ber-fellow.*
 Contūbernium, ii, n. [à taberna] *a Quarter of many Soldiers together, a Tent for ten Soldiers, and a Lance-pesado, a tabling together.* * Mansit in contubernio matris, *she was under her Mother's Eye.*
 Contūbero, are, *to puff up, or be proud.*
 † Contūbūlatio, ōnis, f. *a swelling of Plaits in Garments.*
 Contūbūlo, are, *to lay Pipes for Water.*
 † Contūdīto, are, *to work at the Anvil.*
 † Contueatus, a, um, *defended.*
 Contueor, ūtus, or ūtus sum, eri, *to behold, or look wistly upon.*
 Contuens, ntis, *beholding.*
 Contuitus, ūs, m. *an earnest beholding.*
 Contuli, s;e confero.
 † Contūlus, i, m. *a little Pole.*
 Contūmācia, æ, f. *Obstinacy, Stubbornness, Constancy, Stoutness.*
 Contūmāciter, adv. *stubbornly, wilfully.*
 Contūmax, acior, iſsimus [à contumeo] *obstinate, stubborn, wilful, restiff, stout, and constant.* * Contumax mori, *that doth not presently dye, that lingers out a great while.*
 Contūmēlia, æ, f. [à contumeo] *an Abuse, Revrnach, Rebuke, Contempt.* * Hancine ego contumeliam accipiam, *shall I let it slip so?*
 † Contūmēlio, are, *to reproach, insult over.*
 † Contūmēlior, ari, *to carry one's self contumeliously or scornfully.*
 Contūmēliōse, iſsimē, *disdainfully, reproachfully.*
 Contūmēliōsus, a, um, *abusive.*
 † Contūmeo, -esco, ere, *to swell together.*
 † Contumia, as contumelia.
 Contūmūlatio, ōnis, f. *a burying.*
 Contūmūlātus, a, um, *entombed.*
 Contūmūlo, are, *to bury; also to make a Nest.*
 Contūmultuatio, ōnis, f. *a great Tumult.*
 Contūmultuōsē, adv. *in a Hurly-burly.*
 Contundo, ūdi, ūsum, *to break in pieces, knock down, pound in a Mortar, conquer.* * Contundere iras, *to abate or lessen Fury.*
 † Contuoli, for connivoli oculi, *pink-eyes.*
 † Contuor, ui, *to behold steadfastly.*
 † Conturbātē, *confusedly.*
 Conturbatio, ōnis, f. *a confounding, disordering.*
 Conturbator, ōris, m. *a Troubler, a Bankrupt.* * Conturbator aper, *a wild Bear ransacking the Fields, and requiring*

requiring as much as would undo a poor man for sauce.
 Conturbatus, a, um, disquieted, &c.
 Conturbo, are, to disorder, trouble, confound, waste; to break and turn Bankrupt. * Conturbare rationes, to run beyond the Constable.
 † Conturgeo, ere, to swell.
 † Conturmālis, le, of the same troop.
 † Conturmo, are, to join Troops.
 CONTUS, i, m. [Κόρυς] a long Pole, such as Bargemen use.
 Contusio, ōnis, f. a Bruise or Bruising.
 Contusus, a, um [of contundor] beaten, broken, pounded, &c.
 † Contutatus, a, um, defending together.
 Contutēlaris, re, of a Guardian.
 † Contutēlarius, ii, m. a Fellow-Guardian or Keeper.
 † Contutor, ari, to defend together.
 Contutor, ōris, m. a Fellow-tutor or Guardian.
 † Contyrannus, i, m. a Fellow-tyrant.
 † Convacillatio, ōnis, f. a Wavering, Unconstancy.
 Convacillo, are, to waver, be mutable, uncertain.
 Convadatus, a, um, going under Surety.
 † Convado, ere, to go together.
 Convador, ari, to engage for a Prisoner's Appearance.
 † Convāgor, ari, to wander together.
 Convaleo, ere, to be recovered.
 * Convaluit opinio, the Opinion was still maintained.
 Convalesco, ere, to recover or mend.
 † Convālido, are, to strengthen or confirm.
 † Convālidus, a, um, firm, strengthened.
 Convallatus, a, um, intrenched, inclosed.
 Convallis, is, f. a Valley with Hills on all sides.
 † Convallium, ii, n. the same as Convallis.
 Convallo, are, to inclose or fence with Trenches, Works and Pallisadoes, to draw the Leaguer-line.
 † Convāriabilis, le, changeable.
 † Convāriatio, ōnis, f. a Chance.
 † Convārio, are, to bespot or speckle.
 Convāso, are [a vas] to truss up bag and baggage.
 † Convāstatio, ōnis, f. a Wasting, spoiling.
 † Convāstatrix, icis, f. she that wasteth.
 † Convasto, are, to spoil, lay waste, make havock of.
 † Conubium, for Connubium.
 † Convectārius, a, um, of Carriage, or carrying together.
 Convectatio, ōnis, f. a carrying together.
 † Convectio, ōnis, f. a carrying.
 † Convectito, are, to carry together, or often.
 Convecto, are [a convehio] to carry away much and often.
 Convector, ari, to be carried together.
 Convector, ōris, m. a Fellow-passenger.
 Convectum, i, n. a Provision, Store or Ammunition.
 † Convēgetatio, ōnis, f. a Strengthening or Quickning.
 Convehio, xi, ctum, to carry or convey.
 † Convēlāmen, īnis, n. a Covering, Case.

† Convēlificatio, ōnis, f. a sailing together.
 † Convēlificor, ari, to sail together.
 † Convellicatio, ōnis, f. a plucking, twitching, depraving.
 † Convellicatus, a, um, twitched, taunted.
 Convellico, are, to pluck, twitch, rent or taunt.
 Convello, li, ulsum, to raze the Foundation, root up, weaken, confute, disturb, destroy, rob, remove.
 * Convellere acta alicujus, to null what another did. * Convel-
 lere aliquid dente, ferro, to eat, cut.
 Convēlo, are, to cover with a Vail.
 Convēx, arum [a convenio] Strangers coming together to inhabit a desert place.
 Convenx, a People and City of Aquitain, called Commingeois.
 † Convēnēno, are, to poison together.
 Convēniens, ntis, coming together, convenient, agreeable.
 Convēnienter, adv. conveniently, agreeably.
 Convēnientia, æ, f. Agreeableness, Suitableness.
 Convēnio, eni, ntum, to come together, meet with, agree, summon, be fit, ingender, appoint, find, be betrothed unto. * Convenire aliquem, to give one a Meeting; also to sue one. * Non benē conveniunt, they can't set their Horses together. * Convenit mihi tecum, we are agreed. * Aranx conveniunt clunibus, ingender by, &c.
 * Convenire debitorem, to dun one, to demand a Debt. * Convenire aliquem in jus, to sue one. * Conveniri in usuras, to be sued for not paying the Interest. * Convenire in manum viri, to be married by mutual Engagement or Coemption.
 Convenit, imperf. it is agreeable or meet.
 Convennos, the Island Sheppey by the Thames-mouth.
 Conventicūlum, li, n. a small private Assembly.
 Conventio, ōnis, f. a Bargain, or Agreement; also an Assembling.
 Conventiōnalis, le, with Agreement or Consent.
 † Conventito, are, to come often together.
 Convento, are [a convenio] to resort often together.
 Conventria, Coventry in Warwickshire.
 Conventum, i, n. a Covenant, or Agreement.
 Conventus, ūs, m. an Assembly, a Covenant, Assize, County. * Conventus circumire, to ride the Circuit. * Conventus agere, to keep an Assize or Sessions.
 Conventus, a, um [of convenior] agreed upon. * Convento aliquo homine opus est, I must go speak to somebody.
 Convēnusto, are, to beautify.
 † Converberatio, ōnis, f. a Beating much.
 Converberatus, a, um, beaten much.
 Converbero, are, to cudgel or beat much.
 † Convergo, ere, to go together.
 † Convernaculi, and Convernæ, Slaves born in the same House.

† Convernilis, le, flavish.
 Converricūlum, li, n. a Drag or Sweep-net.
 † Converritor, ōris, m. a Sweeper, Brusher, Cleanser.
 Converro, ri, and si, sum, to sweep clean; also to beat.
 Conversa, æ, f. Erasmi. one living somewhat austerely, in order to live in a Nunnery.
 Conversans, ntis, turning about.
 Conversatio, ōnis, f. Conversation, Familiarity; also a Whirling about.
 Conversè, adv. neatly, cleanly.
 Conversim, adv. by Change or changing.
 Conversio, ōnis, f. a Turning, Changing, Revolution, wheeling of an Army, turning upside down.
 Converso, are [a converto] to wheel or turn about.
 Conversor, ari, to be conversant, or keep Company with.
 Conversus, ūs, m. a turning round.
 Conversus, a, um [of convertor] converted, turned, changed; also contrary.
 Convertibilis, le, changeable, convertible.
 Converto, ti, sum, to convert, turn, change, return, remove, translate.
 * Convertere se domum, to go home. * Convertere ad hastam or scutum, to wheel about to the right or left.
 Convertor, sus sum, ti, dep. to turn, return, &c.
 † Convescens, ntis, eating together.
 † Convesco, sci, to eat together.
 Convestio, ire, to cloth all over.
 Convestitus, a, um, clothed or encompassed.
 Convexio, ōnis, f. a being arched.
 Convexitas, ātis, f. a bowing or bending.
 Convexo, are, to torment or vex.
 Convexus, a, um [of convehor] crooked, bowing, arched, vaulted.
 * Tædet cœli convexa tueri, I am weary of my Life.
 Convibro, are, to brandish.
 Conviciator, ōris, m. a Railer.
 † Convicinium, ii, n. Neighbourhood.
 † Convicinus, a, um, a near Neighbour.
 Conviciolūm, li, n. [a convicium] a Check, Taunt.
 Convicior, ari, to reproach or abuse.
 Convicium, ii, n. [a vicis vel vox] a Reproach, Check, Taunt, Jest.
 * Facere convicium ante fores, to make a bawling before the door.
 Convictio, ōnis, f. [a convivio] Living together, Conviction.
 Convictor, ōris, m. a Tabler, Boarder.
 Convictus, a, um [of convincor] convinced, vanquished, convicted.
 Convictus, ūs, m. a Boarding or Tabling together, Society. * Convictus humanus, good Company.
 Convigilo, are, to watch together.
 Convincio, ire, to bind together.
 Convinco, ici, ctum, to convince, confute, overcome.
 Convinctio, ōnis, f. a Conjunction or Coupling.
 † Conviolō, are, to violate.
 † Conviresco, ere, to wax green.
 Conviso, si, sum, to visit.
 Convitiator, ōris, m. a Railer, Abuser.

Convictiolum, convitior, and convitium, as Convictiolum, &c.
 Conviva, æ, c. [à convivo] a Guest at Table.
 Convivator, òris, m. the Entertainer.
 Convivālis, le, of Feasts or Guests.
 † Conviviārium, ii, n. a Banqueting-room.
 † Conviviones, ònum, Pot companions.
 Convivium, ii, n. [à convivo] a Feast, Banquet, Treat or Collation.
 Convivo, xi, ctum, to live or board together.
 Convivor, ari, to feast together.
 * Convivari de publico, to be treated upon the publick Account.
 Convocatio, ònis, f. a Summoning or Calling together.
 Convoco, are, to call together.
 † Convólito, are, to come or fly together.
 Convolo, are, to fly, run together.
 Convolvo, vi, utum, to fold, or roll up, compass, or swallow up. * Convolvere verba magno cursu, to throw out Words hastily and rudely.
 Convolvulus, i, m. a Caterpillar;
 Convolvulus, s also the Herb Bindweed.
 † Convómo, ni, ere, to bespew.
 † Convoti, torum, Votaries, sworn Brethren.
 † Convoveo, ere, to vow together.
 CONUS, i, m. [Kōv@] a Pine-apple, and all such Fruit, all Bunch-fruit; also the Crest of a Helmet where the Plumes are stuck, a Figure like a Sugar-loaf.
 Convulnērātus, a, um, sore wounded.
 Convulnēro, are, to wound very much.
 Convulsio, ònis, f. a Plucking or Rending up, a Cramp or Convulsion fit.
 Convulsivus, a, um, of the Convulsion.
 Convullus, a, um [of convellor] plucked or rooted up, taken with the Cramp, dislocated, confuted.
 Conyza, the Herb Flea-bane, g.
 † Coōdibiles, hateful together.
 † Coōlesco, as Coalesco.
 Coon, the Son of Antenor slain by Agamemnon.
 Coōnēro, are [of con & onero] to burthen together.
 Coōpērārius, ii, m. a Fellow-labourer.
 Coōpērātio, ònis, f. a Working together.
 Coōpērātor, òris, m. a Fellow-worker.
 Coōpercūlum, li, n. a Cover or Lid.
 Coōpērimētum, i, n. a Coverlet.
 Coōperio, ui, tum, ire, to overwhelm, cover all over, bury.
 Coōperto, are, to cover over.
 Coopertorium, ii, n. a Cover, or Garment.
 Coopertōrius, a, um, covering.
 Coōpertus, a, um [of cooperior] covered, buried. * Coopertus miseriis, overwhelmed with Miseries.
 Cooptatio, ònis, f. an Eleeting by Votes.
 Cooptātus, a, um, elected.
 Coopto, are, to choose by Votes.
 * Cooptare in collegium, to choose into a Society.

Coordior, iri, to begin together.
 Coorior, iri, to rise of a sudden all over; also to assault.
 Coortus, a, um [of coorior] begun, risen, assailing. * Coorti ad bellum, taking up Arms.
 Coos, Cos, Co, or Cxa, an Island in the Aegean Sea near Rhodes.
 Cōpa, æ, f. [ex caupo] an Hostess.
 † Copadium, ii, n. a little Piece of Flesh.
 Copæ, arum, a Place in Greece by the River Cephissus.
 Copar, a Town in Arabia foelix.
 † Copes, or -pis, pe, plenteous.
 Cophanta, a Haven of Carmania.
 Cophantis, a Mountain of Bactriana always burning.
 Cophen, the same as Arachosia.
 † Copher, Camphire.
 Cōphes, a River of India falling into Indus.
 † Cophicas, a Blind or Sloe-worm.
 † Cophinārius, ii, m. a Box-maker or Seller.
 Cōphinus, i, m. a Basket, Box, Chest, or Coffin, g.
 Cophōsis, f. Deafness, g.
 CōPIA, æ, f. [ab ant. cops] Abundance, Plenty, Store wherewithal to do a Thing, an Army, Forces, a Company of Men, Help. * Dare, or facere copiam, to give free Leave. * Bonam copiam ejurare, to swear they are not worth so much. * Copia est illi, he may.
 Copia, the Goddess of Plenty and Companion of Fortunes.
 Copiæ, arum, Provision; also Forces.
 Cōpiādes, dum, dainty Eels, g.
 † Copiārius, ii, m. he that furnished Ambassadors in foreign Countries.
 Copias, a Lake and River of Bœotia, and a City thereabouts.
 † Copiāta, æ, m. he that attends the poor in their sickness and burial.
 Cōpiōla, æ, f. [à copia] small Ability, or Provision; a little Company of Soldiers.
 † Cōpior, ari, to be stored.
 Cōpiōse, ius, illimē, adv. abundantly, plentifully; also eloquently.
 † Cōpiōsitas, atis, f. Plenty.
 Cōpiōsus, a, um, plentiful, rich, large, populous. * Copiosus ad dicendum, one of a large Invention, that never wants matter.
 Cōpis, idis, f. a Hunter's Spear; also a Persian Sword, g.
 † Copo, ònis, m. and copona, for caupo, &c.
 † Copoli, orum, or caupuli, the German Cable-boats.
 Copon, a very populous City near Thebes in Egypt, raised to the ground by Dioclesian.
 Cōpos, g. Weariness by labour.
 Coppātæ, arum, m. Horses marked with the Greek Kappa.
 Copros, a Monk who was said to have the Gift of healing, and casting out of Devils.
 † Copreus, ei, m. a Jester.
 Coprophōrus, i, m. a Farmer of Privies, g.
 † Cops, copis [ex con & ops] rich, plentiful.
 † Copsus, a, um, plentiful.
 Copta, æ, f. ship-bisket, g.
 † Coptavium, ii, n. a pectoral Lorange.
 Coptos, or -tus, a Mart-town called Cana, common to the Egyptians and Arabians, towards the Red Sea

CōPūLA, æ, f. [à compello, vel ab Heb. Caphal duplicare] a Dog-couple, Fetter, or any Band.
 † Cōpūlārius, ii, m. a Dog-compler.
 † Cōpūlārius, a, um, joining together.
 Cōpūlātē, adv. conjoinedly.
 Cōpūlātīm, adv. jointly, in couples.
 Cōpūlātiō, ònis, f. a Coupling.
 Cōpūlātivus, a, um, binding, tying together.
 Cōpūlātor, òris, m. a Coupler, Joiner.
 Cōpūlātus, a, um, coupled together. * Nihil est copulātus, nothing is more united, closer linked.
 Cōpūlo, are, to couple together.
 Cōpūlor, ari, to join together.
 Coquedo, -dus, the River Coquet in Northumberland.
 † Coquestrius, i, m. a Boiler or Baker.
 † Cōquinella, a Coal-tree.
 Cōquina, æ, f. [à coquo] a Kitchen, or Cook-room. * Coquina fusorium, the place where the Scullions wash their Dishes.
 Cōquināria, æ, f. a Cookery.
 Cōquinārius, a, um, of the Kitchen.
 Cōquinor, ari, to practice Cookery.
 Cōquinus, a, um [à coquus] of a Cook or Kitchen. * Forum coquinum, Pye-corner, or any Place where Cooks sell Meat ready dress'd.
 Cōquito, are, to use to dress meat, or dress it by a soft fire.
 CōQUO, xi, ctum [à Kōνω scindo] to cook, or dress Meat, fret and vex, plot together, digest, ripen. * Coquere bellum, to prepare for War. * Hoc coquit me, this frets me.
 † Coquūlus, li, m. a little Cook.
 Coquus, i, m. a Cook. * Coquus nundinalis, a Caterer or Manciple.
 COR, dis, n. [Kῆρ] the Heart, Courage, Affection, Wit. * Cor-di est, it pleases me. * Cor edere, to fret one's self with discontent. * Cui cor sapit, or qui cor habet, who is no fool, that has guts in's brains.
 Cora, æ, an Athenian Coin; also the sight or black of the eye.
 Cora, an ancient Town in Italy.
 Coraca, a Town of Arabia Petraea.
 Coracesius, part of Mount Taurus.
 † Coraceus, ei, m. a kind of Fish.
 † Coracias, the Bird Chough.
 Coracii, a Country in Ethiopia, where are abundance of Indian Canes.
 Cōrācinus, a, um, of or like a Crow, g.
 Cōrācinus, i, m. a black Sea-fish, with a Head shining like Gold, g.
 Coracium, a Mountain of Ionia.
 Coracodes, a Haven of Corsica.
 † Coraconii, a kind of Birds.
 Coraconnesus, a Libyan Island.
 † Cōrāgium, ii, n. an Imposition upon Corn; also an Interlude.
 Coragus, as choragus.
 Cōrālīticus lapis [à coralinus] a white Asian Stone like Ivory.
 Cōrālūm, ii, n. Coral, g.
 Coralius, a River of Phrygia, call'd also Sangarius.
 Coralli, a fierce People of Pontus.
 † Cōrallia, æ, f. male Pimpernel.
 † Cōrallina, æ, f. the Herb Coral, or Lungwort.
 † Cōrallis, a precious Stone like Red-lead.

† Coral.

- Coralliticus, a, um, of or like Coral.
- † Coralliticus, i, m. a kind of Marble.
- Corallium, ii, n. Coral, g.
- Coraloachates, g. a Stone with gold-de Rays.
- CORAM, præp. [à Κορη pupilla, vel ab Heb. Kedem antè] before, in the Presence of. * Coram cum sumus, when we are together.
- Coram, adv. face to face.
- Corambe, es, f. Colewort, g.
- Corancali, a People of India without Ganges.
- Corani, a People of Italy, or the Inhabitants of Cora.
- Coranitiæ, a People of Arabia felix.
- † Corannus, i, m. a white hard Stone.
- † Coranus, i, m. a kind of Fish.
- † Coraptus, a kind of Bird.
- Coras, the Brother of Catillus and Tiburtus, whence the City Cora had its name.
- Coraseni, a People of Asia.
- Corasæ, the Island Crullie in the Ægean Sea.
- Corasius, a Mountain in Antioch.
- Corasphi, a People of Scythia.
- Corax, acis, m. a Raven, a Dog's name, g.
- Corax, a Rhetorician of Sicily, who first wrote of Rhetorick, being over-reached by the Sophistry of his own Scholar Tisias, he occasioned the Proverb, Καὺς νόβαν ὁ ἀνὸν ὤν; also a Mountain in Sarmatia, a City in Taurica Chersonesus, also he that slew the Poet Archilochus.
- Coraxas, a Mountain in the North of Colchis.
- Coraxi, the People of Colchis, whose Wool is commended by Strabo.
- Coraxici montes, part of Mount Taurus.
- Corban, indec. Heb. an Offering to the poor Man's box.
- Corbana, a Persian vanquished by the Christians in a Battle, wherein a hundred thousand Barbarians perished, A. D. 1009.
- Corbasa, a City of Pamphylia.
- Corbeuntus, a City in Galatia.
- Corbiana, a Province of the Elymaei.
- Corbilo, a Mart-town of France.
- † Corbinus, or -binus, a, um, double-hearted.
- † Corbio, onis, a Basket-maker or Carrier.
- Corbio, a Town in Italy.
- CORBIS, is, f, and m. [à curvus] a Wicker-basket; also the Top of the Mast.
- Corbita, æ, f. [à corbis] a Hoy.
- * Celocem operam hanc, ne corbitam dare, make all speed to help me. * Corbitam cibi comesse possunt, monstrous Gormandizers.
- † Corbito, are, to load a Hoy, or fill the Belly.
- † Corbona, æ, f. the Treasure of the Jewish Temple.
- Corbrææ, a People of Media.
- Corbula, æ, f. [à corbis] a Hand-basket, or Maund.
- Corbulo, onis, m. a Porter, or Basket-bearer; also a Proconsul in Syria, under Nero.
- Corbulum, i, n. or -us, i, m. a little Basket.
- Corcāgia, the City of Cork in Ireland.
- Corcāgiensis, } of Cork.
- Corcensis, e, }
- Corce, or Corne, a City of Armenia minor.
- † Corchilōgis, Cercolopis, or Cercapolex, an Ape with a Tail like a Fox.
- Corchōrus, i, g. the Herb Pimpernel.
- * Corchorus inter olera, Jack among Gentlemen.
- † Corclāvia, a private Cellar.
- Corcoba, a City of Taprobane.
- Corcoras, the River Gurck in Germany.
- † Corcōrus, i, a kind of Fish and Herb.
- Corculum, li, n. [à cor] a Sweet-heart; also a discreet sage person.
- Corcyra, an Island of the Ionian Sea, near Epirus, under the Venetians, called Corfu, where Ulysses suffered Shipwreck, and another within twenty miles of the former.
- Corcyris, a City of Ægypt.
- Corcyropolis, a Town of Corcyra.
- Corda Belgovarum, Dunstrie in Scotland.
- † Cordacismus, a kind of uncivil dancing.
- † Cordacista, or chordacista, æ, one that sings to an Instrument.
- † Cordapsus, m. a pain in the Guts.
- Cordatē, adv. wisely, discreetly.
- Cordatus, a, um, wise, judicious, understanding.
- Cordax, acis, m. a kind of Country-dance used in Comedies, g.
- Cordes, a River that runs thorow the Persian City Cora.
- Cordialgia, æ, f. the Heart-ach, g.
- † Cordialis, lis, the Name of an Herb.
- † Cordicitus, to or from the Heart.
- Cordillio, a stoick Philosopher of Pergamus, who slighted the Friendship of all Kings and Princes.
- † Cordisci, weak, untimely Lambs.
- Cordolium, ii, n. [à doleo] a Vexation at heart, a Heart-breaking.
- Corduba, the City Corda in Spain.
- Cordum, i, n. Latter-math. See cordus.
- Corduēni, a People of Asia.
- Cordulæ, a Haven of Themiscyrena, by the Euxine Sea.
- Cordus, a Historian, who wrote the Lives of the Emperors; and several other Men.
- CORDUS, a, um [à Κορῖς juvenilis] springing late in the Year.
- * Cordi, weak Children. * Agni cordi, Collet-lambs. * Fœnum cordum, Latter-math.
- Cordyla, or cordylla, g. the Fry of the Tuny-fish.
- † Cordylus, li, m. a kind of Fish.
- Cordylus, a City of Pamphylia.
- Cordylula, an Island about Rhodes.
- Core, the Daughter of Ceres.
- Coreum, the Feasts of Core.
- † Coridulus, a kind of Bird.
- Corelliāna [à corellius] a kind of Chestnut.
- Corellius, the Name of a Roman Knight.
- Coreia, an Island of Greece.
- Coreia, the Name of Minerva in Arcadia.
- Coretas, the Name of a Shepherd, said to be the first that prophesied by Inspiration.
- Coretus, a Bay of the Lake Mæotis.
- Corfinium, the Metropolis of the Peligni, called Pentinia.
- † Corgo, for corde ago, truly.
- † Coria, orum, Rows of stones or bricks in buildings.
- Coria, or curia, Corebridge in Northumberland.
- † Coriāceum, ei, n. a Thong of Leather.
- Coriāceus, a, um [à corium] Leather.
- Coriaginōsus, a, um, hide-bound.
- * Coriaginosum jumentum, a Hilding, a lean Carrion-jade.
- Coriāgo, inis, f. [à corium] the Distemper of being hide-bound.
- † Coriālæ, arum, a kind of Fishes.
- Coriandrum, i, n. the Herb Coriander, g.
- † Corianus, i, m. a Ring worn by Women on their Fore-finger.
- Coriārius, a, um [à corium] of a Hide or Tanner.
- Coriārius, ii, m. a Tanner, Currier, Leather-dresser, an Herb in Pliny, used by Tanners.
- † Corias, æ, a kind of Fish.
- † Coribantia, a sleeping like a Hare, with one's Eyes open.
- Coricæ, two Islands before Peloponnesus.
- † Coridestras, ræ, m. a kind of Shell-fish.
- † Coridalum, li, n. a Buffet.
- † Corigia, for corrigia.
- † Corigiatus, a, um, bound with Thongs.
- † Corigio, are, to bind with Thongs, or make Latchets.
- † Cōrimbus, i, m. an Ivy-berry; also the top or highest part of any thing.
- * Corimbi, the winding-strings of a Vine. See corymbus.
- Corindius, a City of India within Ganges.
- Corinea, a Country of Armenia major.
- Corinia, Cornwall.
- Corinium, Cyrencester in Gloucestershire.
- Corinna, a Name of three Women-Poets.
- Corinnus, an ancient Poet who wrote the Wars of Troy before Homer, out of whom Homer is thought to have taken his Ground-work.
- † Corinthas, adis, f. an Herb, whose Juice is good against stinging of Serpents.
- Corinthiācæ uvæ [à corinthus] Currants.
- Corinthiācus, a, um, of Corinth.
- Corinthiārius, a Nick-name given Augustus Cæsar, from coveting the Vessels of Corinth.
- † Corinthias, Marble of Corinth.
- Corinthiensis, e, } of Corinth.
- Corinthus, a, um, }
- Corinthium æs, a pure kind of Metal of Corinth, of great value.
- Corinthus, i, a famous and wealthy City of Achaia, in the middle of the Peloponnesian Isthmus, burnt by the Romans, and re-edified by Julius Cæsar, and fell into the hands of the Turks, A. D. 1451.
- Corinthum, a Town of Illyricum in Liburnia.
- Corinus, the River Churn by Cyrencester.

Coriolanus, a noble Roman, compared by Cicero with Themistocles, both of them were Banished by the ungrateful People, and turned to the Enemies.
 Coriolana pyra, Pears so called from Coriolanus.
 Corioli, or coriolla, a Town in Italy.
 Coriolani, the People of Corioli.
 † Coriolum, li, n. a little Skin.
 † Coriolus, li, m. a Buckler covered with Skin.
 Corion, g. the Herb St. John's-wort.
 † Coriosus, a, um, clad in Leather.
 Coriovallum, the Town Valckenburg in the Netherlands.
 Coris, g. the Herb St. John's-wort, or Ground-pine.
 Coris, a Mountain of Thessaly, where the Serpents called Dipsades are bred.
 † Coriscus, ci, m. a light Dart.
 Corillia, } a Town in the Isle
 Corissus, } Coos.
 Corissus, a City of Ionia.
 Coritani, People of Northampton, Leicester, Rutland, Lincoln, Darby, and Nottinghamshire.
 Coritus, or -thus, a Mountain of Hetruria, from King Coritus, the Husband of Electra, and Father of Dardanus.
 Coritus, i, m, a Quiver or Bow-case. See corytus.
 CORIUM, ii, n. [ab Heb. gnorpellis] the Leather or Hide of a Beast, the Skin of a Fish, the Pill of a Nut, &c. * De alieno corio ludere, to sport at another's peril. * Perficere corium, to dress, tan Leather.
 Coriza, as coryza.
 Cormalas, a River of Troas.
 Cormanum, a City of the Jazyges Metanasta.
 Cormasa, a City of Pamphylia.
 † Corna, æ, f. Harvest.
 Corna, a City of Cappadocia.
 Cornabii, or -bui, People of Strathnarven, or Sutherland in Scotland.
 Cornacum, a Town of Pannonia inferior.
 † Cornagium, ii, n. a Tenure in the North by blowing a Horn at the approach of an Enemy.
 Cornavii, People of Warwick, Worcester, Staffordshire, Shropshire, and Cheshire.
 Corne, a Hill in Tusculum which had a Beechen Grove dedicated to Diana.
 † Cornea, æ, f. a Trumpet.
 † Corneata opera, work agreed upon by the day till Candle-light.
 Corneates, a People of Pannonia.
 Cornelia, a noble and eloquent Lady, Wife of Sempronius Gracchus, and Mother of Tiberius and Caius Gracchus.
 Cornelianus, the Collegue of Perpetuus.
 Cornelius, the Name of divers noble Men.
 Cornelius Nepos, an eloquent Man in the time of Cicero, he wrote the Lives of famous Men, whereof only Pomponius Atticus is extant.
 Cornelius Tacitus, a famous Historian.
 Cornensii, a People of Sardinia.
 Corneolus, a, um, [à corneus] like

Horn. * Corneolus fuit, he was heart of Oak.
 † Corneolus, i, a little Corneil-tree.
 Cornesco, ere, [à cornu] to grow hard as Horn.
 Cornetum, i, n. [à cornus] a place full of Corneil-trees.
 Cornus, a, um, [à cornu] of or like Horn. * Ora cornea, a Bird's Bill.
 Corneus, a, um, [à cornus] of Corneil-wood.
 Corni, a People of Italy.
 Corniasi, a People of Galatia.
 Cornicen, inis, c. [à cornu & cano] a Blower of a Horn, or Cornet.
 † Cornicina, æ, f. a Woman-blower.
 † Cornicino, are, to wind a Horn.
 Cornicor, ari, [à cornix] to strut, or caw like a Crow, gape like a Crow for Prey. * Cornicari aliquid tecum, to mutter out something, to grumble with himself.
 Cornicula, æ, a Jack-daw.
 Corniculans, ntis, putting forth Horns. * Corniculans luna, the new Moon.
 Cornicularius, ii, m. an Officer under the Tribunes of the Soldiers.
 Corniculatus, a, um, horned.
 Corniculum, li, n. [à cornu] a little Horn, silver Whistle, an Ornament given to Soldiers as a Badge of their Valour.
 Corniculum, a Town in Italy.
 Cornifer, a, um, carrying a Horn.
 Cornificius, an excellent Poet in the Time of Salust.
 † Cornificus, a, um, making Horns or Lanthorns.
 Corniger, a, um, wearing Horns.
 † Cornigenus, a, um, of a horned kind.
 Corniger, a Name of Bacchus.
 Cornipes, edis, having Hoofs.
 CORNIX, icis, f. [κρόων] a Crow, a Knocker of a Door. * Cornix frugitera, a Rock. * Cornicibus superstes, or vivacior, exceeding ancient.
 CORNU, n. indec. [κέρας, Heb. Keren] a Horn, Corner, Winding, a Lanthorn. * Aciei cornua, the Wings of a Battle. * Cornua arcus, the horned Tips of a Bow. * Ad-dere pauperi cornua, to hearten a poor Man. * Cornua disputationis, the principal Argument. * Cornu cervinum, Bucks-horn-plantain. * Cornua fluminum, the Windings, Breaches of a River. * Cornua antennarum, the main ends of the Sail-yard. * Obvertere alicui cornua, to insult over, hunch.
 Cornu Byzantii, the Suburbs of Constantinople.
 Cornuarius, ii, m. a Maker of Cornets.
 † Cornuatus, a, um, horned, crooked.
 Cornubia, æ, Cornwall. * De Cornubia, the Family Cornwall.
 Cornucopia, æ, f. abundance of all things.
 † Cornugraphium, ii, n. an Ink-horn.
 Cornum, i, n. [à cornus] a Corneil, or wild Cherry.
 † Cornuo, are, to bend the Horn of a Bow.
 Cornupeta, æ, goring, hunching [Beast].

CORNUS, i, and -us, f. [κράνεια] a Corneil-tree, used also by Poets for a Bow, because usually made of that Wood. * Cornus foemina, the Dog-tree.
 Cornus, a City of Sardinia, now Cornero.
 Cornuta, æ, f. the Sea-fish called a Gurnard.
 Cornutamentum, i, n. the Top of a Horn.
 Cornutus, a, um, horned. * Cornutam bestiam petis, you rouse a sleeping Lion.
 Cornutus, a Stoick Philosopher of Leptis in Africa; also a Prætor of Rome.
 Cornutum Monasterium, Horn-church in Essex.
 Corocondame, a Town of Sarmatia in Asia.
 Corcotta, æ, f. a Shoat, or young Hog, g.
 Corodamum, a Promontory of Arabia felix.
 Coræbus, the Son of Mygdonus, greatly in love with Cassandra, who warned him to forsake Troy, to avoid the Danger that was coming; but he not hearkning to her, perished that Night the Town was taken; hence the Proverb, Coræbo stultitior.
 Corolamas, a little King of the Boii.
 Corolia, a Town of Arabia felix.
 Corolla, æ, f. [à corona] a Coronet or Garland.
 Corollarium, ii, n. Vantage, overmeasure; also a Confectary that falls in besides the Question proved, a small Present, like Coronets given to those that assisted at Plays and Feasts.
 Coromane, or -nis, a City by the Persian Gulf.
 CÔRONA, æ, f. [κορώνη] a Crown, Circle, Chaplet, the Brim or Edge of a Pot, the Celestial Sign Ariadne; the Halo or Circle about the Moon, the Brow or Spring of a Wall. * Vulgi corona, a Ring of People. * Corona regia, the Herb Melilot. * Corona teræ, Ground-ivy. * Sub corona venire, to be sold in the Market, as Slaves taken in War were used to be, having Crownson.
 Cōrona, a Constellation, the Crown of Ariadne.
 Coronālis, le, of or like a Crown.
 Cōronāmen, inis, n. a Coronet or Garland.
 Cōronāmentum, i, n. the Matter of which Garlands are made.
 Cōronāria, æ, f. the Clove-gillyflower, also she that makes or sells Garlands.
 Cōronarium, ii, n. a Present to a Prince at his Coronation, Crownage, gilt Brass.
 Cōronarius, a, um, of Garlands. * Coronarium æs, Latten-metal. * Opus coronarium, Works made round, in fashion of a Crown. * Aurum coronarium, Gold given by the Vanquished to the Victor, a Gift bestowed by the Provinces upon the Roman Emperors.
 Cōronarius, ii, m. a Maker or Seller of Garlands.
 Cōronatio, onis, f. a Crowning.
 † Cōronator, oris, m. a Crowner.
 Cōronatus, a, um, crowned.
 Cōronatus, i, m. a Crown of Money.
 Corone,

Corone, a City of Transylvania, Peloponnesus, and other places.
 Coronea, a City of Boeotia, where no Moles will live, another of Peloponnesus, and other places.
 Coroneola, æ, f. a Musk-rose.
 † Corōnices, Pales, or such like, before Houses; also a Partition of Boards.
 Corōnis, idis, f. a Pinnacle or Fane of a Building, the Top, End, or Conclusion, a little crooked Line at the End of Tragedies, the Cornice of a Pillar.
 Coronis, a Goddess worshipped in Sicily, and a Nymph by whom Apollo had Æsculapius.
 Corōnisma, atis, n. a Song sung by the Coronists, g.
 Corōnista, æ, m. an idle Vassal that went about carrying a Crow, and begging for him, g.
 Corōno, are, to crown, to encompass, environ. * Vina coronant, they fill Brimmers, or trim the Bowls with Garlands. * Coronat folio, [of an Herb] Coronets are made of its Leaf.
 † Coronon, the sharp Process of the nether Jaw.
 Corōnōpōdium, ii, n. } Swines-cres-
 Corōnōpus, ōdis, f. } ses.
 † Coronopus, Buck-horn.
 Coronta, a City of Acarnania.
 † Corōnūla, æ, a little Crown.
 Coronus, a Mountain of Asia, and the Names of several Men.
 Coropassus, a Town of Lycaonia.
 Corope, a City of Thessaly.
 † Corophium, ii, n. a kind of Crab-fish.
 Corōplāthus, i, m. a Puppet-maker.
 Corpiciensii, a People of Sardinia.
 Corpilli, a People of Thrace.
 Corpōrale, lis, n. the Linnen upon the Altar, whereon the Host is set; also a Priest's Garment.
 Corpōrālis, le [à corpus] corporeal. * Corporalis possessio, a Possession, as of Houses or Lands.
 Corpōrālitās, atis, f. Bodily Essence.
 Corpōrālītēr, adv. Bodily. * Corporālītēr jurare, to take a solemn Oath, by laying one's Hand upon the Book.
 Corpōrātiō, ōnis, f. the Quantity or State of a Body, a Corporation.
 Corpōrātūra, æ, f. the Bulk of the Body.
 Corpōrātus, a, um, having a Body, big-limbed, incorporated.
 Corpōreus, a, um, bodily, corporeal.
 Corpōro, are, to form a Body.
 Corpōror, ari, to become a Body; also to kill.
 Corpūlentē, adv. grossly.
 Corpūlentia, æ, f. Grossness.
 Corpūlentus, a, um, fleshly, fat, corpulent.
 CORPUS, ōris, n. [χρῶς, Heb. gu-phah] a Body, the Flesh of the Body. Volume, Society. * Corpora custodiarum, Courts of Guards. * Corpus sine pectore, that has no Guts in his Brains. * Corpus anitēre, to fall away. * Corpus arboris, the Stem of a Tree.
 Corpusculum, i, n. a little Body, a Mite or Atom.
 Corrado, āsi, sum [of con and rado] to scrape together, alienate.

Corrago, īnis, [à cor] the Herb Borage.
 † Corrasivus, a, um, corrosive.
 Correctio, ōnis, f. Correction, Amending, Redressing, a Figure in Rhetoric, when an improper Expression is helped out by a more proper.
 Corrector, ōris, m. a Corrector, a Mender. * Correctores, Officers between the Consulares and the Præsides.
 † Correctura, æ, f. a correcting.
 Correctus, a, um, [of corrigor] corrected, redressed.
 † Corregionalis, le, of the same Country.
 Correlativa, orum, n. Correlatives.
 † Corremigo, are, to row together.
 Correpo, pli, ptum, to creep secretly into. * Correpere in ganeas, to creep into Brothel-houses.
 Correpte, adv. short.
 Correptio, ōnis, f. a Correction, Rebuke, Reproving, Shortning.
 Correptor, ōris, m. a Reprover, Chider.
 Correptorius, a, um, chiding.
 Correptus, a, um, [of corripior] plucked hastily, blamed, &c.
 † Correus, as conreus.
 Corrha, a Town of Armenia major, and a City of Persia.
 Corrhagium, a City of Macedonia.
 † Corriatus, a, um, bound with Leather.
 † Corriceum, a place where the Girls used to play together.
 Corrideo, isi, itum [of con and rideo] to laugh together.
 CORRIGIA, æ, f. [à corium] a Shoe-string or Latchet. * Corrigia canina, a Thong of Dog's Leather.
 Corrigiarius, ii, m. a knacker, or point-maker.
 Corrigiatus, a, um, tied with Leather.
 Corrigibilis, le, corrigible.
 † Corrigio, are, to make points.
 Corrigiola, æ, f. the Herb Knot-grass.
 Corrigo, exi, ectum [of con and rego] to correct, amend, make amends for, streighten. * Corrigit aliquem ad frugem, to make one a good Husband.
 † Corrigria, æ, f. a Tree with Fruit like Adrachne.
 Corripio, ui, eptum, [of con and rapio] to snatch up in haste, lay hands on, to make short [as Grammarians do syllables] to reprove, chide, take up short, catch suddenly. * Corripere aliquem in nervum, to hurry one to the Stocks. * Corripuit impensas ludorum, flinted the Charges. * Corripere viam, to make speed, rid ground.
 Corrivales, ium, Competitors for the same Woman, or anything else.
 Corrivālitās, atis, f. Rivalship.
 Corrivatio, ōnis, f. the meeting of Rivals, the drawing Water into a common Channel.
 Corrivatus, a, um, run together.
 Corrivo, are [ex con & rivus] to draw many Streams into one.
 Corrivor, ari, to be drawn into one common Channel.
 Corrivus, a River drawn to the Tops of Mountains for the washing of Gold.
 Corrobōrātus, a, um, strengthened.

Corrobōro, are, to strengthen, confirm.
 Corrodo, si, sum, to gnaw asunder or into.
 Corrogatus, a, um, gathered, invited.
 Corrogo, are, to ask or gather from many. * Corrogare nummos, to get Money from divers.
 Corrosus, a, um, [of corrodo] gnaw about, asunder, or unto.
 Corrotundo, are, to make round.
 Corruda, æ, f. [à corruo] wild Asparagus.
 † Corrudago, inis, the same.
 Corrugatio, ōnis, f. a wrinkling.
 Corrugatus, a, um, wrinkled.
 † Corrugis, orum, Furrows in Hills, to convey Water for the washing of Ore.
 Corruo, ere, to wrinkle. * Corrugare frontem, to frown.
 Corrumpto, ūpi, uptum [of con and rumpo] to corrupt, bribe, dissolve, break asunder, deflower, debauch, forge or falsify, poison.
 Corruo, ere, to tumble down, come to ruine, to fail in, also to overthrow, or beat down. * Corruere divitias, to heap up Wealth.
 Corrupte, adv. corruptly.
 Corruptela, æ, f. a Bane and Spoil, Whoredom.
 Corruptibilis, e, corruptible.
 Corruptio, ōnis, f. corruption, dissolving, spoiling.
 Corruptor, ōris, m. a Corrupter, Spoiler, Debaucher.
 Corruptrix, icis, f. a Bawd.
 Corruptus, a, um, [of corrupor] corrupt, spoiled, &c.
 Corruspor, ari, to search diligently.
 CORS, tis, f. [χόρτος] a Hen-yard or Barton.
 Corſæ, a Place in Cilicia.
 Corſicus, a, um, of Corſæ.
 † Corſalvium, ii, n. Sage.
 Corſæ, Ionian Islands over-against Sanios.
 Corſi, a People of Sardinia, who came from Corſica.
 Corſia, a Town of Boeotia.
 Corſica, an Island in the Ligustic Sea, between Italy and Sardinia.
 † Corſion, the Lote-root.
 Corſipium, ii, n. an Egyptian Coin.
 Corſoides, g. a certain Stone of a hoary Whiteness.
 Corſote, a City of Great Armenia, encompassed with the River Maſca.
 Corſtopitum, Morpit in Northumberland, or Corbridge upon Tyne.
 Corſura, an Island in the middle of the Bay of Carthage.
 † Cortālis, le, of an Hen-house.
 Corteriacum, the City Cortrick in Flanders.
 Corteriacenses, the People of Corteriacum.
 CORTEX, icis, c. [à corium & te-go] the Bark of a Tree, a Shell, or Pill.
 * Cortices roſarum, the five little Leaves about Rose-buds.
 Corthaca, or Corgatha, a City of India within Ganges.
 † Corthilus, li, m. a King-fisher.
 Corticata, a Spanish Island and City in Bætica.
 Corticatus, a, um, having a Rind or Bark.
 † Corticeus, a, um, of Rind or Bark.
 † Corticillus, i, and Corticulus, li, m. a thin Rind.
 Corūco,

Cortico, are, to pull off the Bark.
 Corticosus, a, um, thick barked.
 Corticula, æ, f. a thin Rind.
 † Corticus, ci, a Bow-case.
 CORTINA æ, f. [à corium, vel Arab. Cora res rotunda, &c.] a Curtain, a Dier's Furnace, a Painter's Colour-pot, Apollo's Trevel or inward Vestry whence the Oracle was given. * Cortina Cæli, the Hemisphere. * Cortina plumbea, the Vessel receiving Oil from the pressed Olives.
 Cortinālis, le, of a Cauldron, &c.
 Cortināle, lis, n. the Place where Vats and Cauldrons stood.
 † Cortinarius, a, um, of Curtains.
 † Cortinas, and Cortinaria, a Maker or Spreader of Curtains.
 † Cortinon, Radish-seed.
 Cortinūla, æ, f. a little Curtain, Cauldron, or Dying-vat.
 Corton, a City of Thessaly.
 Cortōna, an ancient City of Tuscany.
 Cortonenses, a People of Spain.
 † Cortūnio, onis, f. a diligent beholding and considering.
 † Cortula, Bears-ear, Sanicle.
 Cortuosa, a City of Tuscany.
 † Cortynia vestis, a Hunting garment.
 Cortyra, a small Country of Laconia.
 † Corvini, Devourers; also as Cerui.
 Corvinus, a, um, of or like a Raven.
 † Corvito, are, to devour.
 † Corvitor, or -bitor, oris, m. a greedy Eater.
 Corula, a City of India within Ganges.
 † Corūletum, i, n. a Place where Nuts grow.
 Corūlus, i, m. a Fillet for a Woman's Head.
 Coruncula, a City of India within Ganges.
 Coruncanus, the first Pontifex Maximus chosen from among the common People, and other Men.
 Corvorum insula, an Island in Arcadia.
 Corvorum Antrum, a Mountain in Cilicia.
 Cōrus, i, m. the North-west Wind, a Cor or Measure of 55 Bushels, g.
 Corus, a River in Arabia falling into the Red Sea.
 Cōruscāmen, inis, n. a Lightning, Flashing.
 Cōruscātio, ōnis, f. glistening, brandishing.
 CōRUSCO, are [à κόρος galea] to glister, lighten, brandish. * Abies coruscat, is shaken.
 † Cōruscum, a Thunder-bolt.
 Cōruscus, a, um, glittering, bright and quick.
 Corusia, a City of Sarmatia in Asia.
 Corvus, i, m. [κόραξ] a Raven, a Carrion-bird; also a kind of Fish, and a defensive Engine in War. * Abi ad corvos, go and be far enough. * Mali corvi, malum ovum, like Father like Son.
 Cory, an Island of the Eastern Sea.
 Corybantes, the mad Priests of Cybele.
 Corybantia æra, Cymbals.
 Corybantiare, g. to sleep with one's Eyes open, or to be troubled with Visions that one cannot sleep.

Corybas, a Painter, Scholar of Nicomachus.
 Corybus, a Promontory of Creet.
 Cōrycæus, ei, m. a Spy, or Hearer.
 Corycia, the Mother of Licorus, a Promontory of Creet, and a Haven of Æthiopia.
 Cōrycium, ii, n. a Wallet for Vintners.
 Corycus, a famous Wrestler, who gave occasion to the Proverb, Luctaricūm Coryco, to attempt any thing beyond one's Strength; also a very high Mountain of Cilicia, and a Town of the same Name, where the best Saffron grows, at the Foot of the Mountain was the Cave Corycium, dedicated to the Muses, who from thence were called Corycides; also a Mountain of Ionia full of Robbers, whence the Proverb, Corycius auscultavit eum, His whole Design is discovered.
 † Corydālis, an Herb good against the Cholick.
 Corydalla, a City of the Rhodii, and a Town about Athens.
 Corydallus, a Town of Attica and Lycia.
 Corydalus, i, m. a Lark, g.
 † Corydēlis, a kind of Fish.
 Corydon, ōnis, the Name of a Shepherd.
 Coryla, or -leum, a Town in Paphlagonia.
 Cōryletum, i, n. a Hazel-cops.
 † Coryllion, a kind of Bird.
 Corylon, a City in Italy.
 CORYLUS, i, f. [Xόρρα] a Filbert-tree. * Corylus sylvestris, the Hazel-nut-tree.
 Cōrymbe, the same as Corambe.
 Cōrymbiatus, a, um, beset with Ivy-berries.
 Cōrymbifer, a, um, bearing Berries like Ivy.
 Corymbifer, an Epithet of Bacchus, whose Priests were crowned with Ivy.
 Corymbion, g. a Perrwig or Coronet.
 Cōrymbites, g. a Kind of Spurge.
 Cōrymbus, i, m. an Ivy-berry, the Stern of a Ship, g.
 Coryna, a City of Ionia.
 Coryne, a City of Elis.
 Corynephoros, g. he that carries a Club.
 Cōrynēta, or -tes, a famous Robber, the Son of Vulcan, slain by Theseus.
 Coryphæum, a Mountain in Epidaurus, where Diana Coryphæa was worshipped.
 Coryphæus, i, m. a Ring-leader, Chief, Principal.
 † Coryphæa, æ, a kind of Fish.
 Coryphantis, a Town on the Adriatickian Shore.
 Coryphas, a Town of Troas.
 Coryphe, g. the Top or Height of any Thing.
 Coryphe, a Mountain near Ganges, and another in Syria, between Antiochia and Berrhœa.
 † Corython, m. a Rock.
 Corythus, the Town Cortona in Tuscany.
 Cōrytus, i, g. a Bow-case.
 Cōryza, æ, f. a Pose or stuffing in the Head, g.
 COS, ōtis, f. [à κόπτω scindo] a Whetstone. * Cos rotaria, or gy-

ratis, a Grindstone. * Cotes scrupulosa, rugged Ways. * Cotemalis, you feed one that shames his Keeper.
 Cos, Coos, or Cōus, an Island in the Ægean Sea, also a City of Egypt.
 Cosa, for Causa.
 † Cosa, a City of Etruria.
 Cōsābus, i, m. a kind of banquetting-dish.
 Cosamba, a City of India within Ganges.
 † Cosambi, for Corambi.
 Cosas, a River of Italy.
 † Cosalæ, for Corollæ.
 Coscinomantia, g. a Divination by a Sieve.
 Coscinus, a Town of Apamia.
 Coscynthus, a River in Italy.
 Cosentia, a City of Italy, called Consenza.
 Cosentinii, the Inhabitants of Cosentia.
 Cosenus, a River of Mauritania.
 Cosiana, a Castle of Palæstine.
 Cosman-tes, a People of Liguria.
 Cosmarcha, æ, m. the Prince of the World.
 Cosmarchia, æ, f. the Government of the World, g.
 † Cosmarius, or Cosmarchus, the Lord of the World.
 Cosmēta, æ, m. a Gentleman or Groom of the Chamber, an Appraiser, g.
 Cosmiana unguenta, sweet Ointments.
 Cosmianus, a, um, of Cosmus.
 † Cosmiaticus, ci, m. Hire paid for riding Post.
 Cosmicus, a, um, g. of the World, worldly; also perfumed. * Stellarum ortus cosmicus, the rising of the Stars with the Sun.
 † Cosmitto, for Committo.
 Cosmius, a, um, of Cosmus.
 Cosmographia, æ, f. the Description of the World, g.
 Cosmographicus, a, um, g. of Cosmography.
 Cosmographo, are, g. to describe the World.
 Cosmographus, i, m. a Cosmographer or Describer of the World, g.
 Cosmos, a Town of Judæa.
 Cosmus, i, the World, g.
 Cosmus, a famous Perfumer.
 Cosoagas, a navigable River falling into Ganges.
 Cosroes, a King of Persia, who slew ninety thousand Christians.
 Cossa, a City of Tuscany, a Town of Umbria, and a City in Calabria, called Consone.
 Cossæa, a Town of Thrace, and part of Persia.
 Cossæi, the Inhabitants of Cossæa.
 Cossætavia, a Country in Spain.
 Cossicus, a, um, belonging to Cossa, or Algebra, the Art of figurative Words.
 † Cossilires, and Cassilires, Stragglers, Vagabonds.
 † Cossim, on both the Hips. See Coxim.
 † Cossini, the same as Hostiones.
 Cossinitus, a River of Thrace.
 Cossium, a Town of Aquitain.
 Cosioanus, a River of India running into Ganges.
 Cossus, i, m. [Kis] a Worm fretting Wood.
 Cossus, a Mountain of Bithynia, and the Name of several Men.
 † Cossus,

† *Coffus*, a, um, *Fest. naturally shrivell'd.*
Coffuta, the Wife of *Cæsar*, of the Family of the *Coffutii*.
Coffuvii, and *-ani*, a Roman Family.
COSTA, æ, f. [*à consto vel 'Ostā ossā*] a Rib. * *Coitæ*, arum, the Sides. * *Coitæ nothæ*, the short Ribs.
Costa, a King of Spain, Brother of *Rodericus*.
† *Costarium*, ii, n. the Place where the Ribs are.
Costatus, a, um, having Ribs.
† *Costella*, and *-ula*, æ, f. a small Rib.
Costoboci, a People of *Sarmatia Europæa*.
† *Costrus*, or *Castrus*, the General of a Camp, or King among Bees.
Costum, i, n. [*à costus*] Balsom.
† *Columa*, æ, Custom.
Coitus, i, the Herb *Cost-mary*, or the Balsom-tree, g.
† *Cosymoxæ*, a Knot of Hair tied on the Crown.
Cosyra, a barren Island in the *Libyan Sea*.
Cosyræi, the Inhabitants of *Cosyra*.
Cosyri, a People of *India*.
Cosyrus, an Island by *Selinus*; also a River and City in *Sicily*.
Cosyte, a City of *Umbria*.
Cotace, a Town of *Aria*.
Cotæa, a Country of *Armenia minor*.
Cotæna, a City of *Armenia minor*.
Cotamba, a Town of *Persia*.
Cotāria, æ, f. [*à cos*] a Quarry, out of which Whetstones are dug.
Cotensii, a People of *Dacia*.
Cotes, or *Cottes*, a Promontory of *Africa*.
Cothon, an Island by *Carthage*.
Cothon, onis, m. } a Haven, Key,
Cothonum, i, n. } Wharf, Pier, g.
Cothurnarius, a, um [*à cothurnus*] lofty, tragical.
Cothurnatus, a, um, wearing Buskins, Pantofles, Moils, written in a high Style.
Cothurnus, i, m. a Buskin, high shoe worn in Tragedies, and by Hunters, hence taken for a lofty Style, g.
† *Cotarius*, ii, m. a Grinder.
Coticulā, æ, f. [*à cos*] a Bone; also a Touchstone, a Mortar made of a Flint.
Cotidianus, and *Cotidiè*, for *Quotidianus*, &c.
† *Cotina*, æ, f. a Cup.
Cotinus, i, m. a kind of wild Olive, g.
Cotilo, a King of the *Daci*, whose Army invading *Pannonia*, was vanquished by *Cornel Lentulus*, *Augustus's* General.
Cotomana, a Town of *Armenia major*.
† *Cotōna*, *Cotona*, or *Cottona*, orum, n. a kind of Figs.
† *Cotōnāria*, æ, f. Chaff-wort, Cudwort.
† *Cotonaster*, a wild Quince-tree.
† *Cotonea*, an Herb so called of the *Venerians*.
Cotonēum, ei, n. [*Κυδώνιον*] a Quince or Quiddany.
Cotoneus, a, um, of Quince.
† *Cotonia*, a Quarry of Flint.
Cotrades, a City of *Hauria*.
Cotriguri, a People of the *Huns*.
Coita, an Orator, and other Men.

Cottabus, i, m. the Noise of a Whip, and of Liquor poured out of one Vessel into another; also a Play among young Men, by throwing what they left in the Cup upon the Ground, and guessing by the Sound, of the future Event of their Loves, g.
Cottobriga, a City of *Portugal*.
Cotrasum, ni, g. a kind of small Figs.
Cottesfoldia, *Cotswold* in *Gloucestershire*.
Cottixæ, the Alps.
Cottiarā, a City of *India* within *Ganges*.
Cottiaris, a River in *China*.
Cottis, a Town of *India* within *Ganges*.
Cottium, a Place of *Gallia Narbonensis*, about the Alps *Cottixæ*.
Cottabora, a Town of *Gedrosia*, and of *India* within *Ganges*.
Cotton, a City of *Asia propria*.
Cottona, a Haven of *Æthiopia*; also a Country of *India*.
† *Cottum*, i, n. Cotton.
Cottus, a Giant with a hundred Hands.
Cottuntii, a People of the *Rhæti*.
Cotula, æ, f. [*à cos*] a little Whetstone. * *Cotula foetida*, May-weed.
† *Coturnium*, a Wine-vessel used in Sacrifices.
Coturnix, icis, f. [*'Ogruē*] a Quail.
Cotus, f. Anger, g.
Cotyæum, a City of *Phrygia*.
Cotyla, æ, f. g. a Half-pint, also a Drinking-cup, May-weed, the Hollow or Pan in which a Bone turns.
Cotylæum, a Mountain in *Eubœa*.
Cotylæus, *Æsculapius* at *Eurotas*, (a River of *Laconia*) to whom *Hercules* built a Temple, when he was healed of a Wound in his Hand.
Cotyle, es, f. the Hollow of a Cup, Hand or Huckle-bone; also the Play Pick-pack, g.
Cotyledon, onis, f. the Herb Navelwort. * *Cotyledon hirsuta*, hairy Kidney-wort, g.
Cotyliscus, and *Cotylus*, i, m. a kind of Quaffing-cup, g.
Cotylus, a Mountain of *Arcadia*.
Cotylum, a little Hill upon Mount *Ida*.
Cotyrga, a City of *Sicily*.
Cotys, the Name of several Kings of *Thrace*, whereof one being of an angry Disposition, being presented with some curious earthen Ware, brake it all in Pieces, to prevent his Anger with others that should break it.
Cōtytto, a lascivious Goddess, whose Sacrifices, called *Cotyttia*, were performed at *Athens* in the Night by her Priests called *Baptæ*.
Cotzianum, a City of *Phrygia*.
† *Covalus*, li, m. a Hobgoblin or Juggler.
† *Covellus*, a, um, heavenly.
Coventria, *Coventry*.
Cougium, a City in *Spain*.
Covinarius, ii, m. a British Charioteer, or he that fights out of it.
Cōvinus, i, m. [*à cavus*] an Iron Chariot of the *Britains*.
Coum vinum, Wine of the Island *Cous*.
Counio, ire, to unite.
Counos, a British Island.

† *Courni*, Drink, Ale or Beer.
Cōus, the Size upon the Dye, g.
Cous, a, um, of *Coos*, or *Cos*.
Cōutērinus, i, m. a Brother by the Mother's side.
† *Cōutor*, ti, to use together.
† *Covum*, i, n. Heaven; also a Leather-thong.
COXA, æ, f. [*Κοχών*] a Haunch, Hip, Huckle-bone.
† *Coxāle*, lis, n. a Girdle or Covering of the Hips.
Coxarius morbus, the Hip-gout.
† *Coxendica*, æ, f. the Hip.
Coxendix, icis, f. the Hip, Thigh or Knuckle-bone; also the Hip-gout.
* *Herba coxendicum*, great Penny-wort, or *Venus Navel*.
† *Coxigo*, are, to be lame.
† *Coxim*, or *Cosim*, upon the Buttocks.
† *Coxosus*, a, um, mad, frantick.
† *Coxūla*, æ, f. a little Thigh.
† *Coxus*, a, um, lame.
Coymaseni, a People of *Corfica*.
Cozala, a Town of *Armenia major*.
Cozistia, a City of *Cappadocia*.

C R

C R. for *Crispus*, *Creticus*, *Contractum*.
C. R. for *Civis Romanus*.
C. R. C. for *Cujus rei causa*.
Crabasia, a City of the *Iberi*.
† *Crāber*, rā, rum, thin, slender.
† *Crabonista*, a kind of Instrument.
Crabro, onis, m. [*à craceo*, vel a *Κράας cornu*] a Hornet. * *Crabrones irritare*, to wake a snappish Cur.
Crācea, a Saxon Sorceress, who could change Dishes of Meat into strange Forms, whereby she was thought to be the simpler sort to be a Goddess.
† *Cracentes*, slender.
† *Craceo*, ere, to be slender.
Cracovia, the City of *Cracow* in *Poland*.
Cracus, an *Ægyptian* God, to whom they sacrificed salt Things.
† *Cracutæ*, Mongrels begotten of Wolves and Dogs.
Crade, a City of *Caria*.
Cragus, a Mountain of *Cilicia*, part of *Taurus* consecrated to *Apollo*.
Crugins, a, um, of *Cragus*.
Crambe, es, f. Colewort. * *Crambe recocta*, a loathsome repeating of Things, g.
Crambusa, an Island of *Cilicia*, and a City of *Lycia*.
Crambutis, a City of *Ægypt*.
Cranae, an Island of *Laconia*, call'd *Helena*.
Cranates, an Inhabitant of *Cranae*.
Cranae, a Name of *Attica* from King *Cranaus*.
Cranæus, a, um, of *Cranae*.
Cranaus, a Town of *Caria*; also a King of *Athens* who succeeded *Cecrops*.
Cranda, a Town of *Æthiopia*.
Crane, a City of *Arcadia*, where many Fir-trees grow; also the Name of a Nymph given to hunting, who had deceived many Suiters, at last prevailed upon by *Janus*, who to recompense her made her a Goddess of Hinges, and gave her Power to drive Hags from Children's Cradles: See *WU*

was call'd afterwards Carda and Cardinia.
 Cranea, a small Country of the Ambraciots.
 Craneum, a certain School at Corinth.
 Craneus, the first King of Macedonia, whose Successors reigned till Alexander, almost five hundred Years.
 Crania, the ancient Name of Tarsus in Cilicia.
 Cranide, a City inhabited by the Thasii, and afterwards called Philippi.
 Cranides, a Town by Pontus.
 Cranion, a City of Cephallenia.
 Cranium, ii, n. [Κρανιον] the Skull or Brain-pan; also a Cup.
 Cranon, or Crannon, a City of Thessaly, where they say there are only two Ravens, which having bred, go away and leave only two.
 Crantor, ōris, an Academic Philosopher, Scholar to Plato, he wrote a Book de Consolatione, imitated by Cicero; also the Armour-bearer of Peleus, slain by the Centaur Demoleon.
 † Cranium, the Fruit of the Cornel-tree.
 † Crapatolum, li, n. a Persian Coin.
 Crāpūla, x, f. [Κραιπάλη] a Surfeit, Drunkenness; also the Dregs of Rosh put into Must. * Crapulam edormire, to take a Nap to recover one's Wits.
 Crāpūlārius, a, um, of a Surfeit.
 † Crāpūlātus, a, um, drunken.
 † Crāpūlor, ari, to surfeit or dis Temper one's self.
 CRAS [Heb. machar] adv. to morrow, hereafter.
 Craferium, a Country in Sicily.
 Crasis, is, f. the Complexion, or Mixture of Humours, g.
 Craspidites, a Bay of Phrygia.
 Crasāmen, inis, n. [à crassus] Grounds, Dregs, Sediment, Grossness.
 Crasāmentum, i, n. Thickness.
 Crasse, adv. thickly.
 Crasseco, ere, to grow fat or gross, thick, big.
 † Crassimentum, i, n. Grossness.
 † Crassipelles, Fools, thick-skulled.
 Crassities, ei, f. } Grossness, Fatness, thickness.
 Crassitudo, inis, }
 Crassitius, a Grammarian at Rome, Master of Julianus Antonius.
 † Crasso, are, to make gross.
 † Crassor and Crassator, for Grassator and Grassor.
 Crassula major, the Herb Orpine or Love-lonz. * Crassula minor, worm-grass, great stone-crop.
 † Crassulāgo, inis, f. the Seed of Orpine.
 † Crassulentus, a, um, very gross.
 † Crassulus, a, um, somewhat gross.
 CRASSUS, a, um [à Κράσος caro] gross, fat, thick, dull, homely. * Crassa Minervā, bluntly.
 Crassus, the Name of several Men, whereof one was the Grandfather of the rich Crassus, and was called Agellastus, because he never laugh'd.
 Lucius Crassus, a famous Orator.
 Publius Crassus, a skilful Lawyer, Brother to the Orator.
 Mar. Crassus, the Son of P. Crassus, the richest of all the Romans, who said none was to be accounted rich, but he that by his Revenue could

maintain an Army; in a War with the Parthians, he lost 30000 Romans and his own Life; the Barbarians thinking he made this War for the Love of their Gold, poured it melted into his dead Body.
 † Crastes, is, dry Hay.
 † Crastinatio, onis, f. a delaying from Day to Day.
 † Crastino, are [à cras] to put off from Day to Day.
 Crastinus, a, um, of Crastus.
 Crastinō, adv. on the Morrow.
 Crastinus, a, um, of to Morrow, new, daily. * In crastinum, until or against to Morrow. * Crastinus fructus, new Fruit.
 Crastinus, a Roman General, sent against the Vandals.
 Crastus, a City in Sicily.
 Crategonon, or Cratægonon, wild Cow-wheat, g.
 Cratæis, the Mother of Scylla.
 Crateis, a River in Calabria.
 CRATER, ēris, m. } a Goblet, or
 Cratēra, x, f. } great Bowl,
 a Dish, Platter, a Pot that Meat is boiled in, the Basin of a Fountain, a Constellation, g. * Crateres, the Vents of Mount Aetna.
 Crater, a Bay of Campania, called Golfo di Napoli.
 † Crater, a, um, binding one another.
 † Craterculus, x, f. a little Bowl.
 Craterites, g. a precious Stone, very hard.
 † Craterra, x, f. a Bucket.
 Cratērus, a Macedonian of Alexander's Company who wrote his Ais; also a famous Physician, Statuary, Painter.
 CRATĒS, is, f. [Τάραχος] a Hurdle, wailing with Rods, a Harrow, an Iron-grate. * Spinae crates, the Chinc of the Back.
 Crates, a Cynick Philosopher of Thebes, who turned all he had into Money, depositing it with one of Trapezus for the use of his Sons, if they proved not Philosophers; if they did, for the use of the poor. Others say, he threw his Wealth into the Sea, saying, I'll drown you, lest you drown me; also a comical Poet of Athens; also a Grammarian, who wrote a Grammar while he was Ambassador at Rome, from King Attalus, and others.
 Cratēuta, x, f. a Cobiron, or a Rack for the Spit, g.
 Crathis, a Shepherd who fell in love with a Goat, and begat a Child with the nether Parts like the Dam, and the Face like the Father; also the Name of two Rivers, one in Achaia propria, the other in Magna Græcia near Sybaris, whose Water is said to make the Hair yellow.
 Craticula, x, f. [à crates] a Grid-iron.
 † Craticulo, are, to cover with Grates, or burn Coals on a Grate.
 † Craticulum, i, n. a Grid-iron.
 † Craticulus, i, a little Goblet.
 Cratinus, a famous Comedian at Athens; a famous Wrestler, and a Statuary, and a River in Asia.
 Cratio, ire [à crates] to harrow, wattle, or twist Hurdles.
 Cratippus, a Philosopher of Mitylene, who taught Marcus the Son of Cicero at Athens; and meeting Pompey after his Overthrow, com-

forted him like a Philosopher, with a Discourse of Providence, and the Necessity of Rome's Downfall.
 Cratis, is, f. a Rack for Hay. See Crates.
 Cratitius, a, um [à crates] of Hurdler, wattled.
 Cratos, g. Power, Dominion.
 Cratylus, an Athenian Philosopher, Master to Plato.
 Cravalidæ, or cravagalidæ, a Country of Phocis, near Cirrha.
 Craugæ, two Islands of Peloponnesus.
 † Craugon, or -gus, a Wood-pecker.
 † Craura, the Murrain in H g.
 † Crea, x, f. the Skin of the Leg; also Filth.
 Creābilis, le [à cre.] which may be created.
 Creacentrum, i, n. a Fl.-sh-fork; also a Larding-stick.
 Creagra, x, f. a Fresh-hack, g.
 † Creamen, inis, n. a Creating.
 Creatio, ōnis, f. Creation, or Procreation.
 Creātor, ōris m. a Creator. * Creator urbis Romæ, the Founder of Rome.
 Creatrix, icis, f. she that creates.
 Creatura, x, f. a Creature.
 Creātus, a, um, created, born.
 CRĒBER, ra, rum [à cresco, vel Heb. Kabar multiplicare] frequent, thick. * Creber in eo fuisti, you repeated it again and again.
 Creberrimus, a, um, very often.
 Crebrē, ius, often.
 † Crebreo, ere, to be frequent.
 Crebresco, ere, to come thicker, to multiply, wax common.
 † Crebritarius, ii, m. a Place haunted with Thieves.
 † Crebrisuro, and -rus, a Trench fortified with Palisadoes.
 Crebritas, ātis, f. [à creber] Frequency, standing thick.
 † Crebritē, usually, often.
 † Crebritudo, inis, f. Thickness, oftenness.
 Crebrō, ius, errimē, adv. frequently.
 Credens, ntis, believing, &c.
 † Crēdentia, x, f. a believing, a Pledge of Fidelity, Letters of Credence.
 Crēdibilis, le, credible, likely.
 Crēdibiliter, adv. credible, probably.
 † Crēditārius, ii, m. a Chamberlain; also a Counsellor.
 Crēditor, ōris, m. a Creditor, Lender, Entruster.
 Creditrix, icis, f. she that lends.
 Crēditum, i, n. Debt, Credit, a Thing committed to Trust.
 Crēditur, imp. there is trusting, Men believe, * Non bene ripa creditur, 'tis not safe trusting the Bank.
 Crēditus, a, um, believed, lent, entrusted with.
 CRĒDO, didi, dītum [à Καρδία cor, vel à Χρησθω nutuo do] to believe, commit, trust, lend, disclose. * In navem se credere, to trust himself aboard. * Alicui de re aliqua credere, to believe what one says of a Thing. * Credere consilia alicui, to disclose his Intentions to one. * Credere pecuniam alicui, to entrust Money with one, or to lend one Money.
 † Creduas, for Credis.

Crēdu-

Crēdūlitas, ātis, f. *Credulity, Lightness of Belief.*
Crēdulus, a, um, *light of believing.*
Crēfennæ, a People of Scandia called Scritlinner.
Creius, a Mountain of Argia.
Crema, a City of Pontus.
Cremesius, belonging to Crema.
Crēmāstēres, -rum, g. *Pot-hooks, the Nerves upon which the Testicles hang.*
Crēmatio, ōnis, f. *a burning.*
Crēmātus, a, um, *burned.*
Crembala, orum, g. *Castinets or Rattles which Children play with.*
† Cremēn, inis, n. *an Increasing.*
† Crēmēto, are, *to increase.*
† Crēmētum, i, n. *Increase.*
Crēmēra, a River of Tuscany, famous for the Slaughter of three hundred Fabii, circumvented by the Veientes.
† Cremiales arbores, *Trees for Firewood.*
† Creminium, ii, n. *a Sacrifice.*
Cremium, ii, n. [à cremo] *Brushwood; also a Dish of Steakes.*
Cremna, a City of Lycia.
Cremnia, a City of Crete.
Cremmyon, or *Crommyon*, a Town near Corinth, where Theseus slew a Sow of incredible Bigness.
Cremmyonius, a, um, of *Cremmyon.*
Cremmi, or -os, a Mart-town of the Lake Mæotis, near the River Tanais.
Cremniscus, a Town about Ister in Sarmatia.
CRĒMO, are [Heb. Camar] *to burn, and set on Fire.*
Cremona, a City of Gallia Cisalpina, not far from Mantua, which keeps its Name to this very Day.
Cremonis jugum, a part of the Alps, where some think Hannibal passed over.
CRĒMOR, ōris, m. [Κρημύρον vel a cerno] *the Juice press'd out of any Grain steep'd, Cream or Barin.*
Cremutium, ii, n. *a whole Burnt-offering.*
CRĒNA, æ, f. [à Κρηνη fons, vel Κρηνην caput] *a Notch, Nib, or Slit.*
Crenatus, a, um, *notched, jagged.*
Crenides, a City of Sicily, which Philip called afterwards Philippi, and other Places.
Crenis, a Nymph in Ovid.
CREO, are [à Κρηω impero, vel Κρηω misceo] *to create, beget, cause or procure, to choose. * Ærumnas creare alicui, to bring trouble to one.*
Creoracabus, g. *Flesh minced with Blood, Suet and sweet Liquor, a Hash.*
Creodætæ, Lacedæmonian Officers who distributed the Meat.
Creodōcon, g. *a Vessel to keep Flesh in.*
† Creomitus, i, *a kind of Tree.*
*** Creomitum**, i, *the Fruit of it.*
Creon, ōnis, a Mountain of Lesbos.
Creon, ntis, a King of Corinth, son to the Robber Sisyphus, who married his Daughter Creusa to Jason after he had divorced Medea; also a King of Thebes, who resigned his Kingdom to Oedipus for expounding Sphinx's Riddles; also the first yearly Governor of the Athenians.

Creontiades, a Son of Hercules by Megara the Daughter of Creon King of Thebes.
Creophagi, a People of Æthiopia.
Creophilus, a Poet of Samos, who entertained Homer, and is thought by some to be his Master.
† Crepātio, ōnis, f. *a rushing or bouncing.*
Crēpax, ācis [à crepo] *making a crackling.*
Crēpērus, a, um [à Κρηπας caligo] *uncertain, doubtful, dark.*
Crephagenetus, for *Cnephagenetus.*
Crepi, the Luperi so called.
Crēpida, æ, f. [Κρηπις] *a Slipper, a Shoe-sole with a Strap to fasten it over.*
Crēpidārius, a, um, of *Slippers.*
Crēpidārius, ii, m. *a Slipper-maker.*
Crēpidātus, a, um, *having Slippers on.*
CRĒPIDO, inis, f. [Κρηπις] *the Edge of a Bank, any high Place by a Road's side on which Beggars sit, the Brink of a Well, the Brow of a Rock or high Shore, a Key or Wharf; also the Rump, a Creek or Corner. * Crepidines obelisci, the Ground-work of an Obelisk.*
Crēpidula, æ, f. *a little Pantofle.*
† Crēpidulum, ii, n. *an Ointment of the Head.*
Crepi, as *Crepida*, g. *also a kind of Herb, and a fine Cake of Honey and Flower.*
† Crēpita, æ, f. *a Den or Cave.*
Crēpitacillum, ii, n. *a small Rattle.*
Crēpitaculum, i, n. [à crepitus] *a Cymbal, a Rattle.*
Crēpitans, ntis, *rattling. * Crepitans dentibus alior, chattering by reason of cold.*
Crēpito, are [à crepo] *to rattle, make a crackling Noise, break Wind backward.*
Crēpitus, ūs, m. *a crackling, creaking, chattering, grating, jingling, clashing, slapping, snapping, stamping, dashing, rattling. * Crepitus ventris, a breaking Wind backward.*
CRĒPO, ui, itum, are [à sono] *to crack or creak, brag of; also to whine or complain, to crack in breaking.*
Crēpundia, orum, n. [à crepo] *Rattles or other Bables to jingle in Children's Hands, also their first Apparel.*
Crepus, a Priest of Jupiter.
† Crepuscia, *Things born or bred about Twilight.*
† Crēpusculāscens, ntis, *growing dark.*
† Crēpusculō, are, *to grow dark.*
Crēpusculum, i, n. [à creperus] *Twilight, either before Sun-rising or after Sun-setting.*
Cres, ētis, one of Crete, also the first King of the Cretans.
Creſa, or *Creſſa*, a Town of Caria.
Creſcens, ntis, a Nobleman of Rome, slain by Otho for his Ambition, and other Men.
Creſcens, ntis, *increasing, &c.*
Creſcentius, the Name of several Men.
Creſco, ere, etum [à creo] *to grow, increase, be promoted, augmented, determine with one's self. * In cuius domo creverat, in whose House he had been brought up. * Creſcit*

mihi materies scribendi, I have more and more to write to you.
Creſium, a City of Cyprus.
Creſius, a Hill in Arcadia.
Creſpa, or *Crexa*, a City of Liburnia.
Creſphontes, a King of the Meſſenii, slain in a popular Sedition.
† Creſpinus, i, the Barberry-tree.
Creſſa, as *Creſa*, also a City of Pa-phlagonia.
Creſſe, for *Creviſſe.*
Creſſea, a Country near Pallena.
Creſſius, a, um, of Crete. * *Creſſa*
Creſſus, nota, a white Mark ſignifying a lucky Day.
Creſton, a Town of Thrace.
Creſtonæus, a, um, of *Creſton.*
Creſtonius, a, um, of *Creſton.*
Creſtonicus, a, um, of *Creſton.*
Creſtones, a People who had each of them ſeveral Wives, and when the Husband died, ſhe that could prove ſhe had loved him beſt, was gorgeouſly attired, ſlain by her Kinſfolks, and buried with him.
CRĒTA, æ, f. [ab inſula Creta] *Chalk; also the Goal or Mark at the End of a Race. * Creta marina, Samphire. * Cretā notare, to ſcore or chalk up.*
Creta, the greateſt Iſland in the Cretan Sea called Candy, where Jupiter was thought to be born; also a Town in Scythia.
Crētæus, a, um, of Crete.
Crētæus, a, um, *chalky, growing in a chalky Place.*
Crētæ, certain Iſlands of Mæſia.
Crētæſodina, æ, f. *a Marl or Chalk-pit.*
Crētæus, the Name of a Poet in Propertius.
Crētæus, a, um, of Crete.
Crētārium, ii, n. *a Chalk-pit.*
Crētārius, ii, m. *a Worker in Chalk.*
Crētātus, a, um, *chalked. * Crētati pedes, Slaves whitened Feet.*
Cretea, a Country of Arcadia, where the Inhabitants ſay Jupiter was brought up, and not in Crete.
Cretenia, a Place in Rhodes where Althemenes dwelt, who when the Oracle told him he ſhould kill his Father, fled to avoid it, and in the Night lighted upon a Ship, where he thought there were Pirates, and ſlew his Father.
Cretenſes, the Cretans, noted for their lying.
Crētēſis, e, of Crete. * *Crētēſis Crētēſem, Knaves well met.*
Creteus, a, um, of Chalk.
Cretheus, a Son of Æolus, who begat Æſon on Tyros, Daughter of his Brother Samoneus. * *Cretheia virgo, Helle, the Grand-daughter of Cretheus.*
Crethmus, g. *a kind of Herb.*
Crethon, the Son of Diocles, ſlain by Æneas in the Trojan Wars.
Cretecus, a, um, of Crete.
Cretecus pes, a Foot of 3 Syllables, the firſt and laſt long, the middle ſhort, called otherwiſe Amphimacer.
Crēticus, the Name of an Orator, ſometimes for any Judge.
Creteſorum regio, a Country by Ephesus.
† Creteſos, a kind of Herb.
Creteſus, a Magnesian General in the War with Mithridates.

Crētio, ōnis f. [à cerno] a Solemnity or Feast kept at the Entrance upon an Inheritance; also the Possession it self. * **Crētio libera**, an entering upon an Estate without paying any thing out of it.
Crētis, idis, f. any Woman of Creet.
Crētizo, are, g. to play the Cretian, or deceive.
Crētopolis, a City of Pamphylia.
† Crētōsitas, ātis, f. abundance of Chalk.
Crētōsus, a, um, full of Chalk.
Crētūla, æ, f. a piece of Chalk.
† Crētūra, æ, f. a sifting; also coarse Meal, Grudgeons.
Crētus, a, um [of cresco] descended, born.
Crētus, a, um [of cernor] severed, parted from, &c.
Creuga, the Name of a famous Champion.
Crēvi, præter. of cresco, I am increased in Age or Estate; of cerno, I enter'd upon an Estate, I determin'd.
Crēusa, the Daughter of Creon King of Corinth, whom Jason married, having abandon'd Medea, who thereupon sent her a Box of Wild-fire, which burnt the whole Court; also the Daughter of Priamus and Wife of Æneas; and other Women; also a Town of Bœotia.
Cribello, are, to sift.
Cribellum, i, n. [à cribrum] a Searce or little Sieve.
Cribraria, æ, f. the finest Flower thrice sifted.
† Cribrārius, ii, m. a Boulter or Sieve-maker.
Cribrārius, a, um, of a Sieve.
Cribro, are, to bolt, sift, searce.
CRIBRUM, i, n. [à cerno] a Sieve.
 * **Aquam cribro haurire**, to labour in vain.
CRIMEN, inis, n. [à κρίνω, cerno] a Crime, Fault, Blame, Accusation, Imputation, Infamy, Reproach, Defaming, Adultery, a false Suspicion, the Cause or Occasion of. * **Habere crimen ab aliquo**, to have an Accusation against by Information of any one. * **In crimine esse**, to be faulty.
Criminālis, le, criminal.
Crimināliter, adv. criminally.
Criminātio, ōnis, f. a blaming, taxing, charging highly.
Criminātor, ōris, m. an Accuser.
Criminātorius, a, um, full of Crimes, or Accusations.
Criminor, ari, to accuse, complain of. * **Criminari aliquem alteri**, to complain of one to another. * **Criminari apud senatum**, to charge with before the Senate.
Criminōse, adv. by way of Accusation, slanderously.
Criminosissimē, adv. very reproachfully.
Criminosissimus, a, um, most blameworthy, &c.
† Crimositas, ātis, f. ill Report.
Criminosus, a, um, scandalous, defamatory, blame-worthy, punishable.
Crimisa, a City of the Lucani.
Crina, crinina, or crinania, Oil of Lillies.
Crināle, is, n. [à crinis] a Bodkin, also a Coif.
Crinālis, le, of the Hair. * **Vitta crinalis**, a Hair-lace.

Crinas, a Massilian Physician who gave all his Physic by Observation of the Planets.
Criniger, a, um, [à crinis & gero] wearing long Hair.
Crininus, a, um, g. of Lillies.
Crinio, ire, to crest, to tuft.
Crinior, iri, to be crested or hairy.
CRINIS, is, m. [à κρίνω, discerno] Hair of Man or Beast, a kind of Band made of Hair, the Fins of Fish, the Locks. * **Crines vitium**, the Tendrels of Vines. * **Crinis venaris**, a precious Stone with hairy shining Rays. * **Empti crines**, a Periwig. * **Crines capere**, to lay hold of an Opportunity.
Crinis, one of Apollo's Priests, who neglecting the Sacrifices, had all his Fruits eaten up with Mice, but upon his repenting, Apollo slew the Mice, and from thence was called Smintheus; also a Stoic Philosopher.
Crinifus, a River in Sicily near the City Segerā, who in the Shape of a Dog, or rather a Bear, is feign'd to lye with Hegesta, and begat Acestes afterward King of Sicily.
Crinitus, a, um, having long Locks.
Stella crinita, a Comet.
Crinōmēnon, g. the Issue of a Suit at Law.
Crinon, g. a Lilly, or the Flower of the Gourd.
† Crinōsitas, ātis, f. Hairiness.
Crioa, a Town in the Tribe of Antiochis.
Criobolium, g. the Sacrifice of the Ram.
Crios, a Ram; also a kind of Pease, and a Ship whose Sign is a Ram, g.
Crifa, a City of Troas.
Crisis, is, f. the Judgment of Physicians concerning a Disease, or any Judgment, g.
† Crisoberillus, a certain Gem.
† Crisoa, æ, f. a Tuft.
Crispans, ntis, curling, brandishing, &c. * **Crispans natus**, a wrinkled Nose (in derision). * **Crispans crepitus**, a Noise coming now and then.
Crispatus, a, um, curled, shaken, &c.
† Crispicans, curling a little.
† Crispicapillus, a, um, having curled Hair.
† Crispina, a Raspberry.
Crispina, a City of Pannonia.
† Crispinus, i, a Raspberry-bush.
Crispinus, the Name of several Men.
† Crispifulcans fulmen, the Lightning coming down wrinkled.
† Crispitudo, inis, f. curledness, a wanton shaking of the Body.
Crispitia, a City of Dacia.
Crispo, are, [à crispus] to curl, frizle, brandish, make to shine.
Crispor, ari, to be curled, &c.
Crispulus, a, um, somewhat curled, or curled into small Rings.
CRISPUS, a, um [à γρῦνός, curvus] curled, frizled, crumpled. * **Uvae crispæ**, Gooseberries. * **Crispioris elegantiae materies**, Wood curiously streal'd and wav'd.
Crispus Salustius, a notable Latin Historian, sententious and curt, emulating Thucydides, at great enmity with Cicero.
Crispus, the Son of Constantine, slain by his Father; and others.
Crissa, or Crisa, a Sea-town of Phocis, built by Crissus the son of Phocus; also a Town of Calabria.

Crisseus, a, um, of Crissa
Crisso, are, g. to use a lustful Posture or Motion.
CRISTA, æ, f. [à κόρα caput] a Crest, Tuft, the Cop or Comb of a Bird. * **Crista galli**, the Cock's comb; also the Herb Yellow-rattle.
† Cristallus, as Crystallus.
Cristatus, a, um, crested, copped.
Cristonii, a People of Scythia.
Cristula, æ, f. a little Crest or Cop.
Critæ, g. Judges in Prizes, &c.
Critalus, a Town of Cappadocia.
Critensi, a People of Asia.
Crithe, es, a Barley-corn; also a Wart or Fly upon the Eye-brow, g.
Critheis, the Daughter of Atellis, Mother of Homer.
Crithiāsis, g. the foundering of a Horse or surfeiting.
Crithote, a City of Hellespont and Promontory of Acarnania.
Critias, a Philosopher who held that the Blood was the Soul; also one of the 30 Tyrants of Athens, and other Men.
Criticus, a, um, g. critical, censuring, decratory. * **Critici dies**, the Days upon which the Physicians judge of a Distemper.
Criticus, i, m. a Critic.
Crito, an Athenian, familiar with Socrates, and other Men.
Crītobūlus, a Physician who drew an Arrow out of King Philip's Eye, and cured him without disfiguring his Face.
Critodemus, the Name of an Historian.
Critolaus, an Athenian General who destroyed Corinth; also an Historian, and a Peripatetic Philosopher of Athens sent Ambassador to Rome, with Carneades and Diogenes the Stoic.
Criton, the Name of an Historian.
Criu-metopon, 2 Promontories, one in Creet, the other in Taurica Chersonesus.
Crius, Part of Attica, and a River of Achaia.
Crixa, a Town of Liguria.
Croatia, as Liburnia.
Crobiatus, a Town in Paphlagonia.
Crobilus, li, m. an Ornament for the Head, g.
Crobilus, a comical Poet; also a Bully, that used to draw in Cullies, and pick their Pocket. Hence **Crobili jugum**.
Crobysi, a People by Ister.
Crōca, Cracow in Poland.
† Crocactum, i, n. an Herb of which Poets made their Garlands.
Crocala, a sandy Island about the Mouth of the River Indus.
† Crocalis, is, a precious Stone like a Cherry.
† Crocātio, ōnis, f. the cawing of a Crow.
Crōcātus, a, um [à crocus] Saffroned, done with Saffron.
Crōceus, a, um, of or like Saffron.
Crocia, one of the hundred Cities of Laconia.
Crocias, g. a precious Stone like to Saffron.
Crocationon, a City in Gallia Lugdunensis.
Crocillus, a Shepherd in Theocritus.
Crōcinum i, n. an Ointment of Saffron.

Cröcīnus, a, um, of Saffron.
Crocio, ire [à sono] to caw or croak.
Crocis, g. a kind of Herb.
Cröcītatio, ōnis, f. a cawing, croaking.
Cröcīto, are, to caw often.
† Cröcīus, ūs, m. a croaking.
Crocīus, a Field in Thessaly, thorough which Amphrysus runs.
† Croco, are, to caw or croak.
Crococalana, or **Crocolana**, or **Corolana**, Ancaster in Lincolnshire.
Cröcödīlēa, x, f. the sweet smelling Dung of the Land Crocodile, which the Women use for Paint; also the Beast it self.
Cröcödīlinus, a, um, of or like a Crocodile. * **Cröcödīlinæ** ambiguitates, Sophisms, captious Arguments.
Cröcödīlium, ii, n. an Herb like to Chameleön Niger, g.
Cröcödīlopolis, a City of Thebais in Egypt by Nilus; also a Town in Phœnicia by Mount Carmel.
Cröcödīlus, i, m. a Crocodile, g.
Cröcödīlus, a Mountain of Cilicia.
Cröcömagma, ātis, n. an Ointment of Saffron; also the Dregs of the Oyl of Saffron, g.
Croconus, a River of the Brutii, into which if any thing be cast, 'tis cruised over like Stone.
Crocopelos, g. with a yellow Veil, an Epithet of Aurora.
Cröcötus, a Field near Thessaly by the River Amphrysus.
Cröcōta, x, f. a yellow Gown, g.
Crocotarii, they that make such Gowns.
† Crocotinum, i, n. a kind of yellow Cake.
Crocotta, g. a kind of Beast in Æthiopia.
Cröcötūla, x, f. [à crocotta] a yellow Coat.
Crocotularius, ii, m. a Dyer of yellow Garments.
Crocum, i, n. and -cus, ci, m. Saffron Chievers or little Strings in the midst of Flowers, g.
Crocus, a Hunter, by the Prayers of the Muses placed among the Stars, and called Sagittarius; also a beautiful Youth, who for the Love of Smilax pined away into a Flower of that Name.
Crocuta, x, f. a Beast begotten of a Lioness and Hyena, g.
Crocyleum, or -lium, a City of Æolia.
Cræsus, the Son of Alyattes, the richest Man then living, whence **Cræsi** divitiæ; thinking himself the happiest Man, he asked Solon, Whom he thought most happy? he told him, No Man was happy before Death; being taken Prisoner by Cyrus, and ready to be burnt, he cried out, Solon! Solon! being asked the Reason by Cyrus, he told him Solon's Words: he thereupon saved him, and used him as his Counsellor.
Crois, a City of Arabia.
† Crolla, for Corolla, a Garland.
Cromites, a Country in Peloponnesus.
Crommyon, g. an Onion.
Crommyon, a Promontory of Cyprus, a City of Libya, and other Places.
Crommyonessus, an Island before Smyrna.
Cromna, a Town of Paphlagonia.

† Cronia, orum, Feasts dedicated to Saturn.
† Cronica, Statues in Honour of them that were thrice Conquerors in the Olympic Games.
Cronium, a Mountain of Peloponnesus, a City of Elis, and a Town of Sicily taken by Amilcar.
Cronium mare, the Adriatic Sea.
Cronius, one of the Centaurs.
Cronocrator, g. a Planet which is Lord of ten Years.
Cropia, a Town in the Tribe Leontis.
Cros, a City of Ægypt.
Crossa, a City by Pontus.
Crossez, a Country of Greece.
† Crossus, i, a Wine-pot.
Crotalia, orum, n. precious Stones, making a shrill Noise his one against another, g.
Crotalistria, x, f. a Woman playing on the Cymbal, g.
Crötälum, i, n. a tinkling Cymbal, g.
† Crötälus, i, m. he that has a shrill Voice.
Crotalus, a navigable River of Italy.
Crötäphitæ, m. pl. the Muscles of the Temples, g.
† Crötīlus, a, um, slender.
Croton, onis, f. a kind of Shrub, Gam, Fly, g.
Croton, a City of Italy in the Bay of Tarentum, the Country of Milo; the Air was temperate, even to a Proverb; whence **Crotone** salubrius.
Crötopus, a King of the Argives, and Father of Pſammathe, who bore Linus to Apollo, who was therefore called **Crötopides**.
† Crotta, x, f. a Crowd or Fiddle.
Crotus, or -ton, the Son of Eupheme, the Nurse of the Muses.
Crüciabilis, le, painful.
† Crüciabilitas, ātis, f. Torment.
Crüciabiliter, adv. tormentingly.
Crüciamentum, i, n. a tormenting.
Crüciants, ntis, tormenting. * **Equus crucians**, a hard trotting Horse.
Crüciarius, ii, m. a Tormenter; or he that deserves to be tormented.
Crüciarius, a, um, of Torment, or of the Cross, worthy a Halter.
Crüciāta, x, f. Cross-wort, Mug-weed.
† Crüciatio, ōnis, f. a tormenting.
Crüciator, ōris, m. a Tormenter.
† Crüciatorius, a, um, belonging to Torment.
Crüciātus, ūs, m. Torment, Anguish. * **Cruciatus lateris**, the Pleurisy.
† Crücibulum, ii, a Crucible; also a Cresset, Watch-candle.
† Crücicōla, x, c. a Worshipper of the Cross.
† Crücicūla, x, f. [à crux] a little Cross.
Crücifer, a, um, cross-bearing.
Cruciferi, Erasim. Crucified Fryers, who came into England, 1244. Hospitallers of the Holy Ghost. The Trinitarians, 1257. The Bethlemites, who planted at Cambridge, 1257.
Crücifigo, xi, ūm, to crucify, hang.
Crücifixus, a, um, crucified.
† Crücifragium, ii, n. the breaking of one's Legs on the Cross; also he that is so broken.
† Crücifragus, i, m. a Hangman.
Cruciger, a, um, bearing a Cross.
*** Cruciger nummus**, a Cross-penny.

Crücio, are, [à crux] to torment, to break upon the Cross or Wheel.
*** Ne crucia te**, don't vex your self.
† Crucifalus, i, m. a Hang-man, Gallows-climber, a Wag-halter.
† Crücius, a, um, tormenting, unpleasant.
† Crudaria, x, a Vein of Silver in the top of a Mine.
Crüdelis, le, ior, illimus, [à crudus] cruel, fierce, inhuman.
† Crüdelitas, ātis, f. Cruelty, Fierceness.
Crüdeliter, illimè, adv. cruelly.
† Crüdeo, ere, to be raw.
Crüdesco, ere, to grow raw, stiff or hard, sore, fierce.
Crüditas, ātis, f. Fierceness, Rawness, Indigestion.
CRÜDUS, a, um, [à ὑρόν, frigus] raw, unripe, green, fresh, sour, not digested, fierce. * **Cruda terra**, unploughed. * **Crudus homo**, one of a bad Digestion; also of a sour Look.
Cruentatus, a, um, blood-shot.
Crüentè, adv. bloodily.
Crüentius, adv. more or very bloodily.
Cruento, are, to imbue in Blood, to fetch Blood of.
Cruentus, a, um [à cruor] cruel, bloody, all over in Blood. * **Nota cruenta**, the Track of the Blood.
Crüma, ātis, n. a Timbrel, g.
CRÜMENA, x, f. [à corium vel à κρημνῶ, suspendo, &c.] a Purse, a leather Bag. * **Generosus es ex crumena**, your Gentility lies in your Wealth.
Crümēnārius, ii, m. a Purse-maker.
Crümēnisēca, x, c. [à crumena & seco] a Cut-purse.
† Crümēnīlēcium, ii, n. a cutting of Purse.
† Crümēnīfex, a Cut-purse.
† Crumerum, the Town Camar in Pannonia inferior.
Crunos, a Haven of Thrace, and other Places.
CRUOR, ōris, m. [à κρῶς, frigus] gore-blood.
† Crupellarii, Soldiers so armed with Steel, that they could neither do nor take harm.
Crüralis, le, [à crus] of the Leg or Knee. * **Falciæ cruales**, Garters for Stockings.
† Crurātus, a, um, having great Thighs.
Crüri(r)āgium, ii, n. [à frango] a breaking of the Legs.
Crurifragus, i, m. having his Legs broken.
CRUS, ūris, n. [Heb. Carang] the Leg, Shank. * **Crus arboris**, the Stock of a Tree.
Crusa, an Island bordering upon Asia.
† Cruscium, ii, n. a Swelling in the Thighs.
Cruscūlum, i, n. a little Leg.
† Cruscūlus, a, um, having little Legs.
† Cruscunculus, i, m. a Swelling in the Legs.
Crusis, a part of Mygdonia.
Crusma, ātis, n. the tinkling of a Cymbal, g.
CRUSTA, x, f. [à κρούς, frigus] a Crust or Shell, rough casting, Shards. * **Crusta marmoris**, sh.

shin Squares of Marble. * Cru-
sta vulneris, the Scurf of a Wound.
* Crustæ numidæ, Marble Parget.
* Heliadum crustæ, Cups of Am-
ber.
Crustarius, ii, m. a Plaisterer, Ma-
son.
Crustarius, a, um, of plaistering.
Crustatus, a, um, crusted, pargetted,
covered with thin Slates of Marble,
thin shelled. * Vas crustatum, a
Silver Cup set with Plates of Gold.
† Crustemum, i, n. a Warden.
† Crustificus, a, um, bringing a hard
Cover or skin.
Crulto, are, to plaister or rough cast,
cover with thin Slates of Marble.
Crustosus, a, um, having a Shell, Crust
or scale over it.
Crustula, æ, f. a Slate of Marble, a
thin Pill, Crust, or Cream.
Crustularius, ii, m. a Pastry-cook, or
cake-man.
Crustulata, æ, f. a Wafer, Puff-
puffe.
Crustulum, i, n. a Wafer, Simnel,
Bun.
Crustum, i, n. a Loaf, Crust, or piece
of anything that is to be eat. See
crusta.
Crustumerium, or -ia, a Town of the
Sabines.
Crustumannum, a Town in Tusca-
ny.
Crustumina pyra, Catherine-pears.
Crustumini, the Inhabitants of Cru-
stumannum.
Crustumium, a River rising from the
Apennine Mountain, and running
by Ariminum.
CRUX, ūcis, f. [κρῦξ, vel à κράς,
vallum sudibus acutis munitum]
a Cross, Gibbet, Gallows; also Affli-
ction, Torment. * Crux ganiana, a
very high Gallows.
Crya, a City of Lycia.
Cryasius, a City of Caria.
Crynis, a River of Bithynia.
Cryon, a River of Asia minor.
Crypta, æ, f. a Grot, or Cave under
Ground, g.
Crypta Neapolitana, a Way made
with Hands under the Mountain Pau-
silypum, from Cuma to Naples,
twelve foot broad and twelve high,
and a Mile in length, commonly cal-
led Grotta di Napoli.
Crypticus, a, um, g. under ground.
* Homo crypticus, a close Man.
Cryptoporticus, ūs, f. a Cloyster in a
Grot under ground, g.
Cryptus, a Haven of Arabia foelix
and Ægina.
Cryssa, a River of Troas.
Crystallinum, i, n. a Crystal-glass, g.
Crystallinus, a, um, of or like Cry-
stal, g.
Crystallum, i, n. } Crystal, g.
Crystallus, i, f. }

C

S

CS. for Cæsar, Causas, Consilia-
rius, or communis.
CSI, for Controversia.
C. S. L. Comes sacrarum largitio-
num.
C. S. S. Cum suis servis.

C

T

CT. for Caput, or Civitas.
C.T. Certo tempore.

Cteatus, the Father of Amphima-
chus, one of the four Captains of the
Epei, who went forth with forty
Ships to the Siege of Troy.
Ctemene, a City of Thessaly, whose
Inhabitants are called Dolopes.
Ctenes, num, m. the four Fore-teeth,
g.
Cteniatri, g. Farriers.
Ctenos, a Haven of Taurica Cher-
sonesus.
Ctesias, a Physician of Cnidos, and
other Men.
Ctesibius, the Name of a Historian;
also an Athenian Parasite, who be-
ing asked, What he had left of Philo-
sophy? answered, Ασυμβόλως δειν-
ναι, to sup of Free-cost.
Ctesibochus, a famous Painter, who
drew Jupiter bringing forth Bac-
chus.
Ctesiphon, ontis, an Athenian, who
persuaded them to crown Demosthe-
nes with a Golden Crown in the Thea-
tre; also an Historian and Architect,
who is said to build the Temple of
Diana at Ephesus; also a Town in
Assyria, and other Places.
Ctesippus, the Son of Chabrias,
brought up by Phocion after his
Father's Death; also an Historian,
who wrote of Scythia.
Ctesius, Jupiter so called amongst the
Athenians.
Ctylindrine, a Place in India within
Ganges.

C

V

C. V. for Centumvir, Clarissimus
Vir, or Causa Virginum.
Cuarius, a River near Coronæa.
† Cuba, æ, f. a Horse-litter or Pal-
let-bed.
Cuda, a Goddess taking care of Peo-
ple in Bed; also an Island in Ame-
rica, and a City of India within
Ganges.
Cubatus, ūs, m. a couching or ly-
ing.
† Cubatorium, ii, n. a Bed or
Couch.
† Cubatorius, ii, m. a Dormitory.
† Cubeba, arum, Cubebs.
Cubi, a People of Gallia Celtica,
called also Bituriges.
Cubicularis, re, of the Bed-Cham-
ber.
Cubicularius, a, um, the same.
Cubicularius, ii, m. a Chamberlain,
Groom, or Gentleman of the Cham-
ber.
Cubiculatæ naves, Pleasure-boats.
Cubiculum, i, n. [a cubo] a Bed-
chamber.
Cubicus, a, um, square like a Die, g.
† Cubiformis, e, four square.
Cubile, lis, n. [a cubo] a Bed or
Den, a Nest, Bee-hive, a Mine;
also a little Chappel, course in Buil-
ding.
Cubilia, um, n. Mortice-holes, the
laying of Stones close together.
Cubital, -tale, is, n. a fore Sleeve,
a Cushion to lean upon; also that
place of the Breast where the Arms
are joyned.
Cubitalis, le [a cubitus] to lie down
often.
† Cubitissim, by Elbows.
Cubito, are [a cubo] to lie down
often.
Cubitor, ōris, m. he that lies down
or couches on the hinder parts.

Cūbitum, and tus, i, m. an Elbow.
* Cubito emungi, to be slovenly.
Cūbitus, i, m. a Cubit, a Foot and
half. * Cubitus geometricus, as
much as six of our Cubits. * Cubi-
tus communis, half a Yard. * Cu-
bitus sacer, a full Yard. * Ille cu-
bitum nullum processit, he is not
got one Step forward.
Cūbitus, ūs, m. a lying down, brood-
ing, a Couch. * Cubitus sibi stru-
ere, to make him a Bed of Leaves.
† Cubius, ii, m. a kind of Fish.
CūBO, are [κῠβω] to lie along, or
down, keep one's Bed, sit at Table, lie
in Childebed. * Ire cubitum, to go
to Bed.
† Cūbūla, æ, f. a Cake for sacri-
fice.
Cubulterini, a People of Italy.
Cubus, i, m. a Dye, a solid Square,
the turning Joint of the Back; also
a Foot four square every way, g.
Cucadma, a Town of Sarmatia in
Asia.
Cucasbiri, a City of Thrace.
Cucci, a City of the Lower Panno-
nia.
† Cuctio, hacking, hagling.
† Cucuba, bæ, f. a Scritch-Owl.
† Cucubalum, li, n. an Herb whose
Leaves are good against the stinging
of Scorpions.
† Cūcūbo, are, to hoot like an Owl.
† Cucula, or Cuculla, a Cephalick
Plaister.
Cuculio, onis, m. [à cucullus] a
Night-cap.
Cuculla, æ, f. a Hood, Cowl.
† Cucullaris, a Muscle moving the
Arm upward.
Cūcullatus, a, um, hooded.
Cūcullio, ōnis, m. a Travelling-
hood, a Night-cap.
Cūcullium, ii, n. a little Hood, a
Coronet of Paper used by Grocers,
&c.
CUCULLUS, i, m. [à κύκλῳ, cir-
culus, vel κύλεῳ, culeus] a Cowl
or Friar's Hood; also a Cuckow.
* Piperis cucullus, a Paper-case
for Pepper.
Cūcūlo, are, to cry like a Cuckow.
Cuculum, a Town in Italy called
Scutula.
CūCūLUS, i, m. [à sono] a Cuc-
kow.
† Cūcūlus, for Cūcūlus, antiq.
Cuculus, Jupiter so called because
once wanting Juno, he turned him-
self into this Bird.
Cucūma, æ, f. [à coquo] a Kettle,
a Bucking or Bathing-tub.
Cūcūmella, æ, f. a skillet.
Cūcūmer, ēris, [à κικυδός, vel à cu-
cuma] a Cucumber; also the Fish
called Ruff. * Cucumis agrestis,
Gurkins.
Cūcūmērārium, ii, n. a Melon-gar-
den, a House for Summer-fruits.
† Cūcūmērārius, and -ia, he or she
that keeps or sells Cucumbers.
Cūcūmis, is, m. a Cucumber; also a
Bullion of Coppers set for an Orna-
ment upon Bridles. See Cucumber.
CūCURBĪTA, æ, f. [à curvus] a
Gourd, Capping-glass, the Belly of a
Jug, or other Vessels.
† Cūcūrbītārium, ii, n. a Place
where Gourds grow.
† Cūcūrbītārius, ii, m. a Sower or
Lover of Gourds.
Cūcūrbītīnus, a, um, Gourd-like.
* Pyra cucurbitina, long Pear.
* Ca-

* *Caput cucurbitinum*, a Block-head.
Cūcūbitūla, lā, f. a little Gourd, or Copping-glass.
Cūcūbitularis, ris, Field-cypress, or Ground-pine.
*CūCURI*O, ire, [à sono] to cluck as a Cock when he calls the Hens.
† *Cucurma*, a kind of three corner'd Cane.
† *Cucurnum*, i, a kind of Breeches; als a Hunting-shoe.
Cucurrio, the same as *Cucurio*.
† *Cūcūtiūm*, a coarse Rug.
† *Cūdes*, is, f. a Smithy or Anvil.
CūDO, ōnis, m. [κῶδεον caput, vel κῶδω, tego] a leather or furred Cap.
CūDO, ūsi, sum [à cardo] to coin, hammer, forge. * [Isthæc in me cudetur faba, this mischief will light on my Head].
Cudum, a Promontory of India.
Cujas, ātis, of what Country, Sect, or Party. See *cujus*.
Cujatis, e, of what Country.
Cujavis oratio, any Man's Speech.
Cuicui, for *cuicunque*, of *quicunque*.
Cuicuiusmodi, or *cuicuiusmodi*, of what sort soever.
Cuius, a, um, [à quis] whose?
Cuiusdammodi, of what sort soever.
Cuiusmodi, of what sort or quality.
Cuiusmodicunque, of what manner soever.
Cuiusquemodi, of every sort.
† *Cul*, for *quale*.
† *Culbūtio*, ōnis, f. the Stranguary.
† *Culbo*, ere, to have the Stranguary.
GULCITA, 2æ, f. [à calco] a Quilt, a Bed, or Tick stuffed. * *Culcitram gladium facere*, to fall upon one's sword.
Culcitrarius, ii, m. an Upholsterer.
† *Culcitrūla*, a Bolster, little Matress.
† *Culcitro*, are, to quilt, or make a Quilt.
† *Culcitrula*, æ, f, [à culcitra] a little Tick, &c.
† *Culcitūla*, or *culcicula*, æ, a little Staff or Bundle of Wood used in Sacrifice.
Culcua, a Colony of Numidia.
† *Culdeus* and *Colideus*, a Priest.
Cūlearis, re, [à culeus] of a Sack, or the Pipe-measure. * *Dolium culeare*, a Roman Pipe.
† *Cūleolum*, li, n. the upper green Shell of a Nut.
Cūleōus, i, m. a Satchel or Sack.
Culest, Plaut. for *qualis est*.
Culeus, ei, m. [κῶλεός] a leather Sack; also a Pipe containing about 960 Pints.
Cūlex, icis, c, [κῶνωψ] a Gnat.
Cūlicārius, a, um, of Gnats or Flies.
Cūlicārius, ii, Apollo, so called from his driving away of Flies.
† *Cūlicii panes*, great brown Loaves.
† *Cūlicilēga*, æ, a Wagtail.
Cūligna, æ, f. [κῶλιγ] a Drinking-bowl, or Wine-pot.
CūLiNA, æ, f. [à colo, vel colluo] a Kitchen.
Cūlinæ, arum, public Burying-places for the Poor; also Privies.
Cūlinārius, a, um, of the Kitchen.
† *Cūlinor*, ari, to do Kitchen-work.
† *Cūliola*, or *Culleola*, green Shells of Nuts.

† *Cūlix*, an Herb with which Cucum-ber-seeds being mingled, bring Cucumbers without Seed.
† *Culla*, æ, a Cowl or Monk's Hood.
† *Cullātus*, a, um, having a Cowl on.
† *Gulleātus*, a, um, put in a Sack.
† *Culleolus*, li, a little Sack.
Culleus, i, m. a leather Sack to carry liquid things. See *Culeus*.
Culla, or *Collops magnus*, a City in Africa, famous for Purple.
Culmea, æ, f. [à culmus] a Mat.
CULMEN, inis, n. [à culmus vel columen] the Top or Peak of a Thing; also Stubble, and a Thatched House-top.
Culmeus, a, um, Erasm. of Straw.
† *Culminatio*, ōnis, a coming to the Highest, to the Meridian.
† *Culmineus*, a, um, of the Top or Stubble.
† *Culmino*, are, to come to the Top or Meridian.
† *Culmites*, rich Men.
CULMUS, i, m. [κῶλαμ] Straw, Stubble, Haum.
CULPA, æ, f. [ab Heb. chalaph, transivit] a Fault, Miscarriage, Blame. * *Culpa latī*, a presumptuous Offence. * *Haud culpa carent*, they commit Adultery.
Culpābilis, le, blame-worthy.
† *Culpābilitas*, atis, f. guiltiness.
Culpātē, adv. blame-worthily.
Culpātio, ōnis, f. a blaming.
Culpātias, adv. more blame-worthily.
Culpātus, a, um, blame-worthy.
Culpito, are, to blame, chide, or tax.
Culpo, are, to blame, find fault with, dislike.
† *Culponei*, orum, clownish, slovenly.
† *Culpūla*, æ, f. a small Fault.
† *Culpullula*, æ, f. a very little Mistake.
Cultellātus, a, um, edged like a Knife.
Cultello, are, to cut plain or even.
Cultellus, i, m. [à culter] a little Knife.
CULTER, i, m. [à colo] a Knife, a Coulter. * *Tonsorii cultri*, Barber's Implements. * *Culter futorius*, a Paring-knife. * *Culter venatorius*, a Woodman's Hanger. * *Sub cultro linqui*, to be left in the Briars.
Cultio, ōnis, f. a tilling, manuring.
† *Culto*, are, to cultivate or till often.
Cultor, oris, m. a Tiller, or Reverencer, Worshipper, Inhabiter. * *Cultor veritatis*, a zealous Lover of the Truth.
Cultrarius, a, um, of a Knife.
Cultrārius, ii, m. a Cutler or Sacrificer.
Cultrātus, a, um, made like a Knife, sharp.
Cultrix, icis, f. a She-reverencer, Worshipper, Tiller.
† *Cultro*, are, to plow or till.
† *Cultrum*, i, n. a Knife.
Cultum, i, n. plowed Land.
Culūra, æ, f. Plowing, Husbandry, Dressing. * *Cultura petentis amici*, Courtship and Service done to keep a great Man's Favour.
Cultus, a, um [of color] decked, trimmed, &c.
Cultus, ūs, m. a Trimming, Attire, Reverence, Worship, Tilling, Provision, Habitation, Breeding, Im-

provement. * *Affectare cultum effusorem in verbis*, to be too curious in the Choice of Words, to be pe-dantic.
Cūlullus, i, m. [à κῶλιξ, vel à culeus] a great Pitcher; also a Challice used in Sacrifice.
Cūlus, i, m. [à κῶλεός, vagina] the Fundament.
CUM, præp. [σὺν] with. * *Facit mecum*, makes for me. * *Cum dicto*, strait. * *Cum potestate esse*, to be in Commission. * *Cum primis dives*, one of the richest. * *Cum diluculo discessit*, he went by Break of Day. * *Cum bona gratia*, very well satisfy'd, without any dislike. * *Cum eo [pacto]* upon that Condition, with a Provision. * *Agger effert*, or *efficit cum decimo*, the Field returns ten Bushels for one sown. * *Cum fide*, honestly.
Cūm [à quum] adv. vel conj. when, whereas, seeing that, although, besides, as both, so, especially, since. * *Cum plurimum*, at the most. * *Cum maxime*, the most as ever. * *Cūm semel*, as soon as ever.
Cunia, a City in Ionia minor, and other Places.
Cumæ, arum, a City of Campania near Puteoli.
Cumæi, the Inhabitants of Cumæ.
Cumana braccia, red Coleworts.
Cumanus, a Governor of Judæa.
† *Cumasus*, i, m. a little Garment.
Cumātilis, le, [à κῶμα, fluctus] of or like Waves. * *Cumātilis color*, Sky or Water-colour.
† *Cumba*, æ, the same as *cymba*.
† *Cumbaria*, a kind of Boats.
† *Cumbion*, a Cup like a Boat.
CUMBO, ēre, [κῶπτω] to lie down.
† *Cumbon*, a Saucer.
Cumbria, æ, Cumberland.
† *Cumbus*, i, the Bottom of an earthen Pot.
Cume, the same as *Cumæ*.
Cūmēra, æ, f. [à καμάρα, fornix] a Meal-rub.
Cūmērum, i, n. a Vessel used at Weddings, wherein the Household-stuff of the Party to be married was laid.
Cunierum, a Promontory of Picenum.
Cumi, a Town of Æthiopia, on the Banks of Nilus.
Cumillum magnum, a City of Italy called Gigognola.
Cūminifector, ōris, m. a Pinch-penny.
Cumplurimum, adv. at most.
Cūminum, i, n. Cummin, g.
Cumprimis, adv. especially, for the most part.
† *Cumterritus*, for *territus*.
Cūmulatē, ius, illimē, adv. abundantly, plentifully. * *Cumulatillimē referre gratiam*, to make a notable and most worthy Return for a Kindness.
Cūmulatim, adv. in Heaps.
Cūmulatio, ōnis, f. a heaping up.
Cūmulāus, a, um, heaped up, augmented, large, absolute. * *Cumulatissimus scelerum*, Plaut. a pickled Rogue, a Crack-roe.
Cūmūlo, are, to heap up, fill with heaped measure, overwhelm. * *Cumulare honore*, muneribus, to bestow Honour, Gifts, &c. * *Cumulare*

lare sibi invidiam, to bring Hatred upon himself.
† Cūmūlōsus, a, um, full of Heaps.
CūMULUS, i, m. [Arab. Com.] a Heap, or heaped measure, Advantage, an Addition to Vantage. * Cūmulus gaudii, a great deal of Joy, Mirth in Abundance.
Cūnābūla, ōrum, n. a Child's Blankets or Cloths, Cradle, Infancy, a Bird's Nest. * Gentis cunabula, the first Rise of a Family.
† Cunacantha, æ, a Shrub that bears Grapes like a Vine.
CūNÆ, arum, f. [à Kōw pario vel Kōw moveo] a Cradle. * Agitare cunas, to rock the Cradle. * Hirundo cunas facit, builds her Nest.
Cunaxa, a Place in Assyria, where the Battle was fought between Artaxerxes and his Brother Cyrus.
Cūctābundus, a, um, loitering, not hasty.
Cūctans, ntis, and -ior, issimus, lingering and slow.
Cūctanter, adv. slackly, without speed.
† Cūctatim, adv. slowly, with Advice.
Cūctatio, ōnis, f. Delay, Demur, a doubting, sticking at.
† Cūctatior, ūs, more slow.
Cūctator, ōris, m. a Delayer, Lingerer.
Cūctatus, a, um, delayed, slow.
† Cūctim, adv. wholly, fully, altogether.
† Cūctio, Cūctio, and Cocio, a Huckster.
† Cūctipōtens, ntis, Almighty.
† Cūctitēnens, ntis, possessing all Things.
† Cūcto, are, for Cūctor.
Cūctor, ari [à cūctus] to linger, delay, doubt, tarry.
CUNCTUS, a, um [à ξύς cum, vel q. conjunctus] all, whole. * Cūcta camporum, Tacit. all the Fields.
Cūneālis, le [à cuneus] Wedge-wise.
Cūneatim, adv. by Hands or Wedges.
Cūneātus, a, um, wedged, piked.
Cūneo, are, to wedge, peg or pin, draw up in Battalia, with a strait Front, and wide Rear. * Hispania cuneatur angustis, Spain runs out in a Point or narrow Neck.
Cūneolus, i, m. a little Wedge, or a Tent for a Wound.
Cunei, a People of Spain.
Cūnetio, Marlborough, or Kennet.
Cūneus, ei, m. [à conus, vel à Kōw findo] a Wedge; also an Army drawn up wedge-wise, the Coin of a Wall, Benches in a Theatre, narrow near the Stage, and wider behind.
Cuni, a Town of Gedrosia.
Cunici, a City of the greater Balears.
Cuniculariæ, small Islands between Corsica and Sardinia.
Cūdicularius, ii, } a Pioneer.
Cūdicularis, is, m. }
Cūniculātum, adv. Channel-wise.
† Cūniculina, æ, f. a Rabbit.
† Cūniculinus, a, um, of Rabbits.
Cūniculōsus, a, um, full of Mines or Winding-holes.
† Cūniculum, i, n. the bringing of Water by a Pipe under-ground.

CUNICULUS, i, m. [à cuneus, vel à Kōw pario] a Coney, or Coney-borough, a Mine or Pipe under-ground. * Cuniculos agere, to undermine. * Cuniculis oppugnare, to undermine craftily.
† Cunifer, a, um, bearing Bunches like a Pine-tree.
Cūnila, æ, f. Savory, small Marjoram and broad Penny Royal, g.
Cūnilago, inis, f. Flea-bane.
Cunina, a Goddess taking Care of Children's Cradles.
† Cunio, ire, to defile, bewray.
Cunio Charion, a Promontory of Sardinia.
† Cūnūlæ, arum, little swaddling Bands or Cradles.
Cūnnus, i, m. [Kōw, vel à Kōw pario] female Privities.
Cūnūsitani, a People of Sardinia.
Cūnyzamis, idis, Flea-bane, g.
CUPA, æ, f. [à Kōw caverna, vel à capio] a Wine-vat, or Tun, a Victualling-house. * Cupā potare magistra, to drink at Pleasure.
† Cupas, adis, f. a Hogs-head.
Cupedia, æ, f. [à cupedo] any immoderate Desire of Dainties.
Cupedia, ōrum, n. } Dainties, Delicacies.
Cupediæ, arum, f. }
† Cupediārius, ii, m. a Confectioner.
Cūpēdinārius, a, um, of Delicacies.
Cūpēdinarius, ii, m. a Confectioner.
† Cupedius, ii, m. a liquorish Fellow.
Cūpēdo, inis, m. the Name of a Roman Knight, whose Houses being pulled down in the same Place was built Forum cupedinarium, or the Market where they sold junkets.
Cūpēdo, inis, f. [à cupio vel cupes] a longing after Dainties.
† Cupēdula, æ, f. a small Dainty.
Cupencus, a Priest, in the Sabine Language.
† Cupes, is, liquorish, sweet toothed.
Cuphe, a City of Libya interior.
† Cupherion, a Flux of Blood at the Nose, happening to Horses that are over-ridden.
Cūpidē, ius, issimè, adv. eagerly, forwardly, covetously. * Ejus sermone cupidè fruebar, I took a great deal of Delight in his Talk.
† Cupidicinus, or Cupedicinus, he that wants a Supper.
Cupidineus, a, um, of Love or Cupid.
Cupiditas, ātis, f. Covetousness, eager Desire, Lust. * Cupiditas cibi, a sharp Appetite.
Cupido, inis, m. Cupid, the God of Love, he is said to have two Darts, one headed with Gold, procuring Love, the other with Lead, procuring Hatred.
Cūpido, inis, f. [à cupio] Desire, Lust, Covetousness. * Incellit eum cupido, he had a great Desire or Mind to.
Cūpidus, a, um, and issimus, desirous, covetous, greedy; also pleasing. * Homo nostri cupidissimus, one that hugely desired my Welfare.
Cūpiens, ntis, desiring, greedy, &c. * Ut quibusque bellum invitis aut cupientibus erat, Tacit. As every one was against a War, or for a War.
Cūpiēter, adv. greedily.
Cūpiētissimus, a, um, very desirous.
† Cupillum, i, n. a Cup, a Taste.
CūPIO, ivi, itum, ēre [à capio, vel Heb. Chav dilexit] to desire,

long after, wish one well. * Cupe-re alicui, to favour or wish one well.
† Cupire, and Cupiret, for Cupere and Cuperet.
† Cupisco, ere, to begin to cover, or take a Liking to.
Cūpitor, ōris, m. a Desirer.
Cūpitus, a, um, desired, coveted.
† Cūpū, Couples in building.
Cuppa, æ, f. [Kōssa] a Cup, a Tub. See Cupa.
Cupra, a Town of Picenum.
Cuprenses, the Townsmen of Cupra.
Cūpresētum, i, n. [à cupressus] a Cypress-grove.
Cūpressus, a, um, } of Cypress.
Cūpressinus, }
Cūpressifer, a, um, bearing Cypress.
Cūpressus, a, um, of Cypress.
Cūpressus, i, or ūs, f. [Kōssagios] a Cypress-tree. * Cupressus Cretica, a kind of Savin.
Cupreus, } a, um, of Copper.
Cuprinus, }
Cuprum, i, n. [à Cyprus] Copper.
Cupula, æ, f. [à cupa] an Acorn-Cup.
Cuqueni, or Cucueni, a People of Aquitain.
CUR, adv. [à quar, i. e. quare] why, wherefore.
CURA, æ, f. [à Kōw cor] Care, Anxiety; also a Chare, Charge, or Curateship. * Cura epistolarum, a Secretaryship. * Cura harum, the Swine-herd. * Quæ agis curæ sunt mihi, I have an Eye to what you do. * Cura maxima est, I am mightily concerned, 'tis my chiefest Care.
Cūrābilis, le, curable.
† Cūrābīlum, i, n. a Cradle.
† Cūragendarii, ōrum, Officers, Messengers of the Chamber.
† Cūralium, for Corallium.
† Cūrānium, the Turkish Alcoran.
Cūrāntia, æ, f. a caring or curing.
Curaporina, a Town of India within Ganges.
† Cūrāscere, to begin to care.
Cūrātē, adv. diligently, carefully, exactly.
Cūrātio, ōnis, f. a healing or curing, a looking after, purveying, soliciting, administering. * Isthæc tua est curatio, that's your Concern, you ought to mind that.
Cūrātiō, ius, more exact.
† Cūrātium, ii, a Marquisit Stone.
Cūrātius, adv. more curiously.
Cūrātor, ōris, m. a Bayliff, Surveyor, Guardian, Tutor. * Curator pacis, a Justice of Peace, or Constable. * Curator palatii, the high Steward. * Curatores urbis, the Aldermen. * Curatoris egerē, to be fit for Bedlam.
Cūrātoria, æ, f. a Guardianship, the curing part of Physick.
† Cūrātrix, icis, f. she that has the Charge of a Thing.
Curatur, imp. Care is taken, Provision is made.
Cūratura, æ, f. a dieting, ordering, dressing, trimming.
Cūratus, a, um, looked after, trim, smooth, in good Plight. * Curatus sermo, a neat handsome Discourse.
Cūrātus, i, m. a Curate.
† Cūrax, æis, careful, minding Business.
† Curcio, ōnis, m. a Viper.
† Curcūba, æ, f. a Cable-rope.

CURCŪLIO, ōnis, m. [à guttur] a Weevil; also the Wind-pipe.
Curculiunculus, li, m. a Mite, Trifle, Nothing.
Curcum, a Town of Liburnia called Couck.
† **Curcūma**, a Headstall.
Curcura, an Adriatick Island.
† **Cure**, for Cui rei.
Curena, a City of Media.
Curenſes, a People of Italy.
Cūres, pl. a Town of the Sabines, whose Citizens were called Quirites.
Curetes, a People of Crete, called also Corybantes, and Idæi dactyli, coming from Ida a Mountain of Phrygia, to whom Rhea committed the bringing up of Jupiter.
Curia, æ, f. [à Xupia principalis, ſc. conventus] the High Court of Parliament; also one of the 30 Wards of Rome; also a Temple or Chapel belonging to each Tribe in which they sacrificed. * **Curia calabra**, the College of Astronomers. * **Curia Hostilia**, the Senate-house built by Hostilius. * **Curia municipalis**, a Guild-hall.
Curialis, le, of the Court or Council-house, of the same Ward. * **Curiales menſæ**, Tables on which they sacrificed to Juno called Curis.
Curialis, is, m. an Alderman or Common-Council-man.
† **Cūriālitās**, ātis, f. Courtlineſs.
† **Cūriālitēr**, courtly.
Curiana, a Town of Baſtriana.
Curianum, a Promontory of Aquitain.
Curias, a Promontory of Cyprus.
Cūriātim, adv. Ward by Ward.
Cūriātus, a, um, of the Common-council. * **Curiata comitia**, a Hall-meeting or general Assembly of all the Roman Tribes to give their Voices. Hence **Curiata lex**, a Law made in ſuch an Assembly.
Curica, a City in Spain.
† **Cūriceum**, a Place where they polled the Head, and paired the Nails after bathing.
Curicta, the Island Voga againſt Illyria.
Curifugi, a Farm-house of Nicolaus Perotius in Italy, of a wholesome Situation.
† **Cūrilinus**, i, a Curlew.
Curio, ōnis, m. [à curia] a Curate, or Alderman of a Ward, he that ſacrificed at the Hall-meeting; also a Crier. * **Curio agnus**, a lean Lamb pining away for Want of Company.
Curio, the Name of a Family in Rome.
Q. Curio, the Father, a famous Orator, but of no Memory, in a certain Oration he called Cæſar The Man of all Women, and the Woman of all Men.
C. Curio, the Son of a Tribune of the Commons, very luxurious and audacious, inclining to Cæſar, up to the Ears in Debt, and to get out of it, put Cæſar upon beginning the Civil War.
† **Curiola**, æ, f. a little Court.
Cūriōnātus, ſs, m. a Curateſhip.
Cūriōnes, a People of Germany.
Curionia ſacra, Sacrifices made in Courts.
Curionium æs, the Curate's Fee for officiating.
† **Curi nius**, the ſame as Curio.

Cūriōſe, iūs, iſſimē, adv. curiously.
Cūriōſitās, ātis, f. Curioſneſs, Pragmaticalneſs.
Curioſolitæ, a People of the Celtæ.
† **Cūriōſulus**, a, um, ſomewhat buſy, pretty.
Cūriōſus, a, um, careful, inſiſtitive, pragmatical. * **Curioſus agnus**, a lean Lamb. * **Curioſus medicinæ**, having a Love to Phyſick.
Curioſus, i, m. an Informer, Spy, a Poſt-maſter.
Curis, in the Sabine Tongue is a Spear; also a Barber's Inſtrument, and a Name of Juno.
† **Curitis**, he that carries a Spear.
Curitis, the Name of a Town ſwallowed up in the Earth.
Curium, a City of Cyprus and Ætolia.
Curius, a Roman Citizen of great Frugality and Fortitude; he was thrice Conſul, when he diſtributed four Acres to every Soldier, he reſerv'd no more for himſelf; as he ſat by the Fire boiling of Rapes, the Samnites offered him a great Sum of Money, which he reſuſed, and ſaid, He had rather rule the rich, than be rich himſelf. Also a Preſbyter of Alexandria, called for his great Learning, Origines junior.
† **Curlinus**, i, a Curlew.
† **Curmundūla**, a Pear or Herb of ſo thin a Rind, that they eat it unpilled.
CURO, are [à cura] to take Care of, look to or after, reſreſh, make much of, fodder, cure, prepare, dutiſully to reſpect. * **Curare cada-ver**, to lay out a dead Body. * **Curare vitem falce**, to prune a Vine. * **Sat eſt, curabo**, be content, I'll ſee it done. * **Curare alicui pecuniam**, to provide the Money for one. * **Mollitēr ſe curare**, to be very tender of himſelf, to be mighty nice. * **Curare rebus publicis**, to look after the Affairs of the Weal-publick.
† **Curopolatis**, is, m. the Maſter of the Houſhold to the Greek Emperors. * **Curopolatiſta**, his Wife's Title.
Curopolis, a City of Caria.
Curotrophium, ii, n. a Houſe appointed for the bringing up of Children, g.
Curotrophus, i, m. the Maſter of it, g.
Currax, ācis [à curro] running, buſy, diligent. * **Nodus currax**, a running Knot.
Currens, ntis, running, &c.
Curriculo, adv. with a quick Pace.
Curriculum, i, n. [à curro] a light Chariot, a Race or Courſe. * **Curriculum bijuge**, a Coach and Pair of Horſes. * **Mentis curricula**, Matter wherein the Mind is exerciſed. * **Pedes in curriculum conſicere**, to run away. * **Curriculum vitæ**, one's whole Life, the Space of Life. * **Deſlectere ſe de curriculo petitionis**, to give over ſoliciting.
Curriculus, i, m. [à currus] a little Chariot.
Curritur, imp. there is a running.
CURRO, cucurri, curſum [à ſono] to run, ſail, fly. * **Fruſtra curre-re**, to labour in vain.
† **Currodrepanus**, i, m. an armed and hooked Chariot, invented againſt the Parthians.

Curruca, æ, f. [à ſono] a Hedge-sparrow, Cuckold.
† **Curruco**, are, to corrupt another's Wife.
† **Curruſis equus**, a Poſt-horſe.
Curruſ, ſs, m. [à curro] a Chariot; also the Horſes in it. Virg. a Ship; also Triumph. * **Curruſ boveum**, the Cart before the Horſe. * **De curru delapſus**, talking at random.
† **Curruſta**, æ, f. a covering or Mument.
Cursatio, ōnis, f. a running.
† **Cursator**, ōris, m. a Runner.
† **Cursibilitēr**, curſorily.
† **Cursilis**, le, curſory.
Cursim, adv. with running, haſtily, by the Way.
Cursio, ōnis, f. a running military Exercise.
Cursito, are [à curſo] to run up and down.
Curſo, are [à curro] to gallop or run about.
Curſor, ōris, m. a Runner, Racer, Lackey, Poſt. * **Curſores**, ligæ Horſemen, Van-curriers.
Cursorius, a, um, running a pace. * **Navis curſoria**, a Packet-boat.
† **Cursorius**, ii, m. a Courſer.
† **Curſuales equi**, Poſt-horſes.
Cursura, æ, f. a running, racing.
Curſus, ſs, m. a Racer, Courſe, Speed, ſailing, flying, journey, a Way or Means. * **Curſus publicus**, a riding Poſt. * **Vox erat in curſu**, ſhe was going on. * **Secundocurſu procedere**, to meet with no Rubs. * **Curſus & recurſus maris**, Flood and Ebb.
Curta, the Town Offen in Hungary.
Curta, orum, n. Shortneſs, Deſect.
† **Curtatio**, ōnis, f. Eraſm. an abridging, curtailing.
Curti, a People of Aſia.
† **Curticella**, a little Yard.
† **Curtilegium**, ii, m. a Kitchen-garden.
† **Curtis**, a Yard to keep Beaſts in; also a Territory.
Curtius, a Noble Roman Youth, who gave his Life for his Country, ſer when the Earth opened in the miſt of the Forum, and they were told it would not cloſe, unleſs ſome noble young Man was caſt into it, he voluntarily clapped Spurs to his Horſe and leaped into the Mouth of it. A Roman Knight, who ſupping with Cæſar, took a lean Bird out of the Diſh, asked him whether he might ſend it, who anſwering him, why not, preſently threw it out of the Window, underſtanding the Quibble, only laughed at it.
Q. Curtius, he flouriſhed under Tiberius, who covered the Meannet of his Extraction by this canaſ Speech, Curtius mihi videtur eſſe natus.
Q. Curtius Rufus, a famous Hiſtorian, who wrote the Life of Alexander, ſuppoſed to live under Veſpaſian.
Curtius, a Fountain, whose Water conveyed forty Miles upon an Arc of Stone, ſo high that it was caſt brought to all the Hills of Rome.
Curto, are [à curtus] to ſhorten, mangle, cut off.
CURTUS, a, um [à Kερδς curvus] bob-tailed, mangled, ſhort, empty, circumciſed. Curvā-

Curvāmen, īnis, n. a Bowing, the Bent. * Curvamen arquatum, archwise, figured like an Arch.
 Curvatio, ōnis, f. a bowing, or bending.
 Curvātura, æ, f. a bending, a Run-
 dle.
 Curvātus, a, um, hooked, bent.
 † Curvesco, ere, to become crooked.
 † Curvipes, ēdis, crooked-footed.
 Curvitas, ātis, f. Crookedness, bending.
 † Curulia, æ, f. a Ship-rope.
 Cūrilis, le [à currus] of State. * E-
 bur curule, the Chair of State.
 * Edilis curulis, the Lord Sur-
 veyor.
 Cūrilis, is, f. [sc. fella] the Chair
 of State.
 Curvo, are, to bow or bend.
 Curvor, ari, to be bent.
 CURVUS, a, um [Κούρῡς] crooked,
 bended. * Curvo dignoscere re-
 ctum, to know good from bad.
 Cusa, a River of Mauritania Tin-
 gitana.
 Cusco, a very great City in the West
 Indies.
 Cusculus, a City of Thrace.
 † Cusculum, the Fruit of the Tree
 Nex.
 † Cuscuta, æ, f. Dodder or Withwind.
 Cusi, a City of the lower Pannonia.
 † Cusio, ōnis, f. a Coining.
 Cusiones, for Curiones.
 † Cūso, are, to invent, or devise.
 Cūsor, ōris, m. a Coiner.
 Cuspidatim, adv. with a Point.
 Cuspidatus, a, um, pointed.
 Cuspido, are, to sharpen or set a
 Point upon.
 CUSPIS, idis, f. [à cudo vel cædo]
 a Point, Spear, or Arrow-head, Sling,
 an earthen Pipe in Var. * Cuspis
 longa, a Spit.
 Cuspis, i, a French Sabot, or wooden
 Shoe.
 † Custodēla, æ, f. Custody.
 Custodes, dum, the Patron Gods of
 Towns and Cities. * Canes custo-
 des, Mastiffs.
 Custodia, æ, f. Custody, Guard, watch-
 ing, the Place where the Watch is
 set, a Prison, or Prisoner, Keeper.
 * Custodia sui, diligent Care of a
 Man's Health.
 Custodiæ, arum, the Watch or Watch-
 men. * Corpora custodiarum,
 Courts of Guard.
 † Custodiarii, Keepers of Prisons.
 † Custodiarium, ii, n. a Prison or
 Gate-house.
 Custodis, ire [à custos] to keep,
 guard, have in Charge, observe,
 watch, defend. * Nunc te ipse
 custodis, now you are your own Co-
 vernor.
 Custoditè, adv. surely, warily,
 watchfully.
 Custoditio, ōnis, f. a keeping.
 Custoditus, a, um, kept, secured,
 preserved.
 CUSTOS, ōdis, c. [à cura] a
 Keeper, Watchman, Guardian, War-
 den, Comptroller, Overseer. * Cu-
 stos sacrorum, the Sacrist. * Cu-
 stos membranæ, a Surgeon's Tuffin.
 * Custos in vitibus, a Branch of a
 Vine left after pruning, to carry
 Fruit.
 Cusustani, a People of Italy.
 † Cuius, i, m. a Wood-worm.
 Cusus, a, um [of cudor] coined.

Cutelatas, an Island about the greater
 Syrtis.
 † Cūtella, æ, f. a Pimple or Wheal,
 thin Skin.
 Cutha, a Country and River in Per-
 sia.
 Cuthiæ, the Inhabitants of Cutha.
 Cuthbertus, the Name of several
 Men.
 Cūticula, æ, f. [à cutis] the upper-
 most thin Skin which is raised in Bli-
 sters. * Curare cuticulam, to
 make much of one's self.
 Cūticulāris, re, of thin Skin. * Me-
 atus cuticulares, the Pores.
 Cutilia, a Lake in the Fields of Reate,
 wherein a woody Island is continually
 floating up and down.
 Cutilium, a Town of the Sabines.
 Cutio, ōnis, f. [à cutis] a Cheeslip,
 a Worm with many Feet, Kitchen-
 bob or Sow.
 † Cūtiones, hard Bargainers.
 CUTIS, is, f. [Σῦτς] the Skin,
 thin Rind, Pill; also Leather. * Cu-
 tis terræ, the Superficies of the
 Earth. * Tenera orationis cutis,
 the Air of an Oration. * Ad cutem
 usque radere, to shave one to the
 quick. * Ego te intus & in cu-
 te novi, I know you well enough.
 * Calceus est fartusterque qua-
 terque cute, clouted and cobbled
 over and over.
 † Cūtitus, a, um, corrupted, de-
 floured.
 † Cuturnium, ii, n. a Wine-vessel
 used in Sacrifice.

C Y

Cyalus, a City of Lysia, built by Ju-
 piter.
 Cyamēa, æ, f. a Stone, which being
 broken is like a Bean, g.
 Cyamon, a Promontory of Crete.
 Cyamosorus, a River of Sicily.
 Cyāmus, i, m. a Bean; also a kind
 of Herb.
 Cyāna, a Virgin of Syracuse, who
 being ravished by her own Father
 Cyanippus, in his Drink, haled
 him by the Hair to Apollo's Al-
 tar, and there slew both him and her
 self, to stop the Plague that was
 sent among the People for their
 Offence.
 Cyana, or -ne, a Sicilian Nymph, go-
 ing to help Proserpine against Plu-
 to, was by him changed into a Foun-
 tain of that Name.
 Cyane, a Town of Lycia.
 Cyaneæ, Islands or rather Rocks under
 the Thracian Bosphorus, not far
 from one another.
 Cyanee, or ea, a Nymph the Daugh-
 ter of Mæander, who bare Biblis
 and Caunus Twins to Miletus, the
 Son of Apollo.
 Cyaneus, a, um, of a bright Blue or
 Azure. * Cyaneus lapis, the Azure
 or Lazul-stone.
 Cyanippus, a Syracusan, who con-
 temning Bacchus's Sacrifices, was
 struck with such a Drunkenness that
 he lay with his own Daughter Cyana
 in the Dark; also the Name of a
 Thessalian, whose Wife being jealous
 of him by Reason of his frequent hunt-
 ing, lay in the Woods to watch him,
 and was torn in Pieces by his Dogs,
 whereupon he killed himself.

Cyanus, i, m. a Sapphire; also the
 Flower Blue-bottles.
 Cyanus, g. a River of Colchis.
 Cyaraxes, or Cyaxares, the Son of
 Phraortes, King of the Medes
 and Persians, and Father of Astya-
 ges, he first divided the People of
 Asia into Provinces, and their other
 Orders.
 Cyarda, a City of Caria from Cyar-
 dus, the Son of Bargasus.
 Cyatillo, are, g. to skin or pour out
 Drink.
 Cyathus, i, m. a Cup, a Wine-cup of
 four Spoonfuls or an Ounce and a half,
 also a kind of Pincers to pluck out
 Bullets or Arrow-heads. * A [cya-
 this esse or ad cyathos stare, to be
 one's Cup-bearer.
 Cyathus, a River of Ætolia.
 Cybaizon, a Name of Mercury a-
 mong the Lacedæmonians.
 Cybale, the Maid-servant of one Sy-
 milus a poor Man in Virgil.
 Cybassus, or Cubassus, a City of Ca-
 ria.
 Cybæa, æ, f. a kind of great ship, g.
 Cybèle, or Magna mater, so called
 from her driving Men into Mad-
 ness.
 Cybèle and Cybèle, the Daughter of
 Cœlum and Terra, Wife of Saturn,
 called also Ops, Rhea, Vesta, mag-
 na mater, Dindymene, Berecyn-
 thia Pessinuntia.
 Cybèlea, a City of Ionia and Pha-
 onia.
 Cybeles pomum, a Pine-apple.
 Cybelus, a Mountain of Phrygia,
 where Cybele the Mother of the Gods
 was worshipped.
 Cybernesia, Feasts instituted by The-
 seus when he came from Crete, in
 Honour of Nautilous his Pilot.
 Cybiotales, a King of Ægypt, called
 also Cybiolactes.
 Cybira, a Town of Lycaonia.
 Cybiriticus, a, uni, of Cybira.
 Cybistēma, atis, n. a kind of a tum-
 bling.
 Cybisteter, or Cybister, eris, m. a
 Tumbler, Dancer or Diver, g.
 Cybistra, a City of Armenia major,
 called Arminacha.
 Cybium, ii, n. a Fish four square, g.
 Cyboides, g. the fourth Bone of the
 Foot, called also Os cubiforme.
 Cybus, a City of the Ionians in Li-
 bya.
 Cyceon, ōnis, m. a Caudle, g.
 Cycesium, a City of Peloponnesus.
 Cychranus, i, m. a Bird accompan-
 ying the Quails over Sea, g.
 Cychreus, the Son of Neptune and
 Salamine, who for his crooked Con-
 ditions was called Serpens. Ceres
 in Eleusine took him for her Priest,
 and from him the Island Salamis is
 sometimes called Cychrea.
 Cychri, a People of Thrace.
 † Cyclādatus, a, um, clad with a
 Kettle.
 Cyclādes, Islands of the Ægean Sea,
 about Delos, in number 52 all in a
 round.
 Cyclaminus, i, f. } the Herb Sow-
 Cyclaminum, i, n. } bread or Ma-
 ry's-seal.
 Cyclaminus, an Asiatick Bay of
 Bosphorus Thracius, called Goltō
 di Boltania.
 Cyclas, ādis, f. a Kettle, Cimar, g.
 † Cycleium, ii, n. a kind of Pot.

Cycli-

- Cyclicus**, a, um, circular. * **Cyclicum jumentum**, a Horse having the Vires. * **Cyclicus scriptor**, a poultry Scribbler, g.
- Cyclōboros**, a River in Attica; it makes such a noise, that Cyclobori vox, is used as a Proverb against clamorous People.
- Cyclopædia**, universal Knowledge of all Sciences.
- Cyclōpes**, the Sons of Neptune and Amphitrite, Servants to Vulcan in making Jupiter's Thunder-bolts; they had one large Eye in the middle of their Foreheads; the chief of them were Brontes, Steropes, and Pyracmon.
- Cyclopus scopuli**, three Rocks near Sicily; Cyclopes were the first Inhabitants of Sicily, according to Diodorus.
- Cyclus**, i, m. a round Place; also a Coin, and a Disease in Beasts called the Vires, when Kernels arise under their Ears, g.
- Cycnitis**, a Country where Cynus reigned.
- Cynus**, the Son of Mars, slain by Hercules, being holpen by the Horse Avion, which Neptune begot in the Form of a Horse; whereupon Mars was about to fight him, but that Jupiter parted them: Also the Son of Hyrie turned into a Swan. A King of Liguria, who bewailing the Death of Phaethon, was turned into a Bird of that Name: And a Son of Neptune, who was all over invulnerable, which Achilles understanding, in a Combat, threw him down and throttled him with his Knees, and going to rifle him, found his Armour empty, and Cynus turned into a Bird: Also the Name of a Horse in Statius.
- Cynus**, i, m. a Swan.
- Cyconæ**, a People of Asia.
- Cyda**, a Cretian, whom Anthony chose among the Judges at Rome, a very dissolute Person.
- Cydaras**, a River of Taprobane.
- † **Cydarum**, i, n. a Boat.
- Cydarus**, i, a River of Thrace.
- Cyatheneum**, a Town in the Tribe Pandionis, the Country of Democharus the Comedian.
- Cydeſi**, a People of Bithynia.
- Cydias**, a Painter, whose Piece of the Argonauts, Hortensius the Orator bought for 164 Talents.
- Cydicpe**, a beautiful Maid, beloved by Acontius, who won her by a Sleight. See Acontius.
- Cydippus**, a Mantinean, who wrote of the Inventers of Things.
- Cydras**, a City of Macedonia called Pvdna.
- Cydrus**, a River of Cilicia running by Tarsus, where Alexander went to wash himself, and was almost killed with the Cold.
- Cydon**, } a Town in Creet.
- Cydonia**, }
- Cydonius**, a, um, belonging to Cydon.
- † **Cydonago**, a wild Quince-tree.
- Cydonia**, x, f. a Quince-tree. See Cydonius.
- Cydonia**, an Island before Lesbos, and a City of Libya.
- Cydoni-perſicum**, a Malum coto-neum.
- Cydonites**, a Meat made of Jod Quinces, Pears and Honey, Marmalade, g.
- Cydonium**, ii, n. a Quince or Quid-dany.
- Cydonius**, a, um, of Cydon, * **Cydonia mala**, Quinces.
- Cydræ**, a City of the Byrsi in Thes-saly.
- Cydrata**, a City by the Mountains of Phrygia.
- Cydrine**, a City of Armenia.
- Cyema**, an Embryo not yet of two Months, g.
- Cygneus**, a, um, [a cygnus] of a Swan, eloquent, white, harmoni-ous.
- † **Cygninus**, a, um, Swan-like.
- † **Cygnitus**, as, m. the singing of a Swan.
- † **Cygnulus**, i, m. a little Swan.
- Cygnus**, i, m. [κυγν] a Swan.
- Cylabaris**, the Name of a School in Argos.
- Cylbiani**, Mountains in Phrygia Major, whence the River Cayſtir flows.
- Cylaudus**, a City of Caria.
- Cylices**, a People of Illyrium, where there is a Monument of Cadmus and Harmonia.
- Cylindraceus**, a, um, like a Rol-ler.
- † **Cylindrites**, a long and round Stone.
- Cylindrus**, i, m. a Cylinder, a Rol-ling-stone; also a Pearl long and round like an Egg, g.
- Cylisma**, atis, n. a tumbling or roll-ing, g.
- Cylitarnus**, a River in Calabria cal-led Pazanello.
- Cyllabaris**, the same as Cylabaris.
- Cyllabarus**, the Son of Sthenelus, with whom Ægiale Diomedes' Wife is said to have lain in the time of the Trojan War.
- Cyllarus**, one of the Centaurs; also the Horse of Pollux.
- Cyllastris**, or Cyllæstris. a kind of coarse Bread in Ægypt.
- Cyllene**, a City of Elis in Pelopon-nesus; also a Mountain of Arca-dia, where Jupiter begat Mercury upon Maia.
- Cyllenius**, Mercury.
- † **Cyllo**, ōnis, m. a Catamite.
- Cylloſis**, g. a turning of the Legs out-ward.
- Cyma**, x, f. and atis, n. a Sprout of Coleworts and such like Herbs.
- Cymatilis**, le, g. like the Sea, blue.
- Cymatium**, ii, n. a kind of Graving resembling Waves, g.
- Cymba**, x, f. a Boat, g.
- † **Cymbalaris**, or -laria, Bastard Na-vel-wort.
- Cymbaliſto**, are, g. to play with Cymbals.
- Cymbaliſta**, x, or -tes, x, m. a Player on the Cymbal, g.
- Cymbaliſtria**, x, f. she that plays with Cymbals.
- Cymbalium**, ii, n. Mountain Penny-wort, g.
- Cymbalum**, i, n. a Cymbal, g.
- Cymbium**, ii, n. a Boat-cup, g.
- Cymbula**, x, f. [a cymba] a little Boat or Scull.
- Cyme**, a City of Æolia.
- † **Cyminalis**, the Herb Gentian.
- † **Cymindis**, a Night-bird or Hawk.
- † **Cyminiſector**, as Cuminifector.
- † **Cyminum**, i, n. Cumin, g.
- Cyminus**, a Lake of Etruria.
- Cymodoce**, a Sea-Nymph, Daughter of Nereus and Doris. Virgil calls
- her **Cymodocea**, and reckons her a-mongst those Nymphs, into which E-neas's Ships were turned.
- Cymōſus**, a, um, [a cyma] having many Sprouts.
- Cymothoe** a Sea-Nymph, the Daug-ter of Nereus and Doris; also a Fountain in Achaia.
- † **Cyna**, x, a Tree in Arcadia, of which they make Cloaths; also a La-cedæmonian Cap.
- Cynacantha**, g. the Caper or Goose-berry-bush.
- Cynætha**, a City of Thrace.
- Cynæthium**, a City of Arcadia.
- Cynathienſes**, the People of Cynæ-thium.
- Cynæthus**, a famous Poet of Chios.
- Cynægryrus**, a valiant Athenian Captain, who in the Persian War held one of their Ships with his right Hand, and that being cut off, with his left, and that being cut off, with his Teeth.
- Cynamolgi**, a monstrous People of Æthiopia.
- † **Cynamolgus**, a kind of Bird.
- Cynancheles**, f. the Quince.
- Cynanthemis**, idis, f. stinking Ca-momil, g.
- Cynæpes**, a River falling into the Euxine Sea.
- Cynara**, x, f. an Artichoke, g.
- Cynara**, an Island in the Ægean Sea.
- Cynareus**, a, um, of Cynara.
- † **Cynaſonas**, a Woman's Bodkin for her Hair.
- Cydon**, a River of Hellespont or Peloponnesus.
- Cyne**, a City of Libya.
- Cyneas**, an eloquent Theſſalian Am-baſſador from Pyrrhus to Rome, where he learnt in one Day the Names of all the Senators, who ſeemed to him as so many Kings.
- Cynegeica**, orum, Books of Hunting, g.
- Cynegius**, a Consul with Theodosius Augustus.
- Cynelii**, or Cynetæ, a People in the farthest part of Europe towards the Sea.
- Cynethon**, a Poet of Lacedæmo-nia.
- Cynethuſia**, an Island in the Ægean Sea.
- Cynetia**, a City of Argolica.
- Cyneticum**, a Place of Iberia near the Sea.
- Cynia**, a large Lake in Acarna-nia.
- Cynicauma**, atis, n. an Inflamma-tion from the biting of a mad Dog, g.
- Cynice**, es, f. Cynicism, Doggism, the Cynical Sect.
- Cynici**, a Sect of Philosophers follow-ing Antisthenes, which began An-no 3600.
- Cynicus**, a, um, dogged, churlish, ſtiff, and ſowr. * **Cœna cynica**, a Supper of Herbs, &c. g.
- † **Cyniphia pellis**, a Goat's Skin.
- Cynips**, iphis, a long-legged Gnat, a Midg or Dog-fly, g.
- Cynna**, a Town by Heraclea.
- † **Cynobatane**, a kind of Cam-mil.
- Cynocéphalæ**, Mountains of Theſ-saly, a City of Locriſ, and a Caſtle of the Thebans.
- Cynocéphali**, a People of India re-ported to have Heads like Dogs. Cy-

Cynocephalia, α , f. Flea-bane, g.
 Cynocephalis, is, f. a Baboon, g.
 Cynocephalus, the Egyptian God Anubis.
 Cynocrambe, es, f. Dogs-Mercury, g.
 Cynodontes, um, m. the Dog-teeth; also a certain Sea-fish, g.
 Cynoglossus, i, m. Hound's-tongue; also a Sole (fish) g.
 Cynoides, g. a kind of Herb.
 Cynomazon, i, n. a Herb deadly to Dogs, if put in Broth, g.
 Cynomorion, il, n. Choke-weed growing among Corn, g.
 Cynomorphos, g. Saffron.
 Cynomya, α , f. a Horse-fly; also Flea-bane, g.
 Cynonnesus, an Island of Libya.
 Cynopes, g. graceless, impudent.
 Cynopolis, a City in Egypt, where Anubis is worshipped.
 † Cynopus, a kind of Shell-fish.
 Cynorrhodus, i, m. and -don, i, n. the yellow Lilly, the wild Rose, g.
 Cynos, a City of Locris and Thessaly, the Seat of Deucalion, where his Wife Pyrrha was buried.
 Cynosarges, a School in Attica.
 Cynosbatus, i, f. and -ton, i, n. Eglantine or Sweet-brier.
 Cynoscephale, a Hill in Thessaly, and a small Country of Thebes where Pindar was born.
 Cynosdemia, α , f. a kind of Fish, g.
 Cynosorchis, idis, and -is, f. the Herb Dogs-stones.
 Cynospatus, i, g. Eglantine.
 Cynosrhodos, g. the wild Rose.
 Cynopema, a Promontory of Thracia.
 Chersonesus, where Hecuba was buried, by extremity of Grief turned into a Dog, g.
 Cynosura, α , f. the Star in the Tail of the lesser Bear; also a Promontory of Arcadia, and other places, g.
 Cynosurei, a Tribe of the Megarenses.
 Cynosura ova, addle Eggs.
 Cynozolon, g. a kind of stinking Thistle.
 Cynthia, a very beautiful Woman mention'd by Propertius.
 Cynthus, a Mountain of Delos, so high, that it is said to shadow the whole Island; in this Mountain Latona is said to have brought forth Apollo and Diana, from whence she is often called Cynthia, and he Cynthus.
 Cynura, a City in Argos, or Argolica.
 Cynurzi, a People of Arcadia.
 Cynus, a Town of Locris, and a River of Arabia felix.
 Cyon, a City of Caria, called before Canebium. *Cuites, the Citizens.
 Cyonesus, an Island of Nilus, over-against the Town Cynopolis.
 † Cypa, α , a kind of Ship.
 Cypara, a City of Thessaly.
 Cypatha, a City of Libya.
 Cyparis, g. a kind of Plant.
 † Cyparissæ, or -illæ, fiery Meteors.
 Cyparissæa, a City of Triphylia, which was called Franna.
 Cyparissæa, Minerva so called.
 Cyparissa, -ia, or -os, a City of Peloponnesus, at the Mouth of the River Cyparisseis.
 Cyparissas, α , f. the great kind of Spurge, g.
 Cyparissium, a Promontory not far from the City Cyparissia.

Cyparissus, i, f. the Cypress-tree, g.
 Cyparissus, the Son of Telephus, a beautiful young Man of the Isle Cea, beloved of Apollo; who pining away for accidentally killing a tame Stag which he loved, was turned by him into a Cypress-tree; also a City about Delphos, where Cypress-trees abound.
 Cyparissus sinus, Golfo di Arcadia.
 Cypasis, a City about Hellespont.
 Cype, a Castle of Sicily.
 Cyperum, } a corner'd Rush, wild
 Cyperus, } Galingale. * Cype-
 rus Babylonius, common Galin-
 gale, g.
 Cyphanta, a Town and Haven of Laconia.
 Cyphata, a Castle of Thessaly.
 Cyphus, a City of Perrhæbia and Thessaly.
 † Cypiros, the Plant Gladiolus, Gladder, or Sword-grass.
 † Cypressus, i, f. the Cypress-tree.
 Cypriæ, three barren Islands by Cyprus.
 Cyprianus, a Bishop of Carthage, beheaded under Valerian, A. D. 250.
 Cyprinus, a, um, g. of Cypress.
 Cyprinus, i, m. a Carp. * Cyprinus latus, a Bream, g.
 Cyprius, a, um, Erasim. of Cyprus. * Bos Cyprius, a Dolt.
 Cyprius, a, um, of Copper, g.
 Cyprium, or Cyprium æs, Copper.
 Cyprogenia, α , a Name of Venus.
 Cyprus, i, f. the Præet-tree, g.
 Cyprus, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea between Cilicia and Syria, so fruitful that it was called Macaria, the Happy Island; it had anciently all these Names, Acanthis, Amathusa, Aspetia, Colinea, Crattis, Cryptos, Sphæcia, and Ærofa; hence Venus is called Cypria, Cypris and Cyprigena.
 Cypsela, or Cypsella, a City of Thrace, near the River Hebrus; also a Castle in Arcadia, and a City in Spain.
 Cypseles, or -los, Ear-wax, the Hole of the Ear, and any other Hole, g.
 Cypselidæ, the People of Cypsela.
 Cypselus, i, m. a Martlet, g.
 Cypselus, a Tyrant of Corinth, that was hid in a Chest by his Mother when they sought to kill him.
 Cyptacia, a City of Galatia, called Carosa.
 Cyra, an Island in the Gulf of Persia, and a Mountain of Cyrene.
 † Cyragicus, one that has the Gout or Cramp.
 Cyranis, an Island of Africa.
 Cyrbiana, a Province of the Elymaei.
 Cypre, the Name of Ceres among the Cnidians; also a Fountain in Cyrenaica.
 Cyrenaicus, } a, um, of Cyrene.
 Cyrenæus, } Cyrenaici Philoso-
 phi, Philosophers agreeing with Epi-
 curus in his chief Tenets.
 Cyrene, the Daughter of the River Peneus, with whom Apollo was in Love, and carried her into that part of Africa which from her was afterwards called Cyrenaica, where he begat on her Aristæus.
 Cyrene, or -næ, a famous Town of Libya, between Syrtis major and Mareotis, one of those which make

the Pentapolis, built by Pattus Thereus, called by Callimachus his Ancestor.
 Cyrenius, a Governor of all Syria, placed by Augustus Cæsar, by whom he commanded the making of that general Tax.
 Cyretia, Juno.
 Cyriaca, α , g. a Church.
 † Cyribia, orum, Chaff of Wheat or Barley.
 Cyrillus, a Bishop of Dalmatia; another of Alexandria; a Deacon of Heliopolis, who in the time of Constantine destroyed many Heathen Idols, for which in the time of Julian, they ripped up his Belly: A Bishop of Jerusalem, often banished, and at last martyred by the Saracens.
 Cyrinus, a Roman, who suffered under Dioclesian.
 Cyris, the Metropolis of the Sabines.
 Cyrites panis, or Pyrites, fine Bread.
 Cyrizoborca, a Town of India.
 Cymianæ, a People of Thrace.
 Cynaba, a River of Scythia.
 Cynæus, a, um, of Cynus.
 † Cyrnea, α , f. a Wine-Flaggon.
 Cynus, an Island in the Ligustic Sea, so called from Cynus the Son of Hercules.
 Cynii, the People of Cynus, who live very long by reason of their eating Honey, which is very plentiful amongst them.
 Cyropolis, a City of Asia.
 Cyria, a City of Phocis.
 Cyrrhadæ, a rude People of India within Ganges.
 Cyrrhes, a People of Macedonia not far from Pella.
 Cyrrhestica, a Country of Syria.
 Cyrrhus, a City of that Country.
 Cyrsilus, an Athenian stoned to death for persuading the Youth to dishonest things.
 Cyrsirides, um, f. the Cells of Bees, g.
 † Cyserum, i, n. a great Ship.
 Cyrtæ, the Seat of Syphax in Africa propria.
 Cyrtæa, a City of Bœotia.
 Cyrtus, a City of Egypt, the Country of Dionysius the Physician.
 Cyrus, the Son of Cambyfes by Mandana, Daughter of King Astyages, he translated the Empire from the Medes to the Persians, and subduing Asia, brought all the East under his Power; at last waging War with the Scythians, Queen Tomyris cut him off, together with Two hundred thousand Persians, so that there was not one left to carry the News; and cutting off Cyrus's Head, threw it into a Tub of Blood, saying, Satia te sanguine quem sitiisti.
 Cyrus minor, the Brother of Artaxerxes.
 Cyrus, the Name of a Poet, made a Bishop by Theodosius; also a City built by the Jews in Honour of Cyrus, who freed them from their Captivity; a City in Eubœa, and a River in Media and Scythia.
 Cysa, a Town of Carmania.
 Cysenis, the Daughter of Diomedes King of Thrace.
 Cysites, g. a precious Stone, which seems to have other little Stones within it, g.
 Cysius, i, m. Ivy growing alone, g.
 Cyslen,

Cysten, a Town of Æthiopia.
 † Cystiolithi, Stones that grow in Sponges, and are good for the Bladder.
 Cyllis, is, f. the Bladder, g.
 Cyta, a City of Colchis, the Country of Media.
 Cytæis, idis, for Medea.
 Cytæus, a, um, of Cyta.
 Cytræum, a City of Creet, and of Taurica Cherfonefus.
 Cytæis, a Country of Carmania.
 Cytæinus, a, um, of Cyta.
 Cyteorum, or Cetyorum, a Town of Cappadocia called Cecino.
 Cyterium, a City of the Oenotri.
 † Cytharus, a kind of Turbet.
 Cythera, grum, an Island against Creet, called Cerigo, dedicated to Cytherea. Venus so called.
 Cytheræis, idis, or idos, Venus so called.
 Cytheriacus, a, um, of Cythera.
 Cytheræus, } * Cythereus heros, Æneas Son of Venus.
 Cytheris, a famous Harlot, made free by Volunnius, beloved of C. Gallus, and called by Virgil, Lycoris.
 Cytherus, a River of Elis, and a City of Attica.
 Cythina, a City of Thessaly.
 Cythnos, one of the Cyclades, called also Ophiusa and Dryopis.
 Cythneus, a, um, of Cythnos.
 * Cythneæ calamitates, very grievous Sufferings.
 Cythineum, a City of Noricum.
 Cythnus, i, m. the Flower of the Pomegranate-tree, g.
 Cytis, an Island of Arabia, where the Topaz is found.
 Cytifus, i, m. the Hadder or Hather, g.
 Cytni, a People of Pannonia.
 Cytonium, a City between Mysia and Lydia.
 Cytorum, a City of Paphlagonia, by the Euxine Sea, called Castelle.
 Cytorus, a Mountain in Galatia, where very much Box grows.
 † Cytrago, inis, the Herb Holm.
 † Cyttærus, i, m. the high part of the Firmament; the Holes in a Honeycomb, and the Husk of Corn.
 Cyzicus, a City of Mysia by Propontis, called Chizico.
 Cyziceni, the Men of Chizico, noted for Delicacy and Fearfulness. Hence the Proverb, Tinctura Cyzicena, against those that do any unhandsome thing for fear. * Cyziceni stateres, used proverbially for any thing stately carved.

D

A

D. for De, Divus, Decius, Decimus, Diebus, Devotus.
 D. B. M. De bene merentibus.
 D. B. J. D. is bene juvantibus.
 D. D. D. Dat, dicat, dedicat.
 D. D. D. D. Dignum Deo donum dedit.
 Da, for dic, and dabo for dicam.
 Dæ, Daliæ, or Dai, a People of Scythia by the Caspian Sea.
 Dabanægoris, a Country of Arabia.
 Dabir, the Name of a City in the Tribe of Juda and Simeon.
 Dabrona, a River of Ireland.
 Dachiareni, a People of Arabia.

Dachinabades, a Country of India, Indostan or Malabar.
 Daci, a People of Transylvania.
 Dacia, a Country of Scythia beyond Hungary, divided into Transylvania, Valachia, and Moldavia.
 Dacicus, } a, um, of Dacia.
 Dacius, }
 † Dachryma, for lachryma, a Tear.
 Daetonium, a Town in Spain called Cibadio.
 Daetyli Idæi, the same as Curites and Corbantes.
 Daetylicus, a, um, g. belonging to a Date or Finger. * Daetylicus numerus, a Daetyl.
 Daetylion, ii, n. a Ring; also the Herb Scammony, g.
 Dyctylis, a famous Carver.
 Daetylis, idis, f. bearing a long Fruit, g. * Daetylides vites, Raisin-vines.
 Daetyloides, Finger-grass, g.
 Daetylotheca, æ, f. a Box for Rings, a Glove or Finger-stall, g.
 † Daetylotum, i, n. a kind of Cup, g.
 † Daetylum, i, n. a Ring.
 Daetylus, i, m. a Date, Finger, a Daetyl, one long Syllable, and two short ones; the Herb Dog-tooth, and a Muscle-fish; a Gem in Pliny, g.
 Dacus, a, um, of Dacia.
 Dacus, i, or Daci, orum, and Dacæ, the Dacians.
 Dada, a City of Pisidia.
 Dadai, Mountains of India.
 Dadastana, a City of Bithynia.
 Dades, a Promontory of Cyprus.
 Dadicæ, a People of Scythia in Asia.
 Dadix, icis, a kind of Measure, g.
 Daduchus, chi, m. a Torch-bearer.
 Daduceus, the chief Priest of Hercules among the Athenians, g.
 † Dadala, a Bow to play on a Viol.
 Dadala, a City of Lycia, from Dadalus buried there; and other Places.
 Dædaleus, } a, um, [à Dædalus]
 Dædalus, } artificial, ingenious.
 Dædalia, a City of Italy built by Dædalus.
 Dædalidæ, a Town of the Tribe Cecropis in Attica.
 Dædalion, the Son of Lucifer, Brother of Deyx and Father of Chione.
 Dædālus, a most ingenious Artificer of Athens, who invented the Saw, Axe, Plummer, Auger, Glue, Sails for Ships, made the Labyrinth of Minos King of Creet, into which he himself was put for being privy to the Adultery of Pasiphaæ, from whence he escaped, with his Son Icarus, by the Invention of Sails. Hence Remigiis Dædaleis, with Dexterity and Speed.
 Dædaleus, a, um, of Dædalus.
 † Dæmogorgon, Nature, the Mother and Nourisher of all things.
 Dæmon, ōnis, m. an Angel, Devil, Hag, Hobbobin, g.
 Dæmoniācus, a, um, mad, furious, possessed by the Devil, a Demoniac, g.
 Dæmoniūcus, a, um, devilish.
 Dæmonium, ii, n. an Angel, good or bad, most commonly the Devil.
 Dæta, the Sister of Thyestes, on whom he begot Ænarchus Dæmon.
 Dætas, the Father of Machereus, that Priest of Delphos who slew Pyrrhus Son of Achilles.

Dætor, a Name of a Trojan in Homer.
 Dagafalphus, a Consul with Severinus.
 Dagaleffus, a City of Armenia minor.
 Dagobertus, a King of the Franks, A. D. 630. and another 715.
 Dagon, an Idol of the Philistines.
 Dagonia, a Town in Armenia minor.
 Dagræ, a Town in Cappadocia.
 Dahippus, a famous Statuary.
 Dai, a People of Persia, all Shepherds.
 Daimenes, a General of the Actæi.
 Dalca, the Daughter of Oceanus.
 Dalanda, a City of Armenia minor.
 Dalasfarba, a Town in Thrace.
 Dalasis, a Country in Cilicia.
 Dalacariza, a City of Pontus.
 Daldis, a City of Libya.
 Dale, a Town in Teuthrania.
 † Dalerus, i, m. a Dutch Dollar.
 Dilluuntum, a Town in Dalmatia.
 Dalmāta, æ, m. a Dalmatian.
 Dalmana, a City of Dalmatia.
 Dalmatæ, the Inhabitants of Dalmatia.
 Dalmatia, a part of Illyricum called Sclavonia.
 Dalmaticus, a, um, of Dalmatia.
 * Dalmatica vellis, a Surplice or Priest's white Garment, set with purple studs.
 Dalmaticatus, a, um, clad in white.
 Dalomena, a Country of Assyria.
 Daltarni, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
 † Dalum, the Bow-sprit-sail.
 DĀMA, æ, c. [ἀμας, vel ἀδμα, timor] a Fallow-Deer.
 Dama, a Town of Arabia felix, also a Daughter of Pythagoras, a Follower and Expounder of his Philosophy.
 Damæi, a People by the Ichthyophagi.
 Damæthus, a King of Caria.
 Damania, a City in Spain.
 Damaris, a Woman's Name.
 Damas, an Historian who wrote the Life of Eudemus Rhodius.
 Damascenus, John an Historian and Father of the Church under Leo I. sauricus; also Nicholas a Peripatetic Philosopher familiar with Augustus Cæsar.
 Damascēnus, a, um, of Damascus.
 * Damascena pruna, Damask Prunes.
 Damascius, a Stoic Philosopher under Julian, he wrote Commentaries on Plato, and other things.
 Damascus, i, f. a very ancient City of Syria, abounding in Palms and Plumbs, now called Sciam or Scam, and is under the Turks.
 Damasia, a Town of Rhætium.
 Damastias, a yearly Magistrate at Athens.
 Damasippus, a base Roman, who sided with Marius against Sylla, and sacrific'd the most noble Citizens like Beasts, at last slain by Sylla; and other Men.
 Damastihynus, one of Xerxes's Captains.
 † Damassonium, a kind of Herb.
 Damasus, a Spanish Poet under Eutropius and Orosius, being made Pope, composed many Hymns; and several others.
 Dameas, a famous Statuary.
 Damia, a Surname of Cybele.
 Damianus, a famous Sophist of Ephesus, a great Favourer of learned Men, being very rich and powerful.

D. Damianus, a Physician, the Brother of D. Cosmus Medicus.
 Damium, a private Sacrifice of the Goddess Damia.
 Damnabilis, le, Damnable.
 Damnabilitas, atis, f. Damnable-ness.
 Damnabiliter, adv. Damnably.
 Damnandus, a, um, to be condemned.
 Damnaticani, a People of Spain.
 Damnas, atis, Condemned. * Dare damnas esto, let him be obliged to pay.
 Damnatio, onis, f. Condemnation, Condemning, Calamity.
 † Damnatusimus, a, um, most damnable.
 Damnator, oris, m. a Condemner.
 Damnatorius, a, um, Condemning.
 * Damnatoria tabella, a Verdict finding one guilty.
 Damnatorius, a, um, which will condemn or blame.
 Damnatus, a, um, condemned, &c.
 * Damnatus voti, bound to perform his Promise. * Damnatus ad metallum, condemned to Slavery.
 * Damnatus ad gladium, condemned to fight for one's Life.
 Damnatus, us, m. a Condemnation.
 Damnia, a Country of Arabia felix.
 Damnifico, are, to endamage.
 Damnificus, a, um, Damning.
 Damnigerulus, a, um, endamaging.
 Damnii, a People of Cluydsdale, Striveling, Fife, and Lenox in Scotland.
 Damno, are [à damnum] to condemn, blame, disallow, disinherit.
 * Caput damnare orco, to condemn to Death. * Verrem damnare, to cast Verres. * Mæredem damnare, to bind an Heir to the Payment of Legacies. * Damnare Majestatis, or-te, to condemn of High Treason.
 Damnonii, the People of Devonshire and Cornwall. * Damnonium promontorium, St. Michael's Mount on the Lizard's Point.
 Damnor, ari, to be condemned or punished. * Damnari capite, to be condemned to die.
 Damnosè, adv. hurtfully, with great Damage. * Damnosè bibere, to drink high.
 † Damnositas, atis, f. Hurtfulness.
 Damnosus, a, um, Hurtful, Lavish, Prodigal. * Damnosus senex, sustaining great Losses.
 † Damnum, li, n. a little Loss.
 DAMNUM, i, n. [à δαμνν sumptus] Loss, Detriment, Hurt, Damage. * Damnum facere, to be damaged.
 † Damo, are, to take Deer.
 Damocles, a Flatterer of Dionysius the Sicilian Tyrant.
 Damocrita, a Roman Matron, the Wife of Alcippus, she killed her Daughter and her self, being forbidden to follow her Husband into Banishment.
 Damocritus, a Historian who wrote of the Jews and Tactics.
 Damotas, the Name of a Shepherd in Virgil.
 Damon and Pythias, two Pythagoreans, whereof one being condemned by Dionysius the Tyrant, and desiring a few Days to set his House in order, the other freely offered himself as a Pledge till his return, he came accordingly, and the Tyrant

seeing their faithfulness, acquitted him, and desired to be the third Man in their Friendship.
 Damon, a Cyrenean who wrote of Philosophers, and other Men.
 Damophila, a Grecian Wife of Pamphylus, she wrote many Poems.
 Damophilus, a Sophister brought up by Julian the Consul, and other Men.
 Damottratus, a Philosopher who wrote 20 Books of Fables.
 Damoxenus, a comical Poet of Athens, whose Plays are mentioned by Athenæus.
 Dampelia, the City Torano of the Brutii.
 Dampolis, a Castle of Thrace.
 † Damula, æ, a Fawn or little Deer.
 Damyras, a River in Sicily.
 Damysus, the swiftest of all the Giants of his Time.
 Dana, a Town of Taprobane sacred to the Moon, and a City of Cappadocia.
 Danaba, a City of Palmyrene.
 Danabe, a Town in Persia.
 Danace, g. Charon's Fare put into dead Mens Mouth.
 Danae, es, the Daughter of Acrisius, King of the Argives, who being told by the Oracle that he should be slain by his Grandson, shut her up in a strong Castle, but Jupiter came into her Lap in a shower of Gold through the Tiles, and begat Perseus, whom Acrisius caused to be thrown into the Sea in a Coffin, but a Fisherman taking him and his Mother up, presented him to Pilius, King of Daunia, who married her; and Perseus afterwards coming to Argos, turned his Grand-father into a Stone by shewing him Medusa's Head.
 Danae, es, f. Laurel of Alexandria.
 Danaeus, a, um, of Danae. * Danaeus Heros, Perseus, Son of Danae.
 Danaides, the Fifty Daughters of Danaus.
 Danala, One of the three Castles of Galatia.
 Danaus, a King of the Argives, Brother of Egyptus, he married his Fifty Daughters to his Brother's Fifty Sons, and caused them all, save Hypermnestra, to slay their Husbands the first Night.
 Dandace, a City of Taurica Chersonesus.
 Dandacena, a Town in Cappadocia.
 Dandagula, a Town of India within Ganges.
 Dandarii, a People about Caucasus.
 Dandoxina, a City of Armenia minor.
 Dandus, a, um, to be given.
 Dandon, an Illyrian, who lived 500 Years.
 Danduti, a People of Germany.
 Daneon, a Haven by the Gulph of Arabia, whence Sesostris intended to draw a navigable Channel as far as Nilus.
 Dangulæ, a People about Aracofia.
 Dani, orum, the Danes in Cimbrica Chersonesus, and the adjacent Islands.
 Dania, Denmark.
 Danica, silva, the Forest of Dean in Gloucestershire.
 Danisina, atis, n. Usury, g.
 Danista, æ, m. a Banker, Scrivener, g.
 Danisticus, a, um, g. of Usury.
 Danmonii, w. Damnonii.

Dan moniorum regio, Devonshire.
 Dantes, a Florentine Poet favoured of many Kings and Princes.
 Danthelitica, a Country of Thrace.
 Danthelethæ, } the People of Danthe-
 Danthelitzæ, } litica.
 Dantiscum, the City Dantzick on the Borders of Poland.
 Danubius, the Danow, the greatest River of Europe, called also Ister as it passes by Illyria, and receives into it 60 more Rivers, and falls into the Euxine Sea.
 Danum, Doncaster in Yorkshire.
 † Danunt, for Dant.
 Danus, the River Daint in Lincolnshire, Dan in Cheshire, and Don in Yorkshire.
 Daona, a City of India within Ganges.
 Daonium, a Sea Town of Thrace.
 Daorizi, a People of Liburnia.
 Dapalis, le, [à daps] Sumptuous, Dainty.
 Dapaticus, a, um, } Sumptuous.
 Dapaticus, le, }
 † Dapeo, ere, to make good Cheer.
 Dapes, um, f. Dainties. See Daps.
 Dapha, a City of Arabia Deserta.
 Daphitas, a Grammarian crucified on the Mountain Thorax for abusing of Kings.
 Daphne, es, the Daughter of Peneus, or Ladon, who flying from the Violence of Apollo, and calling to her Father for help, was turned into a Bay-Tree; also a Wood by Antioch, and a Town in Egypt.
 Daphnia, æ, g. a precious Stone good against the Falling Sickness.
 Daphnidis, an Island of the Troglodytes.
 Daphnion, g. Oyl of Bays.
 Daphnis, idis, a young Man of Sicily, the Son of Mercury, who covenanted with a Nymph whom he loved, that whichever of them violated their Faith should lose their Eyes, he forgetting his Promise, fell in Love with another, and was accordingly punished by the Gods; also the Son of Paris by Oenone; a Country of Lycia, and a Town of Egypt, and other Places.
 Daphnis, or -tis, g. an Arabian Cassia smelling like spiced Wine.
 Daphnoides, is, f. a kind of Laurel, Periwinkle, g.
 Daphnon, onis, m. a Place where Bays or Laurel grow, g.
 Dapnus, a City of Phocis, a River, and a Tribe near Cea.
 Dapnusi, a People near Olympus in Bithynia.
 Dapnusi, a Town by Rhegium near Thrace, and another in Egypt.
 Dapifer, a, um, bringing a Banquet.
 Dapifer, i, m. a Sewer, or Butler.
 † Dapiferia, æ, f. Butlership.
 Dapilis, le, Costly, Sumptuous.
 † Dapino, are, to provide a Banquet, to feast.
 DAPS, is, f. [à δαψ epulum, vel δαμνν sumptus] delicate Meal, Jankets, a noble Feast or Entertainment. * Daps assaria, Roast-Meat.
 † Dapsa, a kind of Sacrifice made in the Winter-time.
 † Dapsile, Daintily, Costly.
 Dapsilis, le, [à δαψιλη] Costly, Sumptuous, Liberal.
 Dap-

Dapsilitas, ātis, Plenty of good
Chear.
Dapsiliter, adv. delicately, dainti-
ly.
Dapticus, a, um, g. sumptuous, am-
ple.
† Dapus, i. a great Banquet.
Dara, a City built by Arface, and a
River of Carmania.
Daraba, a City of Arabia.
Darabes, a People of Bactriana.
Daradus, a River of Libya called
Daras.
Daraniſſa, a Town of Armenia major.
Darapſa, a City of Bactriana.
Daras, a Town of Parthia.
Darbia, or Derbia, Darby Town.
Darbiensis comitatus, Darby-shire.
† Darcus, a Fiſh about Orleans and
Blois, leſſer than a Herring.
Dardæ, a People of India.
† Dardāna, æ, f. the great Clot-
bur.
Dardānarius, ii, m. an Engroſſer,
Foreſtaller.
Dardānarius, a, um, of Dardanus.
Dardānia, the old Name of Samo-
thracia; alſo a Town of Troas.
Dardaniæ artes, Witchcraft.
Dardānis, idis, of Dardania.
Dardanius, a, um, of Dardanus.
Dardanum, a Promontory of India.
Dardānus, the Son of Jupiter by
Electra, having ſlain his Brother
Jafius, he fled into Samothracia,
afterwards into Aſia, where he built
a City, calling that and all the Coun-
try Dardania, which his Grandſon
Troas called afterwards Troja:
Alſo the Name of a wretched Magi-
cian.
Dardarii, a People about Mæotis.
Dardi, a People of Apulia Daunia.
† Dardus, i, m. a Dart, or thing
thrown.
Daremæ, a Troglodytic Nation in
Æthiopia.
Darrenſis Episcopatus, the Biſho-
prick of Kildare in Ireland.
Dares, etis, a Phrygian Hiſtorian,
who wrote the Trojan War, wherein
he himſelf ſerved; alſo a Champion
in Virgil, who boated much, and
performed little.
Daretis, a Country in Macedonia and
Media.
Cargidus, a River of Bactriana.
Daria, a City of Macedonia, call'd
alſo Anaſtasia, being built by the
Emperor Anaſtaſius.
Darius, i, m. an ancient Coin about
Two ſhillings four pence, with the
Image of Darius, g.
Daridæus, a King of Perſia, in the
time of Tiberius and Claudius.
Daridna, a City of Paphlagonia.
Darioragum, a City of France called
Vannes.
Dariftane, a City of Perſia.
Daritæ, a People of Perſia.
Darium, a Town of Phrygia.
Darius, the laſt King of Perſia, who
deſpiſing Alexander's Youth, enga-
ged with him, and was beaten in three
great Battels, and in his Flight was
killed by his own Men; and ſeveral
others.
Darmafcus, for Damafcus.
Darna, a City of Aſſyria.
Darni, or -ii, People of Ulſter in
Ireland.
Darocana, a City of Paropanifus.
Daron, a Town in Ægypt.
Darthiæ, a People by the Red Sea.

Darfania, a City in India.
Darſii, a People of Thrace.
Dartos, and -ton, i, n. the thickeſt of
the four ſkins that cover the Teſti-
cles, g.
Darvenum, Canterbury.
Darvernum, Rochelter in Kent.
Daſæ, the ſame as Dai.
Daſcæ, a City of Arcadia.
Daſcon, a Country of Sicily.
Daſcyleum, or -lium, a City of Bi-
thynia by Propontis.
Daſcylum, a City of Caria, ſo called
from Daſcylus Son of Periander,
and other places.
Daſcylos, the Father of King Gy-
ges.
† Daſi, for Dari, to be given.
† Daſia, Shortneſs of Breath.
Daſis, one of Darius's Captains.
Daſius, a Phyſician in Martial.
† Daſmāphon, a kind of Thlaſpi,
Country-muſtard, or wild Sena.
Daſſaretæ, Daſſareni, Daſſaritæ, and
Daſſariti, Daſſaretii, and Daſſa-
renſes, a People of Myricum, or
Macedonia.
Daſtrachus, a Mountain of Armenia
minor.
Daſypus, ōdis, m. a Hare or Coney, g.
Data, a City of Aſſyria.
Dātārius, a, um, freely given.
* Nulla eſt ſalus mihi dataria, I
cannot live by giving.
Dādātum, adv. by giving another.
* Datatim ludere, to play at Ten-
nis or Stool-ball.
† Dathiāthum, a coarſe kind of Fran-
kincenſe.
Datichæ, a City of India within
Ganges.
Datii, a People of Aquitain.
Dātio, ōnis, f. a gift or giving.
Datifinus, an Imitation of Datis, a
Nobleman of Perſia, who was wont
to repeat ſuperfluouſly, ἡδοναὶ καὶ
τέρεναι, καὶ χαίροναι.
† Datitius, the ſame as dedititius.
Dātivus, a, um, dative, giving.
* Dativus tutor, appointed by the
Judge.
Datia, a Town of Media.
Dāto, are, [ā do] to give out, or
often.
Dātor, ōris, m. a Giver.
Dātum, i, n. a Gift.
Dātūrus, a, um, about to give.
Datus, a City of Thrace, where there
be Gold Mines.
Dātus, ūs, m. a giving, granting.
Dātus, a, um, granted, given.
Datylepti, a People of Thrace.
Datylus, an Athenian who arrived
to very great Honours, which occaſi-
oned the ſaying, Datyli dies.
Davares, a People of Mauritania.
Dauchilæ, a People of Libya Inte-
rior.
Dauchis, a Mountain of Æthiopia.
Dauciones, a People of Scandia.
Daucus, i, m. a wild Carrot, or Bird-
neſt, g.
Daudiana, a Town of Armenia ma-
jor.
Dave, a City of Arabia.
Davelli, a People of Æthiopia.
Daventria, Daventer, a City of O-
veryſſel.
Dāvid, idis, the Son of Jeſſe, a Pro-
phet and a King of Judah.
Daulus, a Nymph who gave Name to a
City in Phocis, whence Philomela
is called Daulias, being in this City
turned into a Bird.

† Daulum, Wood halfburnt.
Dauni, a People of Italy, whoſe
Country is called Daunia.
Daunius, the ſame as Jambus.
Daunus, the Son of Pilumnus and
Danae, Grandfather of Turnus;
alſo the Son of that Daunus, and a
River in Apulia.
Daurifer, or -fes, a valiant Captain of
Darius, treacherouſly ſlain by the
Carii.
Daurona, a River by Kinſale in
Ireland.
Daufara, a City about Edeſſa.
Daufdara, a Town of Lower Myſia.
† Dautia, for Lautia, Gifts given
Ambaſſadors.
Dautona, a City of Pannonia.
Daxareni, a People of Arabia.
Daxata, a City of Seres.

D

E

DE. for Decius, or Decurro.
De, præp. (ἐκ) of, from, concern-
ing, or about, after, by. * De ni-
hilo, for a thing of nothing. * De
industria, for the nonce. * De
compacto, by conſult or agreement.
* De integro, afreſh. * De piſci-
na, out of the Fiſh-pond. * De
ſcripto dixit, read it in a Paper.
* Quo de agitur, what is in hand.
* De genu pugnare, to fight on
his Knees. * De cætero, hereafter.
* De meo, de tuo, &c. at my Coſt
and Charges, &c.
Dea, æ, f. [a Deus] a Goddess.
Dea, the River Dee in Scotland.
Dea, or Dia, a City of Gallia Nar-
bonenſis, called Die.
Deabolis, a Caſtle of Macedonia.
Deabus, a Tyrant of the Celtiberi,
called alſo Geryon.
Deācinātus, a, um, ſtoned, having
the Kernels taken out.
Deācino, are [ab acinus] to ſtone,
pick out the Kernels of.
† Deactio, for peractio.
Dealbārium, ii, n. a whitening over.
Dealbātio, ōnis, f. a pargeting.
Dealbātor, ōris, m. a Pargetter.
Dealbātus, a, um, whitened over.
Dealbo, are, to whiten, blanch, white-
lime.
De alto pecco, the Caſtle in the Peak
in Darby-shire.
† Deamantèr, adv. very lovely.
† Deamābilis, le, very lovely.
† Deāmāro, are, to make very bit-
ter.
† Deamātio, ōnis, f. a loving en-
tirely.
† Deāmātor, ōris, m. a hearty Lo-
ver.
Deambulacrum, i, n. a Gallery or
Walk.
Deambulātio, ōnis, f. a going or
walking abroad.
† Deambulātiuncula, a little Walk.
† Deambulātor, ōris, m. a Walker.
Deambulātorium, ii, n. a Gallery,
Walk, or Alley.
Deambulātorius, a, um, walking,
changeable.
Deambulātrix, icis, f. ſhe that goes
or minces up and down.
† Deambulātus, ūs, m. a walking
up and down.
Deambulo, are, to go forth, or walk
abroad. * Multa cum deambu-
laveris, when you have walked a
good way.

Deamēna, æ, f. the Goddess of
menstruous women.
Deāmo, are, to love, entirely, heartily.
† Deargentāre, to pilfer, or steal
Money.
† Deargentātio, ōnis, f. a silver-
ing over.
Deargentātor, oris, m. he that
silvers over.
Deargentatus, a, um, silvered over.
† Deargento, are, to silver over, or
take off silver.
† Dearmātio, ōnis, f. a Disarming.
Dearmātus, a, um, disarmed, lay-
ing down Arms.
Deāmo, are, to disarm. * Dear-
mare sagittas, to unhead the Arrows.
Deartuātus, a, um, dismembered.
Deartuo, are, to disjoint, dismem-
ber, quarter. * Deartuare opes,
to waste an Estate.
Deasciātus, a, um, hewed small,
squared with an Axe.
† Deaurātio, ōnis, f. a Gilding.
Deaurātor, oris, m. a Gilder.
Deaurātus, a, um, gilded.
Deauro, are, to gild over.
Deba, a City of Commagena in Sy-
ria, and another in Mesopotamia.
Debacchātum, adv. ragingly, madly.
Debacchātio, ōnis, f. a Raging.
Debacchor, ari, to rage like a drunk-
en man, to be wild or angry. * De-
bacchari in aliquem, to abuse one.
Debæ, a People of Arabia fælix,
where there is a River with Golden
sand.
† Debarbatus, a, um, having his
Beard shaven off.
† Debāsiātor, oris, m. a Kisser.
Debāsiātus, a, um, kissed.
Debāx, the same as Debæ.
Debellandus, a, um, to be subdued.
Debellātio, ōnis, f. a subduing.
Debellātō, adverb, the War being
ended.
Debellātor, oris, m. a Conqueror.
Debellātorius, a, um, of or like a
Conqueror.
† Debellatrix, icis, f. she that con-
quereth.
Debellātus, a, um, subdued.
Debello, are, to subdue, vanquish,
overcome. * Debellatum est cum
Græcis, the War with the Greeks
is ended.
Debent, ntis, owing, or which ought.
* Dies longa videtur opus debent-
ibus. Labourers think the day long.
DEBEO, ui, itum, [ex de & habeo]
to owe, be bound to. * Magnope-
retibi debeo, I am deeply engaged
to you. * Debeo, I must.
Debibo, ere, to drink up all.
DEBILIS, le, [à de & habilis]
weak, lame, feeble.
Debilitas, atis, f. weakness, feeble-
ness.
Debilitātio, ōnis, f. a weakening.
Debilitātor, oris, m. a Weakener,
Embezeler.
Debilitatrix, icis, f. she that weak-
ens.
Debilitatus, a, um, weakened. * De-
bilitatus animo, daunted.
Debilitē, adv. weakly.
Debilito, are, to weaken, discourage,
maim.
Debilitor, ari, to be enfeebled, back-
broken, dejected.
† Debilitudo, inis, f. Weakness.
Debitio, ōnis, f. an Owning.
Debitor, oris, m. a Debtor.
Debitrix, icis, f. she that owes.

Debitum, i, n. a Debt.
† Debituri, for debitum iri.
Debitus, a, um, [of debeor] Due.
* Ferre debitas pœnas, to suffer
accordingly. * Debito officio fun-
gi, to do ones bounden duty.
Deblātērātio, ōnis, f. a babbling
abroad.
Deblātērātus, a, um, babbled.
Deblātēro, are, to prate, babble,
chat.
Deblateror, ari, to be blabbed abroad.
† Deblatio, ire, to tattle, or tell tales.
Deboma, a Town of Macedonia cal-
led Dardassi.
Deborah, the Name of a Woman.
Deborus, a City of Macedonia.
† Debraccho, are, to pull off one's
Breeches.
† Debrēviātio, ōnis, f. an abridging.
Debrēviātus, a, um, abridged.
Debuccinātor, oris, m. a great
Commander.
Debuccinātus, a, um, published,
blown abroad.
Debuccino, are, to trumpet forth.
Debui, of debeo.
† Debullio, ire, to bubble, or seeth over.
Debullitio, ōnis, f. the boiling over.
Deca, g. Ten.
Decāchinnor, ari, to deride or laugh
at.
Decacordium, ii, n. an Instrument
of ten strings, g.
Decaclinion, ii, n. a Dining room
with ten Seats, g.
Decācūminātio, ōnis, f. a Lopping
off the top.
Decācūminātor, oris, m. that lops
off the top.
Decācūminātus, a, um, whose top
is lopp'd off.
Decācūmino, are, [à cacumen] to
lop, strike, or take off the top.
Decaduchus, one of the ten Atheni-
an Governors when the Tyrants were
expell'd.
† Decalanticare, to put off the
head-geer.
† Decālcium, or decalcatum,
daubed over with Lime.
† Decalcator, oris, he that white-
limeth.
† Decalcio, to white over.
Decalogus, i, m. the Decalogue or
ten Commandments.
Decalvator, oris, m. he that makes
Bald.
Decalvesco, ere, to grow bald.
† Decalvo, are, to make bald.
Decameron, g. of ten parts.
Decamnichus, one of Archelaus's
Courtiers, who upbraided Euripides
with his stinking Breath, and was
by Archelaus's leave wellfavouredly
cudgelled for it, and upon that ac-
count was the cause of Archelaus's
death.
Decanatus, ūs, m. a Company of ten
Men, the Office of a Dean.
† Decānia, a Deanry.
† Decanissa, æ, the Dean's Wife.
Decani, orum, Bearers or Carriers
of the Corps of the deceased to be
buried.
† Decantātio, ōnis, f. a Chanting
or Praising.
Decantatrix, icis, f. a Woman singer.
Decantatus, a, um, charmed, rehear-
sed, much spoken of. * Decantata
fabula, a common story.
Decanto, are, to praise much, speak
often of. * Iisdem de rebus
semper decantare, to be always

prating about the same thing.
† Decāntātor, oris, m. a Man singer.
Decānus, i, m. [à decem] a Captain
of ten, a File-leader; also a Dean.
† Decāpillatus, a, um, whose Hair
is off.
Decāpillo, are, to pull the Hair off.
Decāpito, are, to behead.
Decapolis, a Country of Palestine,
containing ten Cities.
Decaproti, g. the same with the
Roman Decemviri.
Decapūlo, are, to empty, or pour
out of one Vessel into another.
Decarchus, i, m. a Captain over
ten, g.
Decas, ādis, f. a Decade, or the num-
ber of ten, the ten at Cards, g.
Decastidium, a City of Calabria,
called St. Ana.
Decatara, a City of Dalmatia.
† Decatores, or -tones, Gatherers
of Tithes.
Decatorthōma, a Medicine of ten
Ingredients, g.
Decaulesco, ere, to grow to a stalk,
or to lose or shed the stalk.
Deceates, a People of Gallia Nar-
bonensis.
Decēdens, ntis, departing, &c.
* Dies decedens, Sun-setting.
* Prosperē decedentibus rebus,
his Affairs speeding well.
† Decēderit, or decesserit.
Decēdo, si, ssum, to depart or go
away, to give place, or part from,
to die, be defaulked or diminished.
* Decedere de jure, not to stand
upon it. * Decedere viā, to step
aside. * Decedere serā nocti, to
depart late. * Decedere officio or
de officio, to quit an Office. * Nihil
decedit periculi de causa illius,
his business is in the same danger
still.
Decedor, i, to have the way given
one.
Decelia, one of the twelve Cities
which Cecrops set in order; also
part of the Tribe Hippothoontis.
DECEM [Δέκα] ind. Ten.
December, ris, m. the month De-
cember.
Decembris, bre, of December.
Decemjūgis, ge, of ten Horses cou-
pled two and two together.
† Decemmodia, vessels of ten bushels.
Decempagi, a City of Germany,
called Dieusi, in Lotharingia.
Decempēda, æ, f. [à pes] a Pearch,
or Measuring-pole of ten foot.
Decempēdātor, oris, m. he that
measurēth with a Pearch.
Decemplex, icis, tenfold, or ten
times told.
Decemprimātus, ūs, m. the Office
of the Decemprimi.
Decemprimi, General Receivers of
Tribute, charged with whatsoever is
wanting.
Decemscalmus, i, m. a Boat of ten
oars.
Decemviralis, le, of the Decemviri.
Decemviratus, ūs, m. the Office of
the Decemviri.
Decemviri, orum, m. a Committee
of ten Noblemen of Rome, who
governed when the Consuls were de-
posed; also ten Men appointed to
keep and expound the Oracles of the
ten Sybils.
† Decendium, ii, n. the space of
ten days.
Decennalis, le, of ten years.

Dēcennia, orum, *Solemn Games instituted by Gallienus.*
Dēcennis, ne, *ten Years old.*
Dēcennium, ii, n. (a decem & annus) *the Space of ten Years.*
Dēcens, tior, illius, *decent, convenient, comely.*
Dēcentārius, a, um, *witty, comely.*
Dēcenter, adv. *decently, comely.*
Decentia, æ, f. *Decency, Comeliness.*
Decentii, a People of Pannonia.
Dēcentissimus, a, um, *most comely.*
Dēcentius, he was made Emperor by his Brother Magnentius, and hanged himself among the Senones.
Decepi, see **Decipio**.
DECEO, ui, ere, [ἀρκέω videor] *to become, become.*
Dēceptilis, le, *easily deceived.*
Dēceptio, ōnis, f. *a Deceiving.*
Dēceptiuncula, æ, f. *a little Deceit.*
Dēceptivus, a, um, *deceiving.*
Dēcepto, are, *to deceive often.*
Dēceptor, ōris, m. *a Deceiver.*
Dēceptorius, a, um, *deceitful.*
Dēceptura, æ, f. *lousenage.*
Dēceptus, ūs, m. *Deceit.*
Dēceptus, a, um, [of decipior] *deceived.* * **Dēceptæ tabellæ**, Letters intercepted.
Dēcernina, orum, or **decernitiones**, the Parings or Offals.
Dēcerno, crevi, tum, *to decree, ordain, contend, try, decide.* * **Dēcernere supplicationem**, to appoint a Day of Humiliation. * **Dēcernere pugnam**, to fight a Battle.
Dēcerpo, psi, ptum, [of de and carpo] *to pull, or pluck off, diminish, gather, receive.* * **Nequid jocus decerperet de gravitate**, lest his Merriment should discompose his Gravity.
Dēcerptus, a, um, *gathered, &c.*
Dēcertatim, adv. *strivingly, eagerly.*
Dēcertatio, ōnis, f. *a striving, fighting, trying.*
Dēcertatorius, a, um, *contentious.*
Dēcertatur, imp. *the Quarrel is.*
Dēcertatus, a, um, *contended for.*
Dēcerto, are, *to fight, strive, contend.* * **Ne cives cum civibus armis decertarent**, lest they should take up Arms one against another.
Dēcervico, are, *to behead.*
Dēcessi, see **Decedo**.
Dēcessio, ōnis, f. *a departing, giving place, lacking.*
Dēcesso, ere, *to decline or go back.*
Dēcessor, ōris, m. *a Predecessor in an Office, he that departs or gives Place.*
Dēcessus, ūs, m. *a Departure.*
Dēcet, imp. *it becomes, or becomes.*
Deciana, a City in Spain.
Deciani, a People of Spain.
Deciatum, a Country of Gallia Narbonensis.
Dēcibilis, le, *decent.*
Dēcidium, ii, n. [a decido] *a Fall.*
Dēcido, are, *to cut off.*
Dēcido, ere, [of de and cado] *to fall off, down, off or from, die, hang down, be decayed.* * **Decidere spe**, or de spe, *to miss one's Hope.* * **Decidere ab archetypo**, to differ from or not come up to the Pattern or Copy.
Decido, idi, sum, [of de and cado] *to cut off, or away, determine, decide, compound.* * **Decidere pro libertate**, to have their Liberty granted in the Agreement. * **Deci-**

dere pretio cum aliquo, to agree upon a Price with any Body. * **Cætera propriis decisa sunt verbis**, the other Things are expressed properly, or in fit Terms.
Dēciduus, a, um, [a decido] *falling, or ready to fall, fading, cut down.*
Decies, adv. *ten Times.* * **Decies centena**, ten hundred thousand Sesterces. * **Plusquam decies bibere**, to drink excessively.
Decietum, a City of Italy.
Decii ara, a moory Place in Moesia.
Decii, valiant Romans, who offered up their Blood for the Sake of their Country, the Father in the Latine War, the Son in the Tuscan, and the Grandfather in that against Pyrrhus.
Dēcina, æ, f. *a Tithing, or Part of a Shire.*
Dēcima, arum, *Tithes, Tenths.*
Dēcimānus, a, um, *the Tenth, large, great.* * **Dēcimianus limes**, a Trench from North to South in measuring Land. See **Decumanus**.
Dēcimatio, ōnis, f. *the Punishing every tenth Man.*
Dēcimo, are, [a decimus] *to tithe, or take the tenth part, take the best.* * **Legiones decimantur**, every tenth Man is punished.
Decimodix, as **Decemmodix**.
Dēcimula, æ, f. *a small tithing.*
Dēcimūm, adv. *the tenth Time.*
Dēcimus, a, um, [a deceni] *the tenth.*
Dēcipio, epi, ptum, [of de and capio] *to deceive, pass over.*
Dēcipula, æ, f. *a Pit fall, Snare.*
Dēcipulum, li, n. *Trap.*
Dēcircinatio, ōnis, f. *a Measuring by compassing.*
Dēcircino, are, *to unbend, make round, to draw by a Pair of Compasses.*
Dēcīremis, is, f. [a decem & remus] *a Galley with ten Oars, or ten Banks of Oars.*
Dēcisio, ōnis, f. *a Discussing, Determining, Compounding.*
Decisus, a, um, [a decidor] *cut off, decided, ended.*
Decius, an Emperor of Rome, and several other Men.
Dēclāmatio, ōnis, f. *a Declamation, Oration.*
Dēclāmātiuncula, æ, f. *a small Declamation, or School-exercise.*
Dēclāmator, ōris, m. *a Declaimer.*
Dēclāmatorie, adv. *in manner of a Declamation.*
Dēclāmātorius, a, um, *of declaiming.*
Dēclāmātrix, icis, f. *she that declaims.*
Dēclāmāns, ntis, *declaiming often.*
Dēclāmīto, are, *to declaim often.* * **De aliquo declamitare**, to make a loud and vehement Complaint against one.
Dēclāmo, are, *to declaim, rail, inveigh against, to plead for or against.*
Dēclārābilis, le, *which may be declared.*
Dēclāratio, ōnis, f. *a Declaration, Declaring, Shewing plainly.*
Dēclārātivus, a, um, *declarative.*
Dēclārator, ōris, m. *he that declares.*
Dēclārātrix, icis, f. *she that declares.*

Dēclārātus, a, um, *declared.*
Dēclāro, are, *to declare, tell plainly, denounce, proclaim.* * **Dēclārare munera**, to set forth Games or Plays.
Dēclinans, ntis, *drawing to an End, past the best.*
Dēclinatio, ōnis, *a Declining, Avoiding, Turning away from, a Declension; the Facing about of Soldiers.* * **Dēclinationes mundi**, the Climates.
Dēclinātorium, ii, n. *the same.*
Dēclinātus, a, um, *declined, avoided.* * **Dēclinata ætas**, Old Age.
Dēclinis, ne, and -us, a, um, *declining.*
Dēclino, are, *to decline, turn away from, avoid, pass by, lead from one Place to another, alter, assuage, be inclined.* * **De via declinavi**, I went out of my Way. * **Huc declinabam nec invitatus**, I made this Digression willingly. * **Dēclinare ad hastam vel scutum**, to face about to the right or left. * **Dēclinare agmen**, to lead the Army to some other Place. * **Dēclinat in aurum**, it comes nearer a yellow Colour.
Dēclivis, ve, [a clivus] *bending or leaning downwards, down hill, shelving.* * **Ætate declivis**, very old.
Dēclivitas, ātis, f. *a Bending, Leaning or Hanging downward.*
Dēclivus, i, m. *a Descent.*
Dēclivus, a, um, *bending down.*
Dēcoctibilis, le, *easily sudden.*
Dēcoctio, ōnis, f. *a Decoction.*
Dēcoctior, ius, *sweeter, perfecter.*
Dēcoctito, are, *to seeth often.*
Dēcoctivus, a, um, *easily sudden.*
Dēcoctor, ōris, m. *a Bankrupt, a Spend-thrift.*
Dēcoctum, i, n. *the Decoction, wherein any Thing is boiled.*
Dēcoctura, æ, f. *a Decoction, or Boiling, Broth, Liquor.*
Dēcoctus, a, um, [of decoquor] *well boiled, purged, boiled away, prodigally spent.* * **Dēcocta (aqua)** *sodden Water.*
Dēcoctus, ūs, m. *a Decoction, Boiling.*
Dēcoctero, again, afterward.
Dēcollatio, ōnis, f. *a Beheading.*
Dēcollātus, a, um, *beheaded.*
Dēcollo, are, [a collum] *to behead, or cut off the Neck, fail, disappoint.* * **Si spes decollabit**, if I am disappointed.
Dēcollor, ari, *to be beheaded, &c.*
Dēcolor, ōris, adj. *ill-coloured, ill-favoured, having lost the Colour.* * **Dēcolor ætas**, the Age that has lost its Beauty.
Dēcoloratio, ōnis, f. *a Staining, or losing the Colour, a Starving.*
Dēcolorātus, a, um, *having lost the Colour.*
Dēcolōro, are, *to stain, spoil, or take away the Colour.*
Dēcolōrus, a, um, *ill-coloured.*
Dēcomo, ere, *to undeck.*
Dēcompositō, of set Purpose, by Complot.
Dēcontor, ari, *to stay or delay.*
Dēcoquo, xi, ctum, *to consume or seeth away, digest perfectly, convert, to turn into, assuage, deceive.* * **Dēcoxit creditoribus**, he is broke. * **Dēcoquere ad tertiam, sextam, &c.** to seeth till the third, sixth, &c. part be consumed. * **Dēcoquere bona**,

bona, to spend an Estate lavishly and riotously.
 Decor, ōris, m. [à deceo] Comeliness, Beauty, Gracefulness. * Amittit decorem, to look pale and wan.
 Decoramen, inis, n. a Garnishing.
 Decoramentum, i, n. an Adorning.
 Decoratio, ōnis, f. a Beautifying.
 Decoratus, a, um, beautiful.
 Decore, adv. gracefully, handsomely.
 Decorio, are, to flea off the Skin.
 Decoriter, handsomely.
 Decoro, are, [à decus] to beautify, adorn, commend, set forth.
 Decorosus, a, um, lovely, fair.
 Decorosissimus, and decorissimus, a, um, exceeding beautiful, honest, fair.
 Decorticatio, ōnis, f. a Pilling or Pulling off the Bark.
 Decortico, are, [à cortex] to bark or pill a Tree.
 Decorum, i, n. a Decorum, Comeliness, good Grace, Honesty.
 Decorus, a, um, graceful, comely, honest, honourable.
 Decotes, threadbare Garments.
 Decoxi, of decoquo.
 Decrementum, i, n. a Decrease.
 Decrepitus, a, um, [à creperus vel crepo] decrepit, very old, at death's-door.
 Decrepo, ere, to wax old, creep down.
 Decrescens, ntis, decreasing.
 Decresco, evi, etum, to decrease, decay, grow less. * Velles decrescunt pueris, the Boys outgrow their Cloaths.
 Decret, for decernit.
 Decretalis, le, of or by Decree.
 Decretista, æ, ni, a Student in the Decretals.
 Decretorius, a, um, judicial, critical or decreed. * Decretoria arma, Weapons to fight in earnest with, Sharps. * Decretorius stylus, a grave way of Writing. * Tempus or sidus decretorium, the Time for judging of future Events.
 Decretum, i, n. a Decree, Ordinance, received Opinion. * Decreta Senatus, Acts of Parliament.
 Decreturus, a, um, which will decree.
 Decretus, a, um, [of decernor] decreed.
 Decrevi, of decerno and decresco.
 Decrusto, are, to take off the Bark.
 Decadas, an Historian commended by Parthenius.
 Decubatio, ōnis, f. a Lying down.
 Decubiz, arum, Watching, Keeping one's Bed, and Women in Travail.
 Decubis, he that lies from his Bed-fellow.
 Decubo, ui, itum, are, to lye down.
 Decudes, for Decuriones.
 Deculani, a People of Italy.
 Decalcatio, ōnis, f. a Trampling under Foot.
 Deculcatus, a, um, trampled upon.
 Deculco, are, [of de & calco] to tread or trample on.
 Deculcor, ari, to be trodden upon.
 Deculpatio, ōnis, f. a Blaming.
 Deculpatus, a, um, blamed, or blame-worthy.
 Deculpo, are, to blame much.
 Deculto, are, to hide privately.
 Decuma, a Town in Spain.
 Decumæ, æ, the Tenth or Tithes.
 Decumæ, arum, See decumus.

Decumani, the Gatherers of Tithes or Taxes.
 Decumani, a People of France.
 Decumanus, i, m. a Farmer of the Tithes, or Proctor of a Benefice.
 Decumanus, a, um, tenth, large, huge. * Decumanus fluctus, a huge and boisterous Wave; either because the Tenth is observed to be greatest, or from the superstitious Observation of that Number by the Pythagoreans.
 Decumanus ager, a Field tithable.
 * Decumani milites, Soldiers of the tenth Legion. * Decumania porta, the back Gate of a Camp.
 Decumates, Fie'ds in Germany about Wirtemberg.
 Decumatio, ōnis, f. a Punishing every tenth Soldier.
 Decumatus, a, um, punished by Tenth.
 Decumbo, ui, itum, to lye, sit, or fall, lye upon, be sick and die. * Decubuit febris, to keep his Bed of a Fever.
 Decumi, a People of Dalmatia.
 Decumo, are, to punish by Tenth.
 Decumus, a, um, the Tenth. See decimus.
 Decunx, uncis, [à decem & unica] ten Ounces.
 Decuplex, icis, ten-fold.
 Decuplo, adv. ten-fold.
 Decupius, a, um, [à decem] ten Times so much.
 Decures, for decuriones.
 Decuria, æ, f. five Companies of Judges among the Romans, a Band or File of ten Soldiers; also a Company of Revellers. * Decuria senatoria, a Committee of Senators.
 Decurialis, lis, m. a Judge or Counsellor.
 Decuriatio, ōnis, f. a dividing into Companies.
 Decuriatus, ūs, m. a dividing into Troops; also the Office of a Decurio.
 Decuriatus, a, um, divided into Companies.
 Decurio, are, to divide into Companies or Ranks, to form the Militia.
 Decurio, ōnis, m. a File-leader, a Corporal or Captain of ten; also a Senator, Counsellor, Alderman. * Decurio cubiculariorum, the Lord Chamberlain. * Decurio equitum, a Cornet, or one that commands the third part of a Troop.
 Decurionalis, le, of the Decurio.
 Decurionatus, ūs, m. the Office of a Decurio.
 Decurrens, ntis, running down.
 Decurritur, imp. there is a Running, Recourse is had.
 Decurro, ri, and cucurri, cursum, to run down or together, march down, hasten, sail, describe, pass over, run at tilt, train. * Versu decurrere pugnas, to write a Battle in Verse.
 Decursim, adv. with hasty running.
 Decursio, ōnis, f. a Course, a Running down, Justing. * Decursio campestris, a training. * Decursio equitum, an Inroad or Invasion by Horsemen.
 Decursorium, ii, n. a Place of Exercise, the Artillery-ground.
 Decursus, ūs, m. [à decurro] a Running down or over. * Decursus honorum, a passing through all Offices. * Destitit ante decursum, he stopped before he came to the End of the Race.

Decursus, a, um, passed over, achieved, ended. * Decursa abs te hæc sunt breviter, you run over these Things lightly.
 Decurtatio, ōnis, f. a Shortning or Maiming.
 Decurtatus, a, um, curtailed, shortened, maimed.
 Decurto, are, to cut off, shorten.
 Decurtor, ari, to be curtailed.
 Decurvo, are, to bow or bend.
 Decus, ōris, [à deceo] Honor, Reputation, Chastity, Modesty.
 Decusatio, neatly.
 Decusatus, a, um, adorned.
 Decuso, are, to adorn.
 Decussatio, adv. a-cross.
 Decussatio, ōnis, f. a Cutting cross-wise, four Lines drawn a-cross like a Bar.
 Decussis, is, m. [à decem & as] ten Asses, about seven Pence Half-Penny, the Number of ten, a Figure in form of an X.
 Decusso, are, to divide cross-wise.
 Decussus, ūs, m. a Striking or Shaking down or up.
 Decussus, a, um, [of decutio] shaken off or down.
 Decutes, thread-bare Garments.
 Decutio, ūsi, sum, [of de and quatio] to strike or shake down or off.
 Dedecore, ere, to misbecome.
 Dedecet, it is unseemly, misbecomes. * Dedecet illud eum, it misbecomes him.
 Dedecor, ōris, adj. uncomely, dishonest.
 Dedecorans, ntis, disgracing.
 Dedecoratio, ōnis, f. a disgracing.
 Dedecoratus, a, um, dishonored.
 Dedecoro, are, to dishonor, disgrace, defame.
 Dedecorose, dishonorably, shamefully.
 Dedecorosus, a, um, shameful, disgraceful.
 Dedecorus, a, um, and -ris, re, uncomely, discreditable.
 Dedecus, ōris, n. Dishonour, Shame, Disgrace; also a Dishonest Action.
 Dedicatio, ōnis, f. a Dedication, Consecration.
 Dedicativus, a, um, Affirmative.
 Dedicatus, a, um, Dedicated.
 Dedico, are, to dedicate, consecrate, set up, declare, affirm, to put into the roll of one's estate.
 Dedicor, aris, to be dedicated.
 Dedignatio, ōnis, f. A disdain.
 Dedignor, ari, to disdain, despise, scorn, slight.
 Dedim, for Dederim.
 Dedisco, dedidici, ere, to unlearn, to forget what one hath learned.
 Deditim, yieldingly.
 Deditio, ōnis, f. a Yielding up, a Surrendring.
 Dedititius, a, um, yielding, submitting.
 Dediturus, a, um, ready to yield.
 Deditus, a, um (of dedor) yielded, surrendered. * Dedita operâ, for the nonce.
 Dedmasa, a City of Caria.
 Dedo, didi, itum, (of de & do) to yield, submit, surrender, give up. * Dede manus, Confess'd. * Dedere se voluptatibus, to give one's self up wholly to pleasure. * Dedo tibi istud negotiū, I leave this business to your management.

Dēdor, i, to be surrendered.
Dēdoceo, ui, ctum, to unteach, teach otherwise. * *Dedocebo* te istos mores, I'll teach you better Manners.
Dēdōlātio, ōnis, f. a Hewing, Smoothing.
Dēdōlātor, ōris, m. a Hower, Plainer.
Dēdōlātus, a, um, hewed, squared.
† *Dēdōlenter*, as ceasing from Grief.
† *Dēdōlencia*, æ, f. a ceasing from Grief.
Dēdōleo, ere, to cease from Grief, Pain, Sorrow, to be past the Sense of Pain.
Dēdōlo, are, to chip, hew, cut, plain or square.
Dedolor, ari, to be plained. * *Dedolari* fustibus, to be well cudgelled.
Dedūco, xi, ctum, to bring or lead down, out or from, draw off, take away, abate, deduct. * *Deducere* alicui fastidium, to get one a Stomach. * *Deducere* in fraudem, discripen, to endamage or endanger. * *Deducere* in ius, to arrest one. * *Deducere* vocem, to speak with a small or low Voice. * *Non eo deducam ut*, I won't be the Cause of that.
Dedūcor, ci, to be brought, &c.
† *Deductilis*, le, easily deducted.
Deductio, ōnis, f. a Leading, Conducting, Conveighing; also deducting or taking away. * *Ut deductio fieret moribus*, that the Ejectment might be according to Customs.
Deductior, ius, more thin or slender.
† *Deductivus*, a, um, derived, compounded.
Deductor, ōris, m. a Conductor, Convoy, Guide.
Deductus, a, um, [of deducor] led, brought, diminished, derived, divided, slender, mean, pleasant, descended from. * *Deducta* classe, having put to Sea. * *Tenui deducta poemata filo*, of a fine Thread.
Deera, a Field of Susiana.
Deerrābundus, a, um, erring, wandering.
Deerratio, ōnis, f. a Going astray.
Deerratum, a Fault, Error.
Deerro, are, to err, wander, go astray, to miss, go beside. * *Sors deerrabat ad parum idoneos*, the Lot fell upon or favoured the undeserving.
Dees, a Town of Arabia fœlix.
Dēfēcātē, adv. cleanly, purely.
Dēfēcātio, ōnis, f. a Purifying.
Dēfēcātus, a, um, refined, purged. * *Vinum defecatum*, Wine purged from the Lees. * *Defecatus* animus, a Mind free from Trouble or Prejudice.
† *Defecis*, ce, free from Dregs.
Defeco, are, [a fex] to cleanse, purge from Lees or Dregs, scum, strain.
† *Defedo*, are, to make clean.
Defalcātio, ōnis, f. a Pruning or Cutting off.
Defalcātus, a, um, cut off, or away.
Defalco, are, [a falx] to cut, shred, purge, pare off, deduct.
† *Defalia*, æ, f. a Default.

Defāmātio, ōnis, f. a Defaming.
Defāmātissimus, a, um, most infamous.
Defāmātus, a, um, defamed.
Defāmo, are, [a fama] to defame, or slander.
† *Defanatus*, a, um, prophaned.
Defatigābilis, le, easily wearied.
Defatigatio, ōnis, f. a Wearying.
Defatigātus, a, um, wearied, tired, spent. * *Defatigatum* solum, Ground worn out of Heart.
Defatigo, are, to weary, tire out. * *Noli defatigari*, be not weary.
Defatiscor, ci, to be weary.
Defeci. See deficio.
Defectio, ōnis, f. a Revolting, Rebelling, Lessening, Falling away. * *Defectio a conceptu*, a Qualm coming over the Stomach of breeding Women. * *Defectio solis*, the Eclipse of the Sun.
Defectivus, a, um, defective, wanting.
† *Defecto*, are, to cleanse from Dregs.
Defector, ōris, m. a Revolter, Deserter.
† *Defectum*, a Defect.
Defectus, a, um, [a deficior] defective, wanting, failing, withered, decayed, forsaken, wasted. * *Defectæ senectutis homo*, with one Foot in the Grave. * *Defectus facultatibus*, a Bankrupt.
Defectus, ūs, m. a Defect, Want, Failing, Fainting away, Swooning away, Revolting. * *Defectus animi*, Faint-heartedness. * *Defectus solis*, an Eclipse of the Sun.
Defendo, di, sum, [ab antiq. fendo] to defend, beat, or keep back, maintain a Cause by Arguments. * *Defendere* injurias alicujus, to revenge one's Wrongs. * *Defendere* frigus, æstatem, to keep off the Cold, Heat.
Defendor, di, to be kept, &c.
Defensāculum, i, n. a Defence.
Defensatio, ōnis, f. a Defending.
† *Defensator*, ōris, m. a Defender.
Defensatrix, icis, f. she that defends.
Defensātus, a, um, defended.
Defensio, ōnis, f. a Defence, or Defending.
Defensitatio, ōnis, f. a Frequent Defending.
Defensito, are, to defend very often.
Defenso, are, [a defendo] to defend often.
Defensor, ōris, m. a Defender.
† *Defensores*, Provost or Soldiers that keep Guards.
† *Defensorius*, a, um, of Defence.
† *Defensuri*, for defensum iri.
Defensurus, a, um, ready to defend.
Defensus, a, um, [of defendor] defended.
Deferbeo, ui, ere, to grow cold. * *Credebam deferbuisse adolescentiam*, I thought he had sown all his wild Oats.
Defero, tūli, latum, to bring, or carry from, relate, accuse, confer, declare, bestow, commit to, consult, open a Case to one. * *Deferre* alicuem, to inform against one. * *Deferre* incensum, to carry in the Value of one's Estate to the Censor. * *Ad me delatum est*, one told me. * *Quanti deferatur?*

what Price is put on it? * *In beneficiis ad ærarium* aliquem deferre, to procure one a Pension from the State. * *Ad tres viros ego deferam nomen tuum*, I will complain of you to the Three Men.
Deferor, xi, to be conveyed, offered, run, or be cast down headlong.
Defervefacio, ere, to make to boil much, and then let it cool again.
Defervefactus, a, um, boiled.
Deferveo, bui, and vi, ere, to cool or wax cold, be abated, allayed. * *Defervit adolescentia*, his wild Oats are sown.
Defervesco, ere, to begin to cool, to have done working. * *Dum defervescat ira*, till his Anger be over.
Defessus, a, um [of defatiscor] weary.
Defetiscor, effus, sum, isci [of de and fatiscor] to be faint or weary.
Deficiens, ntis, failing, in an Eclipse.
Deficio, ecī, ctum [of facio] to cease, decay, fail, faint, lack, revolt, be in Eclipse. * *Uxor deficit a me*, my Wife forsakes me. * *Sylva deficit glandes*, the Wood affords no more Mast. * *Tempus anni ad bellum gerendum deficit*, the Campaign's at an End. * *Deficere* in mucronem, to run pointwise. * *Deficere* animo, to swoon away.
† *Deficiscor*, for defetiscor.
Defigo, xi, ctum, to stick or fasten in, plant, strike, set up, declare, astonish, to embroider. * *Altius terræ defigitur arbor*, takes deeper Root. * *Defigere* animum alicuius, to confirm or strengthen one, to surprise extremely.
† *Defingo*, xi, ctum, to fashion, or form.
Definio, ire, to define, bound, limit, determine. * *Definire* alicui, to give a particular Charge, to chalk out a Thing to one.
Definite, adv. expressly, namely, with set Bounds.
Definitio, ōnis, f. a Definition, Limiting, Declaring, g.
Definitivus, a, um, definitive, limiting, declaring, g.
Definitum, i, n. [that which is defined]. * *Definitum est*, I am determined.
Definitus, a, um, defined, determined.
Defio, eri, to be wanting.
Defocus, i, m. wanting an Eye.
† *Defit*, imp. there is wanting.
† *Defiteor*, for diffiteor.
Defixio, ōnis, f. a Conjuring up of Spirits, a Bewitching.
Defixus, a, um [of defigor] fastened, fixed. * *Mens humi defixa*, a worldly Mind.
† *Deflaccare*, to wear.
Deflagratio, ōnis, f. a Burning quite and clean.
Deflagrātus, a, um, burnt up.
Deflago, are, to be burnt down, be asswaged, wax cold. * *Deflagrare* communi incendio, to have a Share in the publick Miseries or Calamities.
† *Deflammo*, are, to quench, put out.
Deflecto, xi, ctum, to bend or make crooked, digress, turn aside from or out of the Way. * *Deflectere* a veri-

veritate, to err from the Truth.
 * Amnes in alium cursum deflectere, to turn the Rivers another way.
 Defleo, etum, to bemoan, bewail, mourn for.
 Defletio, onis, f. a Bemoaning.
 Defletus, a, um, [of defleor] Bewailed, Lamented.
 Deflexura, æ, f. a little Bowing down.
 Deflexus, us, m. a Bowing or Crooking.
 Deflexus, a, um, [of deflector] Bended, Diverted.
 † Defligo, are, to afflict sore.
 Deslo, are, to blow, blow off or away.
 Deslocatus, a, um, Worn out. * Deslocati senes, Worn out with Age.
 Deslocco, are, [a floccus] to shear or wear out the Nap of Cloth.
 † Desloramentum, i, n. a Garland or Nosegay.
 † Desloratio, onis, f. a Desflouring.
 Desloratus, a, um, Desfloured, Diminishing, Bald.
 Deslorescens, ntis, Fading.
 Desloresco, and -reo, ui, ere, to lose the Flower or Beauty, fade or fall away. * Amores deslorescunt, the Pleasures of Love vanish.
 Desloro, are, [a flos] to desflower, defile, take away the Grace and Honour of.
 Desluo, uxi, xum, to flow down or away, waste, or come to nothing, come off. * Desluit in Rhenum Moganus, the Meyn empties it self into the Rhine. * Tantum ab illo desluabant, they come as short of him. * Ad aliquem desluere, to redound to one's Profit, to accrue to one. * Ubi desluit salutatio, when the Clients have given their good Morrow.
 † Deslutum, i, n. a Thing sudden.
 Deslutium, ii, n. a Falling off, Moulding or Flowing down. * Comarum deslutium, the shedding of Hair.
 Desluus, a, um, Falling, Shedding.
 Desluxio, onis, f. a Desfluxion, or Desluxus, us, m. Rheum. * Desluxio alvi, a Looseness.
 Desodio, odi, ssum, to dig down into, bury under Ground.
 Desoneratio, onis, f. a taking of Money upon Use.
 Desonerator, oris, he that lets or takes upon Use.
 Desoneratus, a, um, Indebted, Engaged.
 Desoneror, ari, to take upon Use.
 † Desortus, a, um, past Fearing, Empty, Base, Miserable.
 † Desomitatum lignum, Wood that is chipped or barked.
 Desore, or Desuturum esse, to lack or be wanting.
 Deformator, oris, f. a Deforming, Defacing, Disfiguring; also a perfect Forming.
 Deformatus, a, um, Disfigured, Deformed. * Fructus deformatus, Fruit formed or knitted upon the shedding of the blossom.
 Deformis, ior, istius, Deformed, Disfigured, Foul.
 Deformitas, atis, f. Deformity, Foulness, ill Favouredness, Disgrace, Infamy.
 Deformiter, Mishapenly, Foully.
 Deformo, are, Deform, Deface, Disfigure Defile, Destroy, Spoil,

Delineate, Describe. * Tragica Scenæ deformantur, columnis, are set forth with Pillars, &c.
 Deformor, ari, to be disfigured, &c.
 † Deformosus, a, um, the same as Deformis.
 † Desoro, are, to carry out.
 Desossus, a, um, [of desodior] Digged in, Buried under Ground, Set fast.
 Desossus, us, m. Digging down, a Burying or Hiding.
 Desranatus, a, um, Unbridled, Untamed, Unruly. * Desranato cursu, with full Speed.
 † Desraudatio, onis, f. a Beguiling, Defrauding.
 Desraudator, oris, m. a Deceiver, Cheater.
 Desraudo, are, to defraud, deceive, cozen. Desraudare genium, to turn Pinch-belly. * Desraudare se victu suo, to grudge one's self Victuals.
 † Desrendo, ere, to gnash with the Teeth.
 † Desrens, and desrensa, the Corn cut down.
 † Desrensus, a, um, Worn out, Lopped off, Reaped.
 Desricate, adv. Merrily.
 † Desricatio, onis, f. a Rubbing down, Taunting.
 † Desricatus, } a, um, rubbed off.
 Desricus, }
 Desrico, ui, or avi, ictum, or atum, to rub hard or all over, rub down or Curry, Tawnt. * Sale multo urbem defricuit, wrote sharp against the Vices of Rome, reproved 'em with great Freedom and Severity.
 Desrigesco, ere, to grow cold.
 † Desrigo, xi, ctum, to fry much.
 Desringo, egi, actum, [a frango] to break off or down.
 † Desrundo, ere, and -esco, ere, to shed the leaves.
 † Desridetur, for Desraudetur.
 Desrudo, are, [for Desraudo] to find out by Craft.
 † Desrugatio, onis, f. a Sucking or Drawing out the Substance.
 † Desrugo, are, to suck or draw the Substance out of. * Segetem ne defruges, don't work out the Heart of the Ground.
 † Desruor, ui, to gather all the Fruit.
 † Desrulto, are, to gather by pieces.
 Desrutarius, a, um, of sodden Wine.
 Desruto, are, to boil or burn Wine.
 Desrutum, i, n. [a deserveo] Wine whose half or third Part is sodden away, burnt Wine.
 † Desuat, for deficiat.
 † Desoga, æ, m. a Runnagate, Deserter.
 Desugio, ugi, tum, to fly from, avoid, eschew. * Desugere auctoritatem, to leave in the lurch, Plaut. To disobey one's Command, Teren. Not to execute what is within the Verge of his Power, Cicer.
 Desui, of desum, I was absent.
 † Desuncte, ad. Speedily, Carelessly.
 Desunctorie, adv. Lightly, Slightly, Carelessly.
 Desunctus, a, um, [of desungor] having done or discharged. * Desunctus vita, Deceased. * Desunctus periculis, past Dangers.

Desunctus, i, m. } a dead Corps.
 Desunctum, i, n. }
 Desundo, udi, usum, to pour out, down or into. * Desunde vinum, fill out the Wine.
 Desungor, -tus, sum, gi, to be rid of, delivered from, discharged of, perform, to dye. * Non levi desungis pæna, to have a great Amercement laid upon him. * Desunctum utinam hoc sit modo, I wish it would stop here. * Desungi vita, to die.
 † Desurno, are, to take out of an Oven or Furnace.
 † Desustatio, onis, f. a Cadgelling.
 † Desustator, oris, m. a Cadgeller.
 † Desustatus, a, um, Engelled.
 † Desusto, are, to cudgel, lam.
 † Desusus, a, um, [of desunders] Poured out, Shed.
 † Degaleo, are, to disarm or take off the Helmet.
 Degener, eris, [a genus] degenerate, going out of kind, base, unlike his Ancestors. * Degener humani ritus, differing from all other People.
 Degeneratio, onis, f. a Degenerating.
 Degenerator, oris, m. He that degenerates.
 Degenero, are, to grow base or unlike his Ancestors. * Degenerare in feritatem, to grow wild. * Pomma degenerant, grow worse and worse. * Hanc ne degeneres, don't disparage her.
 Degens, ntis, Living.
 Degero, ili, itum, to bring or carry out of one Place into another, consume, eat one of.
 Degi, [of dego] to be led, passed.
 Degia, a City of Assyria.
 Deglebratorius, a, um, taking away the Hair.
 Deglabris, e, Bare or Bald.
 Deglabro, are, to shave, make bald, or pluck off Hair.
 Degubo, i, itum, to pill, steal, pull off the Bark.
 † Deglubus, a, um, Fleaed, Circumcised.
 † Deglutinatio, onis, f. an Ungluing.
 Deglutino, are, to unglue, loosen.
 Deglutio, ire, to devour, swallow down.
 Deglutitio, onis, a Swallowing.
 Dego, gi, ere, [of de and ago] to pass through, live, bring to an end, continue, pluck off, take away. Look for. * Nunc ego istum laborem degam, I will rid you of that trouble.
 Degor is only read in the third Person; as vita degitur, Life is past.
 † Degradatio, onis, f. a Degrading.
 † Degrado, are, to degrade, depose, put out of Office.
 † Degrandesco, ere, to wax less.
 Degrandinat, imp. Ovid. it hails down-right or extremly.
 Degrassor, ari, to assault, rob, riot, plunder, kill by the Highway. * Degrassari deorsum, to fall down in vain.
 Degravate, adv. Wearily.
 Degravatum, not heavily.
 Degravatus, a, um, Weighed down.
 Degravo, are, to look, make heavy, burthensome.
 Degravor, ari, to be made heavy, over-pressed, jured, ed.

Degrēdior, *flus, sum, di*, [of *de* and *grādior*] to descend, go or pass down, alight.

Degressus, *a, um*, [of *degreior*] gone or going down.

† Degrumor, *ari*, to direct or lay by line.

† Deguit for *degit*, bath lived.

† Degulātor, *ōris*, he that devours or consumes.

† Dēgūlo, *are*, to devour or consume in Gluttony.

† Degumio, *are*, to devour.

Degustatio, *onis*, a Tasting of, or Smacking.

Degusto, *are*, to taste of, or touch with the Lips; also to vow, watch, look after. * *Istum convivam degustes*, sound him. * *Degustare cruorem*, to take a little Blood away.

† Dehabeo, *ere*, to want.

Dehaurio, *si, flum*, to grow out. * *Amurcam dehaurito*, draw of the Lees of the Oyl.

Dehinc, *adverb*, from hence-forth, moreover, hereafter. And then, secondly.

Dehisco, *ere*, to gape, cleave asunder, inveigh against. * *Dehiscere in Brutum*, to rail against Brutus.

Dehonestamentum, *i. n.*, a stain, slur, or blemish, disgrace.

Dēhonestatus, *a, um*, Disgraced. * *Vultus dehonestatus*, having lost the beard.

† Dēhonestō, *are*, to deface, disgrace, discredit.

Dēhonestus, *a, um*, Ungrateful, Discreditable.

† Dēhonorō, *are*, to dishonour.

Dehortatio, *onis*, f. a Dehortation, Dissuasion.

Dehortor, *ari*, to debate, dissuade, advise one to the contrary.

Dēlānira, the Daughter of Oeneus, King of Ætolia, betrothed first to Achelous, and afterwards to Hercules; she slew her self because he burnt himself to avoid the torment caused by the Shirt she gave him to gain his Love, being presented her by the Centaur Nessus, when he was wounded by Hercules's Arrow for attempting to ravish her, when he had carried her over the River Evenus.

Deicida, *x, c.* [à *Deus* & *cādo*] a Deicide.

Deicola, *x, c.* [à *Deus*, & *colo*] a Worshipper of God.

† Deicus, *a, um*, of God.

Dēidamia, the Daughter of Lycomedes, King of Scyros, on whom Achilles begat Pyrrhus, whilst he lay hid in Womens Attire amongst that King's Daughters.

Deidonum, Dundee in Scotland.

Dejeci. See Dejicio.

Dejectio, *onis*, f. a casting Down, a Purging, giving one a Stool.

Dejectō, *are*, [à *Dejicio*] to cast down often.

Dejector, *ōris*, m. a Caster down.

Dejectus, *us, m.* a Casting out or down, an Embossement, the Descent of a Hill.

Dejectus, *a, um*, [of *dejicior*] Cast down, Abated, Low. * *Dejectus vultum*, looking downwards. * *Conjuge dejecta mulier*, a Woman deprived of, or that has buried her Husband.

Dejērātio, *ōnis*, f. a Swearing solemnly.

† Dejērātor, *ōris*, m. a great Swearer.

Dejēro, *are*, [à *juro*] to swear solemnly, or deeply against a thing.

† Deifico, *are*, to deify.

† Deificus, *a, um*, caused or sent by God.

Dejicio, *eci, ctum*, [of *de* and *jacio*] to throw, cast, or strike down. * *Dejicere de ponte*, to debar one from giving his voice. * *Dejicere de gradu*, to put one out of Office; also make one give ground. * *Dejicere alvum*, to go to stool. * *Dejicere affixas publicè tabulas*, to pull down a Proclamation stuck up.

Deilochus, the Son of Hercules by Megala.

Deiothum, Godstow by Oxford.

Dein, [for *Deinde*] *adv.* furthermore. And then.

Deinceps, *adv.* from henceforth, upon that, again, then, soon.

Deinceps, *capitis*, *adj.* [à *dein* & *capio*] the next. * *Deincipite die*, the Day following.

Deinde, *adv.* Moreover, Furthermore.

† Deinsuper, Furthermore, from Above.

† Deintegrō, *adv.* Again, Afresh, Anew.

† Deintegro, *are*, to diminish, defile.

Deioces, the fifth King of the Medes.

Deione, the Mother of Miletus, called from thence Deionides [by Apollo.]

Deioneus, the Father of Cephalus.

Deiopeia, one of Juno's Nymphs, whom she promised to Æolus for a Wife.

Deiorates, a Tetrarch of Gallogræcia.

Diōtārus, he was made King of Galatia by Pompey's means, whose part he took against Cæsar, but humbling himself was pardoned; being accused afterwards of conspiring Cæsar's Death, was defended by Cicero; also several others.

Deiparus, *a, um*, [à *pario*] bearing God. * *Deipara Virgo*, the Virgin Mary.

Deiphōbe, a Sibyl of Cuma, the Daughter of Glaucus, who led Æneas to Hell.

Deiphobus, the Son of Priamus by Hecuba; after the Death of Paris he married Helena, who betrayed him to the Græcians, letting the into his Chamber when he was a sleep.

Deipinas, a Town in Thessaly by Larissa.

Deipyle, the Daughter of Adrastus, the Wife of Tydeus, by whom she had Diomedes.

Dipylus, the Son of Sthenelus, and faithful Friend of Capaneus, in the Trojan War.

Deira, that part of the Kingdom of the Northumbers that lay on this side Tine.

Deirades, a Town in the Tribe Leonæis: also a Promontory and City of Æthiopia.

Deiri, the Northumbers on this side Tine.

Deiro sylva, Deithurst in Gloucestershire.

Deitania, a Country of Spain about New Carthage.

Deitas atis. f. [à *Deus*] the Deity or Godhead.

† Dejudicare for *Dijudicare*.

Dejugatio, *onis*, f. an Unyoking.

Dejugator, *ōris*, m. he that Unyokes.

Dejugis, *ge*, down the Hill.

Dejugo, *are*, to unyoke, uncouple.

† Dejugulatio, *ōnis*, f. a Killing.

Dejugulātor, *ōris*, a Killer.

† Dejugulo, *are*, to kill.

Dejugus, *a, um*, Unyoked.

Dejugo, *xi, ctum*, to disjoin.

Dejuriū, *i. n.* a deep or solemn Oath against a thing.

Dejurō, *are*, to swear deeply or solemnly.

† Dejurus, *a, um*, Swearing solemnly.

† Dejuvo, *are*, not to help.

Dela, Deal in Kent; also a City of Arabia felix.

Dēlābor, *lapsus, sum, bi.* to slide, slip or fall down, be consumed, decay, incline towards. *Delabi in aliquem sermonem*, to fall upon a Discourse. * *Res familiaris Delabitur*, his Estate wastes, grows less and less.

† Dēlācēro, *are*, to tear in pieces. * *Delacerare opes*, to spend an Estate.

Delachrymatio, *ōnis*, f. a Weeping, much Waterishness.

Delachrymativus, *a, um*, moving Tears, bringing down Humours from the Head.

Delachrymo, *are*, to weep.

Delaētatio, *ōnis*, f. a Weaning.

Delaetatrix, *icis*, f. she that weans or nurses.

Delaetatus, *a, um*, nursed or weaned.

Delaeto, *are*, to wean.

Delaivo, *are*, to smooth or make plain.

Dēlambo, *ere*, to lick off or over.

Delāmentor, *ari*, to bewail greatly.

Delānio, *are*, to cut in pieces, destroy.

Delāpidata, *orum*, Pavements.

Delāpido, *are*, to pave.

Delapsus, *a, um*, [of *delabor*] sliding, or slidden down.

† Delaqueo, *as elaqueo*.

Delas, a River which with Tygris minor encompasseth the City Apamea.

Delaſābilis, *le*, Wearyable.

† Delaſatio, *ōnis*, a Wearying.

Delaſator, *ōris*, m. he that wears or encumbers.

Delaſatus, *a, um*, Wearied, quite tired.

Delaſſo, *are*, to weary or tire.

Delaſſor, *ari*, to be quite tired.

Delaſio, *ōnis*, f. a secret Accusation or Complaint. * *Delaſiones*

ſacitare, to turn Informer.

Delaſtor, *ōris*, m. an Informer, a secret Accuser, Complainer.

Delaſtorius, *a, um*, of informing.

Delaſtus, *a, um*, [of *deſeror*] carried in, brought home; also accused or informed against.

† Delatus, *Beſides*.

Delaſ, *are*, to wash away, or off.

Deldon, a King of the Myli and Baternæ.

Delaſibilis, *le*, which may be blotted out, defaced, destroyed.

Dele-

Delectabilis, le, Delectable, De-
lightful.
Delectabiliter, adv. Delightfully.
Delectamentum, i. n. Merriment,
Delight, Pastime.
† Delectaneus, a, um, Pleasant,
Delightful.
Delectatio, ōnis, f. a Delight or
Pleasure. * Delectationi est, it
affords Delight.
† Delectator, and us, more Plea-
sing and Delightful.
Delectio, ōnis, f. a Choosing.
Delecto, are, [à lacto] to delight,
allure, refresh. * Delectare se,
to please himself in.
Delector, ari, to be delighted.
† Delectum, i. n. Choice.
Delectus, a, um, [of deligor] Cho-
sen.
Delectus, ūs, m. Election, Choice,
Picking out. * Delectus militum,
a Lifting of Soldiers.
Delegatio, ōnis, f. the Assignment
to an Office, Charge, or Commission,
Assignment of a Debt, Sending a-
way.
Delegatus, i. m. a Delegate having
Commission to determine Matters,
an Attorney, Plenipotentiary, Com-
missioner.
Delegatus, a, um, Sent away, Ba-
nished.
Delego, are, to assign to some Office
or Charge, send an Ambassador, De-
pute, Assign over. * Delegabat ei
quod debebat à mancipio, he as-
signed the Buyer to pay him the Debt,
he turned the Debt over, &c.
† Delenificum, ci, n. a Mitiga-
ting.
† Delenificus, a, um, Pacifying.
* Delenifica verba, soft Words.
Delenimen, inis, or delinimentum,
i. n. a mitigating, or an asswaging
Medicine.
Delenio, ire, to mitigate, make
gentle.
Delenior, iri, to be mitigated.
Deleo, evi, etum, to blot out, de-
face, destroy, demolish and rase.
* Delere omnes ex animo muli-
eres, to make him forget, &c.
Deleor, eri, to be blotted out.
Deleſſa, an Island of the Egean
Sea.
Deleterius, a, um, g. Hurtful.
* Deleteria medicamenta, Poy-
sons.
Deletilis, le, Blotting out, Defacing
Destroying.
Deletio, ōnis, f. a Blotting out.
Deletitius, a, um, apt to be blotted
out. * Tabula deletitia, a Table-
book.
Deletor, ōris, m. he that blots out.
Deletrix, icis, f. she that raseth or
blotteth out.
Deletus, a, um, [of deleor] blotted
out.
Delgovitia, Godmundham in York-
shire.
Delia, a City of Caria; also Dian-
so called.
Deliacus, a, um, of Delos.
† Deliacus, ci, m. a Gelder of
Cocks.
† Delibamentum, i. a Sacrifice or
Drink-offering to the Devils.
Delibatio, ōnis, f. a Tasting, or Di-
minishing, a Sacrificing.
Delibator, ōris, m. a Taster, a Car-
ver.
Delibatorium, ii, n. the Place where

they sacrificed, or poured out their
Drink-offering.
Delibatus, a, um, Tasted, Chosen,
Violated. * Flos delibatus popu-
li, the People's Chosen one, their Dar-
ling.
† Deliberābundus, a, um, Demur-
ring, taking Advice.
Deliberandus, a, um, to be consi-
dered of.
Deliberatio, ōnis, f. a taking Ad-
vice. * Res habet deliberatio-
nem, the thing deserves Considera-
tion, is worthy to be paus'd on.
Deliberatius, adv. more Deliberate-
ly.
Deliberativus, a, um, taking Ad-
vice or Counsel, Deliberative.
Deliberator, ōris, m. he that Advi-
seth or taketh Counsel.
Deliberatum, i, n. a Thing consult-
ed of.
Deliberatum est, [à me] I am re-
solved.
Deliberatur, imp. it is declared.
Deliberatus, a, um, Debated, Con-
sulted.
Delibero, are, to Deliberate, Advise,
take Counsel.
† Delibito, and tor, ari, to Taste
often.
Delibo, are, to taste, or touch with
the Lips, Sacrifice, Violate, Dimi-
nish, Deprave. * Delibare mate-
riam aliquam, to handle a thing
slightly, to skim it over.
Delibratio, ōnis, f. a Taking off the
Bark.
Delibrator, ōris, m. he that takes
off the Bark, or unfolds a Matter.
Delibratus, a, um, Unbarked.
Delibro, are, [à liber] to pill or
pluck off the Bark.
Delibro, are, [à libra] to weigh.
Delibuo, ere [à bibo] to drop or pour
out; also to anoint.
Delibutus, a, um, Anointed, Be-
smeared, Filled; also defiled, stain-
ed. * Delibutus gaudio, mighty
joyful, exceeding glad.
Delibutus, ūs, m. an Anointing.
Delicātē, adv. Delicately, Delici-
ously, Wantonly, Nicely.
† Delicātudo, inis, f. Delicious-
ness.
Delicatulus, a, um, very Delicate,
or Dainty.
Delicatus, a, um, [à delictum, vel
antiq. delico, i. e. dedico] Deli-
cate, Wanton, Dainty. * Versus
delicatissimi, Verses passing plea-
sant and witty.
Deliciæ, arum, [à lacio] Delight,
Merriments, a Minion, Toys. * De-
licias facere, to be squeamish, play
the wanton, make sport, take state.
* Deliciæ populi, a Jack-pudding,
Buffoon. * Deliciæ pueri, pretty
Children. * Eja delicias facis,
Ay you mock me.
Delicia, æ, f. a kind of Rafter pla-
ced at the Eaves of a House. See de-
liquiæ.
† Deliatum tectum, a Pent-house.
† Delles, ei, f. a Delight.
† Delicio, are, and is, ere, to En-
tice.
† Deliciolæ, arum, f. a Darling.
Deliciolum, i. n. a Delight, Love,
Darling, Minion.
† Deliciositas, atis, Deliciousness.
† Deliciosus, a, um, Delicious,
Sweet.
Delicium, ii, n. Delight, Pleasure.

† Delico, are, to unfold, explain, in-
terpret; also to dedicate.
Delictum, i, n. [à delinquo] a
Fault, Offence.
† Delicus porcus, a weaned Pig.
† Delicuum, as deliquium,
Deligatio, ōnis, f. a Binding up.
Deligator, ōris, m. a Binder up.
Deligatus, a, um, Bound up.
Deligo, are, [à ligo] to bind up,
knit, fasten. * Deligare ad pa-
lum, to tye one to the Whipping-
post.
Deligo, egi, etum. [à lego] to
choose, gather, cull, pick out; also
to distract, break in pieces.
† Deligurio, as ligurio.
Delimatio, ōnis, f. a Filing, Per-
fecting.
Delimātor, ōris, m. a Filer, Po-
lisher.
Delimātus, a, um, Filed or Shaved
off.
† Delimīto, are, to bind from.
Delimo, are, to file or shave off.
Delineatio, ōnis, f. Delineation or
first Draught.
Delineator, ōris, m. a Pourtrayer.
Delinio, are, [à linea] to delineate,
pourtray, design, or make the first
draught of.
Delineor, ari, to be delineated or
painted.
Delingo, xi, ere, to lick up or off.
Delinimentum, i, n. an Asswaging,
Mitigating.
Delinio, ire, to anoint, rub softly,
mitigate, delight, to soothe.
Delinior, iri, to be appeased, &c.
Delinitio, ōnis, f. a Pacifying.
Delinitor, ōris, m. an Appeaser, an
Asswager.
Delinitus, a, um, Asswaged, A-
nointed.
Delino, evi and ni, itum, to blot,
deface or defile.
Delinor, ni, to be dawbed.
Delinquentia, æ, f. a Fault of O-
mission.
Delinquo, iqui, etum, to omit,
foil, offend. * Quid ego tibi
deliqui, Wherein did I ever wrong
you?
Delinquor, qui, to be left undone,
omitted, committed. * Si quid
delinquitur, if there be any fault.
Delioi, Gardens about Naples called
Poggio Reale.
Deliquamen, inis, n. Dripping.
Deliquatio, ōnis, f. a Melting.
Deliquatus, a, um, Molten.
Deliqueo, cui, ere, to melt, or to be
about melting.
Deliquesco, ere, to begin to melt,
or melt by degrees. * Deliques-
cant poma cum musto, the Apples
boil into Pap. * Deliquescere
alacritates, to be exceeding joy-
ful.
Deliquiæ, arum, Gutters where the
House-eaves do drop.
Deliquium, ii, n. a draining, pour-
ing out, making clear, [of Deli-
quo.]
Deliquium, ii, n. [of delinquo]
defect or lack. * Deliquium ani-
mi, a Swooning. * Deliquium
solis, an Eclipse of the Sun.
Deliquo, are, to drain, or pour out.
strain, make clear.
† Deliquum, for deliquium, lack,
left, short coming.
Delirābundus, a, um, Doaring.
Deliramentum, i, n. Dotage. * Lo-
qui

qui deliramenta, to talk idly.
 Delirans, ntis, dotting.
 Deliratio, ōnis, f. a making of balks in ploughing; also a dotting.
 † Deliritas, atis, f. dotage.
 Delirium, ii, n. a dotting or being out of one's right mind.
 Deliro, are, to baulk, go out of the right way, be out of one's wits.
 Deliras, a, um, [à lira] dotting.
 Delitens, ntis, lurking.
 Deliteo, ere, [of de and lateo] to lurk or lye hid.
 Delitescio, ere, to lye lurking or hidden, sculk close, shelter one's self.
 * Delitescere in alicujus auctoritate, to shelter one's self under such a Man's authority.
 Delitescencia, æ, f. a Skulking.
 † Delities, ei, f. Delight.
 Delitigatio, ōnis, f. a wrangling.
 Delitigatio, ōnis, f. a wrangling.
 Delitigatio, ōnis, f. a wrangling.
 Delitigo, are, to wrangle, brawl, chide earnestly.
 Delitus, a, um, [of delinor] blotted, besmeared, anointed.
 Delium, a Town in Boeotia; also Apollo's Temple.
 Delius, one of Anthony's Captains sent to fetch Cleopatra; also a Name of Apollo.
 Belli, very deep Lakes not far from Catana.
 Delmaria, as Balmatia.
 † Delorico, are, to unbrace.
 Delos, the most famous of all the Cyclades in the Ægean Sea, where Latona is said to bring forth Apollo and Diana. Whence it was also thought to be consecrated to them, which Opinion kept the Persians from attempting any Thing in their War against Greece; they brought up no Dog in the Island, nor buried any one in it, nor suffered any Women to lye in there.
 Delphi, a City of Phocis in Achaia by Parnassus, famous for an Oracle of Apollo.
 Delphicus, an usual Epithet of Apollo. * Delphicus gladius, applicable to any thing that serves for sundry uses. * Delphica umbra, or asini umbra, a tale of a tub.
 Delphin, m. } a Dolphin.
 Delphis, inis. }
 Delphini portus, a Town in Italy.
 † Delphiniscus, a little Dolphin.
 Delphinium, a Haven in Boeotia; also a place consecrated to Apollo and Diana, by King Ægeus at Athens, where the causes of such were heard, who did confess the Murder, but justify'd the Act.
 Delphinium, a Castle of the Chii.
 Delphinus, i, m. a Dolphin; also the Name of a Constellation, g.
 Delphusa, a Fountain of Delphica.
 Delphusa, a City of Arcadia.
 Delta, a part of Ægypt, between Canopica and Pelusiaca; also a Town in that Country, and an Island and City of India.
 Delthani, a City of Peloponnesus.
 Deltaides, three square, like the figure Delta, the name of a Mistle upon the top of the Arm, g.
 Delton, i, n. a Constellation in form of a Greek Delta, g.
 DELUBRUM, i, n. [à Deus vel deluo] a Chapel or Vestry, a Niche or place for the Heathen Gods.
 Deluctatio, ōnis, f. a Wrestling.
 Deluctator, oris, m. a Wrestler.

Deluctor, ari, to wrestle, strive, or struggle with.
 Deludicatio, ōnis, f. a flouting, mocking.
 † Deludicator, ōris, m. a Jester, Mocker.
 Deludicor, ari, to deceive, mock.
 Deludium, ii, n. a ceasing from Play.
 Deludo, ūsi, sum, to delude, mock, abuse, frustrate, strive hard at play.
 Deluentinus, a God worshipped by the Romans.
 Delvinia, Delvin in Westmeath in Ireland.
 Delumbatio, ōnis, f. a breaking the Back or Loins, a weakening.
 Delumbator, ōris, m. he that breaks the Loins.
 Delumbatus, a, um, broken hipped.
 Delumbis, be, having the Loins broken, weak, effeminate.
 Delumbo, are, [à lumbus] to break the Loins or Back, enfeeble.
 Deluo, ui, utum, [of da and lavo] to wash away, or clean wash out.
 Delusio, ōnis, f. a Delusion, Mocking.
 Delusor, ōris, m. a Deluder, Mocker.
 Delusus, a, um, [of deludor] deluded.
 † Delutamentum, i, n. Clay, Mortar.
 Delutatio, ōnis, f. a daubing.
 Delutio, ōnis, a washing.
 Deluto, are, [à lutum] to lute, daub over with Clay.
 Demadeo, ere, to be moistened or bedewed.
 Demades, an Athenian Orator, Enemy of Demosthenes.
 Demadidus, a, um, wet, moistened.
 Demænetus, Æsculapius so called from one Demænetus Founder of his Temple.
 Demægis, adv. very much, also very little.
 Demæggi, g. Popular and Faction Fellows.
 Demægoras, a Parasite, whom the Athenians fined ten Talents for calling Alexander a God; also an Historian.
 Demandatio, ōnis, f. a Commission, or committing unto.
 Demandator, ōris, m. he that committeth or giveth in Charge.
 Demando, are, to give in Commission or Charge. * Demandare alicui suam vicem, to change turns with one. * Demandare aliquem, to send one upon a Commission.
 Demandor, ari, to be given in charge or sent away.
 Demāno, are, to flow out or trickle.
 Demaratus, a Lacedæmonian Captain, who being banished, and living at Athens, gave notice to his own Country of the Athenians Designs against them; also a rich Merchant of Corinth, the Father of Tarquinius Priscus.
 Demarchus, g. a Ruler or Protector of the People, the Name of a Champion, who is said to have tasted the Entrails of a Child offered in sacrifice, and thereupon was changed into a Wolf.
 Demeaculum, ii, n. [à demeo] a descent or going down into a Cellar, &c.
 † Demembro, are, to dismember.
 Dememini, I forgot.

† Demendatio, ōnis, f. as Commendatio.
 Demens, ntis, mad, foolish, out of one's wits; (also from demo) taking away.
 Demensum, i, n. a set Allowance or Commons, Monthly Allowance of Corn to Slaves.
 Dementus, a, um, [of demetior] measured.
 Dementatio, ōnis, f. a being or making mad.
 Dementator, ōris, m. he that makes mad, an Enrager.
 Dementer, adv. foolishly, madly.
 Dementia, æ, f. Folly.
 Dementio, ire, to go out of one's wits, grow mad.
 Dementior, iri, to lye greatly.
 Demento, are, } [à demens] to
 Dementor, ari, } make or become mad.
 Demēo, are, to descend, go down, or away.
 Demerendus, a, um, to be deserved, earned.
 Demereō, ui, ere, to deserve, earn.
 Demereor, ritus sum, eri, to deserve well, to oblige or be worthy of one's Favour. * Demerericivatem beneficio, to win the Hearts of the Citizens by a singular Favour conferr'd on 'em.
 Demergo, si, sum, to dip or plunge all over, sink.
 Demergor, gi, to be sunk.
 Demeritum, i, n. Demerit.
 Demeritus, a, um, [of demereor] deserved, demerited.
 Demersus, a, um, [of demergor] dipped, plunged. * Demersus zre alieno, sunk deep in debt.
 Demersus, ūs, m. a sinking, drowning.
 Demessus, a, um, [of demetor] reaped, gathered.
 Demetæ, People of West-wales.
 Demetatus, a, um, distinguished, quartered, Encamped. * Signa demetata, figures placed in Order, and at an equal distance.
 Demeter, quasi, Ἰὼς Μητὴρ, a name of Ceres.
 Demetia, West-wales.
 Demetior, itus, and mensus, iri, to measure exactly.
 Demeritus, a, um, measuring or measured, described.
 Demēto, are, to measure or set out Bounds.
 Demeto, fui, sum, to read or mow down, to gather. * Demetere caput ense, to behead.
 † Demetria, æ, f. base or flat Vain.
 Demetrianus, a Bishop of Antioch, 254.
 Demetrias, a Town in Thessaly, from Demetrius who reigned there, being called before Pegala; also a Town in Macedonia and Persia, and one of the Cyclades called Paros.
 Demetrium, a City of Æolia, and other places.
 Demetrius, the Son of Antigonus King of Macedonia, surnamed Policrates, after Alexander he passed Euphrates, and possessed Babylon, warring against Antiochus, he was taken Prisoner; but was allowed so much Liberty, that by his Luxury he fell into a Distemper, and died.
 Demetrius Phalereus, a Scholar to Thee

Theophrastus, who governed Athens ten Years, and was honoured with thirty six Statues of Brass; also the Name of others.

† Demiculus, *li*, a Ladle to fill Wine out of an open Vessel into a Cup, after the Persian manner.

Demigratio, *ōnis*, *f.* a Removing or Changing of Place.

Demigrator, *ōris*, *m.* a Remover, Flister.

Demigro, *are*, to pass away, to remove one's dwelling. * Demigrare *ē* vitā, to dye.

† Demingo, *ere*, to besmutch.

Deminsii, a People of lower Mysia.

Deminuō, *ui*, *utum*, to diminish or take from.

Deminiūsus, *a*, *um*, diminished.

† Demion, a kind of the precious stone called Sardæ.

Demirābundus, *a*, *um*, greatly marvelling.

Demirāndus, *a*, *um*, to be admired.

Demiratio, *ōnis*, *f.* a Wondring.

† Demirator, *ōris*, *m.* an Admirer.

Demiror, *ari*, to admire, or wonder much.

Demissē, *iūs*, *illimē*, *adv.* humbly, lowly, basely. * Demisse sentire, to have low creeping Thoughts.

Demissio, *ōnis*, *f.* a letting or laying down, abating, dejection.

Demississimē, *adv.* very submissively.

Demissitius, *a*, *um*, low, long, hanging down.

Demissus, *a*, *um*, [of demitor] let or cast down, [of] missive, humble, descended, low. * Demissa per aurem, Things heard. * Demisso capite, Hanging down one's Head. * Demissa loca, low Places.

Demissior, *iūs*, *adv.* more lowly.

Demitigo, *are*, to mitigate.

Demitigor, *ari*, to be more remiss and calm.

Demitto, *is*, *sum*, to let, cast or send down or from, humble, consume, abate. * Demittere animum, to despair. * Demittere aliquid in pectus, to take Notice of a thing, to mark it well. * Demittere librum (of a Tree in the Spring) to have its Bark loose from the wood. * Demittere corpus a cervicibus, to incline the Body to one side.

† Demium, a Jewel of the Sarda kind.

Demurgus, *i*, *m.* a chief Officer in some Cities of Greece, like our Speaker in Parliament; also a Workman or Handicraftsman.

DEMO, *psi*, *ptum*, [ex de & emo, vel a τέρω seco] to take away, abate. * Demere cervicem, to behead. * Demere aliquid laudi, to detract from one's Praise. * Demere ungues, to pare the Nails. * Demere nubem supercilio, to look merrily, be galliard and brisk.

Democedes, a famous Physician of Croton, who being taken Prisoner by Darius, cured him of a Lameness, which all his Physicians could not do; for which he was greatly honoured by the King, and all the Persians.

Demochares, an Athenian Orator, Nephew to Demosthenes, being sent Ambassador to Philip, the King asked him how he might best please the Athenians, who told him, If he would hang himself; the King sent

him home safe, and bid him ask which were Noble, they that could hear, or they that uttered such Speeches.

Democles, a Flatterer of Dionysius the Tyrant, who caused him to be Arayed, and Served as a King at Table, and hung a naked Sword over his Head with the Point downward, tied only with a Hair, which kept him from tasting his Dainties, or taking any Comfort in his Royal Attendance; also a beautiful young Man, who to avoid being abused by Demetrius Poliorcetes, drowned himself in a Cauldron of hot Water.

Democrides, the Physician of Polycrates of Samos, he wrote a Book of Medicines.

Demochoon, King Priam's Buffard, who kept his swift Horses at Abydus, and was slain by Ulysses in the Trojan War.

Democrates, an Architect of Alexandria; also a Wrestler, and several others.

Democratia, *æ*, *f.* a Commonwealth or Free State.

Democraticus, *a*, *um*, favouring or belonging to a Free State or Commonwealth.

Democriticus, *a*, *um*, Eras. } of Democriteus, *a*, *um*, } Smocritus.

Democritus, a Philosopher of Abdera, receiving his Portion from his Elder Brother, he travelled over the greatest Part of the World to get Knowledge, returning home, he kept himself within the Bounds of a little Garden, to contemplate the Nature of Things, to which purpose he is said to blind himself by looking on a Brass Basin. He constantly laughed at the Follies of the World, which made the Athenians think him mad, who sent Hippocrates to cure him; Hippocrates, after some Discourse with him, told them, that not Democritus but they themselves were mad. Also an Ephesian who wrote Books of the Temple of Diana at Ephesus.

Demodocus, the Name of a Harper in Homer; also an Historian.

Demogorgon, a Magician, who was said to command the Spirits, and punish them if they obeyed him not.

Demolior, *iri*, to demolish, pull or cast down. * Demoliri culpam de se, to excuse himself.

Demolitio, *ōnis*, *f.* a Demolishing or pulling down.

Demolitus, *a*, *um*, Demolished.

† Demollio, *ire*, to soften.

† Demolo, *as* molo.

Demonax, a Philosopher under Adrian, who, contrary to other Philosophers hated Solitariness; he never had any Provisions for his Journeys, but when he was a hungry went into the next House he saw open, and got himself Victuals.

Demonefus, an Island of Propon-tis.

Demonica, a Woman who for Gold betrayed Ephesus to Brennus.

Demoridas, a lame Pedant, who having lost his Shoes, wish'd they might fit his Feet that stole them.

Demonstrabilis, *le*, Demonstrable.

Demonstratio, *ōnis*, *f.* a Demon-

stration, a clear and undeniable Argument.

Demonstrativē, *adv.* Demonstratively.

Demonstrativus, *a*, *um*, Demonstrative, Declaring.

Demonstrator, *ōris*, *m.* he that shews or declares a thing.

† Demonstratorius, *a*, *um*, of shewing or painting. * Digitus demonstratorius, the fore Finger.

Demonstratus, *a*, *um*, Declared, Manifested.

Demonstro, *are*, to demonstrate, point unto, shew openly.

Demophilus, a Sophister, who wrote to Lollius Maximus of the Lives of the Ancients.

Demophoon, *ntis*, the Son of The-seus and Phædra, the twelfth King of Athens, who as he came from Troy, was entertain'd by Phillis, Daughter of Lycurgus, King of Thrace, and afterwards forgat her; also a Poet who foretold the danger that was like to befall Alexander.

Demopölis, the Son of Themistocles, who with his Brother Niccles, was stoned to Death by the Athenians.

Demoratio, *ōnis*, *f.* a Staying.

Demoratus, *a*, *um*, stayed, stopped.

Demordeo, *di*, *sum*, to bite off.

Demordeor, *eri*, to be bitten off.

Demorior, *iris*, and *eris*, *ori*, to perish utterly. * Demoritur ea te, she dies for Love of you.

Demoror, *ari*, to stay, detain, pause upon through fear, dwell or abide, expect.

† Demorsico, *are*, to bite off.

Demorsus, [of demordeor] bitten off. * Nec demorsus sapit ungues, it put one to little or no Pains; it had no elbow Grease bestowed on't.

† Demortuus, *a*, *um*, quite dead. * Canæ demortuæ, Suppers lost, not tasted of.

Demos, a Place in Ithaca.

Demosthenes, an Athenian, the most Eloquent of all the Greek Orators; he inveigh'd much against Philip, and when Antipater succeeded Alexander, he saw himself in Danger, and fled to Calauria, and when Archias was sent to apprehend him, he poisoned himself; also a Thracian Grammarian, and others.

Demoteles, one of those twelve who Pliny says wrote of the Pyramids of Egypt.

Demotus, *a*, *um*, [of demoveor] removed, sent away, banished. * Gradu demotus, having given back.

Demoveo, *ovi*, *otum*, to remove, put away, aside, or cut off. * Demovere aliquem ex sententia, to beat one out of an Opinion.

Demptus, *a*, *um* [of demor] taken away, put out, gathered. * Demp-to fine, for ever, for aye.

† Demuco, *are*, to cleanse from filth.

Demugio, *ire*, to bellow much.

Demugitus, *a*, *um*, bellowing much, ringing with a Noise.

Demulces, *si*, *sum*, to stroke softly, mitigate, coaks.

† Demulcia, *æ*, *f.* a Choice or Collection.

† Demul-

† **Dēmūlcimen**, inis, n. a Stroaking, *Appeasing*.
Demulcus, a, um, [of demulceor] Stroaked, Appeased, Allured.
DEMUM, adv. [An vel a demio] at last, indeed, then, only.
† **Demungo**, ere, to cleanse from Filth.
Dēmurmūratio, ōnis f. a Murmuring.
Dēmurmūro, are, to murmur, mutter, mumble, or whisper over.
† **Demus** for **Dēmum**
Demusatus, a, um, muttered over.
* **Demusata contumelia**, a wrong hardly put up.
† **Demusso**, are, to mutter, disseminate.
† **Dēmūtābilis**, le, easily changed.
Dēmūtatio, ōnis, f. a Changing.
† **Dēmūtator**, ōris, m. a Changer.
† **Dēmūteo**, ere, to be dumb.
Dēmūtulo, are, to maim, cut off, make imperfect.
Dēmūto, are, to change, alter, revoke, differ. * **Non demutabo**, I wont swallow my Words.
Dena, the River at Aberdeen in Scotland.
Dēnārius, a, um, [a denus] the Penny.
Dēnārius, ii, m. the Roman Penny, ten Asses, about Seven Pence Half-penny.
Dennarrābilis, le, which may be declared.
Dēnarratio, ōnis, f. a Declaring.
Dēnarrator, ōris, m. a Teller.
Dēnarro, are, to tell in order, declare.
Dēnascor, natus sum, nasci, to die, go on to Dissolution.
Dēnāfo, are, to take away the Nose.
* **Mordicus denafare**, to bite off one's Nose.
Dēnāto, are, to swim.
Denbighia, Denbigh, in Denbighshire.
Dend, part of Macedonia.
Dendrachates, x, m. a kind of Agate representing a Shrub, g.
Dēndritis, idis, f. a precious Stone, which being put under a Tree, is said to keep the Ax in cutting from being dulled, g.
Dendrocissos, i, f. a kind of Ivy growing alone, g.
Dendrodes, is, f. a kind of Spurge, g.
Dendromālāchie, es, f. a large kind of Marsh Mallow, g.
Dendrophōri, g. Wood Carriers, or Sellers.
† **Dendus**, i, a kind of Ship.
Dēnēgo, are, to deny, refuse, to deny utterly.
Dēni, x, a, Ten together, or by Tens.
Denicales feria, the Days when the Heathens purged their Houses after one of them died out of them.
Denigratio, ōnis, f. a making black.
Dēnigrator, ōris, m. one that makes black.
Dēnigratura, x, f. a making black.
† **Dēnigresco**, ere, to begin to be black.
Dēnigro, are, to make black, smut or crack.
Dēnique, adv. [a denuo, vel denum] Lastly, Finally.
Denizes, a King of the Sarazens, A. D. 777.
Denna, a Town in Ethiopia.
† **Dēno**, are, to swim with the Stream.

Denodo, are, to untie, unbend or unstring.
Denominatio, ōnis, f. the naming of a thing.
Dēnominatissimus, a, um, very famous, well known.
† **Denominativè**, adv. Denominatively.
Dēnominativus, a, um, Denominative, Naming, derived of a Noun.
Dēnominator, ōris, he that names.
Dēnominatrix, icis, f. she that names.
Dēnominatus, a, um, named.
Dēnominō, are, to denominate, give a Name.
Dēnormatio, ōnis, a putting out of Order.
Dēnormatus, a, um, put out of Order.
† **Dēnormitas**, ātis, f. Irregularity.
Denormio, are, [a norma] to put out of Order, or Rule, make Unequal.
Dēnotatio, ōnis, f. a Noting, Marking.
Dēnotator, ōris, m. he that marks.
Dēnotatus, a, um, Marked, Drawn out.
Dēnoto, are, to denote, mark. * **Denotare probro**, to defame or brand.
* **Denotare cretā**, to score.
Dēnotor, ari, to be noted.
DENS, ntis, m. [ὄδός] a Tooth, any thing like it. * **Dens ara ri**, the Plow-share. * **Dens anchora**, the fluke of an Anchor. * **Dens leonis**, Dandylon. * **Dens libycus**, Ivory. * **Dens saturni**, a Sickle. * **Dentes canini**, the Eye-teeth. * **Dentes genuini**, the farthest Teeth. * **Dentes incisores**, the fore Teeth. * **Dentes maxillares**, or molares, the Cheek Teeth, or Grinders. * **Dentes exerti**, Tusks or Tushes. * **Aqua dentes habet**, Water is a Waster.
Densatio, ōnis, f. a Making or Growing thick.
Densator, ōris, m. a Thickner.
Densatus, a, um, Thickned.
Dense, ius, illimè, adv. Thick, Close, Together.
Dēnseo, ere, to make or grow thick.
* **Lac denset**, the Cheese comes.
† **Denserier**, for densari.
† **Densifico**, are, to make thick.
Densitas, ātis, f. Thickness.
Dēnso, are, to thicken, set close together. * **Densare ictus**, to lay on thick thwack.
DENSUS, ior, issimus, [δᾶσος] Thick, Compacted, Close, Dark.
Dentale, lis, n. the Plough-tail, the Coulter, a Harrow.
† **Dentaria**, x, f. Tooth-wort, or Lung-wort.
† **Dentarpāga**, x, an Instrument to draw Teeth.
† **Dentatim**, adv. Tooth by Tooth, like Teeth.
Dentatus, a, um, Toothed, Cogged, Indented, having many, or great Teeth. * **Charta dentata**, Paper in which a Satyr is written.
Dentatus, a Sirname of M. Curius, who was born with Teeth in his Head.
Dentex, icis, m. [a dens] a kind of Fish.
† **Denticulātum**, adv. like little Teeth, jaggedly.
Denticulatus, a, um, having little Teeth, jagged, or toothed like a Saw.

† **Denticulo**, are, to thrust in the Teeth.
† **Denticulum**, i, n. the sharp point of a thing; also a Needle-case.
Denticulus, li, m. [a dens] a little Tooth, the Cog of a Wheel, the Denti or Teeth in a Corniche of a Corinthian, or Ionick Pillar, just above the Cymatium or Throat of the Freeze.
† **Dentiducum**, an Instrument to draw Teeth.
Dentiens, ntis, Breeding Teeth.
Dentifrangibulum, li, } a clench-
Dentifrangibilus, li, m. } ed Fish;
also a Russian.
Dentifrangibilus, a, um, breaking the Teeth.
Dentifricium, ii, n. [a dens & frico] a Dentifrice, or Powder to scowr the Teeth.
† **Dentilegus**, a, um, gathering up Teeth.
* **Dentillo**, are, to begin to have Teeth.
Dentiloquus, a, um, Speaking through the Teeth, or Spitting out his Teeth.
Dentio, ire, to breed Teeth, chatter.
Dentiscapium, ii, n. [a scalpo] a Tooth-picker.
Dentitio, ōnis, f. a Breeding of Teeth; also the Pain in Breeding.
† **Dento**, ōnis, m. he that hath great Teeth.
† **Dentofus**, a, um, full of great Teeth.
† **Dentrix**, a kind of Fish.
† **Dēnūbilis**, le, Marriageable.
Dēnūbo, psi, ptum, to be married to a Man, to match beneath one's Rank.
Dēnūdatio, ōnis, f. a making bare.
Dēnūdator, ōris, m. he that makes bare.
Dēnūdo, are, to spoil, strip, pill and poll, make bare or naked; also to declare.
† **Denugor**, as nugor.
Dēnūmeratio, ōnis, f. a Telling of Money down, Staking down.
Dēnūmerator, ōris, m. he that tells down Money.
Dēnūmero, are, to pay down ready Money.
Denunciatio, ōnis, f. a Denunciation, Forewarning, Threatning. * **Denunciatio testimonii**, a Subpoena, or Injunction to appear.
Denunciator, ōris, m. he that foretels, or threatens Evil to come.
Dēnuncio, are, to denounce, foretel, forewarn. * **Denunciare testimonium**, to subpoena a Witness.
Denuo, adv. [q. de novo] Again, Anew, once again.
Denuptus, a, um, [of denubo] Married.
Deo, Ceres so called by the Greeks, from her Invention of Corn; hence Deois her Daughter Proserpine.
Deobriga, a City in Portugal.
Deobrigula, a Town in Spain.
Deoccatio, ōnis, f. a Harrowing.
Deoccatus, a, um, harrowed.
Deocco, are, to harrow.
† **Deodandum**, i, n. a Deodand, or thing forfeited to the King's Almoner, having been the Instrument of killing a Man by chance.
Deogratias, a Bishop of Carthage, famous for Piety, who in a great Necessity and Persecution, sold all the Church Plate for redeeming of Captives. Deo-

Deonēratō, ōnis, f. a Disburthen-
ing.
Deonēro, are, to unload, discharge,
lighten, to clear from a Crime.
Deonulto, are, to disburthen.
Deopale, a City of India within
Ganges.
† Deorcales, a Kind of Beast.
† Deoro, are, the same as Oro.
Deorsum, adv. [à de & versum]
Downward, Below. * Sursum de-
orsum curitare, to run up and
down.
Deorum currus, a Mountain of Li-
bya interior, where the King of
Portugal hath Gold Mines.
Deorum insulæ, Spanish Islands in
Galæcia.
Deorum portus, the Town Mazza-
gran in Mauritania Cæsariensis.
Deoscūlatio, ōnis, f. a Kissing.
Deoscūlor, ari, to kiss.
Depaciscor, actus, sum, sci, to make
a Bargain, Promise, Agree, Com-
pound. * Depacisci morte cu-
pio, I desire to dye for't. * Depa-
cisci honestissimo periculo, to
grapple with a hazardous but ho-
nourable Enterprize.
Depactus, a, um, [of depaciscor]
having covenanted, agreed upon.
Depactus, a, um, [of depangor]
Fastened down. * Depactus vitæ
terminus, a set or appointed time
of Life.
Depālātio, ōnis, f. the increasing of
Days.
Depāmo, are, [à palma] to cuff
or strike with the Palm.
† Depālo, are, to make manifest.
Depālo, are, to pale round; also to
unpale, dispart.
† Depampino, are, to pluck off
Vine Leaves.
Depango, egi, and -anxi, actum,
to fasten into the Ground, ram in.
† Depannis, ne, without Clothes.
† Depanno, are, to unclothe, tear.
Deparco, ere, to spare.
Deparcus, a, um, very sparing, nig-
gardly.
Depascens, ntis, Eating, Consu-
ming.
Depasco, āvi, ūm, ere, to feed
as Cattle, Graze, to feed Cattle in
a Pasture, to consume, eat up.
* Herbas depascere, to eat the
Grass close. * Depascere uberta-
tem orationis stylo, to prune an
Oration, cut away its luxuriant
Branches, to keep it down, not let
it grow too rank.
Depascor, sci, to feed upon.
Depāstio, ōnis, f. a Feeding, Eat-
ing up.
Depāstus, a, um, [of depascor]
eaten up, or having eaten. * Flo-
rem depasta falicti, having brow-
sed upon the Willows.
Depāvio, ire, to ram down.
Depaupero, are, to impoverish.
Depeciscor, sci, [of paciscor] to
strike a Bargain, agree.
Depecto, xui, xum, to comb or trim
Hair.
Depector, ti, to be scraped or comb-
ed off.
Depector, ōris, a Solicitor.
Depectus, a, u, n, [of depeciscor]
having made a Bargain.
† Depēculāssere, for depēculatu-
rum esse.
Depēculātio, ōnis, f. a Robbing of
the State.

Depēculator, ōris, m. a Robber,
Extortor.
Depēculari, ari, to rob the State or
Commonwealth.
† Depēdicior, ari, to deceive.
Depelliculo, are, [à pellicula] to
peel the Skin off.
Depello, ūli, ūsum, to drive up,
or chase away. Thrust out by Force.
* Depellere à lacte, to wean.
* Depellere aliquem sententiā,
to make one change his Opinion.
Dependeo, di, ūm, to depend, hang
down.
Dependo, di, ūm, to expend, weigh,
pay. * Dependere caput, to suf-
fer Death. * Dependere pœnas, to
satisfie for a Crime by Punishment.
Dependulus, a, um, hanging down.
† Depennescere, to moult.
† Depenno, are, to pluck off the
Feathers.
Depensio, ōnis, f. a Weighing or
Paying.
† Depensò, with ready Money.
Depensus, a, um, [of dependor]
Examined, &c.
Deperitutus, a, um, Utterly lost.
Undone, come to Nought.
Deperdo, idi, itum, to lose, spend,
to misuse. * Deperdere de exi-
stimatione, to lose somewhat of his
repute.
† Deperdui, for deperiit.
Deperreo, ire, to dye, perish utterly,
to be cast away, be Love sick. * De-
perire aliquem, or aliquem amo-
re, or alicujus amore, to be despe-
rately in love with, to be ready to die
for love of one.
Deperiturus, a, um, ready to pe-
rish.
† Depesco, ere, to drive from Pa-
sture.
Depestus, a, um, [for depexus]
Rent, Torn.
† Depesta, orum, Wine Vessels used
in the Sacrifices of the Sabines.
† Depetigo, inis, f. a rough Itch or
Scab.
† Depetigōsus, a, um, Scabby, Le-
prous.
† Depexo, are, to comb often.
† Depexura, x, f. a Combing.
Depexu, a, um, [of depector]
combed, trimmed, thread-bare.
* Adeo depexum dabo, I'll so
trim him.
Depictus, a, um, [of depingor]
Painted, Embroidered.
† Depignoro, are, to redeem from
Pawn.
Depilātiō, ōnis, f. a Pulling off the
Hair.
Depilātor, ōris, m. he that plucks
off the Hair.
† Depilātorius, a, um, Causing the
Hair to fall.
Depilatrix, icis, f. she that plucks off
the Hair.
Depilatus, a, um, made Bald or
Thin.
Depilis, le, Bald, without Hair.
Depilo, are, to make Bald or
Smooth.
Depingo, xi, ctum, to paint, draw,
describe. * Depingere verbis, to
express lively. * Depingere co-
gitatione, to conceive, to have an
exact Idea of a thing.
† Deplamentum, i, n. a Diminish-
ing.
Deplānātiō, ōnis, f. a making Plai-

Deplānātor, ōris, m. a Plainer or
Explainer.
Deplango, xi, ctum, to lament, or
bemoan greatly.
Deplano, are, to make plain or
smooth. * Montes deplanare, to
level Mountains.
Deplano, adv. on plain Ground.
Deplantatio, ōnis, f. a taking up of
Plants.
Deplantator, ōris, m. a Transplanter.
Deplanto, are, to pluck up or Trans-
plant.
† Deplanus, and -num, the Stroke of
a Plane, a Plane.
Depleo, evi, erum, to lade out, or
empty, broach, or rack. * Deple-
re sanguinem, to let Blood.
Depletio, ōnis, f. an Emptying.
Deplexus, a, um, winding or clasp-
ing about.
Deplicatio, ōnis, f. an Unfolding.
† Deplico, are, to unfold or make
plain.
Deplorābundus, a, um, greatly be-
wailing.
Deplorandus, a, um, to be lamented.
† Deploratio, ōnis, f. a Lament-
ing.
Deplorator, ōris, m. a Lamentor.
Deploratus, a, um, Deplorable, with-
out Hope, given over.
Deploro, are, to deplore, lament,
bemoan. * Deplorare de incom-
modis suis, to make grievous Com-
plaints of their Inconveniences.
Deplumatio, ōnis, f. a Plucking off
the Feathers.
Deplumator, ōris, m. he that plucks
the Feathers off.
Deplumis, me, Plucked, without
Feathers, Unpledged.
Deplumo, are, to unfeather, spoil.
Depluo, ere, to rain downright.
† Depluvium, ii, n. a Spout or a
Fall of Rain.
† Depodes, Martlets or Swifts.
Depolio, ire, to polish, perfect, put
an end to.
Depolitio, ōnis, f. a Polishing,
Smoothing.
Depolitor, ōris, m. a Polisher.
Depolitus, a, um, Polished.
† Depolitum est, it is finished.
Deponens, ntis, Laying down.
* Verbum deponens, a Verb de-
ponent.
Depono, ōsui, itum, to lay down,
lay a Wager, put away, deprive,
depose, give in Trust, plant, sa-
tisfie, quench, pull down. * De-
ponere animum, to despair. * De-
ponere aliquem vino, to drink one
down. * Deponere memoriam
rei, to forget. * Deponere ægrum,
to give him over. * Deponere ali-
quem imperio, to turn out of Au-
thority, Cashire. * Deponere a-
liquid in alicujus fide, in fidem,
apud fidem, to entrust with, to put
into one's Custody, to commit to one's
Safeguard.
Depontani, those Romans that were
above sixty Years old, and were not
admitted to give their Votes. * Ho-
mo depontanus est, his Candle
burns within the Socket.
Depopulatio, ōnis, f. a Robbing,
Plundering.
Depopulator, ōris, m. a Robber,
Waster, Destroyer. * De-
populatio fori, a Plunderer, or
-illager.

- Depopulor**, ari, to depopulate, destroy, spoil, harass.
- Deportatio**, ōnis, f. a Transportation, Carrying, Conveying away as a Prisoner. * **Deportatio** in insulam, or insula, a Confinement to an Island.
- Deportator**, ōris, m. the Officer that carries away banished Men.
- Deportatus**, a, um, Carried away, Banished.
- Deporto**, are, to carry away, transport, bring. * **Deportare** in insulam, to send one Prisoner into an Island. * **Deportare triumphum**, to have leave to triumph, or enter the City in triumph.
- Deportor**, ari, to be banished.
- Deposco**, pōposci, ere, to desire much, or earnestly. * In Pœnam, or supplicium aliquem deposcere, to demand Justice on one. * **Æqualem ætatis suæ memoriam deposcere**, to write the Chronicles of his own Time.
- Depositarius**, ii, m. he that is intrusted, that keeps Stakes, or a Pledge.
- Depositio**, ōnis, f. a Deposition, committing to Trust, or to Pledge; also a depositing, pulling down. * **Dies depositionis**, the Day of one's Death.
- Depositor**, ōris, m. he that puts to trust, or to pledge.
- Depositorum**, i, n. a Gage, Pledge or Stake; any Thing intrusted to another.
- Depositus**, a, um, [of deponor] laid down or aside; also desperate or given over.
- † **Deposui**, and -viffe, for deposuisse, and deposui.
- Depostulatio**, ōnis, f. a demanding one's Due.
- Depostulator**, ōris, m. he that requires his Due.
- Depostulo**, are, to require or demand one's Due.
- † **Depotior**, and -ius, more drunken.
- † **Depotior**, iri, to enjoy.
- † **Depræcipio**, ere, to command.
- Deprædatio**, ōnis, f. a Robbing, Plundering.
- Deprædator**, ōris, m. a Plunderer.
- † **Deprædatrix**, icis, f. she that plunders.
- Deprædico**, are, Erasim. to relate.
- Deprædor**, ari, to prey, rob, plunder, take Booties.
- Depræliatio**, ōnis, f. a Battle, Fighting.
- Depræliator**, ōris, m. a Fighter, Contender.
- Deprælior**, ari, to fight, combat, encounter.
- Deprævātē**, adv. Depravedly, Corruptedly, Crookedly, against Right and Reason.
- Deprævatio**, ōnis, f. a Depravation, or Corrupting, Wreisting. * **Depravatio verbi**, a Misconstruction of a Word.
- Deprævator**, ōris, m. a Corrupter, Misinterpreter.
- Deprævatus**, a, um, Depraved, Corrupted.
- Deprævo**, are, [à pravus] to deprave, corrupt, wrest, make ill or crooked.
- Deprecabilis**, e, easily entreated.
- Deprecābundus**, a, um, Praying, or to be prayed for.
- Deprecatio**, ōnis, f. a Deprecating,
- Praying for Pardon, putting away by Prayer.
- Depræcator**, ōris, m. an Intercessor, one that pleads for another. * **Depræcator fortunarum alicujus**, the preserver of a Man's Estate.
- † **Depreciatus**, a, um, Vile, Contemptible.
- † **Deprecio**, are, to slight, disesteem.
- Depræcor**, ari, to deprecate, to pray against. * **Deprecari invidiam**, to importune that one be not exposed to Envy. * **Deprecari periculum**, to hope no Danger may happen.
- Deprehendo**, } to surprise, take
- Deprendo**, di, sum, } unawares, or in the very Fact, to overtake. * **Occisum deprehendit**, he found that he was slain.
- Deprehensio**, ōnis, f. a Taking unawares, Discovery.
- † **Deprehensor**, ōris, m. a Discoverer, Apprehender.
- Deprehensus**, and **deprensus**, a, um, [of deprehendor] Surprised, taken Knapping or in the very Act. * **Testis deprehensus**, a Witness faultering in giving his Evidence, cat. b'd tripping.
- Depressio**, ōnis, f. a sinking down.
- † **Depressitas**, ātis, f. a Lowness.
- Depressor**, ōris, m. he that keeps or presses down.
- Depressus**, a, um, [of deprimor] pressed, weighed, or sunk down, low, shallow, soft.
- Deprætiator**, ōris, m. he that beats down the Price.
- Deprætiatus**, a, um, made Cheaper.
- Deprætio**, are, [a pretium] to lessen the Price.
- Deprætiator**, ari, to be cheaper.
- Deprimo**, essi, sum, [of premo] to keep down or under, to weigh or press down, depreß, plant or set. * **Deprimere vites in terram**, to lay or propagate Vines. * **Deprimere navem**, to sink a Ship.
- Depröcul**, adv. from afar.
- Deprömo**, psi, plum, to draw or bring out, declare.
- Deprömotio**, ōnis, f. a bringing forth or furnishing.
- Depromptor**, ōris, m. a bringer forth, discoverer.
- Depromptus**, a, um, [of depromor] drawn, taken or brought out.
- Depröperandus**, a, um, to be hastened.
- Depröperatio**, ōnis, f. a Hastening.
- Depröpero**, are, to hasten or make haste. * **Deproperare aliquid**, to fetch any Thing hastily.
- † **Depsiticus**, or **dephititius**, a, um, Kneaded, Moulded.
- DEPSO**, ere [Δεψω] to mould, knead, or make soft.
- Depubis**, e, } Young, under Age.
- Depuber**, eris, }
- † **Depublico**, are, to lay open unto, spoil.
- Depüdeo**, ere, to be brazen-fac'd, past shame.
- Depüdico**, are, to deflower.
- Depugnatio**, ōnis, f. a Fighting stoutly.
- Depugnator**, ōris, m. a Champion.
- Depugnatur**, [ab illis] they Fight.
- Depugnatus**, a, um, stoutly fought.
- Depugno**, are, to fight, strive or disagree. * **Ne depugnes in alieno negotio**, fight Dog fight Bear.
- Depullatus**, a, um, having left off Mourning.
- Depulsatio**, ōnis, f. a Repelling or Thrusting away.
- Depulsator**, ōris, m. he that pushes drives away.
- Depullio**, ōnis, f. a Driving away, putting or keeping off.
- Depullo**, are, [à depello] to drive or thrust away.
- Depulsor**, ōris, m. he that repels or puts away.
- Depulsorius**, a, um, driving away. * **Depulsoria sacra**, Sacrifices to avert evil.
- Depulsus**, a, um, [of depellor] driven or thrust away. * **Depulsus lacte**, weaned. * **Jam periculum est depulsam**, the Danger is over.
- † **Depulvero**, are, to beat or reduce to dust or powder.
- Depunctor**, ōris, m. he that dispossesses or disinherits.
- † **Depuratio**, ōnis, f. a cleansing of filthy Matter from a Wound.
- † **Depuratus**, a, um, cleansed from filth.
- Depurgo**, are, to purge out or away. * **Depurgare ab herba**, to weed. * **Depurgare crimen**, to clear one's self. * **Depurgare pisces**, to scull or gut Fishes.
- † **Depüro**, are, to cleanse or purify.
- Deputatus**, i, m. a Deputy or under Officer.
- Deputatus**, i, m. Erasim. an illiterate unpolish'd Fellow.
- Depüto**, are, to judge, esteem, praise or cut off. * **Deputare secum rationes**, to cast up his Accounts.
- Depüvio**, ire, [of de and pavi] to strike or beat.
- Depygis**, e, having little Buttocks.
- Deque** [f. r deorsum] adv. Downward. * **Susque deque**, up and down. * **Susque deque ferre**, or habere, to slight.
- Dequeror**, quæsus sum, ri, to lament, bewail, complain greatly of.
- Dequestus**, a, um, Complained, or Complaining.
- Dera**, a City or Country of Iberia.
- Deradiotes**, a Name of Apollo.
- Derado**, asi, sum, to shave or scrape off or away. * **Deradere ex memoria**, to blot or put out of Memory.
- Deradræ**, a People of India within Ganges.
- Derangæ**, a People dwelling by the River Indus.
- Deranobila**, a Town of Carmania.
- Derafidæ**, Islands by Magnesia.
- Derbe**, the City Dervase in Lycaonia.
- Derbia**, the Town Derby.
- Derbices**, a People by Caucasus, more rigid than the Stoicks; they punish the smallest Fault with Death, they worship the Earth; neither eat nor sacrifice any female Creature, eat the Flesh of their Kinsfolks, and kill all above 70 Years old.
- Dercæi**, a People of Greece on the Borders of Thrace.
- Derce**, a Fountain between Bilbilis and Serobriga very cold in Summer.
- Derceto**, and -tis, a Goddess call'd by the Assyrians Aterbatis, worshipped at Joppa, having the Face of a Woman and Body of a Fish.
- Dercillus**, the one and thirtieth King of the Assyrians.
- Dercylus**, one of Pyrrhus's Officers.

Dercyllidas, a King of Lacedæmonia, who succeeded Thimbron.
 Dercyllus, the Name of an Historian.
 Dere, or dire, a Mart Town of Æthiopia, by the Gulf of Arabia.
 Dereæ, a City of Arcadia.
 † Derebitor, for diribitor.
 † Derectarii, such as enter Houses with an Intent to steal.
 † Derectum, for directum.
 Derelictio, ōnis, f. a Leaving, an utter Forsaking.
 Derelictor, ōris, m. he that forsakes.
 Derelictus, a, um, [of derelinquor] utterly forsaken, solitary. * Pro derelicto habere, to give over for lost.
 Derelictus, ūs, m. an utter leaving or forsaking. * Derelictui habere, to abandon, to make no Account of.
 Derelinquo, iqui, ctum, to leave quite, forsake utterly.
 Deremistæ, a People of Illyrium.
 Deremma, a Town of Mesopotamia.
 Derentivadam, Dertford in Kent.
 Derentus, the River Darent or Derts in Kent.
 Derēpentē, } adv. very sudden-
 Derēpentinō, } ly, all on a sudden.
 Dērepo, psi, ere, to creep down or away.
 Deretini, a People of Dalmatia.
 Derideo, isti, sum, to deride, scorn, mock, taunt.
 Deridicūlum, li, n. Derision, Mockery, Scorn, or Laughing at. * Deridiculum corporis, the Deformity of the Body, causing Laughter.
 Deridiculus, a, um, ridiculous, to be laughed at.
 † Derigeo, ere, to be stiff with cold.
 Deripio, ui, eptum [of de and rapio] to take or snatch away from.
 † Deris, a Hide or Skin, a Mattress or Hammaker.
 Derisio, ōnis, f. a Deriding, Laughing, Mocking.
 Derisor, ōris, m. a Scorner, Mocker, Flatterer, Buffoon.
 Derisorius, a, um, ridiculous.
 Derisus, ūs, m. Derision, Mockery. * Derisui est omnibus, he is every Body's Laughing-stock.
 Derisus, a, um [of derideor] derided.
 Derivatio, ōnis, f. a Derivation, Turning water another Way.
 Derivativus, a, um, derived of another.
 Derivator, ōris, m. he that derives or turns away.
 Derivo, are [of de and rivus] to derive, drain Water by another Way. * Derivare culpam in aliquem, to lay the Fault upon any one. * Derivare partem curæ & cogitationis in rem aliquam, to bestow part of his Care and Meditation on some Business. * Derivare crimen de aliquo, to acquit one of a Crime.
 Derma, atis, n. a Skin or Hide, g.
 † Dermio, for Dormio.
 Dermones, a People of Libya interior.
 Derodo, ōsi, ōsum, to gnaw off, or away, nibble.
 Derogatio, ōnis, f. a Derogating, Abridgment, Taking away from.

Derogator, ōris, m. he that derogates.
 Derogatorius, } Derogatory.
 Derogativus, a, um, } Taking a way from.
 Derogito, are, to pray or desire earnestly.
 Derogo, are, to derogate, take a way from, abolish, undo, abridge. * Derogare fidem alicui, or de-fide alicujus, not to trust him. * Derogare sibi, to disable or make himself weaker than he is.
 Derosus, a, um [of derodor] nibbled, gnawed.
 Derra, a City of Macedonia, and other Places.
 Derrhæ, a People of Thrace, and Arabia felix.
 Derrhima, a City in Syria.
 Derrhis, a Promontory of Macedonia.
 Derfæi, or Derfes, the same as Derrhæ.
 Derton, or Dertona, a City of Liguria.
 Dertosa, the Town Tortosa in Spain.
 Derventio, the Derwent in Derbyshire, Yorkshire, and Cumberland, also the Town Huldby upon Derwent in Yorkshire.
 Derumpo, ūpi, uptum, to break off.
 Deruncinatio, ōnis, f. a Cutting off, Pruning.
 Deruncinator, ōris, m. he that cuts Bushes.
 Deruncino, are, to cut off, or in Pieces.
 Deruo, ui, ūtum, to fall down, pull away, or take from. * Deruere de laudibus Dolabellæ, to speak ill of Dolabella, dispraise one extremely.
 Derumptum, i, n. a steep broken Place, a Precipice.
 Deruptus, a, um [of derumpor] broken; also steep down.
 Derusici, a People of Persia.
 Derwartha, Derwarth Castle in Ireland.
 † Des [for bes] 8 Ounces.
 † Desabulo, are, to strew with Gravel, to make a Causey, or take Gravel from.
 Desacro, are, to hollow, consecrate, dedicate; also to prophane.
 Desavio, ire, to rage or rave against; also to cease to be angry. * Desavire in omnes, to shew extreme Cruelty towards them all.
 Desaltatio, ōnis, f. a Leading or Ending a Dance.
 Desalto, are, to dance or end a Dance.
 Desarcino, are, to unload, or unburthen.
 Deserena, a Country of India within Ganges.
 † Descapulatus, a, um, loose, slovenly.
 Descendo, di, sum [of de & scando] to descend, or go down, alight, yield, sink. * Descendere in sese, to consider one's self. * Descendit ad Hyacinthum, to resemble the Jacinth. * Descendere ad arma, to take up Arms. * Descendere in partes, to come over to one's side. * In jugulum ensē descendere, to thrust a Sword into one's Throat. * Vulnus descendit magno hiatu, the Wound was large and deep. * De-

scendere in amicitiam, to enter into Friendship. * Descendere ad extrema, to be put to one's Shifts, make Use of the last Remedy.
 Descensio, ōnis, f. } a Descend-
 Descensus, ūs, m. } ing, or going down.
 † Descio, ire, not to know.
 Descico, ivi, ere, to leave, forsake, revolt, rebel. * Desciscere a vita, to dye. * Humidum solum desciscit in pratum, watery Land becomes a Meadow. * Descitum est [ab illis] they revolted.
 Descobinatus, a, um, shaved off, pared, scraped, filed; also maimed.
 † Descobino, are, to scrape, scratch or tear.
 Describo, psi, ptum, to describe, write down, copy out, dispose, design, limn or draw. * Describere solarium, to make a Sundial. * In Deos describere, to canonize. * Describere milites, to levy Soldiers. * Describere tributum, to impose a Tax. * Duodena descripsit in singulos homines jugera, he allotted to every Man 12 Acres.
 Descriptio, ōnis, f. a Copying out, a Description, Writing down, Setting in Order, an Explaining. * Descriptio equitum, the Marshalling of the Horse. * Descriptio populi, the Numbring the Roman People, a Dividing of them into Companies.
 Descriptiuncula, æ, f. a short Description.
 Descriptor, ōris, m. a Describer, Enroller, Register.
 Descriptus, a, um, [of describor] described, written out, appointed, divided.
 Deseco, ui, ctum, to cut off, or asunder, reap or mow down.
 Desecratus, a, um, degraded, unhallowed.
 Desecro, are, [of sacro] to unhallow, prophane, degrade.
 Desectio, ōnis, f. a Cutting off, or asunder, Mowing down.
 Defector, ōris, m. a Cutter down or open.
 Defectus, a, um [of defecor] cut off, down or open.
 † Desedeo, edi, ere, to sit down.
 † Desenesco, ui, escere, to grow old, decay, be abated.
 † Desepio, psi, ptum, to hedge or compass about.
 † Deseptus, a, um, environed.
 † Deseratus, a, um, unlocked.
 † Desero, are, to unlock, or lock fast.
 Desero, evi, desitum, to plant or sow.
 Desero, ui, sertum, to leave or forsake. * Deferere causam, to let fall a Suit. * Illum vita deserit in medio cursu, he died in the Middle of his Age. * Eum fides & fama deserit, he is quite out of Credit. * Eum genua deferunt, his Knees fail him. * Deferere signa, to run from one's Colours. * Deferere sese, not to put one's self forth. * Deferere vadimonium, not to appear at the Day appointed. * Deferere vitam suam, to kill himself. * Non deserit sese, he stands to his Tackling.

Defero, psi, ptum, to creep down or along.
 Desertio, ōnis, f. a Forsaking or Leaving.
 Desertissimus, a, um, very solitary and waste.
 † Deserto, are, to leave one after another, to forsake wholly.
 Desertor, ōris, m. a Deserter, Revolver, Traitor, Fugitive. * Desertor amicorum, a Betrayer of his Friends.
 Desertum, i, n. a Desert, Wilderness.
 Desertus, a, um [of defero, ui] deserted, forsaken, not kept or performed, desert, solitary, loneliness.
 Desertus, a, um [of defero, evi] stuck or set fast.
 Deservio, ire, to serve humbly, to be at one's Beck, provide for, cherish. * Deservire studiis, to apply himself to study.
 Deservitor, ōris, m. he that serves or waits upon.
 Deses, idis, [a desideo] lazy, idle, unemployed.
 Desiccatio, ōnis, f. a Drying up.
 Desiccatus, a, um, dried up. * Halieccata, a shotten Herring.
 Desiccō, are, to dry up.
 Desidens, ntis, idle.
 Desidens, ntis, decaying, sinking, dying, corrupted every Day more than another.
 Desideo, ēdi, ere [of de & sedo] to be idle, sit still.
 Desiderabilis, le, desirable, to be desired.
 Desideratio, ōnis, f. a Desire, Wishing, Lack, Missing.
 Desiderativus, a, um, of desiring, desiderative.
 Desiderator, ōris, m. he that desires or lacks.
 Desideratus, a, um, desired, wished for.
 † Desideriosus, a, um, very pleasant, delightful.
 Desiderium, ii, n. Desire, Love, Want, Missing, Absence, Death. * Desiderii poculum, a Love-potion, Filtre. * Meum desiderium, my sweet one, my Honey.
 Desiderius, the last King of the Longobardi.
 Desidero, are, [a desido] to desire or wish for, want or miss, require. * Dendero tuum amorem, I perceive you don't love me. * Desiderare matrem, to cry after the Dam.
 Desideror, ari, to be absent, wanting, slain.
 Desidia, x, f. [a deses] sloth, Idleness.
 † Desidiabulum, i, n. Pennyleß-bench, an idle Corner.
 Desidiates, a People of Liburnia.
 † Desidies, ei, f. sloth.
 Desidiosus, adv. slothfully, lazily.
 Desidiosus, a, um, idle, lazy, slothful, sluggish.
 Desido, ēdi, ēre, to sit down, go to stool, sink down, settle.
 † Desiduus, a, um, slothful.
 Designate, adv. designally, pointing out.
 Designatio, ōnis, f. a Designing, Declaring, Marking, Determination, A pointment. * Designatio operis, the Contrivance of a Business on Foot.
 Designator, ōris, m. a Marshal or

Virger, he that appoints and orders Funeral Pumps, a Master of the Ceremonies. * Designator diversorium, the Quarter-master.
 Designatus, a, um, designed, assigned, ordained, elected.
 Designo, are, to design, signify, elect, mark, choose, execute a Design. * Designare notā ignominia, to brand.
 Desili, a People of Thrace.
 Desilio, ui, ivi, and -ii, ultum [of de and salio] to leap down. * Desilire ab equo, to alight.
 † Desinare, for desinere.
 † Desinator, ōris, m. he that leaves off for Want of Help.
 Desinitur, imp. an end is made, all is done.
 Desino, ivi, situm, to cease, leave, loiter, end, hold one's Peace. * Desinit in cacuminis finem, it has a sharp top. * Desinere artem, to leave off one's trade. * Desinit in violam, it comes near a Violet colour.
 Desipiens, ntis, foolish, doting.
 Desipienter, adv. foolishly.
 Desipientia, x, f. a Doting, Talking idly.
 Desipio, ui, and ivi, ere [of de and sapio] to dote, grow foolish, play the Fool. * Desipiebam mentis, I was not well in my Wits.
 † Desipisco, ere, to begin to dote.
 Desistens, ntis, ceasing, ending. * Desistente autumnus, toward the latter end of Autumn.
 Desisto, stiti, itum, to desist, leave off, stay, rest, depart. * Desistere oppugnatione, to raise the Siege. * Desile puellam, set her down. * Desistamus dicere, let's speak no more of.
 Desitum est, imp. it is ended.
 Desitus, a, um [of deferor] planted, so on.
 Desitus, a, um [of desinor] forsaken, left, disused.
 Desmonia, Desmond in Ireland.
 Desmophylax, ācis, m. a Jaylor or Keeper, &
 Desmoterion, ii, a Prison.
 † Desociare, to separate from Company.
 Desolatio, ōnis, f. Desolation, Confusion.
 Desolator, ōris, m. he that makes desolate.
 Desolatorius, a, um, making desolate, comfortless.
 Desolatus, a, um, desolate, solitary, alone, only.
 Desolo, are, [a solus] to make desolate or waste, harass.
 † Desopio, ire, to rise from sleep.
 Despectio, ōnis, a Looking down, Despising, Contempt.
 Despecto, are [a despicio] to look down, often or long.
 Despector, ōris, m. a Despiser.
 Despectus, ūs, m. a Looking down, or away, a Despising.
 Despectus, a, um [of despicio] despised.
 † Despensatus, a, um, dispensed.
 Desperans, ntis, despairing.
 Desperanter, adv. despairingly.
 Desperatē, adv. desperately.
 Desperatio, ōnis, f. a Despairing.
 Deseratur, imp. It is past Hope.
 Desperatus, a, um, desperate, despairing of.
 † Desperire, for disperire.

Desperno, reſi, etum, to despise much.
 Despero, are, to despair, and despair of, be out of Hope. * Desperare salutem, salutem, de salute, to give one over.
 Desperor, ari, to be despaired of.
 † Despersim, dispersed y.
 Despicabilis, le, despicable.
 Despicatio, ōnis, f. a Contemning, Despising.
 Despicatissimus, a, um, very despicable.
 † Despicator, ōris, m. a Despiser.
 Despicatus, ūs, m. Despight, Contempt. * Despicatui duci, to be had in Contempt.
 Despicatus, a, um, despised.
 Despicens, ntis, Looking down, Contemning.
 Despicientia, x, f. a Despising.
 Despicio, xi, ctum [of de and specio] to despise, look down, look away from, perceive.
 † Despico, are, to pull in Pieces with Horses.
 Despico, ari, to despise, contemn.
 † Despicus, ci, m. a Watchman.
 † Despin, are, to pick out Thorns.
 † Despoliamentum, li, n. a Place of revelling or riot.
 Despoliatus, a, um, spoiled, robbed.
 Despolio, are, to spoil or rob.
 Despolior, ari, to be robbed, spoiled, stripped.
 Despondeo, di, sum, to promise or betroth, to despond. * Despondere animum, to despair.
 Desponsatio, ōnis, f. an Affiancing and Betrothing.
 Desponsator, ōris, m. a Betrother.
 Desponsatus, a, um, betrothed, promised, made sure.
 Desponso, are [a despondeo] to betroth, promise, espouse.
 Desponsus, a, um [a despondeor] promised, betrothed. * Provincia desponsa, a Government promised.
 Desponsa, g. a Lord.
 Despreus, a, um [of despernor] greatly despised.
 Despumatio, ōnis, f. a Foaming.
 Despumatus, a, um, clarified.
 Despuo, are, to scum, or take off the scum, vent and digest.
 Despuo, ui, uum, to spit down, detest, abhor, shed, or pour out.
 Despuor, ui, to be aetested, spit on, &c.
 Desquamatio, ōnis, f. a Scaling of fish.
 Desquamatus, a, um, unscaled.
 Desquamo, are [a quama] to scale Fish, take off Knots or Knots, take Spots out of Cloaths.
 Desquamor, ari, to be scaled, or to have the Scales taken off.
 Desfobrica, a City between Asturica and Gallaecia.
 Desterno, ravi, tum, to beat down. * Desternere equum, to unsaddle a Horse.
 Desterto, ere, to leave off snoring, awake from dreaming.
 † Destico, are, to make a Noise like a Rat.
 Desticos, a small Island by Thrace, not far from Chersonesus.
 † Destillatio, ōnis, f. a Falling of Rheum.
 Destillo, are, to distil or drop down.
 † Destina, x, f. an Upholder, Underpropper.
 Destinatio,

Destināte, tō, adv. on Purpose, with full Intent, at a Price.
Destinatio, ōnis, f. a Destination, Appointment, Purpose, Aiming at.
Destinatus, adv. with better Aim.
Destinatus, a, um, appointed, determined, aimed at. * **Destinato** ictu jacere, to shoot point blank.
Destino, are [ab antiq. stano, vel stino] to destinate, appoint, determine, pitch upon, mark out, give, set a Price upon. * **Destinare** re scopum, to set up a mark.
 * **Quanti destinatus es?** What does he hold his Horse at? * **Destinare** puellam, to betroth. * **Speculare**, to have one's Eye upon.
Destinor, ari, to be appointed.
 † **Destinulor**, ari, to deny one's Promise.
Destituo, ui, utum [of de and ita] to disappoint, leave, or forsake, fail, defraud, misserve. * **Destituere** navem anchoris, to weigh anchor. * **Obtutum** in me destituit, he fixed his Eyes on me.
Destitutio, ōnis, f. a Forsaking, Failing.
Destitutus, a, um [of destituor] destitute, forsaken, decayed. * **Destitutus** bonis, bereft of his Goods.
 † **Deito**, are, to stand behind.
Destratus, a, um [of deternor] unsaddled, unfurnished.
 † **Destricare**, to consume or finish.
 † **Destricte**, for districtē.
Destriccio, ōnis, f. a Binding hard.
Destricus, a, um [of destringor] bound hard, curried.
Destrigmentum, i, n. that which is scraped or pulled off any Thing.
Destringo, xi, ctum, to bind hard, rub, scrape, or pull off, irritate. * **Destringere** aciem oculorum, to dazzle the Eyes.
Destructilis, le, corruptible, which may be destroyed.
Destruccio, ōnis, f. Destruction.
Destructor, ōris, m. a Destroyer.
Destructus, a, um [of destruo] destroyed.
Destruo, xi, ctum, to destroy, throw down, spoil, abate, disgrace, baffle. * **Destruere** navem, to pull a Ship in Pieces. * **Destruere** testem, to make the Evidence of a Witness void.
Desuador, ōris, m. a Dissuader.
Desubito, adv. on a sudden.
Desubulo, are, to pierce thorow.
Desudaba, a City of Media.
Desudasco, ere, to sweat much.
Desudatio, ōnis, f. a Sweating.
Desudatorium, ii, n. a Hot-house.
Desudo, are, to sweat, labour earnestly.
Desuefacio, ēci, actum, to bring out of Use or Fashion.
 † **Desuefactus**, a, um, brought out of Use.
Desueho, iēri, to become out of Use, to be broken of a Use or Fashion.
 † **Desueo**, evi, etum, to bring out of Use, disuse.
Desuecendus, a, um, to be disused or forgotten.
Desuesco, ēvi, etum, to leave a Custom, or Fashion, disuse.
Desuetudo, inis, f. Disuse.
Desuetus, a, um, out of Use.
Desulto, are [à desilio] to end the Dance.
Desultor, ōris, m. a Vaulting from

one Horse to another, a light Horseman, * **Desultor equus**, a light-horse.
Desultorius, a, um, easy to be leaped upon, unconstant. * **Desultorium ingenium**, a giddy Crown.
Desultura, æ, f. a Leaping down, an Alighting; a Vaulting from Horse to Horse.
Desum, fui, esse, to be wanting, absent. * **Deesse** alicui operam, not to help one. * **Mihi verba desunt**, I want Words. * **Deesse** occasio, to let an Opportunity slip. * **Desi mihi fides**, let me not be believ'd. * **Non desunt qui**, there are some which.
Desum, psi, ptum, to take out, to chase. * **Desumere** sibi hostem, to single out an Enemy.
Desumptio, ōnis, f. a Choice, or Taking out.
Desuo, ui, ere, to sow behind.
Desuper, adv. from above.
Desurarii, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
 † **Desydero**, as desidero.
Detectio, ōnis, f. an Opening, Discovering.
Detectior, ōris, m. a Discoverer.
Detectus, a, um [of detegor] discovered, naked.
Detego, xi, ctum, to discover, disclose, manifest. * **Ensem detegere** vaginā, to unsheath a sword.
Detendo, di, sum, to unbend, to take down a Tent, stretch out.
 † **Detentator**, ōris, m. he that keeps back another's due.
Detentio, ōnis, f. a Restraining, Withholding.
 † **Detentor**, ōris, m. a Withholder.
Detentus, a, um [of detineor] withheld, kept back.
 † **Deter**, a, um, ill, naught.
Detergeo, si, sum, and detergo, to wipe off, make clean, cut off. * **Detergere** fatidia, to procure an Appetite.
Detior, ius, oris, worse. * **Detiore** ene jure, to be in a Condition of getting less Advantage by the Law than others.
 † **Deterioratus**, a, um, made worse.
Determinatio, ōnis, f. a Determination, Conclusion, Limit, Border. * **Determinatio mundi**, the Horizon.
Determinatus, a, um, determined, limited.
Determino, are, to determine, set Bounds or Limits, discuss, define, conclude.
Detraho, rivi, itum, to wear out, diminish, consume, lessen, spoil. * **Deterrere** famam alicujus, to speak against, dispraise.
Deterreo, ui, itum, to deter, discourage, affright, scare from.
Deterrimus, a, um, worst.
Deterritus, a, um [of deterreor] affrighted, discouraged.
Detersus, a, um [of detergor] wiped off, scoured.
Detestabilis, le, detestable, abominable.
Detestandus, a, um, to be abhorred.
Detestatio, ōnis, f. a Detesting, Abhorring, Cursing, Summoning; also Gelating.
Detestator, ōris, m. he that abhors.
Detestatus, a, um, detested.

Detestor, ari, to detest, abhor, call to Witness, curse; also geld. * **Detestari** iram Dei in caput alicujus, to pray that God would be pleased to show his Judgments upon such an one.
Detexo, ui, ctum, to weave up, finish. * **Detexere** aliquid ab exordio, to make his Entrance at the first part.
Detextus, a, um, wound up, wreathed.
Detineo, ui, ntum [of de and teneo] to detain, withhold, restrain, entertain. * **Detinere** suspensum, to hold one in suspense. * **Detineri** ventis, to be wind-bound.
Detondeo, di, sum, to shave, or shave off.
Detondeor, eri, to be shorn or cut.
Detono, ui, are, to thunder, make a great Noise, give a Crack, to give over thundering. * **Detonare** irā, to fume and chafe.
 † **Detonso**, are, to cut much or often.
Detonsus, a, um [of detondeor] cut off, shaven.
Detornatus, a, um, turned with a Lathe.
Detorno, are, to turn as Turners, wind about.
Detorqueo, si, tum and sum, to wrest, set away, misinterpret, turn aside, deprave.
Detorsio, ōnis, f. a Turning or Bending aside.
Detorsus, and -tus, a, um, [of detorqueor] wreathed, turned awry, or askew, mistaken. * **Pravē** detorta opinio, an odd perverse Opinion.
Detortor, ōris, he that wreaths or turns aside.
 † **Detractatus**, ūs, m. a Plucking away.
Detractio, ōnis, f. a Drawing off, wrong, away, Slandering, Backbiting. * **Detractio** sanguinis, letting Blood.
 † **Detracto**, are, to handle ill.
Detractor, ōris, m. a Detractor, Backbiter, Slanderer.
Detractus, a, um [of detrahor] withdrawn, pulled away.
Detractus, ūs, m. a Drawing away, Slandering.
Detraho, xi, ctum, to detract, draw off, from or away, to disgrace. * **Sanguinem** detrahēre, to let Blood. * **Plurimum** detrahitur pretio, the Price is very much abated. * **Detrahēre** fidem verbis alicujus, to make one to be disbelieved.
Detrectatio, ōnis, f. a Refusing, Shifting off.
Detrectator, ōris, m. a Refuser, Backbiter.
Detrecto, are [of tracto] to refuse, shift off, shun; also to disparage, detract from, eclipse. * **Detrectare** Principem, not to own as Prince.
 † **Detrimentabilis**, le, hurtful.
Detrimentosus, a, um, harmful.
Detrimentum, i, n. [a deteror] Detriment, Damage, Loss.
Detritus, a, um [of deteror] worn out, bruised.
 † **Detriumpho**, are, to triumph over.
Detrudo, ūsi, sum, to thrust down, off, or out, drive off, drive to Extremities. * **Detrudere** comitia, to

put off the Assembly. * Detrudere in pœnam, to cause one to be punished.

Detruder, di, to be thrust off, &c.
* Ad mendicitatem detruder, I am brought to Beggary.

Detrullo, are [à trulla] to put out of one Vessel into another.

Detruncatio, ōnis, f. a Chopping off, Cutting short.

Detruncatus, a, um, cut short, beheaded.

Detrunco, are, to lop or cut off.
* Caput detruncare, to behead.

Detruncor, ari, to be maimed, beheaded.

Detrusio, ōnis, f. a Thrusting down.

Detrusor, ōris, m. a Thruster down.

Detrusus, a, um [of detruder] thrust out or down.

† Detrux, ūcis, cast down. * Ad ultima salutis jam detrux, driven to Extremities.

Detūbero, are, to level Hillocks or Swellings.

Detuli. See defero.

Detūmeo, ere, to assuage, or grow less after swelling. * Mare detumet, the Sea ebb, or is calm.

Detunda, a Town of the Turduli in Spain.

† Detunsus, a, um, beaten, stricken.

† Deturbatio, ōnis, f. a Throwing down, Troubling.

† Deturbator, ōris, m. a Tumbler down, Troubler.

Deturbatus, a, um, disturbed, cast down, troubled.

Deturbo, are, to cast down violently, thrust down or out, eject, dispossess.

* Œdibus deturbare, to thrust out of Doors. * Deturbare de mente, to put one out of his Wits. * Deturbavit illi verecundiam, he has made him quite shameless.

Deturbor, ari, to be cast down, disquieted.

Deturgeo, ere, to assuage, or be abated.

Deturpacio, ōnis, f. a Polluting, Marring, Disfiguring.

Deturpo, are, to foul, marr, disfigure.

Deva, the River Dee in Cheshire.

Deva, or Devena, the City Chester, or West Chester.

Devadæ, Islands of Arabia fœlix, in the Indian Sea.

Devagino, are, to unsheath.

Devagor, ari, to wander, or go a-bray.

Devastatio, ōnis, f. a Wasting, Spoiling.

Devastator, oris, m. a Waster, Spoiler.

Devastatus, a, um, wasted, spoiled.

Devalto, are, to waste, spoil, destroy, lay waste, make havock of, harass.

Deucalion, ōnis, the Son of Prometheus, who with his Wife Pyrrha were saved in a Boat from a general Deluge; feigned by the Poets to people the World by casting Stones over their Heads.

Devectio, ōnis, f. a Carrying down or away.

Devector, ōris, m. he that carries down or away.

Devēho, xi, ctum, to convey, carry down or away. * Devehere ad astra, to extol.

Develatio, ōnis, f. a Revealing, Uncovering.

Develatus, a, um, uncovered.

Devello, elli, ulsi, ulsum, to pluck off or away.

Develo, are, to discover, uncover, unveil.

Develton, a Town of Thrace, with a Lake of the same Name.

Devēnor, ari, to worship or reverence greatly.

Devēnio, eni, ntum, to come down from high to low, come, happen.

* Devenire in maturitatem, to ripen. * Devenire ad juris studium, to study the Law. * In extremum vilitatem devenit, it is grown a meer Drug.

Devenusto, are, to foul, deface.

Deverberatio, ōnis, f. a Beating, Tormenting.

Deverbero, are, to beat sore.

† Deverbium, as diverbium.

Devergentia, æ, f. a Bending down, Declining.

Devergo, ere, to decline or bend down.

Deverra, a Goddess worshipped by the Ancients for encouraging housewifery.

Deverro, ri, sum, to sweep away clean, or off.

Deversus, a, um, turned.

† Deversio, are, to turn often.

† Deversus, a, um, turned down.

† Deverticulum, for diverticulum.

Deverto, ti, sum, to turn aside or away.

Devestio, ire, to divest, uncloath, dispossess.

Deveto, are, to forbid.

† Devexatus, a, um, vexed sore.

Devexio, ōnis, f. a Bending down.

Devexior dies, Sun-setting.

Devexitas, atis, f. a Bending down, the Hollowness of a Valley.

Devexo, are, to vex or trouble sore.

Devexus, a, um [à veho] bowed down, hollow like a Valley, hanging.

† Devicio, are, to corrupt, deflower.

Devictor, ōris, m. a Conqueror.

Devictus, a, um [of devincor] vanquished, overcome.

† Devigeo, ere, to thrive or grow rich.

† Devileo, ere, to grow vile.

Devincio, xi, ntum, to bind fast, oblige, entangle. * Affinitate se alicui devincere, to enter into Alliance with. * Devincire se scelere, to commit a Fault.

Devinco, ici, ctum, to overcome, vanquish, get the Victory of, overthrow.

Devinctior, ius, more bound, obliged.

Devinctus, a, um [of devincior] bound, obliged, tied, allied.

† Devio, are, to go out of the way.

* Deviare à re aliqua, to wander from a Thing, digress, not to keep to the Subject.

Devirginatus, a, um, deflowered.

Devirgino, are, [à virgo] to deflower a Virgin.

† Devisceratus, a, um, embowelled.

Deviscero, are, to embowel, or take out the Entrails.

Devitabilis, le, easily shunned.

Devitatio, ōnis, f. an Avoiding, Shunning, Eschewing.

Devitator, ōris, m. an Avoider.

Devito, are, to avoid, eschew.

Devius, a, um [à via] out of the way. * Œqui devius, swerving from Equity. * Avis devia, an Owl. * Tibi non erit devium, 'twon't be out of your way.

Deunana, Doncaster in Cornwall.

† Deuncius, a, um, of eleven Ounces.

Deunx, eis, m. [ab uncia] a Pound lacking an Ounce, or eleven Ounces.

* Ex deunce hæredem facere, to make one Heir of eleven Parts in twelve.

Devocatio, ōnis, f. a Calling down.

Devoco, are, to call down or away, bring down. * Devocare in dubium fortunas suas, to hazard their Estates.

Devocor, ari, to be called or fetched down.

Devolatus, a, um, ready to fly down.

Devolo, are, to fly down or away, leap down. * Devolant omnes, they all vanish, quit the Place.

Devolve, vi, utum, to tumble or roll down. * Devolvi ad otium, to grow lazy, turn idle pack. * Devolvere verba, to tumble out his Words.

Devolver, vi, to be rolled, turned.

Devolutio, ōnis, f. a Rolling.

Devolutus, a, um, [of devolver] tumbled or rolled down. * Devoluta hæreditas, coming from one to another. * Eo res est devoluta, the Matter was brought to that pass.

† Devomo, ui, itum, to vomit out.

Devona, the City Newmark in Germany.

Devonia, Devonshire.

Devoratio, ōnis, f. a Devouring.

Devoratorius, a, um, devouring.

Devoratus, a, um, devoured.

Devoro, are, to devour, consume, waste, break through. * Dicta devorare, to attend diligently. * Devorare ineptias, to pass by Follies. * Spe lucrum devorare, to gaze greedily after Gain. * Devorare nomen, to forget one's Name. * Devorare librum, to understand a Book thoroughly, to comprehend the Author's meaning and Intention throughout. * Devorare orationem, to hearken to an Oration with a great deal of Pleasure, not to understand it.

† Devorto, for divertio.

Devoti, orum, Vassals that put themselves under the Protection of another People or Prince.

Devotio, ōnis, f. Devotion, devoted Service, a Vow; also a Curse, Enchantment.

Devotissimus, a, um, much addicted, obliged, bound.

Devoto, are, [à devoveo] to devote, bind by Vow.

Devotor, ōris, m. he that vows or devotes.

Devotorius, a, um, belonging to a Vow or Curse, by or in which is vowed.

Devotus, a, um [of devoveo] devoted, vowed, dedicated, cursed, excommunicated.

Devoveo, ōvi, ōtum, to devote, vow, promise, curse, wish evil to, dedicate. * Devovere se populo, to sacrifice one's self for the Publick. * Devovere diris aliquem, to wish all manner of evil may light on one.

Deuriopus, or -pum, a Country and Town in Macedonia.

Deuro, ulli, ultum, to burn up, *en-flame*.

DEUS, i, m. [Θεός] God. * Deus naturæ humanæ, a Man's Genius. * Dii patril, household Gods. * Cum Deo, with God's help. * Si Diis placeat, marry come up; in good time. * Dii faciant, would to God, or God grant. * Dii bene vertant, may success attend you. * Dii boni! Dii immortales! O Heavens! Good God! * Deus vitæ meæ, my Tuteur Angel. * In qua tu mihi semper Deus videri soles, In which I always admired your Excellence, even ador'd your singular Skill. * Diis inimicis & iratis natus, born under an ill Planet.

Deus caballinus, the Herb Henbane.

Deus dedit, the 66th Pope.

† Deutlicus, a, um, burned, parched.

Deustus, a, um [of deutor] burned.

Deuterogamia, æ, f. second Marriage, g.

Deuteron, ri, g. Second.

Deuteronomium, ii, n. the second Law, or the repeating the Law, g.

Deutèropròton sabbatum, g. the first Sabbath after the second Day of the Passover.

Dexamene, part of Ambracia, also a Sea-Nymph.

Dexari, a People of the Chaones.

Dexicreontis, a Name of Venus.

Leximontani, a People of Carmania.

Dexiphanes, the Father of Solliatus, the Architect.

Dexippus, Herennius so call'd, an Athenian Orator under Valerianus; also a Physician, a Scholar of Hippocrates.

Dextans, ntis, m. [à de & sextans] ten Ounces or Inches, ten Parts of twelve.

Dextella, æ, f. a little Right-hand.

DEXTER, era, erum, -tra, -trum [Δεξιτερ] lucky, propitious, right, handsome, apt, convenient, on the right hand, dextrous at. * Mundi dextra, the North part of the World. * Dextro tempore, in a lucky time, in a happy future.

Dexter, a Consul, the Colleague of Fuscus; also a general Historian of Barfino.

Dextera, æ, f. the Right Hand. * Da dextram misero, help a poor wretch. * Dextera gubernatoris, the Master's right hand mate. * Dextram iungere dextræ, to shake Hands.

Dextère, adv. fitly, prosperously, handsomely.

Dextèrior, oris, more upon the right. * Dexterior humerus, the right shoulder.

Dextèritas, âtis, f. Dexterity, Aptness, Promptness, Readiness, Scemliness.

Dexterrimè, adv. very fitly, handsomely.

† Dextumi, Horsemen on the right Wing.

Dextimus, a, um [à dexter] most or full on the right Hand.

Dextra, æ, f. the right Hand. See dextera.

† Dextrabus, for dextris.

Dextrâle, lis, n. a Bracelet for the right Arm.

† Dextralicium, ii, n. the same.

† Dextrarii, two Horses joined in a Team.

† Dextrarius, ii, m. a War-horse.

Dextratio, onis, f. a Harnessing of Horses.

Dextro, are, to harness a Team, or to lead on the right-hand.

† Dextrocherium, ii, n. a Bracelet of precious Stones.

Dextrorsum, adv. towards the right Hand.

Dextrorsus, } adv. right hand-

Dextroversus, } ward.

D ante I.

DI and dis [à Διά vel Δις bis] Prepositions used only in Composition.

Dia, one of the Cyclade Islands in the Ægean Sea, where Bacchus married Ariadne, when she was forsaken by Theseus; also a City of Thessaly built by Æacus, another in Thrace, Eubœa, Peloponnesus, Portugal, Italy, Scythia, Caria and Bithynia; also a Name of a Goddess among the Sycionians, Phliasians, thought to be the same as Hebe the Goddess of Youth.

† Diabalatarius, he that for his Work deserves two half-pence.

Diabâte, an Island by Sardinia.

Diabathra, oium, n. Sandals, Pantofles; also a pair of Stairs, and a Ladder to go a Ship-board, g.

Diabathrarius, ii, m. a Maker of Sandals, Pantofles.

Diabaticum, ci, n. Toll paid by Merchants for their Passage, g.

Diabete, an Island Westward of Sardinia and Corsica.

Diabetes, æ, m. a Conduit-pipe; also an Impotency in holding one's water, g.

Diablintres, Diablini, or Diablitæ, a People of Gallia Celtica.

Diabolicus, a, um, g. devilish.

Diabolus, i, m. an Accuser or Adversary, the Devil, g. * Morfus diaboli, the Herb Devil's-bit.

Diachyton, i, n. a Kind of Must or sweet Wine, g.

Diacodion, i, n. a Syrup of Poppy-seeds and Water, g.

Diacônatus, us, m. a Deaconship or Deanry.

† Diaconia, places for the Deacon or Dean.

† Diaconissa, æ, f. a Deaconess.

Diacônus, i, m. a Deacon, Servant, Minister.

Diacopene, a Country of Cappadocia by the River Halys.

Diacôpus, i, m. a Breach in the Bank of a River; also a Slice, g.

Diacrea, a Tribe of Attica, the Seat of Pallas.

Diacrommyon, n. a Medicine of Onions, g.

Diactor, oris, m. a Messenger.

Diactor, a Surname of Mercury.

Diacuista, a famous City between Placentia and Genoa.

Diacum, a Town of lower Mysia.

Diadæ, Athens so called.

Diadēma, âtis, n. a Diadem, Turbant, Shash worn by the Eastern Emperors, g.

Diadematus, a, um, wearing a Diadem, Turbant, Crown.

Diadochos, g. a Stone like a Beryl.

Diadochum, a City of Persia not far from Ctesiphon.

Diadumenus, a beautiful young Man so, to the Emperor Marinius, slain

together with his Father by Helio-gabalus, and other Men.

Diarexis, is, f. a Division, a dividing one Syllable into two, g.

Diata, æ, f. Diet, Eating or Drinking, a regulated Course of Diet and Exercise; also a Dining-room, a Council, g.

Diataarcha, æ, f. a Sewer, g.

Diatarus, ii, m. a Waiter at the Table.

Diætetica, æ, f. a Diet-drink, t^hat part of Physick which cures by Diet, g.

Diæteticus, a, um, pertaining to or prescribing Diet, g.

Diaglaucion, n. a Medicine for the Eyes, g.

Diagonalis, le, } diagonal, from

Diagonius, a, um, } Corner to Corner.

Diagoras, a Philosopher of Athens, called Atheos, who despised the heathen Idols and was banished, a Talent being promised to them that should kill him; also a Philosopher of Rhodes, who saw three of his Sons crowned in one day at the Olympick Games, and died for Joy.

Diagramma, âtis, n. a Decree or Sentence, the Title of a Book, a Figure set by Geometrical Demonstration, Proportion of Measure in Musick, g.

Diagraphice, es, f. Painting or Graving, g.

Diagum, or -gon, a River of Peloponnesus.

Dialectica, æ, f. the Art of Logick or Disputing.

Dialectica, orum, n. matters of Logick, g.

Dialectice, es, f. Logick, g.

Dialecticè, adv. Logically, by Reason.

Dialecticus, a, um, g. Logical.

Dialecticus, i, m. a Logician.

Dialectus, i, f. a Dialect, particular manner of Speech, g.

Dialeucon, ci, n. a Kind of Saffron.

Dialexis, eos, f. a Disputing, g.

Dialis, le, [à dies] belonging to Jupiter, or a Day. * Dialis cæna, a sumptuous Feast. * Dialis flamen, Jupiter's High Priest.

Diallage, es, f. a bringing many Arguments to the same purpose, g.

Dialogismus, i, m. a Man's reasoning with himself.

Dialogista, æ, m. he that discourses handsomely, g.

Dialogium, ii, g. the same.

Dialogus, i, m. a Dialogue, Colloquy, g.

Dialusis, or Dialysis, g. a Want of Conjunctions.

† Dialutensis, a Kind of Purple Fish, living by times in sundry Parts of the Sea.

Dialyton, i, n. a Want of Conjunctions, g.

Diamaltigosis, a Kind of sacrifice among the Lacedæmonians, wherein some Noble young Men whipp'd one another before the Altar.

Diameter, } a Line dividing a

Diametrus, i, f. } Figure into two equal Parts. * Ex diametro distare, or opponi, to be directly opposite, g.

Diamuna, a River of India falling into Ganges.

Diana, the Daughter of Jupiter by Latona, twin-sister of Apollo, the

maiden

- maiden Goddess of Woods and Hunting, the Moon, called also, Dictynna, Hecate, Lucina, Noctiluca, Proserpina, Trivia; also a River in Spain.
- Dianæ fanum, a Promontory of Bithynia.
- Dianæ fons, a Town in Sicily, where the Water will not mix with Wine.
- Dianæ oraculum, a City of Arabia felix.
- Dianæ portus, a Haven in the East of Corfica.
- Dianenses, a People in Spain.
- Dianes, a People of Galatia.
- Danum, a Town in Spain; also an Island in the Tyrrhene sea, a Town of Lucania and Liguria abounding with Wine.
- Diancea, } the Understand-
Dianoia, æ, f. } ing, g.
- Dianome, es, f. a Division, Distribution, g.
- Diapasma, ætis, n. a Pomander or Perfume of dry Powders, g.
- Diapason, an Eighth, the most perfect Concord in Music.
- Diapente, g. a Fifth, a Farrier's Composition of Myrrh, Gentian, Birthwort, Ivory and Bay-berries.
- Diaphanes, a River in Cilicia, so called from the Clearness of the Water.
- Diaphanum, i, n. transparent, clear as Crystal, g.
- Diaphonium, a City of Arabia.
- Diaphonia, æ, f. a Discord or Different Sound, g.
- Diaphora, æ, f. a Difference, g.
- Diaphoreticus, a, um, g. piercing thorum, discussing humours.
- Diaphragma, ætis, n. the Midriff, or Apron parting the Breast or Stomach.
- Diopolitus, a King of Egypt, called also Amasis.
- Diapontius, g. byer upon the Sea.
- Diaporësis, is, f. a Doubting, g.
- Diapsalma, atis, n. a Change of the Song, g.
- Diarium, ii, n. a Journal-book, one day's Allowance. * Post Asellum diaria non fumo, I lay not a Churl upon a Gentleman.
- Diarius, a, um [à dies] of a Day. * Diaria febris, a Quotidian Ague.
- Diarrhæa, æ, f. a Lask, Flux, or Looseness, g.
- Diarrhæa, a Haven of Cyrene.
- Diarusa, an Island by Chios.
- Dias, ædis, f. the Deuce or two. See Dyas.
- Dias, a City of Lycia, which Diades built.
- Dias, a Sophister of Ephesus, in the time of King Philip.
- † Diascordium, ii, n. an Elestuary of scordium.
- Diasia, Feasts of Jupiter at Athens, kept with a peculiar kind of Sadness.
- Diasphendonomeni, such as were bound by the Legs to the tops of trees drawn together, and pulled asunder by letting them go, g.
- Diastasis, is, f. a Distance, g.
- Dialtema, atis, n. a Distance of place, g.
- Diastole, es, the Lengthning of a Syllable by nature short, the Dilatation of the Heart and Arteries, g.
- Diasyrmus, i, m. an Extolling of a Person or Thing by way of Derision, g.
- Diasyrticum, ci, g. a Biting or reproachful Taunt on the Equivocalness of a Word, g.
- Diasyrticus, a, um, of such a Reproach or Taunt.
- Diateffaron, g. a Fourth in Music; also a Plaster of four Ingredients, g.
- Diatheca, æ, f. } a Testament, or
Diathēca, orum, n. } Inheritance falling by Testament, g.
- Diathyrum, i, n. a Screen, a Vail, a Fence, Turn-pike, g.
- † Diatim, Day by Day.
- Diatoni, or Diatoni lapides, g. Binders, Band-stones.
- Diatonos hypaton, g. D-sol-re.
- Diatonos meson, g. G-sol-re-ut.
- Diatonium, or Diatonicum, g. plain Song.
- † Diatretarii, Turners which make embossed Cups or perforate Pearls.
- Diatretum, i, n. a curious engraved Egyptian Cup, g.
- Diatretus, a, um, turned round. * Diatretus calix, a flourishing and rased Chrysal, g.
- Diatriba, æ, f. a Place of Exercise, g.
- † Diaturei, they that guarded Ships for their Diet.
- Diatypōsis, g. a Delineating, Drawing.
- Diaula, one of the Four Porches in Rome looking Southward.
- Diaulus, g. a Measure of two Furlongs; also a Pipe or any Thing like it.
- Diaulus, a Quack in Martial termed Bearer of the dead.
- Dibāphus, a, um, g. Double died in grain. * Dibaphum cogitat, he seeks to be Augur. * Vatini i strumam sacerdotii dibapho vestiunt, They cloak'd the Infamy of Vatinius by giving him the Priesthood.
- Dibapha, æ, f. Purple, Crimson or Scarlet in grain.
- † Dibellum, i, n. the second War.
- Dibrachys, g. a Foot of two short Syllables, g.
- Diburades, the first Potter of Corinth, who taught to make Vessels with Pictures of Men.
- DICA, æ, f. [Δίκη] a Cause, Action, Process, Controversy. * Sortiri dicam, to choose Judges by lot. * Impingam or scribam tibi dicam, I'll enter an Action against you.
- Dicacitas, ætis, f. Railery, Abusiveness.
- Dicaciter, adv. abusively, tauntingly.
- Dicacula, æ, f. a Tatling Gossip.
- Dicacule, adv. malepertly, saucily.
- Dicaculus, a, um, talkative.
- Dicaculus, i, m. [à dicax] a Buffoon.
- Dicza, a City of Thrace.
- Dicæa, or Dicæarchæa, the old Name of the City Puteoli, because of its just Government.
- Dicæarchus, i, m. a just Governor, a Messenian Philosopher, who held that men had no beginning, and that the Soul and Body aied together; also a Lacedæmonian Grammarian Scholar to Aristarchus, g.
- † Dicædio, is, I carve branch-work.
- Dicærogenes, a Tragedian Poet.
- Dicæologia, æ, f. a Justifying of one's cause, g.
- † Dicæstus, for dicas.
- † Dicæstus, for dixerit.
- Dicasterium, ii, n. a Judgment Hall, g.
- Dicatio, onis, } a Dedicating, De-
Dicatura, æ, f. } voting, Vowing.
Dicatus, a, um, dedicated.
- Dicax, æcis [à dico] pleasant, abusive.
- Dicdica, a City of Africa propria.
- † Dice and dicem, for dic and dicam.
- Dice, the Daughter of Jupiter, the maiden Goddess of Justice, Judgment.
- † Dicebo, for dicam.
- Dicendus, a, um, to be spoken.
- Diceneus Boroista, a learned Counsellor of the Goths.
- † Dicentarius, ii, m. a Pleader of Causes.
- Dichoræus, i, m. a Foot consisting of two Trochees.
- Dichotomia, æ, f. a Cutting or Dividing in Twain, g.
- Dichotomus, g. Dividing in the midst.
- † Dicibulum, i, n. an Exercise of Pleading or Declaiming.
- Dicis causa, or gratia [Δις * Έκείνη] for Form or Fashion's sake.
- † Dicitō, are, to speak often.
- Dicitur, imp. it is said.
- DICO, are, [à Δις * Δις] to dedicate, vow, or consecrate. * Me tibi in clientelam dico, I commit my self to your Tutition. * Dicare se in civitatem, to dwell always in a City.
- DICO, xi, ætum [Δις * Δις] to say, tell or shew, call, name, promise or affirm. * Dicere diem, to summon one before a Judge. * Dicere causam, to answer one's Charge. * Jus dicere, to pass sentence. * Dicere mulctam, or multationem, to inflict a Penalty. * Dicere sacramentum, or sacramento, to take an Oath of Obedience. * Dicere legem, to prescribe a Law. * Dicere salutem alicui, to send Commendations. * Dicere dotem alicui or doti, to promise something for a Dowry. * Conam alicui dicere, to invite one to Supper. * Dicere induci s, to make a League.
- Dicrotum, i, n. a Galley with two Oars on a S at, g.
- Dictāmen, inis, n. a Dictate, Pre-script, Rule, Example.
- Dictamnum, i, n. Dictany s called from the Town of Creet, of the same Name.
- † Dictārium, ii, a Speech or Lesson.
- Dictāta, orum, Precepts, Ordinances, Instructions given to Scholars.
- Dictatio, onis, f. a Dictating any thing to be written.
- Dictator, oris, m. he that indites or dictates; also a chief Officer among the Romans, chosen in times of great danger, who governed the State for six months.
- Dictatōrius, a, um, of the Dictator.
- Dictatrix, icis, f. she that dictates or appoints, the Mistress of a Feast.
- Dictatura, æ, f. the Dictatorship.
- Dicte, or dictæus mons, a Mountain of Creet.
- Dictērium, ii, n. [à dico] a Scoff Taunt, Mock.
- Dictæus, a, um, of Creet.

Dictidium, a Town of Greece.

Dictio, ōnis, f. a Word, Speaking, Uttering, an Oration, an Oracle, Style, or manner of writing. * Dictio testimonii, a Deposition upon Oath. * Dictioni operam dare, to find Oratory. * Dictio causæ, a Defence (in Law)

† Dictionare, to joyn Words together.

Dictionary, ii, n. a Dictionary.

Dictiosus, a, um, full of Words.

† Dictiosus, i, m. Scoffer.

Dictis, a City of Galatia.

Dictitatio, ōnis, f. a frequent Repeating or Warning.

Dictator, ōris, m. he that inculcates or warns often.

Dictito, are, [a dicto] to inculcate or tell often, plead.

Dictitor, ari, to be told, taught, given in charge.

Dicto, are [a dico] to dictate or indite, suggest, or give out, counsel, promise. * Dictare actionem, to enter an Action against. * Dictare rationem, to cast up.

Dictor, ari, to be taught, given, or copied out.

† Dictor, ōris, a Teacher.

† Dictorium, ii, an Auditory, a place where Hearers stand.

† Dictosus, a, um, the same as dictax.

Dictum, i, n. a Word, Saying, Proverb; also a Jest, Taunt, or Shar. Libel. * Dicto audire, to obey one

* Dicta parentis non sunt, these Words are unbecoming a Parent.

Dignu, Diganwey in Caernarvonshire.

Dicturio, ire, to be about to speak.

Dictus, a, um [of dicor] spoken, appointed for, told, dedicated, promised, &c. * Dictum illud? Do you say true? * Dictum est, I'll be upon your skirts. * Dictum factum, dictum ac factum, dicto citius, in the turning of a Hand, while you can say this. * Honore dicto, with a Sir-reverence, saving your Presence, with your leave.

Dictynna, a Cretian Nymph, who was thought to have invented hunting-nets, and from thence had her name, being called before Britomartis; others say, that flying from Minos, she threw her self down a Rock, and was taken up by Fishermen's nets, and thence had her name; also a City of Crete.

Dictynnaum, a Promontory in Crete.

Dictynnaus, a Hill in Crete.

Dictyota, orum, g. Buildings full of Grapes, the Gratings in a Ship.

Dictys, a Cretian Historian, who going with Idomeneus to Troy, wrote all that war in the Phœnician Language, also a Centaur slain by Pirithous, at the Marriage of Hippodamia; also the Fisherman that brought up Perseus.

† Dicundus, for dicendus.

† Dicutio, ūi, are [of di and quatio] to beat or shæe in Pieces.

† Dida, æ, f. a Nurse's word for a Dug or Teat.

Dida, a Governor of Pæonia, who poisoned Demetrius the Son of Philip; also a famous Champion.

Didascæ, a People of Æthiopia.

Didascalia, æ, f. Doctrine, Learning, g.

Didascalicus, a, um, g. Doctrinal.

† Didascālo, are, to teach, instruct.

Didascālus, li, m. a Master, g.

Didartium, a City of the S. quani in Belgia.

Didaucana, a Town of Bithynia.

Didius Julianus, the 20th Emperor of Rome, a very frugal man, who made the Law called Didia lex, to restrain excess in fare.

Didō, dididi, itum [a do] to digest, distribute, give, or tell abroad.

* Diditur in venas cibus, the Meat after digestion is dispersed into the Veins.

Didō, us, or Eliza, the Daughter of Belus King of Tyre, and Wife of Sichæus, a Priest of Hercules, whom his brother Pigmalion flew for his Wealth, whereupon she went into Africa, and bought as much Land as she should compass with an Ox's hide, which being cut into small Thongs, enclosed a great quantity of ground, upon which she built Carthage, and the Castle called Byrsa; when Iarbas King of the Getulians would have forced her to marry him, she chose rather to kill her self; the story of her and Æneas is proved to be fabulous from her Building Carthage 330 Years after his coming into Italy.

Didōron, g. a Tile of two hands breadth.

Didorus, a, um, of two hands breadth.

Didrachmum, i, a Roman Coin, worth about 16 d, g.

Didūco, xi, tum, to bring, or convey to sundry places, divide, disjoin, separate. * Diducere digitos, to open one's Fingers wide. * Diducere orationem, to bring down, or allay his Speech. * Diducere in varia studia, to set Factions one against another.

Didūcor, ci, to be divided, distributed.

Diductio, ōnis, f. a Dividing into sundry parts or places.

Diductus, a, um [of diducor] divided, separated, gaping, stradling.

* Foribus palatii repente diductus, the Doors of the Palace being all on a sudden set open.

Didugna, a City of Babylonia.

Diduri, a People near the Labieni, on the Confines of Albania.

Didyma, a Place of Thebais in Ægypt; also a Place and Oracle of Miletus, sacred to Jupiter and Apollo; also Fountains in Thessaly Mountains by Laodicea; and two small Islands near Scyrus.

Didymæ, an Island in the Sicilian Sea, a City of Libya, and a Town in Sicily.

Didymæon, a famous Artificer of Arms.

Didyme, one of the Cyclades; also a City or Island of Sicily, and a Town of the Island Gaditana.

Didymeum, a Temple dedicated to Apollo at Miletus.

Didymeus, Apollo so called.

Didymi, a Mountain of Asia the less.

Didymoticos, a Town in Thrace, and other Places.

Didymus, a Town of Argia.

Didymus, one of Alexandria, who was blind from a Boy, yet a very learned and famous Ecclesiastical Writer; another of Alexandria, the Son of a Fishmonger, a Grammarian who is said to have written three thousand five hundred Books; also a Poet who wrote Georgicks; also an Academick Philosopher, and others.

Didymus, a, um, a Twin, double, g.

* Didymi, the Testicles.

Diēcūla, æ, f. [a dies] a short day, or a little while.

Dielystinda, æ, f. the Play called Sun or Moon.

Diemeron, g. the space of two days.

† Diennis, ne, of two Years.

Diennium, ii, n. [ab annus] the space of two Years.

Dienses, a People of Macedonia.

† Dieo, ere, to make a day.

† Dierecē, in an unlucky day, with a Mischiefe.

† Dierecēti, crucified in the open Air.

Dierna, a City of Dacia called Torrenburus.

DIES, ei, m. or f. [a Δις Δις, Di-espiter] a Day. * Dies solis, Sunday, lunæ, Monday, martis, Tuesday, mercurii, Wednesday, jovis, Thursday, veneris, Friday, saturni, Saturday. * Dies festus, a holy-day. * Dies professus, holy-day-ve. * Dies festus, or comitalis, a Court-day. * Dies justus, a Day appointed for the Payment of a Debt. * Dies natalis, a Birth-day. * Dies emortualis, the Day of one's Death. * Ante diem mori, to dye before one's time. * De die, every Day. * De die in diem, day by day. * In diem vivere, to live from hand to mouth. * Dies adimit ægritudinem, time will wear it away.

† Diescit, it dawn, or wakes Day.

Diēsis, is, f. the Quarter of a Tone, g.

Diēspiter, tris [q. diē pater] Jupiter.

† Diet, imp. it is Day.

Diētēris, g. the space of two Years.

Diethusa, an Island by Thrace, not far from Chersonesus.

† Dieticus, a, um, regular, keeping from day to day.

† Dietim, or -atim, daily.

† Diēto, are, to keep a Diet.

Dieuches, the Name of a Physician in Pliny.

Dieuchidas, a Historian who wrote the Megarick History.

Diexodus, g. a Going forth, a large Expression.

Diezeugmenon, nete, E-la-mi. * Diezeugmene paranete, D-la-sol-re, g.

Diffamābilis, le, easily defamed.

Diffamatio, ōnis, f. a Defaming.

Diffamator, ōris, m. a Defamer.

Diffamatus, a, um, defamed, spread all abroad.

Diffamo, are [a fama] to defame, to bring up an ill Report of, publish.

Diffamor, ari, to be slandered, traduced.

Diffarreatio, ōnis, f. a parting-cake, a Sacrifice at the Divorcement of Priests Wives.

Diffarreatus, a, um, divorced.

Diffirreo, are [a far] to divorce.

† Diffascio, are, to anise, unsuathe.

Differcio, si, tum [of dis and far-
cio] to stuff in, embalm.
Differcior, iri, to be stuffed or filled.
Differens, ntis, different.
Differenter, adv. with Difference.
Differētia, æ, f. a Difference.
Differo, distuli, distum [of dis
and fero] to defer, delay, prolong,
tear in pieces, differ, break in two,
rend asunder, set a distance. * In
diversum quadrigis differre, to
pull in pieces with four Horses. * Fa-
ma distulit, a Report was spread
abroad. * Tempestas nos differt
ab illis, separates. * Diff rri læ-
titia, to be transported with Joy.
* Differre vadium cum
aliquo, to put off the trial of a Suit.
* Quod differtur non aufertur,
forbearance is no acquittance.
Differto, are, to shift often.
Differtus, a, um [of differcior]
stuffed, filled.
Diffibulatus, a, um, unbuttoned.
Diffibulo, are, to unbutton, unbuckle,
ungird.
Difficile, ius, illimè, adv. hardly,
scarcely.
Difficilis, le, ior, illimus [of dis
& facilis] hard, uneasy, difficult,
morose, moody.
Difficiliter, adv. difficultly.
† Difficul, for difficile.
Difficultas, atis, f. Difficulty, Trou-
ble, also Want, Scarcity, a Distress
or Disease. * Difficultas spirandi,
Shortness of Breath. * Difficulta-
tem facere, to be troublesome.
Difficulus, adv. hardly, with Pain
or Difficulty.
Diffidens, ntis, mistrusting, &c.
Diffidenter, adv. doubtfully, dis-
pairingly.
Diffidentia, æ, f. Diffidence, Mi-
strust.
Diffido, sus sum, ere, to mistrust,
doubt or despair. * Diffido tibi,
or de te, I dare not trust you.
† Diffigo, xi, ctum, to loosen, un-
fasten.
† Diffiguro, are, to disfigure, or form
diversely.
Diffindo, fidi, fissum, [of dis and
findo] to cleave, or cut asunder.
* Diffindere diem, to adjourn a
Business.
Diffingo, xi, ctum, to unmake, mar,
undo, make better. * Nihil possum
diffingere, I cannot deny it.
Diffinio, ire, to define, limit, or
bound.
Diffinitè, adv. definitely.
Diffinitio, ònis, f. a Definition.
Diffisor, òris, m. a Mistruster.
Diffissio, ònis, f. a cleaving asunder.
Diffissus, a, um [of diffindor] cut
or cleft asunder.
Diffissus, a, um [of diffido] mistrust-
ing.
Diffiteor, eri [of dis and fateor] to
deny.
Diffixus, a, um [of diffigor] loosed.
Diffletus, a, um, lacerated. * Dif-
fletis benè oculis, having almost
wept his Eyes out.
Difflo, are, to puff or blow away, to
overturn by blowing.
Diffluens, ntis, loose, ready to fall
asunder.
Diffluentia, æ, f. a Looseness, or
Flowing forth.
Diffluo, xi, xum, to flow abroad or
abound. * Diffluere sudore, to be
all of a sweat. * Diffluere volup-

tatibus, to swim in pleasures. * Dif-
fluere otio, to live at ease.
Diffuus, a, um, swimming, or steeped
in.
† Diffodio, di, flum, to dig down the
bottom.
Diffringo, egi, actum [of dis and
frango] to bruise or break in pieces.
Diffringor, gi, to be broken in pieces.
Diffundi, see diffundo.
† Diffugela, a Place of Succour to
fly unto.
Diffugio, ūgi, itum, to fly hither
and thither, avoid, eschew, refuse.
* Diffugere ex castris, to turn
from one's Colours.
Diffugium, ii, n. a Flying or Run-
ning away, a Refuge; also the Play
Prison-house.
Diffugo, are, to chase divers ways.
Diffulmino, are, to strike or beat
down with a Thunder-bolt.
Diffundō, ūm, li, n. a Sieve or Tunnor.
† Diffundito, are, to spread, di-
vulge. * Ubique sese diffundi-
tans, bearing his self big.
Diffundo, ūdi, ūsum, to pour out,
scatter abroad, dilate, shoot forth.
* Diffundere diem, for diffindere,
to put off. * Diffundere animum,
to make one cheery. * In ora ho-
minum aliquid diffundere, to
noise abroad. * Diffundere vultum,
to look merrily, be galliard.
Diffusè, adv. diffusely, scattering-
ly, largely.
Diffusilis, le, spreading.
Diffusio, ònis, f. a Spreading, Pour-
ing out, Sprinkling abroad.
† Diffuso, are, to spread or scatter
here and there.
Diffusor, òris, m. a Scatterer.
Diffusus, a, um [of diffundor]
spread, large, spoiled, scattered,
hanging loose, pouring out. * Dif-
fusum vinum, racked Wine. * Dif-
fusi campi, a very large Plain.
Digamī, æ, f. a Woman having had
two Husbands.
Digamma, ātos, n. the Letter F, g.
Digamus, i, m. he that has had two
Wives, g.
Digena, a City of Arabia fœlix.
Digentia, a River in Italy.
Digeri, a People of Thrace.
Digerics, ei, f. a Digestion, Dispo-
sition, Order.
Digero, ūi, itum, to digest, dis-
cuss, divide, make plain, set in Order.
extenuate, weaken, provoke, carry
hither and thither, dress and trim.
* Jus civile in genera digerere, to
distinguish the Civil Law into dif-
ferent Kinds. * Ita digerit omnia
Chalcas, after this manner Chalcas
interprets all things.
Digetia, ōrum, n. the Books of the
Civil Law.
Digidibilis, le, easily digested.
Digestim, adv. in Order.
Digestio, ònis, f. a Digestion, Dis-
tinguishing, setting in Order.
† Digesto, are, to set in Order.
Digestor, òris, m. he that orders,
divides, places.
Digestus, a, um [of digeror] di-
gested, dissolved, divided, discussed.
† Digestus, us, m. a Distribution,
Ordering.
Digitale, is, n. a Thimble, or Fin-
ger-stall.
Digitalis, le, of a Finger or Inch.
* Avium alix digitales, some Birds
have Claws.

Digitalis, līs, f. the Bell-flower, the
glove.
Digitatus, a, um, having Finger-
Toes, or Claws.
Digitellus, i, m. } Sengreen the leaf
Digitellum, i, n. } or Mouse-tail.
Digiti, ōrum, Muscles, or such S. &c.
† Digito, are, to finger or handle,
point unto.
Digitulus, i, } a little finger, also a
Digitellus, i, m. } Push, or Ray. * Ad
digituli crepitum, at the beating
up of the Thumb.
DIGITUS, i, m. [Δακτύλος, ve-
l Δέκνυμι, ostendo] a
Finger, Claw, a Finger-breadth,
Length, a certain quantity of Wa-
ter, a Digit. * Digitus infam-
or famosus, the Middle-finger.
* Digitus medius, or annularis,
the Ring-finger. * Auricularis,
the little-finger. * Digitus pedis,
the Toe. * Digtum tollere, to
show favour to one. * Digtum de-
primere, to discountenance or give
his Vote against. * Digito mor-
strari, to be pointed at, or cried at.
* Digitis micare, to play at buck-
horn.
Digladiābilis, le, fighting together.
Digladiatio, ònis, f. a Fencing.
Digladiator, òris, m. a Fencer.
Diglātor, ari, to fence, strive, play
Prizes. * Inter se digladiantur,
they are at dagger's drawing.
Diglitto, the River Tigris, where it
runs slow as far as the Borders of
Media.
Dignandus, a, um, to be esteemed
thought worthy.
Dignanter, adv. worthily.
Dignatio, ònis, f. a good or great
Reputation, Favour, Credit, Request;
also a Taste, Sip, or Draught.
Dignatus, a, um, thought worthy.
Dignè, ius, illimè, adv. worthily,
honestly, deservedly.
Dignitas, atis, f. Dignity, Worth,
Majesty, Gravity, Estimation, Com-
mends. * Dignitas vultus, the air
of the Countenance. * Pro digni-
tate vivit, he lives like himself.
† Dignitōsus, a, um, very worthy.
† Digno, are, to think worthy.
Dignor, ari [a dignus] to esteem, or
account worthy, vouchsafe; also to
be reputed worthy. * Honore dig-
nari, to be thought worthy of honour.
Dignoratio, ònis, f. a Marrying,
Knowing.
Dignorator, òris, m. he that mar-
ries or knows.
Dignoro, are, to set a Mark upon.
Dignotor, ari, to be marked or known.
Dignosco, ōvi, ōtum [a nosco] to
discern or know among others, to
distinguish. * Invicem se dignos-
cunt, they know one another.
Dignoscor, ūi, to be known or dis-
cerned.
† Dignōsus, a, um, very worthy.
DIGNUS, ior, illimus [Δίκαῖος]
worthy, meet, convenient. * Dis-
na & indigna pati, to pass through
different Conditions. * Ut dig-
num est credere, as we may think.
Digrēdiens, ntis, departing.
Digrēdiōr, ūns sum, di [agradior]
to digress, depart, go away or from
one's purpose. * Digrēdi ad pedes,
to light on foot.

Digressio, ōnis, f. a Digression, Departing.
 Digressor, ōris, m. he that departs or goes aside.
 Digressus, a, um [of digredior] departing.
 Digressus, ūs, m. a Digression or Departing from.
 Dii, a People of Thrace inhabiting mount Rhodope.
 Dii [for divi] the Gods.
 Dii patrum, or Tutelares, the Patron Gods of Cities and Counties.
 Dijambus, consisting of double Iambicks.
 Dijicio, ēci, ere [of di and jacio] to cast away, down or asunder.
 Diis, for Divis.
 Dijudicatio, ōnis, f. a Determining, Discerning.
 Dijudicator, ōris, m. an Arbitrator, Judge.
 Dijudicatus, a, um, determined.
 Dijudico, are, to discern, determine, or judge between two.
 Dijugatio, ōnis, f. a Severing, Disjoining, Unyoking.
 Dijugator, ōris, m. he that parts or unyokes.
 Dijugo, are, to unyoke, separate.
 Dijugor, ari, to be parted.
 † Dijunctio, ōnis, a Disjoining.
 † Dijunctior, ius, oris, farther off.
 Dijunctor, ōris, m. he that disjoins.
 Dijungo, xi, ctum, to disjoin, separate.
 Dila, a Haven of Gallia Narbonensis.
 Dilabens, ntis, slipping or falling down.
 Dilabidus, a, um, easily falling or slipping.
 Dilabilis, le, easily slipping.
 Dilabor, psus sum, bi, to slide, slip, melt, steal away, fall down, or a-pieces. * Dilabi in agros, to retire into the Fields. * Res dilabuntur, the Project is defeated, the design is dashed.
 Dilacerandus, a, um, to be torn in pieces.
 Dilaceratio, ōnis, f. a Tearing in pieces.
 Dilaceratus, a, um, torn in pieces.
 Dilacero, are, to tear in pieces or asunder, destroy, waste, spoil, trouble, mangle, ruin.
 Dilaceror, ari, to be torn, &c.
 Dilambo, bi, ere, to lick.
 Dilamino, are, to cleave in two.
 Dilancinatus, a, um, cut, gashed.
 Dilancino, are, to tear in pieces, thrust or break through.
 Dilaniatio, ōnis, f. a Rending in pieces.
 Dilaniator, ōris, m. he that rends or tears.
 Dilanio, are, to tear in pieces, rend like a Butcher.
 Dilanior, ari, to be quartered.
 Dilapidatio, ōnis, f. a Spending willfully.
 Dilapidatus, a, um, squandered away, fallen to ruin.
 Dilapido, are, to throw out the Stones, to rid a place of Stones, to spend wastfully, squander away.
 Dilapidor, ari, to be spent.
 Dilapsus, a, um [of dilabor] slipping, decayed, perished. * Dilapsa multitudo, the Company dropping away one after another.
 Dilargior, iri, to give largely or liberally, bestow.
 Dilargitio, ōnis, f. a Free-grant.
 Dilargitor, ōris, m. he that grants or gives frankly.

† Dilargus, a, um, liberal, free.
 † Dilatamen, inis, n. an Enlargement.
 Dilatatio, ōnis, f. an Enlarging.
 Dilator, ōris, m. a Stretcher.
 Dilatus, a, um, stretched, enlarged.
 † Dilateo, ere, to be hid divers ways.
 Dilatesco, ere, to begin to be hid.
 Dilatio, ōnis, f. a Delay, Defending, Prolonging. * Dilationem petere, to empearle, to desire time of the Court to deliberate.
 Dilato, are [à latus] to dilate, stretch out, enlarge, delay. * Dilatatio orationem, to enlarge or lengthen out a Speech.
 Dilator, ari, to be enlarged.
 Dilator, ōris, m. an Enlarger or Delayer.
 Dilatorius, a, um, delaying.
 Dilatrator, oris, m. he that barks at.
 Dilatro, are, to babble, bark, or bait at one.
 Dilator, ari, to be baited at.
 Dilatus, a, um, [of differor] delayed, deferred, spread abroad.
 Dilaudatio, ōnis, f. a Commending.
 Dilaudator, ōris, m. a Commender.
 Dilaudo, are, to praise or commend greatly.
 Dilaudor, ari, to be greatly praised.
 † Dilavo, are, to cleanse thoroughly, or wash all over.
 Dilecta, æ, f. a Turtle-dove.
 Dilectio, ōnis, f. Love, Charity.
 Dilector, ōris, m. a Lover.
 Dilectus, a, um [of diligor] beloved.
 † Dilectus, ūs, m. as dilectio.
 † Dilego, for diligo.
 Dilemma, atis, n. an Argument that convinces every way, g.
 Diligens, ntis, loving, diligent, industrious, wary. * Diligentissimus officii, exceeding careful to perform his part or duty.
 Diligenter, ius, istime, diligently, carefully, with Care and Exactness. * Diligenter hic eram, I watched your Water, observed you narrowly.
 Diligentia, æ, f. Care, Diligence, Preciseness.
 Diligentissimus, a, um, very diligent.
 Diligo, xi, ctum [à lego] to love, bear good will, to divide. * Diligere se, to have a fond conceit of one's self.
 Diligor, gi, to be loved.
 Dialogia, æ, f. a vain Repetition of the same Word, g.
 Dilorico, are, to unbrace, rend open, rip.
 Diloricor, ari, to be unbraced.
 Diluceo, ere, to become bright or manifest, shine forth. * Dilucet res, 'tis a plain Case.
 Dilucesco, ere, to begin to be light, or Day.
 Dilucidatio, ōnis, f. an Explaining-Gloss.
 Dilucidator, oris, m. an Explainer.
 Dilucidè, adv. clearly, plainly, manifestly.
 Dilucido, are, to declare, explain.
 Dilucidor, ari, to be made plain.
 Dilucidus, a, um, bright, clear, manifest.
 Diluculascit, it begins to dawn.
 Diluculat, imp. it dawns or grows Light.
 Diluculo, adv. at break of Day.
 Diluculum, i, n. [à lux] Dawning, or Break of Day.

C C C C C 3

Diludia, orum [à ludus] a Space between Plays.

† Diludio, ire, to mock.
 Diluo, ui, utum [of di and lavo] to wash, rinse, cleanse, put away, temper, mix, declare, diminish. * Diluere crimen, to clear himself. * Diluere vino nivem, to dash the Wine with Snow-water. * Diluere molestias, to drive away Vexations. * Diluere res leves, to confute trifling Objections. * Dilue mihi, declare to me.
 Diluor, ui, to be rinsed.
 Dilutio, ōnis, f. a Cleansing, Answering, Solving.
 † Diluto, are, to spread.
 Dilutum, i, n. an Infusion. * Dilutum absynthii, Wormwood-drink.
 Dilutus, a, um [of diluor] washed, dashed, weakened.
 Diluvialis, le, of a Deluge.
 Diluvies, ei, f. a Deluge or Inundation.
 Diluvio, are, to overflow, drown.
 Diluvium, ii, n. [a diluo] a Deluge, or great Flood, Destruction.
 Dimachæ, arum, such as fight either on Foot or Horse-back, as Occasion serves, Dragoons, g.
 Dimales, a City of Illyria, taken by Æmilius.
 Dimanatio, ōnis, f. a Flowing or Springing out.
 Dimano, are, to flow, spring out, spread abroad. * Dimanavit rumor, the Report goes.
 Dimas, the Name of a famous Racer.
 Dimattus, an Island about Rhodes; also a Hill in Myconus, whose Inhabitants all grow bald.
 † Dimembro, are, to divide, dismember.
 Dimensio, ōnis, f. a Measuring, Dimension.
 Dimensor, ōris, m. a Measurer, Surveyor.
 Dimensum, i, n. a Portion or Measure of Corn, a monthly Allowance from Masters to the Slaves.
 Dimensus, a, um [of dimetior] measured, or having measured.
 Dimergo, si, sum, to drown, plunge over Head and Ears.
 † Dimetio, ōnis, f. a Measuring.
 † Dimensionalis, le, of Measuring.
 † Dimessus, a, um, measured.
 Dimetæ, People of West Wales.
 Dimetatio, ōnis, f. a Measuring.
 † Dimetatus, a, um, measured.
 Dimeter, of two Feet, g.
 Dimetiens, ntis, measuring. * Dimetiens linea, a Diameter.
 Dimetior, ensus sum, iri, to measure, reckon, rehearse. * Dimetiri digitis, to scan.
 Dimieto, fui, sum, to lop, cut down.
 Dimetor, ari, to measure or score out.
 Dimetria, æ, f. a Poem of dimeter Iambick, g.
 Dimicatio, ōnis, f. a Fighting, skirmishing, Contending. * Inter ipsam dimicationem, while they were a Fighting.
 Dimicator, ōris, m. a Fighter.
 Dimico, are, to fight or skirmish, or contend.
 Dimidiatum, adv. by halves.
 Dimidiatio, ōnis, f. a Parting in the middle.
 Dimidiatus, a, um, halved, divided in two.

† Dimi-

† Dimidiētas, ātis, f. the half.
 Dimidiē, adv. by the half.
 Dimidio, are, to halve or divide in two.
 Dimidium, ii, n. the Half. * Dimidio charius, dearer by half.
 * Dimidium animæ meæ, my dearest dear.
 Dimidius, a, um, [a medius] Half.
 Diminuo, ui, utum, to diminish, make less, break in pieces, shorten. * De bonis diminuere, to impair one's Estate. * Tibi caput diminuiam, I'll break thy Head.
 Diminuo, ui, to be diminished.
 Diminutio, ōnis, f. a Diminishing, Impairing. * Diminutio capitis, an Out-lawing.
 † Diminutive, Diminutively.
 Diminutivum, vi, n. a Diminutive.
 Diminutor, ōris, m. a Diminisher.
 Diminutus, a, um, [of Diminuo] Diminished. * Diminutus capite, Out-lawed.
 Dimittō, ōnis, f. a Dismissing, Charging, Leave.
 Dimissorius, a, um, Dimissory, Dismissing. * Literæ dimissoriæ, Letters of Appeal.
 Dimissus, a, um, [of Dimittor] Dismissed, Forsaken, Divorced, Low, Humble.
 Dimitto, issi, sum, to dismiss, discharge, send away, let go, give leave, cease from, dissolve, satisfy or pay off. * Dimittere scholam, to break up School. * Dimittere se, to submit one's self. * Dimittere uxorem, to divorce. * Dimittere aliquid de summa, to bate one somewhat. * Dimittere sanguinem, to let Blood. * Dimittit eum dolor, the Pain ceases. * Dimittere reum, to absolve a Criminal. * Eo rem dimittit Epicurus, Epicurus went so far, brought it to that Point.
 Dimittor, i, to be sent away.
 Dimotio, ōnis, f. a Removing.
 Dimotus, a, um, [of Dimoveo] removed.
 Dimoveo, ōvi, ōtum, to remove, take away, repel, put back or aside. * Ora dimovit, he openeth his Mouth. * Dimovere bonum & malum, to distinguish good from bad. * Dimovere aliquem de sententia, to make one of another Mind.
 Dimoveo, eri, to be removed, &c.
 † Dimulgatio, ōnis, f. a Publishing.
 † Dimulgator, ōris, m. a Publisher.
 † Dimulgo, are, [for Divulgo] to publish Abroad.
 Dimum, a City of the lower Mœsia.
 Dimuri, a People of India about the River Indus.
 Dimyxos, a Lamp or Candlestick with two Lights, a Candle with two Wicks, g.
 Dinarchus, one of Delos who collected the Cretian Fables, and other Men.
 Dinaretum, a Promontory of Cyprus.
 Dindari, a People of Dalmatia.
 Dindrymæ, a City of Macedonia.
 Dindyma, ōrum, Mountains of Troas.
 Dindymene, Cybele so called.
 Dine, a Place in Acadia by the Sea.
 Dina, the City Digne in France.
 Dinas, a Historian who wrote the Argonautick Affairs.
 Dinocrates, a riotous Philosopher of Messena.

Dinocratus, an Artichelt of Alexander's, who built Alexandria in Egypt.
 Dinodo, are, to untye or unknit.
 Dinogetia, the City Drimago, in lower Mœsia.
 Dinolachas, a Name of a very swift Runner in Pausanias.
 Dinomenes, a Tyrant of Syracuse; also a famous Statuary.
 Dinosis, Vehemence, g.
 Dintro, ere, [a sono] to cry like a Mouse.
 Dinūmērātio, ōnis, f. a Numbring, Reckoning, Paying.
 Dinūmērātor, ōris, m. a Teller, a Payer.
 Dinūmēro, are, to number, reckon, pay. * Dinumerare pecuniam, to pay down upon the Nail.
 Dinūmēror, ari, to be told.
 Dinus, a Haven in Lycia.
 Dinus, a famous Physician of Florence; also a Lawyer of Bononia.
 † Dio, a kind of Fish.
 Dio, a Roman Consul.
 Dio Cassius, a Historian and Consul of Rome.
 Diobesi, a People of Thrace by the River Nestus.
 Diobolāris, re, Bought or Hired for two Half-pence. * Diobolare prostibulum, a Common Whore.
 Diobolarius, a, um, the same.
 Diobulus, i, m. a small Athenian Coin, a Penny.
 Diobulum, a Town by Pontus.
 Diocælar, a, a City of Cappadocia and Phrygia.
 Diocithis, a Town in Egypt where Osiris is buried.
 Diocles, the first King of the Medes; also an ancient comical Poet of Athens, and many other Men.
 Diocletianopolis, a City of Thessaly.
 Diocletianus Jovius, the 18th Emperor of Rome, who having reigned 22 Years, and atchieved many noble Enterprizes, resigned the Government, and retired to a Country Life.
 Diocleus, the Son of Orsilochns.
 † Dioctitæ, or Dioctoniti, light Horse Men.
 † Diodēla, the Herb Milfoil.
 Diodori insula, an Island in the Mouth of the Arabian Gulf.
 Diodorus, the Name of several learned Men.
 Diodorus Chronus, a Logician of Jassus in Asia in the time of Plato, Scholar of Apollonius Chronus, whose Fame he obscured, and usurped his Name.
 Diodorus Siculus, an Historian of Sicily in the Time of Julius Cæsar.
 Diocesānus, ni, m. a Diocesan.
 Diacēsis, is, f. a Dioceß, Jurisdiction, Province, g.
 † Diacēta, a Collector of Tribute.
 Diacētes, a Bayliff, Governor, or Toll-gatherer, Steward. * Diacetes Regius, the Comptroller of the King's Household.
 † Diactarii, as Directarii.
 Diogenes, a Cynick churlish Philosopher, who dwelt in a kind of Tub, who when Alexander asked him what he should give him, bid him stand out of his Sun-shine, and not take that away which he could not give him. He asked the Oracle which way he might excel, and being told

by coining of Money, he did it, and for doing of it was banished. Coming to Athens he was taken by a Pirate, and sold to one that set him free, and gave him his Children to teach, with whom Diogenes chose rather to live than be redeemed by his friends, also other Men.
 Diogenes Laertius, a Historian who wrote the Lives of the Philosophers; he lived about the Time of Antonius Pius.
 Diogenianus, a Grammarian of Heraclea in Adrian's Time, who wrote an Alphabetical Dictionary.
 Diogenis, a Promontory of Ethiopia by the Arabian Gulf.
 Diognetus, the seventh Judge of Athens; also an Historian who wrote the Expeditions of Alexander, whom Pliny says he followed; also a famous Painter in the Time of Antonius; and others.
 Diomeda, the Daughter of Phorbas whom Achilles brought from Lesbos, and with whom he was wont to lye after Briseis was taken away.
 Diomedia, a City of the Daunii built by Diomedes.
 Diomedea, avis, a Hern.
 Diomedæ, two Islands over against Sarganus, whereof one is inhabited, the other not.
 Diomedei campi, that part of Apulia which fell to Diomedes in dividing the Kingdom with Daunus.
 Diomedes, a King of Etolia, who went to the Trojan War, and was reckoned the most valiant Greek next to Achilles and Ajax; also a King of Thrace who fed his Horses with Man's Flesh, till Hercules overthrew him, and gave him to his own Horses to eat; also an ingenious Grammarian.
 Diomia, part of the Tribe Egeis.
 Dion, a City of Eubœa; a City and Promontory of Crete; a City of Epirus, and other Places.
 Dion, a famous Philosopher of Alexandria, who being grievously reproached, answered no more, but, ne gay quidem, which occasioned the Proverb, Dionis gry; also a noble Man of Syracuse who loved Plato, by whose Counsel he rid the Country of Dionysius the Tyrant.
 Dion Cassius, as Dio, &c.
 Dion Prusæus, a Sophister and Philosopher, called also Chrysostom, he appeared in publick clothed in a Lion's Skin, and was familiar with Trajan.
 Dionæa, Dione so called.
 Dionæus, a, um, of Dione.
 Dione, the Daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, and Mother of Venus by Jupiter.
 Dionia, a City of Cyprus.
 Dionymus, having two Names, g.
 Dionysia, æ, f. Try, g.
 Dionysia, ōrum, n. the Feasts of Bacchus.
 Dionysia, a City in Italy, and Egypt; also a Woman married at Alexandria under Decius.
 Dionysiaci dæmones, evil Spirits that possess'd the Irisflesse of Bacchus. * Dionysiaci artifices, Alimicks, Buffoons.
 Dionysiades, two Islands about Crete; also a Town in Africa.
 Dionysias, ādis, f. a precious Stone with red spots, g.

Dionysias, an Island called otherwise Nabus, so called from their abundance of Vines.
 Dionysides, a tragical Poet of Tarsus.
 Dionysiodorus, a famous Geometrician in whose Sepulchre his Friends found an Epistle to the Gods.
 Dionysiopolis, a City of India by the River Indus, call'd also Nagara and Nyssa, another in lower Mysia, call'd Varna, and heretofore Crunos.
 Dionysopolitæ, the Inhabitants of Dionysiopolis.
 Dionysus, the same as Bacchus; also two Tyrants of Sicily, the Father and the Son, the last of 'em being the greatest Tyrant, and hearing an old Woman pray for his Life, asked her the Reason, she told him, that when she wished the Death of other Tyrants, there still came a worse, and she feared it might be so if he were gone; being banished, he lived contemptibly at Corinth, which occasioned the Proverb, Dionysius Corinthi; and at last turned School-Master.
 Dionysius Alexandrinus, a Grammarian in Trajan's Time, and Keeper of his Library.
 Dionysius Milesius, a Historian who wrote the Affairs of Persia.
 Dionysius Halicarnassensis, a Historian of Halicarnassus, a City of Caria.
 Dionysius Periegetes, he wrote a Geography in Greek Hexameters, which is yet extant.
 Dionysius Areopagita, a Nobleman of Athens, Disciple of St. Paul, being in Egypt, and seeing the Eclipse of the Sun at the Passion of our Saviour, said, Either the God of Nature suffers, or else the Frame of the World will be dissolved.
 Dionysius, the Name of several Men.
 Dionysionymphas, an Herb which being bruised in Water smells of Wine, and yet resists drunkenness, g.
 Diope, a City of Arcadia.
 † Diopetes, certain Frogs.
 Diophanes, a Rhetorician of Mitylene, Master of Gracchus; and other Men.
 Diophantus, a Lacedæmonian, who wrote 14 Books of Antiquities.
 Diophantus Syracusanus, a Pythagorean Philosopher.
 Diophantus Alexandrinus, an Arithmetician.
 Diopæus, a famous Engraver of Crete.
 Diopolis, a City of Armenia minor, so called by Pompey, being call'd before Cabira, & afterwards Augusta.
 Dioptrice, ces, f. that part of Astrology that searches the distance of Planets by Perspectives.
 Dioptra, æ, f. a Quadrant, Perspective, or Optick-Glass; an Instrument to take the Altitude and Latitude of Places, g.
 Diordui, a People of Taprobane.
 Diôres, a Man slain by Turnus.
 Dioryctus, a place in Arcarnania.
 Dioryges, Ditches in Egypt, to drain the Waters of Nilus into the Fields.
 Dioryx, ygis, m. a Ditch made with Hands, g.
 Dios hieron, Jupiter's Temple, a Town of Ionia.
 Dioscorides, the Nephew of Anti-

gonus: also an Athenian, Son of Dionysius; an one eyed Cyprian, Son of Timon; and other Men.
 Dioscorides Phacas, a Physician in the Time of Antony and Cleopatra, who wrote of the Name of Medicines.
 Dioscorides Anazarbeus, a Physician, who wrote of Medicines and Antidotes under Nero, whose Works are yet Extant.
 Dioscoron, an Island on the Borders of Italy.
 Dioscorium, a Town in Libya.
 Dioscorus, a Martyr under Decius; and other Men.
 Dioscūri, the Sons of Jupiter, Castor and Pollux; also Fre. appearing at Sea, adhering to the Masts and Sail-Yards, and betokening a lucky Voyage.
 Dioscūrias, a City of Colchis by Pontus; also an Island in Africa, another in the Red-Sea, and a Promontory of Italy.
 Dioscyamos, g. Henbane.
 Diospage, a Town of Mesopotamia.
 Diospolis, a City of Egypt, Arabia, Bithynia, and other places.
 Diospyros, f. the Herb Stone-crop, g.
 Diostecnosis, a Fountain in Andros, every Year upon the fifth of January it tastes of Wine.
 Diota, æ, f. a Wine-pot or drinking-cup with two Ears, an earthen Jar, g.
 Diotime, a Woman Philosopher, at whose Lectures Socrates was not ashamed to be present.
 Diotinus, an Athenian, surnamed Chone.
 Dioxippus, a comical Poet, famous Wrestler; also a valiant soldier of Alexander's, who slew Corragus.
 Dipæa, a City of Arcadia.
 Diphilus, an Athenian Emperor; also an Architect, so slow, that he caused the Proverb, Diphilo tardior; and other Men.
 Diphoreticus, or Diaphoreticus, a, um, piercing through. * Diaphoreticus sudor, a faint excessive Sweat, g.
 Diphri, a City of Phœnicia.
 Diphris, a precious Stone, whereof there are two Sorts, Male and Female, White and Black, g.
 Diphryx, or Diphryges, gis, the Drops sticking like Ashes to the bottom of the Furnace, g.
 Diphthera, æ, f. a Shepherd's Pelt; also the Skin of the Goat Amalthea, wherein Jupiter was said to Register Mens Faults, whence the Proverb, Sero Jupiter diphtheram inlaxit, 'tis long e'er he punishes.
 Diphthongus, i, f. a Diphthong, g.
 † Diple, a marginal Note for the correcting of a Fault.
 Diplinthius, a, um, two Bricks thick, g.
 Diplois, idis, f. a Doublet, g.
 Diplōma, ātis, n. a Bull, Writ, Passport, Charter or Letters Patents; also speed and hastning of a Journey, a double Cloath, and the Still call'd Balneum Mariæ, g.
 Dipnias, a City in Thessaly, where they say Apollo first dined when he returned from Tempe.
 Dipodia, æ, f. two Feet in Poetry, g.
 Dipœna, a Town of Arcadia.
 Dipœnus, and Scyllis, the first that were famous for graving of Marble.

Dipolis, Lemnos, so called because it contains Haphestia and Myrina; also a City near the Emporienfes, divided by a Wall.
 Dipondarius, a, um, of two pound.
 Dipondius, ii, [a duo & pondus] two pound
 Dipondium, ii, n. } Weight, a Measure of two Feet.
 Dippo, a City of Spain.
 Dipfacon, i, n. } Wild Teasel. * Dip-
 Dipfacus, i, m. } facus minor, Shepherd's Rod, g.
 Dipfas, ādis, f. a certain Band whom Ovid inveighs against.
 Dipfas, ādis, g. a kind of Serpent, who causes them that are stung with it to die with Thirst.
 Dipfas, ntis, a River of Cilicia, arising from Mount Taurus.
 Dipson, a dry Mountainous place in Arabia.
 † Diptonia, æ, f. a single Word with a double Meaning.
 Diptoton, i, n. a Noun that hath but two Cases, a Diptote.
 Diptycha, æ, f. a pair of writing Tables, a Table Book, g.
 Diptychum, i, n. a Table with the Names of famous Men recited at the Altar, the Living on one side, and the Dead on the other, g.
 Diptychus, a, um, g. having two Leaves.
 Dipyrenum, i, a Surgeon's Instrument with a knob at both ends, used about sore Mouths, g.
 Dipyros, ri, c. twice in the fire, Phaeton so called, being enamelled, g.
 Dipyrus, g. Sea Basket.
 Dira, a City of Ethiopia on the Banks of Nilus.
 Dirades, part of the Tribe Leontis.
 Diradiatio, ōnis, f. an enlightning, or setting in Fashion of Sun Beams.
 Diradio, are, to make or set in the Form of Sun Beams or Branches.
 * Vitem diradiare, to plash a Vine.
 Diradiotes, Apollo so called from Dira, a place where he gave out Oracles.
 Diræ, the Daughters of Nox and Acheron, the Punishers of wicked Consciences.
 Diræ, arum, f. [à dirus] Cursing, Excommunications. * Diris devovere aliquem, to Curse one to the Pit of Hell.
 Dirbæ, a place in Scythia, wherein is the City Teos.
 Dirce, the Wife of Lycus, King of Thebes, turned into a Fountain of her Name not far from Thebes.
 Dirceus, a, um, of Thebes.
 Dirce Babylonia, was turned into a Fish by Pallas, for contending with her for Beauty.
 Dircenna, a very cold Fountain in Spain near Bilbilis.
 Dire, a Promontory and City of the same Name near Ethiopia.
 Directarii, orum, n. Night Thieves.
 Directè, -tò, adv. Rightly, Straitly, Directly to the Purpose, Simply without Complement.
 Directio, ōnis, f. a Direction, Aiming, Dressing.
 Director, ōnis, m. a Director.
 Directrix, icis, f. she that directs.
 Directum, i, n. that which is right.
 Directus, a, um, [of Dirigor] Direct or directed, Right, Plain, Just.
 † Diremigo, are, to row diversly.
 † Direm-

- † **Diremptio**, onis, f. a Separating, Breaking asunder.
- Diremptor**, oris, m. a Separator.
- Diremptus**, a, um, [of Dirimor] Separated, Broken. * **Dirempta mari gens**, a People living on the other side of the Sea.
- Diremptus**, us, m. a Separating.
- Direptio**, onis, f. a Robbing, Pillaging, Sacking or Ransacking.
- Direptor**, oris, m. a Robber, Spoiler.
- Direptus**, a, um, [of Diripior] Robbed, Spoiled, Plundering.
- Direptus**, us, m. a Robbing, Taking away, Plundered.
- Diribeo**, ere, [à di & habeo] to separate, Distribute, Pay the Soldiers.
- Diribeor**, eri, to be distributed.
- Diribitio**, onis, f. a dividing the Spoils.
- Diribitor**, oris, m. a Pay-Master, Distributer, Carver or Waiter.
- Diribitorium**, ii, n. the place where common Soldiers are mustered and paid.
- Dirigendus**, a, um, to be directed, measured, &c.
- Dirigeo**, ui, ere, to be numb'd, stiff with Cold or Fear. * **Diriguit vi u in medio**, he grew cold at the very sight.
- Dirigo**, xi, ctum, [of di and rego] to direct, make right or strait, conduct, measure, frame, level, resemble, cut asunder. * **Cogitationes dirigere ad rem**, to set one's Thoughts about a Thing. * **Dirigere aciem**, to draw up the Army. * **Arcu dirigere**, to shoot.
- † **Dirimo**, are, to seek narrowly.
- Dirimo**, emi, mptum, [of dis and emo] to distinguish, separate, interrupt; also to defer or put off. * **Dirimere litem**, to put an end to the strife. * **Dirimere nuptias**, to break off a Marriage. * **Dirimere concilium**, to adjourn a Council. * **Dirimere auspicium** (of an unlucky Token appearing) to put an end to the Divination.
- Dirimor**, i, to be distant or asunder. * **Dirimuntur unius diei itinere**, they are one Days Journey asunder.
- Dirini**, a People of Italy.
- Diripio**, ui, ptum, [of di and rapio] to snatch away, rob, spoil, plunder, pull down, out or asunder. * **Diripere victoriam**, to obtain a Victory suddenly. * **Diripere de autoritate alicujus**, to lessen or abate one's Authority.
- Diris**, a Mountain of Mauritania, which for its height they called the Pillar of Heaven, and is now called Atlas.
- † **Dirissimus**, a, um, most cruel.
- Diritas**, atis, f. Terribleness, Cruelty, Vengeance. * **Diritas morum**, Rudeness, Barbarity.
- Dirpha**, Juno so called.
- Dirphys**, a Mountain of Eubœa where Juno was worshipped.
- Dirumpo**, ūpi, ptum, to break or burst asunder, break up or off. * **Dirumpere se**, to hazard his Lungs and Sides, to make a hideous Bawling. * **Dirumparis licet**, shouldst thou lust with Envy and Choler.
- Diruncinatio**, onis, f. a Cutting up or in Pieces.
- Diruncinator**, oris, m. he that cuts up.
- Diruncino**, are, to cut up or in pieces.
- Diruncinor**, ari, to be cut up.
- † **Diruncio**, ire, to weed, cleanse, purge.
- Diruo**, ui, ūtum, to break down, destroy, demolish, overthrow.
- Diruor**, ui, to be pulled down, &c.
- Diruptio**, onis, f. a Bursting asunder.
- Diruptor**, oris, m. a Breaker, Wafter.
- Diruptus**, a, um, [of dirumpor] Broken asunder, Pent, Steep, Rigorous. * **Diruptus homo**, one broken bellied.
- DIRUS**, a, um, [Δεινός vel à dei ira] Terrible, Cruel, Accursed, Horrible; also Great, Dreadful.
- † **Dirutor**, oris, m. a Destroyer.
- Dirutus**, a, um, [of diruor] Cast down, demolished.
- Dis**, itis, the Brother of Jupiter and Neptune, God of Hell, called also Pluto; also the same is Samothæ, the Son of Noah, who first planted the Celtick Colonies.
- Dis**, dicitur, ilimus, a, um, [à dives] Rich, Fertile, Ample.
- Dis**, a Preposition us'd only in Composition, signifying diversity and division.
- † **Disbullo**, are, to take away a sign.
- Disilceatio**, onis, f. a pulling or putting off of Shoes.
- Disilceatus**, a, um, Unshod.
- Disilceo**, are, to unshoe, put off one's Shoes.
- Disicanto**, are, to sing, descant.
- Disicantus**, us, m. Descant.
- † **Disicapedinatus**, u, n, Disclosed.
- Disicapedino**, are, [à capedo] to open, uncinch.
- † **Disicarpō**, for discerpo.
- † **Disicaveatus**, a, um, set open.
- Disicaveo**, āvi, tum, to be very Warv.
- Disicēdens**, ntis, Parting, almost at an End.
- Disiceditur**, imp. disicessum est, or fuit, there was a Departure. * **Disiceditur in eam sententiam**, they are of that Opinion, clearly for that side.
- Disicēdo**, cessi, ssum, to depart, go away, cease, change, condescend, accept, obtain, gape, recede. * **Disicedere in sententiam**, to approve one's Opinion. * **In auras disicellit**, it vanished. * **Disicedere a vita**, to die. * **Disicellit inferior**, he was overcome. * **Disicedere in duas partes**, to be divided. * **Disicedere in alia omnia**, to be of a quite contrary opinion. * **Terra disicedit**, the Earth opened. * **Quum disicelli a te**, nemo mihi charior, setting you aside, no body is more dear to me.
- † **Disicento**, are, to sing Treble.
- Disicēptatio**, onis, f. a Disputing, Striving in Words, a Debate.
- Disicēptatiuncula**, æ, f. a small Controversie.
- Disicēptator**, oris, m. a Disputer; also a Judge or Arbitrator.
- Disicēptatrix**, icis, f. she that Disputes, Judges or Examines.
- Disicēpto**, are, [à capto] to dispute, reason, contend, try, examine, depend upon. * **Armis disicēptare**, to fight. * **Omnia fortunæ reipublicæ disicēptat**, the whole Common-
- wealth lies at Stake. * **Disicēptare controversias aliquorum**, to hear and decide Men's Controversies (as a Judge.)
- Disicēptor**, ari, to be tried, handled.
- † **Disicēptuosus**, a, um, full of Strife.
- Disicera**, a Country of Cyrene.
- Disicerniculum**, ii, n. a Difference; also a Bodkin to separate the Hair.
- Disicerno**, rēvi, rērum, to discern, separate, distinguish, determine.
- * **Disicernere armis**, to fight it out.
- Disicernor**, ni, to be separated.
- Disicerpo**, psi, ptum, [of dis and carpo] to dismember, tear in pieces, divide. * **Rem propositam in membra disicerpere**, to handle a Subject analytically.
- Disicēptio**, onis, f. a Tearing in pieces.
- Disicēptor**, oris, m. he that rends or pulls in Pieces.
- Disicēptus**, a, um, [of disicerpor] Plucked or Torn asunder.
- Disicessio**, onis, f. a Departing, Going away, Condescending, Divorce.
- * **Disicessio terræ**, a Gaping of the Ground. * **Disicessio in sententiam**, a Voting with another.
- Disicessurus**, a, um, [of disicedo] ready to depart.
- Disicessus**, us, um, a Departure, Gaping. * **Disicessus cœli**, a Chasm in the Heavens.
- Disiceus**, ei, g. a Comet or some such Meteor.
- Disicidium**, ii, n. [à disicindo] a Division, Divorce.
- Disicifer**, eri, m. [à disiculus & fero] a Dish-bearer, Waiter.
- Disicinctè**, adv. Loosely, Dissolutely.
- Disicinctus**, a, um, [of disicingo] Ungirt, Loose, Dissolute, Careless, Disarmed. * **Disicinctus nepos**, an Intemperate, Debauch'd Fellow.
- Disicindendus**, a, um, to be cut off.
- Disicindo**, scīdi, scissum, to cut off, asunder or in pieces, break or slit.
- * **Disicindere amicitias**, to cause Variance.
- Disicindor**, di, to be cleft, &c.
- Disicingo**, xi, nctum, to undo, ungird, confute, degrade, cashier.
- * **Disicingere dolos**, to discover a Plot or Intrigue.
- Disicingo**, gi, to be ungirded. * **Disicingi armis**, to be disarm'd.
- Disiciplina**, æ, f. [à Disicipulus] Discipline, Order, Doctrine, Instruction, Learning, Manner, Fashion, Training up. * **Habere è disiciplina**, to get by study, reading. * **Disiciplinæ aliis eram**, I was a pattern of Virtue to others.
- Disiciplinabilis**, le, which may be Taught or Learned.
- † **Disiciplinatio**, onis, f. Orderliness, Keeping or Living under Discipline.
- † **Disiciplinatus**, us, m. a Correction.
- † **Disiciplinatus**, a, um, Corrected, Instructed.
- † **Disiciplinor**, ari, to instruct.
- † **Disiciplinosus**, a, um, full of Learning.
- Disicipula**, æ, f. a she Disciple or Apprentice.
- † **Disicipulus**, i, m. a Disciple.

† *Discipulāris*, re, of a *Disciple* or *Scholar*.
 † *Discipulatus*, a, um, *instructed*.
 † *Discipulatus*, ūs, m. *Scholarship*.
 † *Discipulo*, are, to *instruct*.
 † *Discipulus*, i, m. [a disco] a *Scholar*, *Apprentice*.
 † *Discissiones*, great *Gashes*, deadly *Wounds*.
Discissus, a, um [of *Discindor*] cut or torn *asunder*.
Discudo, si, sum [of *claudio*] to shut out; *separate*, *disjoin*, to *pen up* apart.
Discudor, di, to be *shut out* or *parted*.
Discusio, ōnis, f. a *Shutting out* or *Separation*, *Distraction*.
Discusor, ōris, m. he that *shuts out*.
Discusulus, a, um [of *discudor*] *disclosed*, *parted*.
DISCO, di, ici, ere [Δειω] to *learn*. * *Discere* fidibus, to *learn* to *fiddle*. * *Discere* literas, to *get Learning*.
 † *Discobinatus*, a, um, *filed asunder*, *wounded*.
 † *Discobino*, are, to *shave* or *wound*.
Discobolus, i, m. a *Quoit-caster*, g.
Discoctio, ōnis, f. a *Boiling*.
Discoctus, a, um [of *discoquor*] *well boiled*.
 † *Discoliasmus*, the *Play* call'd *Fox* to *thy Hole*.
Discolor, ōris, *party-coloured*, of *divers Colours*.
Discoloratus, a, um, *party-coloured*.
 † *Discolorius*, a, um, of *divers Colours*.
 † *Discoloro*, are, to *make* of *divers Colours*.
 † *Discolorus*, a, um, of *divers Colours*.
Disconducit, it is not *profitable*.
Disconvenienter, adv. *jarringly*.
Disconvenio, ni, ntum, to *differ* or *disagree*. * *Disconvenit* inter meq; & te, we *differ*, are not of the *same mind*.
Discooperio, ui, ire, to *disclose*, *discover*.
Discophorus, ri, m. a *Dish-bearer*, g.
 † *Discopulo*, are, to *uncouple*.
Discoquo, xi, ctum, to *boil much*.
Discordabilis, le, *disagreeing*.
Discordans, ntis, out of *Tune*, *jarring*, *disagreeing*.
Discordatio, ōnis, f. a *Disagreeing*.
 † *Discordes*, is, for *discords*.
Discordia, æ, f. [a discors] *Discord*, *Disagreement*, *Debate*, *Disension*, *Strife*.
Discordialis, le, *making Discord* or *Strife*.
 † *Discordiosus*, a, um, *contentious*, *quarrelsome*.
 † *Discorditas*, atis, f. *Discord*, *Variance*.
Discordo, are, to *jar*, *disagree*, be at *Variance*, or out of *Tune*. * *Discordare* cum aliquo, *adversus* aliquem, ab aliquo, to *disagree* with one, to be of *different Sentiments*, not to be at *Union*.
Discors, ordis [a cor] *disagreeing*, *jarring*, *untunable*. * *Sibi discordem esse*, to be at *variance* with himself.
 † *Discredo*, ere, not to *believe*.
Discrepans, ntis, *disagreeing*.
Discrepanter, adv. *disagreeingly*.
Discrepantia, æ, f. *Difference*.
Discrepator, ōris, m. a *Disagreeer*.
Discrepito, are, to *disagree often*.
Discrepo, ui, and avi, are, itum, to *give a different Sound*, to *differ*, *disagree*, *dissent*, *var*. * *Discrepant tacta cum dictis*, his *deeds*

and words are not all one. * *Discrepat* inter authores, authors *agree* not.
Discretò, adv. *distinctly*, *severally*.
Discretim, adv. *separately*.
Discretio, ōnis, f. *Discretion*, *Distraction*, *Separation*.
 † *Discretorium*, ii, n. a *Counsel chamber*.
Discretus, a, um [of *discernor*] *separated*, *parted*, not *confus'd*.
Discrevi. See *Discerno*.
 † *Discribo*, psi, ptum, to *scribble*.
Discrimen, inis, n. [a *discerno*] *Difference*, *Diversity*, *Parting* of the *Hair*, *Distance*, *Danger*. * In *discrimine* est utrum, *is controverted*, or in *debate* whether. * In *discrimen* exultationis venire, to be in a *fair way* to *lose his Reputation*.
Discrimināle, is, n. a *Hair-lace*, a *Crisping-iron*, a *Bodkin* to *part the Hair*.
 † *Discriminālis*, le, *distinguishing*.
Discriminātim, adv. *distinctly*, *severally*, *asunder*.
Discriminatio, ōnis, f. a *Distinguishing*, *Separating*.
Discriminātor, ōris, m. a *Separator*.
Discriminatus, a, um, *separated*.
Discrimino, are, [a *discrimen*] to *distinguish*, *put a Difference* between, *rank*, *set in order*.
 † *Discriminosus*, a, um, *dangerous*.
Discruciatio, ōnis, f. a *Tormenting*.
Discruciātor, ōris, m. a *Tormenter*.
Discruciatus, a, um, *tormented*.
Discruciatus, ūs, m. *Torment*.
Discrucio, are, to *torment* or *vex*.
Discrucior, ari, to be *tormented*.
 * *Discrucior* animi, I am *so*re *troubled in mind*.
 † *Discrutor*, ari, to *rig* or *equip*.
Discubatio, ōnis, f. a *Lying down*.
 † *Discubitio*, ōnis, f. a *Sitting down*.
 † *Discubitōrium*, ii, n. a *Bed-chamber*, or *Dining-room*.
 † *Discubitōrius*, a, um, of *lying down*.
Discubo, ui, itum, to *lye down* to *sleep*.
 † *Disculpo*, are, to *justify* or *clear*.
 † *Disculus*, li, m. a *little Dish*, *Plate* or *Quoit*.
Discumbitur (ab illis) they are *set* at *Table*.
Discumbo, ui, ere, to *sit* at the *Table*, *loll* or *lye down*.
 † *Disconducit*, for *disconducit*.
Discuneatio, ōnis, f. a *Cleaving* with *Wedges*.
Discuneātor, ōris, m. a *Cleaver*.
Discuneātus, a, um, *cleft*. * *Discuneata* cochleæ, *Gaping Shell-fishes*.
Discuneo, are [a *cuneus*] to *cleave* with *Wedges*.
Discupio, ivi, ere, to *covet* or *desire greatly*, *long for*.
Discurro, ri, sum, to *run hither* and *thither*, *spread abroad*. * *Fama ejus urbem discurrit*, the *Fame* of him *runs over the City*.
Discurfans, ntis, *running up* and *down* often.
Discursum, adv. *runningly*.
Discursum, ōnis, f. a *Running about*.
Discursum, ōnis, f. a *Running* *hither* and *thither*.
Discursitator, ōris, m. a *Flitter up* and *down*.

DDDDD

Discurrito, are [a *discurso*] to *flit up* and *down*.
Discursores, *Light Soldiers*.
Discurso, are, (a *discurro*) to *run* *often up* and *down*.
Discursor, ōris, m. a *Vagrant*, *Wanderer*.
Discursorius, a, um, *Wandering*.
Discusus, ūs, m. a *running to* and *again*, a *Discourse*, an *Invasion*, *running about*.
DISCUS, ci, m. [Δισκου] a *Dish*, *Platter*, or *Quoit*, the *visible Body* of the *Sun*.
Discussio, ōnis, f. a *discussing*, *disolving*, *debating*, *sifting*, *dashing* into *divers Parts*.
Discussor, ōris, m. a *Discussor*, *Searcher*, or *Sessor*, *Rater*.
Discussorius, a, um, *diffolving*.
Discussum, i, n. a *thing* *discussed*.
Discussus, a, um [of *discutio*] *discussed*, *broken*, *driven away*.
Discutio, ūi, ūsum [of *dis* and *quatio*] to *discuss*, *dissolve*, *shake* or *strike off*, *drive away*, *examine* or *search for*, *debate* and *confute*. * *Discutere* rem, to *sift* a *Business*, *examine* it *thorowly*. * *Discutere* febre, to *fright away* an *ague*. * *Discutere* matrimonium, to *null* a *Marriage*, *pronounce* it *void*.
 † *Disertatio*, ōnis, f. a *Disputing*.
 † *Disertator*, ōris, m. a *Disputer*.
Diserte, adv. *eloquently*, *expressly*.
Disertim, adv. *distinctly*, *plainly*.
 * *Fuit disertim*, it was *so* *indeed*.
 † *Disertio*, ōnis, f. a *Division*.
 † *Diserto*, are, to *dispute* or *explain*.
 † *Disertudo*, inis, f. *Eloquence*.
Disertus, ior, ifimus [a *diseror*] *well-spoken*, *eloquent*.
 † *Digres*, as *segregus*.
 † *Disgruo*, ere, to *disagree*.
 † *Disco*, ere, to *break asunder*.
Disjectio, ōnis, f. a *Casting down*.
Disjecto, are, [a *disjicio*] to *break* in *pieces*, *scatter*, or *discomfit* *often*.
Disjector, ari, to be *often* *cast down*.
Disjector, ōris, m. a *Scatterer*, *Caster down*.
Disjectus, ūs, m. a *Scattering*, *Severing*.
Disjectus, a, um [of *disjicio*] *scattered*, *dispersed*, *cast down* or *asunder*. * *Acies disjecta*, an *Army* *put into disorder*, or *disarray*.
Disjicio, eci, ctum, to *scatter*, *cast asunder*, *put to flight*.
Disjicio, ci, to be *scattered*.
Disjunctio, ōnis, f. a *Disjoining*.
Disjunctus, a, um, *disjoined*.
Disjugo, are, to *disjoin*, *part*, *sever*.
Disjūtor, ari, to be *severed*.
Disjuncte, and -tim, adv. *severally*.
Disjunctio, ōnis, f. a *Disjunction*, *Separating*, *Severing*.
Disjunctive, adv. *disjunctively*.
Disjunctivus, a, um, *disjunctive*.
Disjunctor, ōris, m. a *Disjoynor*, *Separator*.
Disjunctum, i, n. a *Thing* *disjoined*.
Disjunctus, ior, ifimus [of *disjūtor*] *separated*, *asunder*, *far distant*, *disagreeing*.
 † *Disjunctio*, ōnis, f. a *Disjoining*.
 † *Disjunctus*, a, um, *disjoined*.
 † *Disjugo*, are, to *disjoin*, *un-yoke*.

Dis-

- Disjunctio, xi, nctum, to disjoin, sever, separate, part. * Disjungere à mamma, to wean.
 Disjunctio, gi, to be disjoined, weaned.
 † Dismembrator, oris, he that dismembers.
 Disora, a People of Thrace.
 Dispālātio, onis, f. a Scattering or Wandering about.
 Dispālatus, a, um, scattered, dispersed.
 Dispālesco, ere, to become publick, or to publish abroad.
 Dispālo, are, to scatter, wander about, to become common.
 † Dispampino, are, to take off the Vine-leaves.
 Dispando, di, sum, to stretch out, open or spread abroad.
 Dispandor, di, to be spread abroad.
 Dispansio, onis, f. a Spreading abroad.
 Dispansus, a, um [of dispandor] displayed, spread abroad, stretched out.
 Dispar, āris, unequal, unlike, unfit, unsuitable, inferior. * Non dispar animorum, as courageous as the best of them.
 Disparāta, orum, Things unlike, divers.
 Disparātē, adv. diversly.
 Disparilis, le, unlike, unmeet.
 Disparilitas, ātis, f. a Difference, Inequality.
 Disparo, are, to separate, put apart, disagree.
 Disparor, ari, to be severed.
 Dispartio, ire, to divide or part asunder.
 † Dispatelco, escere, to be spread abroad, published.
 Dispectus, ūs, m. [à dispicio] Consideration, Choice, Discretion.
 Dispellens, ntis, driving away.
 Dispello, ūli, ūsum, to dis, el or put into several places.
 Dispellor, li, to be put asunder.
 Dispendiose, adv. with Loss.
 † Dispendiositas, ātis, f. Loss.
 Dispendiosus, a, um, hurtful, dangerous, costly, sumptuous.
 Dispendium, ii, n. Expence, Loss, Charge, Cost, the farthest way about.
 Dispendo, di, sum, to employ, expend, bestow, pay, lay out. * Dispendere curam, to take up one's whole Care.
 Dispendo, ere [of dis and pando] to stretch out at length.
 Dispenno, are [of penna] to stretch the Wings out.
 Dispensatio, ōnis, f. a Dispensation, Distribution, Charge, or Laying out Money of another.
 † Dispensativus, a, um, ordering Household affairs.
 Dispensator, oris, m. a Butler, Steward, one that lays out Money for another; also the Family Spencer.
 Dispenatur, imp. it is so ordered.
 Dispensatus, a, um, disposed, granted.
 Dispenso, are [à dispendo] to dispence, distribute, lay out Money, to govern, have the Management of.
 Dispenfor, ari, to be laid out.
 Dispercutio, ūli, ūsum, to dash out.
 Disperditio, ōnis, f. a Destroying, Wasting, Undoing.
 Disperditus, a, um, lost, undone.
 Disperdo, didi, itum, to destroy, lose, end, waste.
 Disperdor, di, to be lost, &c.
 Disperere, ivi, itum, to perish, be undone, utterly lost. * Dispereream si, let me perish if.
 Dispergo, si, sum [à spargo] to disperse, sow, scatter, spread abroad. * Dispergere vitam in auras, to die.
 Dispergor, gi, to be spread abroad. * An tibi mavis cerebrum dispergi, had you rather have your Brains knock'd out?
 Dispersē, adv. scatteringly.
 Dispersim, adv. here and there, in several places.
 Dispersio, ōnis, f. a Scattering.
 † Dispersor, ōris, m. a Scatterer.
 Dispersus, a, um [of dispergor] dispersed, sprinkled, scattered, laying out at length.
 Dispersus, ūs, m. a Scattering or Spreading abroad.
 Dispertio, ire, to divide, part, distribute.
 Dispertior, iri, to distribute. * Dispertire exercitum per oppida, to quarter the Army up and down the Villages. * Dispertiri in multas curas, to be distracted with cares.
 Dispertitus, a, um, divided, parted.
 Dispersens, ntis, dividing, separating.
 Dispersco, ui, i, um [à pasco] to separate, to feed severally, drive from Pasture.
 Dispersor, ci, to be driven from Pasture.
 Dispersuus, a, um, fed severally, or driven from Pasture.
 † Displex, icis, quick-sighted.
 † Disphendonomena, a Persian Punishment by tying the Legs to the Tops of Trees, and drawing them asunder.
 † Dispicientia, x, f. Circumspection, Consideration.
 Dispicio, xi, ctum [à specio] to look diligently, consider well, discern.
 Displicatio, ōnis, f. a Displaying.
 † Displicator, ōris, m. he that unfolds.
 Displicatus, a, um, displayed, scattered, not in Flocks.
 Displicens, ntis, displeasing.
 Displicentia, x, f. a Displeasing.
 Displiceo, ui, itum [of dis and placeo] to displease.
 † Displicina, x, f. she that displeaseth.
 Displicitus, a, um, displeasing.
 Displico, ui, and avi, itum, and atum, to display, lay open, unfold, pluck in pieces.
 Displicor, ari, to be unfolded, &c.
 Displodo, ūdi, ūsum [of dis and plaud.] to break in sinder with a great Noise, to applaud, commend.
 Displodor, di, to be broken asunder.
 Displōsio, ōnis, f. a Breaking with a Noise.
 Displōsus, a, um [of displodor] burst asunder, shot off. * Displōsis naribus, flat-nos'd.
 † Displuvium, or displuvium, ii, n. the Place which receives the Rain-water.
 Displuviatus, a, um, keeping away the Rain.
 Displōbiolum, li, n. a Place of Robbery, Naughtiness, a Robbing.
 Displōbiatio, ōnis, f. Robbery.
 Displōbiator, ōris, m. a Robber.
 Dispolio, are [à spolio] to spoil or rob one of all.
 Dispondaxus, i, m. a double Spondee.
 Dispono, ōfui, situm, to dispose, determine, put in order, set in array, give. * Disponere diem, to order the day after the several Businessess.
 † Disporto, are, to carry into divers parts.
 Dispositē, adv. orderly, in order.
 Dispositio, ōnis, f. Disposition, Setting in order; also Provision, Separation, Policy.
 † Dispositius, more orderly.
 Dispositor, ōris, m. a Disposer, Setter in order. * Mundi dispositor, God.
 † Dispositura, x, f. a Disposing.
 Dispositus, a, um [of dispono] disposed, ordered. * Disposita in omnem fortunam consilia, Counsels ready to encounter any accidents whatever.
 Dispositus, ūs, m. a Setting in Order.
 Dispreus, a, um [à spretus] despised.
 Dispreet, ere, to be greatly ashamed. * Dispreet mihi sic data esse verba, I am ashamed to be so counsell'd.
 Dispulso, a, um [of dispellor] driven away.
 † Dispulveratio, ōnis, f. a Reducing to Dust.
 † Dispulvero, are, to reduce into Powder.
 Dispulveror, ari, to be reduced to Powder.
 † Dispumatorium, ii, n. a Scummer.
 † Dispūmo, are, to scum off, foam up, or about.
 Dispunctio, ōnis, f. a Pricking out, a Paying or Requiring.
 Dispunctor, ōris, m. he that pays.
 Dispungo, xi, tum, to prick out, examine Particulars, part. * Dispungere rationes, to examine an Audit.
 Disputabilis, le, disputable.
 Disputans, ntis, disputing.
 Disputatio, ōnis, f. a Disputation, Arguing, Reasoning.
 Disputatiuncula, x, f. a small Debate.
 Disputator, ōris, m. a Disputer.
 † Disputatorius, a, um, of Dispute, disputable.
 Disputatrix, icis, f. a She-disputer.
 Disputatur, imp. there is a Dispute.
 Disputatus, a, um, disputed.
 Disputo, are, to dispute, debate, reason, treat of, to prune. * Disputare rationem cum aliquo, to reason out the case, or make up a Reckoning. * Disputare aliquid alicui, to make a thing plain to one by Disputation.
 Disquāmat, a, um, unskaled.
 Disquāmo, are, to unskale. See desquamo.
 Disquiro, ivi, itum [of dis and quæro] to enquire, seek or search for.
 Disquiror, ri, to be sought.
 Disquisitio, ōnis, f. Inquisition, diligent Search or Tryal, Inquest. * Venire in disquisitionem, to be tried by a Jury or Inquest.
 Disquisitor, ōris, m. a diligent Searcher, Examiner.
 Disraro, are, to make rare or thin; also to geld.

Disrumpo, ūpi, ptum, to break a-
sunder.
Disrumpor, pi, to be broken, &c.
† Dissuavior, for dissuavior.
Dissecatio, onis, f. a Cutting a-
sunder.
Dissecator, ōris, m. a Dissector.
Dissecatus, a, um, dissected.
Disseco, ui, ctum, to dissect, anato-
mize, cut in pieces, or open. * Ser-
rā dissecare, to saw asunder.
Dissecor, ari, to be cut asunder.
Dissectio, ōnis, f. a Cutting in pieces.
Dissectus, a, um [of dissecor] cut
asunder.
† Dissedo, are, to appease.
Disseminatio, ōnis, f. a Sowing a-
bout.
Disseminator, ōris, m. a Sower or
spreader about.
Dissemino, are, to sow here and there,
divulge, spread abroad.
Disseminor, ari, to be sown, &c.
Dissentio, ōnis, f. } Difference, Con-
Dissentus, ūs, m. } trariety of O-
pinions.
Dissentaneus, a, um, disagreeing.
Dissentiens, ntis, disagreeing.
† Dissentio, ōnis, a Dissention, Va-
riance, Disagreement.
Dissentio, si, sum, to dissent, dis-
agree, be of a contrary Opinion.
* Ab aliquo, cum aliquo, alicui
dissentire, not to agree with.
Dissepimentum, i, n. a Dam, Hedge,
Partition, the Division of the Quar-
ters of a Walnut.
Dissepio, pi, psi, ptum, to sepa-
rate by a Hedge or Enclosure, to dis-
park.
Disseptum, } ti, n. an Enclosure ;
Dissepium, } also the Midriff.
Disserenat, imp. it grows fair.
Disserendus, a, um, to be trans-
planted.
Dissereno, are, to clear up.
Dissero, evi, itum, to sow scatter-
ingly.
Dissero, ui, ertum, to dispute, rea-
son, debate. * In utramque par-
tem disserere, to dispute pro and con.
* Disserere aliquid, de re aliqua,
to handle a matter in disputation.
Disseror, ri, to be sown or scattered
abroad.
† Disserpo, ere, to spring up here
and there.
Disseratundus, a, um, hot in Dis-
pute.
Disseratio, ōnis, f. a Disputing, Con-
tending.
Disserator, ōris, m. a Disputer.
Dissero, are, to dispute or reason
vehemently.
† Dissico, for disseco.
Dissidens, ntis, disagreeing.
Dissidentia, æ, f. Dissention, Dis-
cord, a being out of joint.
Dissideo, edi, essum [a sedeo] to
disagree, to be at Variance ; also
be divorced. * A veri fide dissid-
et, it's unlike to be true. * Cum
causa dissidere, to hate the quarrel.
* Adamas cum magnete dissidet,
is at odds with the Loadstone.
Dissidium, ii, n. Discord, Dissention.
* Inter nos dissidium querunt,
they would make a Breach between
us.
† Dissignator, for designator.
Dissigno, are, to unseal, cancel, break
open.
Dissilio, ui, and -ivi, ultum [of
dis and salio] to leap down, to

leap or fly in pieces, to chop a-
sunder.
Dissimilāris, re, dissimilar, unlike.
Dissimilis, le, ior, illinus, unlike.
* Dissimilis sui, not like himself.
* Dissimilis in illum, Tacit. not
resembling him.
Dissimiliter, adv. differently.
Dissimilitudo, inis, f. Unlikeness.
Dissimulābilis, le, which may be
counterfeited, dissembled.
Dissimulamentum, i, n. a Dissem-
bling, Counterfeiting.
Dissimulanter, adv. dissembling,
closely.
Dissimulantia, æ, f. a Dissembling,
Cloaking, Concealing.
† Dissimularis, re, unlike.
Dissimulatin, adv. dissemblingly.
Dissimulatio, ōnis, f. a Dissembling,
a making as though one did not what
he does.
Dissimulātor, ōris, m. a Dissem-
bler.
Dissimulatus, a, um, dissembled.
Dissimulo, are, to dissemble, conceal,
pass by, take no notice, seem not to
know. * Dissimulare silentio in-
juriam, to put up a Wrong. * Dissi-
mulat se voluisse, he makes as
though he had not been willing.
Dissipābilis, le, which may be scat-
tered abroad.
Dissipatio, ōnis, f. a Scattering a-
broad.
Dissipator, ōris, m. a Scatterer.
Dissipatus, a, um, scattered, dispersed.
* Dissipatus in instruendo, con-
founded in giving Instructions.
† Dissipimentum, i, n. a Partition
in the midst of a Walnut.
† Dissipium, ii, n. one of the three
principal Entrails, Midriff.
Dissipo, are [ab ant. sipo] to
scatter, disperse, punish, spread
abroad, squander away, dissolve,
discuss. * Dissipare conviviis
patrimonium, to spend an Estate
in Banquetting. * Dissipare fa-
mam alicujus rei, to noise a thing
abroad.
Dissitus, a, um [of dissitor] di-
stant, remote.
Dissociābilis, le, unsociable, hating
Company.
Dissociatio, ōnis, f. a Disunion,
Distance, Parting, Setting at odds,
Breaking off Company.
Dissociator, ōris, m. a Separator.
Dissociatus, a, um, separated.
Dissocio, are, to part, separate, break
the Company, disunite.
† Dissoleo, ere, not to be accus-
tomed.
Dissolūbilis, le, easie to be loosed,
united, melted, dispatched.
Dissolvo, vi, ūtum, to dissolve, melt,
dispatch, loose, unbind, pay. * Dis-
solvere amicitias, to break Friend-
ship. * Dissolve me, put me out
of doubt. * Dissolvere religionem,
to put down Religion. * Dissol-
vere se ex re aliqua, to rid him-
self of a Business, disentangle him-
self out of it.
Dissolvor, vi, to be dissolved, or
dye.
Dissolutē, adv. dissolutely, carelessly,
slackly.
Dissolutio, ōnis, f. Dissolution,
Dissoluteness, Dissolving, Loosing.
* Dissolutio naturæ, death. * Dis-
solutio stomachi, the Weakness of
the Stomach.

Dissolutor, ōris, m. a Dissolver.
† Dissolutum, i, a Dissolving.
Dissolutus, a, um [of dissolvor]
dissolute, riotous, dissolved, unbound,
weak. * Dissolutum navigium,
a founder'd Ship. * Dissolutis
criminibus, having justified him-
self.
Dissonans, ntis, disagreeing.
Dissonantia, æ, f. a Discord, Dis-
agreeing.
Dissono, ui, itum, to disagree, jar,
be out of Tune.
Dissonus, a, um, disagreeing, un-
tuneable.
† Distortes, to whom the Inheritance
is divided.
Distortio, ōnis, f. [à fors] the Di-
viding of an Inheritance between
Copartners.
Disuadeo, si, sum, to dissuade,
reason against. * Legem dissua-
dere, to be against the passing of a
Law.
Disuasio, ōnis, f. a Dissuading.
Disuasor, ōris, m. a Dissuader.
† Disuaviatio, ōnis, f. a Sweet
Kissing.
Disuavior, ari, to kiss sweetly, or
much.
† Disuetudo, inis, f. a Disusing.
Disulcus, as disulcus.
Disultatio, ōnis, f. a Leaping up
and down.
Disulco, are [à disilio] to leap up
and down, burst asunder.
† Dissum, i, n. or bisum, a Morfel
or Bit.
Disuro, ui, ūtum, to rip or unsew,
break off by little and little. * Dis-
suere amicitias, to dissolve Friend-
ship by degrees.
Disuor, ui, to be ripped, undone.
Disutilis, le, easily unsewed.
Disutus, a, um [of disuor] un-
sewed.
Distā, a Town in the Country of A-
ria.
† Distābo, ere, to pine or consume
away.
Distābesco, ere, to consume or pine
away apace.
Distādet, uit, imp. it loaths or
irks. * Distādet me, I am quite
a weary.
Distans, ntis, distant, differing.
Distantia, æ, f. Distance, Difference,
Space between, Respect.
† Distemperāmen, inis, Distempe-
rature.
† Distemperantia, æ, f. Distemper.
† Distemperio, and -eo, ere, to
distemper.
Distendo, di, sum, and -tum, to
stretch out every way, stuff or fill.
* Distendere aciem, to enlarge
the Front of an Army. * Disten-
dere rictum, to gape wide.
Distentio, ōnis, f. a Stretching out,
Cramming. * Distentio nervo-
rum, a Convulsion.
Distentissimus, a, um, very busy,
full of Business.
Distento, are [a distendo] to stuff
greatly, stretch out much or often.
Distentor, ōris, m. a Stuffer, Stretch-
er, a Racker.
Distentus, a, um [of distendor]
stuffed, strutting out.
Distentus, a, um [of distineor]
very busy, or hindered by divers Bu-
sinesses.
Distentus, ūs, m. a Stretching out.

Dister-

- Ditēminātio**, ōnis, f. a *Dividing of Limits or Bounds.*
Ditēminātor, ōris, m. a *Remover of bounds.*
Ditēmino, are, to bound or separate place from place.
Ditēminor, ari, to be limited.
† **Ditēminus**, a, um, separated.
† **Diterno**, ere, to unsaddle.
† **Ditēro**, ivi, itum, to pound, bray, break small.
Distichon, i, n. a *Distich*, or Pair of Verses, g.
Distichum hordeum, a kind of Barley with two rows of Grain in the Ear.
† **Distillārius**, ii, m. a *Distiller.*
Distillatio, ōnis, f. a *Distilling*, Dropping, Rheum, Catarrh.
Distillator, ōris, m. a *Distiller.*
Distillo, are, to distil, drop leisurely.
* **Distillare lachrymam**, to shed a Tear.
Distillor, ari, to be distilled.
Distincte, adv. distinctly, severally.
Distinctim, rally.
Distinctio, ōnis, f. *Distinction*, Separation, Difference, Point.
Distinctor, ōris, m. a *Distinguisher.*
Distinctus, a, um [of *distinguo*] distinguished, discerned, checker'd, studded.
Distinctus, ūs, m. a *Distinction*, Diversity, Variety.
Distineo, ui, utum [of *dis* and *teneo*] to possess, take up, keep asunder, separate, drive away, beat back. * **Distinere pacem**, to hinder peace.
Distineor, eri, to be employed or taken up.
Distinguo, xi, ctum [*Διασίζω*] to distinguish, divide, separate, put a Difference between, set or bestud with Nails, &c. mingle. * **Distinguere gemmis**, to beset with Pearls.
Distinguo, gui, to be distinguished.
* **Intervallis distingui**, to be set at distances.
Distito, are, to stand apart, or at distance.
Disto, are [à *sto*] to differ, be distant, unlike. * A veritate distare, to be wide of Truth, be false.
Distorqueo, si, tum, to wrest or set awry. * **Distorquere os**, to make a wry mouth.
Distortio, ōnis, f. a *Wrestling*, Setting awry, Crookedness.
Distortor, ōris, m. he that wresteth aside.
Distortus, a, um [of *distorqueo*] wrested, writhen, deformed.
Distractio, ōnis, f. *Separation*, Alienation, Snelling, Drawing asunder.
Distractissimus, a, um, very busy.
Distractor, ōris, m. a *Divider*, Seller, Distracter.
Distractus, a, um [of *distrahor*] distracted, drawn asunder, alienated.
Distrāho, xi, ctum, to distract, draw or pull asunder or from, differ, sell. * **Distrahere controversiam**, to end a Controversy. * **Taurus mons ditrahit mediam Asiam**, Mount Taurus divides Asia in the middle.
Ditrāhor, hi, to be drawn away, to be in doubt, not to know which way to save.
† **Distratus**, a, um, covered.
- Distribuo**, ui, utum, to distribute, divide, deal, dispose. * **Distribuere causam**, to state a Case.
Distribuo, ui, to be appointed, divided.
Distributē, adv. distributively, distinctly.
Distributim, adv. distinctly, by Parts or Parcels.
Distributio, ōnis, f. *Distribution*, Division, Parting.
Distributor, ōris, m. a *Distributor*, Divider, Dealer.
Distributus, a, um [of *distribuo*] divided, bestowed, parted.
Districte, adv. strictly, shortly, precisely, straightly, sharply.
Districtim, adv. very sharply or straightly. * **Districtim nolle**, to be resolutely bent against.
Districcio, ōnis, f. *Difficulty*, Trouble, Hindring.
Districcius, adv. more straightly, more briefly.
Districtor, ōris, m. a *Hinderer.*
Districus, ūs, m. a *Precinct*, Jurisdiction.
Districus, a, um [of *distinguo*] fast bound, straight, severe.
† **Distrigillatio**, ōnis, f. a *Currying*, or Rubbing down.
† **Distrigillator**, ōris, m. a *Currier.*
† **Distrigillo**, are, to curry or rub.
† **Distrigmenta**, orum, broken Pieces.
Distringens, ntis, binding, rubbing.
Distingo, xi, ctum [à *stringo*] to strain hard, bind fast, scrape off, gather or strip fruit from the boughs, rub, cleanse, curry, wound. * **Distringere gladium**, to draw a sword.
* **Distringere crustam panis**, to chip Bread. * **Arundo distrinxit summu in corpus**, the Arrow rased his skin. * **Distringere aliquem negotiis**, to hamper one in Business. * **Distringere amaritudinem carminum**, to write a most biting Satyr against.
Distrinor, gi, to be strained.
Distruncatio, ōnis, f. a *Maiming*, Cutting off or in pieces.
Distruncator, ōris, m. a *Maimer.*
Distrunco, are, to maim, lop, shred, cut off or in pieces, behead or quarter. * **Medium distruncabo**, I'll cut you in two.
Distruncor, ari, to be quartered.
Distruo, xi, ctum [à *struo*] to build asunder, or at a distance.
Dituli. See *differo*.
Diturbatio, ōnis, f. a *Destroying*, Risting, Throwing down.
Diturbator, ōris, m. a *Troubler*, Hinderer.
Diturbatus, a, um, thrown down.
Diturbo, are, to cast, beat or throw down, disturb, overthrow, pull down, disorder, break and toss, hinder. * **Diturbare vitam societatem**, to interrupt or hinder Commerce, Dealings, Trade.
† **Ditulcus**, ci, m. a Hog with the Bristles of his Neck divided.
† **Difulto**, are, to lead up and down.
Ditatus, a, um, enriched.
Ditesco, ere [à *dives*] to grow rich.
Dithyrambus, i, m. a Surname of Baccus among the Greeks; also a Song in honour of him, g.
Ditio, ōnis, f. [à *dives* vel *do*] Jurisdiction, Empire, Authority,
- Diocesi**. * In ditionem venire, to come under, be subject to, become tributary to.
Ditiones, a People of Dalmatia.
Ditiōr, ius, ōris, richer. See *dives*.
† **Ditis**, e, rich, wealthy.
Ditissimē, adv. very richly.
Ditissimus, a, um, very rich, wealthy. * **Ditissimus agri**, a landed Man.
Dito, are, to enrich.
Ditonus, i, g. a Third in Music.
Ditrochæus, æi, a Foot of two Trochees.
Dittani, a People of Spain.
DIU [à *dies*] long, long while.
* **Diu est quod**, 'tis a long time since that. * **Diu multumque**, multum diuque, a great while, and in a great measure.
Diu, ablat. of *dies*, by Day.
Diva, æ, f. a Goddess, Saint.
Diva, the River Dee in Scotland.
† **Divagabilis**, le, wandering.
Divagor, ari, to wander about, go astray. * **Animus huc & illuc divagatur**, my Wits are gone a Wandering.
Divālis, le, divine.
Divāricatio, ōnis, f. a *Stradling*, Setting wide asunder.
Divāricatus, a, um, stradling, play-footed. * **Divaricata tibia**, bowing outwards.
Divārico, are, to stride or straddle, set open like a Pair of Compasses.
* **Ramos arborum divaricare**, to plash Trees.
Divadurum, a City in France.
† **Divē**, divinely, holily.
† **Divectior dies**, drawing towards an end.
Divellico, are, to pull divers ways.
† **Divellio**, ōnis, a War.
Divello, li, and ulsi, sum, to draw or pull off, asunder or away. * **Mordicus divellere**, to tear away with the Teeth. * **Divellere vulnus**, to make a Wound wider.
Divendo, di, itum, to sell abroad.
† **Diventilo**, are, to fan.
Diverberatio, ōnis, f. a *Striking through*.
Diverbero, are, to strike through, beat, cleave or cut.
Diverberor, ari, to be stricken through.
Diverbium, ii, n. [à *verbum*] a Proverb or old Saying, a By-word, a Funeral-song, and the first part of a Comedy.
Divergium aquarum [à *vergo*] a Parting of Waters so as to make an Island.
Diversē, adv. diversely, contrarily, unlikely.
† **Diversiclinis**, ne, diversely declined.
† **Diversiclinium**, ii, n. a place having many ways.
Diversifico, are, to diversify or vary.
† **Diversilōquium**, ii, n. a different Speech.
† **Diversilōquus**, a, um, speaking diversely.
Diversissimē, adv. very differently.
Diversitas, ātis, f. *Diversity*, Difference, Unlikelihoods, Contrariety.
Diversitor, ari [à *diverto*] to resort often, decline or turn to.
Diversitor, ōris, m. an Inn-keeper.

Diverfor, ari, to sojourn, lodge, or resort unto. * **Diversari** apud aliquem, to board with one.
Diverfor, oris, m. a Guest, Sojourner, Lodger, Boarder.
Diverforiarius, ii, m. an Inn-keeper.
Diversoriolum, li, n. a poor or blind Inn.
Diversorium, ii, n. an Inn, Ordinary, Victualling-house, Lodging.
Diversorius, a, um, of an Inn or Lodging.
Diversum, adv. differently.
Diverfus, ior, illimus, going out of the way, wandering, diverse, different, unlike, contrary, directly opposite. * **E diverfo**, on the contrary. * **In diverfum**, back to back, tail to tail. * **Diversi interrogantur**, they were asked severally. * **Ex diverfo cœli**, out of some obscure uncouth place among the mountains.
Diverticulum, li, n. an Inn, Digression, By-path, a cunning Shift. * **Diverticulum querere peccatis**, to cloak his faults, carry 'em under a Vizard.
Diverto, ti, sum, to turn aside, go from one's purpose, make a Digression, bait, or go to an Inn, lodge, differ, divorce. * **Divertunt mores virginum longè ac lupæ**, the manners of a Maid and a Harlot differ greatly. * **Divertere a proposito**, to go from the Subject, digress. * **Divertere apud hospitem**, to take up one's Lodging.
Divertor, ti, to turn aside, &c.
DIVES, itis [à Δῖς divus] wealthy, rich. * **Dives ingenium**, an excellent wit. * **Dives pecoris**, or pecore, having much Cattle.
Divexatio, onis, f. a Vexing greatly.
Divexo, are, to vex or trouble greatly, rifle, plunder. * **Divexare agros**, to forage.
Divexor, ari, to be vexed.
Divi, orum, m. Gods, Canonized Saints.
Diviana [q. diva jana] an Epithet of the Moon.
Dividia, æ, f. [à divido] Wearisomeness, Tediousness, Trouble, Discord.
Dividicula, orum, Conduit-heads.
Divido, isti, isum [Hetrusc. Iduo] to divide, distribute, assign, part, cut in pieces. * **Dividere sententiam**, to draw up his Opinion into certain heads, and so declare one point after another.
Dividue, adv. by halves.
Dividuam, or uitas, atis, a Dividend, Division.
Dividuus, a, um, divisible. * **Dividua luna**, at a quarter old.
Diviliria, the City Dublin in Ireland.
Divina, æ, f. she that guesses. * **Avis divina imbrum**, a Bird-boding Rain.
Divinaculum, li, n. an Oracle.
Divinalis, le, of divining.
Divinans, ntis, divining, guessing.
Divinasso, ere, to conjecture.
Divinatio, onis, f. a Divining, Foretelling, guessing.
Divinator, oris, m. he that foretells or guesses.

Divinatus, a, um, guessed.
Divinè, adv. divinely, transcendently.
Divinipotens, ntis, skilled in divine Things.
Divinitas, atis, f. the Godhead, Canonization, Divinity.
Divinitus, adv. divinely, from God.
Divino, are, to divine, prophesy, foretell, conjecture.
Divinus, a, um [à divus] divine, godly, heavenly. * **Rei divinæ operam dare**, to be at one's Devotion.
Divinus, i, m. a Divine or Diviner, Sooth-sayer, Fortune-teller, Wizard.
Divio, the City Dijon, the Metropolis of Burgundy.
Divipotes, Castor and Pollux.
Divisæ or **Divisio**, the Vies or Divises in Wiltshire.
Divisè, } adv. severally.
Divisim, }
Divisio, onis, f. a Division, Parting, Distributing. * **Divisiones dare**, to make a Dole.
Divisor, oris, m. a Divider, Parter, Distributer, Almoner.
Divisura, æ, f. a Division, Cleft, or Notch.
Divisus, a, um [of divisor] divided, notched. * **Non divisâ sunt temporibus tibi hæc**, this Plot was not laid seasonably by you.
Divisus, us, m. a Dividing.
Divitiacus, a Heduan, a Friend of Cicero's.
Divitiæ, arum, f. [à dives] Riches.
Divitior, oris, richer.
Divitiositas, atis, Wealthiness.
Divitiösus, a, um, very wealthy.
Divitissimus, a, um, very rich.
Divito, are, to make rich.
Divitor, ari, to be enriched.
Dium, ii, n. [à dius] the open Air. * **Morari sub dio**, to lye abroad all night.
Divorum, the Metropolis of Lotharingia, call'd Mets en Lorrain.
Divortium, ii, n. [à diverto] a Path, Divorce, Division, Separation. * **Divortia itinerum**, the By-ways they must travel in.
Diur, a River of Mauritania Tingitana.
Diureticus, a, um, provoking Urine, &c.
Diurnalis, le, of the day.
Diurnata, æ, f. a day's journey.
Diurno, are, to live or last long.
Diurnum, i, n. a Journal-book, a day's Hire or Provision.
Diurnus, a, um [à dies] done in or belonging to the Day. * **Diurni commentarii**, Day-books. * **Diurnum victum querere**, to earn one's daily Bread.
Dius, a Historian who wrote of Phœnicia.
Dius, a, um [Δῖς] divine, excellent, of an anointed and noble Family.
Diutine, adv. very long.
Diutinus, a, um [à diu] enduring long.
Diutissime, adv. very long.
Diutius, adv. longer.
Diutiusculè, Erasmus, a little while.
Diutule, adv. a little while.

D D D D D 3

Diuturnior, and -us, longer, more lasting.
Diuturnissimus, a, um, very long, and lasting.
Diuturnitas, atis, f. length of time, Continuance.
Diuturno, are, to prolong.
Diuturnus, a, um, continuing long.
Divulgatio, onis, f. a Divulging, Publishing.
Divulgator, oris, m. a Publisher.
Divulgatus, a, um, ior, illimus, published, abandoned. * **Divulgatissimus magistratus**, an Office easily attainable.
Divulgo, are, to publish, report, make known or common. * **Cujus primum tempus ætatis ad omnes libidines divulgatum**, who was very lewd and intemperate in his Youth.
Divulgor, ari, to be divulged.
Divulsio, onis, f. a Pulling asunder.
Divulfor, oris, m. he that pulls asunder.
Divulsus, a, um [of divellor] pulled off or asunder.
Divum, i, the open Air.
Divus, a, um [Δῖς] holy, divine.
Divus, i, m. one canonized, a Saint.
Dizerus, a City of Illyria.
Dizootra, a Town of Armenia minor.

D O

D. O. for Diis omnibus or Deo optimo.
DO, edi, atum [Δῖς, Δῖς] to give, permit, grant, offer, declare, make, submit, commit, deliver, put, appoint, sell or set, give out. * **Vitio dare**, to blame. * **In viam se dare**, to be marshing. * **Dare utendum**, to lend. * **Dare operas in portu**, to be Custom-er or Receiver of Toll in a Haven. * **Dare se somno**, to go to sleep. * **Effectum dare**, to accomplish. * **Dare manus**, to yield. * **Dare pœnas**, to suffer. * **Dare operam**, to endeavour. * **Haud paternum istud dedisti**, your Father would not have done so. * **Dare verba**, to deceive. * **Dare actionem or judicium**, to give one leave to commence a suit. * **Dare linteamentum in plagam**, to tent a wound. * **Dare præcipitem**, to throw one down headlong. * **Dare terga**, se fugæ or in fugam, to run away. * **Dare vindicias**, to adjudge the free Enjoyment of litigious Land (while the Case is depending) to him that seems to have most right to them. * **Dare comitem**, to accompany. * **Dare famæ**, to publish. * **Dare cruci**, to crucify. * **Dare se in laqueum**, to hang one's self. * **Dare mutuo**, to lend. * **Dare oblivioni**, to forget. * **Dare operam mutuam**, to help again. * **Dare operam liberis**, to beget children. * **Dare vela**, to hoise up sails. * **Date mihi**, lend me your help. * **Ut sese dant res**, as the Affairs go. * **Paucis dabo**, I'll tell you in a Word. * **Datur cernere**, one may perceive. * **Dare mancipio**, to alienate, sell out-

- out-right. * Dare natalitia, to keep one's birth-day with merriment and good cheer. * Si dabitur, if it will be granted. * Dare operam tonforibus, to be shaved. * Quantum datur, as far as may be.
- Doanus, a River of India without Ganges.
- Doani, the People about Doanus.
- † Doarium, ii, n. a Dowry.
- Doberæ, a People of Thrace.
- Doberus and Deborus, a City of Pæonia.
- Dobuni or Beduni, the People of Gloucestershire and Oxfordshire.
- Dōcendus, a, um, to be taught.
- DōCEO, ui, ctum, [à δαῖνω] existimo] to teach, instruct, advise, inform. * Vim afferre in docendo, to force a belief. * Latine docere, to teach one Latin. * Docere aliquem fidibus, to teach one Music, or to play.
- Dōceor, ere, to be taught.
- Dochi, a People of Æthiopia.
- † Dochimaicus, a, um, consisting of a Dochimus.
- † Dochimus, Five Syllables.
- Dōcibilis, le, apt to learn.
- † Docibilitas, ātis, f. a being teachable.
- † Dōcibiliter, teachably.
- Dōcilis, le, [à doceo] apt to learn. * Docilis pravi, ready to learn naughtiness. * Docilis fallendi, he that soon gets the knack of deceiving.
- Dōcilitas, ātis, f. aptness to learn.
- Docimeum, a City of Phrygia.
- Docirata, a City of Dacia.
- Docis, idis, f. a fiery meteor like a beam, g.
- Doclea, a City of Dalmatia.
- Docleatæ, the People of Doclea.
- Doctē, ius, illimē, adv. learnedly.
- † Doctilōquium, ii, n. learned Discourse.
- † Doctilōquus, a, um, speaking learnedly.
- Doctor, ōris, m. a Doctor, Teacher. * Nullo doctore, having no Master. * Sapientia doctor, a Philosopher.
- Doctrina, æ, f. Doctrine, Teaching, Learning.
- † Doctrinālis, le, of Doctrine.
- † Doctrino, are, to instruct.
- Doctrix, icis, f. a She-teacher, Doctress.
- Doctus, a, um, ior, illimus, [of doceor] taught, learned, wise, a good Scholar. * Doctus sagittarum, skilled in shooting. * Doctus ad malitiam, unhappy, mischievous. * Doctum doces, tell me what I know not.
- Dōcūmen, īnis, n. a Lesson, Essay.
- † Dōcūmentatio, onis, f. a Teaching.
- † Dōcūmentor, ari, to instruct.
- Dōcūmentum, i, n. Instruction, a Lesson, Example, Proof. * Documento habere aliquem, to follow any one, to square one's actions after such a Man's Rule.
- Docus, ci, f. a Beam, also a Meteor, g.
- Dodecæteris, idis, f. the space of twelve Years, g.
- Dodecatemorium, the 12th part of the Zodiac, or any thing else, g.
- Dodecathei, the twelve chief Gods and Goddesses.
- Dodecatheos, a private Banquet that Octavius made to twelve Guests.
- Dodōna, a City of Chaonia, near which was a Grove of Oaks consecrated to Jupiter Dodonæus, and the most ancient Oracle of all Greece, where they said the Pigeons and the Trees gave forth Oracles.
- Dodonæum æs, a kind of Cymbal rattling day and night, applyed to Men that are over talkative.
- Dodone, the Daughter of Jupiter and Europa; also a Fountain which puts out lighted Torches, and lights others.
- Dodonides, the Nurses of Bacchus; called also Atlantides.
- Dodonius, a, um, of Dodona.
- † Dodra, æ, f. a Drink of nine several Ingredients.
- Dodrans, ntis, m. [cui deest quadrans] nine Ounces or Inches, three quarters of any thing; also a full span.
- Dōdrantālis, le, of nine Ounces or inches.
- Doeantes, a Field and City of Phrygia.
- † Doerium, ii, n. a Dower.
- Dofris, Dover in Kent.
- † Doga, æ, f. a kind of Boat; also a Wine-vessel, or Boat-cup; also a Water-pipe.
- † Doga, æ, m. a Neat-herd.
- † Logarius or Docharius, a Cooper belonging to the Vessels called Dogæ.
- Dogma, ātis, n. a received Opinion, Decree, g.
- Dogmāticus, a, um, g. wise, positive.
- Dogmatistes, the Author of any Sect or Opinion, g.
- Dogmatizo, are, to instruct, g.
- Dolii, a People of Arabia fœlix.
- Dolabella, æ, f. a little Plane.
- Dolabella, the Name of a Romish Family.
- Dolābelliana pyra, Pears with a long stalk.
- Dolabra, æ, f. [à dolo] a Carpenter's Axe or great Plane.
- † Dolābro, arē, to hew or plane.
- † Dolābrum, i, a hewing, planing.
- Dolāmen, īnis, n. a hewing, squaring.
- Dolātes, a People of Umbria.
- † Dolātilis, le, easily hewed.
- Dolātum, adv. artificially, smoothly.
- Dolātio, ōnis, f. a smoothing, planing.
- Dolātor, ōris, m. a Planer, Turner.
- Dolātōrium, ii, n. an Axe or Plane.
- † Dolātūra, æ, f. a planing, hewing.
- Dolātus, a, um, hewed, smoothed.
- Dolendus, a, um, to be bewailed.
- Dolens, ntis, grieving.
- Dolentis and Dola, the City Dole in Gallia Celtica.
- Dolentèr, adv. sorrowfully.
- Dolentia, æ, f. Sorrow, Heaviness.
- DOLEO, ui, itum, [α δολέω] to be grieved, sorrowful, full of Pain, Ake. * Dolet dictum, it grieves me that I said it. * Dolent oculi, my Eyes are sore. * Doleo vicem tuam, I pity your case. * Dolere caput, to have the Head-ach. * Dolendum est, it is great pity.
- † Dōlesco, ere, to begin to grieve.
- Doliaris, re, [à dolium] of or like a Tun. * Doliare vinum, Wine in
- the Hoghead. * Doliaris anus, tun-bellied old woman.
- Doliarium, ii, n. a Wine-cellar; also a Tun.
- Doliarius, ii, m. a Cooper.
- Doliceæ, Islands of Arabia fœlix.
- Doliche, a Town in Macedonia, also Isle in the Ægean Sea, and a City of Syria.
- Dolichiste, an Island over-against Chimæra.
- Dolichurus, g. long-tailed.
- Doliēnus, the tenth Bishop of Jerusalem.
- Dolichus, i, the space of 12 Furlongs; also a French Bean, g.
- Doliolum, li, n. a little Barrel.
- Dolium, a Hill at Rome.
- Doliones, or -nii, the Inhabitants of Cyzicus.
- † Dōlito, are, to hew much or often to grieve.
- † Dōliturus, a, um, [à doleo] ready to grieve.
- † Dolitus, a, um, hewed, smoothed.
- † Dolivium, ii, n. a broad or chipping-axe.
- DOLUM, ii, n. [à dolo, vel Heb. Dalah, haufit] a Tun, Tub, Hoghead, or any great Vessel. * Inexplebile dolium, one covetous, prodigal.
- DOLO, are, [ab Heb. Dalal attenuari] to hew, chip, or square. * Dolare opus or rationem, to smooth or polish a Discourse or Oration. * Dolare dolum, to put a Trick upon.
- Dōlo, } a Tuck or Rapier in
Dolon, ōnis, m. } a Cane; also a
small Sail called the Top-gallant.
- Dolomena, part of Assyria.
- Dolon, ōnis, a swift Trojan rater and slain by Ulysses, having first (in hopes of Life) revealed the Counsels of Troy.
- Dolopes, a People of Thessaly.
- Dolor, ōris, m. [à doleo] Grief, Pain, Ach, Anguish, Sorrow. * Dolor quibusdam non dimittit, the Pain follows some to their Graves.
- † Dolorificus, a, um, causing Grief.
- † Doloro, are, to cause Pain or Sorrow.
- † Dolorōsus, a, um, full of Pain.
- Dolōsé, adv. Deceitfully.
- † Dolosi, for dolori.
- Dolōsitas, ātis, f. secret malice.
- Dolōsus, a, um, deceitful.
- † Dolumen, īnis, n. a chipping-axe.
- DOLUS, i, m. [δολος] Deceit; also Treachery, Waste. * Dolus malus, a Plot to wrong another. * Dolis incessere, to attempt to wrong one.
- Dolus Mendesium, a famous Historian of Ægypt.
- Doma, atis, n. the flat Roof of a House, g.
- Domābilis, le, tameable.
- Domacia, a City of Thessaly.
- Domada, a Town of Arabia.
- Domana, a City of Armenia minor and Arabia fœlix.
- Dōmandus, a, um, to be tamed.
- Domānetica, a fruitful Country of Pontica.
- Dōmatio, ōnis, f. a taming.
- Dōmātor, ōris, m. a Tamer.
- Dōmātus, a, um, tamed.
- Domazanes, a People of Arabia.
- Dōmeltica, æ, f. [sc. beltia] a tame Beast.
- Dōmelticātum, adv. from House to House.
- † Dōme-

† **Dōmesticatio**, ōnis, f. a keeping at home.
 † **Dōmesticatus**, ūs, m. a being of the Household.
 † **Dōmesticor**, ari, to keep at home.
 † **Dōmesticus**, a, um, [a domus] of the Household or Family, familiar, mild, tame. * **Dōmesticus otior**, I pass away the Time in my Chamber.
Dometiopolis, a City of Isauria.
Domicilium, ii, n. a Mansion or Dwelling-house. * **Mutare domicilium**, to change one's Dwelling.
 * **Domicilium superbix**, a haughty place, where proud people live.
 † **Domicillus**, and **dominellus**, a young Gentleman.
 † **Domicilla**, and **dominella**, a young Gentlewoman.
 † **Domiccenium**, ii, n. [a cœna] a supping at home.
 † **Domicula**, x, f. a little House.
 † **Domicus**, a, um, of the House.
Domiduca, x, f. she that leads the Bride to the Bridegroom's House.
Domiduca, a Name of Juno.
 † **Dōmifico**, are, to build Houses.
Domina, x, f. [a Dominus] a Lady, Mistress, or Dame; also a Wife.
Dominans, ntis, bearing rule.
Dominantiōr, ius, bearing a greater sway.
Dominatio, ōnis, f. Lordship, Sovereignty, Rule, Possession, Power. * **Habere dominationem**, to be sovereign.
Dominātor, ōris, m. a Lord Governor.
Dominātrix, icis, f. a Lady, Goddess, Governess.
Dominātus, ūs, m. Lordship, Authority, Mastership. * **Crudelis dominatus**, Tyranny, slavish Vassallage.
 † **Dōminiādius**, the Master of the House.
Dominica, the Wife of the Emperor Valens, who appeased the Goths when they were about to destroy Constantinople.
 † **Dōminicāle**, lis, n. a linen G'love used by Women in receiving the Sacrament.
Dominicalis, le, Dominical, of the Lord. * **Dominicales curiæ**, Court Barons.
Dominicanus, a, um. Erasmi. belonging to the Dominican Fryars.
 † **Dōminicida**, x, m. he that kills his Master.
 † **Dōminicum**, i, n. a Church or Assembly.
Dōminicus, a, um, of the Master or Lord. * **Dominicus** [dies] Sunday.
Dominus Maurocenus, a Venetian General, A. D. 1149.
Dominus Michael, a famous General of the Venetians.
Dōminium, ii, n. a Lordship, Sovereignty, Dominion.
Dōminor, ari, to have Dominion or Government, bear Rule, rule, over. * **Quam dispari domino dominaris**, by what a different Lord thou art possessed. * **Dominatur in affectibus**, it works hugely upon the Affections.
 † **Dōminulus**, i, m. a young or little Lord and Master.
Dōminus, i, m. [Heb. Adon] a Lord, Master, Owner, Husband.

* **Dominus epuli**, the Master of the Feast.
Domiportus, a, um, [a domus & porto] carrying his House.
Dōmitatio, ōnis, f. a taming; also a going home.
Dōmitianus, a morose Grammarian among the Romans; also a Roman Emperor, who cruelly persecuted the Christians, banished St. John, and would be called God; when he had nothing else to do, he killed Flies; whereupon when Priscus was asked who was with him, he answered, Not so much as a Fly.
 † **Dōmitio**, ōnis, f. a going to one's House; also a taming.
Domitius, the Name of several Men.
Domitius Marfus, a Poet that wrote Epigrams, and the War between Hercules and the Amazons.
Domitius Nero, a Roman Emperor.
Dōmito, are, [a domo] to tame or conquer often.
Dōmitor, ōris, m. a tamer, breaker, silduer.
Dōmitrix, icis, f. she that tames or subdues.
Dōmitura, x, f. taming or breaking.
Dōmiturus, a, um, about to tame or subdue.
Dōmitus, a, um, [of domor] tamed, subdued. * **Domitum habere**, to keep in order, restrain.
Dōmitus, ūs, m. a taming.
Dommonia, x, Devonshire.
Domna, a Name given to Martia the Wife of Severus.
Domina [for Domina] a Lady.
Domnonia, Devonshire.
Domnoniensis, e, of Devonshire.
Domnula, x, f. a little Lady.
Dominus [for Dominus] a Lord.
Domnus, the Son of the Bishop Deme-trianus, who when Paulus Samofatenus was excommunicated, was set over Antioch.
DōMO, avi, and ui, ātum and itum, [Δαμάω] to tame, conquer, subdue. * **Domare equos**, to break Horses. * **Domare terram aratro**, to till.
Dōmor, ari, to be tamed.
 † **Dōmuīs**, for domus.
Dōmutio, ōnis, f. [ab eo] a returning home.
Domuncula, x, f. a Cottage, or little House.
DōMUS, i, or ūs, f. [Δμα] a House, Family, Household, Lineage, a Nest, Cage, or Stable. * **Domus amica**, domus optima, home is home be it never so homely. * **Dōmi est animus**, my mind is homeward. * **Domo cœnare**, to sup abroad.
Don, a River from whence, some say, Dodona has its Name.
Dōnābilis, le, deserving.
Donacefa, a Mountain of Phthiotis.
 † **Donacitis**, our Lady's Thistle.
Dōnandus, a, um, deserving.
Donariolum, i, n. Erasmi. a small Offering or Gift, a Fairing.
Dōnarium, ii, n. a Gift or Offering.
Dōnaticus, a, um, belonging to a Gift. * **Donaticæ coronæ**, Garlands given to those that win Prizes.
Dōnatio, ōnis, f. a Donation, presenting or giving a Gift.

Donatitius, a, um, Erasmi. given, bestow'd by way of Gift.
Dōnativum, vi, n. a Largeß, or Dole, a general Gift to the Soldiers.
Dōnativus, a, um, able to give.
Dōnator, ōris, m. a Giver.
 † **Dōnatrix**, icis, f. she that gives.
Dōnatus, a, um, given, or to which a thing is given, endowed.
Dōnatus, a Bishop in Berœa, who is reported to work many Miracles; also a learned Grammarian, Master to St. Jerome; also an African Heretic, who said, The Son was less than the Father, and the Holy Ghost less than the Son.
Dōnax, ācis, f. a Reed of which they made Arrows; an Angling-rod, and a kind of Fish, g.
Dōnec [a donicum] until, so long as, whilst.
Donetrini, a People of the Moldavi.
 † **Donicum** [a dum & quum] the same is donec.
 † **Dōnifer**, and -rus, a, um, carrying a Gift.
Dōno, are [a donum] to give, present, offer, forgive, endow. * **Donare civitate**, to enfranchise.
Donor, ari, to be rewarded, endowed. * **Donatur auro**, he has Gold bestowed upon him.
Donum, i, n. [a Do] a Gift, Present, Reward, Bribe, Offering, Sacrifice. * **Donum honorarium**, a Present given to Patrons instead of Fees.
Donus, a River of Molossia; also the 6th Bishop of Rome, A.D. 354, and another A. D. 634.
Donusia, a small Isle of Rhodes, into which Bacchus brought Ariadne from Naxos, when her Father Minos pursued her.
Donussa, a Castle of Achaia.
Donyssa, one of the Cyclad Isles in the Ægean Sea, where there is green Marble.
Dora, an Island in the Gulf of Persia, and a Fountain of Arabia.
Dōraçte, an Island in the Persian Gulf.
Dorana, a City of Galatia.
Dorath, a Town of Mauritania.
Dorcædes, an Island in the Atlantic Sea.
Dorcās, ādis, f. a Doe, g.
Dorcās, the Name of a Woman.
Dorcensis, e, of Dorchester or Dorsetshire.
Dorcestria, Dorchester.
Dorceus, ei, one of Acteon's Dogs, Spy-all, or Quick-sight.
Dorcinni civitas, Dorchester in Oxfordshire.
 † **Dorco**, ōnis, m. a Glutton, Smell-feist.
Dores, a People in Asia, subdued by Croesus.
Doria and Dorica, part of Achaia near Athens.
Doricus, a, um, of Doria.
Dorias, a River of India without Ganges.
 † **Dorica**, x, a grave kind of Musick.
Dōricè, adv. in the Doric Dialect.
Dorieneses, a People of Creet and Cyrenaica.
Doricum, a City of Phrygia.
 † **Dorion**, ii, n. the grave kind of Musick.
Dōrion, a Town of Peloponnesus.
 Dori-

- Dōrīphāgus**, i, m. a Devourer of Gifts, g.
Doris, Dover in Kent.
Dōris, a Sea-Nymph, the Daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, who marrying her Brother Nereus, brought forth abundance of other Sea-Nymphs called Nereides; taken also for the Sea.
Doris, a Country of Greece by the Mountain Oeta, so called from Dorus the Son of Neptune. * **Doribus** Dorice loqui, to tattle much like them.
Dōris, idis, f. a Cook-knife; also an Herb called Anchusa. * **Doris** Dialectus, the Doric Dialect.
Doris, the Wife of Dionysius the Sicilian Tyrant.
Dorium, a Dowry.
Dorisci, a People about the Head of the River Indus.
Doriscum, and -ca, a place in Thrace by the River Hebrus, and a Promontory of Attica.
Doristus, the Fifth King of Lacedæmonia.
Dorium, a Town in Peloponnesus and other places.
Dorius, a River in Portugal, and another in India without Ganges.
Dormiens, ntis, sleeping.
DORMIO, ire [à δέμω pellis] to sleep, or be asleep. * In utramque aurem, or utrumvis oculum dormire, to be very secure.
Dormisco, ere, to be sleepy, slumber.
Dormitans, ntis, slumbering.
Dormitatio, ōnis, f. a slumbering.
Dormitator, ōris, m. a sleeper, slumberer, slug-a-bed.
Dormitio, ōnis, f. a sleeping.
Dormito, are, to slumber, take a nap, be negligent, careless. * Aliquando bonus dormitat Homerus, 'tis a good Horse never stumbles.
Dormitor, ōris, m. a sleeper.
Dormitorium, ii, n. a Dormitory, Bed-chamber, Sleeping-place.
Dormitōrius, a, um, of or for sleeping.
Dormiturio, ire, to be sleepy.
Dorbitza, a River and City of Illyria.
Dorobrevum, Rochester in Kent.
Doron, i, n. a Gift, g.
Doron, a City of Cilicia.
Doros, a City of Phœnicia and Caria.
Dorothea, a noble Maid of Alexandria, who being a Christian, would not prostitute her self to Maximinus, whereupon he confiscated her Goods, and banished her.
Dorotheus, a Prætor of Armenia, A. D. 29. and other Men.
Dorpendamum, Orpington in Kent.
Dorpia, the first day of the Athenian Feasts, called Apaturia.
Dorfanes, Hercules so called among the Indians.
Dorfenus Fabius, a comical Poet.
Dorfeta, Dorchester.
Dorsetania, Dorsetshire.
Dorficūlum, i, n. a little back.
Dorsuale, is, n. a Horse-cloth.
Dorsualia, iam, Screens for the back.
Dorsualis, le, of the Back, carrying Parks.
Dorsuarium, ii, n. a Pannel, a Pack-saddle.
Dorsuarius, ii, m. he that carries on his Back.
Dorsuarius, a, um, Erasm. belonging to the Back.
Dorsugo, inis, f. the Marrow of the Back-bone.
DORSUM, i, n. [à deorsum] the Back, a Promontory, a Bed in a Garden, a Shelf of Sand in the Sea.
Dorsuōsus, a, um, great-backed, full of Shelves.
Dorticum, a City of Mysia.
Dorventania, Darbyshire.
Dorus, the Son of Epaphus, and Father of Pygmaus; also the Son of Neptune, who reigned in part of Greece; also a City of Caria.
Dorx, cis, f. a Roe-buck, g.
Dorychnium, ii, n. a venomous Herb with which they poison Darts, g.
Doryclus, a Bastard Son of Priamus, slain by Ajax; also the Brother of Phineus, King of Thrace, and others.
Dorylaeus, a City of Phrygia major.
Dorylas, one of those that conspired against Perseus, and was slain by him; also a Centaur.
Dorylaus, an excellent Soldier of Crete, Familiar with Mithridates.
Doryleus, a Phrygian River.
Dorylius, the Ambassador of Deiotarus to Cæsar.
Dorymolpes, he that went before the Bull that was to be sacrificed to Jupiter.
Doryphorus, i, m. a Gentleman-Pensioner, g.
DOS, ōtis, f. [δὼς vel δόσις] a Dowry or Portion. * Dotes naturæ, natural parts. * Dotes prædiorum, such Advantages of Farms, as Plough-boot, Hedge-boot, &c.
Dosa, a City of Assyria, and a Town of India within Ganges.
Dosareni, a People of Arabia felix.
Dosaron, a River of India within Ganges.
Dosci, a People of Asia by the Euxine Sea.
Dosiadas, the Author of a Poem writ in form of an Altar.
Dosiades, he wrote of the Affairs of Crete.
Dosis, is, f. a Dose, so much of Physic as is taken at one time, g.
Dositheus, a Historian mentioned by Plutarch, and other Men.
Doso, a Name given to Antigonus from his large promising, and performing nothing.
Dosones, large Promisers.
Dossuarius, a, um, carrying on his Back. * Dossuaria jumenta, Pack-Horses. * Dossuaria corbis, a Dust-basket.
Dossium, for dorsum, the Back.
Dossuria, or dossuaria, Pannels, Pack-saddles.
Dōtālis, le, [à dos] of a Dowry or Portion.
Dōtālitiūm, ii, n. a Dowry.
Dōtālitiū, a, um, of a Dowry.
Dōtālī, a, f. a Dowager.
Dōtāriū, ii, n. a Dowry.
Dōtāri, adv. plentifully.
Dōtatio, ōnis, f. an endowing.
Dōtātissimū, a, um, richly endowed.
Dōtator, ōris, m. he that endows.
Dōtātus, a, um, endowed, having a good Portion.
Dōthien, ēnis, m. a Bile, g.
Dotium, a City of Thessaly.
Dōto, are, to endow.
Dōtor, ari, to be endowed.
Doveona, a City of the Cadurci in Gallia.
Dovus, the Dove in Darbyshire.
Doxa, a, f. Glory, Opinion, g.
D **P**
D. P. for Divus pius, Diis penatibus, Dotem petit, Devota persona, or Decretum principis.
D **Q**
D. Q. for denique.
D. Q. Diis Quirinalibus.
D. Q. R. De qua re.
D. Q. S. De quo supra.
D **R**
DR. for Drusus.
DR. P. Dare promittit.
Draba or **Drabe vulgaris**, common Arabian Mustard. * **Drabarepens**, creeping Cress, g.
Drabescus, a small Country of Thrace.
Dracæ, a People of Asia about Caucasus.
Dracæna, a, f. [à draco] the female Dragon; also the Fifth Quiver.
Drachanus, the Mountain where Jupiter brought forth Bacchus.
Drachinæ, a People of Aria.
Drachma, a, f. a Dram, the eighth part of an Ounce, an Attic Coin about two Groats, passing at Rome for a Denarius, g.
Drachonus, the River Drawn in Gallia Belgica.
DRACO, ōnis, m. [Δράκων] a Dragon, the Stick of a Vine. * **Draco hortensis**, the Herb Tarragon.
Draco, a very ancient Law-giver of the Athenians before Solon, who caused all his Laws to be abrogated, except those concerning Murder, because they ordained Death for every small Fault; also a Mountain in Asia minor.
Dracon, the River Dragone, at the Foot of the Mountain Vesuvius.
Dracōnārius, ii, m. an Ensign-bearer of a particular Company.
Dracōnigena, a, c. bred of a Serpent.
Draconigena, the City Thebes in Bœotia, built by Cadmus and five Men which sprung up of the Dragon's Teeth which he sowed.
Draconis, an Island in Libya.
Dracōnites, or **draconitias**, a, m. a Dragon-stone, g.
Dracōnon, num, a Town and Mountain of Icaria.
Dracontium, ii, n. the greater Dragon-wort.
Dracontius, a Poet of an uncertain Time; he wrote his Hexameron or Work of Six Days in Heroic Verse.
Dracuina, a Town in Rhætia.
Dracunculus, li, m. [à draco] a little Dragon; also the lesser Dragon-wort; also a sore bile.
Dracunteus, or -contius, an Island by Africa propria, called Chelbi.
Dracus, a General of the Achæi, vanquished by Lucius Mummius. Drag-

Dragnus, a City of Crete.
Dragori, a People of Asia.
† Dragomenus, or **dragumanus**, an Interpreter.
Drāma, ātis, n. a Comedy, Representation, Acting, the Change of the Persons in a Play, g.
† Dramaticūni, ci, n. a Comedy.
Drāmāticus, a, um, of a Comedy, g.
Drances, an eloquent, but weak Courtier of King Latinus.
Drangæ, a People of Persia.
Drangæis, and **Drangiana regio**, a Country called Sigistan, inhabited by the Drangæ.
Dransi, a People of Thrace; they mourn at the Birth of Children, and rejoice at their Funerals.
Drapeta, æ, m. a Runagate, g.
Draplacā, a City of Bactriana.
Drafoca, a Town of Paropanisus and of India within Ganges.
Dratygenia, a Country in Asia.
Drauca, a City of Crete.
Draudacum, a Castle of Penestria.
Dravus, the River Dra in Pannonia.
Draxum, a consecrated Place in Sicily.
Dreacanum, a Place in the Island Coa.
† Dremon, a kind of Fish.
† Drenso, are, to sing as a Swan.
Drepana, a City of Lycia.
Drēpānis, f. a Sea-swallow, g.
Drepanum, a City in Bithynia, call'd afterwards Helenopolis in Honour of Helena, Constantine's Mother; also a Promontory in several Places.
Drepanum, or -na, orum, a Promontory and City of Sicily.
Drepia, or **Darapia**, the Metropolis of Sogdiana.
Dresa, or **Dresda**, the Town Dresen or Dresden in the upper Saxony.
Dresia, a City of Phrygia.
Drieca, a River in Scythia.
Drilon, a River dividing Macedonia from Illyricum.
Drillæ, a People of Cappadocia.
Drilonius, a very great City in Celtica.
Drylophylitæ, a People of India within Ganges.
Drimæa, a Country in Greece in or near Parnassus.
Drimati, a People of Arabia felix.
Drinius, or -nus, a River in Macedonia, and another between Illyricum and Mysia.
Driodones, Gods so called by the Lacedæmonians.
Drios, a Mountain of Arcadia.
Drobeta, a City of Dacia.
Drogo, an Earl of Apulia.
Dromæus, Apollo so called of the Cretians and Lacedæmonians.
Drōmas, ādis, f. a Dromedary; also a Dog's Name, g.
Dromedarius, ii, m. a Keeper of Dromedaries.
† Dromedus, i, m. and -da, æ, f. a small swift Camel.
Dromeus, the Name of a Parasite.
Dromiscos, an Island by Miletus.
Dromochetis, a King of the Getes, who having taken Lysimachus Prisoner, very civilly released him.
Drōmo, onis, m. a Caravel, or swift Bark; also a kind of Fish, g.
Dromos Achillis, a Peninsula of Sarmatia, called Tidonisi.
Drongilum, a small Country of Thesaly.

Drōpacista, æ, m. he that pulls off Hair, g.
Dropax, ācis, m. a Depilatory, or Medicine to take off Hair, g.
Dropici, a People of Persia.
Drosache, a City of the Seres.
Drosica, part of Thrace.
Drosomeli, g. Honey-dew.
Druentius, the River Durance in Gallia Narbonensis.
Drugeri, a People of Thrace by the River Hebrus.
Druidæ, or -des, m. pl. the same among the Gauls as the Grecian Philosophi, Persian Magi, Ionian Gymnosophistæ, and the Assyrian Chaldæi. They had Oaks in great esteem.
Druna, the River Dronia, which breaks forth from the Alps.
† Drungarius, a, um, of a Band of Soldiers.
† Drungarius, ii, m. a Captain of a Band.
† Drungillus, i, the same.
† Drungus, i, m. a Band of Soldiers.
Druophytes, g. a kind of Frogs.
† Drupæ, or -etæ, arum, black ripe Olives ready to drop.
Druphegis, a City of Dacia.
† Drupus, a, um, ripe and ready to fall.
Drusias, a City of Judæa.
Drusilla, Wife of Felix Governor of Judæa; also the Name of Livia Wife of Augustus.
Drusillanus, a Servant of the Emperor Claudius.
Drusipara, a City of Thrace.
Drusomagus, a City of Rhætia.
Drusus, a noble and eloquent Roman, but ambitious and proud, Cato's Grandfather; also the Son of Livia Augusta, who died in Germany.
M. Livius Drusus Salinator, he and his Colleague Nero overcame Asdrubal.
J. Drusus Publicola, his House stood so, that the People might look into the Windows; and when a Carpenter profered for Five Talents to take it down, and build it more conveniently, he told him, He would give him Ten, if that he would make it so open, that all the City might see what House he kept; for he was modest, thrifty, and virtuous.
Druzon, a Town of Phrygia major.
Dryades, um, f. Nymphs of the Woods, g.
Dryæna, a City of Cilicia, built by Dryænus, called afterwards Chrysopolis.
Dryantiades, the Name of Lycurgus King of Thrace, the Son of Dryas.
Dryas, ntis, the Son of Hippolochus, and Father of Lycurgus.
Dryas, adis, the Daughter of Faunus, who hated the Sight of Men, and was never seen to come abroad; whence it was forbidden for Men to be at her Sacrifices.
Drybactæ, a People of Sogdiana.
Dryites, m. a precious Stone found in the Roots of Trees, g.
Drylæ, a Town near Trapezus Pontica.
Drymæ, a City of Libya.
Drymia, a City of Phocis.
Drymodis, the Country which now is called Arcadia.

E E E E E

Drymus, a City between Attica and Bæotia.
Drymusa, an Island of Ionia.
Dryope, a Nymph whom Apollo lay with, turned afterwards into a Lotetree.
Dryopes, a People of Epirus, and others about Parnassus and Oeta, whose Country is Dryopia.
Dryophonon, ni, yellow Cress, g.
† Dryops, opis, m. a Wood-pecker.
Dryopteris, idis, f. Tree-fern, g.
Drys, a City of Thrace and Oenotria, and a Town in Lycia.
Drysa, the ancient Name of Samos.
Drysmus, i, g. a venomous Worm at the Root of Oaks.

D

V

D. V. for devotus vir, or Diis volentibus, or dies quintus.
† Dua for duo, n.
Duālis, le, [à duo] of two.
† Dualitas, atis, a being two-fold.
Dualiter, adv, in the Dual Number.
Duarus, a Bay of Arabia felix.
Dūbiè, adv. doubtfully.
† Dubietas, ātis, f. Doubtfulness.
† Dubingeniosus, of a bad Wit.
† Dubinus, and -enus, for dubius.
Dūbio, are, to doubt.
Dubiosus, a, um, doubtful.
Dubis, the River le Doux in Gallia Belgica.
Dūbitābilis, le, which may be doubted of.
Dūbitans, ntis, doubting.
Dūbitanter, adv. doubtfully.
† Dūbitantia, æ, f. a doubting.
Dubitapes, a famous Potter, who first made Vessels of red Chalk.
† Dubitativum, adv. doubtfully.
Dūbitatio, ōnis, f. a doubting; also a Rhetorical Scheme.
Dūbitator, ōris, m. a Doubter.
Dūbitatur, imp. it is a Doubt.
Dūbitatus, a, um, doubted.
Dūbito, are, to doubt, mistrust, be-think, stand in a Study, be afraid.
*** Quid dubitem**, what I may muse on. *** Dubitare aliquid**, to doubt of a thing.
Dūbium, ii, n. a Doubt.
Dubium, a Country in Persia, of a wholesome Air.
DūBIUS, a, um, [à duo & via] doubtful, uncertain, unconstant, dangerous. *** Dubius dies**, wavering weather. *** Dubia cœna**, a Supper where there is Variety of Dishes. *** Dubia lux**, Twilight. *** Dubium argentum**, suspicious Money. *** Vitæ dubius**, not knowing whether he shall live or dye. *** Non est in dubio**, it is not questioned.
Dublinia, or -ium, Dublin in Ireland.
Dubris, Dover.
† Duca, æ, Fortune.
Ducæ, a People of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
Dūcalis, le, [à dux] of a Duke or Captain.
Dūcātio, ōnis, f. a conducting.
Dūcator, ōris, m. a Conductor.
† Dūcatix, icis, f. a She-leader.
Dūcātus, ūs, m. a Dukedom, Dutchy, a General's or Captain's Office.
Ducatus, i, m. a Ducat, Erasm.
† Duce for duc.
Dūcenarius, ii, m. a Captain to Two hundred.

Dūce.

Dūcenarius, a, um. of two hundred.
***Ducenarii procuratores**, Roman Collectors of the City Revenues.
Dūcāni, æ, a, [à duo & centum] two hundred.
Dūcens, ntis. leading.
Dūcentesimus, a, um, the two hundredth.
Dūcentiēs, adv. two hundred times.
†Ducētūplus, a, um, two hundred-fold.
Ducēti, æ, a, two hundred.
†Dūcella, æ, a little Dutcheß; also a Tad or Spiggot.
†Ducillus, i, m. a young or little Duke.
Dūciffa, æ, [à dux] a Dutcheß.
DūCO, xi, ctum [ōdn̄gēw] to lead, bring, guide, govern, judge, account, think, contract, prolong, make tedious, fashion, draw, convey.
***Ducere mucronem**, to hold the Point level to one's Breast. ***Ducere somnos**, to take a sound Sleep. ***Ducere uxorem**, to marry. ***Ducere suspiria**, to sigh. ***Ducere choras**, to dance. ***Ducere familiam**, to be the Chief or Principal. ***Ducere æra** or **aliquem ex ære**, to cast one in Brass. ***Ducere laudi** or **in gloriam**, to take as an Honour. ***Ducere sibi alapam**, to give himself a Box on the Ear. ***Ducit pocula**, he drinks a good while at a time. ***Ducere rationem salutis**, to have a care of his Health. ***Ducere se**, to withdraw. ***Ducere classem**, to be the highest Scholar in the Seat.
†Duco, are, to govern.
Ducone, a City in France, called Cahors en Querci.
Ducor, ci, to be led, forged. ***Specuci**, to be deluded.
†Ductābilitas, atis, f. a foolish Softness, Aptness to be led.
Ductārius, a, um, leading, drawing, guiding. ***Ductarius funis**, the Rope of a Pulley.
Ductatio, ōnis, f. a guiding.
Ductilis, le, easily led, guided, drawn or beaten out thin.
Ductim, adv. by little and little, by degrees, leisurely.
Ductio, ōnis, f. a conveying. ***Ductio alvi**, a provocation to stool.
Ductitatio, ōnis, f. a leading up and down.
Ductitius, a, um, easily led.
Ductito, are, [à ducto] to lead about to and fro. ***Restim ductitare**, to lead a Dance of all the Company following Hand in Hand.
Ducto, are, [à duco] to lead about, conduct, delay, deceive, esteem, obtain; also to keep a Whore. ***Ductare aliquem dolis**, to delude one. ***Ductare pro nihilo**, to make no account of.
Ductor, ari, to be led or guided.
Ductor, ōris, m. a Leader, Guide.
***Ductor ordinum**, Serjeant at Arms.
Ductrix, icis, f. a she-leader.
Ductus, a, um, [of ducor] led, guided, closed, derived, deceived.
Ductus, ūs, m. a guiding, leading, drawing, fashioning, conveying. ***Ductus literarum**, the Frame and Composition of the Letters.
Dudini, a People of Illyrium.
Dudua, a City of Galatia.
Dudum, a Town of Libya interior.
Dūdām [à diu & dum] adv. lately,

even now, a good while, a pretty while since.
†Duella, the third part of an Ounce.
†Duellarius, a, um, of War.
†Duellator, ōris, m. a Warrior.
†Duellicus, a, um, of War, Warlike.
†Duellio, ōnis, m. an Enemy.
†Duello, are, to fight.
Duellona, the same as Bellona.
Duellum, i, n. [à dico] War, a Duel.
†Duicensus, taxed with another, or double taxed.
†Duidens, ntis, a Sheep having two Teeth, or two Years old.
†Duigæ, as Bigæ.
Duillius, a Roman who first triumphed after a Sea-victory, when he was told of his stinking Breath abroad, he chid his Wife because she had not told him of it before, who said, She would have done it, but that she thought all Mens had smelt so.
†Duini, as Bini.
†Duis and duint, for des and dent, or dederis and dederint.
Duitæ, arum, such as Marcion, who held a Duty of the Godhead.
†Duitas, atis, f. a Duty.
Dulcacicus, a, um, [à dulcis & acidus] sweet-sour.
Dulcamara, æ, f. woody Nightshade.
Dulcē, adv. sweetly.
Dulcedo, inis, f. Sweetness. ***Dulcedo iracundiæ**, pleasant Anger.
†Dulceo, ere, to be sweet.
Dulcesco, to grow sweet.
Dulciarius, a, um, of Sweet-meats.
***Dulciarius panis**, a March-pane.
***Dulciarius [pistor]** a Confectioner.
Dulciculus, a, um, sweetish.
†Dulciferus, a, um, bearing sweet.
†Dulcissus, a, um, flowing with Sweetness.
†Dulciloquium, ii, n. sweet speech.
†Dulciloquus, a, um, sweet spoken.
Dulcimodus, a, um, melodious.
Dulciolum, i, n. a junket or Sweetmeat.
DULCIS, ior, iſſimus, [γλυκὺς] sweet, delicious, pleasant. ***Languide dulcis**, sweetish. ***Dulcissima epistola**, a most pleasant Letter. ***Dulce amarumque una nunc misces mihi**, you feed me like an Ape with a Bit and a Knock.
†Dulcisia, the Herb Piony.
†Dulcisſonus, a, um, sweet sounding.
†Dulcitas, atis, f. Sweetness.
Dulciter, ius, iſſimē, adv. sweetly.
Dulcitius, a Tribune and Notary of the Emperor, and Executor of his Commands against the Donatists in Africa.
Dulcitudō, inis, f. Sweetness.
Dulco, are, to sweeten.
Dulcor, ōris, m. Sweetness.
†Dulcoratio, ōnis, f. a Sweetning.
†Dulcoratus, ūs, m. the same.
†Dulcōro, are, to sweeten.
Dulgibini, a People of Germany.
Dulia, æ, f. Service, g.
†Dulicē, servitely, basely.
Dulichium, an Island of the Ionian Sea under Ulysses.
Dulichius, a, um, of Dulichium.
†Dulipanum, i, an African Hat.
Dulocratia, æ, f. a Government by slaves.
Dulopolis, a City in Libya, into which

if any Slave bring a Stone, he is made free. Another of the Hieroduli, where there is but one Freeman, and all the rest Slaves. Also a City in Crete, and other Places.
Dulus, i, m. a Servant or Slave, g.
DUM, adv. [à diu, diu] while that, until, so that, as long as, after that.
***Dum hominum genus erit**, as long as the World endures.
Dum ne interpellent, so they don't hinder.
Duma, as Idumæ, also a City of Judæa.
†Dumālis, le, of Bushes or Briers.
Dumana, a Town in Asia by the side of Arabia.
Dumatha, a City of Arabia.
Dumbatum, a Town in Scotland.
Dumblanum, a City in Scotland.
Dumētum, i, n. a Place where Briars and Thorns grow. ***Dumeta Stoicorum**, the Intricacy or Difficulty of Stoicism.
Dumniodō, adv. so that.
Dumma, an Island by Scotland, call'd Fair Isle.
Dumnissus, a Place by the River No-fella.
Dumnonii, as Damnonii.
†Dūmo, are, to bring forth Bushes.
†Dūmōsitas, atis, f. Bushiness.
Dūmōsus, a, um, full of Bushes, bushy.
DūMUS, i, m. [à δάμν@, frutex] a Bush of Thorns.
Dunax, a Mountain of Thrace.
Duncheldinum, the Dukedom Dunchelden in Scotland.
Dunelmensis, e, of Durham.
Dunestanvilla, the Family Dunsterville.
Dunelmum, -us, or -ia, the City Durham.
Dunga, a Town of India within Gan-ges.
Dunium, Dorchester.
DUNTAXAT, adv. [à dum & taxo, vel à τὸ μεταξὺ, intercapedo] only, at least.
Dunum, the City Down in Ireland, also the City Chasteaudun in Gallia Celtica.
DUO, æ, o, [δύω] two. ***Duabus fellis fedet**, he holds with the Hounds and runs with the Hare.
†Duo, for Duos.
†Duodecennis, e, of twelve Years.
†Duodecennium, ii, n. twelve Years.
Duodecies, adv. twelve times.
Duodecim, ind. twelve.
Duodēcimus, a, um, the twelfth.
†Duodēna, æ, f. a Quest or Jury.
Duodēnarius, a, um, the twelfth of twelve.
Duodeni, æ, a, twelve.
†Duodennis, e, of twelve Years.
†Duodenonaginta, ind. eighty eight.
Duodēnum, i, n. a dozen.
†Duodenus, a, um, of twelve.
Duodenotoginta, ind. seventy eight.
Duodequadrageni, æ, a, thirty eight.
Duodequadragesimus, a, um, the eight and thirtieth.
Duodequadraginta, ind. eight and thirty.
Duodequingagesimus, a, um, the eight and fortieth.
Duodequingaginta, eight and forty.
Duodetricesimus, a, um, the eight and twentieth.
Duode-

Duodeticies, adv. eight and twenty times.

Duodetriginta, ind. twenty eight.

Duodeviceni, æ, a, eighteen.

Duodevicesimanus, a, um, eighteen.

Duodevicesimus, } the eight-

Duodevicesimus, a, um, } tenth.

Duodevices, adv. eighteen times.

Duodeviginti, ind. eighteen.

Duodevicesimanus, a, um, the

eighteenth.

† Duonus, and -um, for bonus and

-um.

† Dupia, f. a kind of Vessel.

Dupla, æ, f. twice as much. See

Duplus.

Duplæres, Soldiers having double Al-

lowance.

† Duplâris, re, double.

Duplâtio, onis, f. a doubling.

Duplex, icis, [a duo & plico] dou-

ble, two-fold, broad, crafty.

Duplicarius, or dupliciarius, a, um,

having double Pay. * Dupliciarii

milites, Soldiers receiving double

Pay.

Duplicatio, onis, f. a doubling.

Duplicatō, adv. doubly, two ways.

Duplicatus, a, um, doubled.

† Duplices, cum, Books of private

Letters.

† Duplicitas, atis, f. a being two-

fold.

Dupliciter, adv. doubly.

† Duplicium, cii, a Doublet.

Duplico, are, [a duplex] to double

or increase. * Duplicare aciem, to

double the Files.

† Duplicularius, a, um, having

double Allowance.

Duplio, onis, m. a double Mule or

Amercement, twice as much.

Duplo, adv. twice as much.

Duplo, are, to double.

Duplum, i, n. twice as much, the

double.

DUPLUS, a, um, [δύπλος] double,

as much more.

† Dupondarius, of two Pound.

Dupondius, a, um, [a duo & pon-

dus] of two Pound.

Dur, a River in Ireland.

Dura, a Valley in the Province of

Babylon, and a City of Mesopota-

mia; hence Durenus, a, um.

Duraba, the City Der in Babylo-

nia.

Durabilis, le, durable, lasting,

long.

Duracina Persica, Peaches.

Duracinus, a, um, [a durus] whose

Skin or Kernels are hard. * Dura-

cina uvæ, Muskadine-grapes. * Cerasum duracinum, a Spanish

Cherry.

Durâmen, inis, } a Bough or

Duramentum, i, n. } Arm of a

Vine, Hardness, Constancy.

Duranus or Duranus, the River

Ladordonne in Aquitain.

Durans, ntis, enduring.

Durâteus, a, um, of Wood, g.

* Equus durâteus, a wooden

Horse.

Durâtio, onis, f. a continuing, per-

severing.

† Durâtor, ôris, m. a Continuer,

Hardner.

Duratrix, icis, f. she that endures or

hardens.

Duratus, a, um, bardned.

Durbeta, a City of Mesopotamia

near Tygris.

Durdum, a Mountain of Maurita-

nia.

Durè, adv. hardly, sternly, sturdily,

cruelly.

Dureo, ere, to begin to harden.

Duresco, ere, to begin to harden.

* In alicujus lectione durescere,

to read an Author over and over,

hardly to lay him out of one's Hands.

† Durêta, æ, a Vessel to bathe in.

Durga, a City of Africa propria.

Duria, æ, Dorsetshire.

Duria or Dôria, the Name of two

Rivers in France.

Durias, Turia, or Turulis, the River

Guadalquivir in Spain.

† Duribuccus, a, um, which will not

open his Jaws.

† Duricordium, ii, n. hard-hearted-

ness.

Duricorius, a, um, having a hard

skin; also Late-ward.

† Duricors, dis, c. hard-hearted.

† Durilôquium, ii, n. a hard say-

ing.

Durion, or -um, a Town in Gallia

Narbonensis.

Durine, a Town of Susiana.

Durlopus, a City and Country of Ma-

cedonia.

Duritas, atis, f. Hardness, Solidness,

Vigour, Sternness.

Duriter, ius, isumè, adv. hardly,

cruelly, severely.

Duritia, æ, f. } Hardness, Rudeness,

Durities, ei, } Ruggedness. * Du-

rities animi, Hard-heartedness.

* Duritia alvi, Costiveness.

† Duritudo, inis, f. Hardness, Dis-

courteousness.

Durius, a, um, g. made of Wood.

Durius or Dorius, the River Duero

in Spain.

Duriusculus, a, um, somewhat hard.

Durnomagum, the City Durnmage

in Lower Germany.

DURO, are, [a durus] to harden or

make hard. * Ad plagas durare,

not to feel Stripes.

DURO, are, [Heb. Dur.] to endure,

last, or continue. * Nequeo dura-

re in his ædibus, I can't abide to

stay here. * Durare in æternum,

to be immortal.

Durôn, a Mountain of Mauritania

Tingitana.

Durobrivæ, Durobrovæ, and Du-

rocobrivæ, Hertford.

Durocassis, a Town in Gallia Lugdu-

nenis.

Durocastrum, Dorchester in Ox-

fordshire.

Durocernovium, Cirencester.

Durocotalaunum, a City of Bel-

gica.

Durocotorum, a City in Gallia

Belgica, called Rheims en Cham-

paigne.

Durolevum, or Durolenum, Lene-

ham in Kent.

Durolipons, Gormanchester, in

Huntingtonshire.

Durlitôn, Leiton, or Oldford in

Essex.

Durolorum, a City in France.

Duronia, a Town of the Samnites.

Duronum, a City of Gallia Bel-

gica.

Durosipons as Durolipons.

Durovernum, Canterbury.

Durostadium, the Town Duerstade,

in Guelderland.

Durostena, the City Dora in lower

Myfia.

Durotriges, Dorsetshire Men.

Durovernum, or Durobernium, or

Darvernum, Canterbury.

Durum, adv. hardly.

DURUS, ior, illimus, [a δούρον, lig-

num] hard, solid, firm, hard-hear-

ted, cruel, sturdy, stiff, hardy, hurt-

ful. * Durus ad studia, unteach-

able. * Dura mater, the outward

Skin that covers the Brain. * Duro

animo, stubborn. * Durus homo,

a Rustic, Boor. * Durum telum

necessitas, Need makes the old Wife

trot.

Durus, Dover in Kent; also the Ri-

ver Stour in Dorsetshire.

Dufare, a Rock and very high Hill of

Arabia, from Dufaurus, their

Name of God. * Dufareni, the In-

habitants.

† Dufmosus for Dumofus, bushy.

Duumvir, iri, one of the two Magi-

strates in Rome which had Autho-

rity over Prisons. * Duumviri ca-

pitaes, Judges of Life and Death.

Duumviralis, le, belonging to that

Office.

Duumviratus, us, m. the Office of

the Duumviri or Sheriffs.

Dux, ūcis, c. [a duco] a Captain,

Guide, Ring-leader, Commander,

Duke. * Naturam ducem sequi-

tur, he followeth Nature's Conduct.

D

Y

Dyas, ādis, f. the Deuce or Two, g.

Dyman, a Tribe of the Dorienfes.

Dymas, the Name of a Man in Vir-

gil.

Dyme, the farthest City of Achaia

Westward; also a City of Thrace.

Dymethus, a City in Sicily, called

Forte del Oliveto.

Dymus, a River of Sogdiana.

Dynamene, a S.-nymph; the Daugh-

ter of Nereus and Doris.

Dynamis, f. Power, Plenty.

Dynamius, a Roman Consul.

Dynasta, or -tes, æ, m. a Prince

Potentate, Lord, or Baron, g.

Dynastia, æ, f. Power, Govern-

ment, g.

Dyndasum, a City of Caria.

Dyos, a River of Mauritania Tin-

gitana.

Dyras, a River of Trachinia.

Dyraspes, a River of Scythia.

Dyrbæi, a People of Bactria and

India.

Dyrrhachium, a City in that part of

Macedonia which lies upon the A-

driatic Sea, called now Durazzo,

where Cicero continued till he was

recalled from Banishment; also a

City of Laconia.

Dyrrdotis, a River by Caucasus.

Dyrsela, a Town of Pamphylia.

Dyrtæ, a City of India.

Dysares, an Arabian God, supposed

to be the Sun.

Dyscelius, g. hard bound, costive.

Dyscolia, g. a Difficulty, Wayward-

ness.

Dyscolus, a, um, g. wayward, unto-

ward.

Dyseratia, æ, g. a Distemper.

Dysenteria, æ, f. the Bloody-flux,

with wringing of the Bowels, g.

Dysentericus, a, um, troubled with a

Dysentery, g.

Dylis, a Place in Picenum.

Dys

Dysnomia, α , f. an ill Constitution of the Law, g.
 Dyforum, a Mountain of Pæonia in Thrace.
 Dyspathia, α , f. Difficulty to endure, g.
 Dyspepsia, α , bad Digestion, g.
 Dysphilus, i, a false Friend, g.
 Dysphonia, α , Difficulty of Speech, g.
 Dysphoricus, a, um, hard, rigorous, g.
 Dyspnoea, α , f. Purfiness, Difficulty of Breathing, g.
 Dyspnoicus, a, um, purfy, phthifical, short-breathed, g.
 Dyspontium, a City of Pilæa, from
 Dyspontius, the Son of Pelops.
 † Dyfrigi, very cold.
 Dystrapelus, implacable, g.
 Dystus, a City of Eubœa.
 Dysuria, α , f. a Difficulty of making Water, g.
 Dysuricus, a, um, troubled with the Strangury, g.

E

A

E for est or ejus.

E, [ab ex] prep. out of, according to, from. * E contrario, on the contrary. * Ex ordine, on a Row.
 * E longinquo, afar off. * E regione, over-against. * E facili, easily. * E republica, for the good of the Common-weal. * Laborat è renibus, he has the pain in the Reins.
 * E meo quidem animo, truly in my Opinion. * E natura, according to Nature.
 Ea, ejus, ei, f. she.
 Eâ, adv. that way.
 Eâdem, ejusdem, f. the same Woman.
 Eadmundus, a King of England, whose Head being cut off, was kept untouched by a Wolf.
 Eale, an Indian Beast like a Horse.
 † Eample, for eam ipsam.
 Eantes, a Historian of Cyzicus, in Pigmalion's Time.
 Eanus, the ancient Name of Janus.
 Eapropter, adv. therefore.
 Eapfe, the same Woman.
 Ear, aris, n. the Spring, g.
 Eares, the People of India.
 Earinus, the Name of a beautiful Boy in Martial.
 Easis, the Metropolis of Gedrosia.
 Easium, a City of Achaia in Peloponnesus.
 Easo, the City St. Sebastian in Spain.
 Eatenus, so far forth. * Eatenus quoad. Eatenus ut, so long till.
 * Primo eatenus interveniebat nequid perperam fieret, at first he only hindered what might be done amifs.

E

B

E. B. for ejus bona.
 Eba, a City of Tuscany.
 Ebacchor, ari, to be swingingly drunk.
 † Ebeatus, a, um, deprived of Happiness.
 Ebellanum, a Town in Spain.
 Ebënum, i, n. Ebony.
 Ebënus, i, f. the Ebony-tree.
 † Ebeo, are, to deprive of Happiness.

Ebibo, bi, itum, to drink up all.
 * Ebibere sanguinem, to suck one's Blood. * Ebibere imperium domini, by drinking to forget his Master's Command.
 † Ebicilum, i, the Back of a Knife.
 † Ebion, onis, a poor Man.
 Ebionitæ, Ebionites, Heretics denying Christ's Divinity, and observing Moses Law.
 Ebisma, a City of Arabia fœlix.
 Eblæa, a City of Albania.
 Eblana, Dublin in Ireland.
 Eblandior, iri, to obtain by fair Words; also to be mitigated. * Quibus eblandiantur solitudines ruris, which render the Solitariness of a Country Life delightful, and nothing irksome.
 Eblanditus, a, um, obtained by Flattery; also pleasing.
 Eblitæi, Mountains in Arabia fœlix.
 Ebode, a Town of Arabia fœlix, and a City of Arabia Petræa.
 Ebodia, the Isle Aldernay or Or-nay.
 Ebodurum, a City of Rhætia.
 † Ebor, oris, n. Ivory. See Ebur.
 Eboræ, or Eburæ, a City of Lusitania, called Evora; and two other Cities of Bætica.
 Eboracum, York.
 Ebörarius, ii, m. one that works in Ivory.
 Eböratus, a, um, covered with Ivory.
 Eböreus, a, um, made of Ivory.
 Eböfus, an Island in the Balearic Sea.
 † Ebria, α , f. a Wine-vessel, a drunken Woman.
 † Ebriacus, a, um, drunken.
 Ebrietas, âtis, Drunkenness, Fulness of Juice.
 Ebrimirus, the Son-in-law of Theodatus, who fell away to Belisarius.
 Ebrio, are, to make drunk.
 Ebriolo, are, to ripple or make drunk.
 Ebriolus, a, um, tipsy.
 Ebriofior, ius, more drunk.
 Ebriofitas, âtis, f. Sottishness.
 Ebriofus, a, um, sottish, a common Drunkard.
 EBRIUS, a, um, [ἄπρως, vel à bria] drunk, causing Drunkenness, plentiful. * Ebria cœna, a dainty Supper, a gandy.
 Ebroduntii, a People of the Alps, called, Le pays d'Autour d'Ambrune.
 Ebrodunum and Eborodunum; the City Ambrune in Gallia Narbonensis; also the Town Yuerdon of the Switzers.
 Ebroinus, a very wicked Man of great Power with the King of France.
 Ebrus, as Hebrus.
 † Ebuccinor, ari, to sound out, commend.
 Ebudæ, Æbudæ, Hebudes, Hebri-des, and Ebonæ, five Islands West of Scotland.
 Ebullio, iri, to boil or bubble up, speak haughtily. * Ebullire virtutes, to vaunt of their Virtue.
 * Hoc Epicurus solet nonnunquam ebullire, this Epicurus is often forced to confess, 'tis so evident.
 Ebullitio, onis, f. a Boiling, Bubbling.

Ebullo, are, to bubble or bubble up.
 * O si præclarum funus patris ebullit! would I could shortly bury my Uncle fairly buried.
 EBULUM, or -lus, i, m. [ab ἐβωλη, eruptio] Dane-wort or Dan-elder.
 EBUR, öris, n. [à barrus] Ivory; also any thing made of Ivory. * Ebur curule, the Chair of State in which the chiefest of the Roman Magistrates were carried.
 Eburæ, the City Talavera in Spain.
 Eburarius, ii, m. a Worker in Ivory.
 Eburatus, a, um, over-laid with Ivory.
 Eburici, or Eburaci, Ebruici, Ebroicæ, or Ebuovices, a People of Gallia Celtica, whose City is called Eureux in Normandy.
 Eburneölus, a, um, set with small pieces of Ivory.
 Eburneus, and -nus, a, um, of Ivory, as white as Ivory.
 Eburobritium, a Town in Portugal, called Evora de Alcobaca.
 Eburones, a People of Liege in Germany.
 Eburonica, or Ebuovices, those of Eureux in Normandy.
 Eburum, the Metropolis of Moravia, called Olmutz.
 Ebüfus, an Island in the Balearic Sea, where no hurtful Creature is bred.
 Ebusius Helvius, a Master of the Horse to the Emperor.
 Ebusius, the Name of a crafty Knave against whom Cicero inveighs.

E

C

E. C. E Comitio, or Capitolio.
 † Ec, the same as ex.
 Ecälidus, a River of Tuscany, called Caddano.
 † Ecällidus, a, um, inconsiderate, rash.
 Ecamedæ, the Daughter of Arsinous, given to Nestor.
 † Ecardia, a kind of Amber having the Figure of a Heart in it.
 Ecastor, by Castor, an Oath of the Roman Women, adv.
 Ecbaşis, a Digression, g.
 Ecbatana, orum, the Metropolis of Media, built by Seleucus, called also Amatha.
 Ecboles, adis, g. a Fig which causes Abortion.
 Ecbolea, orum, and ecbolinz, a-rum, g. Medicines to bring away a dead Child.
 Ecce and eccam, for ecce ea & ecce eam.
 Ecce [ab en & ce] lo, behold. * Ecce autem, but behold. * Ecce tibi Sebosus, and presently came Sebosus.
 Eccentricus, a, um, moving at unequal Distance from the Centre, out of order, g.
 Eccerè, by Ceres.
 Eccheuma, atis, or eccheumatum, ti, a pouring out, besmearing, &
 Eccillam, for ecce illam.
 Eccillum, for ecce illum, look, here he comes.
 Eccistam, for ecce istam.
 Ecclesia, α , f. a Congregation, Assembly, the Church, g.
 Ecclesiarcha, α , m. the Governor of the Church, g.
 Ecclesiastes, is, or α , m. a Preacher, g.
 Eccle-

Ecclesiasticus, a, um *ecclesiasticus*, *cal.*
† **Ecclesio**, are, to gather together, *preach*.
Eccos, for ecce eos.
Eccubi [ab ecquis] any where.
Eccum [for ecce eum] look, here he is.
Ecdamna, a City of Galatia.
Ecdicus, a Proctor or an Attorney of a Town, Recorder, *g.*
Ecdippa, a City of Phoenicia.
Ecebolus, a Sophister of Constantinople, noted for his frequent Apostasy.
Ecelinus, the Name of a cruel Tyrant.
Ecelenses, a People of Sicily.
† **Ecfeceris**, for effeceris.
Echedæ, a Town in Attica.
Echedamia, a City of Phocis.
Echedorus, a River in Macedonia, whose Water was too little for Xerxes's Army.
Echelidæ, a Town in Attica.
Echemenes, the Name of an Historian.
Echemon, the Son of Priamus, slain by Diomedes.
Echemythia, æ, f. Silence, *g.*
Echemythus, he that keeps Silence, *g.*
Echeneis, idis, f. a Sea-lamprey, a Remora.
Echeneus, the most generous of all the Phæaces.
Echetæ, singing Grasshoppers, *g.*
Echetia, a City of Italy.
Echetia, a City of Sicily.
Echetra, a City of Italy.
Echeverenses, a People of Arcadia.
Echidna, æ, a Viper, *g.*
Echidne, a Queen of Scythia, by whom Hercules had three Children at a Birth, and appointed him to succeed him, that could bend his Bow when he came to age; which Scythia only could do, of whom the Country was named.
Echidnion, ii, Vipers Bugloss, *g.*
Echinades, small Islands by Acarnania, called also Echinæ, and vulgarly Cozzulari.
Echinatus, a, um, [ab echinus] set with prickles. * Echinatus calyx, the prickly Husk of a Chestnut.
Echineus, the fifteenth King of the Sicyonians.
Echinomëtra, a kind of Shell-fish, and a Hedgehog, *g.*
Echinon, a City of Thrace.
Echinus, i, or -untis, a City or Island in the Ægean Sea; also the City of Phthiotis, and other Places.
Echinophora, a kind of Shell-fish, *g.*
Echinopus, a kind of Herb, *g.*
ECHINUS, i, m. [ἐχίνος] a Hedgehog, a sort of Crab-fish, and the rough Shell of a Chestnut, a Vessel to wash Cups in, a Bristle-brush, and a kind of Bracelet, the roughest part of a Beast's Belly, a Box into which the Voices were put at Trials. Also a Quarter-round [in a Pillar] and sometimes more, swelling above the Circumferences, and commonly next to the Abacus carved with Ovals and Darts.
* Echinus conditaneus, a fat Tripe.
Echinussa, an Island by Eubœa, called afterwards Cimolus.
Echion, one of those that helped Cadmus to build Thebes; hence Echioniz, Thebes, and Echionidæ, the Thebans.

Echion, or -ium, Vipers Bugloss; also a Medicine for sore Eyes, *g.*
Echite, es, f. a Herb like Scammony.
Echites, a precious Stone resembling a Viper, *g.*
Echo, us, f. an Echo, the Sound of the Voice, *g.*
Echo, us, f. a Nymph of the River Cephissus, who being in love with Narcissus, and slighted by him, pined away into an Echo or Voice.
Echoicus, a, um, of or like an Echo.
Eclecta, orum, Collections, *g.*
Ecligma, or -egma, âtis, a Loboch, an Electuary, *g.*
Eclipsis, is, f. an Eclipse, *g.*
† **Ecliptico**, are, to eclipse, *g.*
Eclipticus, a, um, of an Eclipse.
* Linea ecliptica, the Ecliptic, *g.*
Ecloga, æ, i, a Title, an Abridgment, familiar Discourse between Friends; hence Virgil's Eclogues, *g.*
Eclögarium, ii, n. an Epitome.
Eclögarius, ii, m. an Epitomizer, an Instructor, an Auditor.
Eclögium, ii, n. a pretty short Discourse.
Ecnephias, a Storm where a Cloud is broken, *g.*
Ecnomus, a Fortress in Sicily.
† **Eco**, for ego, *i.*
Ecobrogis, a City of Galatia.
Econia, a City of Greece.
Econtra, adv. on the contrary.
† **Ecors**, ordis, faint-hearted.
Ecpetala, orum, with Cups, flat Bowls, *g.*
Ephantus, a Philosopher of Syracuse.
Ecphora, æ, g, a Jutty in a Building.
Ecphrasis, a Declaration or Interpretation, *g.*
Ecplexis, an astonishment, *g.*
Ecpvëma, a gathering together of Corruption.
Ecquando, adv. whether at any time.
Ecquid, adv. why, whether or no.
Ecquis, qua, quod, and quid, whether any one. * Ecqua virgo aut mulier sit, if there be any Maiden or Woman.
Ecquisnam, quænam, quodnam, or quidnam, the same.
Ecquò, adv. whether.
† **Ecscriptus**, for exscriptus.
Ecstasis, is, f. an Extasy, or Trance, *g.*
Ecstasticus, a, um, in a Trance, *g.*
Ecstasis, is, f. the making a short Syllable long, *g.*
Ectenæ, or -ni, a People of Greece, who first inhabited Thebes in Bœotia.
Ecthlipsis, is, f. a cutting off, *g.*
Ecthymata, little Wheals, *g.*
Ectivi, a People of the Alps, conquered by Augustus.
Ectomias, æ, a Eunuch, *g.*
Ectrapelus, huge, monstrous, unnatural, *g.*
Ectroma, âtis, n. an Abortion, *g.*
Ectropium, ii, n. a Distemper in the Eye, when the nether Lid will not come to the upper, *g.*
Ectypum, i, n. a Counterfeit, a Thing made by a Pattern, *g.*
Eculeus, ei, m. a Rack to punish Offenders. See Equuleus.
Ecur, a Town of India within Ganges.

E

D

E. D. for ejus domus, or dominus.
Eda, a River of Messenia.

E E E E E 3

Edacitas, âtis, f. [ab edax] greedy, eating, gormandizing.
† **Edaciter**, adv. greedily.
† **Edaculum**, i, n. short commons, small pittance.
† **Edaculus**, i, m. a pretty great Eater.
Edana, a City by Euphrates which the Phœnicians did inhabit.
Edax, âcis, [ab edo] a great Eater, gluttonous, consuming. * Edaces curæ, Cares that waste the Body.
Eddarâ, a City of Arabia deserta.
Edëcimatio, onis, f. a punishing every tenth Man.
Edëcimâtor, ôris, m. he that punishes or picks out the tenth Man.
Edëcimâtus, a, um, every tenth being chosen.
Edëcimo, are, to choose out.
Edëimor, ari, to be chosen, &c.
Edëcimâtus, a, um, deprived of Tithes.
Eden, Heb. Pleasure; also a Country in the East, and the Name of a Man.
Edenburgus, Edenburg.
Edendus, a, um, to be eaten.
Edens, ntis, eating.
† **Edentâbulum**, an Instrument to pluck out Teeth.
Edentatio, onis, f. a drawing of Teeth.
Edentâtor, oris, m. a Tooth-drawer.
Edentâtus, a, um, having his Teeth out.
Edento, are, [à dens] to draw or dash the Teeth out.
Edentulus, a, um, toothless. * Vinum edentulum, old heartless wine.
† **Edëra**, æ, f. Ivy.
Edepol, see Ædepol.
† **Ederius lapis**, a Painter's Stone which they grind their Colours on.
Edeffa, a City in Syria, called also Antiochia, Callirrhoe, Justinopolis and Rhœas, built by Nimrod.
Edetana, a Country in Spain.
Edgarus Etheling, being Heir to the Crown of England, and seeing the Country in Disorder, attempted to go with his Mother and Sisters into Hungary, where he was born, but was driven by a Tempest into Scotland, where his Sister Margaret married Malcolm the King, and had by him 6 Sons and 2 Daughters, whereof Edgar, Alexander, and David succeeded him in the Kingdom.
Edi, a People of Scythia.
Edico, xi, ctum, to proclaim, command, publish. * Edicere conventum focis, to warn 'em in to meet at such a time. * Edicere alicui, to give one a strict charge.
Edictâles, Students in the Law of the second Year.
Edictâlis, le, of or by Edict.
Edictatio, onis, f. a proclaiming.
Edictâtor, ôris, m. a Proclaimer.
Edictio, onis, f. a Charge, Proclamation.
Edicto, are, to declare, pronounce, give public notice of.
Edictor, oris, m. he that proclaims or orders.
Edictum, i, n. a Proclamation, an express Charge.
Edictus, a, um, [of edicor] proclaimed, appointed.
† **Ediculum**, i, n. a Scholar's Commons.
Edidi, see Edo.
Edilis, le, eatable. * Edilia, Man's Meat.
† **Edi-**

† Edilitas, as Aedilitas.
 † Edilitius, ii, m. the Clerk of the Market.
 † Edim, for edam, or ederim.
 Edinburgum, Edinburgh in Scotland.
 Ediscendus, a, um, to be learnt by heart.
 Edisco, didici, ere, to con or learn by heart. * Vultum alicujus ediscere, to endeavour after so perfect a Knowledge of one's Countenance as to know him from all others.
 Edissa, or Hadissa, the same as Esther.
 † Edissērator, ōris, m. a Declarer.
 Edissēro, ui, tum, to declare.
 Edisserto, are, to rehearse particularly.
 Edissertor, ōris, m. a Rehearser.
 Editio, ōnis, f. an Edition, setting forth, Publishing. * Editio consulum, the Elections of Consuls.
 Editor, ōris, m. higher.
 Edititius, a, um, published. * Judex edititius, an Arbitrator named by one party.
 Editor, ōris, m. a Publisher.
 Editus, a, um [of edor] published, named, born; also high. * Editi Judices, chosen Judges.
 Editus, is, m. a setting forth, the Dung of Beasts, as the Crotels of a Hare, the Scumber of a Fox, &c.
 Edmundi Burgus, St. Edmundsbury in Suffolk.
 Edmundus, i, m. Edmund, a King of England, chosen by the Londoners at the Death of his Mother, whilst another Party chose Canutus, whom after many Battels Edmundus made his Partner.
 † Edo, di, ēsum, or estum, to eat or consume. * Edere pugnos, to be soundly nubbled.
 † Edo, ōnis, m. a great Eater.
 Edo, didi, ditum, to put forth, utter, publish, execute, commit, shew, bear, read, name, forget. * Ovum edere, to lay an Egg. * Clamorem edere, to make a Noise. * Operam annuam edere, to serve for a Year. * Edere scintillas, to sparkle. * Edere animum, to give up the Ghost. * Edere partum, to bring forth. * Edere urinam, to make Water. * Edere nomen, to give in his Name to the Pretor to be enrolled. * Edere tribus, to choose or call out such a Ward. * Edere rationes, to cast up Accounts.
 Edocenter, adv. teachingly.
 Edoceo, ui, ctum, to certify, inform, teach thoroughly.
 Edocibilis, le, easily taught.
 Edoctus, a, um [of edoceor] instructed, informed. * Edoctus belli artes, well skilled in soldiery and tactics.
 Edoia, a City of Arabia foelix.
 Edolatio, ōnis, f. a Plaining.
 Edolator, ōris, m. a Plainner, Polisher.
 Edolo, are, to plain or polish, finish.
 Edom, the Country Iduniza, so called from Edom or Esau.
 Edomabilis, le, tameable.
 Edomatio, ōnis, f. a Taming.
 Edomator, ōris, m. a Tamer.
 Edomitus, a, um [of edomor] tamed.
 Edonio, ui, itum, to tame, break or subdue.
 Edomor, ari, to be tamed, or framed.

Edon, a Mountain of Thrace.
 Edone, a kind of Fish.
 Edonis, idis, a City of Phrygia; also a She-priest of Bacchus.
 Edonus, a, um, of the Mountain Edon.
 Edor, esus, or estus, di, to be eaten.
 Edormio, ire, to sleep away. * Edormire vinum, to recover one's Wits again by taking a nap.
 Edormior, iri, to be spent in sleep.
 Edormisco, ere, to sleep out, or digest by taking a gentle nap.
 Edormitio, ōnis, f. a sleeping.
 † Edorsatus, a, um, broken-backed.
 † Edorso, are, to break the Back.
 Edosa, a City in the Gulf of the Troglodytick Sea.
 Edrei, a City of King Og among the Amorites.
 Edri, the Island Bardsey, on the Coast of Wales.
 Edron, a Haven by the River Po.
 Edvardus, i, m. Edward the Name of several Kings of England.
 † Educarius, ii, m. a Nourisher.
 Educatio, ōnis, f. a Nourishing.
 Educator, ōris, m. a Nourisher.
 Educatrix, icis, f. a Nurse.
 Educatus, a, um, nurtured, brought up.
 Educatus, ūs, m. a Bringing up.
 † Educō, are, to bring up. * Educare mammis, to suckle. * Educare oratorem, to train up one in the Rhetorick School.
 † Educō, xi, ctum, to bring or draw forth, deliver, raise, bring up, drink all off. * Eduxi a parvulo, I brought him up from a Child. * Educere cœlo, to make exceeding high.
 † Eductus, a, um [of educor] brought up, raised high.
 Eduinus, a King of England, Son of Edmundus.
 † Edulcabilis, le, very sweet.
 Edulco, are [a dulcis] to sweeten.
 † Edulcoro, are, the same.
 † Edule, is, n. [ab edo] Food.
 † Edulis, le, eatable.
 Edulitas, ātis, f. a Prince's Largest to the People in the Time of Dearth.
 Edulium, ii, n. Food, Man's meat.
 Edulus, a Mountain of Spain, called Moncayo.
 † Edulus, i, m. a great Eater.
 Edumai, a People of Arabia.
 Eduratio, ōnis, f. a hardning.
 Edurē, adv. very hardly.
 † Eduro, are, to endure, harden, or inure to hardship.
 Edurus, a, um, tough. * Edurapya, Choak-pears.
 Edusa, the Goddess that presided over eating.
 Edya, a Nymph and Daughter of Oceanus and Tethys.
 Edylius, the Mountain whence the River Aflus flows.
 Edyme, a City of Caria.

E E

Eetion, the Father of Andromache, who reigned in Thebes.
 Eetionea, a Promontory of Piræus.
 Eetioneus, a, um, of Eetion.

E F

E. F. for ejus filius.
 Eferem, or Efrem, the 13th Bishop of Jerusalem, A. D. 126.

Effabilis, le, [ab effor] utterable.
 † Effabilitas, ātis, f. Speakableness.
 Effaco, are [a fax] to cleanse from Dregs.
 Effacundari, to be made fruitful.
 † Effafilatus, a, um, loose, at Liberty.
 † Effāmen, īnis, n. Speech.
 † Effāmino, are, to speak.
 Effarcio, fi, tum, to stuff hard, cram in.
 Effāris, ri, to speak out, to pronounce certain Forms of Prayer [as the Priests did at the Consecration of their Temples].
 † Effascimentum, i, n. a Bewitching.
 Effascinatio, ōnis, f. the same.
 Effascinātor, ōris, m. a Bewitcher.
 Effascino, are [of ex and fascino] to bewitch.
 Effātum, i, n. an Axiom.
 Effāta, ōrum, n. Oracles.
 Effātus, a, um, spoken, consecrated.
 † Effaxillo, are, to stretch out the Arm so as the Arm-hole is seen.
 Effeci. See Efficio.
 Effectio, ōnis, f. an Accomplishing.
 Effectivus, a, um, effectual.
 Effector, ōris, m. an Accomplisher.
 Effectrix, icis, f. she that accomplishes, a Procuress.
 Effectum, i, n. an Effect.
 † Effectuosus, a, um, effectual.
 Effectus, a, um [of efficio] accomplished. * Hoc tibi effectum reddam, I'll dispatch that.
 Effectus, ūs, m. an Effect.
 Effērate, adv. wildly, furiously.
 Effēratio, ōnis, f. a Madding, Ex-raging.
 Effērator, and -iūs, more savage.
 Effēratus, a, um, more enraged.
 Efferbeo, ere, to boil over.
 Effercio, ire [of ex and farcio] to stuff, cram, fill.
 Effērens, nus, lifting up.
 Efferesco, ere, to grow mad.
 Effēro, are, to enrage, over-rage. * Immanitate belluarum efferrari, to be laid waste by wild Beasts.
 Effēro, extūli, elātum [of ex and fero] to bring out, lift up, bury, transport. * Efferre laudibus, to cry up. * Efferre pedem, to stir out of Doors. * Efferre iracundiā, to transport with anger. * Efferre lætitiā, to make one glad. * Efferre se, to be haughty. * Efferre malum aliquod, to overcome an evil. * Effert se alveo Nilus, Nilus overflows its Banks. * Efferrari in amorem, to be beloved.
 † Effertio, ire, to stuff or cram.
 Effertus, a, um, ior, illius [of effercior] stuffed, crammed.
 † Effervens, ior, illius, fervent.
 Efferveo, ere, to boil over, be angry. * Effervere in agros, to overflow the Fields.
 Effervescens, ntis, fiery hot, chafing.
 Effervescencia, æ, f. a Boiling over.
 Effervesco, ere, to be very hot, to cool, wax cold. * Dum effervescit hæc gratulatio, while gratulatory Compliments pass.
 Effervo, vi, ēre, to boil over.
 Effērus, a, um [ab ex & ferus] cruel, savage.
 † Effexis, for effeceris.
 † Effibulo, are, to unbutton, as clasp.

Efficacia, æ, f. *Efficacy, Force.*
Efficacior, ius, more *effectual.*
Efficacitas, atis, f. *Strength, Force.*
Efficaciter, ius illimè, adv. *effectually, with Vigour.*
Efficax, acis, ior, iſſimus [ab *ef-
ficio*] *effectual, prevailing.* * *Vir
efficax* one that goes thorow-stitch
with a business.
Efficiens, ntis, *accomplishing; also
the efficient (cause).* * *Efficiens
utilitatis*, profitable.
Efficienter, adv. *with effect.*
Efficientia, æ, f. *Virtue, Power.*
Efficio, eci, ctum [of *ex* and *fac-
cio*] *to accomplish, bring to Ef-
fect, perform, make good.* * *Ef-
ficere epistolam*, to write to one.
 * *Argentum efficere alicui*, to
procure Money for one. * *Efficere
aliquid in studiis*, to profit in
Learning. * *Similitudinem pa-
nis efficiebat*, it served instead of
Bread.
Efficitur, imp. *it is brought to pass,
clearly proved.*
Efficio, ònis, f. *a Fashioning.*
Effictus, a, um [of *effingor*] *fash-
ioned.*
 † **Effigia**, æ, f. *an Image.*
Effigatio, ònis, f. *a Fashioning.*
Effigiator, òris, m. *a Fashioner.*
Effigiat, a, um, *fashioned.*
 † **Effigiat**, ùs, m. *a Fashioning.*
Effigies, ei, f. [ab *effingo*] *an Image,
Shape, Form, Likeness.* * *Habere
effigiem thuris*, to be like Frank-
incense. * *Muta effigies*, one whol-
ly mute in a Play.
 † **Effigio**, are, *to make the Shape of
anything, draw.*
Effingo, xi, ctum, *to fashion, repre-
sent, express, describe, feign, cut
or engrave ones's Picture.* * *Ef-
fingere vim Demosthenis*, to be as
powerful and persuasive as Demo-
sthenes.
Effio, effectusum, ieri, *to be brought
to pass.*
Efflagitatio, ònis, f. *an Importun-
ing.*
Efflagitator, òris, m. *an Importun-
er.*
Efflagitatus, a, um, *earnestly beg-
ged.*
Efflagitatus, ùs, m. *Importunity.*
Efflagito, are, *to crave earnestly, to
obtain by Importunity.* * *Efflagi-
tare convicio*, to get from by bawl-
ing, dunning, or with much ado.
Efflamino, are, *to blaze out.*
Efflans, ntis, *puffing up.*
 † **Efflatio**, ònis, f. *a belching, break-
ing of Wind.*
 † **Efflatus**, ùs, the same.
Effleo, ere [of *ex* and *fleo*] *to weep
out, waste with weeping.* * *Efflere
oculos*, to weep one's Eyes out.
Efflictim, adv. *vehemently.*
Efflictio, ònis, f. *an Afflicting.*
Efflictus, a, um [of *effligor*] *afflict-
ed, marred.*
Effligo, xi, ctum, *to beat down, dash
against, afflict, torment.*
Efflo, are, *to blow out or away.* * *Ef-
flare animam, or extremum ha-
litem*, to breath one's last. * *Ef-
flavit animam spes*, my hope is
quite gone.
 † **Efflorationes**, *Wheals, Pubes.*
Effloreo, ere, *to spring forth.*
Effloresco, ere, *to spring, blow, flou-
rish, abound, to grow into Reputa-
tion.*

Effluentèr, adv. *abundantly.*
Effluentia, æ, f. *a flowing out, or
running over, the passing away of
Time.*
Efflui, a *People of Germany, inha-
biting Liffandt.*
Effluo, xi, xum, *to leak or run out,
pass away (as Time), slip out, run
over, be published, forgotten.* * *Ef-
fluere ex animo, or è memoria*,
to be forgotten. * *Id effluet*, 'twill
out, I can't keep my Counsel.
Efflūvium, ii, n. *a running out.*
Effluus, a, um, *running out.*
Effluxus, ùs, m. *a flowing out, or
running.*
Effocatio, ònis, f. *a choaking up.*
Effoco, are [ab *ex* & *faux*] *to
choak, strangle.*
Effodicio, ònis, f. *a digging up
or out.*
Effodico, are, *to dig up or out.*
Effodio, òdi, flum, *to dig up, pull
out, vex.* * *Effodere alicui ocu-
los*, to tear out one's Eyes. * *Effo-
dit illius memoria pectus meum*,
the Remembrance of him pierces my
very Heart.
Effocundor, ari, *to be made fruit-
ful.*
 † **Effodo**, are, *to defile.*
Effeminate, adv. *effeminately, nice-
ly.*
Effeminatio, ònis, f. *an Effemina-
ting.*
Effeminator, òris, m. *an Effemi-
nater.*
Effeminatorium, ii, n. *a Srew.*
Effeminatrix, icis, f. *a Bawd.*
Effeminatus, a, um, ior, iſſimus,
effeminate, nice, delicate. * *Artes
effeminatæ*, wanton Sports.
Effemino, are [à *foemina*] *to effe-
minate, unman.* * *Effeminare
puerum*, to abuse against Nature.
Effetè, adv. *barrenly, weakly.*
Effetus, a, um, *past bearing, having
newly brought forth, weak, consu-
med.* * *Effettagallina*, a Hen past
laying. * *Effetus grex*, the whole
Litter brought forth. * *Effetus
ager*, a Field worn out of heart, im-
poverished.
Effor, ari, *to speak out. See Effa-
ris.*
Efforo, are, *to bore or pierce thorow.*
 † **Effosio**, are, *to dig out, or tho-
row.*
Effossor, òris, m. *he that digs or
breaks thorow.*
Effossus, a, um [of *effodior*] *dig-
ged or searched out.*
 † **Effoveo**, ere, *to cherish.*
 † **Effoveor**, eri, *to be cherished.*
Effractorius, ii, m. *a Burgler, Break-
er open.*
Effractor, òris, m. *a Breaker open,
Burster.*
Effractura, æ, f. *a bursting or break-
ing open.*
Effractus, a, um [of *effringor*] *bro-
ken, broken down, or open.* * *Ef-
fractus fame*, hunger-starv'd.
Effracte, adv. *loosely, without Bri-
dle.*
Effrenatio, ònis, f. *Rashness, unruly
headiness.*
Effrenatus, a, um, ior, iſſimus,
unbridled, loose, rash, unruly.
Effreno, are, *to unbridle, let loose.*
Effrenus, a, um, } [ab *ex* & *fræ-*
Effrenis, e, } num] *unbridled,
fierce, unruly.*
Effricatio, ònis, f. *a rubbing off.*

Effrico, are [of *ex* and *frico*] *to rub
off.*
Effringo, ègi, actum [of *ex* and
frango] *to break open, down, or in
pieces.* * *Animam effringere*, to
kill.
Effrons, ntis, *imudent.*
 † **Effugatio**, onis, f. *a putting to
flight.*
Effugiendus, a, um, *to be avoided.*
Effugio, ùgi, itum, *to avoid, escape,
fly away.* * *Me effugit memoria*,
my Memory fails.
Effugium, ii, n. *Flight, Refuge, Eva-
sion, a way to escape, a shift.* * *Ef-
fugia pennarum habere*, to be
wing'd, to save themselves by flight.
Effugo, are, *to put to flight.*
 † **Effugus**, a, um, *Red away.*
Effulcio, civi, itum, and -tum, *to
bear up, underprop.*
Effulgens, ntis, *shining.*
Effulgeo, si, ere, *to shine or glitter,
appear.*
 † **Effulgescentia**, æ, f. *the Falling-
sickness.*
Effulgidus, a, um, *shining, bright.*
 † **Effulgo**, ère, *to shine or glitter.*
Effultus, a, um [of *effulcior*] *un-
derfet.* * *Atria effulta montibus*,
Porches born up by Marb & digged
out of Mountains.
Effundo, ùdi, sum [of *ex* and *fun-
do*] *to pour out, spill, consume, la-
vish, spread abroad, discover, run
over (as a River), to disclose.*
 * *Civitas effundit se*, the People
flock out. * *Effundere iram in a-
liquem*, to wreak his Anger upon
one. * *Effundere fletus*, to weep
abundantly. * *Effundere se in li-
bidine*, to give himself up to his
Lust. * *Effundere equum*, to
ride full speed. * *Effundere car-
rum*, to drive hard. * *Effundere
spiritum extremum, animam, vi-
tam*, to give up the Ghost. * *Ef-
fundere farcinam*, to throw down
his Lading (as a Horse). * *Ef-
fundere primum impetum*, to
give the first Charge.
 † **Effundus**, a, um, *turned upside
down.*
Effusè, adv. *largely, excessively.*
 * *Effusè ridere*, to tighy. * *Ef-
fusè fugere*, to fly away hastily and
in disorder.
Effusio, ònis, f. *a pouring out, a
great Rout, Prodigality.* * *Effu-
sio animi*, the enlargement of the
Mind (when joyful). * *Effusio ho-
minum ex oppidis*, the Flocking
of the People out of the Towns.
Effusor, òris, m. *a Prodigal, Spend-
thrift.*
Effusorie, adv. *prodigally.*
 † **Effusorium**, ii, n. *an Instrument
to pour out by.*
Effusus, a, um, ior, iſſimus [of
effundor] *poured out, overflowing,
scattered, prodigal, prone.* * *Ef-
fusissimis habenis*, with full speed.
 * *Effusissimo studio*, with the
greatest Earnestness. * *Effusa læ-
titia*, excessive Joy. * *In verbis
effusior cultus*, a too great liberty
in choice of words.
 † **Effutis**, le, *blabbing.*
Effutio, ire, *to blab out.* * *Effutire
foris*, to tell tales abroad.
Effutitus, a, um, *erving only to
fill up the Room.*
Effutitor, òris, m. *a Blabber, Bab-
ler, Tell-tale.*

Effutitus, a, um, *blabbed abroad*.
† *Effuto*, are, to *confess*.

E G

Egebertus, *Egebert*, a King of England, who first subdued the Welsh, and first imposed the Name of England upon this Island.
Egelaste, a Town in Spain.
Egelastani, the Inhabitants of *Egelaste*.
Egelatus, a, um, lukewarm.
Egelide, adv. lukewarmly.
Egelido, are, to thaw, dissolve.
Egelidus, a, um, thawed, having the Cold taken off; also very cold.
Egelo, are, to take away the Cold.
Egemmon, the ninth King of Corinth.
Egemon, a Poet who wrote the War between the Thebans and Lacedæmonians.
Egens, ntis, and ior, *issimus*, needy, poor, that can scarce live. * *Animo egens*, cowardly. * *Egens consilii*, not knowing what Course to take.
Egenus, a, um, poor, beggarly. * *Res egenæ*, great want.
EGEO, ere [ab "Ayo duco] to be in want, stand in need of. * *Egetur acriter*, I am in great want. * *Egeo consilii*, or *consilio*, I know not what to do.
Egeria, a Nymph to whom the great belied Women sacrificed, and with whom Numa Pompilius said he conversed every Night; also a Fountain of Rome without the Gate Capena.
Egeries, ei, f. [ab *egero*] a Casting out, voiding.
Egerminatio, ōnis, f. a Budding forth.
Egerminat, a, um, budded.
Egermino, are, to bud out.
Egero, ū, ūm, to cast forth, spend. * *Egerere urinam*, to make Water. * *Egerere sermones*, to order or digest Discourses in writing.
† *Egesco*, ere, to stand in need.
Egesinus, a Philosopher, Scholar of Evander.
Egesta, the Daughter of Hippotes of Troy, upon whom Criniseus begat *Arestes*; also a City in Sicily, built by *Aeneas*, so called from her, and afterwards called *Segesta*.
Egestas, atis, f. [ab *eg eo*] Need, Beggartineß. * *Egestas Patrii sermonis*, the Poverty of one's Mother-Tongue, the Want of Expressions in one's own Language.
Egestio, ōnis, f. a casting out, voiding, lavish wasting.
† *Egestofus*, and *Egestuofus*, a, um, very poor.
Egestum, i, n. Dung, Ordure.
† *Egestuofitas*, atis, extreme Poverty.
Egestus, a, um [of *egeror*] cast forth.
Egestus, ūs, m. a voiding or casting forth.
Egeus, or *Hegai*, an Eunuch of the King of Persia.
Eghelo, an Italian word for Beantifolly.
Egica, a King of Spain, who slew *Fasilla*, that he might enjoy his Wife.
Egidius, a Spanish Cardinal, and others.

D. Egidius, a Bishop of Novodunum, who converted the Flemmings and Picards.
Egion, a City between *Ætolia* and *Peloponnesus*.
Egipfa, a King of Spain.
Egirtius, a River of Aquitain, called *Gers*.
† *Eglenterium*, i, n. the Eglantine Rose.
† *Egloceros*, and *Ægoceros*, Capricorn.
† *Eglömëro*, are, to unwind.
† *Eglutio*, ire, to vomit up.
Egnatia, or *Ignatia*, a Town in Italy, whose Ruins are *Nazzo*.
EGO, mei, mihi, me [*Eγώ*] I. * *Ego ipse*, I my self. * *Ego sum*, 'tis I. * *Egommet*, I my self. * *Proximus egomet mihi*, Charity begins at home.
† *Egon*, ōnis, and *egona*, æ, an Age.
Egofa, the Town *Gaudena* in Catalonia.
Egra, the City *Menofgada* in Bohemia; also a City in Arabia.
Egredior, gressus sum, di [of *è* and *gradior*] to go forth, transgress. * *Egredi à proposito*, to swerve from his Purpose. * *Egredi annum centesimum*, to be above an hundred Years old.
† *Egrediatus*, ūs, m. Excellence.
Egregie, adv. excellently, singularly. * *Egregie fortis*, very courageous.
Egredi, adv. more excellently.
Egredi, a, um, pick'd out, excellent, passing good, rare. * *Egredi lingua*, eloquent.
Egre, are [à *grex*] to separate, set apart.
Egressio, ōnis, f. a going out.
Egressor, ōris, m. a Stragler.
† *Egressorium*, ii, n. the place of Egress.
Egressus, a, um [of *egredior*] gone out, or beyond.
Egressus, ūs, m. a going forth, a Passage.
Egrex, egis, excellent, choice.
† *Egula*, æ, f. Brimstone used to whiten Wool.
Egurgitatio, ōnis, f. a disgorging.
Egurgitator, ōris, m. a Disgorger, or Devourer.
Egurgito, are [à *gurgis*] to disgorge.
Egurri, or *Evogarri*, a People in Spain, whose Town is called *Medina de Rio Secco*.

E H

E. H. for *ejus hæres*, or *ex hæreditate*.
Ehe [*E* 'E] an Interjection of Astonishment, *Alas*!
Ehem, alack! O strange!
Eheu [*Oi*, *εγώ*] interj. *alas*!
Eho, or *Ehōdum*, ho, so-ho. * *Eho tu*, you, come hither.
Ehud, a Judge of the Israelites, who delivered them from the Tyranny of *Eglon*.

E I

Ei, the Dative of *Is*.
EJA [*Eia*] interj. away! a match, come on then.
Ejaculatio, ōnis, f. an Ejaculation, Shooting.

Ejāculātor, ōris, m. a Shooter.
Ejāculatus, a, um, shot, cast out, or up.
Ejāculo, are, } to shoot, cast out, or
Ejaculor, ari, } afar off.
Eichstadium, the City of *Echstadt* in Bavaria.
Eidamene, a City of Macedonia.
Eiectamentum, i, n. Refuse, Offal.
Eiectatio, ōnis, f. a Casting out.
Eiectio, ōnis, f. a casting or spitting out.
Eiectitius, a, um, cast out young, cast before the time.
Eiecto, are, to fling out, vomit.
Ejector, ōris, m. a Caster out.
Eiectus, a, um [of *ejicior*] cast, or shut out, shipwrackt.
Ejēro, are [of *è* and *juro*] to except against a Judge.
Ejicio, ēci, cūm [of *è* and *jacio*] to cast out, fling, convey, cast off, cast the Young, miscarry. * *Ejicere in exilium*, to banish. * *Ejicere navim in terram*, to drive the Ship against the Ground. * *Quod eo naves ejicere possint*, because there the Ships may come to a flat Shore or Strand. * *Ejicere sese ex oppido*, to pack away from the Town.
Eilecuriana vallis, the Vale of *Alesbury* in Buckinghamshire.
Eileithya, a City of *Ægypt*.
Eliminium, a City of Dalmatia.
Eimotus, the River *Eimot* in Cumberland.
Einatus, a City of Creet.
Eion, a City of *Chersonesus*, and other places.
Eione, a Promontory of *Coroconda* running out between *Pontus* and *Mæotis*.
Eiones, a Town of *Argia*.
Eioneus, a Græcian Prince, slain by *Hector*; also a Thracian, Father of *Rhesus*.
Eiras, a Mountain in *Messenia*, in which the *Messenians* defended themselves eleven Years against the *Lacedæmonians*.
Eireside, a Town of the Tribe *Achamantis*.
Eiscadia, a City of *Lusitania*.
Ejūlabilis, le, howling.
Ejūlatio, ōnis, f. a Telling.
Ejulator, ōris, m. a Howler.
Ejūlat, ūs, m. a Wailing.
EjūLO, are [à *sono*] to wail or howl.
† *Ejunat*, for *jejunat*.
Ejuncidus, a, um [à *juncus*] lean, ill-favoured, dwindled.
Ejunō, adv. by *Juno*.
Ejuratio, ōnis, f. a Remonstrance, Resignation, Protesting against.
Ejurator, ōris, m. a Renouncer.
Ejuro, are, to renounce, protest against, get shut of. * *Ejurare bonam copiam*, to swear he is not able to pay.
Ejusmodi, ejuscemodi, ind. of the same sort, such like.
Eizelos, a Castle in Sicily.

E L

E. L. for *edita lex*.
Ela, a City of *Idumæa*, a Country in Asia; also the fourth King of Israel, and others.
Elabacare, a Place of India within Ganges, by the Sea-side.
Elābilis, le, sliding, fading.

Elabontas, a River by Antiochia.
 Elābor, pfus fum, bi, to escape,
 slide away, give one the slip. * Spes
 elapfa est, there is no hope. * Ela-
 bi ex criminibus, to get clear of
 Crimes laid to one's Charge.
 Elābōrans, ntis, labouring.
 Elābōrātē, adv. exactly, painfully.
 Elābōrātio, ōnis, f. a diligent En-
 deavour, a working out.
 Elābōrātor, ōris, m. a Perfector,
 Worker out, Pains-taker.
 Elābōrātus, a, um, diligently and
 exactly done.
 Elābōro, are, to work out or exqui-
 sitely, effect by labour, to spend one's
 pains in. * Elaborare versus, to
 hammer them out. * In literis ela-
 borare, to study hard.
 Elacateum, a Mountain of Thessaly,
 where there is a Temple of Jupiter
 Elacatzus.
 Elacatena, or Elacata, x, f. an old
 kind of Sauce, or Salt-fish, g.
 † Elācēro, are, to tear.
 † Elācterium, ii, n. a Medicine of
 the Juice of wild Cucumbers.
 Elāctesco, ere, to turn white as
 Milk.
 Elācto, are, to suckle.
 Elza, a City of Æolia in Asia;
 also an Island of Propontis, a City
 of Phœnicia between Tyre and Si-
 don, a Promontory of Cyprus, a
 City and three Islands of Æthio-
 pia.
 Elzæ, a City of Thrace.
 Elzemporia, x, f. a Buying of
 Oyl.
 Elzagnus, sweet Willow-gall, or Dutch-
 mirle, g.
 Elzomeli, n. a Gum dropping from
 the Olive-trees in Syria, g.
 Elzon, xi, n. Oyl, g.
 Elzophyllon, i, n. the Herb Mercu-
 ry, g.
 Elzothesium, ii, n. the Place where
 they anointed themselves, g.
 Elzvigatio, ōnis, f. a smoothing.
 Elzvigātor, ōris, m. a Smoother,
 Polisher.
 Elzvigo, are, to smooth, plane, po-
 lish.
 Elzus, a Haven of Epirus, and other
 Places.
 Elzussa, an Island of Cilicia.
 Elaites, a Wood in Ægypt.
 Elanguescio, ere, to make faint.
 Elamitzæ, the Princes of Persia, and
 a People of Arabia.
 Elana, a City of Arabia Petraea.
 Elancorum, a Mart Town of India
 within Ganges.
 Elanguo, and elanguesco, ere, to
 languish, pine away, lose Courage, a-
 bate. * Differendo res elanguit,
 the matter grew neglected by delay.
 Elanguidē, adv. faintly, sickly.
 Elanguidus, a, um, feeble, faint.
 Elabe, Elope, Elaphe, or Elaps, a
 kind of Serpent.
 Elaphebolia, Græcian Feasts in Fe-
 bruary, wherein Stags were sacri-
 ficed to Diana Elaphebolia.
 Elaphebolion, the Month February
 among the Greeks.
 Elaphiza, Diana so call'd from her
 Nurse Elaphia.
 Elaphiles, an Island in the Adriatick
 Sea.
 Elaphoboscum, ei, a wild Parsnip,
 g.
 Elaphonnesos, one of the Sporades,
 with a City of the same Name.

Elaphos, i, g. a Hart.
 Elaphus, a Mountain of Asia and
 Arcadia.
 Elaphusa, an Island in the Adriatick
 Sea.
 Elāpidatio, ōnis, f. a picking up
 Stones.
 Elāpidator, ōris, m. a Stone-ga-
 therer.
 Elāpidatus, a, um, free from Stones.
 Elāpido, are, to rid of Stones.
 Elāpsio, ōnis, f. a sliding away.
 † Elāpsio, are, to slide away.
 Elāpsus, a, um [of elabor] escaped,
 slipped away, unadvised. * Elāp-
 sus Bacchidi, having shifted off
 Bacchis.
 Elāqueātus, a, um, set at large,
 rid of Snares.
 Elāqueo, are, to unsnare, to un-
 fold.
 Elargior, iri, to give liberally, lash
 out, waste.
 Elargitio, ōnis, f. a giving libe-
 rally.
 Elargitor, ōris, m. a Frank-giver.
 Elātesco, ere, to tire, or bring to
 decay.
 Elatus, a River of Bithynia.
 Elātē, adv. haughtily.
 Elate, es, f. a kind of Date-tree, g.
 Elatea, a great City of Phocis, ano-
 ther of Thessaly and Thesprotia,
 called also Elatria.
 Elateius, Cæneus.
 Elaterium, ii, n. a wild Cucumber;
 also a Medicine made of the Juice
 of it, g.
 Elatine, es, g. Dog's-bur, Fluellin, g.
 Elatinus, a, um, of Furr.
 Elatio, ōnis, f. a lifting up, Haugh-
 tiness, Follity, Loftiness.
 Elatites, g. a kind of Good-stone.
 Elatratio, ōnis, f. a barking out.
 Elatrator, ōris, m. a Barker, slan-
 derer.
 Elatro, are, to bark, yelp.
 Elātus, a, um [of efferor] lifted
 up, proud, arrogant.
 Elāus, the Father of Cæneus.
 Elaudatio, ōnis, f. a commending.
 Elaudo, are, to commend one.
 Elaver, the River Aller in France.
 Elavia, a Castle in Sicily.
 Elāvo, avi, otum, & autum, to wash
 clean, spend all, rid one of all he has.
 * Elavare se bonis, to spend all,
 make himself a Gentleman.
 Elautus, a, um [of elavor] well
 washed.
 Elaxatio, ōnis, f. a loosing, unty-
 ing.
 Elāxo, are, to loosen, or widen.
 Elbestii, a People of Libya.
 Elba, an Island in Stephanus.
 Elbanthus, a City between Ægypt
 and Cyrene.
 Elbora, the City Talavera in Spain.
 Elcebus, the City Schlestadt in Al-
 satia.
 Elcephium, a City of Sicily.
 Elcoboris, a Town in Portugal.
 Eldamirii, Arabians about Mesopo-
 tamia.
 Eldana, the City Duennas in Spain,
 another in India without Ganges.
 Eldredus, Eldred, a King of Eng-
 land, A. D. 940.
 Elea, a City of Lucania; another in
 Æolia, where the Philosopher Zeno
 was born, called from thence Eleates.
 Eleazar Dinxi, Author of the Sedi-
 tion between the Jews and Sama-
 ritans.

Eleazarius, the Son of Annas made
 High Priest, A. D. 20.
 Elecebræ argentariæ [ab elicio]
 Harlots.
 Electa, a Woman to whom St. John
 writes his second Epistle.
 Electē, adv. distinctly.
 Electilis, le, choice, dainty.
 Electio, ōnis, f. a Choice, Election.
 Electiuncula, x, f. a little Choice.
 † Electivus, a, um, of Election.
 Electo, are, to allure, entice.
 Elector, ōris, m. an Elector, Choos-
 er.
 Electra, a Town and River of Messe-
 nia; also a Sea-nymph, the Wife of
 Atlas, whose Daughter also was
 called Electra, on whom Jupiter
 begat Dardanus; also the Sister of
 Orestes and Daughter of Agamem-
 non.
 Electrides, Islands in which are the
 Statues of Dardalus and Icarus, in
 the German Sea.
 Electritæ, } the Inhabitants of the
 Electrini, } Electrides.
 Electrifer, a, um, bearing Amber.
 Electrinus, a, um, made of Am-
 ber.
 Electrum, i, n. [ἤλεκτρον] Am-
 ber; also Gold alloyed with the 5th
 part of Silver.
 † Electrus, a, um, of Amber.
 Electrion, the Son of Alcæus, the
 Father of Amphitryo.
 Electuārium, ii, n. [ab eligo] an
 Electuary.
 † Electura, x, f. choosing.
 † Electurio, ire, to choose, be in
 doubt, defer.
 Electus, a, um [of eligor] cho-
 sen.
 Electus, ūs, m. Choice.
 Eledona, a Kind of Polypus [fish].
 Eleemosyna, x, f. Alms, g.
 Eleemosynarchus, i, m. the Lord
 Almoner.
 Eleemosynaria, x, f. she that gives
 Alms.
 Eleemosynarius, ii, m. an Alms-
 giver.
 † Eleemosyno, are, to give Alms.
 † Eleemosynor, ari, to receive
 Alms.
 Elees, the River Evoli near Erea
 in Lucania.
 Eleeson, g. have pity upon.
 Elegans, ntis [ab eligo] elegant,
 neat, spruce, choice, dainty, nice.
 * Elegans formarum spectator,
 an exact Judge of Beauty.
 Eleganter, ius, iusimē, neatly. * E-
 leganter acceptus, nobly enter-
 tained.
 Elegantia, x, f. Neatness, Elegan-
 cy.
 Elegarda, a City of Armenia ma-
 jor.
 † Elegatus, i, a kind of Sea-fish.
 Elegea, a small Country beyond Eu-
 phrates.
 Elegēia, x, f. an Elegy, g.
 Elegia, a City of Armenia.
 Elegia, x, f. an Elegy, a mournful
 Song, g.
 Elegia, orum, mournful Ditties.
 Elegiacus, a, um, of Elegies.
 * Carmen elegiacum, a short
 Verse, g.
 Elegidation, g. a short Poem in E-
 legiack Verse.
 Elegidium, ii, n. a mournful Song, g.
 Elegiographus, i, m. a Writer of
 Elegies, g.

Elegus,

ēlēgus, a, um, mournful.
 Elēgus, i, m. mournful Verse, g.
 Elei, a People of Peloponnesus.
 Eleus, a, um, of the Elei.
 Elēlēides, Bacchus's women Priests.
 Elēleus, one of Bacchus's Surnames.
 Elelisphacos, i, f. Sage, g.
 Elēmentārius, a, um, of Elements, Principles or Letters, learning the first Rudiments of ABC. * Literæ elementariæ, the Alphabets.
 ELĒMENTUM, i, n. [ab antiq. eleo pro oleo, i. e. cresco] an Element, Principle, a Letter, as A, B, &c.
 Elenchus, i, m. a Confutation, a Table of the Heads of a Discourse, a great long Pearl, g.
 Elēnticus, a, um, g. reproving.
 Elento, are [à lentus] to soften.
 Eleo, ere, to spot or spoil.
 Eleos, g. a Night Hawk.
 Eleoselinum, i, n. Smallage, g.
 Eleostaphyles, g. a Vine grafted on an Olive.
 Elephantia, æ, f. [ab elephas] the Leprosy.
 Elephanticus, a, um, leprous.
 Elephantiasis, is, f. the Leprosy, g.
 Elephantini, a City in Ægypt, and an Island of Nilus.
 Elephantini, or -tiæ, a People of Apulia.
 Elephantinum, i, n. a kind of black Paint made of burnt Ivory.
 Elephantinus, a, um, of or like an Elephant.
 Elephantis, an Island of Nilus; also a Poetress who wrote of Venery.
 Elephantophagi, Ethiopians near Ægypt.
 Elēphas, antis, } an Elephant;
 Elephantus, i, m. } Ivory; also a Sea-monster, a Lobster, g. * Elephantum ex musca facit, he makes a Mountain of a Mole-hill. * Elephant corio circumtegi, properly to be covered with an Elephant's Skin, to be all over in a Scab, Plaut.
 Elephas, a Mountain of Æthiopia, called Felles.
 Elete, a City of Cœlosyria.
 † Elēvāmen, inis, n. Lifting up, comforting.
 Elēvāmentum, i, n. a helping up.
 Elēvatio, ōnis, f. a lifting or heaving up, an Exclamation; also a diminishing.
 Elēvator, ōris, m. a Lifter up.
 † Elēvies, ei, f. a winnowing, cleaning.
 Elēvō, are, to lift or heave up, to slight, undervalue. * Elevare invidiam, to lessen or take away much of the Envy. * Elevare testimonium, to weaken the Force of an Evidence.
 Elēus, untis, f. a City of Thrace.
 Eleuntii, the People of Eleus.
 Elēus, a, um, of Elis.
 Eleusa, a Town in Cilicia, and an Island over against Cyprus.
 Eleusin, a City of the Island Thera.
 Eleusinia, ōrum, n. Grecian Sacrifices of very great esteem among them.
 Eleusius, the Name of a Man whom Ceres taught all manner of Agriculture, who gave name to the City Eleusis; also a Bishop of Cyzicus, who fell from the Catholick Faith,

to the Macedonian Heresy, but afterwards recanted, laid down his Bishoprick, and led a private Life.
 Eleuthera, a City in Creet.
 Eleuthera, a City of Bœtia, Pontus and Lycia.
 Eleutheria, ōrum, Sacrifices to Jupiter Eleutherius, kept every fifth Year.
 Eleutherinæ, a City in Creet.
 Eleutheris, a City of Bœotia.
 Eleutheriscus, a City of Macedonia.
 Eleutherium, a Town in Mysia.
 Eleutherius, a Name of Jupiter, given him when the Grecians cut off Mardonius, and three hundred thousand Persians, not leaving one.
 Eleutherocilices, a People of Asia.
 Eleutheropolis, a free City with Laws proper to themselves; also a City of Palestine called also Hebron.
 Eleutherius, the 12 Bishop of Rome; also a River of Phœnicia and Sicily.
 Eleutho, a Goddess that was thought to assist at Women's Labours.
 Eleutii, a People of Apulia.
 Elgos, a Town in Lycia.
 Elías, ādis, f. of Elis.
 Elibatio, ōnis, f. a tasting or sacrificing.
 Eliberatio, ōnis, f. a delivering.
 Elibero, are, to set at liberty.
 Eliberri, or Illiberis, a Town in Spain, and Gallia Narbonensis.
 Elibo, are, to taste or pour out, main.
 Elibro, are, to weigh or poise.
 Flibyrgæ, a City of Tartessus.
 † Elicator, ōris, m. he that seeks or finds Fountains.
 Elice, as Helice.
 Elices, m. pl. [ab elicio] Gutters.
 † Eliciator, ōris, m. a Drainer of Water.
 Elicio, ui, itum [of è and lacio] to draw from, get out by fair means. * Elicere præmiis, to entice by rewards. * Elicere alvum, to make one loose. * Elicere fulmen, to send down Lightning.
 Elicitatio, ōnis, f. a draining, also pricking.
 † Elicito, are, to drain often.
 Elicitor, ari, to out-bid.
 Elicitus, a, um [of elicio] drained, drawn out.
 Elicius, a, um, casting out or down, hence it is an Epithet of Jupiter, from his casting down Lightning.
 † Elico, are, to drain Water, turn upside down.
 Elicoci, a People of Gallia Narbonensis.
 † Elicones, they that turn things upside down.
 Elicranum, a City of Illyrium.
 Elido, isi, isum [of è and lēdo] to dash out or against, break, squeeze, pound. * Elidere ignem, to strike fire. * Elidere murum, to break down the Wall. * Elidere partum, to make one miscarry. * Elidere fauces or spiritum, to choke one. * Elidunt fœtus suos, overlay their Fig. * Elidere pontum, to dam up the Sea.
 Elidor, di, to be dashed or killed. * Elidi aggritudinibus, to be quite wasted and spent with Vexations, Sickness.

Eliensis, se, of Ely.
 Eligendus, a, um, to be chosen.
 Eligius, a Bishop of Noriomagus, who had been a Goldsmith, and gave to the poor all he got by his Trade A. D. 650.
 Eligo, ēgi, ctum [of è and lego] a elect, pick, choose.
 Eligurio, ire, to devour.
 † Eliguratio, ōnis, f. a devouring.
 Eliguritor, ōris, m. a liquorish Drinker.
 Elimate, adv. smoothly, curiously.
 Elimator, ōris, m. a Polisher.
 Elimatus, a, um, polished, finished.
 † Elimentum, i, n. Filing, Drift.
 † Elimes, a banished Man.
 Elimia, a City of Macedonia.
 Elimiotæ, the People of Elimia.
 Eliminatio, ōnis, f. a turning out of Doors.
 Elimino, are, [à limen] to turn out of Doors. * Eliminare dicta, to tell Tales out of Doors.
 Eliminator, ari, to be turned or told out of Doors.
 Elimo, are [à lima] to polish with the File, perfect.
 Elineor, ari [à linea] to be rasped or blotted out.
 † Elinguatio, ōnis, f. a plucking out of the Tongue.
 Elinguatus, a, um, whose Tongue is pulled out.
 Elinguis, e, tongueless, speechless. * Elinguem reddere, to replenish.
 Elinguo, are [à lingua] to pull or rend out the Tongue.
 Elinguor, ari, to be tongueless, a tongue-tied.
 Elint, a People of Thesprotia, whose Country is Elinia, and a City of Sicily.
 Elino, evi, ere, to raise or blot out.
 Eliochryson, g. the Herb Aurelia or Gold-flower.
 Eliocrota, a City of Spain called Lorca.
 Eliones, a People of Africa propria.
 Elionora, a King of England's Daughter, Wife of Alphonso King of Spain.
 Eliquabilis, le, which may be melted.
 Eliquamen, inis, n. the dripping of Meat, any Liquor drawn out of a Thing.
 Eliquatus, a, um, melted, clear. * Eliquatum vinum, burnt Wine, or aquavita, Brandy.
 Eliquesco, ere, to melt away.
 Eliquo, are, to melt down, purge, cleanse, strain, consume, spend, to mince it in speaking.
 Elis, is or idis, a City and Country of Peloponnesus between Arcadia and Achaia.
 Eliso, ōnis, f. Elision, a squeezing, or cutting off.
 Elisphasii, a People of Peloponnesus.
 † Elisse, for elidisse.
 Elissus, a City of Arcadia; also a River of Sicily and Elis.
 Elisus, a, um [of elidor] broken, squeezed, strangled, dashed against.
 † Elitigatus, a, um, without controversy.

Elix, icis, m. [ab elicio] a Water-furrow.
 Elixatiles pisces, very small Fishes.
 Elixatio, onis, f. a boiling.
 Elixir, an Arabian Word for Quin-essence.
 Elixo, are [ab elixus] to boil or sceth.
 Elixoca, a Hyperborean Island less than Sicily.
 Elixus, a, um [à lix] sudden, boiled.
 Elixus, a River of the Island Ceos.
 Eliza, or -sa, the same as Dido.
 Elisari, a People of Arabia foelix.
 Ellam, for en illam, behold her!
 Ellandunum, Wilton in Wiltshire.
 Elleborine, g. the Herb Epicaelis.
 † Elleboritis, the lesser Centory.
 Elleborum, i, n. Hellebore, g.
 Ellipsis, is, g. a Defect, a crooked Line in the Cross-section of a Cone or Cylinder.
 Ellopia, a Country of Eubœa, and the Island it self, from Ellops the Son of Jupiter.
 Ellopium, a City of Ætolia.
 Ellum, for en illum, there he comes.
 † Ellus, for ille, he.
 Ellus, the fifth Roman Consul without a Colleague; also a River that empties it self into Hermus.
 Ellychnium, ii, n. a Match or Wick of a Lamp, g.
 Elmantica, a City of Iberia.
 Elmis, inthis, g. a kind of Earth-worm.
 Elöco, are, to put out of its place, to let or lease out. * Elocare se curandum, to bargain with one for his Cure. * Elocare filiam, to match his Daughter.
 Elöcor, ari, to be hired, displaced.
 † Elöco, for illicò, presently.
 Elöcütio, onis, f. Utterance, Elocution, ready Delivery.
 Elöcütör, oris, m. an Orator.
 Elöcütörus, a, um, of Elocution.
 Elöcutrix, icis, f. she that speaks readily.
 Elöcütus, a, um [of eloquor] having spoken.
 Elögium, ii, n. [à logos] a publick Testimony, Declaration made by the Crier, Commendation, last Will, the Reason, Cause; also an Inscription upon a Tomb. * Elogia, the Confessions of a Prisoner.
 Elöhim, the Hebrew Word for God.
 Elöi [Heb.] my God.
 Elone, a City of Perrhœbia.
 Elongo, are, to lengthen, defer, prolong.
 Elöps, } öpis, g. a kind of Fish, and Elöps, } the Name of a Centaur.
 Elöquens, ntis, eloquent, well spoken.
 Eloquenter, adv. eloquently.
 Eloquëntia, æ, f. Eloquence. * Eloquëntia lucrosa, pleading.
 Eloquëntissimè, adv. very eloquently.
 Elöquium, ii, n. Speech, Eloquence; also an Oracle.
 Elöquor, cutus sum, eloqui, to speak out or eloquently. * Eloqui politè, to pronounce like an Orator.
 Elorini, a People of Sicily.
 Elorius, a, um, of Elorum.
 Elörum, and -rus, a River in Sicily.
 Elos, the Maid of Athmus who gave Name to Elos a City of Achaia.
 Elotz, Sergeants, or such like Officers among the Lacedæmonians.

Elötus, a, um [of elavor] washed clean.
 Elpënor, one of Ulysses's Companions who had been turned into an Hog by Circe, and being restored broke his Neck.
 Elpia, a City in Daunia.
 Elpidius, a Cappadocian, who lived five and twenty Years in a Cave, and eat but twice a Week.
 Elpis, the Wife of Bœtius.
 Eltelhamum, Eltham in Kent.
 † Eluacrum, i, n. a Bucking-tub.
 Elücens, ntis, shining out.
 Elüceo, xi, ere, to shine forth, appear. * Elucere in causis & foro, to be an eminent Lawyer.
 Elücesco, ere, to appear forth, shine in.
 Elücidatio, onis, f. a Gloss or Comment.
 Elücido, are, to make bright or clear.
 Elücifacio, ere, to cause to shine.
 † Elücifico, are, to pluck out one's Eyes.
 Eluctans, ntis, striving to get forth.
 Eluctatus, a, um, having overcome by wrestling or struggling. * Eluctatus obstantia, having surmounted all Difficulties.
 Eluctor, ari, to break through, strive or struggle with.
 Elücubratus, a, um, polished, studied.
 Elücubro, are, } to work or study Elücubror, ari, } by Candle-light, to do a Thing with great Care and Pains.
 † Elücus, ci, m. a Lover of Trifles, one that's sick of yesterday's drinking.
 Elüdens, ntis, deceiving.
 Elüdo, usi, usum, to shift off, to deceive, baffle. * Eludere canes, to vie off the Dogs.
 Elügeo, xi, ctum, to bewail; also to leave off Mourning.
 Elui, a People of Aquitain.
 Elui, a City of Paphlagonia.
 Elvidius, a Scholar of Auxentius, he confessed that Mary was a Virgin when she brought forth Jesus, but said that afterwards she had other Children by her Husband; which St. Jerom confutes as an idle Opinion.
 Eluina, a Name of Ceres.
 Elul, a Hebrew Month, answering to part of August and part of September.
 Elumbatus, a, um, whose Loins are broke or weak.
 Elumbis, be, broken back'd, feeble.
 Eluo, ui, utum [of è and lavo] to wash clean off. * Crimen eluere, to clear himself of a Crime.
 Eluro, a People of Scythia.
 † Elus, for Olus, a Pot-herb.
 Elusa, a City of Gallia Narbonensis and Palestine.
 Elusabetris, the Metropolis of Aquitain, called Aux.
 Elusates, a People of Aquitain.
 Eluscatio, onis, f. Purblindness.
 Elusco, are [à luscus] to make purblind, or put out one Eye.
 Elusii, a People of Mauritania Cæfariensis.
 Elüsio, onis, f. a deceiving, mocking.
 Elüsus, a, um [of eludor] deluded.
 Elut, or Elus, a City of Idumæa.

† Elütè, cleanly.
 Elutheria, æ, f. Liberty, Freedom, g.
 Elutia, orum, n. [ab elutus] Gold Metal.
 Elutiatus, a, um, poured from one Vessel to another, racked.
 Elütio, are [ab eluor] to pour from Vessel to Vessel, to shoot Liquors.
 Elutus, a, um [of eluor] washed, rinsed. * Nihil est elutius, nothing is more unsavoury.
 Elüvies, ei, } f. [ab eluo] the Elüvio, onis, } breaking in of a great Flood, an overflowing, a Contagion, a Sink of Mischief, a Town-ditch, Furrows made in the Earth by the violent Descent of Rain-water from Mountains.
 Eluxatus, a, um, out of joint, dislocated, sprained.
 Eluxo, are, to sprain, or put out of joint.
 Eluxurior, ari, to grow rank or luxurious [as Trees].
 Elydna, a City of India without Ganges.
 Elyma, a City of Macedonia and Sicily.
 Elymæ, a Country in Assyria near Persia.
 Elymas, a Country near Persia, and a City in Persia.
 Elymas, an Arabick Word for a Sorcerer.
 Elymi, Allies of the Carthaginians.
 Elymiotæ, a People of Macedonia, their Country is called Placani.
 Elymnium, an Island with a City of Eubœa.
 Elymus, a Nobleman who gave Name to Elyma in Macedonia.
 Elyrus, a City of Creet.
 Elysii, a People of Germany.
 Elysum, ii, n. [EΛYCIY] Paradise, the Place where the Souls of the blessed inhabit.
 Elysius, a, um, Elysian, of Paradise. * Elysii campi, a pleasant Place in Bœotia.

E M

E M. for ejusmodi.
 E. M. for ex more.
 † Em and im, for eum.
 Emäcëratus, a, um, made lean.
 Emäcëro, are, to soak, waste.
 Emäciätus, a, um, made lean.
 Emäcio, are, to make lean.
 Emäcitas, ätis, f. [ab emax] a Desire of buying.
 Emacresco, ere, to grow lean.
 Emacror, ari, to grow or make lean.
 Emäcùlo, are, to take out Spots.
 † Emäcùlus, i, given to buying.
 † Emädeo, ere, to be wet.
 Emänatio, onis, f. a flowing from, proceeding.
 Emänaturus, a, um, ready to come out.
 † Emanceps, ipis, freed from Bondage.
 † Emancipatio, onis, f. a setting free.
 Emancipatus, a, um, set at Liberty. * Emancipatus læminæ, bewitched to a Woman, under a female Yoke.
 Emancipo, are, to make free, alienate, to give one's self up. * Emancipare se alicui, to make one's self a Slave to any Body.

Emanco, are, to maim, cut off.
† Emando, are, to dispatch away.
Emāneo, nſi, ſum, to abſent himſelf from his Colours.
Emano, are, to flow or run out, to be divulged. * In vulgus emanare, to become common. * Emanare ſaniem, to void corrupt Blood.
Emanſio, ōnis, f. an abſenting one's ſelf from one's Colours.
Emanſor, ōris, m. one that lyes out of his Quarters, a Truant.
† Emanter, adv. ſaleably.
Emanuel, an Emperor of Conſtantineople, and other Men.
† Emarcum, ci, n. a kind of Grape.
Emarceſco, ere, to fade, wither.
Emargino, are, to pare off the Scurf about a Sore.
Emasculātor, ōris, m. a Gelder.
Emasculō, are [à maſculus] to geld, abuſe againſt Nature.
Emathia, a famous Country of Europe, call'd afterwards Macedonia, and is ſometimes taken for Theſſaly.
Emathius, a, um, of Emathia.
Emathias, a Grandſon of Noah, ſaid to poſſeſs and give Name to Emathia.
Emātūreſco, ere, to grow mild by age, ripen. * Ira Cæſaris emātūruit, Cæſar's Anger is well appeas'd.
Emātūrus, a, um, rotten ripe, mel-low.
Emax, ācis [ab emo] given to buy, a great Buyer.
Embacida, a God of the Heathens.
Embamma, ātis, n. Sauce, g.
Embārus, a mad Man in the Iſland Pyrexum, who only could be perſuaded to offer his Daughter in ſacrifice to appeaſe the Wrath of the Gods, having ſent a Famine among them. Hence Embarus ſum.
Embas, ādis, g. a Buſkin.
Embata, g. Packet-boats.
Embāter, ēris, m. the Sight in a Croſſ-bow, g.
Embateuticum juſ, g. a Law by which they keep Things pawned.
Emblēma, ātis, n. an Emblem, Picture, Chequer work of Marble, a ſmall Image or other Ornament to ſcrew on or take off at Pleaſure; alſo a Graff, g. * Emblematis exornare, to adorn, ſet off, embellish.
† Embola, the Compoſition Wheat which the Egyptians paid yearly to Rome.
Embōla, orum, n. Interludes in Plays, g.
Embolaria, ā, f. a Woman Player.
Embolicus, a, um, belonging to the Compoſition called embola.
Emolimaxus, a, um, g. inſerted. * Emolimāxus annus, the Leap-year.
Emoline, es, f. a Shrub in Aſia, g. againſt Poiſon.
† Emoliſmalis, le, of the Leap-year.
Emoliſmus, g. the adding of a Day in the Leap-year.
Emolium, il, n. the Entrance of a Comedy, and the Linch-pin of a Wheel, g.
Embōlus, i, m. the Bar of a Door, or any Thing put into another, entering upon a journey, the Leak of a Ship, g.
† Embrimium, ii, a kind of Bed.
Embroche, es, f. a watering; a bathing any part in Liquor, and ap-

plying of Cloaths dipped in Oyl, &c. g.
Embronium, ii, n. a kind of Garment.
Embryo, ōnis m. Embryum, yi, n. an untimely Fruit or Birth, the imperfect Shape of a Child unborn, g.
Embryorectes, ā, m. an Inſtrument to draw forth dead Children out of the Womb.
Emeatus, a, um, paſſed by.
Emeatus, ūs, m. the Mouth of a River.
Emēditātus, a, um, premeditated.
Emēdītor, ari, to premeditate.
Emēdullātus, a, um, whoſe Marrow is taken out.
Emēdullo, are [à medulla] to take out the Marrow, declare fully.
Emēdullor, ari, to have the Marrow taken forth.
† Emem, for eundem.
† Emembris, re, out of Joint.
Emembro, are [à membrum] to diſmember.
Ememor, ōris, unmiſdful.
† Emenda, ā, f. a Muſt or Fine.
Emendābilis, le, amendable.
Emendatē, adv. correctly, exactly.
Emendatio, ōnis, f. an amending, correcting; alſo a Penalty.
Emendātor, ōris, m. a Corrector, Reformer.
Emendātrix, icis, f. ſhe that corrects.
Emendātūrus, a, um, about to correct.
Emendātus, a, um, amended, congruous, bettered.
Emendicābilis, le, which may be obtained by begging.
† Emendicābūlum, i, n. a begging.
Emendicatio, ōnis, a begging.
Emendicātor, ōris, m. a Beggar.
Emendicātrix, icis, f. ſhe that obtains by begging.
Emendicātus, a, um, obtained by begging. * Emendicatus honos, Honour got by cringing and creeping.
Emendico, are, to beg, obtain by begging.
Emēndo, are [à menda] to amend, correct, cure. * Alvim citam emendat, it ſtops a Laſk.
Emenſus, a, um [of emetior] having meaſured or paſſed. * Emenſus eſt ſol ardua, 'tis Afternoon.
Ementior, iri, to forge, or feign, make Lies, counterfeit. * Ementiri ſirpem, to diſown his Family, to pretend himſelf of another Lineage.
Ementitē, adv. lyingly, falſly.
† Ementitio, ōnis, f. a forging, lying.
Ementitor, ōris, m. a Counterfeit or Liar.
Ementitus, a, um, counterfeit.
† Ementum, i, n. a feigning.
Emercatio, ōnis, f. a buying off.
Emercātor, ōris, m. a Buyer off.
Emercor, ari, to buy off.
Emēro, ere, } to ſerve out one's
Emēreor, eri, } whole time faithfully, to be made free.
Emergo, ſi, ſum, to riſe above Water, to come out of Adverſity, Obſcurity, Poverty, to get clear of. * Emergere incommoda valitudine, to recover health. * Emergere ſe ex malis, to looſe or free himſelf from miſchiefs. * Ex quo emergit, whence it follows.

Emergi, to be rid of.
Emericus, a King of Hungary.
Emerita, the Siſter of Lucius King of England, who was burnt for Chriſtianity.
Emerita auguſta, a City of Spain looking towards Portugal, famous for Purple.
Emeritum, i, n. an old Soldier's Penſion.
Emeritus, a, um [of emereor] having ſerved his Time, Diſcharged, put to Penſion. * Emerita arma, Weapons laid up after a Victory. * Emeritis ſtipendiis ambitionis, all ambitious Thoughts being diſcharged and diſbanded.
Emerſurus, a, um, ready to eſcape.
Emerſus, a, um [ab emergor] riſing or coming out. * Emerſus ab admiratione animus, being come out it ſelf, having left wondering.
Emerſus, ūs, m. } a riſing up.
Emerſio, ōnis, f. }
† Emerſio, ōnis, a Diſcharge.
Emeticum, ci, n. a Vomit.
Emetior, nſus ſum, ri, to meaſure over, perfect a long Work. * Emetiri iter, to travel, take a Journey. * Emetiri voluntatem alicui, to fulfil one's Deſires or Wiſhes.
Emēto, eſſui, eſſum, to reſt down.
† Emēto, are, the ſame.
Emicadium, ii, n. an Oyl-veſſel.
Emicans, ntis, ſhining forth.
† Emicantim, and -ter, ſhiningly.
Emicātum, adv. glitteringly.
Emicatio, ōnis, f. a ſhining out, ſpringing or leaping up.
Emico, are, to ſhine forth, ſpring or leap up, excel, ſtart up. * Pra omnibus emicat, ſurpaſſes 'em all.
Emigrans, ntis, departing.
Emigratio, ōnis, f. a removing.
Emigrātor, ōris, m. a Departer.
Emigro, are, to depart or remove. * Emigrare è vita, to dye.
† Emina, half a Sextarius.
Eminatio, ōnis, f. a threatening.
Eminens, ntis, eminent, excellent. * Eminens ingenium, a notable Wit.
Eminenter, adv. eminently.
Eminentia, ā, f. Eminence. * Eminentia in pictura, Riſings or Eminences in a Picture cauſed by ſeeming Shadows, a Relief.
Eminentior, iſſimās, moſt excellent.
Eminentior, Eminentia in ſol-folk.
Emineo, ere [of è and maneo] to be apparent, over-top, excel. * Eminebat aquam, ſtood above the Water.
† Emingo, ere, to piſs far.
† Eminiſcor, ſci, to remember.
Eminiſor, ari, to threaten much.
Eminor, ari, to threaten aloud, charge one.
Eminulus, a, um [ab emineo] ſtanding a little higher.
Eminuo, ere, to diminiſh.
Eminās [à manus] adv. aſar off, a diſtance.
Eminutio, ōnis, f. a diminiſhing.
Eminutor, ōris, m. a Diminiſher.
† Emio, ire, to adorn.
Emiror, ari, to gaze or wonder at.
Emiſa, a City of Phœnicia.
Emiſceo, ere, iſſum, to fill or poſt out.

Emil.

Emissarium, ii, n. a *Sluce, Flood-gate*.
Emissarius, a, um, *Sent out, Set apart*. * **Emissarius equus**, a *Stallion*. * **Emissarius palme**, a *Twig or Sprig*.
Emissarius, ii, m. a *Scout, Spie, Informer, Lacquey or Post*.
Emissilis, le, which may be sent or thrown out.
Emissio, ōnis, f. a *Sending forth, a shooting, Deliverance, Liberty*.
Emissitia, arum, things cast out for a *Scramble*; also *Refuse*.
Emissitius, a, um, *Spying, sent out for a Spy, thrown abroad, of no Value, Trash*. * **Emissitii oculi**, *sleping Eyes*.
Emissus, a, um, (of emitter) *Sent or Cast forth, Altered*. * **Emissa e Caelo Vox**, a *Voice from Heaven*.
† **Emistis**, a *Quaffing cup of one draught*.
Emitto, isi, sum, to *Send or Throw out, Publish, Empty, Shout out, Lay or Breed*. * **Emittere sanguinem**, to let one *blood*. * **Emittere manu**, to let one go *free*. * **Emittere aculeos in aliquem**, to give one *shrewd cutting Language, to make sport with*.
Emmanuel, Heb. *God with us*.
† **Emmaton**, the *Medicine in which tents are dipped*.
Emni, a *People of Taprobane*.
EMO, ēmi, emptum, [ab *Emu meum facio*] to *Buy, Purchase, Corrupt*. * **Emere decumanas, vectigalia**, to *farme the Tithes or Taxes*.
Emōdūlatio, ōnis, f. a *Singing in Time and Measure*.
Emōdūlator, ōris, m. a *finger*.
Emōdūlor, ari, to *sing out*.
Emodus, or **Hemodus**, a great *mountain in Asia dividing India from Scythia*.
Emolior, iri, to *Put out by force, to Endeavour to do*. * **Emoliri fretum**, to *trouble the Sea, to make it rage and roar (of the winds)*.
Emollesco, ere, to *Mollify*.
† **Emollidus**, a, um, *Soft, Nice, Wanton*.
Emolliens, ntis, *Mollifying*.
Emollimentum, i, n. a *Softning*.
Emollio, ire, to *Soften, Loosen, Civilize, Effeminate*. * **Emollire alvum**, to *make one loose*.
Emollitio, ōnis, f. a *Softning*.
Emollitus, a, um, *Softned*.
Emolo, ere, to *Grind out, Consume*.
Emolumentum, i, n. the *Increase of measure by grinding, toll, Profit or Gain*.
Emōneo, ui, tum, to *Warn, Admonish, give a strict Charge*.
Emonia, the *Island Maid in the East of Scotland*.
† **Emōrātus**, a, um, *well mannered*.
† **Emordeo**, ere, to *Bite out*.
Emōribundus, a, um, *ready to Die*.
Emōrior, ri, to *Die out-right*. * **Emori risu**, to be in a *strange fit of laughing, to be bit with a Tarantula*.
Emoriri for **Emori**.
Emorfas, ūs, m. *Remorse, Gnawing*.
Emortualis, le, of *Death*. * **Dies emortualis**, the *day of one's Death*.
Emortuus, a, um, [of *emori*] *quite Dead, Unprofitable*.

Emōtio, ōnis, f. a *stirring forth*.
Emōtus, a, um, [of *emoveor*] *Removed, Cast away, off, out, or up*.
Emōveo, ōvi, ōtum, to *Remove, Put out of the place, Enkindle, Raise upwards*.
Empanda, a *Goddess, supposed to preside over oven things*.
Empasina, ātis, n. a *Powder to allay Inflammation and scarify the outside of the skin*.
Empedocles, a *Philosopher and Poet of Agrigentum, who wrote of the Nature of things; he would have nothing eaten that had Life, he said all things consisted of love and discord, and that the Soul was in the Blood; they say he fell into Aetna as he was searching into the Nature of it. Others, that he threw himself in, that he might be esteemed a God, but the fire casting up his Iron slippers betrayed him*.
Empelathra, a *City of India within Ganges*.
Empetron, i, n. the *herb Samphire, g*.
Emphāsīs, is, f. a *Figure whereby an accent is put on a word, Earnestness, g*.
Emphātice, adv. *Emphatically*.
† **Emphātico**, are, to *speak earnestly*.
Emphāticus, a, um, *Emphatical, earnest, forcible, g*.
Emphracta, orum, a *kind of Ships with decks, g*.
Emphysēma, atis, n. a *Swelling of the Guts, g*.
Emphyteusis, is, f. a *Grafting, g*.
Emphyteuta, and -tes, x, m. an *improver, g*.
† **Emphyteutarius**, ii, m. he that *makes a thing better than he received it*.
† **Emphyteuticus**, a, um, *Farmed out, Set out to be improved, g*.
Empiria, x, f. *experience, skill, g*.
Empirice, es, f. *skill gained from practice in Physick, g*.
Empiricus, ci, m. a *Physician that cures by Receipts taken upon Trust, a Mountebank, Quack, g*.
Emplagia, x, f. the *Paisie, g*.
Emplasticus, a, um, of or like a *Plaster, g*.
Emplastratio, ōnis, f. a *Grafting*.
Emplastrāturus, a, um, about to *Graft*.
Emplastro, are, to *inoculate or lodge a Bud by incision*.
Emplastrum, ri, n. [*Ἐμπλαστρον*] a *plaster of Clay or Wax put about a Graft, being lodg'd by incision*.
Emplecton opus, a *work well knit and couched together, g*.
Emplocia, *Feasts at Athens, wherein the Women used to go about with their hair twisted*.
Empneumatōsis, is, f. *Windiness, g*.
Emponēma, a *making better, g*.
Empōreticus, or -euticus, a, um, of *Merchants or Mar-ets*. * **Charta emporetica**, *brown paper to wrap wares in, g*.
Empōrema, ātis, n. *Merchandise, Chapmanship, g*.
Empōrium, ii, n. [*Ἐμποριον*] a *Mart or Market-town*.
Emporium, a *City in Macedonia, and other places*.
Emporos, m. a *Merchant, g*.
Emprosthotonus, a *cramp in the fore parts of the body, and bending*

the *body downwards, g*.
Emptio, ōnis, f. a *Buying*.
Emptionālis, e, of *Buying*.
† **Emptitium**, ii, n. a *Market town*.
Emptitius, a, um, *Saleable, bought*.
Emptito, are, [ab *empto*] to *use to Buy*.
Emptivus, a, um, *Hired*.
† **Empto**, are, to *use to Buy*.
Emptor, ōris, m. a *Buyer, Customer, Chapman*. * **Bonæ fidei emptor**, he that *buys a thing innocently thinking it to be the seller's own*.
† **Emptorium**, ii, n. a *Mart-town*.
† **Emptulus**, a, um, which may be *Bought*.
Empturio, ire, to *intend or long to Buy*.
Empturicio, ōnis, f. a *longing to Buy*.
Emptus, a, um, [of *emor*] *bought, bribed*.
† **Empuris**, the *herb Samphire*.
† **Empus**, uris, n. an *Imposthume*.
Empusa, x, f. a *Hobgoblin*. * **Ludus empusæ**, *Scotch-hoppers, or Fox in the hole, g*.
Empyēma, atis, n. an *Imposthume or gathering or Corruption between the Breast and Lungs, g*.
Empyēsis, f. a *kind of Imposthume in the side or stomach, g*.
† **Empyi**, such as have an *Imposthume in the Stomach, and spit Corruption*.
Empyicus, he that *spits Corruption, g*.
Empylus, an *Orator familiar with Marcus Brutus*.
Empyræus, a, um, and *ius*, a, um, *Fiery, Burning*. * **Empyræum Cælum**, the *highest Heaven, g*.
Emūcidus, a, um, *very Mouldy*.
Emūgio, ire, to *Bellow out, cry loud*.
Emulceo, ere, to *stroke gently*.
Emulcitrale, is, n. a *Milking pail*.
Emulgatio, ōnis, f. a *Publishing abroad*.
Emulgator, ōris, m. a *Reporter*.
Emulgentes venæ, the *Pumping-veins, passing from the hollow vein to the reins*.
Emulgeo, si, and xi, ctum, to *milk out*.
† **Emulgo**, are, to *Publish or Blab abroad*.
Emulsus, a, um, [of *emulgeor*] *Drawn Dry, Drained*.
Emunctio, ōnis, f. a *Snuffing, Wiping the Nose*.
Emunctor, cris, m. a *Cheat, Cozener, Cleanser*.
Emunctorium, ii, n. a *pair of Snuffers*.
Emunctura, x, f. a *Candle snuff*.
Emunctus, a, um, [of *emungor*] *cleansed, snuffed, choused*.
Emundate, adv. *very cleanly*.
Emundatio, ōnis, f. a *cleansing*.
Emundo, are, to *cleanse, make clean*.
Emungo, xi, ctum, to *wipe the Nose, snuff, Cheat*. * **Emungere se cubito**, to *play the Sloven*. * **Argento senem emunxi**, I have got *something out of him*.
Emunimen, inis, n. } a *Fortifica-*
Emunimentum, i, } *tion*.
Emunio, ire, to *Fortify, raise Bulwarks, Fence*.
† **Emunitas**, ātis, f. *Freedom*.
Emunitor, ōris, m. a *Fencer, Fortifier*.
† **Emurmuratio**, ōnis, f. a *mur-*
muring.

Emurmūrator, ōris, m. a Mutterer.

Emurmūro, are, to Mutter or Mumble.

Emusco, are, [à muscus] to Rub off moss.

† Emussitatus, a, um, Wrought by rule.

Emutio, ire, to Mutter or Hum.

Emuto, are, to change from right to wrong.

E N

E. N. for etiam nunc, est noster, or & non.

E N. for enim.

EN, [Hui] adv. Lo, Behold, Look there.

Enacim, the Anakims, Giants driven out by the Canaanites.

Enamion, a Medicine to stop blood, g.

Enāōrema, ātis, n. that which swims in the middle of the Urinal, g.

Enagora, an Island of Asia.

Enargia, x, f. energy, evidence, g.

Enarrābilis, le, which may be Recounted.

Enarratio, ōnis, f. a full account.

Enarratius, adv. very Plainly.

Enarrator, ōris, m. he that Declares.

Enarro, are, to Declare at length, Recount over the whole.

Enarthrosis, is, the joining together of the Bones, g.

Enascor, sci, to Rise from, be Born of.

Enatatio, ōnis, a Swimming out safe.

Enato, are, to swim safe to Land (in the proper and figurative sense).

Enatus, a, um, [of enascor] sprung of.

Enāvatus, a, um, Bestowed upon.

Enavigandus, a, um, to be Sailed out of.

Enavigatio, ōnis, f. a Sailing out, by or through.

Enavigatus, a, um, Sailed through.

Enāvigo, are, to sail out of, to come to safe Harbour, escape, get free from.

Enāvo, are, to effect by Industry, endeavour earnestly.

Encenia, orum, Feasts of Dedication among the Greeks, g.

† Encenio, are, to renew or shift, put on any new thing.

Encanthis, idis, f. a little knob in the corner of the eye, g.

Encardia, x, f. a precious stone with the figure of a Heart, g.

Encarpa, orum, n. Fruit-work, or Flower-work, g.

Encaustes, x, m. an Enameller, g.

Encaustice, es, f. Enamelling, g.

Encausticus, } enamelled, g.

Encaustus, a, um, } enamelled, g.

† Encausto, are, to enamel.

Encaustum, i, n. enamel.

Encelādus, the Son of Titan, and Terra, the biggest of all the Giants that conspired against Jupiter, whom he slew with a Thunder-bolt, and laid him under Mount Aetna.

Encentris, is, a Scate to slide upon, g.

Encheldæ, a Town of Illyris, near which Cadmus and Harmonia his Wife were turned into Serpents.

Enchiridion, } ii, n. a Handful,

Enchiridium, } a Manual, Pocket-Book; also a Dagger and a Handle, that part of an Oar which is

held by the Rower, g.

† Encholpismus, the Injection of a Medicine into the Womb.

† Enchombomata, Womens Garments.

† Enchordus, a, um, stretched with strings.

Enchrisa, x, f. thin Ointment, g.

Enchusa, x, f. wild Bugloss, g.

Enchytus, a, um, poured or dropped in, g.

Enclasis, is, a Bruise, g.

Enclisis, is, f. Inclination, Alteration, Mood, g.

† Enclitico, are, to incline.

Encliticus, a, um, inclining, giving back.

Encolpiæ venti, Wnds that arise out of Creeks and Corners, g.

Encombomata, Womens Garments, g.

Encomiastes, x, m. one that makes an Oration in the Praise of another, g.

Encomiasticus, a, um, in or for one's Praise.

Encomium, ii, n. [Εγκώμιον] an Oration in praise of one, a Commendation.

Eucranion, the Brain-pan, g.

Enērāsichōli, Anchovies, g.

† Encraticē, temperately.

Enēraticæ, Hereticks following Saturninus and Marcion, who despised Marriage.

Encris, idis, f. a Pancake fried with Oyl and Honey, g.

Encyclides, round, circular, g.

Encyclius, and -icus, a, um, round, g.

Encyclopædia, x, f. the Circle of liberal Sciences, g.

† Ende, anciently for in.

Endelechia, x, a Continuing, Everlastingness, g.

Endemias, or Endemius morbus, an Epidemical Disease.

† Endeploro, for imploro.

Endera, a Place in Aethiopia.

Enderum, a Town of Illyricum.

† Endiadis, for Hendyadis.

Endizum, the Cloth or Cork of a Glisten-pipe, g.

Endideium, a City of Rhetia.

Endigeti, a People of Spain.

† Endiomis, or Endionedis, or Endiomadis, is, f. a rough Garment of Rams Skins.

† Endiomus, a rough or lined Garment.

† Endivia, x, f. Garden-Endive.

† Endo, or indu, within.

† Endoclusus, and Endofesto, for inclusus and infesto.

† Endogenicē, naturally.

† Endogenicus, a, um, natural.

† Endrogedi, and Endostum, for ingredi and initium.

Endomata, or Endomatica, that which the Emperors allow'd the Publicans to exact for themselves over and above the publick Tribute, g.

† Endopescico, endopeditus, endoperator, endoploro, endoprocinctu, and endoriguus, for impesco, impeditus, imperator, imploro, improcinctu, irriguus.

† Endopicus, a, um, laid up within.

Endrōmidatus, a, um, having an Irish Mantle on.

† Endrōmides, dum, f. single-soled Shoes or Pumps.

Endrōmis, idis, f. a coarse Winter-gown, an Irish Mantle, g.

Endymion, ōnis, a Shepherd, the Son of Athlius, whom Jupiter took

into Heaven, but falling in Love with Juno, and lying with a Cloud in her stead, he threw down again, and condemned to perpetual Sleep, whence the Proverb, Endymionis somnum dormire. Afterwards the Moon fell in Love with him, and hid him in a Cave of the Mountain Latmos in Caria, where she conversed with him; he was indeed an Astronomer, and first found out the Course of the Moon.

† Enebra avis, an unlucky Bird.

Enecatio, onis, f. a killing out-right.

Enecatus, a, um, killed out-right.

Eneco, ui, and avi, ctum and atum, to kill out-right, pester one. * Enecare fame, to starve one.

Enectus, a, um [of enecor] killed, in distress.

Enēdria, x, a Pain in the Fundament, g.

Enelata, orum, the Sides of a Ladder; also the Linch-pins of a Wheel, g.

Enēma, or eniēma, ātis, a Glisten, or Glisten pipe, g.

Energia, x, f. Efficacy, Force, Virtue, g.

Energumēnus, i, a Demoniack, g.

Energumeon, a Master piece, g.

Enervatio, ōnis, f. a weakening.

Enervator, ōris, m. a Weakner.

Enervatus, a, um, weakened, nesc.

* Enervata oratio, a weak stilly speech.

Enervis, ve, } feeble.

Enervus, a, um, } feeble.

Enervitas, ātis, f. a Weakness.

Enervo, are [à nervus] to enfeeble, weaken, effeminate. * Enervare poplites, to hamstring one.

Enēti, a People heretofore inhabiting Paphlagonia.

Enetis, idis, of the Eneti. * Equax enetides, Mares coming from thence.

Enetus, a, um, of the Eneti.

† Eneus, or Enneus, stupified, dumb.

† Engaria, compelled Service.

Engastrimuthi, that speak out of their Bellies, g.

Engenales, a People of Illyricum.

† Engisoma, an Instrument used about broken Skulls.

† Englanterium, for Eglanterium.

Engonasi, or -sis, Hercules, on his Knee, a Constellation, g.

Engyum, a City of Sicily.

Enhæmum, a Medicine effectual in contracting Scars, g.

Enhippus, a King of the Argives, of great Success, whose Buckler among the Grecians was carried before those who had done any notable Exploit.

Enhydri, is, and Enhydrus, i, m. a Water-snake, g.

Enhydros, i, f. a round smooth white Stone, wherein somewhat seems to move as it is shaken, g.

† Enideo, for Eniteo.

† Enidios, a kind of Stone.

Eniensēs, a People of Greece.

† Enigma, ātis, n. a Riddle.

† Enigmatizo, are, to speak mystically.

Enigreo, } to grow black.

Enigresco, ere, } to grow black.

Enim [à nam] conj. for, truly, indeed [when a Casual 'tis plac'd after another Word, when an Affirmative at the Beginning of a sentence]

Sentence] as Enim cognovi nunc, Plant. now indeed I know.
 Enimvero, truly, forsooth, contrariwise, to wit.
 Enigia, Finland in the North parts of Europe.
 Eniochidas, an Athenian Emperor.
 Eniopzus, Hector's Coachman slain by Diomedes.
 Enipeus, a River of Thessaly, near which Cæsar overcame Pompey.
 Enisus, a City in Sicily, called Nisi.
 Enispe, a City of Arcadia now lost.
 Enisus, a, um, [of enitor] straining, endeavouring.
 Eniteo, to shine forth, excel.
 Enitesco, ere, * Enitent Athenæ cunctis gentibus, Athens is Empress of the Universe.
 Enitor, ius and -xus, sum, ti, to endeavour, strain hard, to climb up with difficulty, lay at, bring forth.
 * Eniti ova, to lay Eggs.
 Enixè, ius, illumè, adv. with might and main, earnestness.
 Enixim, adv. with tooth and nail.
 Enixus, ior, illumus, [of enitor] endeavouring, earnest, having earned.
 * Enixoris operæ sibi conscii, knowing they had laboured too hard.
 Enixus, us, m. a travelling, bringing forth.
 Enna, a famous City in the Heart of Sicily, where Ceres Ennea had a Temple.
 † Ennam, for etiamne.
 Enneacrunus, a Fountain at Athens built by Pisistratus; also Athens it self.
 Enneadecaeteris, g. the space of 19 Years.
 Enneaphonos, or enneaphthongus, g. having nine Sounds.
 Enneaphyllon, i, n. a Herb with nine Leaves, g.
 Enneas, ædis, f. the nine, g.
 Q. Ennius, a famous and ancient Latin Poet, born at Rudia in Calabria, brought to Rome by Cato Censorius, so beloved of Scipio Africanus, that he caused his Image to be set on his own Sepulchre: He wrote the second Punic War in Hexameter Verse; he died of the Gout contracted by hard drinking. Virgil said, He gathered Gold out of his Dunghill; another that wrote of Augusty.
 Ennoia, g. the Mind, Thought.
 † Ennomio, ònis, m. he that registers the Wills of the Dead.
 Ennosigæus, a Sirname of Neptune from his shaking the Earth.
 Eno, are, to swim out, save himself by swimming, to pack away.
 Enodàtè, ius, illumè, adv. plainly.
 Enodatio, ònis, f. a making plain.
 Enodator, oris, m. an Explainer.
 Enodatus, a, um, explained, cleared.
 Enodia, a Name of Hecate.
 Enodis, e, having the Knots done away, smooth, easy, that is not perplex'd.
 Enodo, are [à nodus] to take off the Knots, explain, resolve. * Enoda mihi, tell me the bottom on't.
 Enodulo, are, to plane, smooth.
 Enona, a City of Dacia.
 † Enonymus, Spindle-tree.
 Endope, a City of Peloponnesus.

Enorchis, g. a Stone that being broken, resembles a Testicle.
 Enormis, e, [à norma] irregular, ill-proportioned.
 Enormitas, ætis, f. misshapeness, hugeness.
 Enormiter, adv. irregularly.
 † Enoron, raging Night-shade.
 Enosis, an Island by Sardinia, called St. Pierre.
 Enotabilis, le, notable, remarkable.
 Enotatio, ònis, f. a marking out.
 Enotator, oris, m. he that marks out.
 Enotatus, a, um, marked out.
 Enotesco, otui, ere, to be known abroad.
 Enoto, are, to observe, mark out.
 Enotocœta, a People having their Ears hanging down to their Ankles, able to pluck up Trees by the Roots, &c.
 Enovatio, ònis, f. a renewing.
 Enovator, oris, m. he that renews or changes.
 Enovatus, a, um, renewed.
 † Enrythmus pulsus, natural and in good order.
 Ens, ntis, n. [à sum] a being.
 † Ensatus, a, um, armed with a Sword.
 † Ensicium, a killing or cutting with a Sword.
 Ensiculus, i, m. a little Sword.
 Ensifer, eri, m. a Sword-bearer.
 Ensiformis, e, of a Sword-fashion.
 ENSIS, is, m. [ab ew, occido] a Sword. * Ensis falcatus, a Falchion or Hanger.
 Entelechia, æ, f. an Art, Understanding, Power to move or act of it self, g.
 Entella, a City of Sicily, and a City of Liguria.
 † Enteni, a kind of Earth-worms.
 † Entenua, æ, an Insect.
 † Enteratus, a, um, embowelled.
 † Enterione, the Pith of Wood.
 Enterocœle, es, f. burstness, g.
 Enterocœlicus, a, um, g. bursten.
 Enteron, i, n. an Entrail, g.
 Enthæatus, a, um, inspired.
 Entheca, æ, f. a Case, Store-house; also a Ship's Lading, g.
 † Enthecarius, ii, m. a Merchant.
 Enthematæ, um, n. Tents which stop the bleeding of Wounds; also Grasses, g.
 † Enthæo, are, to inspire.
 Enthæus, a, um, g. divine, inspired.
 Enthusiasmus, i, m. Enthusiasm, Fanaticism.
 Enthusiasta, æ, m. an Enthusiast, Fanatic, g.
 Enthusiasticus, a, um, g. Fanatical.
 Enthymema, ætis, n. a Proposition, wherein one of the Propositions is suppressed; an Enthymem, g.
 Enthysiasmus, i, m. an Inspiration, g.
 Entolina, æ, f. an Ambassador's Commission, g.
 Entoma, orum, n. Insects, g.
 † Entoridia, in the mean while.
 Entrixa, a People of Thrace.
 † Enubilis, le, past Marriage.
 † Enubilo, are, to make or grow clear.
 † Enubilus, a, um, without Clouds.
 Enubo, psi, tum, to marry besides her Rank.

† Enuclea, æ, f. a Kernel.
 Enucleanter, } adv. pithily, exact-
 Enucleatè, } ly, plainly, evident-
 Enucleatim, } ly.
 Enucleatio, ònis, f. an unfolding, explaining.
 Enucleator, oris, m. he that unfolds.
 Enucleatus, a, um, explained, manifested. * Enucleata suffragia, fair Elections.
 Enucleo, are, [à nucleus] to take out the Kernel, to reach the Substance of a Matter, discover, make plain.
 Enudatè, adv. very plainly.
 Enudatio, ònis, f. a making stark naked.
 Enudo, are, to make stark naked, to make plain and evident.
 Enula [ab Helenium] } Elecam-
 Enula campana, } pane.
 Enulus, one that was saved by a Dolphin from drowning.
 Enumerabilis, le, which may be reckoned.
 Enumeratim, adv. by number.
 Enumeratio, ònis, f. a reckoning up.
 Enumerator, oris, m. a Reckoner.
 Enumero, are, to reckon up fully.
 Enunciatio, ònis, f. a Declaring, Proposition, Axiom.
 Enunciativè, adv. in Terms.
 Enunciativus, a, um, that explains, declarative.
 Enunciator, oris, m. a Declarer.
 Enunciatrix, icis, f. she that declares, that makes Propositions.
 Enunciatum, i, n. a Proposition.
 Enunciatus, a, um, declared, pronounced.
 Enuncio, are, to utter, tell abroad, declare, discover. * Distortum enunciandi genus, an awkward way of explaining.
 † Enunquam, whether at any time.
 † Enuo, ere, to deny.
 Enuptio, ònis, f. a marrying besides one's Degree.
 Enutrio, ire, to nourish or bring up.
 Enyalius, the Son of Bellona; also an Epithet of Mars, and sometimes War.
 Enydra, a City of Castotis in Syria.
 Enydris, is, f. an Otter; also a Water-snake, g.
 Enydros, i, m. a kind of Serpent; also a precious Stone sweating out Moisture, g.
 Enyo, us, the Sister of Mars, in Latin call'd Bellona, and is put for War.

E O

Eò, [ab Is] adv. by so much, therefore, forasmuch, to the end, to that place or point. * Eò loci, in that place, in that condition, Cic. * Eò spectat, it tends to that. * Eò insolentia procellit, he is come to that degree of Pride. * Eò ad, dum, until, till such time as.
 EO, ivi, ium, [ew] to go, come.
 * Ire in matrimonium, to marry.
 * Ire cubitum, to go to bed. * Ire inficias, to deny. * Ire in opus alienum, to meddle with another's Business. * Ire ad arma, to take up arms. * Ire in consilium, to consult. * Ire suppetias, to help. * Ire obviam,

obviam, to meet. * Pedibus ire in sententiam, to condescend to one's Opinion. * Ire perditum, to take a course towards one's ruin. * I in malam rem, go and be hanged. * Valetudo it in melius, he grows better and better. * Pessum ire, to go to wreck. * Segetes eunt in articulos, the Corn begins to be knotted. * Ire in duplum, to pay a double Mult. * Itur ad me, they come to me.

Eoa, a City of Africa propria.

Eodanda, an Island of Arabia foelix.

Eodem, adv. to the same place or end. * Eodem loci, in the same place, in the same state, Cic. * Eodem tendunt, they aim at the same Mark.

† Eon, the Compass of the Eye.

Eone, or Eonia, the Tree of which the Ship Argo was made.

Eordæa, two Countries of Mygdonia, and two more, one in Iberia and another in Thrace.

Eordæus, } a, um, of Eordæa.

Eordus, }

Eordi, a People of Thessaly.

Eordista, one of Eordæa.

Eorita, a People of Arachosia.

Eovesum, Evelham in Worcester-shire.

Eos, i, f. the Morning, g.

Eos, a Mountain in Egypt.

Eous, i, m. one of the Horses of the Sun, the Day-star, g.

Eous, a, um, Eastern.

Eousque, adv. so far, long or largely, unto, or till that.

E

P

EP for Epistola, or Epulatio.

E. P. for Edendum parçe, or e publico.

Epacria, a City of Attica.

Epactæ, arum, g. things added.

Epæa, a City of Greece.

Epæi, the Citizens of Epæa, against whom Nestor waged war.

Epagoge, es, f. a comparing things together that are alike, g.

Epagon, ontis, m. a Truckle in a Crane, or the like, g.

Epagris, one of the Cyclades, called also Hydryfa.

Epamanduodorum, a Town of Gallia Belgica.

Epaminondas, a great Captain of the Thebans against the Lacedæmonians, for Virtue admired of all, out-stripped by none; he never told a Lie either in jest or earnest; being wounded at Mantinea with a Head of a Spear, he lived to hear his Army had the Victory, and then commanded it to be plucked out, and said, He had lived long enough.

Epanadiplōsis, is, f. a beginning and ending with the same Word in a Sentence, g.

Epanalepsis, is, f. a Repetition of the same Word for enforcement sake, g.

Epanaphora, æ, f. when the same Word begins several Sentences, g.

Epanastrophe, es, f. a returning and putting things in order, g.

Epanconismus, g. a leaning upon the Elbow.

Epangelia, æ, f. a Promise, g.

Epanodos, i, f. a Repetition of things in an order inverted, g.

Epanorthōsis, is, f. a recalling and

correcting of something before spoken, g.

Epantetii, a People of Italy.

Epaphæresis, is, f. a notching of the Hair, or letting Blood, g.

Epaphus, the Son of Jupiter and Io, who built Memphis in Egypt; also a Historian.

Epaphroditus, a Master of Requests to Nero, condemned to dye by Domitian for assisting Nero in killing himself; also a Grammarian who is said to have 30000 choice Books in his Library.

† Epar, for Hepar, the Liver.

Eparchia, æ, f. a Province, g.

Eparchiotes, g. one of a Province.

Eparchus, i, m. a Provincial, or President of a Province, g.

Epardus, a River running thro' the Country of the Mardi.

Eparitæ, a People of Arcadia.

Epasco, avi, ere, to eat up.

Epaunum, the Pau in Aquitain.

Epauxisis, is, f. an Encrease, g.

Epectasis, is, f. a producing, g.

Epei, a People in the West of Peloponnesus.

Epeiacum, or Epiacum, Pap Castle in Cumberland.

Epenthesis, is, f. the Insertion of a Letter, g.

Eperingium, ii, n. Dodder growing about Sea-holm, g.

Epetini, a People of Liburnia.

Epetium, the Town Spezza in Illyris.

Epeus, the Son of Endymion, who first found out the Battering-ram, which gave Occasion to the Fable of his making the Trojan Horse; also a very fearful Coward, who caused the Proverb, Epeo timidior.

Epexegeſis, is, f. an Explanation, g.

Epha, an Hebrew Measure of Nine Gallons.

† Ephalmator, oris, m. a Leaper, Tumbler.

Epharmōsis, is, f. a fitting, comparing, g.

† Ephēbātus, a, um. come to Years of Age.

Ephebia, æ, f. Ripeness of Age, g.

Ephēbicus, a, um, g. youthful.

Ephēbium, ii, n. a Place where young Men exercise, g.

† Ephēbius, a, um, of Youth.

EPHĒBUS, i, n. [ἐφεβος] a Strippling of fifteen Years, a Page. * Excedere ex ephebis, to be at Man's estate.

Ephedra, æ, f. a Seat; also an Herb growing upon Trees, g.

Ephedron, i, n. the Herb Horsetail, g.

Ephemera, æ, f. a Quotidian Fever, g.

† Ephemereuta, æ, a Servant that gave notice to the Guests when they should sit down.

Ephemeris, idis, f. a Diary, Journal, or Day-book, g.

Ephemeron, ri, n. Lilly of the Valleys, Meadow-Saffron; also a Day-fly, g.

Ephemerus, a, um, of a Day.

Ephesinus, } a, um, of Ephe-

Epheſus, } ſus.

Epheſtii, the Household-gods.

Epheſtria, Theban Feasts in remembrance of Tiresias.

Epheſtris, idis, f. a Garment worn over Armour.

Ephēſus, a famous Mart-town of Ionia, built by the Amazones, where was the Temple of Diana, one of the Seven Wonders of the World.

Epheta, arum, Fifty Athenian Judges, and as many Argives appointed by Demophoon to judge of Man's Slaughter in the Palladium; they were to be 50 years old, and of approved Integrity.

Ephialtes, æ, m. the Night-mare, g.

Ephialtes, the Son of Neptune, who grew 9 Inches every Month in height, and at last, with his Brother Ochas, made war against the Gods, and was struck with a Thunder-bolt to Hell; also the God Pan.

Ephialtia, or -con, g. the Herb Peony, good against the Night-mare.

Ephialtium, a Promontory of the Island Carpathus.

Ephidrosis, is, f. a sweating about the Head and Breast, g.

Ephipparchia, æ, f. a Body of sixteen Troops of Horse, one thousand twenty four, g.

Ephippiarius, a, um, of a Saddle Trappings.

Ephippiarius, ii, m. a Saddler.

Ephippiatus, a, um, saddled.

Ephippium, ii, } n. a Saddle, or

Ephippia, orum, } Cloaths used before the Invention of Saddles, g.

Ephippio, are, to saddle or harness.

Ephippus Cumæus, a Scholar of Iocrates, who wrote a History of 30 Books from the Destruction of Troy to his own Time.

Ephod, Heb. a linnen Garment worn by the Jewish Priests.

Ephoria, æ, f. the Office of the Ephori.

Ephori, Lacedæmonian Magistrates answering the Roman Tribunes of the People, and as they might appeal from the Consuls to the Tribunes; so from the Kings to the Ephori.

Ephorus, a Historian of Cumæ, and others.

Ephyra, an Island in the Argolic Gulf; also a Name of Corinth.

Ephyraus, a, um, }

Ephyreus, a, um, } of Ephyra.

Ephyreias, adis, }

Ephyris, a Town of Laconia.

Epiacum, Pap Castle in Cumberland.

† Epialis, is, f. a Hedge-sparrow.

Epialos, or -la febris, a Fever caused by cold Flegm, where is Heat and Cold at the same time, g.

Epibades, um, f. Passage-boats, g.

Epibata, arum, m. Soldiers put abroad for Service, g.

Epibaterium, ii, n. a Speech made by him that was returned from a long Voyage, g.

Epibaterius, a Sirname of Apollo, to whom Diomedes dedicated a Temple for his escaping the Tempest that shipwreck'd the Greeks in their return from Troy.

Epibathra, æ, f. the Ladder of a Ship, g.

Epicaria, a City of Dalmatia.

Epicauma, atis, n. a foul Sore in the Eyes, g.

Epicedium, ii, n. a Funeral-song, or Discourse in praise of the Dead, g.

Epicharmus, a Philosopher of Syracuse, who first invented Comedies amongst them.

Epichirema, atis, an Undertaking, an Argument, a Reasoning, g. Epi-

Epichylis, is, f. a Tunnel or Funnel, g.
Epichytum, g. poured upon.
Epicharisma, ātis, n. the last part of the Interlude when musick play'd g.
Epicles, a famous Harper of Athens.
Epiclinæ, arum, g. Earthquakes moving sidelong.
Epiczus, a, um, g. common to both Sexes.
Epicombia, orum, Money or the like scattered among the People at a Communion, &c. g.
Epicopus, a, um, g. ready to sail.
Epicrasis, is, f. a slow and moderate Evacuation of bad humours, g.
Epicratis, is, f. the Dignity of a Planet, g.
Epieroculum, i, n. a kind of yellow Clash.
Epicrocus, a, um, shining yellow.
Epicrotus, i, g. a paved Way.
Epictetus, a Stoick Philosopher of Hierapolis in Phrygia, Servant to Epaphroditus Nero's Favourite. Lucianus a Syrian gave 300 Drachmus for his Candlestick; his Enchiridion is yet extant: He comprised all his Philosophy in two Words, Bear and Forbear.
Epicureus, a, um, voluptuous.
Epicurus, i, m. one that gives himself wholly to Pleasure, an Epicure.
Epicurus, i, an Athenian Philosopher who placed the chiefest Happiness in the Pleasures of the Mind, thought God regarded not the Affairs of Men, and that the Soul died with the Body.
Epicus, a, um, g. heroical, lofty.
Epicyclus, i, m. a lesser Orb, whose Centre is in the Circumference of a greater, g.
Epicyema, g. a second Conception upon another.
Epidamnus, or -num, the Town Durazzo in that part of Macedonia which lies upon the Adriatick Sea.
Epidaphne, the same as Antiochia in Syria.
Epidaurus, or -um, a City of Peloponnesus, famous for a Temple of Esculapius, and from whence the Romans in a great Plague were bid by the Oracle to fetch Esculapius to Rome, but when the People were unwilling to part with him, the God is said to have swam to their Ship in the Form of a Snake, which they brought to Rome in great Solemnity; also the City Ragusa in Dalmatia.
Epidelius, Apollo so called from the Town Epidelia, near Malea, a Promontory of Laconia, where he had a Temple; for when Delos was taken, a Barbarian threw his Image into the Sea, which swam to Peloponnesus, where the Laconians took him up, and worshipped him by that Name.
Epidemeticus, ci, m. a Harbinger that provides Lodgings for a Prince's Train, g.
Epidemia, a, f. a Journey; also a Pestilence, and universal Sickness, g.
Epidemicus, } g. general, epi-
Epidemius, a, um, } demical.
Epiderma, ātis, n. the out-side Surface.
Epidermis, idis, f. the outward Skin, covering the main Skin of the Body, g.

Epidesis, is, f. a Binding of a Joint for the stopping of Blood, g.
Epidesmus, i, m. a binding or swathing, g.
Epidia, the Island Ila in Scotland.
Epidicticus, a, um, g. demonstrative.
Epidipnis, idis, f. a Banqueting-dish after dinner or supper, g.
Epidium, or Epidiorum, a Promontory in Scotland, called the Mull of Cantire.
Epidromes, is, } f. the arming of
Epidromis, idis, } a net, the drawing ropes, g.
Epidromus, i, m. the Poop or Missen-sail, g.
Epigæum, xi, n. near the earth, g.
Epigastrium, ii, n. the outward part of the Belly from the Stomach to the Navel, g.
Epigenes, an Astrologer and Historian; also a tragical Poet of Sicily.
Epiglossis, } f. the Throat-flap,
Epiglottis, idis, } or After-tongue, closing the Larynx, g.
Epigoni, orum, such as are born of second Marriage, g.
Epigoni, the Authors of a second Theban War, and the new Brood of Macedonians, by the Women of Asia under Alexander.
Epigramma, ātis, n. an Epigram, Superscription; also the Brand of a Villain, g.
Epigrammarius, ii, } m. a Maker
Epigrammatista, a, } of Epigrams, g.
Epigrammatographus, i, m. a Writer of Epigrams, g.
Epigranea, a Fountain in Boeotia, not far from Dirce.
Epigraphe, es, f. an Inscription, g.
† Epigri, orum, Pins that fasten pieces of Wood together.
Epigryphus, m. he that has a crooked Nose, g.
Epii, a People of Ætolia and Elis.
Epiicia, a, g. Equity, moderating the Rigor of the Law.
Epilizo, are, g. to mitigate the Rigor of the Law.
Epilepsia, a, -is, is, f. the Falling-sickness, g.
Epilepticus, a, um, g. troubled with the Falling-sickness.
Epileucadis, a City behind Acarnania.
Epilimma, ātis, n. an Ointment, g.
† Epilobium, ii, narrow-leav'd Willow-flower.
† Epilogo, are, to conclude.
Epilogus, i, m. an Epilogue or Conclusion, g.
Epimachus, a Martyr of Alexandria under Decius.
Epimarantæ, a People of Arabia felix.
Epimedium, ii, g. Barren-wort.
Epimelas, a white precious Stone, with a blackish Colour over it, g.
Epimelis, g. a Medlar-tree.
Epimenides, an Epick Poet of Creet, who being sent by his Father Agiasarchus to keep Sheep, slept seventy Years together; whence the Proverb, Epimenidis iocunum dormire; and several other Men.
Epimonia, orum, n. Gifts given every Month; also a Month's Pay, g.
Epimetheus, the Son of Japetus, and Brother of Prometheus, who having

made an Image of a Man in Clay, was turned into an Ape, and sent into the Islands Pithecusæ.
Epimethis, the Daughter of Epimætheus, and Wife of Deucalion.
Epimone, es, a carrying long upon one Subject or Matter, g.
Epimythium, ii, n. the Moral of a Fable, g.
Epinicia, orum, Songs of Triumph, Bonfires, a Feast made upon a Victory gain'd, g.
Epinyctis, idis, f. a Wheel rising in the Skin by night; also a Night-register, and a Distemper in the Eye, g.
Epiphānes, the Surname of Antiochus King of Syria, who built the City Epiphania, and other Men.
Epiphānia, g. Appearance, the Epiphany or Twelfth-day.
Epiphania, a City of Bithynia, Syria, Cilicia, and another by Tygris.
Epiphanius, a Bishop of Salamis in Cyprus, who flourished under Theodosius magnus; he left a Book of eighty Heresies; also a Sophister who wrote Exercitations while he was a Boy.
Epiphonēma, ātis, n. an Acclamation, or sententious Clause of a Discourse, g.
Epiphoremata, ātum, g. the second Course.
Epiphōra, a, f. an Effusion into the Eye, with a Water issuing out at it, g.
Epiphthegma, ātis, n. an Acclamation in a Camp, when they are removing bag and baggage, g.
Epiphyllis, g. an Addition or Boagmentation of a Bone with a peculiar Circumscription.
Epiploce, es, a gradual rising of one Clause of a Sentence out of another.
Epiploöcele, es, f. Burstness.
Epiploöcelius, a, um, g. bursten.
† Epiploomistæ, great, fat, gor-bellied Men.
Epiploomphalon, g. a falling of the Caul out at the Navel.
Epiploon, g. the Caul.
Epipolæ, a Country near Syracuse.
Epipompeuticus, a, um, g. of or with Pomp.
Epipomphalon, ii, g. the falling of the Caul out at the Navel.
Epirhedium, ii, n. [a rheda] a Stage-coach.
Epiroticus, a, um, g. round, coped.
Epirota, one of Epirus.
Epirrēma, ātis, g. that part of a Comedy wherein the Chorus speaks.
Epiroticus, a, um, of Epirus.
Epirus, a Country in Greece, called at first Molossia, and afterwards Cilonia, it was fruitful in Corn and Bread, and had an excellent Breed of Mares.
Episcenium, ii, n. the upper part of the Theatre, where the principal Ornaments were placed.
Epischidion, ii, g. a Wedge.
Episcōpalis, le, of or like a Bishop.
Episcōpātus, ūs, m. Episcopacy, the time of the Bishop's Continuance.
Episcōpium, ii, a Bishop's Palace.
Episcōpius, a, um, sent out for to spy. * Phaselus episcopijs, a Brigantine.

† Episcopo, are, to play the Bishop, to overlook diligently.
 Episcopos, ari, to become a Bishop.
 Episcopus, i, m. [Episcopos] a Bishop, Overseer. * Episcopi vicarius, a Suffragan.
 Epistalnia, atis, n. a Prince's Commission, g.
 Epistata, x, f. a Woman Overseer, g.
 * Epistata villatica, a Farmer's Wife.
 Epistates, x, m. an Overseer or Steward, g.
 Epistathmi, g. Harbingers for a Prince's Train.
 Epistathmia, x, f. the Office of a Harbinger, g.
 Epistemonarcha, a Title of the Emperors of Constantinople.
 Epistola, x, f. an Epistle, Letter, g.
 Epistolāris, re, of or for a Letter.
 Epistolicus, a, um, of an Epistle.
 Epistolium, ii, n. a little Letter.
 Epistolophorus, i, m. a Letter-carrier, g.
 Epistomium, ii, n. the Cock of a Conduit-pipe, a Spigot, the Stopple of an Organ-pipe, g.
 Epistrophe, es, f. when divers Sentences end alike, g.
 † Epistropheus, ei, the first Joint of the Neck upon which it turns.
 Epistrophus, a King of Phocis, who came to the Trojan War.
 † Epistula, x, f. an Epistle.
 Epistylum, ii, n. the Chapter of a Pillar, g.
 Epitagma, atis, n. the main Body of the Roman Horse, of 64 Troops, or four thousand ninety six Men, g.
 Epitalium, a City of Triphyllia, called Zunchia.
 Epitaphium, ii, n. an Epitaph, g.
 Epitasis, is, f. the second or busy part of a Comedy, g.
 Epitauia, a City of India within Ganges.
 Epiteon, the Son of Neleus.
 Epithalamium, ii, n. a Wedding Song.
 Epitheria, a City by the Gulf of Arabia, called also Arsinoe.
 Epithesis, is, f. a counterfeit Inscription, g.
 Epithetes, is, m. a Deceiver, g.
 Epitheton, or -tum, i, n. an Epithet, Adjective, g.
 Epithymia, x, g. Concupiscence, Desire.
 Epithymicus, a, um, g. concupiscible.
 Epithymon, i, Dodder growing about Thyme, g.
 Epitimia, g. a rebuking.
 Epitogium, ii, n. [a toga] a loose upper Garment.
 Epitome, es, f. an Abridgment, g.
 † Epitomo, are, to abridge.
 Epitonia, x, f. the Pins of a stringed Instrument, g.
 Epitonium, ii, n. a stretching Instrument; also a Squirt, g.
 Epitrachelium, ii, n. the Patriarch's Band, g.
 Epitragi, g. a kind of Worms infesting Vines.
 Epitragia, Venus so called, because she turned herself into a Goat.
 Epitragias, g. a kind of Fish that stinks like a Goat.
 Epitrapezia, orum, g. Vessels belonging to the Table.
 Epitrapezius, a, um, g. of the Table.

Epitritus, i, m. a Foot of four Syllables, the first short, and the other three long, g.
 Epitrochasmus, i, m. a slight running over several Things for brevities sake, g.
 Epitrope, es, f. Permission either serious or ironical, g.
 Epitrophium, ii, n. an Hospital for poor children, g.
 Epitrophus, i, m. a Farmer, Bayliff, Proctor, Factor, Procurator, Tutor, g.
 Epitymbia, Venus so called, before whose Statue at Delphi they were wont to call upon the dead.
 Epityrum, n. a kind of Sauce made of Olives; also a Cheese-cake, g.
 Epium, a City of Arcadia.
 Epizephyrii, a People of Locris, with whom whosoever drank Wine more than the Physicians prescribed, were punished with Death.
 Epizeuxis, is, f. an immediate Repetition of the same Word, g.
 Epizygis, is, f. the Hole wherein the Nut of a Steel-bow lies, g.
 Epocha, x, } a famous Event or
 Epocha, es, f. } Action from whence other Actions are wont to be dated; also a suspending one's Assent or Judgment, g.
 Epodes, i, m. a kind of stinking Fish, g.
 Epodus, i, a kind of Lyrick Poesy, wherein the first Verse is longer than the second, g.
 Epol, an Oath by Pollux.
 Epomis, idis, f. a Mourning or Livery-hood, g.
 Epona, a beautiful Maid, the Daughter of Fulvius Stellus, and a Mare.
 Epona, as Hippona, the Goddess of labouring Beasts and Muliteers.
 Epope, the same as Acrocorinthus, where Sisyphus saw Ægina ravished by Jupiter.
 Epopeus, the seventeenth King of the Sicyonians.
 Epopeus, or -pus, a Mountain in Arima, under which Typhoeus is supposed to lye and belch out Flames.
 Epops, opis, g. a Lapwing.
 Epoptæ, arum, those that are past their first Initiation, and are admitted to the Sight of Mysteries, g.
 Eporedia, a City of the Salusii.
 Epos, ind. a Poem. * Epos tripton, an heroick Poem, g.
 Epostracismus, m. a Duck and a Drake, and white penny Cake with an Oyster-shell, g.
 Epoto, are, to drink up all.
 † Epotorium, ii, a Tipling-house.
 Epotus, a, um, drunken.
 † Epudoratus, a, um, shameless.
 Epula, the City which is now called Ambracia.
 Epulæ, arum [q. edipulæ] Food for Men, and Fodder for Beasts, Feasts.
 Epulandus, a, um, to be eaten.
 Epulāris, e, of a Feast. * Epularis sermo, Table-talk.
 Epulārium, ii, n. a Banqueting-House.
 Epulatio, onis, f. a Banqueting.
 Epulātor, oris, m. a Banquetter.
 Epulātorius, a, um, fit for Entertainment.
 Epulatus, a, um, having feasted.
 Epulis, idis, f. the Excrecence of Flesh about the Gums, g.

Epulo, onis, m. a Guest or Glutton; also a Provider of Feasts in the Honour of the Gods, a Brother of a Corporation.
 Epulo, the proper Name of a Man in Virgil.
 Epulor, ari, to feast or banquet.
 * Dapibus epulamur opimis, to make vallant Cheer.
 † Epulōsitās, atis, f. a great Banqueting.
 † Epulofus, a, um, full of Feasting, or liberal at Feasts.
 Epulum, i, n. [q. edipulum] a publick Feast.
 † Epulus, a, um, of Feasts or Banquets.
 Epytus, or Epitus, a King of Alba.

E Q

E Q, for eques, or equestris.
 Equa, x, f. [ab equus] a Mare.
 Equabona, the City Couana in Spain.
 † Equarium, ii, n. Alifandus or Loveage.
 Equaria, x, f. a Stud of Horses or Mares.
 Equarius, a, um, of Horses. * Equarius medicus, a Farrier.
 Equarius, ii, m. a Horse-breaker.
 Eques, itis [ab equus] a Horseman, a Knight, the Horse or Cavalry, and in Cards the Kaave.
 Equester, -ris, re, of the Horse, knightly.
 Equestre, is, n. the Race of a Horse.
 Equestria, ium, n. Fourteen Orders for Gentlemen to sit in the Theatre.
 Equestris, Venus so called by Eneas; also a City of the Sequani in Gallia; called Neuschastel, and other Places.
 † Equestris, is, m. a Horseman.
 Equestris, re, of a Horseman or Gentleman. * Equestre agmen, a Troop of Horse. * Ars equestris, the Art of Horsemanship. * Annulus equestris, the Ring of a Roman Gentleman.
 † Equicervus, a Beast between a Horse and a Stag.
 Equidem [of et and quidem] adv. surely, truly.
 Equiferus, i, m. a wild Horse.
 † Equila, x, f. a Mare.
 Equile, is, n. a Horse Stable.
 Equilium, an Island of the Venetians, by the Mouth of the River Poe.
 Equimentum, i, n. the Hire of a Stallion.
 † Equinoctialis, le, of the Equinoctial.
 Equinus, a, um [ab equus] of a Horse.
 Equio, ire, to desire the Horse.
 † Equipastor, a Horse-keeper.
 † Equipensito, are, to judge aright.
 Equiria, orum, Tournaments or Horse-back.
 Equirine, an Oath by Quirinus.
 Equiselis, is, f. the Herb Horse-tail.
 † Equifessor, oris, a Horse-racer.
 Equisetum, i, the Herb Horse-tail.
 Equiso, onis, m. a Groom or jockey.
 † Equitatum, ii, n. the standing of Horses.
 Equitabilis, le, which may be ridden.
 † Equitarius, ii, m. a Farrier.

Equitatio, ōnis, f. a Riding.
Equitator, ōris, m. a Rider.
Equitatus, ūs, m. the Cavalry.
Equitissa, æ, f. [ab eques] a Woman-rider.
Equitium, ii, n. a Stud or Race of Horses.
Equius, the Surname of a Roman Family.
Equito, are, to ride, bestride.
Equitus, a Roman Consul with Gracianus.
Equotutium, a Town in Apulia Daunia, called Foggia.
Equula, æ, f. [ab equa] a Filly, or Mare-colt.
Equuleus, ei, m. a Horse-colt; also a Rack or wooden Horse.
Equulus, i, a little Horse.
EQUUS, i, m. [im̃@] a Horse; also a Battering-ram, and a Sea-fish, a Constellation. * **Equus** october, a Horse sacrificed every fifth Year to Mars. * **Equus** admittarius, a Stallion. * **Equus** volutarius, an Ambler. * **Equus** meritorius, a Hackney. * **Equus** fuspriolus, a broken-winded Horse. * **Equus** defultorius, a Pad-nag. * **Equus** helciarius, a Drawer. * **Equus** scutulatus, a dapple-grey. * **Equis** & **quadrigis**, or **velis** **equisque**, with might and main. * **Equus** trojanus, the Cause of Miseries.

E R

E R. for erit or erunt.

E. R. for ea res.

† **Era**, for **Æra**, a Stile or Account.

† **Eradicātor**, ōris, m. a Rooter up.

† **Eradicitus**, from the Root.

Erādico, are [à radix] to root up. * **Eradicare** aures alicujus, to make a Din in a Man's Ears, to weary out with idle babling. * **Dii** te **eradicent**, a Mischievous light on thee.

† **Erādo**, aſi, ſum, to scrape * **Albo** ſenatorio **eradere**, to put one out from being Senator.

Eræa, a City of Greece, now lost.

Eranarches, is, m. a Collector of Tribute, g.

Eranites, g. a Collector.

† **Eranus**, a, um, of the Tribute **Eranus**.

Eranuſa, an Island in Locris

Erānus, i, m. a Contribution; also the Stone called a Turquoise, g.

† **Eranthemum**, i, a kind of Camomil with purple Flowers.

Eraphictes, Bacchus so called from his raising of Strife or Contention.

Eraſia, the Daughter of Phineas, King of Pœonia.

Eraſinades, an unfortunate General, who lost all his Men and himself, which caused the Proverb, **Militavit cum Eraſinade**, all Things go ill with him.

Eraſini, a Peo. le of Thrace.

Erāſinus, the River Rafino in Peloponnesus, and another in Arcadia.

Erāſio, ōnis, f. a razing or blotting out.

Erāſtratus, a famous Physician of Aristotle's Family.

Eraſmus, a Bishop of Campania under Dioclesian, a Raven is reported to have fed him in the Desert; and other Men.

Erastus, a Chamberlain of Rome, converted by St. Paul.

Erāſus, a, um [of erador] rased out, cashiered. * **Timor** **erāſus** ex animo, a Mind quit of all manner of fear.

Erate, a Sea-Nymph, Daughter of Oceanus and Tethys.

Erāto, ūs, one of the Muses.

Eratothēnes, a Philosopher of Cyrene, Keeper of the King's Library, called from his Learning, **Plato** minor.

Erbeſſus, a City of Sicily.

Erchia, part of Attica.

Ercynia, as Hercynia.

Erciscends, and **erciscundus**, a, um, to be divided. * **Judicium** **familiæ** **erciscundæ**, a Writ for parting of an Estate in Execution of a Will.

Ercisco, ere [ab "Egrov septum] to divide or part [an Estate].

Erciscor, -eor, eri. See **Ercisco**.

Ercius, a Name of Jupiter.

† **Erctus**, a, um, divided.

Erdonia, a City of Apulia Daunia.

Erdfordia, the Metropolis of Thuringia.

Erdini, a People of Fermanaugh in Ireland.

Erēbēus, a, um, of Hell.

Erēbinthus, a Name of Bacchus.

Erēbinthus, i, m. Chick pease, g.

Erēbus, i, m. Hell, or the God of Hell, g.

Erechtheus, a King of Athens.

Erechthia, a Town of Attica.

Erectio, ōnis, f. a lifting up.

Erector, ōris, m. a Lifter up.

Erectus, a, um [of erigor] raised forward, ready. * **Erecta** signa, Banners display'd. * **Erectus** animi, Sil. cold, courageous. * **Capillo** **erecto**, his Hair standing an end.

Eregione, just over against, over the way.

Erembi, People of Arabia.

Eremia, for è re mea.

Eremicola, æ, m. an Hermit.

Erēmīgātus, a, um, rowed over.

Eremipeta, æ, m. a Hermit.

Eremita, æ, f. a Hermit.

Erēmītārius, a, um, of a Hermit.

Eremodicium, ii, n. the letting of a Suit fall, g.

Erēmus, an Island about Lemnos, and a Cntry in Æthiopia and Germany.

Erēmus, a, um, desert, solitary, g.

EREMUS, i, f. [Egrov@] a Wilderness.

Erenata, for è re nata, as the present state requires.

Erene, an Island before Taprobane.

Erenia, a Town of the Megarenses.

Erēpo, pſi, ere, to creep up, out or over.

† **Ereptatio**, ōnis, f. a creeping out.

Ereptator, ōris, m. a Creeper.

Ereptio, ōnis, f. a taking away.

Erepto, are, to creep out.

Ereptor, ōris, m. a Spoiler, Taker away, a Snatcher.

Ereptus, a, um [of eripior] taken away; also rescued, dead. * **Tempus** **ereptum** ex ſummis occupationibus, Time pinched or stolen from very urgent Business that required it all.

† **Eres**, a Hedgehog.

Ereſii, a City of Æolia.

Ereſſa, a City of Æolia.

GGGGG 2

Ereſus, or **Ereſſus**, a City of Lesbos, the Country of Theophrastus.

Eretria, a famous City of Eubœa, from **Eretrius**, the Son of Phaeton; also a City in Thessaly, called **Vallia**.

Eretria, æ, a kind of Ceruse. * **Eretria** terra, white Earth.

Eretum, a Town of the Sabines.

Erevatis, a City of Lycia.

Ereuthalion, a famous Warrior, whom Nestor slew.

ERGA [ab "Egrov opus] præp. towards, against.

Erga, a Town in Spain.

Ergane, a River whose Water makes Men drunk.

Erganes, a King of Æthiopia, who slew all the Priests of Jupiter, and took away their Priesthood, because they were wont in their Zeal to command the Kings themselves to be slain.

Erganica, or -cum, a City in Spain.

Ergastes, -icus, i, m. a Workman, g.

Ergasteria, a Town between Pyrgamus and Cyzicus.

† **Ergasteriacum**, ci, n. Tribute paid for Ships.

Ergasterium, ii, n. a Work-house, Bridewell g.

Ergastularius, ii, m. a Taylor, the Overseer of the Bond-men.

Ergastulum, i, n. [Eργαστήριον] a Work-house or Bridewel. * **Ergastula**, the Slaves.

Ergastulus, i, m. a Bond-man, Slave kept in Prison to work.

Ergāta, æ, f. an Iron Crow for a Press, a Cap-stane, Wind-beam, Crane, g.

Ergavia, a City in Spain.

Ergavica, a Town in Spain. * **Ergavicenses**, the People.

Ergetium, a City in Sicily.

Ergetini, the Inhabitants of Ergetium.

Ergias, a Historian of Rhodes.

Erginus, a King of Orchomenus, slain by Hercules, because he exacted yearly Tribute of Thebes; also a River in Thrace.

ERGO [Aργε] Conj. therefore. * **Ergone**? Is it even so?

Ergō [ab "Eργον] adv. for the sake of. * **Illius** **ergō**, for his sake.

Eribica, a Name of Juno from her tormenting of Io; also a City of Macedonia.

Eribotes, a very skilful Physician, who cured Oileus.

ERICA, cæ, f. [Eργικη] Heath or Ling.

Eriæum, Honey gathered from Heath.

Ericates, one of Lycaonia, slain by Meſſapus, the Companion of Æneas.

Ericæa, a Town of Athens.

† **Ericæo**, a kind of Shrub.

Eriçetum, i, n. [ab erica] a Heath, or place where Heath grows.

Erichthonius, the fourth King of Athens, bred of the Seed of Vulcan, falling to the Earth in his striving to lie with Minerva, being deformed in his Feet, found out the use of Coaches to hide it.

Erichtho, a Thessalian Witch.

Ericinum, a Town of Sardinia, and a City of Macedonia.

Ericius,

Ericius, *g.* [ab eres] a Port-
Ericus, ei, m. *f.* cullis; also a
 Hedge-hog.
Ericussa, an Island of Æolia and
 Ionia.
Eridanus, a River in Italy, called
 also Padus.
Erigeron, ontis, the Herb Ground-
 fl., *g.*
Erigidus, a, um, very cold.
Erigo, exi, ctum [of e and rego] to
 raise up, comfort, renew. * **Eri-
 gere** mentem, to take courage. * **E-
 rigere** aures, to hearken. * **Eri-
 gere** se, to take heart of grace.
Erigor, gi, to be lifted up. * In di-
 gitos **erigi**, to stand on tip-toe.
Erigone, the Daughter of Icarius,
 who for the grief of her Father's
 Death (being slain by the drunken
 Rusticks) hanged her self and was
 translated to the Sign Virgo.
Erigoneius canis, the Dog-star.
Erigonus, a River in Thrace, and
 the Name of a famous Painter.
† Erim, for eum.
Erimum, a City of the Oenotri, cal-
 led Regina.
Erinaceus, ei, m. [ab eres] a Hedge-
 hog.
Erinæi, a People of Sarmatia in
 Asia.
Erindes, a River of Asia.
Erineses, a River in India.
Erineus, ei, a City in Doris, Italy,
 and Achaia, and the River Neti
 in Sicily.
Eriniates, a Town of Megaris.
Erinna, a Poetress, and a Familiar of
 Sappho.
Erinnys, vos and vis, one of the Fu-
 ries of Hell, *g.*
Eriophorus, a, um, bearing Wool, *g.*
Eriopolium, ii, n. a Wool-market,
g.
Erooxilum, i, n. the Wool of the Shrub
 Xylon, Cotton, *g.*
Eriphia, æ, f. an Herb that brings
 forth Leaves in February, *g.*
Eriphia, æ, a Witch that bewitched
 whatsoever Creatures she looked upon.
Eriphrya, an Island of Æolia.
Eriphyle, the Wife of Amphiarus,
 whom for a golden Bracelet she be-
 trayed to the Theban War, where
 he perished.
Eriphylæus, a, um, of Eriphyle.
Eripio, ui, eptum [of e and rapio]
 to take away by force, rescue. * **E-
 ripere** orationem ex ore alicujus,
 to take the Tale out of one's Mouth, to
 interrupt in speaking. * **Eripere**
 aliquem a morte, Cic. Morti
 aliquem, Virg. Mortem alicui,
 Sen. to preserve Life. * **Eripere**
 se moræ, to go instantly about it.
Eris, the Name of a River.
Eris, idis, Contention, and an Æ-
 gyptian Herb with a Leaf like Wake-
 robin, *g.*
Erifichthion, onis, a Theſſalian who
 ſlighting Ceres in cutting down her
 Grove, was made ſo hungry that he
 eat his own Fleſh.
Erilma, atis, n. a ſhort Ladder, *g.*
Erifmæ, arum, Buttrefſes, Shore-poſts
 or Props.
† Erifmum, i, wild Muſtard-ſeed.
Erifthenes, the Son of Medea, whom
 ſhe ſlew becauſe he did not fight well.
Erithace, es, *g.* Bees-wax.
Erithacus, ci, *g.* a Robin Red-
 breſt.

Erithales, *g.* the Herb Houſleek.
Erithini, or -yni, Rocks in the Eu-
 xine Sea, upon the Coaſts of Bithy-
 nia.
† Erithrataones, a kind of wild
 Geeſe which being kept in the Houſe,
 die for anger.
† Erithrodanum, i, n. the Herb
 Wood-roof or Madder.
† Erifudo, inis, f. Servitude.
Erivatio, onis, f. a Draining of
 Water.
Erivo, are [a rivus] to drain away
 Water.
† Erix, icis, Heath.
Erizeli, a People of Phrygia.
Ermæa, an Island by Sardinia.
Ermione, a Town by the Argolick
 Gulf.
Erneum, a kind of Wine-veſſel.
Ernodurum, a Town of Gallia Lug-
 dunenſis.
Ernulphi curia, Finsbury, or St.
 Neots in Huntingtonſhire.
† Ero, onis, a Leather-bag.
Erocade, part of the Tribe Hippo-
 thoontis.
Eroceus, a City of Phocis.
Erodus, ii, m. a Gerfalcon, *g.*
Erôdo, ôſi, ôſum, to gnaw off or
 about.
Erôgatio, onis, f. a laying out or
 ſpending, beſtowing.
Erôgator, ôris, m. an Almoner.
Erôgatorius, a, um, beſtowing, gi-
 ving out. * **Modiolus erôgato-
 rius**, a Bucket drawn up with a Pul-
 ley, and ſo emptying it ſelf.
Erôgatus, a, um, beſtowed, laid
 out.
Erogenetion, i, n. an Herb procuring
 love, *g.*
Erôgito, are, to deſire earneſtly.
Erôgo, are, to ſpend, lay out, beſtow;
 alſo to beg. * **Erogare** pecuniam
 in claſſem, to be at the Charge of
 building a Fleet of Ships.
Eropæi, a People of Africa propria.
Eropia, one of the Cyclades, called
 alſo Siphnus.
† Eropolistides, a Word made by
 Plautus, to ſignify Sold for love.
Eros, the Servant of Antonius, of
 whom when Anthony asked for his
 Sword to kill himſelf, he took the
 Sword as if he was about to give it
 him, but killed himſelf.
Eros, *g.* Love.
Erôſio, onis, f. a conſuming, eating
 up.
Eroſtratus, a Villain, who when he
 could not get himſelf a Name by vir-
 tuous Exploits, ſet on fire the Temple
 of Diana, but the Ephesians to fru-
 ſtrate his Intenſe commanded he ſhould
 never be named, but could not hinder
 his Name from coming to us.
Erôſus, a, um [of erodor] gnawn
 about, eaten in two.
Erotēma, atis, *g.* an Interrogatory.
Erotematicus, ci, *g.* he that examines
 upon Interrogatories.
Eroticus, a, um, *g.* of Love.
Erotopægnion, a Poem of Livius
 Andronicus of Love-toys.
Erotulus, i, m. a precious Stone like
 a Flint, uſed in Divination, *g.*
Erpillum, i, *g.* wild Thyme.
Erpis, a City of Mauritania Tingi-
 tana.
† Errâbilis, le, which may err.
Errâbundus, a, um [ab erro] wan-
 dring about.

Erranoboa, a River of India falling
 into Ganges.
Errans, ntis, wandring. * **Erran-
 tia ſydera**, the Planets.
Errantia, æ, f. a wandring.
Erraticus, a, um, vagrant, ſtray-
 ing, creeping. * **Febris erraticæ**,
 an Ague coming at uncertain Times.
 * **Herba erratica**, an Herb grow-
 ing all about in the Fields. * **Stellæ
 erraticæ**, the Planets.
Erratilis, le, wandring.
Erratio, onis, f. a wandring, going
 aſtray.
Erratitius, a, um, wandring, ſtray-
 ing.
Errator, ôris, m. a Wanderer.
Erratrix, icis, f. ſhe that wanders.
Erratum, i, n. an Error, Fault,
 Miſtake.
Erratur, imp. there is a Miſtake.
Erraturus, a, um, ready to err.
Erratus, a, um, wandered in, done
 amiſs.
Errhinum, i, n. Sneezing-powder.
ERRO, are [Eppw] to err, wander
 all about, ſtray, or go out of the Way,
 miſtake, run crookedly. * **Errare
 toto cœlo**, or **tota via**, to be very
 wide of the Matter. * **Errare
 in aliquam rem**, to blunder upon
 it. * **Teneo quid erres**, I know
 where your miſtake lies. * **Erra-
 que aures & tempora circum
 crebra manus**, he box'd him about
 the head and ears ſoundly. * **Sic
 ratur in nomine**, if they miſtake
 it, give it a wrong Name.
Erro, onis, m. a Wanderer, Vaga-
 bond. * **Errones**, the Planets.
Erroneus, a, um, erroneous, mis-
 dring.
† Erroneus, ei, m. a Vagabond.
Error, ôris, m. an Error, Wander-
 ing, Miſtake, Deceit. * **Error h-
 byrinthi**, the Windings and Turn-
 ings of a Labyrinth. * **Errores
 Ulyſſis**, the long and wearifome Vi-
 ages of Ulyſſes.
Erruca, a City in Italy.
Erſenius, a famous Fencer.
Ertha, a City of Parthia by Euphra-
 tes.
Ertzica, a Country of Armenia.
† Ervangina, æ, a Weed winding
 about Corn, Orebank.
† Erûbeo, ere, to bluſh.
Erûbeſcendus, a, um, to be aſhamed
 of.
Erûbeſcens, ntis, bluſhing.
† Erûbeſcentia, æ, a Bluſhing.
Erûbeſco, ere, to bluſh, to be aſhamed.
 * **Erûbeſcere aliquid**, Cic. alicuius,
 Quint. Curt. aliqua re, Ovid.
 to be aſhamed or afraid of any Per-
 ſon or thing.
Erubrus, the River Rober in Ger-
 many.
ERUCA, æ, f. [ab edo] a Cater-
 worm; alſo the Herb Rocket.
Euctans, ntis, belonging out.
Euctator, ôris, m. a Belcher.
Eucto, are [ab erugo] to be leaved
 caſt up. * **Eruſtant fermonibus
 ſuis cædem bonorum**, they caſt
 out big Words, how they'll ſay ſome
 good and virtuous.
Eruſtus, a, um [of erugor] beſet
 up.
Erudero, are [a rudus] to take
 away Rubbiſh, cleanſe.
Erudiendus, a, um, to be inſtruct-
 ed.

Erudio, ire (à rudis) to Teach, In-
struct, Train up, * Erudire ali-
quem artes, puerum artibus, to
train up any one in an Art.

Erudite, ius, illimè, adv, Learned-
ly.

Eruditio, ònis, f. Learning * Va-
rià eruditione repletus homo, a
Man of great Learning, a general
Scholar.

Eruditulus, a, um, smattering in
Learning.

Eruditus, ior, illimus [of erudior]
Learned. * Pulvis eruditus, the
skill of Mathematicks, and the place
where they draw their Figures. * E-
rudinum pallatum, a delicate Pa-
late; also a sound Judgment.

Erugatio, ònis, f. a smoothing of
wrinkles.

Erugatorius, a, um, making smooth.

Erugatus, a, um, smoothed.

Erugo, are, to smooth or take away
wrinkles.

Erugo, ère, [Epeuyw] to belch.

Ervilia, x, f. } Birds pease. See
Ervilium, ii, n. } **Ervum**.

Erumpo, upi, prum, to break forth,
silly out. * Erumpere in navem,
to board a Ship. Erumpere sto-
machum in aliquem, to vent one's
passion upon one. * Quorsum hoc
erumpet, what will this come to?

* Erumpere in actum, in affe-
ctum, to take effect, come to a head,
be just ready to be put in execution.

* Erumpet in nervum, 'twill turn
to harm.

Erusco, are, to weed out.

Eruo, ui, ùtum, to pluck up or out,
demolish, with much ado to bring to
light. * Aurum terrà eruerè, to
dig up Gold.

Erupa, a City of Arabia deserta.

Eruptio, ònis, f. a breaking out, a
sudden fall.

Erupturus, a, um, ready to break
out. * Hæc quo eruptura sint
timeo, I am afraid what will be-
come on't.

Eruptus, a, um, [of erumpor] bro-
ken out.

† **Erus**, i, m. a Slave.

Erutius clarus, the second Consul of
Rome with Cethegus.

Erutus, a, um, [of eruor] weeded,
subverted.

ERVUM, i, n. [Opoc@] bitter
Vetches or Tares.

Erynos, a River of Troas flowing
from mount Ida.

Eryblum, a City of Doris under
Parnassus.

Eryce, a City of Sicily.

Erycina, a Name of Venus wor-
shipped at Eryce.

Erycinus, a, um, of Eryce.

Erymanthis, idis, of Erymanthus.

† **Erymanthus**, or -on, a wild Boar
of Erymanthus.

Erymanthus, a mountain of Arcadia,
where Hercules earned the wild Boar
that wasted the Country, and brought
him alive to Eurytheus, at which
strange fight he ran under a Kettle.

Erymanthus, } a, um, of Ery-
Erymantheus, } manthus.

Erymnæ, a City of Lycia.

Erynge, es, f, } See holly, g.

Eryngion, ii, n. }

Erysicæ, a City of Acarnania.

Erysimum, i, n. Blank-cresses, hedge-
mustard.

Erysipelas, âtis, n. St. Anthonies
Fire, g.

† **Erysipelatosus**, a, um, troubled
with St. Anthonies Fire.

Erysiceptrum, English Galingale,
Flat veruain, g.

Eristhea, a City of Cyprus.

Erithace, es, f. Bees meat while they
labour, Honey-suckle, g.

† **Erythanon**, an Excrecence about
the root of cistus non Ladanifera,

Erythea, or -thia, an Island between
Gades and Spain, now lost.

Erytini, a City of Paphlagonia.

Erythra, a City of Ionia, called E-
nopupolis, another of Libya,

Locris, Bæotia and Cyprus, called
also Paphos,

Erythiabolos, a Promontory of Li-
bya.

Erythræa, a City of Asia, the Country
of Sibylla Erythræa.

Erythræis, idis, of Erythræa.

Erythræum, a Promontory of Creet.

Erythræum mare, a part of the O-
cean washing Arabia from the South,
bounded on the West with the Gulf of
Arabia, on the East with the Per-
sian Gulf, so called from King Ery-
thras Son of Perseus and Andro-
meda.

Erythræus, a, um, red. * Erythræ-
us Iopillus, a kind of Pearl, g.

† **Erythræanon**, a kind of Ivy.

Erythras, the Son of Perseus and
Andromeda, who reigned on the
Borders of the Red Sea.

Erythrinus, } a Rocket, a Sea-

Erythinus, i, m. } Fish all red saving
the Belly, which is white, g.

Erythrodanum, i, n. Madder with
which they dye Woollen, g.

Erythroides, the second skin of the a
covering the Testicles, g.

Erythron, i, a kind of Night-
shade, g.

Erythrotæon, onis, m. a Bastard, g.

Eryx, vcis, the Son of Venus, who
was wont to challenge all strangers at
Whirlbats, and having slain many,
was at last slain by Hercules at his
Return from Spain; also a Moun-
tain in Sicily.

Eryxias, the 20th Prince of A-
thens.

E S

E. S. for è senatu.

Es, for ede or esto.

Elacus, a Son of Priamus who drown-
ed himself, because he had been the
cause of Hesperia's death, whom he
loved.

Esbonitæ, a People of Arabia Pe-
træa.

Esbus, a City of Judea.

Esca, x, f. [ab edo] Food, Proven-
der, also a Bait.

Escæle, is, n. a Platter.

Escælis, e, belonging to Food. * Ar-
gentum escæle, plate for the Ta-
ble.

Escamus, a River of Mœsia.

† **Escaria**, x, f. a Grid-Iron, or Ta-
ble.

Escarius, z, um, of or for Food.
* Vasa escaria, dishes of Meat.

Escaroticus, a, um, causing a Crust
upon a seared Wound, g.

† **Escarus**, i, a Fish which is said to
chew the Cud.

† **Escatilis**, le, of or for Food.

Escatio, ònis, f. a Feeding.

G G G G G

Escendo. See Ascendo.

Eschata, x. the Crust upon a seared
Wound, g.

Escharites panis, Bread baked on a
Grid-Iron, g.

Escharoticus, a, um, bringing to a
Crust, g.

† **Escit**, and esit, for erit.

Esco, are, to feed upon.

Esco, ari, to feed upon or with.

† **Escosus**, a, um, full of Meat.

† **Esculentia**, x, f. Fatness.

Esculentum, i, n. Meat.

Esculentus, a, um, good to eat.
* Homo esculento ore, one with
Meat sticking in his Teeth.

Esculetum, i, f. [ab esculus] a
Grove of Oaks.

Esculeus, } of an Oak.

Esculinus, a, um, }

Esculus, i, n. [ab esca] an Oak.

† **Esécatio**, ònis, a cutting of a
Child out of the Womb.

Eséco, are, to cut out.

Esernius, a famous Fencer, who was
matched only by Pacidianus, which
occasioned the Proverb, Esernius
cum Pacidiano.

Esia, or Æsia, a River in France,
called Ovis.

† **Esilio**, ire, to leap out.

Esionenses, a People of Asia.

Esis, a River in Italy.

Esitatio, ònis, f. a feeding upon.

Esitator, òris, m. he that eats of-
ten.

Esito, are, [ab edo] to eat often or
feed upon.

† **Eso** for ero, I shall be.

† **Esopia**, a Seat.

Esôpos, i, a wild Lettuce, g.

Esotericus, a, um, inward, g.

† **Esox**, a Salmon or Lax.

† **Espineta**, the Virginals.

Esquiliæ, and **Esquilinus mons**, one
of the seven Hills of Rome.

Essæi, or **Esseni**, the Essenes, Mono-
stick Philosophers among the Jews,
who kept neither Wife nor Servant,
referred all to Destiny, thought the
Soul mortal, &c.

Esse [of sum and edo] to be, or to
eat.

Esêda, x, f. [ab assideo] a Seat in
a Waggon.

Esêdarius, ii, m. a Waggoner, or
one that fights in a Waggon.

Esêdones, a People of Asia about
Mœotis.

Esêdum, i, n. a Chariot, Waggon.
See Esêda.

Essentia, x, f. Essence, Being,

Essentialis, le, Essential.

Essentialiter, adv. Essentially.

Essexia, Essex.

† **Esli**, for edi, I have eaten.

Esui, a People of the Celtæ.

Esus, a City of Locris.

Estiones, a People Helvetia.

Esto, of sum, be it so.

Estola, the River Esta in Spain.

Estor, òris, m. a great Eater.

Estrix, icis, f. a ravenous Woman.

Estur, [imp. [ab illis] they eat.

Esuviani, a People of the Alps.

Esuopes, a King of Colchis, who is
said to have dug up much Gold and
Silver.

Esula, x, f. [ab edo] the herb Spurge.

Esuriâlis, e, Hungry. * **Esuriales**
feriæ, fasting days.

† **Esuribo**, for Esuriam.

Esuribundus, a, um, very Hungry.

Esuriens, ntis, Hungry.

Esu.

Esürienter, adv. *Hungrily.*
Esuries, ei, f. *a great Stomach.*
Esurio, ire, [ab edo] *to be hungry.*
Esurio, onis, m. } *a good Trencher-*
Esuritor, oris, } *man.*
Esuris, the City Xeres in Spain.
Esuritio, onis, f. *Hunger.* * **Pater**
esuritiorum, a Miser.
Esuritrix, icis, f. *she that hath a*
good Stomach.
Esuritrus, a, um, *ready to Hun-*
ger.
Esus, us, m, *an Eating.*
Esus, a Fountain of Rhodes.

E T

ET, for *etiam*.
Et, [Te] conj. *And, As well, Both,*
Also, and yet. * **Et quidem**, no
marvel then. * **Me aspicias**, & **qui-**
dem ut iratus videris, *you behold*
me, and that with a frow look. * **Et**
quidem, & **vero**, *and sure enough.*
Etas, a City of Laconia.
Etalus, a King of Corinth.
Etaxales, an Island of Arabia fa-
lix.
Etburga, the Daughter of Edward
the elder King of England.
Etearchus, a King of Oaxus in
Creet.
Etelesta, a City of Spain.
Etenim, conj. *for, because, surely,*
but, and also, likewise.
Etenim vero, *for truly.*
Eteocles, the Son of Oedipus King
of Thebes, by his own Mother Jo-
casta.
Eteocretæ, an ancient People of
Creet.
Eteones, the City Scarphe upon a Hill
in Eubœa.
Etesia, arum, m. *certain easterly*
winds blowing yearly about the Dog-
days, g.
Etesius, a, um, *easterly.*
Etesticulatio, onis, f. *a Gelding.*
Etesticulo, are, *to Geld.*
Eteta, a City of Moesia, called Re-
cana.
Etexo, ere, *to untwist.*
Etgarus, Edgar, a King of England,
who built as many Monasteries as he
reigned Years.
Ethagari, a People of Serica.
Ethalia, an Island in the Ligustick
Sea.
Ethalion, one of the Tyrrhene Sea-
men which were turned into Dol-
phins.
Ethanim, the seventh Month among
the Jews, answering to our Sep-
tember.
Ethecus, an Island by Caria.
Etheg, a Town of Moesia.
Ethelbaldus, Ethelbald, the third
King of England.
Ethelbertus, Ethelbert, the fourth
King of England.
Ethelredus, Ethelred, the fifth and
thirteenth King of England.
Ethelwolfus, Ethelwolf, the eleventh
King of England.
Ethemion, the Name of several Men.
Ethesius, a Stone of which they
were wont to make Mortar.
Ethica, æ, } f. *Moral Philoso-*
Ethice, es, } *phy, g.*
Ethicus, a, um, *Moral, of Man-*
ners, g.
Ethini, a People of Africa pro-
pria.
Ethnarches, a Ruler of the People, g.

Ethnarchia, æ, f. *Principality, g.*
Ethnestæ, a People of Thessaly, from
Ethnestus, the Son of Neoptole-
mus.
Ethnicus, a, um, *Ethnick, Hea-*
then, g.
Ethnicus, ci, m. *a Heathen or Gen-*
tile, g.
Ethologia, æ, f. *Buffoonry, Counter-*
feiting Mens Manners, g.
Ethologus, i, m. *a Buffoon, g.*
Ethopæus, ei, the same, g.
Ethopæia, æ, f. *a Representation of*
Manners, g.
Ethronus, i, a Jack out of Office.
Etiam [of et and jam] also, more-
over. * **Etiam atque etiam**, *again*
and again. * **Etiam tu taces?** *Do*
you not hold your Peace? * **Etiam**
dum, yet. * **Etiam tum**, *until*
then. * **Etiam si**, *although.* * **Eti-**
amnum, *till now, to this present.*
 * **Etiamne amplius?** *what more*
yet?
Etiam si, conj, *although.* * **Etiam si**
sint maxima, *be they never so great.*
Etini, a People of Sicily,
Etocetum, the Wall about a Mile from
Litchfield in Stafford-shire.
Eti, conj. *although, suppose,*
Etymologia, æ, f. *an Etymology,*
derivation of Words from the Original, g.
Etymologicus, a, um, *Etymologi-*
cal, g.
Etymologizo, are, *to derive*
Words, g.
Etymologus, i, m. *an Etymologi-*
zer, g.
Etymon, i, n. *the Etymology, g.*

E V

Eu, [interj.] *Well, g.*
Eva, Eve, the first Woman; also a
City of Arcadia.
Evacuatio, onis, f. *an emptying.*
Evacuatus, a, um, *emptied.*
Evacuo, are, *to empty clean.*
Evadatus, a, um, *going under*
Surety.
Evadesco, ere, *to decline in esti-*
mation.
Evadne, the Daughter of Mars, and
Wife of Capaneus, whom she loved
entirely, throwing her self upon his
Funeral-pile, and was burnt with
him.
Evado, asi, asum, *to escape, get*
safe away, get up, appear, be or
become, to purpose, or effect or
climb up, to go. * **Evadere vitam**,
to die. * **Huc evasit res**, *the up-*
shot was this. * **Quorsum hoc e-**
vadet, *what will this come to?* * **Spes**
evasit vana, *the hope was frustrated.*
 * **Evad t in aliquod magnum ma-**
lum, *'twill be a bad business in the*
end. * **Evadere amnem**, *to pass*
over a River.
Evæmon, the Father of Euripylus,
who came with Forty Ships to Troy.
Evænetus, a King of the Lacedæ-
monians, who appointed by the Gre-
cians, together with Themistocles,
kept the entrance of Thessaly a-
gainst Xerxes.
Evagatio, onis, f. *a wandering out.*
Evagator, oris, m. *a straggler.*
Evagatrix, icis, f. *she that strays.*
Evaginatio, onis, f. *an Unsheath-*
ing.

Evaginātor, oris, m. *he that w-*
sheaths.
Evagino, are, *to unsheath.*
Evagio, ire, *to cry like a Child.*
Evāgo, are, *to wander out.*
Evāgor, ari, *to wander out, digress,*
run or spread abroad, overflow.
 * **Evagari in luxuriam** [of a Tree]
to run into Wood.
Evagoras, a King of Cyprus, to
whom Isocrates wrote; also a Hi-
storian.
Evagrius, a Presbyter, who remained
fourteen years in solitude, and lived
upon Bread and Oyl, and was wont
to dip himself in a Well to allay the
heat of the Flesh.
Evagrius Ponticus, a Deacon of
Constantinople.
Evagrius Scholasticus, a Writer of an
Ecclesiastical History in six Books,
beginning where Socrates and The-
odoret left off, and continuing to
the twelfth year of Mauritius.
Evāleo, ui, itum, *to recover health,*
to be worth or able.
Evālesco, ere, *to get up by degrees,*
begin to amend.
Evallatio, onis, f. *a casting out of*
Doors, or barring out.
Evallo, are, [a vallus] *to keep off by*
a Bullwark, shut out of Doors.
Evallo, ere, *to Winnow.*
Evan, a Sirname of Bacchus, from
the noise of the Women, called E-
vantes celebrating his Feasts.
Evander, the Son of Carmentes, and
King of Arcadia, slaying his Father
by chance, his Mother persuaded him
to flee into Italy, where he drove out
the Aborigines, and built the Town
Pallanteum upon the Hill Palatinus
where afterwards Rome was built.
Evandria, a Town of Lusitania.
Evandrius, a, um, of Evander.
Evanesens, ntis, *a Vanishing.*
Evānen, } *to vanish away,*
Evanesco, ere, } *come to nothing,*
be gone, lost, grow out of Esteem.
 * **In tenuem auram evanuit**, *he*
vanished out of sight. * **Orationes**
reliquit, *quæ jam evanuerant, he*
left Orations behind him which are
now quite lost.
Evangelicus, a, um, of the Gospel, g.
Evangelismus, i, m. *good News; also*
the Annunciation or Lady-day, g.
Evangelista, æ, m. *an Evangelist, g.*
Evangelium, ii, n. *the Gospel or glad*
tidings; Sacrifices offered to the
gods; a Thanksgiving for good news
received; also a Reward given him
that brought it, g.
Evangelizo, are, *to preach the Go-*
spel, g.
Evangelus, i, m, *a bringer of good*
News, g.
Evangelus, a Greek Historian, who
wrote of Military Discipline.
Evānidus, a, um, *vanishing, vain,*
frail.
Evanno, are, *to fan or winnow away,*
try.
Evanoridas, one of Elis, who wrote
of the Olympick Victors.
Evans, ntis, *rejoycing, also raging.*
Evanthe, the Mother of the Græci.
Evaporatio, onis, f. *a steaming or*
breathing out.
Evāporo, are, *to steam out.*
Evarchus, a River in Asia dividing
Cappadocia from Paphlagonia.
Evārius, the fourth Bishop of Rome,
 A. D. 129.

Evax, a King of the Goths, who shut up the Churches, and imprisoned the Clergy.

Evāsiō, ōnis, f. [ab evado] an evasion, escaping.

Evastatio, ōnis, f. a wasting.

Evastator, ōris, m. a Waster.

Evasto, are, to waste utterly.

Evax, interj. O brave! ha!

Evax, a King of India, who wrote to Nero concerning the Nature of Gems.

Evaxi, a People of Sarmatia about the River Tanais.

† Eubages, the British Bards.

Eubius, a certain Author mentioned by Ovid.

Eubœa, the largest Island of the Ægean Sea, called also Macris, Abantis, Chalcis, Afopis, Oche, and Ellopia, and now Negro Ponte.

Eubœus, a, um, } of Eubœa.

Eubœicus, a, um, }

Eubonia, the Isle of Man.

Eubule, one of Orpheus's Grand-daughters.

Eubulides, an Historian who left a Book concerning Diogenes.

Eubulus, an Athenian that was Enemy to Demolthenes; also an Historian, who wrote concerning Mithra, and a Comedian.

Euburates, a People of Liguria.

Eucaria, a, f. Opportunity, g.

Eucarpia, a Town in lesser Phrygia, where Clusters of Grapes grow so big, that one of them often breaks a Cart, and is feigned to be bequeathed by Jupiter to Bacchus and Ceres.

Euchania, a City by Constantinople, called afterwards Theodoropolis.

Eucharis, g. gracious.

Eucharistia, a, f. Thanksgiving; also the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, g.

Eucharisticus, a, um, of Thanksgiving, or the Eucharist, g.

Eucherius, two Bishops of Lugdunum.

Euchrestemata, tum, g. Profits.

Euchteria, orum, Oratories or Places where Books of Record were kept, g.

Euchyla, or Euchyma, orum, Meats of good Juice, g.

Eucynmia, a, f. Goodness of Juice, g.

Euclides, a famous Geometrician in the Time of Ptolomy the first, who wrote of Geometry and Music; and another of Megara, Scholar of Socrates.

Eucrasia, a, f. a good Constitution of Body, g.

Eucrates, a subtle Fellow, who always found some shift or other to break his Promise, which caused the Proverb, Vias novit quibus effugit Eucrates.

Eucratis, a City of Bactria.

Euctresii, a People of Peloponnesus.

Eudæi, a People of Palestine.

Eudæmon, happy, g.

Eudæmon, the Name of Arabia felix; also a Grammarian and Greek Poet.

Eudæmonia, a, f. Happiness, g.

Eudæmonidas, a proper Name of a Man.

Eudanidas, the Son of Archidamus, and Brother of King Agis.

Eudemia, an Island in the Ægean Sea.

Eudemus, a Historian of Naxos, and

an Orator of Megalopolis; also the 7th King of Corinth.

Eudæum, æi, the Thread of the

Eudæcon, i, n. } Glyster-pipe; also a Scupper-hole of a Ship, g.

Eudipne, an Island of Libya.

Eudipus, a City in Cappadocia.

Eudixata, a Town in Armenia major.

Eudo, a River of Caria; also a King of the Franks, A. D. 899. and a Duke of Vasconia.

Eudocia, the Daughter of Theodosius, and Wife of Valentinianus.

Eudora, a Sea Nymph; also one of the seven Atlantides.

Eudorus, the Son of Mercury by Polymela, who followed Achilles to the Trojan War.

Eudoses, a People of Germany.

Eudoxia, a, f. a good Name or Fame, g.

Eudoxia, the Wife of Theodosius Junior.

Eudoxius, a Roman Consul; also the first Bishop of Germanicia in the Borders of Syria.

Eudoxus, a famous Astrologer and Geometer of Cnidus, who first regulated the Course of the Year among the Grecians; also an Historian of Rhodes, and other Men.

Eudrapa, a Town of Mesopotamia.

Euectio, ōnis, f. an advancing, lifting. * Euectiones, Post-war-rants.

Euector, ōris, m. a lifter up, advancing.

Euectrix, icis, f. she that advances.

Euectus, a, um, [of evehor] advanced, carried out.

Euectus, ūs, m. an exporting by Sea, or carrying forth by Waggon.

Evēho, xi, ctum, to lift up, extol, advance, carry out, convey. * Evēhere merces, to export Commodities.

† Evēlātus, a, um, winnowed.

Evello, ulsi, ulsum, to pluck up or away, deliver, abolish. * Evellere sibi scrupulum ex animo, to remove or take away a Doubt. * Evellere aculeum severitatis, to abate the Edge of.

Euemeridas, a Historian of Cnidos.

Euemerus, a Historian of Messina, who wrote of the Gods.

Evēnio, ēni, ntum, to come to pass, come out, to end, come to an issue.

Evēnit, imp. it happens.

Eventilatio, ōnis, f. a winnowing.

Eventilator, ōris, m. a Winnowing.

Eventilatus, a, um, winnowed.

Eventiko, are, to winnow, fan, or sift.

Eventilor, ari, to be sifted, tried.

Eventum, i, n. an Event.

Eventurus, a, um, about to happen.

Eventus, ūs, m. the Issue or Success. * Non sine eventu, with a good come off.

Evenum, a River of Troas.

Evenus, a River of Ætolia; also the Son of Mars, and an Elegiac Poet of Paros; also a Philosopher, who was wont to say, Hunger was the best Sauce.

† Everberatus, a, um, beaten out.

Everbero, are, to beat out. * Everberare fluctus, to row.

Everganeus, a, um, well wrought.

Evergetæ, a People of Scythia.

Evergetes, a Surname of Ptolomy, King of Egypt, who succeeded Philadelphus, from the many Favours he bestowed on the Cities of Greece.

Evergo, ēre, to pour out.

† Everrator, or Everriator, ōris, a Cleanser; also an Executor, or Administrator.

Evericūlum, i, n. a Drag-net; also an Extortioner, a Besom. * Evericūlum omnium maliciarum, that prevents all Quirks.

Everro, ri, sum, to sweep clean, examine. * Everrere sermones, to look into a Discourse narrowly, to reform and mend it.

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Evibro,

Evibro, are, to brandish, shoot, or throw at a distance, * *Ad rabiem evibrare*, to make one stark mad.
Evictio, ōnis, f. the Recovery of a thing unlawfully alienated.
Evictor, ōris, m. he that prevails.
Evictus, a, um, [of evincor] cast, overcome.
Evidens, ntis, evident, plain, clear.
Evidentialis, le, evident.
Evidenter, ius, illimē, adv. evidently.
Evidentia, x, f. Evidence, Clearness.
Evigilandus, a, um, to be passed without Sleep.
Evigilatio, ōnis, f. a waking.
Evigilatus, a, um, done by Candle-light, with good Advice. * *Evigilata consilia*, Designs well weigh'd.
Evigilo, are, to awake, compose by Candle-light.
Evii, a People of Liguria.
Evila, as *Harvila*.
Evilefco, ere, to become vile, to fall into Discredit.
Evincio, xi, nctum, to bind for Ornament. * *Insigni regio aliquem evincire*, to put a Diadem on the Head of any one.
Evincio, ici, ctum, to overcome, convince, persuade, cast and recover by Law. * *Ratio evincit*, Reason makes it apparent.
Evinctus, a, um, [of evincior] bound up.
Evindico, are, to vindicate, revenge.
Euippe, a Town of Caria.
Eviratio, ōnis, f. a Gelding. * *Eviratio bonæ spei est*, 'tis in vain, or no purpose.
Eviratus, a, um, gelt, effeminate.
Eviresco, ere, to grow green.
Eviro, are [à vir] to geld, or make effeminate.
Evisceratio, ōnis, f. a taking out the Bowels.
Eviscerator, ōris, m. a Boweller.
Evisceratus, a, um, bowelled.
Eviscero, are [à viscus] to bowel or take out the Guts.
Evisceror, ari, to be bowelled, or griped in the Bowels.
Eviscus, or *ebiscus*, great Wild-mallow.
Evitabilis, le, which may be shunned.
Evitatio, ōnis, f. an avoiding.
Evitator, ōris, m. an avoider.
Evitatus, a, um, shunned, eschewed.
Evito, are, to avoid, eschew, shun; also to take away the Life.
Evitor, ari, to be shunned, or killed.
Eula, a Maggot. * *Eularum ova*, Fly-blows.
Eulabes, g. religious, careful.
Eulcus, a River of Sufiana, called *Eulai*, and now *Tritiri*.
Eulalia, x, f. she that speaks well, g.
Eulepa, a City of Cappadocia.
Eulogia, x, f. Praise, Benediction, g.
Eulogicus, a, um, g. well-spoken.
Eulogium, ii, n, Commendation, g.
Eulogius, a Presbyter, who was said to know all the secret Thoughts of those that came to him.
Eumachius, a Historian of Naples, who wrote the History of Hannibal.
Eumæus, Ulysses's Swineherd, who

assisted him, at his Return, in killing his Wife's Wooers.
Eumeces, a kind of Balm: also a precious Stone, which being laid upon one's Head, is said to cause strange Dreams, g.
Eumelis, a famous Soothsayer.
Eumelus, the Son of Admetus King of Theffaly; also a Trojan, and Historian of Corinth.
Eumenes, a King of Bithynia, and the sixth Bishop of Alexandria.
Eumenia, a City of Phrygia, Thrace, Caria, and Hyrcania.
Eumenides, um, g. the Furies of Hell.
Eumēnis, idis, one of the Furies.
Eumetris, or *Eumetres*, a green precious Stone amongst the Assyrians, g.
Eumolpus, an Athenian Poet, the Son of Musæus, more ancient than Homer, supposed to be the Institutor of the Priest called *Eumolpidæ*.
Eunæ, a City of Caria by the River *Eunæus*.
Eunæus, the Son of Jason by Hypsipyle the Daughter of Thoas King of Lemnos.
Eunapius Sardinianus, a famous Physician, Sophister and Historian, who wrote the Lives of the Sophisters, and the Lives of the Cæsars, where Herodian left off.
Eundi, Ger. of eo.
Euntis, Gen. of iens.
Eunice, the Name of a Woman.
Eunicus, the Name of a Statuary.
Eunomia, x, f. a just Constitution of Laws, g.
Eunomius, the Scholar and Notary of Ætius, and Bishop of Cyzicus.
Eunotti, a Haven of Egypt about Pharos.
Eunostus, a God of the Tanagræi, into whose Temple no Women might come; and if any Misfortune happened to them, they diligently enquired whether any Women had happened to come there.
Eunuchinatus, a, um, gelded.
Eunuchinus, a, um, of an Eunuch.
Eunuchion, ii, n. -chos, a kind of broad Lettuce exceeding cold; g.
Eunuchizatus, a, um, gelded.
Eunucho, -chizo, or -chino, are, to geld.
Eunuchus, i, m. an Eunuch, g.
Evocans, ntis, calling forth.
Evocati, orum, old Soldiers serving voluntarily; also Pensioners for the Emperor's Guards.
Evocatio, ōnis, f. a calling forth, a pressing of Soldiers.
Evocator, ōris, m. he that calls or allures forth.
Evocatus, a, um, called out, pressed, summoned.
Evoco, are, to call out, invite abroad, draw out old Soldiers, to call up, to withdraw. * *Capillum evocare*, to make the Hair grow. * *Evocare animum à negotio*, to lay aside a Business. * *Zephyrus vernas evocat herbas*, the gentle Winds fetch up the Herbs, make them spring. * *Evocare ad arma*, to cause to take up Arms. * *Evocare milites*, to raise tumultuary Forces. * *Vis vitium omnis evocatur in palmites*, the whole Strength of the Vine is in the Branches, the Branches only bear Fruit.
Evocor, ari, to be called out or up.

Euodius, the first Bishop of Antioch after St. Peter.
Evæ, { [évo] interj. the Noise the
Evohe, { Bacchus's Priests were wont to make.
Evoluticus, a, um, flying or gadding abroad.
Evolutio, ōnis, f. a flying out or away.
Evulator, ōris, m. he that flies away.
Evulso, are, to flutter or fly off.
Evolo, are, to fly off, out, or away, escape. * *Evolare pecuniam*, not to be punish'd.
Evolo, are [à volo] to steal away, filch.
Evolvo, vi, ūtum, to unfold, turn over, read, meditate, search out, separate, procure, explain. * *Involutum evolvere*, to rid one's self out of Trouble. * *Evolvere se turba*, or *ex turba*, to get out of the Crowd. * *Evolvere se in mare*, [of Rivers] to fall into the Sea. * *Evolvere aliquid mente*, to ponder upon a thing. * *Evolvere argentum sibi*, to get him some Money.
Evolvor, vi, to be rolled or turned up.
Evolutio, ōnis, f. an unfolding; also counter-marching. * *Evolutio poetarum*, a reading the Poets.
Evolutor, ōris, m. an Unfolder.
Evolutus, a, um [of evolvor] unfolded. * *Evolutus bonis*, pil-lag'd of all.
Evomo, ui, ūtum, to vomit out, pour out, utter. * *Evomere iram in aliquem*, to wreak one's anger upon any one. * *Evomit Nilus multus faucibus in Ægyptium mare*, Nilus falls with many Mouths into the Mediterranean.
Euonium, Dunstaphage, a strong Castle in Scotland.
Euonymia, a City of Caria.
Euonymitæ, a People of Egypt.
Euonymos, a small Island of Æolia.
Euonymus, i, f. the Spindle-tree, or Prick-wood, g.
Eupagium, a Town of Peloponnesus.
Eupales, the two and thirtieth King of Assyria.
Eupasia, a City of Locris.
Eupathia, x, f. Aptness to endure, suffer, g.
Eupator, the Son of Antiochus.
Eupatoria, a City of Paphlagonia.
Eupatoria, x, f. { Agrimæ,
Eupatorium, ii, n. { g.
Eupatria, a City of Lydia.
Eupetalos, i, f. a precious Stone of four Colours, fiery, blue, vermillion, and green, g.
Eupheme, the Nurse of the Muse, and Mother of Crocus.
Euphemia, x, f. a good Name, g.
Euphemia, the Wife of the Emperor Justin.
Euphemismus, i, m. a speaking well of, putting a favourable Construction on a Word or Thing, g.
Euphonia, x, f. Smoothness of Pronunciation, g.
Euphorbeni, a People of Phrygia major.
Euphorbia, x, f. a Tree first found by King Juba.
Euphorbium, ii, n. the Gum of that Tree, g.
Euphorbus,

Euphorbus, the Physician of King Juba; also a Trojan slain by Menelaus, whose soul Pythagoras affirmed to have passed into him.
Euphorion, a Poet of Chalcedon, translated by Gallius.
Euphranor, a famous Statuary, who wrote some Volumes of proportion and colours.
Euphranta, a City of Libya.
Euphrasia, α , f. the Herb Eye-bright, g.
Euphrates, a famous River of Mesopotamia; also a Philosopher who drank poison before the Emperor Adrian, to free him from the Miseries he lived in.
Euphrosyne, es, i. Burrage; also one of the Graces, g.
Euphrosynum, i, n. Bugloss, g.
Euphris, a Lake of Gallia Cisalpina, called Lago di Pusiano.
Eupneia, g. a good breathing.
Eupolemus, an Historian who wrote of Tacitus and other Men.
Eupolis, a comical Poet who reproved the People's faults with great liberty, and was slain in the War between the Athenians and Lacedæmonians, so much lamented, that they made a Law that no Poet afterwards should bear Arms.
Eupompus, a Macedonian, well skilled in Arithmetick and Geometry; also a Limner, who taught Pamphilus, the Master of Apelles.
Euporia, a City of Macedonia.
Euporus, the Servant of Caius Gracchus, who defended his Master as he fled from the Hill Aventinus, and when he was killed, slew himself.
Euprepia, g. Comeliness.
Euprosopon, a Promontory of Phœnicia.
Euranius, a Town in Caria.
† Eures, a precious stone like an olive-kernel.
Euricus, a King of the Visigoths.
† Eurinus, } of the East-wind.
Euricius, a, um, }
Euripides, a famous tragical Poet, in great favour with Archelaus King of Macedonia; he was born at Salamis that same day that Xerxes's Army was routed by the Athenians; he wrote seventy five Tragedies, whereof nineteen only are extant; from his hatred of Women he was called Milogynes, he was torn in pieces by dogs in the seventy fifth Year of his Age.
Euripus, i, m. a narrow Sea between Bœotia and Eubœa, where Aristotle is said to have drowned himself, because he could not find out the cause of its ebbing and flowing, which was seven times a day, but he died a natural Death.
Euripus, i, m. a Conduit-pipe whose Water mounts aloft, also a Whirlpool, a Trench encompassing any Place, an Arm of the Sea filled with the Tide, g.
Euraquilo, ōnis, m. the North-east wind.
Euro-auster, ri, m. a South-east wind.
Euroclydon, onis, m. the Sea-mens plague, a famous North-east wind, g.
Euronus, a City of Caria.
Euro-notus, i, m. the South-east wind.
Europa, the Daughter of Agenor, King of Phœnicia, whom Jupiter

in the form of a bull carried over into Crete; also a Sea-nymph.
Europa, α , one of the four parts of the World, Europe.
Europæus, a, um, of Europe.
Europs, a King of the Sicyonii, and another of Macedonia.
Europum, and -pus, a City of Syria by Euphrates, and others.
Eurotas, a River of Laconia, and another of Thessaly, which flows into Peneus, but mingles not with it, gliding on the Top like Oyl.
Eurotius, g. a kind of precious Stone.
EURUS, i, m. [Eup ϕ] the East-wind.
Euryale, the Daughter of Minos, who bore Orion to Neptune; also the Daughter of Proetus, and one of the Gorgons.
Euryalus, one of the Princes of Peloponnesus, who went against Troy, and another who with his Brother Hyperbius, built houses of brick first at Athens.
Euryampus, a City of Magnesia.
Euryanassa, an Island in the Ægean Sea over against Ionia.
Eurybates, Agamemnon's servant, whom he sent with Ulysses to fetch Briseis from Achilles.
Eurybatus, a Servant of Cræsus, who appointed him to raise an Army with a great Summ of money, which he gave all to Cyrus his Master's enemy; also a notable robber who being apprehended, and desired to shew how he climbed up walls, bound on his iron-claws, and so made his escape.
Eurybia, a Nymph who brought forth the Stars and Lucifer.
Eurybiades, one of Xerxes's Captains; also the Admiral of the Grecian Fleet against Xerxes.
Euryclia, the Nurse of Ulysses, whom his Father Laertes bought for twenty Oxen.
Eurycles, a Prophet, who always divined some ill to himself.
Eurydamas, a Name of Hector; also a Trojan, who interpreted Dreams.
Eurydame, the Daughter of Diactor, and Wife of Leotychides King of Lacedæmonia.
Eurydice, the Wife of Orpheus, who flying from Aristæus that would have ravished her, was slain by a Serpent; Orpheus with his Music persuaded Pluto to let him have his Wife again, upon condition that he should not look upon her till they came upon the earth, failing to do it, she was taken from him again; also the daughter of Clymenus, and Wife of Nestor, by whom he had seven Sons and one Daughter.
Eurydomene, the Name of a Sea-nymph.
Euryleon, a King of the Latins, called also Ascanius.
Eurylochus, one of Ulysses's Companions, who alone tasted not of Circe's Cup, and therefore was not turned into a hog; also a King of Phlegya, who began to build Thebes which Cadmus finished.
Eurymachus, a Nobleman of Thebes, also one of Penelope's Wooers.
Eurymedon, the Father of Peribœa, on whom Neptune begat Nauti-thous; also the Son of Faunus; also an Athenian Captain, and Ri-

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ver of Pamphylia, which divides the Country in two.
Eurymedusa, the Mother of the Graces.
Eurymenæ, a City of Thessaly.
Eurymides, a Soothsayer who told Polyphemus what should happen to him by Ulysses.
Euryminus, a certain Claw-back who studied to make difference between Callor and Pollux, but being found out, was punished by both of them.
Eurynome, a Sea-nymph, the Mother of Leucothoe, also a Daughter of Apollo, and Mother of Adrastus and Eriphyle.
Euryone, the Daughter of Amyntas, King of Macedonia, whom she delivered from the Treachery of her Mother.
Eurypylus, the Son of Telephus, slain in the Trojan War; also the Son of Hercules, who reigned in Cos, and was the skilfullest of all the Greek Augurs.
Eurystheus, the Son of Sthenelus, and King of Mycenæ, who by Juno's persuasion, set Hercules to undergo these Adventures to ruin him, but he overcame them all, and grew the more famous.
Eurytanes, the People of Italy or Ætolia.
Eurytheus, an Exarch of Italy.
Eurythmia, α , f. a just proportion of the Members, g.
Eurythmus pulsus, the natural and orderly beating of the Pulses, g.
Eurytion, one of the Argonauts; also a silver-smith, and other Men.
Eurytus, a King of Oechalia, he promised his Daughter Iole to wife to him that could out-shoot him, which when Hercules had done, he refused to perform, and so was killed by him; also a Centaur slain by Theseus as he was carrying away Hippodamia.
† Euschemè, handsomely.
Eusebes, g. religious.
Eusebia, α , f. Piety, g.
Eusebia, a City of Cappadocia, called afterwards Cæsarea.
Eulebius Pamphilus, a Bishop of Cæsarea in Palestine.
Eusemata, a City of Armenia minor.
Eustathius, a Consul of Rome; also a Martyr among Trajan's Courtiers, and a Bishop of Antioch under Constantine, who wrote against the Arians, was banished to Tripolis, where he was buried. Also an Arch-bishop of Thessalonica, who commented upon Homer and Dionysius; and another who wrote the History from Æneas to Anastasius the Emperor.
Eustephius, a Sophister of Aphrodisia.
Eustochium, a Roman Woman, very well skilled in Latin, Greek and Hebrew, and was called the new Wonder of the World.
Eustochius, a Sophister of Cappadocia, who wrote of the Antiquity of that and other Countries.
Eustrathius, a Philosopher, who commented upon Aristotle's Ethics, and was buried at Bethlehem.
Eutæa, a City of Arcadia.
Eutane, a Town of Caria.
Eutasiun, a City of Arcadia.
Eutaxia, α , f. good Order, g.
Euterpe, one of the Muses.

Euthe.

Euthenæ, a City of Asia.
 Euthericus, a Consul with Boëthius, and another with Justinus.
 Euthycles, a comical Poet.
 Euthycrates, an excellent Painter, the Son and Scholar of Lysippus.
 Euthydemus, a Rhetorician and Orator, who added much to the Wealth of his Ancestors; also a Philosopher of Massilia, Master of Apollonius Tyanæus.
 Euthymanes, a Geographer of Massilia.
 Euthymedon, the Name of a certain Philosopher.
 Euthymenes, a certain Chronologer, who says that Homer flourished together with Hesiod.
 Euthymia, æ, f. Tranquility of Mind, g.
 Euthymius, a Greek Historian, who wrote of the Saracens, and commented upon the Psalms, and four Evangelists.
 Euthymus, a famous Champion of Locris, who assisted every one that was wronged.
 Euthyporos, g. going directly on.
 Eutocius, an Aicalônite, who commented upon Apollonius and Archimedes.
 Eutocus, the Son of Apollo and Cyrene.
 Eutrapelus, a very crafty Fellow in Horace, and a Barber in Martial.
 Eutresis, a Town near Thespiæ, where Apollo had a Temple and Oracle.
 Eutresites, Apollo so called.
 Eutresium, a City of Arcadia.
 Eutrophia, æ, f. good Nourishment, g.
 Eutropius, an Italian Sophister, and a Consul.
 Eutyche, a Woman of Trallis, who had 30 Children, and was carried to her Grave by twenty of 'em.
 Eutyches, an Abbot of Constantinople, who denied that there were two Natures in Christ, and said his Body came down from Heaven, and only seemed to be born of the Virgin Mary.
 Eutychia, an Island near Thessaly.
 Eutychianus, the twenty fifth Bishop of Rome.
 Eutychides, a famous Statuary.
 Eutyclus, a young Man raised from the dead by St. Paul.
 Evulgatio, ōnis, f. a Publishing abroad.
 Evulgator, ōris, m. a Publisher.
 Evulgatus, a, um, published.
 Evulgo, are, to publish abroad, make known, divulge.
 Evulsio, ōnis, f. a plucking out or up.
 Evulsor, ōris, m. a Plucker out or up.
 Evulsus, a, um [of evellor] plucked out or up.
 Euxenidas, a famous Painter, Master of Aristides.
 Euxenus, a Poet who wrote of the ancient and fabulous times of Italy.
 Etaxinus Pontus, a Sea near Thrace, toward Mar Maggiore, and Negro.
 Euzomos, f. on, n. the Herb Rocket, g.

E X

E X. for exigitur or exactus.
 EX [æ] prep. out of, from, throw, by, according to, after, in.
 * Ex tempore, on a sudden. * Ex

re tua, ex usu tuo, to your Advantage. * Ex continenti, suddenly. * Ex insperato, unexpectedly. * Ex professo, professedly. * Ex animo, heartily. * Ex abundanti, over and above. * Ex illo, since then. * Ex equo, on Horse-back. * Hæres ex asse, an Heir of the whole. * Ex pedibus laborat, he has the Goat. * Ex ante diem nonarum, before the Nones be fully ended. * Ex toto, wholly. * Ex vano, in vain.

Exa, the River Ex in Devon.
 Exaceratus, a, um, winnowed.
 Exacerbatio, ōnis, f. a vexing, galling, provoking.
 Exacerbator, ōris, m. he that galls or vexes.
 Exacerbatus, a, um, provoked.
 Exacerbescere, ere, to be much embittered.
 † Exacerbo, are, to embitter, provoke.
 Exacero, are, to winnow.
 Exacervans, ntis, coming thick together.
 Exacervatim, adv. by Heaps.
 Exacervatio, ōnis, f. a Heaping up.
 Exacervatus, a, um, heaped up.
 Exacervo, are, to heap together.
 Exacesco, ere, to grow very angry or tart.
 † Exacinationis, ōnis, f. the Falling out of Kernels.
 Exacino, are, to take out Kernels.
 † Exacon, a kind of Century.
 † Exacratio, ōnis, f. an Expiation.
 † Exacratio, ōris, m. an Expiator.
 † Exacro, are, to expiate by Sacrifice.
 Exacte, ius, iusimè, adv. exactly.
 Exactio, ōnis, f. an Exaction, Levying of Money, driving away.
 Exactor, ōris, m. a Collector of Money, a Finder of Faults, and a Driver away. * Exactor supplicii, he that punishes.
 Exactrix, icis, f. she that collects or expels.
 Exactum, i, n. an exact Thing.
 Exactus, a, um, ior, iusimè [of exigor] exact, finished, complete, also exalted, levied, tormented, thrust thorow, driven out, consumed, spent. * His demum exactis, these Things being accomplished. * Exactæ ætatis, very ancient.
 Exactus, ūs, m. an Utterance or Sale of Wares.
 Exacuo, ui, utum, to point, make picked, whet, sharpen, anger, provoke, prick forward. * Exacuere visum or aciem oculorum, to help the Sight, make one see plainer.
 Exacutio, ōnis, f. the making of a Thing very sharp.
 Exacutus, ior, iusimè, sharpened.
 Exadverso, } adv. right against,
 Exadversum, } by contraries.
 Exadvocatus, i, he that has been Advocated.
 Exadificatio, ōnis, f. a Building up.
 Exadificator, ōris, m. a Builder up.
 Exadificatus, a, um, built up.
 Exadifico, are, to build up, perfect.
 * Exadificare inchoatam ignaviam, to run thorow all Degrees of Laziness. * Exadificavit me ex adibus, he threw me out of Doors.

Exæquabilis, le, which may be levelled.
 Exaquamentum, i, n. } a Level-
 Exaquatio, ōnis, f. } ling.
 Exaquatus, a, um, levelled.
 Exaquo, are, to level or make even, compare, to be equal. * Exaquare pretio omnia jura, Money is the Rule that he gives Justice by.
 Exæstivatio, ōnis, f. a Boiling up.
 Exæstivo, are, to boil up, cast up Waves, be very angry. * Exæstivare irâ, to be in a very high Passion.
 Exæstivus, a, um, raging, troublesome.
 Exavio, ire [à favio] to spend its rage, grow mild.
 † Exagella, æ, f. the Handle of a Balance.
 † Exaggeratim, adv. in Heaps.
 Exaggeratio, ōnis, f. a Heaping up, Aggravating, Loftiness.
 Exaggerator, ōris, m. a Heaper up.
 Exaggeratus, a, um, heaped up.
 Exaggero, are, to heap up, raise a Bulwark, extol, aggravate.
 Exagitatio, ōnis, f. a Disquieting.
 Exagitator, ōris, m. a Disquieter, Inveigher against.
 Exagitatus, a, um, moved, tossed, tormented. * Exagitata sylva, beaten as in Hunting.
 Exagito, are, to thrust from place to place, push about, to disquiet, turn and toss up and down, to exasperate. * Exagitare leporem, to hunt a Hare. * Exagitare rem aliquam, to debate a Thing, handle it about.
 Exagium, ii, n. a Piece of Gold; also a kind of Weight, the Standard, g.
 Exagoga, æ, f. Rent, Revenue, a Carrying out.
 † Exagoga, æ, m. a Carrier forth.
 Exagogicus, a, um, g. belonging to Exportation.
 Exagonus, an Ambassador of the Ophiogenes at Rome, who having discovered much about the Virtues of Herus, suffered himself to be thrown into a Vessel full of Serpents, which did not only forbear biting of him, but licked him with their Tongues.
 Exagrus, a City of Sicily.
 Exalbesco, ere, to look whitish.
 Exalbidus, a, um, pale, bleak, whitish.
 Exalbo, are, to whiten, adorn.
 Exalburno, are [ab alburnum] to take out the Sap.
 Exalgeo, ere, to be very cold.
 † Exalgescere, ere, to grow very cold.
 Exaltatio, ōnis, f. Praise, Exaltation.
 Exaltator, ōris, m. an Exalter.
 Exaltatus, a, um, exalted.
 Exalto, are, to exalt, extol, praise, raise.
 Exaluminatus, a, um, clear like Alom. * Exaluminatus unio, an Oriental Pearl.
 Exambitus, a, um, gotten by Suit, sued out.
 EXAMEN, inis, n. [ab 'Exanto, adnecto] a Swarm, Shole, Luck, the Tongue of a Balance; also a Trial.
 Examinatè, ius, iusimè, advisedly, with due Trial.
 Examinatio, ōnis, f. an Examining, Weighing, Pondering, Searching.
 Examinator, ōris, m. an Examiner.
 Examinatus, a, um, examined, weighed.
 Examino.

Exāmino, are [ab examen] to examine, search, weigh, breed swarms.
 † Exāmirum, i, n. a popish Priest's garment.
 † Exāmo, are, to love dearly.
 Exēpeus, or -pas, a Fountain of Scythia.
 Exāmurco, are [ab amurca] to take away the Lees.
 Exāmurcor, ari, to be cleansed from dirt.
 Examuffim, adv. exactly, by Rule.
 Exāncillor, ari, to wait upon.
 † Exāncōro, are, to weigh anchor.
 Exānguis, e [ab sanguis] bloodless, pale, dead. * Exāngue cuminum, a weed that causes Paleiness. * Anīniz or umbrā exāngues, dead Men's Ghosts.
 Exānguis, e [ab anguis] without Snakes.
 Exāngulus, a, um, without Corners.
 Exānimālis, le, dead or deadly, astonishing.
 Exānimatio, ōnis, f. a putting one into a fright, scaring one into a swoon.
 Exānimātor, ōris, m. an Affrighter.
 Exānimātus, a, um, astonished, killed.
 Exānimis, e, } Dead, without
 Exānimus, a, um, } life, amazed, astonished.
 † Exānimitēr, faintly.
 Exānimo, are, to dismay, strike dead.
 Exānio, are [ab sanies] to squeeze out Corruption.
 Exānte, prap. before.
 Exānthēmāta, um, the Measels, g.
 Exāntlatio, ōnis, f. an Emptying, Drawing out, Sustaining.
 Exāntlātus, a, um, drawn out, sustained.
 Exāntlo, are [ab antlia] to draw out with Buckets, empty. * Exāntlare labores, to pass through Hardship.
 Exāpto, are, to make fit.
 Exāptus, a, um, very fit, compact.
 Exāptio, ōnis, f. an Engraving.
 Exāptor, ōris, m. an Engraver.
 Exāptus, a, um, engraven, ploughed up, defaced.
 † Exārchiatu, i, m. he that was Physician in Ordinary.
 Exārchus, i, m. a Lieutenant, or Vice-Emperor, g.
 † Exārcino, are, to disburden.
 Exārdēo, si, sum, to burn violently, be eager, encrease. * Exārdere irā, indignatione, in iras, to be in a Rage, to be wroth.
 Exārdescēndus, a, um, to be burnt.
 Exārdescō, ere, to break out into a violent Flame. * Exārdescere ad aliquid, to be in love with a Thing.
 Exārdēo, eri, } to be clean dried up,
 Exārdescō, } wither, pine away.
 Exārdēo, are [ab arena] to purge from Sand.
 Exāre, ere, to be dry, wither, decay, pine away. * Exāruit vetustate hæc opinio, this Opinion is grown old and out of date.
 Exārgentare, to reduce into money.
 Exārmatio, ōnis, f. a Disarming, Unharnessing.
 Exārmātus, a, um, disarmed. * Exārmata iumenta, Pot. it. without

Tags. * Exārmatum æquor, the calm Sea.
 Exārmō, are, to disarm, unharness, weaken. * Exārmare feras, to pare their Claws, break their Teeth, cut their Horns. * Exārmare accusationem, to confute an Accusation.
 Exāro, are, to plough up, to have much Corn by ploughing, to engrave or write. * Exārare rugis, to wrinkle.
 † Exārticulatio, ōnis, f. a being out of Joint.
 Exārticulātor, ōris, m. he that puts out of Joint.
 Exārticulō, are, to put out of Joint.
 † Exārtuatio, ōnis, f. a Dismembering.
 † Exārtuātor, ōris, m. a Dismemberer.
 † Exārtuātus, a, um, dismembered, carved.
 Exārtuo, are, to dismember, carve.
 Exāsciātor, ōris, m. a Hewer.
 Exāsciātus, a, um, rough-hewed.
 Exāscio, ire, to hew out.
 Exāspēratio, ōnis, f. a Sharpening, Vexing.
 Exāspērātor, ōris, m. a Sharpner, Vexer.
 Exāspērātus, a, um, sharpened, provoked.
 Exāspēro, are, to exasperate, sharpen, vex. * Exāspērare undas, to make the Water rough.
 Exātiatus, a, um, satisfied, glutted.
 Exātio, are [ab satio] to satisfy or glut.
 Exātūrāndus, a, um, to be filled.
 Exātūratio, ōnis, f. a Filling, Gorging.
 Exātūrātor, ōris, m. a Filler, Gorging.
 Exātūrātus, a, um, gorged.
 Exātūro, are, to gorge, glut, satisfy.
 Exāuctōrāmentum, i, n. a Discharge.
 Exāuctōratio, ōnis, f. a Disbanding.
 Exāuctōrātus, a, um, disbanding.
 Exāuctōro, are, to discharge, disband, degrade; also to give a Soldier leave to lay down his Arms.
 † Exāudibilis, le, easily heard.
 Exāudio, ire, to hear clearly, to hearken to one's Petition, grant one's Request.
 Exāuditus, a, um, heard, granted.
 Exāugeo, ere, auctum, to increase greatly.
 Exāuguratio, ōnis, f. a Prophaning, Unhallowing.
 Exāugurātor, ōris, m. a Degrader.
 Exāugurātus, a, um, depofed.
 Exāugūro, are, to unhallow, profane a Place consecrated.
 Exāuspiciatio, ōnis, f. an unlucky Beginning.
 Exāuspico, are, to do a Thing unluckily, come in a bad Hour.
 Exāutōro. See Exāuctōro.
 Exbālīsto, are, to shoot out of a Cross-bow, to deceive.
 † Exbola, æ, the Hole of the Sleeve.
 Exbrōmo, are [ab Bpōtor graveolens] to cleanse [Meat that is to be dressed].
 † Exbuæ, weaned Children, or tipping Gossips.
 † Exbuo, ere, to drink or draw out.
 Excācatio, ōnis, f. a making stark blind.
 Excācātor, ōris, m. he that blinds.
 Excācātus, a, um, quite blinded, stopped up.

Excāco, are, to make stark blind, deceive, choke up.
 Excāceātus, a, um, unshod.
 Excāceo, are, to pluck off one's shoes.
 † Excāculari, to be calculated.
 † Excāldatio, ōnis, f. a Par-boiling.
 † Excāldo, are, to par-boil, bathe one's self in warm Water, drink it.
 Excālesfacio, } to heat very
 Excālesfacio, ere, } much.
 Excālesfactio, ōnis, f. a heating much.
 Excālesfactor, ōris, m. a Heater.
 Excālesfactorius, a, um, heating much.
 Excālescio, ieri, to be much heated.
 Excālpo, psi, ptum [ab scalpo] to bore thorow, engrave.
 Excāmbium, ii, n. an Exchange.
 Excāndefacio, ere, to heat red hot, incense, enhance. * Excāndefacere annonam, to make Provision dear.
 Excāndeo, ere, to be incensed.
 Excāndescentia, æ, f. great Wrath and Anger.
 Excāndesco, ere, to be of a light Fire, all in a Flame, be incensed; also to grow light.
 † Excānōnicor, ari, to be degraded from Orders.
 Excāntatio, ōnis, f. an Enchanting.
 Excāntātor, ōris, m. an Enchanter.
 † Excāntātrix, icis, f. an Enchantress.
 Excānto, are, to enchant, or remove by Enchantment.
 † Excārnātus, a, um, made lean, nothing but Skin and Bone.
 † Excārnificatio, ōnis, f. a Plucking the Flesh from the Bones.
 Excārnificātor, ōris, m. a Tormenter.
 Excārnificātus, a, um, quartered, hacked in Pieces.
 Excārnifico, are, to torment cruelly, tear Limb-meal.
 Excārnificor, ari, to be hacked in Pieces.
 † Excārho, ere, to pick and choose.
 Excāstratus, a, um, gelded.
 Excāvatio, ōnis, f. a hollowing; also a deep Hollownest.
 Excāvātus, a, um, made hollow.
 Excāvo, are, to make hollow.
 Excedo, si, sum, to go forth, exceed, surpass, depart. * Excedere è vita, or de medio, to dye. * Excessit ex ephebis, he is past a Strippling. * Excessit è memoria, I have forgotten. * Excedit aurium sensum, it cannot be heard. * Excessit res ad publicam querimoniam, every one complained of it. * Excessit jam mihi ætas ex magisterio, I am too old to be under your Lash.
 Excellens, ior, illimus, excelling, excellent. * Excellens ore, eloquent.
 Excellentēr, adv. excellently.
 Excellētia, æ, f. Excellency.
 Excello, ui, elsum, to excel, surpass, go beyond, lift up on high.
 Excelsē, ius, illimē, adv. loftily.
 Excelsitas, ātis, f. L. finess, Height. * Excelsitas animi, Magnanimity, Heroicalness.
 † Excelsitudo, inis, f. the same.
 Excelsus, ior, illimus [ab celsus, vel excello] high, lofty, noble, magnificent. * In excelsum, a-loft.

- Exceptiō, ōnis, f. a catching.
 Exceptio, ōnis, f. an Exception, a Clause limiting Contracts and Treaties; also an Exception put in by the Defendant to make void the Plea of the Plaintiff.
 Exceptitius, a, um, excepted.
 Excepto, are [ab excipio] to stand catching.
 Exceptor, ōris, m. a Taker of Notes, he that writes after one.
 † Exceptorium, ii, n. a Cistern.
 Exceptorius, a, um, receiving. * Exceptorius liber, a Note-book.
 Excepturus, a, um, ready to receive.
 Exceptus, a, um [of excipior] excepted, received, saving. * Excepto quod, save that.
 † Excerebrator, ōris, m. he that dashes out the Brains.
 Excerebratus, a, um, brainless.
 † Excerebro, are, to dash out the Brains.
 † Excerebrōsus, a, um, brain-sick.
 Excerniculum, ii, n. a Sierce or Sieve.
 Excerno, rēvi, rētum, to sift, purge the evil from the good.
 Excerpens, ntis, picking out.
 Excerpo, pſi, ptum [of ex and carpo] to pick out the best, make choice of, cull. * Excerptere se vulgo, not to follow the Multitude, leave the common Road.
 Excerptio, ōnis, f. a picking or choosing.
 Excerptus, a, um [of excerptor] picked out.
 Excessus, ūs, m. Excess, Departure, Death, Digression, hanging over, standing out. * Excessus montani, Promontories.
 Excetra, æ, f. [ab exresco] the Name of the Serpent Hydra.
 Exchalcio, are, to take away one's Money, and put it in their Shoes.
 Excidio, ōnis, f. the demolishing of
 Excidium, ii, n. a Town.
 Excido, di, ere [of ex and cado] to fall out, fail, be forgotten, be disappointed. * Herus uxore excidit, my Master is like to go without his Wife. * Excidit ex hac familia, he is clean cast out of Doors. * Excidit mihi verbum ex ore, I chanced to let slip a Word. * Ego ab Archilocho excido, I am not of his Opinion.
 Excido, di, sum [of ex and cado] to cut out or down, to raze to the Ground. * Excidere numero civium, to disfranchise.
 Excidus, a, um, decaying.
 † Excio, ere, to provoke.
 Excindo, idi, issum [of ex and scindo] to demolish, cut off, raze out.
 Excingo, xi, ctum, to despoil, rob.
 Excinctus, a, um [of excingor] spoiled.
 † Excinērat, a, um, having the Ashes taken from it.
 † Excinero, are, to discover by taking away the Ashes.
 † Excio, ivi, itum, to stir up, call out, provoke, awaken. * Excire lachrymas, to make the Tears come. * Excire somno, ē somno, ē cubilibus, to rouse, give one a Coll.
 Excipiendus, a, um, to be excused.
 Excipio, epi, eptum [of ex and capio] to except, to take up, to entertain, harbor, separate, take to
 craft, gather, succeed or follow, hearken to, write after one, light upon, ward off, surprise, intercept, embrace. * Excipere se pedibus, to lie upon his Feet. * Excipere se in pedes, to get upon his Feet. * Excipere injuriæ, to deliver from Injury or Wrong. * Excipit Ascanius, Ascanius replies. * Hæc excipiuntur cerato à rosa facto, these cling together being put upon a Plaister of Roses.
 † Excipium, ii, n. a Hunting-pole.
 Excipulæ, arum. Weels for Fish.
 Excipulus, i, m. a Weel, a Recipient set under a Still.
 † Excipulum, i, n. a Surgeon's Pottinger.
 Excipuus, a, um, received.
 Excisatus, a, um, cut off, wounded.
 Excisio, ōnis, f. a Demolishing.
 Exciso, are [ab excido] to slash and slit.
 Excisōrius, a, um, cutting, lancing.
 Excisus, a, um [ab excidor] cut out or down, rased.
 Excisum, a City of Gallia Lugdunensis.
 Excitandus, a, um, to be raised.
 Excitāre, ius, illimē, adv. vehemently, lively. * Gemmæ excitatus fulgent, the Diamonds are of a more orient and gay Colour.
 Excitatio, ōnis, f. a provoking.
 Excitatus, ior, illimus, moved, raised, vehement. * Excitatus odor, a very strong Smell.
 Excito, are, to stir up, set up, raise, encourage, procure. * In fortunâ excitare incendium, to set one's House on Fire, or procure one very great Trouble. * Excitare oculorum aciem, to clear the Eyesight. * Excitare ubertatem lactis, to encrease Milk. * Excitare opus, to raise a Building, carry on a Work.
 Excitor, ari, to be quickened.
 Excitus, a, um [of excior] called up.
 † Excivito, are, to disfranchise.
 Exclāmatio, ōnis, f. a crying out.
 Exclāmator, ōris, m. a Cryer out.
 Exclāmo, are, to cry out, roar out. * Exclamare aliquem, to call aloud upon one.
 Excludo, si, sum [of ex and claudo] to shut out, except, reject, hatch. * Excludere alicui oculum, to beat or dash out a Man's Eye. * Excludi tempore, or temporis spatio, to be straitned as to time, not to have time.
 † Exclūsarius, ii, m. a Porter.
 Exclūsiō, ōnis, f. a shutting out, a debarring.
 Exclūsissimus, a, um, a very out-cast.
 Exclūsivē, adv. exclusively.
 Exclūsōrius, a, um, shutting out, excluding.
 Exclūsurus, a, um, ready to exclude.
 Exclūsus, a, um [of excludor] shut out, debarred, hatched. * Sum exclūssimus omnium, I have the least Credit of any Man living, no body will believe or hearken to me.
 Exclūsus, ūs, m. a shutting out.
 Excoctus, a, um [of excoquor] well boiled, pure.
 Excodico, are [à codex] to open the Root.
 Excogitatio, ōnis, f. a devising.
 Excogitator, ōris, m. an Invenier.
 Excogitatus, a, um, invented, exquisitely. * Excogitissimas hostias instituit, he appointed the most rare and choicest Sacrifices.
 Excogito, are, to think on seriously, to devise, invent.
 Excolo, ui, ultum, to trim curiously, to set forth completely, dress, perfect, accomplish.
 † Excolubro, are, to search out like Serpents.
 Excommunicatio, ōnis, f. Excommunication.
 Excommunicatus, a, um, excommunicated.
 Excommunico, are, to excommunicate.
 Excompacto, adv. of set purpose.
 Excomposito, adv. designedly.
 † Excondico, are, to clear himself.
 Exconsul, ūlis, one that has been Consul.
 Exconsularis, is, the same.
 Excontinenti, adv. out of hand.
 † Excopio, are, to copy out.
 Excōquo, xi, ctum, to boil fully, away, refine, dry, devise. * Excōquere alicui malum, to bring Mischief against one.
 Excōrio, are, to flea off the skin.
 Excors, ordis [à cor] heartless, witless.
 † Excortico, are, to take off the Bark.
 † Excrapulo, are, to surfeit.
 Excreabilis, le, which may be spit out.
 Excreatio, ōnis, f. a spitting out spawling.
 Excrementum, i, n. an Excrement, Purging; also the Offal or Refuse.
 Excreo, are [of ex and screo] to spit out, spawl, void Fæces by bawling.
 Excreresco, evi, etum, to shoot forth, grow up, increase. * Aqua excrecit & decrevit, rises and falls.
 Excretio, ōnis, f. the voiding of the Excrements.
 Excretum, i, n. Bran, Refuse, Excrement.
 Excreus, a, um [of excernor] purged, sifted.
 Excretus, a, um [of exresco] well grown.
 Excribo, ere [à scribo] to copy out.
 Excriptor, ōris, m. a Copier out.
 Excruciabilis, le, worthy of Torment.
 Excruciatus, a, um, tormented. * Dare aliquem excruciatum, to have one tormented.
 Excrucio, are, to torment sorely. * Excruciat animi, he torments his Mind.
 Excubatio, ōnis, f. a watching a-broad.
 Excubatur, imp. Watch is kept.
 Excubiæ, arum, the Watch.
 Excubicularius, ii, m. one that has been Chamberlain.
 Excubitor, ōris, m. a Watchman or Warder, a Sentinel.
 † Excubitum, i, n. a Guard.
 Excubitus, ūs, m. a Watching.
 Excubo, are, to watch abroad; to grow. * Excubare animo, to be vigilant. * Excubat laurus ante

ante limina, there is a Laurel-tree planted before the Door. * Excubatur rerum, non animi pretiis, Men are more careful to grow rich than virtuous.

† Excudia, and -ium, a Swingle head.

† Excudipes, is, a Swingle-tree.

† Excudo, di, sum, to beat out, forget, print, hatch. * Excudit mihi hoc, he wrung it out of me. * Excudere scintillam, to strike fire. * Excudere dicta alicujus, to ponder upon any one's Words.

Excultores, m. pl. Slingers, Gunners.

Excultus, a, um, obsolete, worn out.

Exculto, are, [à calceo] to kick down, wring out.

† Exculpo, are, to clear one's self.

Exculpo, psi, ptum, [of ex and scalpo] to grave or carve out.

* Exculpere alicui oculum, to rend out one's Eye. * Exculpere alicui verum, to get the Truth out with much ado.

Excultus, a, um, [of excolor] garnished. * Excultus ad humanitatem, civilized.

† Excuneari, to be driven out with a Wedge.

† Excupio, ere, to desire earnestly.

† Excursatus, a, um, exactly wrought.

Excursio, ōnis, f. a putting out of Court.

Excursio, are [à curia] to remove from the Senate.

Excursio, ari, to remove from the Court.

Excursio, are, to work or dress curiously.

Excurrens, ntis, running out. * Summa excurrens, a broken Sum.

Excurre, ri, sum, to run out or hastily, make an Inroad, lye out, assault, digress. * In pericula excurre, to run headlong into dangers. * Decem aurei & quod excurret, ten Crowns and old Money. * Decem millaria & quod excurret, ten miles and a way-bit.

Excursator, ōnis, m. an Out-rider, one that makes an Excursion.

Excursio, ōnis, f. an Excursion, Skirmish. * Excursio orationis, a Digression.

† Excursio, are, to run out often.

Excursio, ōnis, m. a Skirmisher, he that makes an Inroad.

Excursus, a, um, [ab excurre] passed over. * Excursio jam prope spacio, having almost run his Race.

Excursus, ūs, m. an Excursion, Digression.

† Excursus, a, um, without care.

Excusabilis, le, excusable.

Excusans, ntis, excusing.

Excusate, adv. with a good excuse.

Excusatus, adv. with less blame.

Excusatio, ōnis, f. an excuse. * Excusationem accepit, he approved of the excuse.

Excusator, ōnis, m. an excuser.

Excusatorius, a, um, serving for excuse.

Excusatrix, icis, f. she that excuses.

Excusatus, ius, illinus, excused.

Excuse, adv. exactly, in print.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a coining, beating out.

Excuso, are [à causa] to excuse, to alledge for an excuse, to effoin. * Excusat valetudinem, he brings his Sickness for an excuse.

Excusor, ōnis, m. a Coiner, Printer, Founder.

† Excusabilis, le, easily shaken off.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a shaking off, diligent search.

Excusio, ōnis, m. a shaker off, sifter. * Excusiores tritici, Winnowers of Wheat. * Excusiores equi, yerk-ing Horses.

Excusorius, a, um, shaking, winnowing. * Cribum excusorium, a coarse Sieve.

Excusio, a, um, [of excutior] shaken off, flung, examined, discharged.

* Et actum & excusum est, it is brought to a Tryal and Judgment.

Excusio, a, um, [of excudor] forged, coined.

Excutio, x, f. } a Brush or Rub-ber.

Excutio, ii, n. }

Excutio, a, um, to be shaken off.

Excutio, ūsi, ūsum [of ex and quatio] to cast or shake off, beat or throw out, search narrowly; also rob. * Excute debitorum, to enquire whether a Debtor be solvent. * Excute feras cubilibus, to hunt them out of their holes. * Excute alicui vomitum, to make one vomit. * Excute alicui mentem, to make one mad. * Excute intelligentiam, to muster up all one's Faculties. * Excute juventutem ex omni Italia, to choose the Youth out of all Italy.

Excutor, ti, to be examined, &c.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a taking the Tenth.

† Excusio, are, to tithe.

Excusio, a, um, split out.

Excusio, are, to flea or split out.

Excusio, are [à dorsum] to break the Back. * Excusio piscem, to slit it along the Back.

† Excusio, arum, m. the Adder's cast Skin.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a cutting out.

Excusio, a Tyrant of Phocis, who carried about two enchanted Rings, and by their Noise he knew the Time of any action, yet he was treacherously slain, tho' it was foretold by the same Sound.

Excusio, ūi, ūtum [of ex and seco] to cut out, weaken, geld. * Excusio nervos urbis, to cut off the Strength of a City.

Excusio, le, execrable.

Excusio, atis, f. cursedness.

Excusio, adv. cursedly.

Excusio, a, um, to be cursed.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a cursing.

Excusio, ōnis, m. a curser.

Excusio, ior, illinus, cursed. * Excusio auguria, most unlucky Tokens.

Excusio, ari, [à sacro] to curse, derest. * Excusio aliquid in caput, to wish some mischief may light on one's pate.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a cutting off.

Excusio, a, um, [of excusor] cut out or off. * Excusio honore, deprived of Authority.

† Excusio, a, um, which is or may be cut off.

Excusio, ōnis, f. an Execution, a Performing.

Excusio, ōnis, m. a Performer, Avenger, Sergeant, an Excutor.

Excusio, a, um, following, he that has followed.

Excusio, a, um, toothless.

Excusio, edi, ēsum, to eat up all, consume, root out. * Excusio aliquem, to eat one out of house and home. * Excusio miser, I have fretted my self to death almost.

Excusio, x, f. } among the Ro-

Excusio, ii, n. }

Excusio, are [à calceo] to kick down, wring out.

† Excusio, are, to clear one's self.

Excusio, psi, ptum, [of ex and scalpo] to grave or carve out.

* Excusio alicui oculum, to rend out one's Eye. * Excusio alicui verum, to get the Truth out with much ado.

Excusio, a, um, [of excolor] garnished. * Excusio ad humanitatem, civilized.

† Excusio, to be driven out with a Wedge.

† Excusio, ere, to desire earnestly.

† Excusio, a, um, exactly wrought.

Excusio, ōnis, f. a putting out of Court.

Excusio, are [à curia] to remove from the Senate.

Excusio, ari, to remove from the Court.

Excusio, are, to work or dress curiously.

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Excusio, le, excusable.

Excusio, ntis, excusing.

Excusio, adv. with a good excuse.

Excusio, adv. with less blame.

Excusio, ōnis, f. an excuse. * Excusio acceptionem accepit, he approved of the excuse.

Excusio, ōnis, m. an excuser.

Excusio, a, um, serving for excuse.

Excusio, icis, f. she that excuses.

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Excusio, adv. with a good excuse.

Excusio, adv. with less blame.

- Exequiæ**, arum, [ab exequor] the Train at Burials, a Funeral. * **Ire exequias**, to accompany the Corpse to Church.
- Exequialis**, le, of a Funeral. * **Iusta exequialia**, Funeral Ceremonies.
- Exequior**, ari, to make or attend at Funerals.
- Exequor**, cutus sum, qui [à sequor] to perform, to go on, prosecute, avenge, follow. * **Exequi verbis**, to relate fully. * **Exequi arumnam**, to suffer. * **Exequi patronam**, to pray to some Goddess to be the Patron. * **Exequi fugam**, mortem, to fly, dye. * **Ius suum exequi**, to pursue his Right.
- Exequutus**, a, um, having followed, &c.
- Exercendus**, a, um, to be exercised.
- Exercens**, ntis, exercising.
- Exerceo**, ui, itum [of ex and arceo] to exercise, use, practise, shew, till, pursue, vex, gain. * **Exercere simulates**, to bear a Grudge. * **Exercere odiis**, to molest one maliciously. * **Exercere tauros**, to plow with Oxen. * **Exercere sumptus**, to earn one's living. * **Exercere atatem**, to live. * **Exercere regnum**, to reign. * **Vim dominationis exercere**, to lord it. * **Exercere se**, to employ himself.
- Exercipes**, edis, light of foot.
- † **Exercirent**, for sarcirent.
- Exercitatio**, onis, f. frequent Exercise. * **Ludicra exercitatio**, Sport, Pastime, Recreation, Divertisement.
- Exercitator**, oris, m. a Master of exercising.
- Exercitatrix**, icis, f. she that exercises.
- Exercitatus**, ior, issimus, a, um, exercised, experienced, nimble at. * **Exercitissimus lictor**, a Hangman wonderfully dextrous at tying the fatal Knot.
- Exercitatus**, us, m. an Exercise, Tryal, Affliction.
- Exercitio**, onis, f. Money taken for Carriage by Water.
- Exercitium**, ii, n. an Exercise, Practice.
- Exercitius**, adv. more busily.
- Exercito**, are [ab exerceo] to exercise often.
- Exercitor**, oris, m. a Master of Exercise. * **Exercitor navis**, the Owner of a Ship.
- Exercitorius**, a, um, belonging to the Owner of a Ship.
- Exercitus**, a, um, [of exerceo] exercised, practised, well versed. * **Multa lectione exercitus**, one of great reading, one that has turned over a world of Books.
- Exercitus**, us, m. an Host or Army; also Exercise.
- Exero**, ui, erum [of ex and fero] to thrust out, to draw out, lift up, shew, utter, stretch out, kill, appear. * **Exerere linguam**, to loo out the Tongue. * **Exerere mentis secreta**, to speak what's in one's mind.
- Exerro**, are, to wander out of the way.
- Exerte**, ius, illime, adv. plainly, directly, vigorously.
- Exertim**, adv. outwards.
- Exerto**, are, to stand thrusting out.
- Exertus**, a, um [of exeror] shewed, drawn or put out. * **Exerta vigilia**, continual Watch. * **Exerti dentes**, Tusks.
- Exesor**, oris, m. a Consumer, Eater out, a great Eater.
- † **Exesto**, for extra esto, depart, withdraw.
- Exesus**, a, um [of exedor] eat up, consumed, hollow. * **Exesæ ædes**, decay'd Houses.
- Exfacili**, adv. easily.
- † **Exfavillo**, are, to rake in Ashes.
- † **Exfebruo**, are, to purify, purge.
- Exfibratus**, a, um, plucked up, having the Roots and Skins broken.
- Exfibro**, are, to break the Skins of the Root.
- † **Exfibulo**, are, to unbutton.
- † **Exficus**, iis, m. a purging or cleansing.
- † **Exfide**, faithfully.
- † **Exfilatio**, onis, f. a stitching without.
- † **Exfilatus**, a, um, stitched without.
- † **Exfilo**, are, to stitch on, strip.
- † **Exfio**, ire, to cleanse or purge.
- † **Exfitus**, iis, m. a purging.
- † **Exfodio**, odi, offum, to dig out.
- † **Exfreto**, are, to launch out.
- † **Exfrico**, are, to rub off.
- † **Exfundatio**, onis, f. a casting out of the Ground.
- † **Exfundatus**, a, um, cast out of the Ground.
- † **Exfundo**, are, to cast out of the Ground.
- † **Exgregius**, for egregius.
- † **Exgrex**, egis, without the Flock.
- Exgrumo**, are [à grumus] to come out of a Hillock.
- Exgurgitatio**, onis, f. a disgorging.
- Exgurgito**, are, to disgorge.
- Exhæredans**, ntis, disinheriting.
- Exhæredatio**, onis, f. a disinheriting.
- Exhæredator**, oris, m. a disinheriter.
- Exhæredatus**, a, um, disinherited.
- † **Exhæredito**, are, to disinherit.
- Exhæredo**, are [ab hæres] to disinherit, deprive of his Inheritance.
- Exhæres**, edis, one disinherited. * **Exhæredem vitam suam facere**, to kill one.
- Exhæresimus dies**, the Day added in the Leap-year, g.
- Exhâlans**, ntis, breathing out.
- Exhâlatio**, onis, f. an Exhalation, Fog, Fume.
- Exhâlatus**, a, um, breathed out. * **Exhalata anima**, the Ghost given up.
- Exhâlo**, are, to breathe out, steam or reek out. * **Exhalare crapulam**, or vinum, to digest a Surfeit. * **Exhalare vitam**, to breathe one's last.
- Exhaurio**, ii, itum, to draw out, empty, spend, consume, rob, spoil, destroy, accomplish, sustain, bestow, avoid, to overflow, burden. * **Exhaurire vitam sibi**, to shed his own Blood. * **Exhaurire furum sententiam ex urbe**, to scour the City of Thieves. * **Exhaurire mandata alicujus**, to perform what one is commanded to do. * **Partem aliquam laudum alicujus exhaurire**, to attribute some praises due to another to himself. * **Pænarum exhaustum est satis**, I have suffered punishment enough.
- Exhaustio**, onis, f. a drawing out or digging up.
- † **Exhausto**, are, to draw out.
- Exhaustum**, i, n. a thing finished, a pains-taking.
- Exhaustus**, a, um [of exhaustio] drawn out, spent, tired. * **Angustus exhausto**, the Tear being ended. * **Exhaustus est sermo hominum**, there was no more talk about it.
- Exhæbènus**, i, a white Stone with which Goldsmiths polish Gold, g.
- Exherbatio**, onis, f. a weeding up.
- Exherbo**, are [ab herba] to weed up.
- Exhibens**, ntis, shewing.
- Exhibeo**, ui, itum [of ex and habeo] to exhibit, bring out, present, manifest, procure, resemble, to furnish or provide with Necessaries. * **Exhibere negotium alicui**, to put one to trouble. * **Exhibere rem**, to cause a person under bail to make a personal appearance.
- Exhibitio**, onis, f. an exhibiting, giving, representing.
- † **Exhibito**, are, to exhibit often.
- Exhibitor**, oris, m. an exhibitor.
- Exhibitus**, a, um [of exhibeo] exhibited.
- Exhilaratio**, onis, f. a comforting.
- Exhilarator**, oris, m. a Comforter.
- Exhilaratus**, a, um, comforted.
- † **Exhilaresco**, ere, to be cheery.
- Exhilaro**, are, [ab hilaris] to cheer or comfort.
- Exhio**, are, to gape wide, to devour.
- Exhomologesis**, a Confession, g.
- † **Exhonorare**, are, to dishonour.
- Exhorreo**, ere, to dread, tremble.
- Exhorresco**, ere, for fear.
- Exhortaus**, ntis, exhorting.
- Exhortatio**, onis, f. an exhortation, encouraging.
- † **Exhortator**, oris, m. an Encourager.
- Exhortatus**, a, um, exhorting or exhorted.
- Exhortor**, ari, to exhort, encourage.
- † **Exhübèro**, for exubero, are, to abound.
- Exhydriæ**, Winds arising with much Rain, g.
- Exhibitio**, onis, f. a hissing out.
- Exhibilo**, are, [à sibilo] to hiss out.
- Exiccatio**, onis, f. a drying up.
- Exiccatus**, a, um, dried up.
- Exicco**, are [of ex and siccō] to dry up.
- † **Exico**, are [of ex and seco] to scare or worry.
- Exiens**, euntis, going out.
- Exigo**, egi, actum [of ex & ago] to require, demand, get in, pass, finish, examine minutely, to levy, pitch upon, turn off with dislike, drive out, spend, extort, or wring out, dispart.
- * **Exigere poenam**, to take strict punishment. * **Exigere ferrum per præcordia**, to thrust one thro'. * **Exigere nebulas**, to cast up Mists. * **Exigere fues pastum**, to drive out the Hags into the Fields or Woods to feed. * **Exigere aliquem honoribus**, to deprive one of Honours. * **Erigere columnas ad perpendicularum**, to make Pillars straight upright; also to try with a plummet whether they be so made. * **Exigere de re aliqua**, to examine a thing thoroughly.
- Exigor**, gi, to be created. * **Exigor pecuniam**, I am made to pay money.
- Exiguè**, adv. scantily, sparingly. * **Exiguè scriptus**, plain, not adorned.
- Exiguitas**, atis, f. smallness, smallness.
- Exiguum**, ui, n. a little.

Exiguus, lor, illimus [ab egeo vel exigo] little, small, slender. * Exiguopoli, a little after.
 † Exilicus, a, um, of an Exile.
 Exilio, ui, ultum [of ex and falio] to start up, sling out, leap, spring, or fly up, sparkle. * Ad te exilui, I ran to you immediately.
 Exilior, us, smaller.
 EXILIS, le [ab exeo, vel ἐξίλλω, effugio, vel ἐξίτηλα, evanidus] slender, lean, thin. * Exilis oratio, a dry empty Speech.
 Exilia, a City of Africa called Stepta, and by the Spaniards A-centa.
 Exilitas, atis, f. slenderness. * Exilitas orationis, a weak and boyish Speech.
 Exiliter, adv. slenderly.
 Exilium, ii, n. [ab exul] a Banishment.
 † Exillō, adv. since that time.
 Eximie, adv. singularly.
 † Eximietas, atis, f. Excellency.
 Eximius, a, um, [ab eximo] excellent, choice, set apart, singular, notable. * Uti neminem eximium habeat? must I except no body?
 Eximo, emi, emptum [of ex and emo] to exempt, take out, free from, delay, dig out, deprive. * Eximere nomen de tabulis, to cross a Debt-book. * Eximere aliquem de ore reis, to acquit one. * Eximere reum, to discharge a guilty person. * Eximere in jus vocatum, to get off one's appearance. * Eximere diem dicendo, to spend a whole day in pleading, to spin out time in.
 Ex-improvisō, adv. on a sudden.
 Exin, or exinde, from thenceforth.
 Exinānio, ire, to empty utterly, rob, to debase one's self very much, become vile. * Exinanire aliquem, to take away all one hath, not to leave one a penny to help one's self.
 Exinanitor, oris, m. an Emptier, Waster.
 Exinānitio, ōnis, f. an utter emptying.
 Exinānitus, a, um, quite emptied.
 Exindē, adv. of that, out of that.
 Ex industria, for the nonce.
 † Exinfūlo, are, to show or put forth.
 † Exinhaustus, a, um, which cannot be drawn dry.
 Ex-insidiis, by Ambushment.
 † Ex-insolentia, unusually.
 Exinsperātō, adv. unexpectedly.
 Exintegro, adv. afresh, anew.
 † Exintegro, are, to restore, or make new.
 † Exintervallō, adv. with space between.
 † Exinuo, are, to cast off, unfold.
 † Exjacor, ari, to jest or sport the time away.
 Existens, ntis, being.
 Existentia, x, f. a Being.
 Existimatio, ōnis, f. an Opinion, Credit. * Magnæ existimationis, renowned, famous.
 Existimātor, ōris, m. a supposer.
 Existimātus, a, um, esteemed, valued.
 Existimo, are [of ex and xstimo] to suppose, esteem, judge. * De illo bene existimant, they have a good Opinion of him. * Suis moribus alterum existimare, to measure others Corn by their own Bushel.

Existimor, ari, to be esteemed. * Existimatur in probro, is taken for a Reproach.
 Existo, extiti, ere [sisto] to exist, appear, arise, present it self, to be born.
 Exitani, a People of Spain.
 Exitiabilis, le, deadly, destructive.
 Exitialis, le, destructive, dangerous.
 Exitio, ōnis, f. a going forth.
 Exitiosus, a, um, deadly, dangerous.
 Exitiria, Grecian Feasts, wherein the first Fruits were offered to the Gods.
 Exitium, ii, n. [ab exeo] Ruine, Destruction. * Esse exitio alicui, to be the Cause of one's death.
 Exitur, imp. some body comes out.
 † Exitura, x, a departing.
 Exiturus, a, um, about to come out or end.
 † Exitus, a, um, ended, going out.
 Exitus, us, m. a going forth, end or issue, death. * Ad exitum, at last. * Exitus accessit verbis, what he foretold came to pass.
 Exjuro, are, to swear point blank.
 Exlecebra, x, f. a Gin or Device to drain or draw out.
 † Exlegalitas, atis, f. a being outlawed.
 † Exlego, are, to outlaw.
 Exlex, egis, c. an Outlaw.
 † Exloquor, qui, to speak out, or eloquently.
 Exmoven, ōvi, tum, to remove.
 † Exobliquō, overthwart, across.
 † Exobliscor, sci, to forget.
 Exobratus, a, um, overwhelmed.
 † Exobsecro, are, to request earnestly and prevail.
 Exobygitæ, a People of Sarmatia Europæa.
 † Exocasu, at meeting.
 † Exocco, are, to borrow well.
 † Ex occulto, privately.
 Exoche, Excellence, g.
 Exocætus, a Fish that sleeps upon the Land, g.
 Exoculo, are, to put out one's Eyes.
 Exoculatus, a, um, blinded.
 Exodiarius, ii, m. a Master of Farces.
 Exodium, ii, n. a Farce acted at the End of Tragedies, &c. g.
 Exodus, i, l. a going out, g.
 Exoleo, ere, to wither, fade.
 † Exolero, are, to pluck up Herbs.
 Exolescens, ntis, decaying.
 Exolesco, ui, and evi, etum [ab exoleo] to decay, grow out of use, leave growing. * Aetas tua jam ad ea patiēda exolevit, your age is too feeble to bear those things.
 † Exoletō, are, to grow stale.
 Exolētus, a, um, past growing, out of use, forgotten. * Exoleti, Bardashes.
 Exolvero, vi, utum [of ex and solvo] to undo or unbind, take away, pay off fully, perform. * Pœna exolvere, to deliver from Punishment. * Pœnas morte exolvere, to be punished with death. * Exolvere nodum alicujus rei, to unravel a perplex'd Business. * Exolvere religione, to take away a Scruple.
 Exolutio, ōnis, f. full Payment; also a general Loosness of the Joints.
 Exolutor, ōris, m. a Discharger.
 Exolutus, a, um [of exolver] loosened.
 Exomātæ, a People of Sarmatia in Asia.

Exōmis, idis, f. a Jacket or sleeveless Coat, g.
 Exomnis, e, [i somnus] without sleep.
 Exomologesis, g. Confession.
 Exomphalon, g. a swelling of the Navel.
 Exomphalus, i, g. one whose Navel is burst.
 Exōnērātio, ōnis, f. a disturbinging.
 Exōnērātus, a, um, discharged.
 Exōnēro, are, to discharge, unload. * Exonerare metu, to put one out of fear. * Exonerare in aurem, to whisper in one's Ear.
 Exonia, Excester in Devonshire.
 Exophthalmus, i, m. goggle-ey'd, whose Eyes stand out, g.
 Ex-opinatō, adv. expectedly. * Nec ex-opinatō, unexpectedly.
 Exopolis, a City by the River Tanais in Sarmatia.
 Ex-oppositō, adv. over-against.
 Exoptabilis, le, desirable.
 † Exoptanter, desirously.
 Exoptatio, ōnis, f. an earnest wishing.
 Exoptatō, adv. as one would wish.
 Exoptātus, ior, illinus, earnestly wished.
 Exopto, are, to wish fervently.
 Exorābilis, le, which may be prevailed with.
 † Exorābilitē, adv. by easy intreaty.
 Exorabulum, i, n. [ab exoro] a crafty Argument.
 Exorans, ntis, prevailing.
 Exoratio, ōnis, f. a prevailing by intreaty.
 Exorator, ōris, m. a Prevailer.
 Exorātus, a, um, intreated, obtained by request, won by entreaties.
 Exorbeo, ui, ptum [of ex and forbeo] to sup up all. * Exorbere animam, to kill. * Exorbere difficultatem, to swallow a Difficulty, to undergo Hardship, passly a Rub.
 † Exorbitantia, ium, things out of order.
 Exorbitatio, ōnis, f. a going out of the Road.
 † Exorbito, are, [ab orbita] to go out of the Road.
 † Exorbo, are, to deprive of Sight.
 Exorcismus, i, m. a casting out, g.
 Exorcista, x, m. an Adjurer, g.
 Exorcizo, are, to cast out by Adjuration, g.
 † Exordesco, ere, to grow base.
 † Exordiarus, a, um, of beginning.
 † Exordiarus, ii, m. a Beginner.
 Exordinē, adv. in order.
 Exordior, sus, sum, iri, to begin an Oration or Relation, sit upon the Loom.
 Exordium, ii, n. a Preface, Beginning, Entrance.
 Exōriens, ntis, arising.
 Exōrior, iris, or ēis, tus sum, iri, to spring or rise up, be born, appear, proceed, invade, assault, be refreshed. * Exoritur illi color, his Colour comes. * Ego nunc paulum exorior, I begin to be a little cheerful.
 Exormilton, i, f. and n. a Lamprey, g.
 Exornātē, adv. gorgeously.
 Exornatio, ōnis, f. an adorning.
 Exornātor, ōris, m. an Adorner.
 Exornatrix, icis, f. she that adorns.
 Exornatus, a, um, adorned.
 Exorno,

Exorno, are, to adorn, garnish, deck, trim up. * Exornare graphicè, to set forth in his Colours. * Exornare se lepidis moribus, to get a complaisant and winning Carriage or Behaviour.
 Exoro, are, to prevail by intreaty. * Exorare tristitiam alicujus, to get one to be cheerful. * Facies exorat amorem, her very Countenance makes one in love with her.
 Exors, -tis, [à fors] without Part or Share. * Exors culpæ, having no hand in a common fault.
 Exorsum, i, n. a beginning.
 Exorsus, a, um [of exordior] having begun.
 Exorsus, us, m. a beginning.
 Exortium, ii, n. [ab exors] a being without part, &c.
 Exortivus, a, um, Eastern.
 Exortus, a, um, [of exorior] risen, begun.
 Exortus, us, m. a rising up, the White growing on the Nail.
 Exos, sis, boneless.
 Exosculation, onis, f. a saluting.
 Exosculation, oris, m. a saluter.
 † Exosculation, icis, f. she that salutes.
 Exosculation, ari, to salute, embrace, reverence.
 Exosor, oris, m. a hater.
 Exostation, adv. by boning.
 Exostation, onis, f. a plucking out the Bones.
 Exostatus, a, um, boned or stoned.
 Exosso, are, to bone.
 † Exossus, a, um, boneless.
 Exostæ, arum, Balconies, g.
 Exostæ, a, f. a Petard to break open Gates, g.
 Exosus, a, um, [ab odi] hated or hating.
 Exoticus, a, um, g. foreign, outlandish.
 Exoucontii, Arian Hereticks, who taught, That the Son of God was made of no Substance.
 Expalleo, ere, and expallesco, scere, to be or grow pale.
 Expallio, are, [à pallium] to take away one's Cloak.
 Expalpation, onis, f. a getting away by Flattery.
 Expalpo, are, to get away by Flattery.
 Expampino, are, to prune a Vine.
 † Expanditor, oris, m. a spreader abroad. * Expanditor aninis, a River spreading beyond all Bounds.
 Expando, d, ns, to display, spread, open as a Flower. * Expandere dictis, to explain.
 Expango, xi, ctum, to set Bounds unto.
 Expansio, onis, f. a displaying.
 Expansum, i, n. the Firmament.
 Expansus, a, um, [of expandor] displayed, chopped.
 Expapillatus, a, um, with bare Breasts.
 Expapillo, are, to lay the Breasts bare.
 † Expatrieto, are, to batter down.
 exparte, adv. in part, partly.
 † Expartus, a, um, without part.
 Expasus, a, um, [of expandor] spread abroad, opened.
 Expatrians, ntis, running abroad.
 Expatriation, onis, f. a running abroad.
 Expatriator, oris, m. a Wanderer.
 Expatriatus, a, um, spreading abroad.

Expatrior, ari, [à spatior] to run out far, wander, spread abroad, waste, to enlarge upon a Subject.
 † Expato, are, to come into an open place.
 Expatrius, ii, one that hath been Senator.
 † Expatro, are, to spend riotously.
 Expavescio, ere, to fright one.
 Expaveo, ere, to be afraid at any thing.
 Expavescio, ere, to fear greatly.
 Expavidus, a, um, frightened.
 Expectabilis, le, to be expected.
 Expectans, ntis, expecting.
 † Expectatè, adv. expectedly.
 Expectatio, onis, f. a looking for. * Expectatio cœca, an uncertain hoping for. * In summa esse expectatione, to be greedily look'd after or watched for. * Habemus duas expectationes, we are in great care for two things.
 Expectator, oris, m. an Expecter.
 Expectatus, ior, isimus, expected, desired, welcome. * Expectati parentes, whose Deaths are wished by their Children. * Ante expectatum, sooner than was looked for.
 Expecto, are [à spectro] to expect, tarry, or look for. * De C. Gracchi Tribunatu quid expectem, what I fear may fall out from Gracchus being Tribune. * Famem expectat obambulans, he walks up and down to get him a Stomach.
 Expectoro, are, to cast out of the Breasts, to ease the mind.
 Expectoror, ari, to have his Courage or Parts taken away.
 † Expectus, a, um, tarried or looked for.
 Expeculatus, a, um, having lost all he had.
 † Expedibo for expediam.
 † Expeditum, i, n. a furtherance.
 Expedio, ire, [à pes] to deliver, disengage from, to dispatch, rid, set in readiness, relate, perform, conclude, clear. * Expedire manus, to hold up hands in sign of Consent. * Expedire pecuniam, to get a Sum ready. * Expedire uno verbo, to tell in a Word.
 Expedit, imp. it is expedient.
 † Expeditio, onis, f. a lawing of Dogs, cutting out the Balls of their Feet.
 Expeditè, ius, isimè, adv. readily, speedily.
 Expeditio, onis, f. expedition, march, dispatching.
 Expeditionalis, le, of an Expedition.
 † Expedito, are, to law Dogs.
 Expeditus, a, um, ready, in readiness. * Expeditus miles, a light-harness'd Soldier. * In expedito, readily, easily. * Expeditum erat, it was a short and ready way. * Expedita cœna, a light Supper.
 Expello, ūi, ulsum, to expel, thrust out, reject. * Animam expellere, to kill. * Expellere se è periculo, to get out of danger.
 Expendo, di, sum, to weigh, consider diligently, pay or suffer. * Hunc hominem decet aut o expendi, he is an excellent Fellow, worth his weight in Gold. * Expendere pœnas scelerum, to be punished for heinous Faults.
 † Expenno, are, to pluck off the Feathers.

Expensa, x, and expensum, i, n. Expence, Charges. * Codex accepti & expensi, a Book of Accounts. * Expensum ferre, to enter Money.
 Expenso, are, to pay one his Expenses.
 Expensus, a, um [of expendor] weighed, considered, laid out. * Expenso gradu, with a slow pace, telling his Steps.
 Expergefacio, eci, actum, to wake, raise up. * Expergefacerè aliquod malum, to rub up an old Sore.
 Expergefactus, a, um, awakened.
 Expergesco, eri, to be awakened.
 † Expergesco, are, to wake.
 Expergesco, a, um, awakening.
 Gallorum carmen expergescenti, Cock-crowing.
 Expergesco, ntis, waking.
 † Expergesco, ere, to wake.
 Expergesco, experrectus sum, sci, [ab expergo] to awaken, take courage, be lively.
 Expergitè, adv. watchfully.
 Expergitus, a, um, awakened by another.
 Expergo, si, ere [of ex and spargo] to besprinkle, flatter.
 Expergo, rrex, i, rectum, to awaken.
 Expergor, gi, to be awakened.
 Experiendus, a, um, to be tried.
 Experiens, ntis, trying, experienced.
 Experientia, x, f. Experience, Trial.
 Experientissimus, a, um, of great Experience.
 † Experimentosus, a, um, full of Experience.
 Experimentum, i, n. an Experiment, Trial.
 Experior, expertus sum, riri [à pario] to try, prove, assay. * Opera experiri, to find by the effect. * Illud experior, I find it by experience. * Ultima experiri, to stand it out to the last. * Experiri jure, to try it out by Law.
 † Experitus, a, um, unskilled.
 † Exernor, ari, to despise.
 Experrectus, a, um [of expergor] awakened, stirred up, brisk, lively.
 Experts, ntis [ab ex & pars] without any part, free from; also besprinkled. * Experts humanitatis, utterly void of Humanity. * Experts fama & fortune, that has lost his good Name and Estate.
 Experiu, a, um [of expergor] besprinkled.
 Exertor, oris, m. a Tryer. * Turbarum exertor, a maker of troubles.
 Expertus, a, um [of experior] expert, experienced, skilful. * Expertus loquor, I speak by certain Experience. * Expertus sagitta, a good Archer. * Homo expertus incultrix, a Person of approved Diligence and Activity.
 Expes [à spes] hopeless.
 Expetendus, a, um, to be desired.
 Expetens, ntis, desiring.
 † Expetibilis, le, desirable.
 Expetisco, ere [ab expeto] to long or linger after.
 Expetitor, oris, m. a desirer.
 Expetitus, a, um, greatly desired.
 Expeto, ivi, itum, to desire earnestly, seek after, fall out. * Pœnas expetere

petere ab aliquo, to wreak one's
anger. * Bono siquid malefacias,
atatem expetit, if you injure an
honest Man, he'll never forget it.
* Falso ista expetant mendacia
in tergo illius, I'll make his Back
pay for those Lies, that shall smart
for 'em. * Expetitum unguentis
radix aspalathi, the Root of Our
Lady's Rose is very good in Oint-
ments.
Expiabilis, le, which may be cleansed
by Sacrifice.
Expiamentum, i, n. a cleansing by
Sacrifice.
Expiatio, onis, f. Satisfaction, purg-
ing by Sacrifice.
Expiator, oris, m. a Satisfier, Pur-
ger.
† Expiatorium, ii, n. a Place of Ex-
piation.
Expiatus, a, um, expiated, purged.
† Expico, are, to thresh Corn.
Expictus, a, um, [of expingor]
painted out.
† Expignoro, are, to redeem from
Pawn.
Expilatio, onis, f. a pilling and poll-
ing, a Robbing.
Expilator, oris, m. a Piller, Extor-
tioner.
Expilatus, a, um, robbed, pillied.
Expilo, are, [a pilus, vel milia, com-
plano] to pill or poll, oppress by ex-
action, plunder.
† Expinctor, oris, m. a Painter.
† Expinctus, a, um, drawn out, pain-
ted.
Expingo, xi, ctum, to limn, draw
one's Picture.
Expio, are, to purge by Sacrifice,
expiate; also to punish, to satisfy
for, make reparation. * Expiare
manes mortuorum, to appease the
Ghosts of the Deceased. * Luxum
populi expiare solent bella, Wars
usually chastise People for their Lu-
xury.
Expirans, ntis, breathing out, yield-
ing up the Ghost. * Expirante li-
bertate, their Liberty being at its
last Gasp.
Expiratio, onis, f. a breathing one's
last.
Expiratur, imp. a Man dies.
Expiraturus, a, um, at Death's door.
Expiratus, us, um, a breathing out.
Expiro, are, [of ex and spiro] to
breathe out, or breathe one's last;
also to decay.
Expiscor, ari, to fish out by examin-
ing.
Expisso, are, [of ex and spisso] to
make thick.
† Explacito, are, to prevail by plead-
ing.
Explaco, are, to appease.
Explanabilis, le, which may be ex-
plained.
Explanare, ius, isime, adv. plainly,
clearly.
Explatio, onis, f. an Explaining.
Explator, oris, m. an Expounder.
Explatus, a, um, explained.
Explano, are, to explain, make
smooth. * Explanare verba, to
franchise Words distinctly.
† Explantatio, onis, f. a pulling up of
Plants.
Explantator, oris, m. a plucker up.
Explanto, are, to pluck up.
Explaudo, si, ctum, to drive away.
Explicabilis, le, which may be satis-

Explémentum, i, n. a satisfying.
Explendeo, ere, [a splendeo] to
shine out.
Explendescens, ntis, shining.
Explendesco, ere, to shine forth.
† Explenunt, for explent.
Expleo, ere, to fill up, answer fully,
satisfy, accomplish, empty and dimi-
nish. * Explere annos ducentos,
to live full two hundred Years. * Ex-
plere quatuor digitos longitudi-
ne, to be four Fingers long. * Ex-
plere animum curis, to free the
Mind from Care. * Explere morta-
litate, to dye.
Explatio, onis, f. a filling up.
Explativus, a, um, filling up.
Explatus, a, um, [of expleor] filled
up, perfected.
Explicabilis, le, which may be decla-
red.
† Explicabiliter, expressly.
Explicare, ius, isime, plainly, clear-
ly.
Explicatio, onis, f. an explaining,
unfolding.
Explicator, oris, m. an Explainer.
Explicatrix, icis, f. a she Explainer.
Explicatus, a, um, explained.
Explicatus, us, m. an opening, ex-
plaining. * Explicatus crurum, a
stretching out the Legs.
† Explicit, ended.
Explicitus, a, um, unfolded, decla-
red, easy, ended. * Explicitus vi-
debatur, it seem'd more easy.
Explico, ui, and avi, itum, and a-
tum, to unfold, display, draw up,
accomplish, disintangle, make plain
and smooth. * Explicare ensen, to
draw a Sword. * Explicare ades
umbram, the Houses cast long Sha-
dows. * Explicare iter, to perform
a Journey. * Explicare frontem
solicitam, to unbend one's Brows,
to look merrily. * Ligna explicat
natura in flammis, Wood is natu-
rally combustible.
Explodo, o, si, ctum, [of ex and
plaudo] to explode, hiss out, drive
out with clapping of Hands, disap-
prove.
Explorare, ius, isime, adv. for a
certainty.
Exploratio, onis, f. trying, search-
ing out.
Exploratio, adv. upon due search.
Explorator, oris, m. a Spy, Scout.
Exploratorum castra, Burgh upon
Sands in Cumberland.
Exploratorius, a, um, belonging to
searching.
Exploratrix, icis, f. she that search-
eth.
Exploratus, ior, isimus, certain,
sure, tried. * Exploratum habeo,
and exploratum est mihi, I am
sure of it. * Victoria explorata,
a sure Victory. * A timore explora-
tae literae, Letters that free us from
all Fear whatever.
Explo, are, to spy out, find out, be-
wail, drive out, try, assay, and dry
up.
Explosio, onis, f. a casting off.
Explosus, a, um, [of explodor]
exploded, rejected.
† Expolia, a Prey taken from an Ene-
my.
Expoliatio, onis, f. a spoiling.
Expoliatus, a, um, spoiled, rob-
bed.
Expolio, are, [of ex and spolio] to
take away from, pillage, strip one

quie. * Expoliare dignitatem
Caesaris, to take away Caesar's Di-
gnity.
Expolio, ire, to burnish or polish
neatly, to finish, bring to perfecti-
on.
Expolite, very acutely.
Expolitio, onis, f. a burnishing, neat
polishing.
Expolitor, oris, m. a polisher.
Expolitura, ae, f. a polishing.
Expolitus, a, um, ior, isimus, po-
lished, smoothed.
† Expompo, are, to disgrace.
Exponderatio, onis, f. a weighing
thoroughly.
Exponderator, oris, m. a weigher,
considerer.
Expondero, are, to weigh thorow-
ly.
Expono, o, si, ctum, to set forth,
expose, lay bare, expound and de-
clare. * Memoria exponere, to
tell by heart. * Exponere episo-
pos, to degrade them. * Exponere
vigorem, to lay aside his Vigour.
* Exponere argentum, to let out
Money to Use. * Exponere infan-
tem, to lay a Child. * Exponere
igni, to air by the Fire.
† Expopinor, oris, m. a Haunter
of Taverns.
† Expopinor, ari, to haunt Taverns.
Expopulatio, onis, f. a wasting all
about.
Expopulator, oris, m. he that lays
waste.
Expopulor, ari, to waste far and
near.
† Exporgo, for exporrigo.
Exporrectus, a, um, [of exporrigo]
stretched out, smoothed.
Exporrigo, rexi, ere, to reach out,
put off with delay. * Exporrigere
frontem, to be merry.
Exportatio, onis, f. an exporting,
conveying, transporting to Banish-
ment.
Exportator, oris, m. a Transporter.
Exportatus, a, um, exported.
Exporto, are, to export, convey
out.
Exposco, sci, ere, to request and de-
fire earnestly.
Expositè, adv. plainly, manifestly.
Expositio, onis, f. an Exposition,
Narration.
Expositus, a, um, exposed, laid
out to perish.
Expositor, oris, m. an Expounder.
Expositus, a, um, [of exponor] ex-
posed, expounded. * Puer expositus,
a Foundling. * Expositi mores,
pliable and hearty Conditions.
Expostulatio, onis, f. a requesting, a
debating of a Wrong.
Expostulator, oris, m. he that de-
bates wrong.
Expostulatorius, a, um, of debating,
expostulatory.
Expostulatrix, icis, f. she that de-
bates.
Expostulo, are, to debate about a
Wrong supposed, require earnestly.
* Expostulare aliquid, or de ali-
qua re, to complain of a thing, take
it ill at one's hands.
† Expoto, are, to drink up all.
† Expotus, a, um, drank out.
Expraecepto, by command.
Expraeprato, adv. by Appoint-
ment.
Expraeprato, adv. for what was
past.

Expresse, } adv. Expressly, Plainly.
 Expresim, }
 Expresio, ōnis, f. a Straining or
 Squeezing out.
 Expresio, are, to strain or squeeze
 out.
 Expresor, ōris, m. he that wrings
 out.
 Expresus, a, um, ior [of exprimor]
 Express, Apparent, Pourtray'd,
 drawn to the Life, Strained, Wre-
 stled, Wrung out. * Expresior lo-
 quacitas certo generi pīcarum,
 Some Chatter-Pies comes nearer our
 talking.
 Expriō, essi, effum [of ex and pre-
 mo] to express, wring or squeeze
 out, to declare, represent, draw,
 translate, force. * Expriore
 risum, to make one laugh. * Ex-
 priore effigiem ad vivum, to
 draw a Picture to the Life. * Ex-
 priore verbum verbo, de verbo
 or ē verbo, to translate Word for
 Word. Ut Græci magis expri-
 munt, as the Greeks express it
 much better.
 Exprobratio, ōnis, f. an Upbraid-
 ing. * In exprobratione esse, to
 be laid as a Reproach.
 Exprobrator, ōris, m. an Upbraider.
 Exprobratrix, icis, f. she that up-
 braids.
 Exprobro, are, [à probrum] to up-
 braid, cast in one's Teeth.
 † Exprocor, ari, to get the Love of
 one's Sweet-heart.
 Expromissor, ōris, m. a Surety.
 Expromitto, isi, isum, to pass one's
 Word for another.
 Expromo, psi, ptum, to draw out,
 utter plainly, discover, make ap-
 pear. * Quorum omnis vigilandi
 labor in antelucanis cœnis ex-
 promitur, they never sat up, but
 at Banquets that hold all Night
 long.
 Expromptus, a, um, [of Expromor]
 drawn out, uttered, ready. * Ex-
 prompta memoria, a quick Memory.
 † Expropitio, are, to purge by Sa-
 crifice, to satisfy.
 † Expudoratus, a, um, Impudent.
 Expugnabilis, le, which may be taken
 by Force.
 Expugnans, ntis, taking by Force.
 * Expugnantior herba, an Herb of
 greater Virtue.
 † Expugnatio, ōnis, f. a Taking by
 Assault.
 Expugnator, ōris, m. an Assaulter,
 Conqueror.
 Expugnatrix, icis, f. she that wins.
 Expugnatus, a, um, won by Assault.
 Expugno, are, to take by Force,
 convince. * Expugnare pudici-
 tiam, to ravish. Fortunæ pa-
 trias illius expugnavit, he violent-
 ly seized upon his Patrimony.
 Expuitio, ōnis, f. [ab expuo] a
 Spitting out.
 † Expullatio, ōnis, f. a Hatching.
 † Expullesco, ere, to begin to be a
 Chicken.
 Expullulo, are, to begin to bud.
 Expulso, are, [a pulpa] to consume,
 to pluck away the Flesh.
 Expulsatus, a, um, destroyed, ra-
 sed.
 Expulsim, adv. Pating. * Expul-
 sim ludere, to strike the Ball at
 length.

Expulsio, ōnis, f. a Thrusting out,
 Expelling.
 Expulso, are, [ab expello] to pat, or
 strike from one.
 Expulsor, ōris, m. a Thruster out.
 Expulsus, a, um, [of Expellor]
 expelled, driven out.
 † Expultor, ōris, m. he that drives
 out.
 Expultrix, icis, f. she that drives
 out.
 Expumicator, ōris, m. a Smoother.
 Expumico, are, to polish or smooth.
 Expumo, are, [à spuma] to cast out
 Foam.
 Expunctio, ōnis, a Paying off, crossing
 out.
 Expunctus, a, um, [of expungor]
 crossed out, cashiered.
 Expungo, xi, nctum, to blot, cross,
 or wipe out, to prick, compleat.
 * Expungere nomen debitoris, to
 cross the Debt. * Expungere mi-
 lites, to cashier Soldiers. * Ex-
 pungere rationes, to make even
 Accounts, put a final end to 'em.
 Expuo, ui, utum, [of ex and spuo]
 to spit out. * Expuere miseriam
 ex animo, to discharge or ease his
 Mind of grief.
 † Expurcatio, ōnis, f. a defiling.
 Expurgatio, ōnis, f. a Purging, a
 Clearing a Man's self.
 Expurgator, ōris, m. a Purger.
 Expurgatorius, a, um, Purging.
 † Expurgia, x, Wood Spurge.
 Expurgo, are, to purge out, clear
 fully. * Expurgare se, to justify
 himself.
 Expuratio, ōnis, f. a Lopping of
 Trees.
 Exputatus, a, um, Lopped, Refined.
 Exputo, are, to lop Trees, imagine.
 * Non possum exputare, I cannot
 devise.
 Expütreo, ere, to rot.
 Exputresco, ere, to grow all rotten.
 Exquastor, ōris, m. he that has
 been Quæstor.
 Exquillæ, or Esquillæ, a Hill in
 Rome which Tullus Hostilius add-
 ed to the City, and built his own
 House there.
 Exquileus, } of Exqui-
 Exquilius, a, um, } liæ.
 Exquiro, sivi, situm, [of ex and
 quæro] to search out, enquire di-
 ligently. * Exquirere ab stirpe,
 to search at the Bottom, touch the
 Foundation.
 Exquisite, ius, illimè, Exquisitely,
 Exactly, Accurately, adv.
 Exquisitum, adv. Exquisitely.
 Exquisititius, a, um, gotten by
 Art.
 Exquisitus, a, um, ior, illimus, [of
 exquiror] Exquisite, Choice, Dainty,
 procured with much Pains. * Ex-
 quilum est, 'tis known for cer-
 tain. * Exquisitor aduatio, more
 gentle Flattery.
 Exquo, adv. since which Time.
 Exradico, are, to root up.
 Exrōgo, are, to exempt from an old
 Law.
 † Exsacrifico, are, to make a great
 Sacrifice.
 Exsævio, ire, to cease Raging.
 Exsanio, and exsaturō, -as exanio,
 &c.
 Exscendo, ere, [à scando] to de-
 scend.
 Exscensio, ōnis, f. a Laming or go-
 ing Ashore.

Exscensus, ūs, m, a going down.
 Exscidio, ōnis, f. a Demolishing.
 Exscindo, ere, to cut out, to draw
 off.
 Exscribo, psi, ptum, to copy out.
 * Exscribere patrem similitudinem,
 to be very like one's Father.
 Exscriptum, i, n. a Copy, Extract.
 Exscriptus, a, um, [of exscribo]
 Copied out.
 Exsecror, ari, to curse.
 † Exseminato, by the Roots.
 † Exsensus, a, um, without Sense.
 Exsequia, arum, f. Funerals.
 † Exsequialis, le, of Funerals.
 Exsequor, qui, to follow out.
 Exsertim } see exertim, &c.
 Exsibilo }
 Exsiccō }
 † Exsico, are, to cut out.
 Exsigno, are, to seal with a Coat-
 mark.
 † Exsiliatus, a, um, Banished.
 Exsilio, ire, [à salio] to leap out.
 Exsilium, ii, a Banishment, in
 Exilium.
 † Exsinceratus, a, um, Bloodied.
 Exsisto, ere, to exist.
 Exsomnia, e, Waking.
 Exsordesco, ere, to grow very Bala.
 Exsors, expumo, extercoro, &
 exors, &c.
 Exsuccus, a, um, Juiceless, dry.
 † Exsyncerastus, a, um, without
 Marrow.
 Extia, orum, n. [ab exto, vel a
 exēcia] the Entrails of Beasts. * Ex-
 tia tritici, coarse Meat, Gurgium.
 Extabesco, ere, to pine away. * Ex-
 tabuit opinio, this Opinion was
 quite laid aside.
 † Extales, ium, the Entrails.
 Extans, ntis, Extant, Standing out.
 Extantia, x, f. a Standing out.
 † Extar, aris, ni. Money given at the
 Door for Entrance; also a Pet to
 seeth Entrails in.
 Extaris, e, of or for Entrails.
 Extaturus, a, um, about to appear.
 Extemplo, adv. forthwith, presently.
 Extemporalis, le, said or done upon
 a sudden.
 Extemporalitas, ātis, f. an Ability
 to say or do on a sudden.
 Extemporaneus, a, um, Sudden.
 Extemporarius, a, um, Extemporary.
 Extempore, adv. on the sudden,
 without any studying.
 † Extempulo, out of hand.
 Extendo, di, sum, to extend, stretch
 out, enlarge, prolong, spread, in-
 terprise, essay. * Cutim exten-
 dere, to smooth the skin, or fill up
 the Wrinkles. * Extendere vi-
 tam, to live long. * Extendere
 se supra vires, to do more than one
 is able. * Extendere omnes im-
 perii vires, to employ the whole
 force of his Kingdom. * Extendere
 iter, to travel large Day's Journey,
 to go large Stages.
 Extensio, ōnis, f. a Stretching out,
 the Convulsion.
 Extensivus, a, um, which may be
 stretched out.
 Extensus, a, um, illimus [of ex-
 tendor] stretched out.
 Extento, are, to stretch out to the ex-
 treme.
 Extentus, a, um [of extendor]
 Stretched out, Long, Shrill. * Ex-
 tentissima vallis, a very wide Val-
 ley. * Extenta itinera, great
 Journeys.

Extenuandus, a, um, to be lessened.
 Extenuatio, onis, f. a Lessening,
 Weakening.
 Extenuator, ōris, m. a Diminisher.
 Extenuatrix, icis, f. she that im-
 pairs.
 Extenuatus, a, um, Lessened.
 † Extenuissimē, very slenderly.
 Extenuo, are, [à tenuis] to lessen,
 extenuate, debate, make slender or
 thin, to chew. * Extenuare cen-
 sus, to Assess lower.
 † Extēpescō, ere, to wax warm or
 cold.
 Extēpidus, a, um, Cold or Chill.
 Exter, a, um, Strange, Foreign. See
 Exterus.
 Extercoratio, ōnis, f. a Ridding
 away of Dung.
 Extercorator, ōris, m. a Dung Far-
 mer.
 Extercōro, are [à sterco] to
 cleanse, or rid out Dung.
 Exterēbratio, ōnis, f. a Piercing
 thorough.
 Exterēbro, are, to pierce or bore
 thorough; also to screw out a Secret.
 Extergeo, } to wipe clean, to
 Extergo, si, sum, } rub Things till
 they shine.
 † Extergimentarium, ii, n. a
 Towel.
 Exterior, ius, ōris, Outermost.
 * Exterior, sis, go on the left side.
 Exterminatio, ōnis, f. a Rooting
 out.
 Exterminator, ōris, m. a Destroyer.
 Exterminatrix, icis, f. she that
 destroys.
 Exterminatus, a, um, Overthrown,
 Banished. * Exterminata respub-
 lica, a Commonwealth utterly brought
 to Ruin.
 Exterminium, ii, n. Banishment.
 Extermino, are, to drive out of the
 bounds of one's Dominion, to destroy,
 bring to Nought. * Exterminare
 morbum, to rid away a Disease.
 Externatio, ōnis, f. an Astonishment.
 Externator, ōris, m. an Astonisher.
 Externatus, a, um, Astonished,
 Frighted.
 Externo, are [of ex and sterno]
 to make one Mad or Frantick, to
 astonish, fright greatly, disinheris.
 Externo, are [ab externus] to make
 a Stranger of one.
 Externus, a, um, Outward, Foreign.
 Extero, trivi, itum, to thresh, to
 wear out by rubbing or using, thrust
 out, concoct. * Cibus exterere,
 to chew Meat. * Exterere lite-
 ram, to dash out a Letter.
 Exterrānus, a, um [à terra] Fo-
 reign, Strange, Brought out of Time.
 Exterreo, ere, to affright greatly.
 † Exterricineus, a, um, Strange,
 Foreign.
 Exterris, is, a banished Man.
 Exterritus, a, um, greatly frightened.
 Extertio, ōnis, f. a Wiping out.
 Extersorius, a, um, apt to cleanse.
 Extersus, a, um [of extergeor]
 wiped, cleansed, destroyed. * Exter-
 lum fanum aliquod relinquere,
 to pillage a Church, to carry away all
 that is in it.
 Exterus, a, um [Eξωτερος] Strange,
 Foreign.
 Exterus, i, m. [sc. homo] a Stranger.
 Extenticulo, are, to geld.
 Extellinus, i, m. a Stranger.
 Extero, ut, xtum, to unravel, di-
 vert one from his Purpose, spoil,

make Thread-bare. * Extexere
 aliquem, to put one out, to hinder
 one that is busy.
 Extillatio, ōnis, f. a drooping away.
 † Extillatus, a, um, Distilled.
 Extillo, are [of ex and stillo] to
 drop away. * Extillare lachrymis,
 to melt into Tears.
 Extimeo, } to fear great-
 Extimesco, ere, } ly.
 Extimelendus, a, um, to be great-
 ly feared.
 † Extimo, are [for existimo] to
 think.
 Estimulatio, ōnis, f. a pricking
 forward.
 Estimulātor, ōris, m. a pricker for-
 ward.
 Estimulatus, a, um, Pricked on.
 Estimulo, are [of ex and stimulo]
 to prick forward, to set or back on.
 Estimus, a, um [of exter] last of
 all.
 Extinctio, ōnis, f. a Quenching.
 * Extinctiones, Coals or Bricks
 heated and quenched.
 Extinctor, ōris, m. a Quencher, De-
 stroyer.
 Extinctus, ūs, m. a Quenching.
 Extinctus, a, um [of extinguor]
 Quenched, Dead, Abolished.
 Extinguo, xi, nctum [à stinguo
 vel tango] to extinguish, quench,
 put out, spoil, destroy, abolish,
 distinguish perfectly. * Qui ex-
 tingues artificem ab infcio, how
 will you distinguish a Workman from
 a Bungler? * Animam extinguere,
 to kill.
 Extirpatio, ōnis, f. a Rooting out.
 Extirpator, ōris, m. a Rooter out.
 Extirpo, are [à stirps] to root or
 stub up. * Extirpare humanita-
 tem ex animo, to grow Inhumane,
 turn Cannibal.
 Extispex, icis [ab extis inspici-
 endis] a Soothsayer, Divining by
 looking into the Entrails of Beasts.
 Extispicium, ii, n. a Looking into
 the Entrail of Beasts.
 Extiturus, a, um, about to Spring
 up, or to be.
 Extol, uti, itum, and -atum, [à
 sto] to be, stand above ground, be
 higher, be known. * Extant ve-
 stigia, the Marks are yet seen.
 * Extat memoria, 'tis yet remem-
 bered.
 Extollentia, æ, f. Pride, a Lifting
 up.
 Extollo, ūli, latum, to lift up on
 high, magnify, breed up, prolong,
 put off. * Extollere liberos, to
 bring up Children. * Lumbos ex-
 tollite, shew your strength.
 Extorqueo, si, tum, to wrest out,
 wrench, constrain to confess. * Er-
 rorem extorquere alicui, to make
 one see his Error, undeceive. * Ex-
 torquere articulum, to put out a
 Joint. * Citius clavam Herculi
 extorseris, you dare as well take a
 Bear by the Tooth.
 Extorqueor, eri, to be wrested.
 Extorrefacio, ere, to parch or broil.
 Extorreo, ere, to roast, parch, parch.
 Extorridus, a, um, dried, parched.
 Extorris, is, c. [à terra] an Outlaw,
 one that is banished.
 Extorsio, ōnis, f. a Wringing out.
 Extortor, ōris, m. an Extortioner,
 Creator.
 Extortus, a, um [of extorqueor]
 wrested, forced, or tormented.

Extra [Eξω] prep. without, except,
 beyond, out of, over and above.
 * Extra te nemo, none but you.
 * Extra jocum, seriously.
 Extra, adv. without, abroad, else-
 where. * Extra quam, excepting.
 Extractim, drawingly, by little and
 little, adv.
 Extractio, ōnis, a Drawing out.
 Extractorius, a, um, apt to draw out.
 Extractus, a, um [of extrahor]
 drawn out.
 † Extraeo, ire, to get out.
 Extraho, xi, ctum, to draw out, to
 solicit earnestly, to prolong, delay,
 discover, bring to light. * Extra-
 here diem, to spin out the Time.
 * Extrahere iudicium, to adjourn
 a Trial. * Extrahere se ex ne-
 gotio, to draw his Neck out of the
 Collar.
 Extramuranus, a, um, without the
 Walls.
 Extraneus, a, um, Strange, Fo-
 reign.
 Extraneus, ei, m. [sc. homo] a
 Foreigner.
 Extraordinarius, a, um, Extraordi-
 nary.
 Extraquam, adv. saving that, ex-
 cept.
 Extrarius, a, um, Foreign, Strange.
 Extrémisco, ere, to quake for Fear.
 Extrémitas, atis, f. Extremity, Edge,
 Brim, Point, End of a Thing. * Ex-
 tremitas regionis, the Frontiers or
 Marches of a Country.
 † Extrémo, are, to make Outmost.
 † Extrémo, ere, to quake for Fear.
 Extrémo, } adv. Last of all.
 Extremum, }
 Extremum, i, n. an end or top, dan-
 ger, beginning. * Ad extremum,
 at the last, or uttermost end.
 Extrémus, a, um [ab exterus] the
 last, uttermost, worst; also the
 first. * Extremit homines, the
 lowest Rank of Men. * Extrema
 metuentes, fearing Death. * In
 extremo tertio, towards the latter
 end of the third Book. * Extremum
 anni, the latter end of the Year.
 * Ad extremum, at last cast, at
 last push.
 Extricabilis, e, which one may rid
 one's self of.
 Extricatio, ōnis, f. a Deliverance,
 Escape.
 Extricatus, a Consul of Rome with
 Præfens.
 Extrico, are [à trica] to disentangle,
 rid out of a Net. Nummos unde
 unde extricare, to scrape Money to-
 gether.
 Extricor, ari, to be disentangled.
 * Ager extricatur, the Field is
 weeded.
 † Extrilidus, a, um, Pale, Blank.
 † Extringo, xi, ere, to bind.
 Extrinsecus, adv. on the outside;
 from without.
 Extrinsecus, a, um [ab extra] out-
 ward.
 Extritus, a, um [of exterior] fretted
 or rubbed out. * Ignis extritus,
 Fire struck with a Flint.
 † Extro, are, to go out.
 Extrorsum, adv. [ab extra & ver-
 sum] Outward, from without.
 Extructio, ōnis, f. a Building or
 Piling up.
 Extructor, ōris, m. a Builder up.
 Extructus, a, um [of extruor]
 Builded up.

Extrudo, si, sum, to thrust out violently, put off, sell. * Extrudere merces, to put off Wares. * Extrudere tabellarios, to hasten away the Letter Carriers.
 Extrudor, di, to be put off or out.
 Extruo, xi, ctum [of ex and struo] to build or pile up. * Extruere mensas epulis, to set Meat upon the Table. * Extruere verba in numerum, to place his Words, order them artificially.
 Extuberans, ntis, Rising up. * Extuberans gemma, a precious Stone bumping out.
 † Extuberarius, a, um, swelling with Envy.
 Extuberatio, onis, f. a Rising up or Swelling.
 Extubero, are, to swell, rise up in a Sore.
 Extuli, of effero.
 Extumeo, and esco, ere, to swell up.
 Extumidus, a, um, swelling greatly.
 † Extunc, from that Time.
 Extundo, udi, usum, to beat, forge or find out. * Labor extundit fatidia, Labour gets one a Stomach.
 * Extunderé aliquid, to get a Thing with Pain and Difficulty.
 Exuroatio, onis, f. a Cisting out.
 Exturbator, oris, m. he that casts out.
 Exturbatus, a, um, Thrust out, Routed up.
 Exturbo, are, to cast out, dispossess, disturb. * Exturbare calculos, to break the Stone in the Bladder.
 * Exturbare aliquem fortunis omnibus, to take away all one hath, leave one nothing to help one's self.
 Extusio, ire, to cough out.
 † Exuber, Weaned.
 Exuberans, ntis, Abounding.
 Exuberantia, æ, f. Abundance.
 Exuberantissimus, a, um, most plentiful.
 Exuberatio, onis, f. an Abounding.
 Exubero, are [ab uber] to abound.
 * Eares exuberat favos, fills the Combs.
 Exuccè, adv. without Juice.
 † Exucco, are, to pr. out Juice.
 Exuccus, a, um [à succus] Dry, without Sap.
 Exuctus, a, um [of exugor] Sucked out, as Dry is a heek.
 Exudatio, onis, f. a Sweating out.
 Exudatus, a, um, Sweated out.
 Exudo, are [of ex and fudo] to sweat out. * Exudare causas, to sweat at Pleading. * Exudare laborem, to Work till one sweat again.
 † Exvehio, ere, to export, carry out.
 Exvelatus, a, um, Discovered.
 Exvello, ere, to pull out.
 † Exverra, or rra, arum, a Sweeping clean with a particular kind of Broom where dead Bodies were carried forth.
 † Exverro, ri, ere, to sweep out.
 † Exverto, ti, ere, to prevent.
 † Exufflatio, onis, f. a blowing out.
 Exugo, xi, ctum, [of ex and fugo] to suck out or up. * Exugere sudorem, to wipe off the Sweat, to dry it up with a Napkin, &c.
 † Exvileico, ere, to grow Vile.
 EXUL, ūlis [à solum] a banished Man.

Exulans, ntis, Banished.
 † Exularius, a, um, of Banishment.
 † Exularitius, ii, m. a Vagabond.
 Exulceratio, onis, f. Bitterness of Mind, seeking Revenge, Soreness.
 Exulcerator, oris, m. he that raiseth a Sore.
 Exulceratorius, a, um, that will draw a Sore.
 Exulceratrix, icis, f. she that raiseth a Blain.
 Exulceratus, a, um, made Sore, Galled.
 Exulcero, are [ab ulcus] to make Sore, Fret, Exasperate.
 Exulo, are, to be banished.
 † Exulabundus, a, um, Rejoycing.
 Exultans, ntis, Rejoycing.
 Exultanter, adv. with great Joy.
 Exultantia, æ, f. a Triumphant.
 Exultatio, onis, f. Leaping for Joy.
 Exultim, adv. Skipping about.
 Exulto, are [à salto] to leap up for Joy, Boast, Bubble. * Lætitia exultare, to leap for Joy. * Audacius exultare, to Glory foolishly.
 * Exultare in aliquem, to insult over one.
 Exululatio, onis, f. a Shrieking or Howling.
 Exululatus, a, um, Howling, or filled with Howling.
 Exululo, are, to howl, or fill with Howling.
 † Exum esse, to be without.
 Exunctio, onis, f. a Besmearing.
 Exundans, ntis, Overflowing.
 Exundanter, adv. Overflowingly.
 Exundatio, onis, f. an Overflowing.
 Exundo, are, to overflow or break out.
 Exungo, xi, ctum, to spend in Ointments, besmear all over.
 Exungulo, are, to break or pare off the Horses Hoof.
 Exuo, ui, utum [Exduo] to un-cloath, put off Cloaths, spoil, deprive, lay aside, break, loose.
 * Exuere holtem castris, to beat out of the Field. * Exuere tributum, to refuse paying Tribute. * Exuere animam, to dye. * Exuere fidem, or pro missa, to be worse than one's Word. * Exuere hominem ex homine, to divest himself of all Humanity.
 † Exupera, æ, f. Strait Vervein.
 Exuperabilis, le, Surpassable.
 Exuperans, ntis, Exceeding.
 Exuperanter, adv. Exceedingly.
 Exuperantia, æ, f. an Excelling.
 Exuperantissimus, a, um, most Excellent.
 Exuperatio, onis, f. an Overcharging.
 Exuperatus, a, um, Surpassed.
 † Exuperbio, ire, to be very Insolent.
 Exupero, are [à supero] to surpass, exceed.
 † Exurcularius, ii, m. a Pruner.
 Exurculo, are [à lurculus] to prune Trees.
 † Exurdeo, ere, to grow Deaf.
 Exurdo, are [à surdus] to make Deaf, Benumb. * Exurdare palatum, to take away the Taste.
 Exurgo, ere, to rise up, incre. se.
 * Exurgere ædificiis [of a City] to have stately and lofty Buildings.
 Exurgeo, si, sum, to crush out.
 Exuro, ūi, ctum, to burn up.
 Exuscitatio, onis, f. a Raising up.
 Exuscito, are [à suscito] to raise up, awaken, hearten, encourage.

* Exuscitare, se, to bestir himself.
 † Exusitatio, out of use.
 † Exustici, orum, branded Villains.
 Exustio, onis, f. the firing of Cities, a Burning up.
 Exultor, oris, m. a Burner.
 Exustulatio, onis, f. a Scorching.
 Exustulator, oris, m. a Scorching.
 Exustulo, are, to scorch, singe.
 Exustus, a, um [of exuror] burnt up.
 Exutus, a, um [of exuor] put off, out, spoiled, deprived.
 Exuvia, arum, f. [ab exuo] Cloaths put off or stripped off. * Exuvial ferarum, the Hides of Beasts. * Exuvia serpentum, Slinks or Coats of Snakes.
 † Exuvis, is, f. a Jacket.
 Ezechiel, elis, a Jewish Poet, wrote a Tragedy of Moses.

F A

F. For felix, fuit, fit, figura, felix.
 F. festa, feria, fluvius.
 F. A. for filia.
 FABA, æ, f. [à φαγω edo, vel. Dor. Αβα pubes] a Bean; all Ballor, a white and black Bean, in Judgment for Absolution and condemnation. * Illuc in me cecidit faba, I shall suffer for that.
 * Faba jovis, fuit, fortuna lupina, Hen-bane.
 Fabaceus, a, um, of a Bean.
 Fabacia, æ, f. a Bean-Cake.
 † Fabacium, ii, n. a Bean-Stalk.
 Fabaginus, a, um, of Beans.
 Fabago, inis, f. Bean-Straw.
 Fabale, is, n. Bean-Straw.
 Fabalis, le, of a Bean. * Stipula fabalis, Bean-Balm.
 † Fabana, æ, f. Pease Pottage.
 † Fabaria, æ, f. Uprine, or Uprine long.
 Fabaria, an Island of Frisia, called also Burchana.
 Fabaris, a River of the Sabines.
 Fabarius, a, um [à faba] of Beans.
 * Fabarix Calendæ, the Calendar June, because on that Day they sacrificed to the Gods that had the care of Beans.
 † Fabarci, they that eat pease Beans.
 † Fabataria, orum, n. Dish for Beans and Pease.
 † Fabatrum, i, n. the Scarlet Grass.
 † Fabatum, i, n. Bean-Bread.
 † Fabatus, a, um, of Beans.
 † Fabea, æ, f. a little Girl beginning to speak.
 Fabella, æ, f. [à fabula] a little Story or Tale.
 Fabellarius, ii, m. a Teller of Stories.
 † Fabellatio, onis, f. a telling of Stories.
 Fabellator, oris, m. a teller of Tales.
 Fabellatrix, icis, f. a prattling Gossamer.
 Fabello, are, to tell Tales.
 Faber, a, um, Ingenious, Artificer.
 FABER, ri, m [à facio] a Workman. * Faber Ferrarius, a Smith.
 * Faber lignarius, a Carpenter.
 * Faber aurarius, a Goldsmith.
 † Fabercululus, i, m. a small Artificer.

Faberrime, adv. *very Cunningly.*
Faberrimus, a, um, *very Artificial.*
Fābētum, i, n. [a faba] a Place where Beans grow.
† Fabius, ii, m. a Boy beginning to speak.
Fabia, a Roman Woman who slew Fabius Fabricianus that she might live in Adultery with Petronius Valentinianus.
Fabianus Papyrius, a skilful Natural Philosopher; also the Nineteenth Bishop of Rome, who suffered Martyrdom A. D. 151.
Fabiola, a devout Woman of Rome.
† Fabiolum, i, n. white Poppy.
Fabius, the Name of several Roman Noble Men.
F. Maximus, a Consul with C. Julius Caesar; also a General of the Roman Army against the Carthaginians, who lost all his Men, and being mortally wounded himself, died as he was about to assault Hannibal; and another chose Dictator against Hannibal, who by his prudent delaying regained what others by their Rashness had lost.
Fabra, x, Workmanship, the Carpenters Trade.
† Fabra, fabrorum, cunning Shifts.
Fabrateria, a Town in Italy.
Fabre, adv. Artificially.
Fabrefacio, eci, ere, to work accurately.
Fabrefactus, a, um, artificially wrought.
Fabrica, x, f. [a faber] a Building, a Carpenter's Shop, cunning Device.
 * **Fabricam fingere ad aliquem**, to put a Trick upon one, to choose a Person.
Fabricatio, ōnis, f. a Framing.
Fabricator, ōris, m. a Framer, Workman, Inventer. * **Fabricator mundi**, the Creator of the World.
Fabricatura, x, f. Workmanship.
Fabricatus, a, um, Framed.
Fabricator, ōnis, m. a Surveyor.
† Fabricia, x, a Bean-Cake.
Fabricius, a thrifty Citizen of Rome, who could not be corrupted by the Samnites, although his Daughters Portions were said to be given out of the publick Treasury.
Fabricius pons, a Bridge at Rome, built by the Consul Fabricius.
Fabrico, are, to work, forge or frame. * **† Fabricor**, ari, s, frame. * **Multa fabricatur animo**, he invents many ways.
† Fabriculus, i, m. a little Workman.
† Fabricus, a, um, of a Workman.
Fabrilis, le, of a Smith or Carpenter.
Fabrilliter, adv. Workman like.
Fābūla, x, f. [a fando] a Fable, Tale, Comedy, the Matter of a Comedy, common Talk. * **Fabula**, x, f. very trifles. * **Fabula cadit**, the Play doth not take. * **Jam nos fabula sumus**, now we are the Town-talk. * **In fabulis esse**, to be commonly talked of.
Fābūla, x, f. [a faba] a little Bean.
Fābūlaris, re, of a Fable or Fiction.
 * **Historia fabularis**, a Romance.
† Fābūlarius, ii, m. a Tale-bearer.
Fābulator, ōris, m. a Teller of Tales.
Fābuli, le, of a Bean. * **Fabules abx**, Bean-Stalks.

Fābūlinus, a God supposed to look to Children when they begin to speak.
Fābūlor, ari [a fabula] to prate, discourse.
Fābūlo, ōnis, m. a Prater, Buffoon.
† Fabulonia, x, f. Hen-bane.
Fābūlosē, adv. Fictitiously.
Fābūlositas, ātis, f. Feignedness.
Fābūlosus, a, um, Fabulous, Fictitious, much talked of.
Fābūlum, i, n. Bean Chaff. * **Fabulum marinum**, Sea-Poppy.
Fābūlus, li, m. [a faba] a little Bean.
Face for Fac.
† Fācelare, is, a kind of Pulse, Lentil.
† Fācella, x, f. a little Torch.
Fācessitor, ōris, m. a Dispatcher.
Fācessitus, a, um, dispatched, troubled.
Fācesso, ivi, sum and situm [a facio] to dispatch, accomplish, dismiss. * **Facessere negotium alicui**, to find one Business enough. * **Facessere periculum**, to bring one into Danger. * **Hæc hinc facessat**, let her be gone.
Faceffor, ōis, to be troubled.
† Fāceta, x, f. a Fable, Comedy.
Fācētē, adv. wittily, pleasantly.
Fācētia, x, f. Raillery, Pleasant.
Fācētia, arum, s, ness.
Facetior, ari, Sid. to be pleasant, to jest, droll.
Fācētissimē, adv. very pleasantly.
† Fācētōsus, a, um, full of pleasant Conceits.
Fācētus, and **fācētissimus**, a, um, [a facio vel a fando] Witty, Pleasant.
† Facialis, a Handkerchief.
Fāciendus, a, um, to be done.
Fāciens, ntis, Doing.
FACIES, ei, f. [a facio, vel a φῶς luceo] the face, sight, symmetry. * **Urbis facies**, the Guise of the City. * **De facie nosse**, to know by sight only. * **Perfricuit faciem**, he's Impudent. * **Facie tenus**, in outward shew. * **Vertere se in omnes facies**, to use all Means possible.
Facile, ius, illimē, Easily. * **Facile princeps**, extremely the best. * **Facillime se agere**, to be at Heart's ease, to have wherewithal to live.
Fācilis, ior, illimus [a facio] Feasible, Easy, Favourable, Propitious, Easy to be entreated, Light. * **Faciles oculi**, rowing Eyes. * **Lutum facile**, pliant Clay. * **Ex facili**, with a wet Finger.
Fācilitas, ātis, f. Easiness, Gentleness, Pliableness, a Habit.
† Facillatio, ōnis, f. a Strangling.
† Facillator, ōris, m. a Strangler.
† Facillo, are, to strangle.
Fācinorōsē, adv. Wickedly, Hainously.
Fācinorōsus, a, um, Hainous.
Fācinus, ōris, n. [a facio] an Act, Exploit; also a hainous Crime.
FACIO, eci, actum [Heb. Gnafab, פָּעַל, vel a φῶς luceo] to do, make, prize, sacrifice, suffer, account, raise, keep, shew, gather, practice, spread. * **Facere verba**, to discourse. * **Facere certiorē**, to acquaint. * **Facere jacturam**, to loose. * **Facere agre alicui**, to do one a shrewd Turn. * **Facere copiam & potestatem**,
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to impart and pleasure one. † **Facere fidem**, to assure. * **Facere gratiam delicti**, to pardon. * **Naufragium facere**, to be cast away. * **Facere nomina**, to assign over Debts. * **Facere ova**, to lay Eggs. * **Facere periculum**, to try. * **Facere quantum**, to gain. * **Facere rem**, to improve. * **Facere vadium**, to enter a Recognizance. * **Facere vela**, to sail. * **Facere vitium**, to decay. * **Facit ad viperæ morsum**, 'tis good against the Sting of an Adder. * **Ille facit mecum**, he is on my side. * **Facere sibi morem**, to bring himself into a Custom. * **Facere vestigium in possessionem**, to seize upon an Inheritance, take Possession of it. * **Facere nomina cum venis**, to cast up what his Vineyard brings him in. * **Facere paria**, to equal, requite. * **Non faciam ut**, I won't undertake it. * **Facere testudinem**, to creep like a Tortoise, as the Roman Infantry did when they made an Assault, every one being covered with his Buckler, which represented the manner of a Tortoise.
† Facitergium, ii, n. a Handkerchief.
† Facitur for Fit.
Factio, ōnis, f. a making; Faction, Party, Riches, Authority, a Troop, Band, playing at Tennis. * **Factio testamenti**, the Privilege of making a Will.
Factiosē, adv. Factiously.
Factiosus and **Factiosissimus**, a, um, Factious, leading a Party; also Rich.
Factitatio, ōnis, f. a using to do.
Factitator, ōris, m. he that useth to do.
Factitatrix, icis, f. she that practises.
Factitius, a, um, made by Art.
Factio, are, to practise, do usually. * **Factitare coactiones**, to be Collector or Receiver of Rents or Taxes.
Factitor, ari, to be practised.
† Facto, are, to make.
Factor, ōris, m. a Doer, Maker, Worker.
Factum, i, n. a Deed. * **Bonum factum** (a Form of Speech before an Editi) may it succeed.
Factura, x, f. a Making, Framing.
† Facturio, ire, to be forward to do.
Facturus, a, um, ready to do.
Factus, a, um, [of fio] done, made. * **Factum tibi rem itatum putasti**, you were Cock-sure. * **Bene factum Argentum**, well-wrought Plate. * **Ad jocum factus**, a merry Grig, a Droll.
Factus, ōis, m. a Making at once. * **Olei factus**, one whole Press of Oyl.
† Facul, for Facile, Easily.
Fācula, x, f. [a fax] a little Torch or Brand.
† Fāculā, arum, a Constellation.
Fāculārius, ii, m. a Torch-Bearer.
† Fāculentē, adv. Glisteningly.
† Fāculentia, x, f. a Glistening.
† Fāculentus, a, um, Glistening.
† Fāculo, are, to make Torches.
Fācultas, ātis, f. [a facul] a Faculty, Ability, Power, Readiness, Opportunity, Vertue or Force. * **Facultates**, Wealth. * **Nummorum facultas**, a good deal or a Bank of Money.

Money. * *Quorum erit facultas,*
such as we can get.
Facundē, adv. Eloquently.
Facundia, æ, f. Eloquence.
† *Facundio, are, to make Eloquent.*
† *Facundiosus, a, um, full of Elo-*
quence.
Facunditas, ātis, f. Eloquence.
Facundo, are, to make Eloquent.
Facundus, a, um, ior, silimus [à
fando] Eloquence, speaking with a
good Grace.
Facundus, a Roman Consul, Col-
league with Nepotianus.
† *Fadelsium, or Faderium, ii, n.*
hotch potch.
Facatus, a, um, Refined, Racked.
Facēs, um, f. [à fax] the Colour
with which Actors painted them-
selves before the Use of Vizards.
Facinus, a, um, yielding Store of
Lees.
Facosus, a, um, full of Dregs.
Facula, æ, f. [à fax] small Dregs
of Lees, Wine sodden to a thick Sub-
stance; also Lye-ashes made of Wine
Dregs to yellow the Hair.
Faculentē, adv. dreggily.
Faculentia, æ, f. Dregginess, Filthi-
ness.
Faculentus, a, um, full of Dregs,
Drossy.
Faculines, a, um, upon the Lees.
Fædus, a, um, Filthy. See Fædus.
Fæsulæ, a City of Hetruria near
Florence.
FÆX, æcis, f. [à φαῖς crassus vel
φαῖς, coagulation] Dreggs, Lees,
*Grounds, Dross. * Fæx civitatis,*
the Scum of the People.
† *Faginæum, i, n. a Grove of*
Beeches.
Fagineus, } Beechen, of Beech.
Faginus, }
Fageus, a, um, }
† *Fagopyrum, Buck-Wheat, Beech-*
Corn.
† *Fagoria, æ, f. a Woman-Cook.*
FAGUS, i, f. [φῆγος] a Beech.
Fagutal, a, Chapel consecrated to
Jupiter in Rome, wherein there
was a Beech.
Fagutalis, e, of a Beech.
† *Faida, a deadly Fend, a Prosecution*
to Death.
FALA, æ, f. [à φαλαί montes] a
*Turret of Wood. * Falæ, Galleries,*
Scaffolds.
Fala, the River Vale in Corn-
wall.
Falacrium, a Promontory of Sicily
called Rafocolmo.
† *Falanga, æ, f. a Club with an Iron*
end.
† *Falangarius, ii, m. a Porter.*
Falarica, æ, f. a Spear stuck with
wild Fire shot from an Engine to
set Fire on a Place, g.
Falaricus, a, um, of such a Spear.
Falcarius, a, um, [à falk] having a
Sythe, Sickle, or Welsh-hook.
Falcarius, ii, m. a Maker of Sythes,
a Mower.
† *Falcaster, and -trum, i, n. an*
Iron Hook with a long handle.
† *Falcatio, ōnis, f. a Mowing.*
Falcator, ōris, m. he that cuts with
a Bill.
*Falcatus, a, um, Hooked. * Fal-*
catus enis, a Falcion, Scyme-
*tar, or Hanger. * Falcati cur-*
rus, Chariots of Iron armed with
Spyes.
Falcifer, a, um, bearing a Sythe.

† *Falciger, a, um, the same.*
† *Falcilla, -lus, i, m. a pruning or*
grafting-knife.
† *Falcito, and falco, are, to mow,*
reap, lop, cut off.
Falco, ōnis, m. [à falk] a Falcon,
Hawk, or Capon.
Falcones, such as have crooked Toes.
† *Falcor, ari, to be mowed or cut.*
Falcula, æ, f. a little Sickle or Hook;
also a Talon, and a Bank Marti-
net.
Falcunculus, i, m. [à falco] a Lu-
navet.
Falensis portus, Falmouth in Corn-
wall.
† *Faleræ, arum, Horse-trappings.*
† *Falère, is, n. a Pile or Buttress.*
Falerii, a Town in Tuscany.
Falerina, a Roman Tribe.
Falernum vinum, Sack, Musca-
dine.
Falernus, a Mountain and Country of
Campania, very fruitful, and bear-
ing excellent Wine.
Fallica, æ, f. [à falisci] a Crib or Rack
for Beasts.
Falisci, a People of Hetruria, when
Camillus besieged them, a School-
master offered to betray unto him
such Noblemen's Children as were
in his Care; Camillus caused him to
be stripped naked, and whipped by
his Scholars back again, which Piece
of Justice caused them to yield the
City to him.
Faliscus, a, um, of the Falisci.
Faliscus, ci, m. a Hogs-pudding.
Faliscus venter, a Haggise, or Hogs-
hasket.
Fallacia, æ, f. Deceitfulness, a Cheat,
*Trick. * Homo sine fūco & falla-*
ciis, a down right honest Man.
† *Fallaciloquentia, æ, f. deceitful*
speaking.
† *Fallaciosus, a, um, deceitful.*
Fallaciter, adv. deceitfully.
Fallax, æcis [à falso] deceitful,
false.
Fallendus, a, um, to be deceived.
*Fallens, ntis, deceiving. * Fallens*
*vestigium, a false Step. * Fallens*
semita vitæ, an obscure Life.
** Fallens clivus, a steep Hillock,*
seeming otherwise.
† *Fallibilis, le, deceivable.*
FALLO, fefelli, fallum [ΣΦΑΛΛΩ]
*to deceive, beguile, fail. * Fal-*
lere tempus, to pass the Time.
** Fallit me, I am ignorant. * Fal-*
lere dextram, Virg. promissum,
Quint. Curt. to break one's Word.
** Qui per biennium fefellerat,*
that continued two Years unknown,
*that lay in Obscurity, &c. * Ut*
visum fallat, that they cannot be
*perceived. * Fallere faciem ali-*
cujus, to counterfeit, or go for any
*one. * Fallere mandata, not to do*
what one's bid.
† *Fallonia, æ, Felony.*
Fallor, li, to be deceived.
Falsarius, ii, m. a Forger, Falsifier.
Falsē, adv. falsely.
Falsidicus, ci, m. prophesying falsely.
Falsificatio, ōnis, f. a falsifying.
Falsificator, ōris, m. a Falsifier.
Falsificatus, a, um, falsified.
Falsifico, are, to falsify.
Falsificus, a, um, acting falsely.
Falsiurius, a, um, swearing falsely.
Falsiloquentia, æ, f. a speaking
falsly.
Falsiloquus, a, um, speaking falsly.

† *Falsimonia, and -ium, ii, n. Falsi-*
hood.
Falsiparens, ntis, m. having a wrong
Father.
Falsitas, ātis, f. Deceit.
Falsito, are, to use to deceive.
Falso, are, to forge, falsify.
Falso, adv. falsly, wrongfully.
*Falsum, i, n. a Falsity, Lye. * In*
falsum, beside the Mark, without do-
ing Execution.
Fallus, a, um [of fallor] deceived,
*false, counterfeit, mistaken. * Ea*
res me falsum habuit, that thing
fell out contrary to my Expectation.
** Falsus animi, deceived.*
FALX, cis, f. [ab Heb. Palach
dissecuit] a Sythe, Sickle, or prun-
ing-hook, a Cramp-iron, a Bill.
FAMA, æ, f. [Φῆμα] Fame, Report,
*Renown. * Ut fama est, as the*
*Report goes. * Dare famæ, to spread*
*abroad, noise about. * Intra fa-*
mam esse, to be in disrepute.
Famagusta, a City of Cyprus.
† *Famelia, æ, f. a Family.*
Famēlicē, adv. hungrily.
Famēlicus, a, um [à famēs] hunger-
starved.
† *Famella, æ, f. a small Report.*
† *Famellus, i, m. a little Servant.*
† *Fāmen, inis, n. the Speech.*
† *Fāmeo, ere, to be hungry.*
FAMES, is, f. [Πείνα, vel à φα-
edo] Hunger, Famine, Faling.
** Auri sacra fames, the unsatis-*
fied Desire of Gold.
Fāmesco, ere, to grow hungry.
† *Fāmicida, æ, m. a Slanderer.*
† *Fāmicus, ci, m. a Place where Vi-*
ctuals are sold.
Fāmiger, a, um, carrying News.
Fāmigerābilis, le, renowned.
Fāmigerātia, ōnis, f. a carrying of
Tales.
Fāmigerātor, ōris, m. a News-
monger.
Fāmigerātrix, icis, f. she that car-
ries News.
Fāmigerātus, a, um, renowned.
Fāmigero, are, to forge or carry
about News.
† *Fāmigerūlus, i, m. a little News-*
monger.
Fāmiliz, æ, f. [à famulus] a Fa-
mily, Stock, Suit, the Servants of a
House, a Household, a Sect of Philoso-
*phers. * Decem dierum vix mi-*
hi erit familia, all my Goods will
*scarce serve ten Days. * Cordium*
est familia dominatrix, Hearts
are Trump.
† *Fāmiliāresco, ere, to grow fami-*
liar.
† *Fāmiliaricus, a, um, of a Family.*
** Sellæ familiaricæ, Bo-gards.*
Fāmiliaris, re, familiar, of the same
*Family, common. * Res famili-*
*aris, one's private Estate. * Homo*
familiarissimus mihi, a Man most
*intimate with me. * Sella famili-*
*aris, a Close-stool. * Familiaris*
Italix arbor, a Tree growing every
where in Italy.
Fāmiliāris, ris, m. a familiar Friend,
an Acquaintance.
Fāmiliāritas, ātis, f. Familiarity,
Acquaintance.
Fāmiliāriter, ius, iusimē, adv. fa-
*miliarly, without Ceremony. * Fa-*
miliāriter ferre mortem alicujus,
to lament one's Death bitterly.
† *Fāmiliarium, ii, n. that which is*
fit for a Servant.
† *Fami-*

† Familias, for familiæ.
 † Famose, adv. famously.
 † Famositas, atis, f. Renown or Infamy.
 Famosus, ior, illimus, famous, infamous, much spoken of. * Libelli famosi, Libels. * Digitus famosus, the middle finger.
 † Famul, for famulus, a Man-servant.
 Famula, æ, f. a Woman-servant.
 † Famulamen, inis, n. a Family.
 Famulans, ntis, serving. * Famulante fortuna, Fortune befriending one.
 Famulanter, adv. as a Servant.
 † Famulantissimus, a, um, very obedient.
 Famularè, adv. Servant-like.
 Famularis, re, of or like a Servant.
 Famulatio, onis, f. a serving or tending.
 Famulātor, ōris, m. an Attendant.
 Famulātrix, icis, f. a Woman-servant.
 Famulātus, ūs, m. a Retinue.
 † Famulitas, atis, f. an Attendant.
 Famulitium, ii, n. a Company of Servants.
 † Famulo, are, to be Servant.
 Famulor, ari, to serve.
 Famulus, i, m [ab Osco famul] a Servant. * Famulus sacrorum, a Curate or Parish Clerk.
 Fānulus, a, um, subject.
 Fana, a noble Virgin of France, who being compell'd by Heraclius to marry, wept her Eyes out.
 Fānaticè, adv. madly.
 Fānaticus, a, um, enthusiastic, giddy-brain'd.
 Fandi, [of faris] of speaking. * Fandi doctissimus, well spoken, eloquent.
 Fando, by Report.
 Fandus, a, um, to be spoken, lawful.
 Fanenses, the Inhabitants of Fanestres, nuni.
 Faneus, a River near Beneventum.
 Fannia lex, a Law among the Romans, which appointed Money for setting out of Plays.
 Fannii, two Orators.
 Fannius, the Name of a Poet, not very good, yet his Poems were brought into the Temple of Apollo and the Muses.
 Fannius Cepio, being taken in a Conspiracy against Augustus, killed himself.
 † Fanon, or fenon, a Flag.
 Fans, ntis, speaking.
 FANUM, i, n. [à fando, fanno, vel φαῖνός, conspicuus] a Temple.
 Fanum, a City of Umbria on the Adriatic Shore.
 Fanum Martis, a Town in Luxemburg, called Marche en Famine.
 Fanum Neoti, St. Neots in Huntingdonshire.
 Fanum Reguli, St. Andrew's.
 Fanum Vacunæ, the Town Vacone among the Sabines.
 Fanus, a God of the Phœnicians, expressed by a Serpent with his Tail in his Mouth, to denote the Course of the Year.
 FAR, rris, n. [Heb. bar] Bread-corn.
 Faramundus, the first King of the Franks, A. D. 421.

Farcimen, inis, n. [à farcio] a Pudding, Sausage.
 Farcimentum, i, n. a stuffing.
 Farciminosus, a, um, having the Farcies.
 † Farcino, are, to stuff.
 FARCIO, si, ctum, and tum, [à φαῖσσω, constipo] to stuff or cram, make fat. * Farcire pannum in os, to thrust a linnen Tent into the Mouth.
 Farcior, iri, to be stuffed.
 Farcitus, a, um, stuffed.
 Farctor, farctum, farctus, for farctor, &c.
 † Farfara, æ, f. the Herb Colts-foot.
 † Farfaria, æ, f. Betony.
 Farfarum, i, n. [à farfarus] the white Poplar-tree.
 Farfarus, a River of the Sabines.
 Farfugium, ii, n. white Poplar.
 Fārina, æ, f. [à far] Meal. * Farina venter, coarse Meal, Gurgions. * Cornus cervi farina, Powder of Harts-horn. * Eiusdem farina homines, Men of the same Quality.
 † Fārinaceus, a, um, of Meal.
 † Fārinaria, æ, f. a Mill.
 † Fārinarium, ii, n. a Meal-chamber.
 Fārinarius, a, um, of Meal.
 Farinarius, ii, m. a Meal-man.
 † Fārinosus, a, um, full of Meal.
 † Fārinula, æ, f. fine Flower.
 Fārinulentus, a, um, full of Meal or Flower.
 Fārio, ōnis, m. [à varius] a Trout.
 † Fariolus, i, m. a Prophet.
 FĀRIS, fatus sum, fari, [φᾶω] to speak.
 Farnus, i, f. [φῆνις] a Fir-tree.
 Farnus, a King of the Medes.
 Farracea, the Ceremonies of Marriage at Rome.
 Farraceum, ei, n. Frumenty.
 Farrāceus, a, um, of Wheat.
 Farrāginaria, orum, a Hodg-podg.
 Farrāgo, inis, f. [à far] Mastin, Hodg-podg, Fodder, mixt Provender of Oats and Beans.
 † Farranum, i, n. a kind of Herb.
 † Farrārius, a, um, bearing Corn.
 Farrātum, i, n. Frumenty, or other Food made of Corn.
 Farreatio, ōnis, f. an eating of the Bride-Cake.
 Farreātor, ōris, m. he that joins in Marriage.
 Farreātus, a, um, married.
 Farreo, are, to celebrate Marriage.
 Farreum, ei, n. a Barn, or Bag-pudding.
 Farreus, a, um, of Wheat. * Farrea nubes, Dandruff.
 † Farricūlum, i, n. a lump of Leaven.
 † Farrināceus, a, um, of Meal.
 † Farrinārium, a Meal-chamber.
 † Farrinarius, ii, m. a Bolter, Sister, Meal-man.
 † Farrinus, a, um, of Wheat.
 † Farfa, or -sum, i, n. a Pudding.
 † Farsura, æ, f. a stuffing, cramming.
 † Farticūla, æ, f. a little Pudding.
 Fartilia, orum, Balls to cram Poultry.
 Fartilis, le, stuffed, crammed.
 Fartim, adv. by cramming, in a Heap.
 Fartor, ōris, m. a Maker of Puddings or Sausages; also a Crammer.
 Fartum, i, n. a Pudding, or other Stuffing. * Veltis fartum, the Body.

Fartura, æ, f. a stuffing or cramming; also the filling of Walls up with Rubbish.
 Fartus, ūs, m. a cramming, filling.
 Fartus, a, um, [of farcior] stuffed, crammed.
 † Farus, i, a Watch-tower, or Beacon.
 FAS, n. indecl. [à fando] lawful, right. * Exuere fas, not at all to regard Justice or Equity.
 Fas, the ancient Name of the Goddess Justitia.
 Fascēlis, a surname of Diana.
 Fascellina, a Town of Sicily.
 FASCIA, æ, f. [φαῖα, vel à fascis] a Swathe, a Shalh, Turbant, Diadem, Fases, as some call them, as others, Fillets, Bands in an Architecture, a Cloud stretch'd out like a Swathe, Juv. * Fasciæ, the Zones. * Fascia lecti, the Covering of a Bed. * Fascia crinalis, a Hair-lace. * Fascia pectoralis, a Stomacher, or Bib, also a Garter, long kind of Worm.
 † Fasciāle, is, n. a Swathing-band.
 Fasciātim [à fascis] bundle-wise.
 Fasciātor, ōris, m. a Swadler.
 Fasciatrix, icis, f. she that swadles.
 Fasciātus, a, um, swadled.
 Fasciculāris, re, of a Bundle.
 † Fasciculāria, ium, n. Burdens, Bundles, Forage.
 Fasciculus, i, m. [à fascis] a little Bundle, a Gripe, Handful, Nosegay. * Fasciculus foliorum, a Pack of Cards.
 Fastinamentum, i, n. a bewitching.
 Fascinans, ntis, bewitching.
 Fascinatio, ōnis, f. an enchanting.
 Fascinātor, ōris, m. an Enchanter.
 Fascinatrix, icis, f. a Witch.
 Fascino, are, [βασκαίνω] to bewitch, enchant.
 Fascinor, ari, to be bewitched.
 Fascinum, i, n. an Enchantment, Bewitching.
 Fascinus, the Name of a God among the Ancients driving away Witchcraft.
 Fascio, are, to swadle or bind up.
 Fasciola, æ, f. a little Swathe, a Garter, and a Garland.
 † Fasciōlus, a, um, of a Swathe or Garland.
 Fascior, ari, to be swadled or bound up.
 FASCIS, is, f. [σφαῖμα, vel ab Heb. kephath, ligavit] a Faggot, a Bundle of any thing, a Bundle of Rods carried before the Roman Magistrates; also the Office and Dignity it self. * Submittere fasces, to hold a Mace downward, to veil the Bonnet.
 Faselus, or faseolus, i, a French Bean.
 Falsurus, a, um, about to confess.
 Passus, a, um, [of fateor] having confessed.
 Fasti, orum, m. a Roman Calendar, in which their Feasts, Ceremonies, Names of the Magistrates, and Working-days were set down. * Fastorum libri, the Roman Calendar, one of Ovid's Works. See Fastus.
 Fastidientis esse stomachi, to be squeamish.
 Fastidienter, adv. disdainfully.
 † Fastidiliter, the same. Fastidio,

Fastidio, ire, to despise, disdain, loath. * **Fastidit mei**, Plaut. he sets nought by me.
Fastidior, iri, to be loathed, &c.
Fastidiosè, ins, islimè, disdainfully, squeamishly.
Fastidiosus, a, um, ior, islimus, disdainful, squeamish. * **Fastidiosus literarum Latinarum**, loathing Latin, having no mind at all to r.
 * **Viri non fastiditi**, Men of good Esteem.
Fastiditor, òris, m. a Disdainer, Scornor.
Fastiditus, a, um, scorned, despised.
Fastidium, ii, n. [à fastus] Loathing, Disdain, Dislike, Squeamishness.
 † **Fastigator**, òris, m. he that makes the end of a thing sharp.
Fastigatus, a, um, pointed.
Fastigatè, adv. Spire-wise.
Fastigatio, ònis, f. a making pointed.
Fastigator, òris, m. he that makes pointed.
Fastigatus, a, um, pointed. * **Fastigatissimus**, very proud.
Fastigio, are, to point or fashion with a Spire.
Fastigium, ii, n. [à fastus] the Top or Spire of a Building, a Pinnacle, the Depth, State, Dignity, the Accent over Letters, a Vane. * **Humanum fastigium excedere**, to be above the pitch of humane Condition.
 * **Fastigium componere**, to complete. * **Fastigium tenere inter homines**, to be of a good Rank, or a Person of Quality. * **Fastigia rerum**, the principal points. * **Fortitan & scrobibus quæ sint fastigia quæras**, perhaps you demand of me how deep the Ditches must be. * **Tria sunt agrorum fastigia, campestre, collinum & montanum**, there are three sorts of Fields, the plain, hilly, and mountainous.
 † **Fastigo**, are, to point the Top.
Fastosè, adv. disdainfully.
Fastosus, a, um, proud, surly, stately.
Fastosè, adv. scornfully.
Fastositas, atis, f. disdainfulness.
Fastosus, a, um, disdainful.
FASTUS, us, m. [à fari, vel à φάω, appareo] Haughtiness, Surliness, State, Pride.
Fastus, uum, Chronicles.
FASTUS, a, um, [antiq. φάος, vel à fas vel fari] lawful, lucky.
 * **Fasti dies**, Pleading-days, Term-time.
Fatālis, le, [à fatum] according to the Laws of Fate, fatal, deadly; (this Word is taken either in a good or bad Sense).
Fatāliter, adv. fatally, by necessity.
 † **Fatatum**, for fatale, fatal.
Fatendus, a, um, to be confessed.
FATEOR, sus sum, eri, [à φάω, dico] to confess, affirm. * **De se fateri**, to confess ingenuously.
Faticinus, a, um, [à fatum & cā] foretelling future Events.
Faticinus, no] foretelling future Events.
Fatidicus, a, um, telling Fortunes.
Fatiter, a, um, deadly.
Fatigatio, ònis, f. a wearying. * **Fatigatio agrorum**, the impoverishing a piece of Ground.
Fatigator, òris, m. a Wearer.
Fatigatrix, icis, f. she that wears.
Fatigatus, a, um, wearied, tired.

FATIGO, are, [q. fatim ago] to weary, tire, importune, wear out, whet. * **Fatigare regni vires**, to impoverish a Kingdom. * **Fatigare vinculis & carcere**, to stop by Chains and Imprisonment. * **Fatigare tergum**, to belabour one. * **Fatigare**, for fatigari, to be wearied.
Fatiloquus, a, um, foretelling Destiny.
 † **Fatim**, abundantly.
 † **Fatio**, ònis, f. a quenched Fire-brand.
Fatilo, ere [q. fatim hisco] to fail, rive with Chinks, gape, be weary.
 † **Fato**, are, to destinate.
 † **Fator**, ari, to speak much.
Fatua, as ferra, or fauna.
Fatuè, adv. foolishly.
Fatuesis, as faunus.
Fatuitas, atis, f. Foolishness, Impertinence.
FATUM, i, n. [à fando] Fate, Destiny, an Oracle, Death, Nature, Providence; also Life. * **Præcipere fata veneno**, to prevent a natural Death by Poison.
 † **Fatuo**, are, to make or grow foolish.
 † **Fatuor**, ari, to be in an Ecstasy, or out of one's Wits.
Fatuor, ari, to play the Fool.
Fatus, a, um, [of fari] having spoken.
FATUUS, a, um [Heb. pethi] foolish, unsavoury.
 † **Favator**, oris, a Fisher.
Faucia, one of the Tribes of Rome.
 † **Fauciosus**, a, um, consenting in ill.
Faucula Clunia, a Harlot that relieved the Captives taken by Annibal at Capua.
Fauces, ium, f. the upper part of the Throat, Jaws, Cheeks, a Channel, the Mouth of a River, narrow Passage. * **Fauces fati**, the Jaws of Death. See Faux.
Favens, ntis, favouring.
 † **Faventia**, æ, f. a favouring.
Faventia, a City in Italy called Faenza; also a Town in Spain.
FAVEO, avi, autum [à φάω, dico, luceo] to favour, take one's part. * **Favere linguis**, to speak nothing but good Words. * **Creditur favere formæ**, 'tis thought to preserve Beauty.
Faveria, a City of Istria.
Favetur [ab illis] Men favour.
Faviani, young Men, who by the Appointment of Romulus and Remus, ran about naked at the Feast of Faunus.
Favilla, æ, f. [à faveo vel à φάω, splendo] Embers, white Ashes, or Embers.
Favillaceus, a, um, of Embers or Ashes.
 † **Favillus**, i, a pair of Snuffers.
Favissæ, Cellars in the Capitol, where they kept their Standards for War, and the Money which the Priests employed about Ceremonies.
 † **Favissor**, òris, m. a Favourer.
Favitor, òris, m. [à faveo] a Favourer.
Faula, Hercules's Harlot.
Fauna, or Fatua, a Goddess to whom the Roman Matrons sacrificed by night. It was death for a Man to look into the Temple, because in her life-time she always kept herself in her Chamber, and never saw any Man but her Husband.

Faunalia, Feasts in the Honour of Faunus, or the Nones of December.
Fauni, orum, Gods of the Woods and Fields, called also Satyrs.
 † **Faunicus**, a, um, wild, rude.
Faunus, the Son of Picus, and Father of Latinus, the third King of the Aborigines, and the Father of the other Fauni.
 † **Favoniālis**, le, of the West-wind.
Favonia pyra, Katherine pears.
Favōnius, ii, m. [à faveo] the West-wind.
 † **Favōnius**, a, um, of the West-wind.
Favor, òris, m. Favour, Good-will.
Favor, or favo, an Actor at Rome who at Vespasian's Death imitated his Manners whilst alive.
Favōrabilis, le, favoured or favouring.
Favōrabiliter, favourably.
Favorinus, a Philosopher and Scholar of Dion, an Eunuch, Enemy to Adrian, who said, That in himself were three Miracles; that being a Frenchman, he spoke Greek; that being an Eunuch, he was thought to be an Adulterer; and that being an Enemy to the Emperor, he was alive.
 † **Favorosus**, a, um, full of Favour.
Fausta, the Wife of Constantine, slain by him.
Faustè, adv. luckily, happily.
Faustianum vinum, Wine growing in the midst of the Hill Falerus.
Faustinopolis, a City of Cappadocia.
Faustinus, the Name of two Roman Consuls.
Faustitas, atis, f. good Luck, Happiness.
Faustulus, a Shepherd who found Romulus and Remus exposed by Tybur, and brought them to his Wife Laurentia to bring up.
FAUSTUS, a, um, [à φάω, luceo] fortunate, lucky.
Faustus, a Surname of many Romans.
Faustus Afer, a Manichean Heretic, who wrote against the Orthodox Faith, and was answered by Austin.
Faustus Quintilianus, a Senator in the Time of Julian.
Faustus Sylla, the Colleague of Sylvius Otho.
 † **Fautidius**, ii, m. whose Sayings are favoured.
 † **Fautio**, ònis, f. and faucio, favouring.
Fautor, òris, m. a Favourer, Maintainer, Abettor.
 † **Fautorius**, a, um, favourable.
Fautrix, icis, f. she that favours.
Fauturus, a, um [of faveo] ready to favour.
 † **Fāvulus**, i, m. a little Honey-comb.
Fāvus, i, m. [à faveo, vel ab ὄψος opus textum] a Honey-comb; also a six-corner'd Tile, and an Ulcer.
FAUX, cis, f. [à fari & vox] the Chaps, the Straights of Mountains.
 * **Bolum è faucibus eripere**, to rescue any thing out of great Danger.
FAX, acis, f. [à φάω, luceo] a Fire-brand, Torch, Eggot, Star, Marriage; also an Incendiary, Ring-leader. * **Addere faces alicui**, to encourage.
Faxim, is, it, int, for feterini, &c.
 Faxo,

Faxo, for faciam or fecero, I shall effect.
 † Faxo, are, to view the Watch.

F E

F E. for Factum est, fundaverunt, fortem or familiæ.
 F E. for filius ejus, or factum est.
 F E A. for Fœmina.
 F E R. for Februarius.
 Febricitans, ntis, sick of a Fever.
 Febricitatio, ōnis, f. a being in a Fever.
 † Febricitator, ōris, m. one in a Fever.
 Febricito, are, } to be in a Fever.
 Febricator, ari, }
 Febricula, æ, f. a feverish Distemper.
 Febricularius, a, um, } feverish.
 Febricularis, e, }
 Febriculosè, adv. feverishly.
 Febriculositas, ātis, f. Feverishness.
 Febriculōsus, a, um, feverish.
 Febrilis, ntis, in a Fever.
 Febrifuga, æ, f. Fever-fever.
 Febrilis, le, of a Fever.
 Febrilo, ire, to have a Fever.
 FEBRIS, is, f. [à ferreo] a Fever or Ague. * Laborare febrī, to have a Fever. * Febris colligans, a very ardent Fever, voiding the very Substance of the Body. * Febris epiala, the Fever very hot and cold in every part. * Febris lipyria, outwardly cold and inwardly hot.
 Febris, a Goddess worshipped by the Ancients to prevent hurt.
 † Febrifco, ere, to be feverish.
 Februa, a Goddess presiding over menstruous Women.
 Februa, ōrum, n. [à ferreo] Sacrifices to the Dii Manes in February, Purifications.
 Februarius, ii, m. February.
 Februata, Februalis and Februa, Names of Juno, whose Sacrifices were in February.
 Februatus, a, um, purged by Sacrifice.
 Februo, are, to purge by Sacrifice.
 Februo, ari, to be purged.
 Februum, ui, n. a Purification.
 Februius, a Name of Pluto to whom they sacrificed in February.
 FĒCIĀLIS, is, m. [à facio] an Herald at Arms.
 FĒCIĀLIS, le, of Arms or Heralds.
 * Jus feciale, the Law of Arms.
 † Fecinius, a, um, yielding Drags.
 † Fecinium, ii, a small Grape-kernel.
 Federicus, a Roman Emperor who slew his own Son Henry in Prison, because he thought he favoured Pope Gregory.
 FEL, is, n. [Xo'n] Gall, Poison, Bitterness of Spirit. * Fel terra, Centory. * Sales suffusi felle, sharp Gnips.
 Feles, is, f. and m. a Cat. * Feles virginaria, a Pander. * Feles pullaria, one that steals Children, a Spirit. See Felis.
 Felicitas, ātis, f. Happiness, Fruitfulness.
 Felicitas, the Name of a Roman Goddess and a Roman Woman who was glad to see her Sons dye for the Christian Religion under Antoninus.
 Felicitatus, a, um, made happy.
 Felicitèr, ius, iſimè, adv. happily.
 * Dictum felicitèr, Joy was given.

Felicitō, are [à felix] to make happy.
 Felicula, æ, f. a Maid who could not be brought by Torments from the Christian Religion, and therefore was smothered in a Privy.
 Feliginates, a People of Umbria.
 Felinus, a, um, of a Cat.
 FELIS, is, f. and m. [Γαλή, "Αἰλιν"] a Cat.
 FĒLIX, icior, icissimus [ab ἡλίῳ & tate vegetā vel æquali] happy, favourable, fruitful. * Felix domino, useful and profitable to his Master. * Felix curarum, all whose Cares bring him Profit.
 Felix, the Name of 3 Bishops of Rome, two Consuls, a Governor of Judæa, and others.
 Fellator, ōris, m. a Sucker.
 Fellenius, the tutelary God of the Aquileiensis.
 Felleus, a, um [à fel] of Gall, bitter.
 † Fellibilis, le, deceitful.
 † Fellicatio, ōnis, f. a sucking.
 † Fellico, are, to suck.
 † Fellicus, a, um, of or like Gall.
 Felliſſus, a, um [à fel & fluo] flowing with Gall.
 Fellito, are, to suck.
 † Fellitus, a, um, full of Gall.
 † Fellium, ii, a musical Instrument.
 † Fello, are, to suck.
 † Felonia, or Fellonia, Felony.
 Felsina, the City of Bononia in Italy, and Bologna in Gallia Togata.
 Felsinus, a King of the Tuscans.
 Feltrina, a City of Rhætia.
 † Feltrinus, a, um, of a Felt.
 † Feltrum, or filtrum, i, n. a Felt.
 † Femellarius, a, um, given to Women.
 Fēmen, inis, n. [ab ant. feo, vel foetus] the Thigh, the inward part of the Thigh.
 Feminalia, ium, Breeches, Drawers.
 † Feminicruralia, ōrum, Breeches and Stockings together.
 Fēmōrāle, is, n. Armour for the Thighs.
 Femoralia, ium, Breeches, Drawers.
 Fēmūr, ōris, n. [ab ant. feo] the Thigh, the outward part of it.
 † Fēnatio, ōnis, f. or Fœnatio, a fawning.
 † Fēndicā, æ, f. a Sausage.
 Fenero, are, to put out to use. See Fœnero.
 Fēnettella, æ, f. [à fenestra] a little Hole or Window.
 Fenestella, a Roman Historian under Tiberius Cæsar; also the Name of one of the Gates of Rome.
 FĒNĒSTRA, æ, f. [à φαῖνω apparere] a Window, Breach, Inlet, Presence. * Fenestræ cavæ, Bay Windows. * Fenestram ad nequitiam aperire, to make Way for acting Wickedness.
 Fēnestrālis, le, of a Window. * Porta fenestralis, a Casement.
 Fēnestrātus, a, um, having Windows or Holes. * Fenestrati calcei, cut Shoes.
 † Fenestrinula, or Fenistricula, a little Window.
 Fenestro, are, to make Windows, let in the Light.
 Fēnestrō, ari, to be opened.
 † Feniculum, i, n. Fennel.
 Fenni, People of Finland.
 † Feo, antiq. à φῶω produco.
 FĒRA, æ, f. [ὄν] a wild Beast, a Viper.

Fērācitas, ātis, f. Fruitfulness.
 † Fērāciter, ius, iſimè, fruitfully.
 † Fērāculus, a, um, somewhat fruitful.
 Fērālia, ōrum, Sacrifices among the Romans to the Dii Manes, solemn Feasts in honour of the dead.
 Fērālis, le [à fera] belonging to Funerals, mournful, dismal, deadly.
 † Feralis, is, a wild Planet being alone in a Sign.
 † Feratrina, æ, a Park.
 Fērax, ācis, ior, iſsimus [à fero] fruitful. * Ferax miraculorum, affording Plenty of strange Things.
 † Ferbeo, ere, to be hot.
 † Ferbesco, ere, to grow hot.
 † Ferctum, or fertum, for farctum.
 † Fercularium, ii, n. a Volder.
 Ferculum, i, n. [à fero] a Dish, a Bed. * Ferculum pompæ, a Pageant, or Representation of Cities or Castles won from the Enemy, and which served heretofore at Rome to adorn their Triumphs.
 Ferdinandus, Ferdinand, the Name of several Kings of Spain, and Emperors of Germany.
 Ferè, adv. [ἤν] almost, for the most Part. * Ferè plerique, the most.
 Fērendus, a, um, to be born.
 Fērens, ntis, bearing. * Ferens laborum, Tacit. enduring labour.
 Ferentani, the People of Ferentium in Italy.
 Ferentarii, ōrum [à fero] light armed Soldiers.
 Ferentini, the People of Ferentia in Hetruria.
 Ferentines, the People of Ferentium in Italy.
 Ferentum, a Town in Italy.
 Fereola, æ [à fero] a kind of fruitful Vine.
 Feretrius, a Name of Jupiter, from the Spoils which Romulus carried and offered to him in the Capitol.
 Fēretrum, i, n. [à fero] a Bier or Coffin; also a Chariot for a Pageant.
 Fēriā, æ, f. [à ferio] a Holiday; also a keeping Holiday, a Truce, a ceasing from. * Feriæ esuriales, fasting Days. * Feriæ stativæ, unmoveable Feasts. * Feriæ præcedenæ, Vigils.
 Ferialis, le, festival. * Prælium sine feriali officio, without Cessation.
 † Feriaticus, a, um, at leisure.
 Feriatio, ōnis, f. a keeping Holiday.
 Fēriatus, a, um, at leisure, idle. * Feriati dies, Holidays. * Male feriatus, without good Employment.
 † Feriatus, ſis, m. Leisure, Idleness. Quietness.
 Fēriendus, a, um, to be stricken.
 Fēriens, ntis, striking.
 † Fērifera, mad wild Beasts.
 † Feriferus, a, um, mad like a wild Beast.
 Fērīna, æ, f. [à fera] Venison.
 Fērīne, adv. wildly, beastly.
 Fērīnus, a, um, of or like wild Beasts. * Caro ferina, Venison.
 Fērio, are, to make Holiday.
 FĒRIO, ire [à ferus] to strike, smite, wound, to sacrifice. * Ferire pecuniam, to coin. * Ferire fossam, to cast up a Trench. * Ferire nares, to offend the Nose. * Ferire fœdus, to make a League. * Ferire munere, to put one to the Charge of a Present.

† Feriocraculum, a Bier for a Corps.
 Fērior, ari [à feria] to keep Holiday.
 * Feriari à ludis, not to mind one's Book.
 Fēritas, atis, f. Cruelty, Wildness.
 † Fēritēr, wildly.
 † Feritorium, ii, n. a Battledor.
 † Ferlingium terræ, a Furlong.
 Fērmē, adv. [à ferē] almost, nigh, ordinarily, lightly.
 Fermentārius, a, um, of Leaven.
 Fermentatio, ōnis, f. a leavening.
 Fermentator, ōris, m. a Leavener.
 Fermentatus, a, um, leavened, puffed up.
 Fermentesco, ere, to take leaven, to heave.
 Fermento, are, to leaven. * Fermentare terram, to make the Earth heave up.
 Fermentum, i, n. [à ferreo] Leaven. * In fermento tota est or jacet, she is in a Passion.
 † Fēro, are, to make fat or fruitful.
 † Fero, onis, m. a Messenger.
 FēRO, tuli, latum [φέρω] to bear, suffer, breed, escape, declare, receive, have, offer, procure, take away, refer, repose, require, agree. * Fert animus, I have a Mind. * Ferre ad aliquem, to let one know, acquaint with. * Ferre aliquem in oculis, to love entirely or passionately. * Neque id occulte fert, nor does he dissimulate it. * Ita ferunt rationes meæ, such is the Exigence of my Affairs. * Judicem tibi fero, I appeal to what-soever Judge you shall name. * Ferre conditionem or optionem, to give one his Choice. * Ferre tributum, Centuriam, or puncta in Centuria, to get the Voices of such a Tribe, &c. * Esse oneri ferendo, to be able to bear a Burden. * Ferre ventrem, to be with young (spoken of all sorts of Creatures). * Ferre quæstionem, to ratify the Petition of Right. * Ægrè ferre, to take ill. * Expensum ferre, to enter Money laid out. * Sese or pedem ferre, to go. * Ferre manum, to join in Battel. * Ferre primas, to be chief. * Ut fert consuetudo, as the Custom is. * Dum res fert, while the Time serves.
 FēROCIA, æ, f. Fierceness, Cruelty.
 FēROCIO, ire, to be curst or fierce.
 FēROCITAS, atis, f. Fierceness, Ear-nestness.
 FēROCITĒR, ius, illimē, adv. fiercely.
 FēROCŪS, a, um, short and curst.
 Feronia, a Goddess of the Woods, whose Grove by the Mountain Soracte being burnt by Chance, and the People about to carry away her Image, Wood presently sprang up afresh; also a City at the Foot of Soracte.
 Fēror, ari, to be led, carried, distracted, &c.
 FēROX, ōcis, ior, illimus [à fera] courageous, fearing no Colours, fierce, cruel, curst. * Ferox formā, proud of his Beauty.
 Ferramentarii, orum, Smiths.
 Ferramentum, i, n. an Iron Tool.
 * Ferramenta, orum, sharp Weapons.
 Ferraria, æ, f. an Iron-mine; also Water-betony. * Ferraria minor, Agrimony.
 Ferraria, a Promontory of Spain.
 Ferrarius, a, um [à ferrum] of Iron.
 * Faber ferrarius, a Smith. * A-

qua ferraria, Smiths Water in the cold Trough. * Officina ferraria, a Forge.
 Ferratilis, le, slavish.
 † Ferrātūra, æ, f. Iron-work.
 Ferrātus, a, um, plated with Iron.
 * Agmina ferrata, Troops arm'd.
 Ferreum, ei, n. an Andiron.
 Ferreus, a, um, of Iron, hard as Iron, not to be entreated. * Ferreus scriptor, an Author that has a rough uneven Stile. * Ferreus somnus, Death.
 † Ferricrepidanz insulæ, where Irons gingle about their Heels.
 Ferrifodina, æ, f. an Iron mine.
 † Ferrigor, ari, to be hewed.
 † Ferritēri, shackled Slaves.
 † Ferritērium, ii, n. a Prison, or Shackles.
 † Ferritribaces viri, shackled Slaves.
 † Ferro, are, to plate with Iron.
 † Ferrōsus, a, um, full of Iron.
 Ferrūgineus, a, um, rusty, rust coloured.
 Ferrūginōsus, a, um, full of Rust.
 Ferrūgo, inis, f. Iron-rust, a rusty Colour, the Fringe about the Canopy, &c.
 FERRUM, i, n. [à ferio vel ferus] Iron; also all sorts of Weapons made of Iron, as a Sword, &c. * Ferro & flammā res geritur, there's nothing but Fire and Sword. * Ferrum equinum, Horse shoe Vetch.
 Ferrūmen, inis, n. Solder. * Ferrumen cæmentorum, Lime.
 Ferrumentum, i, n. Solder, Glue, &c.
 Ferrūminatio, ōnis, f. a soldering.
 Ferrūminator, ōris, m. a Solderer.
 Ferrūmino, are, to solder. * Commisuras navium musci coma ferruminare, to caulk Ships.
 Fertilis, le [à fero] fruitful. * Terra fertilis uvæ, a Grape-land.
 Fertilitas, atis, f. Fertility, Rankness.
 Fertilitēr, adv. fruitfully.
 Fertim [à farcio] adv. thick, close together.
 Ferium, i, n. a Cake of several Grains and Spices offered up at the Altar.
 † Fertus, a, um, fruitful.
 Fervefacio, ere, to heat or make hot.
 Fervefactus, a, um, heated, chafed.
 Fervens, ior, illimus, boiling, hot, fervent, vehement. * Facere aliquem ferventem flagris, to slash one soundly. * Fervens animus, a nimble lively Wit.
 Ferventer, ius, illime, adv. hotly, earnestly.
 FERVEO, vi, ere [βράζω, vel à φέρω calefacio] to be hot or seeth. * Mare fervet, the Sea rages. * Opus servet, the Work is plyed. * Irā totus fervet, he is all on Fire, or Anger.
 Ferveſco, ere, to grow hot.
 Fervidē, adv. hotly, earnestly.
 † Ferviditas, atis, f. Heat.
 † Fervido, are, to make hot.
 Fervidus, a, um, scalding hot, earnest, passionate, lively, vigorous.
 Fērūla, æ, f. [à ferio] the stem of a Tree; also a Palmer, and the Herb Fennel Giant. * Ferulæ, Splints used by Bone-setters.
 Fērūlaceus, a, um, of or like the Herb Ferula.
 † Fērūlātōrium, ii, n. a Place full of Fennel Giant.
 † Fērūm, wi, dly.

† Ferūmen, inis, n. an Offence, reproach.
 † Fervo, are, and fervo, ēre, or fervio, ire, to be hot.
 † Fervonum, i, n. a Cauldron.
 Fervor, ōris, m. [à ferreo] Heat, Vehemency. * Fervor maris, the boiling of the Sea. * Fervor ætatis, the Sprightliness of Age.
 † Fervorium, ii, n. a Cauldron.
 FĒRUS, a, um [à Onp fera] savage, wild, fierce. * Ferum ulcus, a Gangreen.
 Ferus, i, m. [sc. aper, cervus vel equus] a Boar, Stag or Horse.
 Fescennia, or -ium, a Town of Latrutia.
 Fescenninæ, arum, Songs of Noisy.
 Fescenninus, a, um, wanton, satyry. * Fescenninum carmen, a scene Verses.
 Fessitudo, inis, f. Weariness.
 † Fesso, are, to be or make weary.
 Fessus, a, um [of fatiscor] weary, tired out (in Body or Mind).
 † Festalis, le, festival.
 Festinans, ntis, hastning.
 Festināter, adv. hastily, speedily.
 † Festinantia, æ, f. Haste, Speed.
 Festinantissimus, a, um, very hasty.
 Festinātius, } adv. more hastily.
 † Festinatio, ōnis, f. a hastning.
 Festinātō, adv. in haste.
 Festinātor, ōris, m. a Haster.
 Festinātus, ūs, m. a Hastning.
 Festinātus, a, um, hastned, crisy.
 * Festinata mors, an untimely End.
 Festinē, adv. with Haste or Speed.
 † Festinitas, atis, f. Speediness.
 FESTINO, are [à Σπεύδω, vel à Ἀσπεύω propius, vel q. festim, i. e. fertim eo] to speed or hasten.
 * Festinare fugam, to be in a sudden Fear.
 † Festinor, ari, to be disposed to hastily.
 Festinus, a, um, hasty, speedy.
 Festior, and -ius, more pleasant.
 * Festior annus eat, may this Year prove more fortunate.
 Festive, ius, illime, adv. pleasantly, merrily, cheerfully.
 Festivitas, atis, f. Mirth, Cheerfulness.
 Festiviter, adv. cheerfully.
 † Festivo, are, to make Holiday.
 Festivus, ior, illimus [à festus] merry, handsome, festival.
 † Festo, are, to feast or keep Holiday.
 FESTUCA, æ, f. [Heb. Motz, vel à fortus vel fissus] a Shoot, Straw, Mote, Fescue, wild Oats, the Prætor's Rod or Staff, with which the Slaves were struck at their Manumission.
 * Nemove festucam, don't make the least Noise.
 Festucago, inis, f. wild Oats.
 Festucarius, a, um, of a young Set or Plant. * Vis festucaria, the Power of the Prætor.
 † Festulum, i, n. a poor Feast.
 Festum, i, n. [à festus] a Feast. * Post festum venis, you come a Day after the Fair.
 FESTUS, a, um [ab 'Esiδω festum celebros] solemn, festival, merry, pleasant.
 Festus, the Name of several Romans.
 † Feudatarius, a Feudatary.
 † Feudum, i, a Fee, Vassalage, a Tenure in Service under a Conqueror.
 * Feudum taliatum, entailed.
 Fex, ecis, f. Dregs. See FEX.

F F

F. F. for fratris filius.
F. F. A. for filius familiâs.

F I

F. J. for fieri jussit.
Fi and fno, the Imperative of fio.
Fiavaſum, a City of Cappadocia.
† Fibella, æ, f. the Moon.
FIBER, ri, m. [à Ὠβρός; mollis] a Beaver.
FIBRA, æ, f. [q. finibra vel ab antiq. fiber, i. e. extremus] the Border or Brink of a Thing, a small Vein or String at the Root of Herbs. * Fibra pecudum, the Inwards of Beasts. * Neque mihi cornea fibra est, nor am I so dull and senseless.
Fibratus, a, um, having small Strings.
Fibrenus, a River in Italy.
† Fibria, æ, f. a Door or Gate.
Fibrilega, Beverly in Yorkshire.
† Fibrinum, i, n. fine Wool.
Fibrinus, a, um [à fiber] of a Beaver.
† Fibrillæ, arum, or fibrilli, orum, the Hairs of the Nostrils.
† Fibrōsus, a, um, full of Fibres.
FIBULA, æ, f. [à fibra vel figo] a Button, Buckle, Clasp, the lesser Bone of the Leg, the Nut of a Steel-bow, a Chirurgion's stitching quill, the Key of a Building.
Fibularius, ii, m. a Button or Point-meter.
Fibulatio, ōnis, f. a buttoning.
Fibulator, oris, m. a Buttoner.
Fibulatorium, ii, n. a Place where Buttons are made and sold.
Fibulatorius, a, um, with Buttons or Clasp.
Fibulo, are, to button or fasten.
Fibulor, ari, to be fastened.
Ficana, a City in Italy.
Ficaria, an Island near Sardinia.
Ficaria, æ, f. [à ficus] a Fig-tree or Fig-garden; also Figwort or Pilewort.
Ficarius, a, um, of a Fig or Fig-tree. * Crates ficariæ, Hurdles on which Figs were laid.
Ficarius, ii, m. a Fig-gatherer.
Ficatum, i, n. Meat made of Figs, as the Liver of a Hog or Goose, eaten or fed with Figs.
Ficedula, æ, f. a Fig-pecker.
Ficedulensis, se, of a Fig-pecker.
Ficilia or Vosavia, the City Obern-wesel by the Rhine.
† Ficetula, æ, f. a little Fig.
Ficetum, i, n. a Garden of Fig-trees.
† Ficeus, a, um, of a Fig-tree.
† Ficitas, atis, f. Abundance of Figs.
† Fictor, ōris, m. an Eater or Gatherer of Figs.
Ficolenses, a People of Italy.
† Ficolia, æ, f. a Stake or Staff of a Fig-tree.
† Ficon, ci, n. a Fig.
Ficōsus, a, um, full of Sores in the Head, or Fundament, scabby, pocky.
Fictē, adv. feignedly.
Fictile, is, n. a Thing made of Earth.
Fictilis, le [à fingo] earthen, made of Earth.
Fictio, ōnis, f. a Fiction, devising.
Fictitius, a, um, devised, counterfeited.

Fictor, ōris, m. a Former or Fashioner, Potter. * Fictor legum, an Inventor of Laws.
† Fictorius, and fictiosus, a, um, devised.
† Fictorius, ii, m. a Feigner, Forger.
† Fictosus, a, um, full of lying.
† Ficticula, æ, f. a Witch.
Fictrix, icis, f. she that frames or devises.
Fictura, æ, f. a framing, devising.
Fictus, a, um [of fingor] framed, feigned. * Ficti cinni, a Peruke.
† Ficulnea, æ, f. a little Fig or Fig-tree.
Ficulnea, an ancient City of Italy.
Ficulmentum, i, n. a Fig-tree Garden.
Ficulneus, a, um [à ficus] of Ficulnus, } Fig-tree Wood, weak, pitiful.
† Ficulnus, i, a little Fig.
FICUS, ci, and ūs, f. [Heb. Phag] a Fig or Fig-tree.
Ficus, ci, m. the Emrod or Piles.
Ficus, a Town of Mauritania Cæsariensis.
Fidē, ius, iſſimē, adv. faithfully.
† Fidebo, for Fidam.
† Fidēcula, æ, f. a little Credit.
† Fidefragus, i, m. a Traitor.
Fideicommissarius, ii, m. a Feoffee in trust.
Fideicommissio, ōnis, f. } Feoffee.
Fideicommissum, i, n. } ment in trust.
Fideicommissor, oris, m. a Feoffer.
Fideicommissus, a, um, feoffed.
Fideicommitto, ere, to enfeoff, give in trust.
Fideicommitter, ti, to be enfeoffed.
Fidejubeo, ūs, ūm, to undertake, engage.
Fidejullio, ōnis, f. an engaging, undertaking.
Fidejussor, ōris, m. a Surety, Engager.
Fidejussorius, a, um, of Suretyship.
† Fidēle, faithful.
Fidēlia, æ, f. [à fidelis] an earthen Pot; also a Carpenter's chalked Line. * Eadem fideliā duas parietes dealbat, he kills two Birds with one Stone.
Fidelis, ior, iſſimus [à fides] faithful, loyal, reasonable, earnest. * Fidelis ad vetustatem materia, Timber that lasts long. * Fidelior pice explendis rimis, that stops Chinks better than Pitch.
Fidelitas, atis, f. Faithfulness.
Fideliter, ius, iſſimē, adv. faithfully.
Fidena, or Fidenæ, a City in Italy.
Fidens, ntis, trusting. * Fidens animi, fearing nothing.
Fidenter, adv. confidently, boldly.
Fidentia, æ, f. a Trusting, Boldness.
Fidentia, a City in Spain called also Julia.
Fidentini, the People of Fidentia in Italy.
Fidentius, adv. more confidently.
Fidentissimus, a, um, most confident.
Fides, ei, f. [à fido] Faith, Truth, Loyalty. * Fidem liberare, to perform one's Promise. * Fidem fallere, to break one's Word. * Fidem interponere, to pass one's Word. * Græcā fide mercari, to buy with ready Money. * Concussa fides, crack'd Credit. * In fide alicujus esse, to be under one's Protection. * In fidem recipere, to protect one.

* Bonā fide, in truth. * Ad fidem, faithfully. * Publicā fide, with Freedom and Safety. * Fide alicujus sumere pecuniam, to take up Money upon another's Credit.
FIDES, is, f. [Σπίδες chordæ] a Lute-string; also a Fiddle or other stringed Instrument. * Conspicuis fide, an excellent Player upon the Lute.
Fidicen, inis, m. one that plays on any stringed Instrument, a Lutanist.
Fidicina, æ, f. a Woman Player.
Fidicinus, a, um, belonging to a Musician.
Fidicula, æ, f. [à fides] a little Fiddle, a Celestial Sign.
Fidiculæ, arum, Wires of Lute-string to rack one examined.
Fidiculanus Falcula, a Roman Senator very base and unconstant.
† Fidiculizo, are, to fiddle.
† Fidipedes, a kind of Birds.
Fidius for Filius, the Son of Jupiter, and God of Faithfulness.
FIDO, ūs, ūm [à Πείθω persuadeo] to trust, rely upon.
Fido, an Argive who found out Measures and Weights.
Fiducia, æ, f. Confidence, Boldness. * Minima fiducia exercitus, an Army not to be trusted. * Fiduciam committere, to sell a Thing upon Condition of buying it again. * Accipere fiduciam, to buy a Thing on the same Condition.
† Fiduciālis, is, trusting.
† Fiduciālitās, atis, f. Trustiness.
Fiduciāliter, adv. with Confidence.
† Fiduciarium, ii, n. an Inheritance holden by Mortgage.
Fiduciarius, a, um, taken on trust. * Fiduciarum regnum, a Kingdom possessed for a time. * Fiduciarus emptor, one that buys upon Condition to sell it again.
Fiduciarius, ii, m. a Feoffee in trust.
Fiduciatus, a, um, put in trust.
Fiducio, are, to make Condition of trust.
Fiducior, ari, to be put in state of trust.
† Fidunculus, a, um, faithful.
Fidus, ior, iſſimus [à fides] faithful, trusting, bold.
Fidustus, a, um, of good Credit.
Fiendus, a, um, to be made.
Figlina, æ, f. [q. figulina] a Potter's-trade or Work-house.
† Figlinarius, ii, m. a Potter.
Figlinum, i, n. earthen Ware.
Figlinus, a, um, of a Potter.
† Figmen, ipis, n. a feigning.
† Figmentatus, a, um, feigned.
Figmentum, i, n. [à fingo] a Figment or Forgery, any Thing made of Earth (in the Scriptures). * Figmenta area, Brass-work.
FIGO, xi, xum [Πηγνύω] to fix, fasten, stick, set, stay, hurt. * Palum humi figere, to drive a Stake into the Ground. * Figere aliquem maledictis, to rail at one. * Figere carmen veribus, to spit Mead. * Figere pedem, to stand still. * Figere oscula, to kiss. * Figere leges or tabulas, to confirm Laws (properly to hang them up, being cut in Brass).
Figor, gi, to be fixed, &c.
Figularis, re, of a Potter, for Potter's Use.

† Figulārius, ii, m. a Potter.
 † Figulātus, a, um, fashioned.
 Figulina, æ, f. the Potter's Art, a Potter's Work-house.
 † Figulicus, a, um, as figulinus.
 † Figūlo, are, to fashion as a Potter.
 † Figūlor, ari, to be made of Earth.
 Figūlus, i, m. [à fingo] a Potter.
 * Figuli opes, a stock in doubtful Wares.
 Figūra, æ, f. [à fingo] a Figure or Shape, Image, Scoff, Likeness, Complexion. * Figura negotii, the Face of an Affair, the Condition it is in.
 † Figurantia, æ, f. a shaping.
 Figurātē, ius, ius, ius, adv. figuratively.
 Figuratio, ōnis, f. a fashioning, a rhetorical Supposition, a conceiving.
 Figurativus, a, um, figurative, in a Figure.
 Figurātus, a, um, fashioned. * Æfiguratum, Money coined.
 Figū o, are, to fashion, form, coin, imagine. * Figurare calceum, to bring Milk to the substance of Cheese.
 * Figurare os pueri, to teach a Child to speak.
 † Filacarius, ii, m. one of the Clerks of the King's Bench.
 † Filiciffa, æ, f. a Spinster.
 † Filācium, ii, n. the File on which Records hang.
 Filāgo, inis, f. [à filum] Cotton-weed, or Bloody-flaxwort.
 Filāmentum, i, n. a small String.
 † Filārium, ii, n. a Bottom of Thread.
 Filātim, adv. Thread by Thread.
 † Filātista, æ, m. and f. a Spinner.
 † Filatrix, icis, f. a Seamstress.
 Filatus, a, um, made into Thread.
 Filia, æ, f. [à filius] a Daughter.
 * Filia conditionem quære, to get a Husband for his Daughter.
 Filialis, le, Child-like, of a Child.
 † Filialiter, like a Child.
 Filialter, i, m. a Son-in-law.
 Filialtra, æ, f. a Daughter-in-law.
 † Filatio, ōnis, f. and filiaus, ius, m. Sonship.
 † Filica, æ, f. Fern.
 Filicāus, a, um, notched like Fern.
 Filicētum, i, n. [à filix] a Heath.
 Filicarium, i, n. or Ground over-run with Fern.
 † Filiceus, a, um, of Fern.
 Filico, are, to notch like Fern.
 † Filicones, Fellows good for naught.
 Filictum, i, n. a Heath. See Filicetum.
 Filicula, æ, f. Polypody, Wall-fern.
 † Filio, are, to bear or make a Son.
 Filiola, æ, f. a young Daughter.
 Filiolus, i, m. a young Son.
 Filipendula, æ, f. [à filum] Dropwort.
 FILIUS, ii, m. υἱός, vel à φίλος, amo] a Son or Child, the Young of Brutes. * Fratri filius, a Nephew.
 * Terra filius, a Bastard. * Filius familias, the Man's Son of the House, or one of the Household. * Fortunæ filius, Fortune's Darling.
 * Filius lunæ or aeris, the Dew.
 * Filius solis, the Day. * Filius vitis, the Wine.
 FILIX, icis, f. [βλήχρον] vel à filum] Fern, Brakes.
 † Filo, are, to make Thread.
 † Filtrum, i, n. a Strainer.

FILUM, i, n. [Heb. Pathil] Thread, Line, Yarn, a Carpenter's Line, Style of an Oration, Lincaments of the Face. * Fili aranea, Spiders Webs.
 * Fila lyra, Harp-strings. * Malum filum, the String that tongues of Children.
 † Filumina, or filumnia, loving or lovely Persons.
 † Filus, i, m. a Thread.
 Filarium, ii, n. [à finus] a Dung-hill.
 Filārius, ii, m. a Farmer of Privies.
 † Filātor, oris, m. the same.
 FIMBRIA, æ, f. [à finis] a Fringe, Hair or Welt. * Fimbriæ corylorum, the Catkins.
 Fimbria, a proud, seditious Roman.
 Fimbriale, is, n. a Fringe.
 † Fimbriatrix, icis, f. a Seamstress.
 Fimbriatus, a, um, with Fringes, hemmed, jagged.
 † Fimbrio, are, to hem.
 Fimētum, i, n. [à finus] a Mixen, Dung-hill.
 Fimōsus, a, um, full of Dung.
 FIMUS, i, m, and mum, i, n. [à fio, i. e. oleo] Dung; also a Dice-box.
 Finalis, le, final, of the end.
 Finaliter, adv. finally.
 † Finitus, for finitus.
 Findibilis, le, which may be cleft.
 FINDO idi, flum, [σχιζω] to cleave, rive, divide.
 Findor, di, to be cleft. * Finditur cor meum dolore, my Heart is quite broke with Grief.
 † Fingæ, and -iæ, aum, f. a kind of tractable Apes.
 † Fingites, is, m. a pellucid Stone of Cappadocia.
 FINGO, xi, ctum, [à σφίγγω, constringo, vel à πηγνυμι, pangō] to feign, form, fashion, mould, counterfeit, devise, imagine. * Fingis ex natura tua cæteros, you muse as you use. * Fingere crimen, to contrive an accusation against.
 Fingor, gi, to be framed, &c.
 † Fini, for fine.
 Finiens, ntis, the Horizon.
 Finio, ire, [à finis] to finish, define, bound, dye. * Vitam finire laqueo, to hang himself. * Finire diem, to pitch upon such a Day.
 Finior, iri, to be finished.
 FINIS, is, m. or f. [à fio] the End, Conclusion, Bound, the Frontiers of a Country, Definition. * Continere se finibus rerum suarum, to meddle with no bodies Business but his own.
 Finite, adv. distinctly, confessedly.
 Finitimus, a, um, bordering upon, nigh to. * Bellum finitimum, a Way with the Borderers.
 Finitio, ōnis, f. a Bounding, or a Definition.
 Finitivus, a, um, bounding, defining.
 Finitor, ōris, m. he that ends a thing, he that bounds or limits, the Horizon. * Finitores, Surveyors of Land.
 Finitus, a, um, finite, finished, bounded.
 Finitus, ūs, m. the ending. * Acutus finitus tibia, a loud Sound of a Pipe at the end.
 FIO, factus sum, fieri, [à φύω, nascor] to be, become. * Fieri

obviam, to meet one. * Fit vis eum, they use Violence towards him.
 * Fiet tibi acceptum, they thank you for it. * Aliquid fieri cibi, some Meat shall be made ready. * Quid de me fiet? what will become of me? * Cum pro populo fieret, when they were at Sacrifice. * Fiat, let it be so. * Fieri in illum exempla, he shall serve for an Example to others. * Ut fit, as it often happens. * Fit absinthium in Arabia, Wormwood grows in Arabia.
 Firmāmen, inis, n. surety, stability, establishing.
 Firmamentum, i, n. a ground, Ray, confirmation; also the Firmament.
 * Firmamenta membrorum, Nerves and Muscles, the chief Point.
 † Firmarium, and fermarium, ii, n. a Farmory or Hospital.
 Firmatio, ōnis, f. a strengthening.
 Firmator, ōris, m. a Confirmer.
 † Firmatorium, ii, n. a shop proper.
 Firmatus, a, um, established, confirmed. * Firmatus cibo, refreshed with Meat.
 Firmē, ius, ius, ius, adv. firmly, steadfastly. * Firmē accurate rem suam, to be very diligent about his Affairs.
 Firmitas, ātis, f. soundness, durability, assurance. * Firmitas animi, Resolution of Mind.
 Firmiter, adv. constantly.
 Firmitudo, inis, f. Fastness, Constancy, Resolution.
 Firmus, a Governor of Egypt.
 Firmum, or firmum, a Colony in City of Picenum.
 Firmo, are, to strengthen, confirm, affirm, settle, bind, or make certain.
 * Firmare alicui rei fidem, to cause a thing to be believed.
 Firmor, ari, to be strengthened.
 FIRMUS, ior, ius, ius, [ab æquā, fulcrum] firm, steadfast, sure, constant, in good health, bold, resolute.
 * Cibus firmus, nourishing Meat.
 * Copiæ firmæ, Forces in good Posture. * Vina firmissima, strongest bodied Wines.
 Firmus, an Emperor of a large stature, commonly called Cyclops.
 † Fiscalmus, i, m. a Toll-gatherer.
 Fiscalis, e, of the Exchequer.
 † Fiscalium, ii, n. that which belongs to the Exchequer.
 † Fiscarius, ii, m. an Overseer of the Exchequer.
 Fiscella, æ, f. [à fiscina] a Butte, Head-stall, a Muzzle.
 Fiscellus, part of the Apennine Mountains in Umbria.
 Fiscellus, i, m. a green Cheese-eater.
 Fiscia, æ, f. [à fiscus] a Pannier, a Money-bag; also a Font.
 † Fisco, are, to confiscate.
 FISCUS, ci, m. [φίσκος] the Exchequer, a great Pannier, Money Treasury. * Fiscum agere, to exact Tribute.
 Fissiculatio, ōnis, f. a cutting open.
 Fissiculus, are [à findo] to open the Entrails, and take them out to examine by.
 Fissiculatus, a, um, cut open and look'd into.
 † Fissiculus, ari, the same as fissiculus.

Fissilis, le, which is or may be cleft.
 * Fissile caput, a broken Pate.
 Fissio, onis, f. a Cleaving.
 Fissipes, edis, Cloven-footed.
 Fissum, i, n. a Cleft, the Skin that divides the Liver, observed by Sooth-dividers.
 * Fissum familiare, such a Skin that betokens good.
 Fissura, æ, f. a Cleft, Partition.
 Fissus, a, um, [of fidor] Cloven, Divided.
 Fissus, us, m. a Cleft or Cut.
 FISTUCA, æ, f. [ab. ἱσμή, vel à πύξ, fidelis] a Commander, or Water-pile Sledge; also a Rammer.
 FISTUCATIO, onis, f. a Ramming.
 † FISTUCATOR, oris, m. he that rams.
 FISTUCATUS, a, um, Rammed.
 FISTICO, are, to ram, drive in Piles.
 FISTULA, æ, f. [à sono] a Pipe conveying Water, a Whistle, Flageolet, the Weasand, a Tap, a Crisping-pin; also a Fistula sore. * Fistula aucupatoria, a Bird-call.
 FISTULARIS, e, of a Pipe.
 FISTULATIO, onis, f. a Piping.
 FISTULATIM, adv. as out of a Pipe.
 FISTULATOR, oris, m. a Piper.
 FISTULATORIUS, a, um, of Piping.
 FISTULATUS, a, um, Fistulous, Hollow.
 FISTULO, are, to be hollow, be spongy.
 † FISTULOR, ari, to pipe.
 FISTULOSUS, a, um, hollow. * Fistulosus cancer, an Ulcer full of little holes.
 Fissus, a, um, [of fidor] believed.
 † Fite, the Imperat. of fio.
 † Fitalis, le, Pleasant, Eloquent.
 † Fixula, æ, f. a Button, Clasp.
 Fixurus, a, um, ready to fasten.
 Fixus, a, um, [of fidor] fastened, constant, certain, fixed. * Si hæc mala fixa sunt, if these Evils are unavoidable.

F

L

FL for Filius, Flamen, or Flavius.
 † Flabarius, ii, m. he that drives away the Flies.
 † Flabella, æ, f. a Fly-flap.
 Flabellifer, a, um, carrying a Fan.
 Flabellum, i, n. [à flabrum] a Fan. * Flabellum seditionis, an Incendiary.
 † Flaber, ri, m. a buffing Fellow.
 Flabilis, le, Airy, Winay; also Spiritual.
 Flabrâlis, le, blown or breathed.
 Flabrum, i, n. [à flo] a Breath or Blast.
 Flaccio, ere, [à flaccus, vel Χαλᾶω laxo] to sag, fade, hang down.
 Flaccelco, ere, to grow lith, weak, withered, or calm. * Flaccelcit oratio, his Discourse grew weak and flat.
 Flaccide, adv. faintly.
 Flaccidus, a, um, flagging, lith, decaying. * Flaccida aures, hanging Ears.
 † Flaccor, oris, and flacciditas, atis, a Flagging.
 Flaccus, a Consul, Colleague with Gallus.
 FLACCUS, a, um, [βλάξ vel à φλέγω deorsu n deijcio] having broad hanging Ears, flagging.
 † Flacitium, for flagitium.
 † Flagella, æ, f. a little Whip.
 Flagellarius, ii, m. a Beadle.
 Flagellatio, onis, f. a Whipping.
 † Flagellatitius, a, um, scourged.

Flagellator, oris, m. a Whipper, Thresher, Ingrosser.
 Flagellatus, a, um, whipped.
 Flagello, are, to whip, lash, star.
 * Flagellare annonam, to enhance the Price of Corn. * Arca flagellat opes, the Chest is very full.
 Flagellor, ari, to be scourged, &c.
 † Flagellolus, a, um, soundly whipped.
 Flagellum, i, n. [à flagrum] a Twig, Rod, Whip, Scourge, a Flail, Battledore. * Flagella, orum, the Claws of Fish, or the young Twigs of Vines. * Flagello admonere, either to strike or only shake the Whip.
 Flagitans, ntis, Importuning.
 Flagitatio, onis, f. an Importuning.
 Flagitator, oris, m. an importunate asker.
 Flagitatrix, icis, f. she that importunes.
 † Flagitio, are, to commit a Villany.
 Flagitiose, adv. villainously, scandalously.
 † Flagitiösitas, atis, f. Lewdness, Villany.
 Flagitiosus, a, um, Scandalous, Vicious, Debauched, Lewd.
 Flagitium, ii, n. [à flagito] a Crime, Scandal, Lewdness, shameful Offence, Danger. * Flagitium est, 'tis ill done.
 Flagito, are, [à flagro] to ask importunately, Accuse, Defame. * Flagitat me id, he desires that earnestly of me.
 Flagitor, ari, to be importuned.
 † Flagra, æ, f. a Whip.
 Flagrans, ntior, illius, flaming, burning, earnest. * Flagrans puella, a very Shrew. * Flagrans amore literarum, a great Lover of Learning.
 Flagranter, ius, illimè, adv. earnestly.
 Flagrantia, æ, f. a burning, flaming, earnestness. * Flagritii flagrantia, the very height of Wickedness. * Flagrantia oculorum, the sparkling of the Eyes.
 † Flagratores, they that for Reward suffer themselves to be whipped.
 † Flagrifer, a, um, bearing a Whip.
 † Flagrio, onis, m. a Slave under the lash.
 † Flagritriba, æ, m. a Fellow used to be beat.
 FLAGRO, are, [φλέγω] to burn, flame, blaze. * Flagrat bello Italia tota, all Italy is up in Arms. * Flagrare studiis, to be a hard Student.
 Flagrum, i, n. [à flagro] a Scourge. * Flagri gymnasium, a Whipping-school.
 † Flagurio, ire, to fright with a whip.
 Flamen, inis, m. a Roman Priest, whereof Numa Pompilius appointed three, viz. Flamen Dialis, Martialis, and Quirinalis, who sacrificed to Jupiter, Mars, and Romulus.
 Flamen, inis, n. [à flo] a blast, puff, an Inspiration.
 Flamingi, the People of Flanders, Flemings.
 Flaminea, a Country of Italy called Romagnia.
 Flaminia, æ, f. the House of the Arch-Priest.
 Flaminia via, the Highway from Rome to Ariminum.
 Flaminia, orum, the chief Sacrifices.

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Flaminica, the Arch-Priest's Wife.
 Flaminium, ii, n. the Arch-Priest's Office, Priesthood.
 Flaminus, a, um, belonging to the Arch-Priest.
 Flaminus, the Name of several Romans.
 FLAMMA, æ, f. [à φλέγω uro] a Flame, great Danger, Affliction, Vehemency. * Flamma fumo proxima, no Smoak without some Fire. * E fumo in flammam, out of the Frying-pan into the Fire.
 Flammans, ntis, flaming. * Flammantia lumina, sparkling Eyes.
 Flammatio, onis, f. a setting on fire.
 Flammator, oris, m. an enflamer.
 Flammatus, a, um, enflamed, armed with fire.
 Flammearius, ii, m. a Milliner, Dyer, a maker or seller of yellow Hoods.
 † Flammeo, are, to enflame, make yellow.
 Flammeolum, i, n. a little yellow Hood, a Flag or Banner.
 Flammeolus, a, um, yellowish.
 † Flammeo, ere, to break out into a flame.
 Flammeum, ei, n. the Bride's yellow Veil, the High-Priest's Wives Veil, a Banner.
 † Flammeus, a, um, [à flamma] flaming, burning, flame-coloured. * Flammea vestigia servæ, the swift footings of a Hind.
 † Flammeus, ei, m. a Veil.
 † Flammidus, a, um, flame-coloured.
 † Flammifer, a, um, blazing.
 † Flammiferarius, a, um, bringing or causing fire.
 † Flammigena, æ, c. born of the flame.
 † Flammiger, a, um, flaming.
 Flammigero, are, to blaze out.
 † Flammilla, æ, f. a small blaze.
 † Flammino, are, to flame.
 † Flammiosus, a, um, flaming.
 Flammito, are, to flame, blaze.
 Flammivomus, a, um, Vomiting out Fire.
 Flampo, are, to enflame or catch a flame, to stir up, move.
 Flammor, ari, to be enflamed.
 Flammula, æ, f. [à flamma] a little flame; also the Herb Trinity, or Hearts ease.
 Flandrenses, Flemings.
 Flandria, Flanders.
 Flâtilis, le, Breathing, Unconstant.
 † Flâtilis, is, [sc. accentus] an Aspiration.
 † Flâtilitas, atis, f. Unconstancy.
 † Flâtiliter, Unconstantly.
 Flâtor, oris, m. a Blower, Piper, Founder.
 Flâtuolentus, a, um, windy.
 Flâtuosè, adv. windily.
 Flâtuosus, a, um, windy.
 Flâtura, æ, f. a meeting of Metals.
 † Flâturarius, or flâularius, ii, m. a Founder, Caster.
 Flâtus, us, m. a puff or blast.
 † Flavè, yellowishly.
 Flâvedo, inis, f. yellowness.
 Flavens, ntis, yellow.
 Flâveo, ere, to be yellow.
 Flavescio, ere, to grow yellow.
 Flavia, a City of Palestine, so called from Flavius Vespasianus, being built by Herod, and called before Cæsarea.

Flaviales.

Flaviales, ium, Soldiers added to the Legions by Vespasian.
 Flaviana, a City of Sicily.
 Flavium, and Flavinianum, or Flavinium, the Town Foiano in Tuscany by Tybur.
 † Flavicomans, and-nus, a, um, with yellow Hair.
 † Flavidus, a, um, yellowish.
 † Flavissa, æ, a Treasury.
 Flavii, a Roman Family, of which were Vespasian and his Sons Titus and Domitian.
 † Flaviboriga, a Town in Spain.
 Flaviopolis, a City of Bithynia and Sicily; also a Town of Thrace.
 Flavium Brigantium, the City Compostella in Spain.
 Flavius, the Name of several Men.
 Flavius Claudius, the two and thirtieth Emperor of Rome, who slew of the Gotis three Hundred and twenty Thousand.
 Flavona, a Town of Illyricum.
 FLAVUS, a, um, [à flamma] yellow.
 Flēbilis, le, Lamentable, to be wept over.
 Flēbiller, ius, adv. Mournfully.
 Flectio, onis, f. a bending, turning, declining.
 FLECTO, xi, xum, [Πλέκω] to bend, turn, decline. * Flectere precibus, to persuade one. * Flectere promontorium, to double a Cape. * Flectere Leucatem, to go strait to Leucates. * Flectere in ambitionem, to hanker after Honours.
 Flector, ti, to be bowed, &c.
 † Fleginum, i, n. a swelling of the Eyes or Liver.
 † Flegma, ātis, n. Flegm.
 † Flegmaticus, a, um, Flegmatic.
 † Flegmen, inis, n. the starting out of Blood at the Toes.
 † Flemma, orum, a falling down of Blood to the Ankles by too much walking.
 Flendus, a, um, to be Lamented.
 Flens, ntis, Weeping.
 FLEO, vi, tum, [Κλαίω] to weep, weep for or over, drop.
 Flētifer, a, um, yielding Tears or Gum.
 Flētūr, [ab illis] imp. they weep.
 Flēturus, a, um, about to weep.
 Fletus, a, um, [of fleor] Lamented. * Fleti sanguine, embrewed in Blood.
 Flētus, us, m. a Weeping. * Prosequi fletu, to weep over.
 Flevum, or Flevi lacus, a Bay of the German Sea.
 Flevum, a Town of Frizeland.
 Flexānimus, a, um, [à flecto] turning the Mind. * Flexanima oratio, insinuating Rhetorick.
 Flexibilis, le, flexible, tractable. * Flexibilis ætas, an Age that's pliable, which may be turned any way.
 Flexibilitas, atis, f. tractableness.
 Flexibilliter, adv. tractably.
 † Flexibulus, a, um, bowed or bowing.
 Flexilis, e, easily bent.
 Flexilōquus, a, um, Ambiguous, Equivocal.
 Flexio, onis, f. a bending, declining. * Flexio vocis, the Quavering of the Voice in Singing.
 Flexipes, ēdis, bow leg'd.
 † Flexo, ere, to bow or bend.

Flexum, a City of Pannonia.
 † Flexumines, or Flexamines, light Horsemen, Demi-lances.
 Flexuōsē, ius, adv. windingly, crookedly.
 † Flexuōsitas, atis, f. Crookedness.
 Flexuōsus, a, um, ior, illinus, turning, winding in and out.
 Flexura, æ, f. bending.
 Flexus, a, um, [of flector] bowed, curled, reflected. * Ore Cæsar in tristitiam flexo, Cæsar looking sadly upon't. * Dies in vespem flexus, the Day growing to an end.
 Flexus, us, m. a winding. * Flexus ætatis, the Time when Strength declines. * Flexus autumnī, the Point of the Equinox. * Flexus membrorum, the Agility of the Limbs. Flexus vocis, the Command of one's Voice.
 Flicus, us, m. a striking, or dashing against, a blow.
 † FLIGO, ere, [Ολίσσω] to afflict, strike, beat, dash.
 Fligor, gi, to be tormented.
 FLO, are, [à sono] to blow, melt, or cast. * Simul flare & sobere haud facile factu est, one cannot do two Things at once.
 Floccidus, a, um, [a floccus] full of flocks or nap.
 Floccifacio, ere, to slight. * Flocci non facit fidem, he does not take the least care to keep his Word.
 † Floccinus, i, m. a flake of Snow.
 Floccipendo, ere, to set light by.
 Floccipendor, di, to be slighted.
 † Flocco, are, to Snow.
 Flocculus, i, m. a little flock or flake.
 FLOCCUS, i, m. [à Πλόκος] coma plectilis] a flock of Wool, loose Lint. * Flocci facio or pendo, I value not this.
 Flores, cum, f. [a floccus, vel à φλόξ flamma] the Dregs of Wine.
 Flogites, the Herb Mothaullein; also a bright crystal, g.
 † Flomos, i, Torch-herb.
 Flora, a Goddess of the Romans, whom they thought to preside over Flowers; they say she was an Harlot, and having got a great Estate, bequeathed it to the City for the celebrating her Birth-day with Plays called Floralia, or ludi Florales; and in process of time the Senate being ashamed of that Original, made her a Goddess; the Feasts were observed on the four last Days of April, and the first of May.
 Floralia, ium, n. Plays in the Honour of Flora.
 Florālitius, a, um, of these Plays.
 † Florālium, ii, n. a Flower Garden.
 † Florantūm, ii, n. a Garden of sweet Flowers.
 Flōrens, ior, illinus, Flourishing, having Reputation. * Ambo flōrentes ætatibus, both in the Flower of their Age.
 Florentia, the City Florence in Tuscany.
 Florentini, the Inhabitants of Florence.
 Florentiola, the Name of two Towns, one in Tuscany, and another in Gallia Togata.
 Florentinus, a Lawyer, Counsellor to Alexander, Cæsar, and others.
 † Florenus, a Floren, one worth

three Shillings, the other eighteen Pence.
 Flōreo, ere, [à flos] to flourish, blossom, to be famous. * Florere in foro, to be Renowned for his Pleading. * Florere memoriā, to have a good Memory.
 † Flores, is, Fresh, Green, Lusty.
 Floresco, ere, to blossom, grow in Reputation.
 Flōretum, i, n. a Garden.
 Floreus, a, um, of Flowers, flowry.
 Florianus, the Emperor who succeeded Tacitus, grieving that Probus was chosen by the greater part of the Army, opened his own Veins, and bled himself to death.
 Flōricōmus, a, um, set with Flowers, about the head.
 Floridē, adv. Flourishingly.
 Floridulus, a, um, somewhat flourishing.
 Flōridus, a, um, Flourishing, Flowry, Fresh, Lively. * Florida ætas, the Flower of Age. * Floridus orator, an Orator that uses very elegant expressions and phrases.
 Florifer, a, um, bearing Flowers.
 † Florifertum, i, n. a Roman Holiday.
 Flōrilēgus, a, um, [à flos & lego] picking Flowers, squeezing out the juice.
 Florius, a River in Spain called Ars.
 † Floro, are, to set with Flowers.
 † Flōrālentus, a, um, full of Flowers.
 † Florulus, a, um, Flowry.
 † Florus, a, um, flourishing, fresh.
 FLOS, ōris, m. [à Χλῆς herbarum viror] a Flower, the Prime, Beauty, sweet Scent, Virginity, fine Flower. * Flos rosæ, the yellow Seeds of a Rose. * Flos Zachariæ, a blew Bottle. * Flos lactis, Cream. * Flos cervisiæ, Yeast. * Gracis flos, the flourishing Time of that Estate. * Flores adhibere, to use Rhetorical Ornaments. * Flos Italiæ, the Choice of all Italy.
 † Floscellum and flosculum, i, n. a little Flower.
 Flosculus, i, m. a little Flower, Beauty, Ornament of Rhetorick.
 Flotæ, arum, [Πλωταί] Fishes floating on the Water.
 † Flox, ocis, Dregs.
 † Flucti, for fluctus.
 Flucticulus, i, m. [à fluctus] a little Wave.
 Fluctifer, a, um, causing Waves.
 Fluctifragus, a, um, breaking the Waves.
 Fluctisōnus, a, um, sounding or roaring like Waves.
 Fluctivagus, a, um, tossed with the Waves.
 Fluctuabundus, a, um, Tempestuous, Wavering.
 Fluctuans, ntis, floating, doubtful.
 Fluctuatiū, adv. with Billows, Vain-gloriously.
 Fluctuatio, ōnis, f. a swelling with Waves, a rocking upon Waves, uncertainty.
 Fluctuator, ōris, m. a Waverer.
 Fluctuatus, a, um, tossed with Waves.
 Fluctuo, are, to rise in Waves, to rock upon the Waves, be in doubt, be unsettled.
 Fluctuor, ari, to be unsettled.
 Fluctuosē, adv. waveringly.
 Fluctuosus, a, um, full of Billows.
 Fluctus,

Fluctus, ūs, m. [à fluo] a Wave, Surge, Billow, Trouble, Disquietness, violent Assault; and a great Multitude. * **Fluctus fortunæ**, the Unconstancy of Fortune. * In iisdem fluctibus navigant, they are in the same Danger.

Fluens, tis, flowing, spreading, hanging down. * **Morbus fluens**, Infection of the Air. * **Fluentes capilli**, the falling or shedding of Hairs. * **Fluens vestis**, a Train sweeping the Ground. * **Liberè fluens oratio**, an Oration running in a very smooth Style.

Fluenter, adv. flowingly.

Fluentia, æ, f. a flowing.

Fluentia, the City Florence in Tuscany, so beautiful, that the Arch-Duke Charles said, It was fit only to be seen on Holy-days; it was built by Lucius Sylla the Dictator, A. M. 3860.

Fluentini, the People of Florence.

Fluentissimus, a, um, roaring with the Water.

Fluenum, i, n. a Stream.

Fluelco, ere, to begin to flow, melt.

Fluidè, adv. flowingly.

Fluiditas, atis, f. a flowing, wetness.

Fluidus, a, um, flowing, wavering, liquid, weak, falling.

Fluitans, ntis, floating, variable.

* **Fluitantia lora dare**, to give a Horse his Head. * **Fluitans animus**, a fickle Mind.

Fluitantè, adv. waveringly.

Fluitatio, onis, f. a wavering.

Fluito, are, [à fluo] to float, swim, waver, hover, to be unsettled, be fickle.

Flumen, inis, n. a River; also Plenty. * **Flumen ingenii**, a notable Vein of Wit.

Flumentana, a Gate in Rome, called Porto del populo.

Fluminalis fiscina, a Fish-pond of running Water.

Fluminèus, a, um, of a River.

Fluminosus, a, um, full of Rivers.

FLUO, xi, xum [βλω] to flow, to run to Seed, spread, slip, fall out, pass away, decay, flag, hang down.

* **Fluere mollitiâ**, to swim in Pleasure. * **Fluere facetiis**, to be full of jesting. * **Fluunt arma de manibus**, fall out of their Hands. * **Res fluunt ad nostram voluntatem**, things happen according to our desire.

* **Omnia ratio fluit à capite**, all Reason proceeds from the Head.

Fluonia, Juno, whom the Women worshipped, because they thought she stopped their Blood in Conception.

Fluor, ōris, m. a Stream, Issue, Flux.

* **Fluor æris**, the Wind. * **Fluores**, Sparks like precious Stones found in Quarries; also Womens Flowers.

Flustates, a People of Gallia Belgica.

Flustrum, i, n. [à fluo] the full Tide at Sea, a Calm.

Fluta, æ, f. [πλωτή] a Lamprey.

Fluto, are, to float.

Fluvia, æ, f. a River.

Fluvialis, le, of a River.

Fluviaticus, a, um, of a River.

Fluviatilis, le, of the fresh Water.

* **Testudines fluviatiles**, Crawfishes.

Fluviatus, a, um, watered in a River.

* **Cannabis fluviata**, watered Hemp.

Fluvio, are, and or, ari, to abound.

Fluviolus, a, um, flowing much.

Fluvius, ii, m, [à fluo] a River.

* **Fluvius cum mari certas**, you strive with your betters.

Fluxè, adv. abundantly, currently, loosely, carelessly.

Fluxio, ōnis, f. a flowing. * **Fluxio ventris**, a thin scouring or looseness.

* **Fluxio sanguinis**, the bloody Flux.

Fluxiosus, a, um, fluxible, loose, brittle.

Fluxura, æ, f. Lasciviousness.

Fluxurus, a, um, about to flow.

Fluxus, a, um, [of fluo] loose, hanging down, flowing, unstable, transitory. * **Fluxa fide homines**, unconstant Men. * **Fluxum vas**, a leaking Vessel. * **Fluxi homines**, lewd and lascivious Men. * **Fluxa vestimenta**, loose garments hanging to the Ground.

Fluxus, ūs, m. a Flux or Flowing.

F

M

F. M. for fieri mandavit, or factum memoratum.

F. M. I. fati munus implevit.

F

N

FN. for fines.

F. N. for fides nostra.

F. N. C. for fidei nostræ commissum.

F

O

FO. for forum.

Focæle, is, n. [à faux] a Muffler, a Cravat.

Focæle, is, n. [à focus] a Crisping-pin.

Focaneus palmes, a Vine-branch growing out of a forked Bow.

Focaria, æ, f. a Concubine kept in a Chamber, using the same Bed and Board with one, a Kitchen-maid, Fire-pan.

Focaria, a Mountain and Promontory of Umbria.

Focaris, is, m. a Fire-stone.

Focarium, ii, n. an Hearth.

Focarius, a, um, of the Hearth.

* **Focarius panis**, a Cake baked upon the Hearth. * **Focarii servi**, Scullions.

Focarius, ii, m. a Ship-cook.

Foce, an Island in the Ægean Sea.

Focilis, le, nourishable.

Focillatio, ōnis, f. a nourishing, warming.

Focillator, ōris, m. a Cherisher.

Focillatrix, icis, f. she that cherishes.

Focillo, are, [à foveo] to cherish, comfort, warm.

* **Suum quisque commodum focillatur**, Var. every one looks after what brings him in profit.

Focula, ōrum, nourishing Meats.

Foculare, is, n. a Hearth raised for a Baking-pan.

Foculor, ari, to be cherished.

Foculus, i, m. a Chafing-dish, Fire-pan. * **Foculum excitare bucca**, to blow up the Fire with one's Mouth.

Focunates, a People of the Alps.

FocUS, i, m. [à foveo] a Chimney, Hearth, Fire, Family. * **Pro aris**

& **focis pugnare**, to fight for Religion and Liberty. * **Extrudere lignis focum**, to make a Fire.

Fodicatio, onis, f. a digging, boring.

Fodicator, ōris, m. a Digger.

Fodico, are, to dig, or delve, disquiet, vex, spur-gall.

Fodina, æ, f. a Mine or Quarry.

FODIO, ōdi, ōsum, [à φωδεῖς] antrum, vel à βόρρος, fovea] to dig, till, spur, pierce. * **Dolor fodit**, Grief touches me to the quick. * **Ense fodere**, to stab.

Fodior, iri, to be dug.

Fœco, are, to make Dregs or Lees.

Fœcilentia, æ, f. Dregginess.

Fœcundatio, ōnis, f. a making fruitful.

Fœcundator, ōris, m. he that makes fruitful.

Fœcundè, ius, illimè, adv. fruitfully.

Fœcunditas, atis, f. Fruitfulness. * **Fœcunditas animi**, a very large Capacity of Mind, pregnant parts.

Fœcundo, are, to make fruitful.

Fœcundor, ari, to be made fruitful.

Fœcundus, ior, illimus [à fœtus] fruitful. * **Fœcundi calices**, plentiful Cups. * **Fœcundus artifex**, Parafius, full of Craft.

Fœdans, ntis, defiling.

Fœdatio, ōnis, f. a defiling.

Fœdator, ōris, m. a defiler.

Fœdatus, a, um, defiled.

Fœdè, ius, illimè, adv. filthily, foully, shamefully, cruelly.

Fœden, ere, to be foul or filthy.

Fœderatio, ōnis, f. a Confederacy.

Fœderator, ōris, m. a Confederate.

Fœderatus, a, um, bound in a League or Covenant. * **Civitates fœderatæ**, Hanse-towns. * **Fœderati**, the Confederates.

Fœdero, are, [à fœdus] to join in League.

Fœderor, ari, to be in League. * **Fœderari pacem**, to make peace.

Fœdifragus, a, um, [à fœdus & frango] perjurious, truce-breaking.

Fœditas, atis, f. Filthiness, Ill-favouredness, Infamy, Disgrace.

Fœdo, are, to defile, disfigure, lay open any Shame, to tear. * **Fœdare aliquem appellatione**, to give one a sorry Name.

Fœdor, ari, to be defiled.

FOEDUS, ior, illimus [q. fœtidus, vel à φευ, phy!] foul, filthy, ill-favoured, stinking, cruel. * **Fœdum exemplum**, a bad Precedent.

FOEDUS, ēris, n. [à fides] a League or Covenant, a Truce, Treaty, Alliance, a Law.

Fœliciter, as feliciter, &c.

Fœlix, as felix, happy.

Fœmella, æ, [à fœmina] a little Woman.

Fœmellarius, ii, m, a Pander.

Fœmen, inis, n. [à fœtus] the Thigh.

Fœmina, æ, f. [à fœtus] a Woman, Female. * **Porcus fœmina**, a Sow-pig.

Fœminæ, arum, Womens Flowers.

Fœminal, lis, n. female Privities.

Fœminalia, ium, Breeches.

Fœminatus, a, um, weakened.

Fœminella, fœmilla, and fœminula, a poor, weak, small, tender Female.

Fœminæus, a, um, of a Woman or Female.
Fœminus, a, um, of or like a Female, feminine.
† Fœmino, are, to effeminate, to do or make like a Woman.
Fœmoralia, ium, n. Breaches.
Fœnarius, a, um, [à fœnum] of Hay. * **Falces fœnariæ**, Syths.
Fœnebris, e, [à fœnus] of Usury.
Fœneralia, orum, n. the Days that lent Money became due.
† Fœnerarius, a, um, of Usury and Extortion.
Fœneratio, ōnis, f. a lending out of Money upon Use.
Fœneratitius, a, um, employed at Use, or gathered by Use.
Fœnerato, adv. at or with Use.
Fœnerator, ōris, m. an Usurer.
Fœneratorius, a, um, of Usury.
Fœneratrix, icis, f. she that puts to Use.
Fœneratus, a, um, put to Use. * **Fœneratum beneficium**, a good turn repayed double.
Fœneratus, ūs, m. a putting to Use.
Fœnero, are, to put out to Use.
Fœneror, ari, to borrow or take upon Use (joined with an ablative Case and a Preposition) also to lend (with a dative Case.)
† Fœnius, ii, m. one that has no Credit.
† Fœnius, a, um, of Hay.
† Fœnicium, ii, n. a Hay-stack.
Fœniculārium, ii, n. Hay-harvest, a Place where the Army lay.
† Fœniculārius, ii, m. a Hay-maker.
Fœniculum, i, n. [à fœnum] Fennel.
Fœnile, is, n. a Hay-mow or Loft.
Fœniseca, æ, m. a Mower.
Fœnisecium, } ii, n. Hay-time.
Fœnisecium, }
Fœnisector, ōris, a Mower.
Fœnisecus, a, um, cutting of Hay.
† Fœnosus, a, um, full of Hay.
FOENUM, i, n. [à fœtus] Hay. * **Fœnum cœdum**, latter Math. * **Fœnum habet in cornu**, he is a curst one. * **Fœni meta**, a Hay-cock. * **Fœnum furcillis versari**, to make Hay. * **In pyramides extruere**, to cock it.
Fœnum-græcum, Fœnu-greek.
FOENUS, ōris, n. [à fœtus, vel ab ὀφειλῇ, divitiæ] Usury, Interest, Increase. * **Dare fœnori**, to put out to Use. * **Fœnus quater-niscentesimis**, Interest at 48 per Cent.
Fœnusculum, i, n. low Use for a small Sum.
Fœta, æ, f. the Seed of Creatures, a Woman in Child-bed, &c.
Fœtans, ntis, bearing young.
† Fœtatus, a, um, with young.
Fœteo, ere, [à fœtus, vel fœtus] to stink.
† Fœtricina, æ, f. a Privy.
Fœtiditas, atis, f. a stinking.
Fœtidus, a, um, stinking, smelling.
Fœtifer, a, um, [à fœtus & fero] helping Conception, fruitful.
† Fœtificatio, ōnis, f. a bearing.
Fœtifico, are, to bear or bring forth.
Fœtificor, ari, to be brought forth.
Fœtificus, a, um, helping Generation.
† Fœtigo, are, to be with young.

† Fœtis, for fœtibus.
Fœto, are, to bring forth young, to make to stink.
Fœtor, ari, to be brought forth.
Fœtor, ōris, m. [à fœteo] a Stench, Stink, ill-favour.
† Fœtolus, a, um, very Stinking.
Fœtuarius, a, um, fertile, fruitful.
† Fœtuus, a, um, engendered.
† Fœtulentia, æ, f. Filthiness.
Fœtulentus, a, um, stinking.
Fœtuosus, a, um, full of breeding.
Fœtura, æ, f. the bringing forth of young, the Breed, Increase. * **Proxima fœtura**, in the next Impression.
Fœtus, a, um, big with young, full; that has brought forth.
FOETUS, a, um, [à foveo] the young Brood of any thing. * **Animi fœtus**, the Fruits of the Mind. * **Fœtus arboris**, a Sucker. * **Binos fœtus enixa mulier**, one that has Twins. See **tetus**.
Fœtutina, æ, f. a Dunghill.
Folia, a lascivious Woman of Ariminum.
Foliaceus, a, um, [à folium] of or like a Leaf.
Foliatio, ōnis, f. the budding of Leaves.
Foliatum, i, n. Gintment of Spike-nard.
Foliatus, a, um, leafed. * **Foliatum argentum**, Silver-foil.
† Folio, are, to bring forth Leaves.
† Folio-balsamum, i, n, Oyl of Balm.
Foliolum, i, n. a little Leaf.
Folior, ari, to be full of Leaves.
Foliosus, ior, illimus, full of Leaves.
FOLIUM, ii, n. [φύλλον] a Leaf, Blade. * **Foliorum fasciculus**, a Pack of Cards.
Folleo, ere, [à follis] to swell, belly out.
† Follex, icis, a pair of Bellows, the Tunnel of a Chimney.
Follicantes caligæ, Mariners Hose.
Follico, are, [à follis] to puff and blow.
Follicor, ari, to gather wind.
Folliculare, is, n. part of an Oar with a little leather Bag.
Folliculus, i, m. a leather Satchel, a Ball blown with Wind, a soft Husk or Skin, the Body of a Man. * **Folliculi Castoris**, Beaver's Cods.
FOLLIS, is, m. [δύλαξ], vel à fio] a pair of Bellows, a leather Purse, a Balloon, Ball, a Bladder, a Puff, Fool, kind of Coin.
Follitim, adv. Purse by Purse.
Follitus, a, um, covered with Leather.
† Folmin, for fulmen.
† Folus, for holus.
† Fomen, inis, n. a cherishing.
Fomentatio, ōnis, f. a plaistering, assuaging.
Fomentator, ōris, m. an assuager.
Fomentatrix, icis, f. she that assuages.
Fomento, are, to lay on a Poultice or Plaister.
Fomentor, ari, to be cherished, &c.
Fomentum, i, n. [à foveo] a Poultice or Plaister. * **Fomenta dolorum**, the assuagings of Grief.
Fômes, itis, m. [à foveo] Tinder, Fuel, Matches, Tough-wood, a Motive.
FONS, ntis, m. [à fundo] a Fountain, Spring, Well-head, the Head or Root of a Matter, a Pail or Pit-

cher. * **Fons mæroris**, the Cause of Grief.
Fons-solis, a Spring in Libya desert, cold by Day, and hot at Night.
Fons Brigidæ, Bridewell in London.
Fons Charus, Sherborn in Dorset-shire.
Fontalis, le, [à fons] of a Fountain. * **Fontalis herba**, Pond-weed.
Fontanalia, see **Fontinalia**.
Fontanella, æ, f. an Issue in the Body.
Fontanus, a, um, of a Spring or Fountain.
Fonteia, a Vestal Virgin, Sister of Marcus Fonteius.
Fontes Aponi, famous Baths near Padua.
Fonticulus, i, m. a little Spring.
Fontigena, æ, c. growing about Springs.
Fontinalia, ium, n. solemn Feasts about the Springs and Wells by crowning them.
Fontinalis, le, of Springs.
Fontinalis, one of the Gates of Rome, called also **Carpæna**.
For, see **faris**.
Fôrabilis, le, which may be pierced.
† Fôrâulum, i, n. a Piercer.
Fôrâgo, inis, f. [à foro] a Skin of Tarn.
† Fôrâlis, le, of the Judgment-hall.
Fôrâmen, inis, n. a Hole.
† Fôrâminatus, a, um, made hollow.
Fôrâmino, are, to bore Holes.
† Fôrâminosus, a, um, full of Holes.
† Fôrâneus, ei, m. he that keeps the Court or Market.
† Forarca, foratis, and foratica, æ, f. a Market-roman.
Foras, adv. [à fores] abroad. * **Ite foras**, to go out of doors. * **Foras locitare**, to let a thing out to a Stranger.
† Forasticus, a, um, and foraticus, abroad.
Fôratio, ōnis, f. a boring.
Fôrator, ōris, m. a borer.
Fôratus, ūs, m. a boring, pitting.
Fôratus, a, um, pierced.
† Foratus, for furatus.
† Forbea, a kind of Meat eaten hot.
FORCEPS, ipis, m. and f. [à ferum vel forum & capio] a pair of Tongs or Pincers, a Prison. * **Forcipes**, um, the cross Bones of the Temples compassing the Ears, Claws of a Fish.
† Forcillo, are, to de-rave or de-fame.
Forcipatus, a, um, [à forceps] bending like Hooks.
† Forcipula, æ, f. little Pincers.
† Forco, ōnis, a Haggess or Hagg-pudding.
Forculus, i, m. a God supposed to preside over Doors.
FORDA, æ, f. [à fero] a Cow with Calf.
Fordeum, for hordeum, Barley.
Fordicidia, Roman Feasts, on which they sacrificed Cows with Calf on the Seventeenth of the Calends of March.
Fôre, or futurum esse [à forem] to be hereafter.
† Forefacio, ere, to forfeit.
Forem, [φω, nascor] I might or should be.
Forensia, ium, long Garments worn in the Markets or Judgment-hall. **Fô-**

- Forēsis**, e, [a forum] of the court.
***Causæ forenses**, *Law-cases*. ***Forēsis rhetorica**, complete knavery.
Forēs, ium, f. [a foris] a door with leaves.
Foretani, and Foretii, a People of Italy.
FORFEX, icis, f. [a ferrum & facio] a pair of Cisers or Sheers; also the ordering of an Army in that form.
Forficula, æ, f. [a forfex] a little pair of Cisers, an Earwig, a lobster's claw.
Fori, orum, m. [a foris] the batches of a ship, scaffolds or galleries, pews in the Churches, and garden-alleys.
Forium, orum, n. [Φορ] thin Excrement.
FORICA, æ, f. [a Φόπος podex] a Privy-house.
Foricarius, ii, m. a cleanser of Privies or Vaults.
Foricula, æ, f. [a foris] a little Door or Wicket.
Forculus, the beathen God of doors.
Forinsecus, adv. from Abroad.
***Forio**, ire, to empty the Belly.
Foriolus, i, m. [a foria] he that bath a Loofens.
FORIS, is, f. [Φορ] a Door. ***Aperire foras amicitia**, to begin friendship.
Foris, adv. Abroad, without Doors, Beside the matter. ***Foris sapere**, to be wise in other mens Affairs.
FORMA, æ, f. [Μορφή] a Form, Fashion, Shape, Image, Idea, Beauty, Last, Mould, Pattern, Conduit, cheese-vit, stamp or coin, a main piece of timber. ***Forma ingenii**, the dress of wit. ***Omnes scelerum comprehendere formas**, to comprehend all the different sorts of Faults.
Formabilis, le, which may be formed.
***Formaceus**, a, um, made of clay.
Formalis, le, Formal, of a Form.
***Formalis epistola**, a Letter written in the common way.
Formalitas, atis, f. Formality.
Formaliter, adv. Formally.
Formamenta, orum, Moulds, Patterns.
***Formastra**, æ, f. a Kneading-tough.
***Formata**, æ, f. the chapter of a Pillar; also a publick Letter.
Formatio, ōnis, f. a Fashioning.
Formator, ōris, m. a Fashioner, Moulder.
Formatrix, icis, f. she that Forms.
***Formatum**, formatum, or formacium, ii, a Mud-wall.
Formatura, æ, f. a Fashioning.
Formatus, a, um, formed.
Formella, æ, f. [a formula] a little Form, cheese, &c.
Formia, a city of Campania by the Sea.
FORMICA, æ, f. [Μύρμηξ] an Emmet, Ant. ***Formicæ Indicæ**, like burned Cats, which dig up gold, and watch it carefully.
Formicane, ntis, going like a Pismire. ***Pulsus formicans**, a slack and weak Pulse.
***Formicarium**, ii, n. an Ant-hill.
Formicatio, ōnis, f. a pricking in the body like the stinging of Ants.
Formicetum, i, n. an Ant-hill.
Formicianus, a, um, of or like an Ant. ***Mover formicinum gradum**, be first a pace but makes no haste.
Formico, are, to blister or rise in pimples.
***Formicoleon**, a little Beast eating Pismires.
Formicōsus, a, um, full of Emmets.
***Formicula**, æ, f. the little Emmet.
Formidabilis, le, terrible.
Formidamina, num, fearful sights about tombs.
Formidans, ntis, Fearing.
Formidatio, ōnis, f. a Fearing.
Formidator, ōris, m. he that Fears.
Formidatrix, icis, f. she that Fears.
Formidatus, a, um, Feared.
Formido, are, to Fear. ***Formidat auro**, he looks warily to his Money.
FORMIDO, inis, f. [a formus] Fear, Dread, a Scare-crow.
Formidolose, adv. Fearfully.
***Formidolositas**, atis, f. Fearfulness.
Formidolōsus, a, um, ior, ilimus, Fearful, Terrible, Timorous Feared.
***Formidus**, a, um, Hot.
***Formilēga**, f. an Emmet.
Formio, ōnis, f. [Φορμός] a Mat or Coffin, a Wicker-basket.
Formio, the River Risano in Istria.
***Formipedia**, æ, f. a Shoe-makers List.
***Formis**, e, Beautiful.
***Formiter**, Formally.
Formo, are, [a forma] to Form, Fashion, Shape, Mould, Pronounce.
***Gaudia formare tacita mente**, to imagine joy to himself. ***Formare juventutem**, to instruct young men. ***Formare epistolas alieno ingenio**, to imploy other Men to write Letters for one.
Formor, ari, to be Formed.
***Formos**, Heat or Fire.
Formose, adv. Beautifully.
Formositas, atis, f. Beautifulness.
Formosus, a, um, ior, ilimus, Beautiful.
Formosus, the Hundred and ninth Bishop of Rome, A. D. 892.
Formula, æ, f. [a forma] a Bill or Bond, manner or fashion, a postscript, Form, copy or last. ***Formulā cadere or excidere**, to be non-suited through an error in a bill.
Formulārius, ii, m. an Attorney, Solicitor.
***Formus**, a, um, warm, hot.
Fornacalia, orum, n. Bakers-boly-days.
Fornacarius, ii, m. [a fornax] a Baker.
Fornaceus, a, um, of or like a Furnace or Oven.
***Fornacio**, ire, to make a Furnace.
***Fornacitus**, a, um, Baked in an Oven.
Fornacula, æ, f. a small Furnace.
Fornax, acis, f. [a fornus] a Furnace or Kiln.
***Fornicāles**, ium, m. a pair of Smiths Tongs.
Fornicālia, sacrifices to the Goddess Fornax in the Bake-houses.
Fornicaria, æ, f. a Harlot.
Fornicarius, a, um, [a fornix] of a Furnace, Kiln, Stews.
Fornicarius, ii, m. he that keeps a stall under a publick Arch.
Fornicatio, ōnis, f. a Vaulting or haunting of Stews.
Fornicator, ōris, m. a Fornicator; also as Fornicarius.
***Fornicatorius**, a, um, of Fornication.
Fornicatrix, icis, f. a Harlot.
Fornicatus, a, um, Arched.
Fornicatus, ūs, m. Fornication.
Fornico, are, to Vault or make Arch-wise.
Fornicor, ari, to haunt stews.
Fornix, icis, m. [a fornus] an Arch, Vault, Stew. ***Fornices**, Arches of triumph.
***Fornus**, a, um, Hot.
FORKO, are, [a ῥόπος meatus] to bore or pierce.
Forcappi, a People of Italy; the Town is called Forum Appii.
Foroaugustana, a city in Spain.
Forobrenitani, a people of Umbria.
Foroneronenses, the people of forum Neronis.
Foreneus, a, um, Ancient.
Foror, ari, to be pierced.
FORPEX, icis, m. [a ferrum & pilus] Barbers Cisers, Nippers.
Forpicula, æ, f. little Cisers.
FORS, tis, f. [a fero vel Heb. Pur fors] Hap, Hazard, Luck. ***Fors fortuna**, good fortune unlook'd for. ***Forte fortuna**, luckily. ***Fors viderit**, let it chance as it will.
Fors, adv. by chance.
Forsan, } adv. perhaps.
Forfit, }
Foritan, }
Fortalitium, ii, n. [a fortis] a fort, sconce.
Fortasse, } adv. [a fors] per-
Fortassean, } adventure, per-
Fortassis, } baps.
***Forax**, the bottom of a Furnace.
Fortē, } adv. by chance, happi-
Fortean, } ly.
***Fortesco**, ere, to grow strong.
***Fortex**, the white beneath a Rose-leaf.
Forticulus, a, um, [a fortis] stout.
Fortificatio, ōnis, f. a fortifying.
Fortificator, ōris, m. a fortifier.
Fortifico, are, to strengthen.
Fortificor, ari, to be fortified.
***Fortim**, for furtim.
FORTIS, e, ior, ilimus, [a fero vel ferrum] Strong, Stout, Valiant, Able, Wealthy, constant, durable, swift. ***Fortis incidit in fortioem**, he basmet with bismatch.
Fortiter, in, iline, adv. stoutly, courageously.
Fortitudo, inis, f. courage, strength.
Fortuito, } adv. Accidentally, ca-
Fortuito, } sually.
Fortuitus, a, um, casual. ***Fortuita sanguinis profusio**, bleeding of it self. ***Fortuita oratio**, an extemporary speech.
Fortuna, æ, f. [a fors] Fortune, chance, luck, estate. ***Fortuna**, Wealth. ***Fortuna fortunata**, prosperity.
Fors-tortuna, Hap hazard.
Fortunata, the Goddess Fortune.
Fortunata Insulæ, seven African Islands, called also the Canaries.
Fortūnate, adv. happily, luckily.
Fortūnatio, ōnis, f. a prospering.
Fortūnator, ōris, m. a prosperer.
Fortūnatus, a, um, Fortunate, lucky.
Fortūnium, ii, n. good luck.
Fortūno, are, to prosper one.
Fortūnor, ari, to be prospered.
Forūla, æ, f. [a foris] a little door or wicket.
Foruli, a Town of the Sabines, situated in a stony place, which made Strabo say, 'twas fitter for rebellion than living.

F
Forūli, orum, m. [à fori] *Hutches* wherein Books were kept, cases or shelves; also long narrow Furrows.
Forulus, i, m. a pen-sheath.
FORUM, i, n. [fōpō, a fero] a Market place, the Exchange, a court of Justice, or pleading place.
 * Forum piscatorium, a fish market. * Uti foro, to be a good market man. * Foro cedere, to be a Bankrupt. * Attingere forum, to follow pleading, be licentiate.
Forum Allieni, a city of Gallia Cisalpina.
Forum Bibalorum, a city in Spain.
Forum Cassi, the city Vittralla in Tuscany.
Forum cellæ, the Town Forcelle in Tuscany.
Forum Claudii, the city Farentosa in Savoy.
Forum Clodii, the City Tolfa Nova in Tuscany.
Forum Cornelii, the city Imola in Gallia Togata.
Forum Decii, a Town of the Sabines.
Forum Diuguntorum, the Town Crema in Lombardy.
Forum Egurrorum, the city Medida del Rio Secco in Spain.
Forum Flamini, a city of Umbria.
Forum Fluvii, Valenza in Lombardy.
Forum Gallorum, a city of Spain.
Forum Julii, or Julii. Friuli in Italy, and other places.
Forum Limicorum, a city in Spain.
Forum Livii, the city Forli in Gallia Togata.
Forum Narbatorum, the Town Arvas in Spain.
Forum Neronis, a city in Gallia Narbonensis.
Forum Novum, a City of the Sabines.
Forum Popilii, the City Forlimpopoli in Italy.
Forum Segusianorum, a Town of Gallia Lugdunensis.
Forum Sempronii, a city of Umbria.
Forum Tiberii, a city of Helvetia.
Forum Trajani, a city in Sardinia.
Forum Truentinorum, the city Prentinore in Italy.
Forum Vibii, the city Bibiena in Gallia Transpadana.
Forum Vocontii, or Vocontii, a Town of Gallia Narbonensis.
Forum Vulcani, or campani Phlegrei, a place in Campania, within two miles of Naples, called la Solfatara, continually casting out fire and sulphur.
Forus, i, the Deck of a ship. See Fori.
 † Forvus, a, um, Hot.
Fosi, a people of Germany.
Fossa, æ, f. [à fodio] a Ditch, Trench, Mote. * Fossam ducere, to cast up a Trench.
Fossa Corbulonis, the River Leck in Holland.
Fossa Drusianæ, the River Yssel in Gelderland.
Fossa marianæ, a city of Gallia Narbonensis, called Angers Morte.
Fossa Neris, a Trench which Nero endeavoured to draw from the Lake Avernus to Hestia.
Fossa Pagrianæ, a city of Tuscany.
Fossarius, ii, m. a Ditcher.

F
Fossata, æ, f. a Water Furrow.
 † Fossator, oris, m. a Ditcher.
Fossatum, i, n. a place intrenched.
Fossilis, e, Dug out of the ground.
Fossio, ōnis, t. a digging or ditching.
Fossitius, a, um, which may be Dug.
 † Fossitia nigra, Sea coal.
 † Fosso, are, to Dig, Delve.
Fossor, ōris, m. a Digger, Ditcher, Miner.
Fossorius, a, um, which is dug.
Fossula, æ, f. [à fossa] a little ditch.
Fossura, æ, f. a digging up.
Fossus, a, um, [of fodior] digged.
 † Fostia, for Hostia.
 † Fōtio, ōnis, f. a cherishing.
 † Fōtura, æ, f. a nourishing.
Fōtus, a, um, [of foveor] cherished.
Fōtus, ūs, m. a Cherishing, Fomentation.
Fovea, æ, f. [à fodio] a Pitfall, Cave.
FOVEO, ōvi, ōtum, [à foveo] to cherish, hug, supple, keep warm, embrace, favour. * Castra fovere, to keep close within the works. * Fovere vulnus aqua & oleo, to bath a wound with Water and Oil.
Foveor, eri, to be cherished, &c.
 † Fōveola, æ, f. a sore in the black of the eye.
F. P. for fidei promissor, fides promissa fama or forma publica.
F. P. P. R. for forum populi Romani.

F

R

F R. for frater, fronte or forum.
F. K. for Forum Romanum or finium regundorum.
 † Fracellum, i, n. a Mortar for Spice.
Fraceo, ere, [à fraces] to turn to clots with standing, putrifie.
Fraces, ium, f. the Lees of oil. See Frax.
Fracide, adv. Rottenly.
Fracesco, ere, to grow rotten or mouldy.
Fracidus, a, um, clotty as oil, mouldy.
 † Fractilis, le, Frail, Brittle.
 † Fractillum, i, n. a Spice, mortar.
Fractio, ōnis, f. a Fraction, Breaking.
Fractura, æ, f. a Breaking, Bursting.
Fractus, a, um, [of frangor] Broken. * Fractus animo, quite discouraged. * Fracta spes est, there is no hopes left.
 † Frænarius, a, um, of a Bridle.
 † Frænarius, ii, m. a Lorimer, Saddler.
Frænatio, ōnis, f. a Bridling.
Frænator, ōris, m. a Bridler, Curber.
Frænatrix, icis, f. she that Bridles.
Frænatus, a, um, Bridled, curbed.
Frænigermus, a, um, bearing a Bridle. * Frænigera ala, a Squadron of Horse.
Fræno, are, to bridle, curb, check.
Frænor, ari, to be bridled.
FRÆNUM, i, n. pl. i vel à [Kαλός, vela ferrum, &c.] a Bridle or Bit. * Frænos injicere alicui, to stop one, keep one back. * Morde frænum, to get the bit between his teeth, run away with one.
Fragaria, æ, f. [à fragum] a Strawberry-bush.
 † Frageo, and fragesco, ere, to be broken or brittle.
Fragilis, le, [à frango] ense to be

Broken, Brittle, Crazy, Crackling, Frail.
Fragilitas, atis, f. Frailty.
 † Fragiliter, Weakly, crassly.
 † Frigidites, the 12 Great Veins on each side of the cheek.
 † Fragium, ii, n. a breaking.
Fragmen, inis, a Piece, Fragment.
Fragmentum, i, n. a Piece, Fragment.
Frago, to break. See Frango.
Fragor, ōris, m. a crack, crashing noise, loud shoot.
Fragorè, inis, issimè, adv. with a loud crack.
Fragorèsus, ior, issimus, broken, uneven, craggy. * Fragosa oratio, an oration written in a rough stile.
Fragrans, ntis, smelling sweet.
Fragranto, adv. fragrantly.
Fragrantia, æ, f. a smelling sweet.
 † Fragraeco, ere, to grow sweet.
FRAGRO, are, [à frango] to grow sweet.
 † Fragula, æ, f. a strawberry-bush.
FRAGRUM, i, n. [à frago, vel à Paylor acinulus] a strawberry.
 † Fragus, i, the strawberry bush, also the Knee and the bowing of it.
FRAMEA, æ, f. [à Poppeia] a Halberd, Partisan.
 † Framen, inis, n. the strawberry root.
Francfordia, Francfort in Germany.
Franci, the people of Franconia in Germany; also the French.
Francia, the country of France.
 † Francisco, are, to speak French.
Franciscus, a King of France, A.D. 1515. also the Father of the Franciscans canonized by Pope Gregory, 1228. and other Men.
Francofurtum, the city Frankfurt in Germany.
Franconia, an Eastern Country of Germany called Frankland.
Francus, the son of Hector, who reigned among the Celts, after the destruction of Troy.
 † Frangibilis, le, which may be broken.
 † Frangibilitas, atis, f. Frangibility, breakableness.
 † Frangibiliter, brittlely, crazily.
 † Frangibula, æ, f. a cracker.
 † Frangibulum, a Bakers brake.
FRANGO, ēgi, actum, [à frangere] to Break, Overcome, Destroy, Seducer, Transgress, Alloy, Confound, crack. * Frangere diem, to waste time of employment. * Molis frangere, to grind. * Comam in gradus frangere, to curl the hair.
 † Frangula, æ, f. an Alder-tree, Frick-mood.
Fratellus, i, m. a little brother.
FRATER, ris, m. [à φάρατρα] a Brother, confederate, Frier. * Frater Germanus, a brother by Father and Mother. * Frater uterinus, by the Mother. * Frater geminus, a twin.
 † Fraterculo, are, to have the pig grow big.
Graterculus, i, m. a young or little Brother.
Frateris, a city of Dacia called Bross and Zazara.
 † Fraternitas, le, Brotherly.
 † Fraternitas, atis, f. Brotherhood.
Fraternè, adv. after the manner of Brethren.
Fraternitas, atis, f. Brotherhood.

Fraternus, a, um, Brotherly.
 † Fratrilli, or Fractilli, the bottom
 of the Tapistry, the Nap of cloth.
 Fratillum, i, n. the Mustiness of a
 dunghill.
 Fratria, æ, f. [à frater] a Brothers
 wife; also a Fraternity or company.
 Fratricida, æ, c. [à cado] he that
 kills his Brother.
 Fratricidium, ii, n. the killing of a
 Brother.
 Fratrimonium, ii, n. an Estate
 coming by a brother.
 Fratrinus, i, m. a Brothers son.
 † Fratrio, are, to act like a brother.
 † Fratrilla, æ, f. a Brothers wife.
 † Fratro, are, to have the breasts
 grow big.
 † Fratrucles, ium, brothers children.
 † Fratrus, i, m. a Brothers son.
 Fratructium, a Town of Apulia
 Peuceria called Terza.
 Fraudatio, ònis, f. a Defrauding.
 Fraudator, òris, m. a Deceiver.
 † Fraudatòrius, a, um, Beguiling.
 Fraudatrix, icis, f. she that beguiles.
 Fraudatus, a, um, Deceived, beguiled.
 Frudo, are, [à frans] to Defraud,
 Wrong, Beguile, Keep back ones
 due, deprive of. * Fraudare ge-
 nium, to be indebted to ones belly.
 * Fraudare se visu suo, to scarce
 afford himself victuals.
 † Fraudula, æ, f. a kind of Bird.
 Fraudulenter, adv. Deceitfully.
 Fraudulentia, æ, f. Deceitfulness.
 Fraudulentus, a, um, Deceitful.
 † Fraudulòsus, a, um, full of craft.
 FRAUS, audis f. [ἔρως, vel a
 fero] Deceit, Design, prejudice,
 Damage, Danger, Premunire.
 * Fraudem facere legi, to delude
 the Law * Ne ea res mihi sit
 fraudi, that it may not prove to
 my Damage or Disadvantage.
 * Fraude peculatus carere, to be
 found not guilty of robbing the
 Exchequer.
 † Frausus, a, um, having deceived.
 FRAX, acis, f. [ῥαξ, vel à 'Pax
 acinus] Mother, Lees
 † Fraxatio, ònis, f. a walking the
 Rounds.
 † Fraxator, oris, m. he that goes
 the Rounds.
 † Fraxillus, i, m. a pepper-mill, or
 Mustard-mill.
 Fraxinella, æ, f. [à fraxinus]
 Bassard-dainty.
 Fraxinetum, i, n. a grove of Ashes.
 Fraxinetum, the Town Fraximel in
 Liguria by the River Po.
 Fraxinum, the Town Fresno in
 Spain; also a Town in Portugal.
 FRAXINUS, i, f. [à frango vel
 ab Heb. Bero'sh abies] an Ash-tree.
 * Fraxinus bubula, or silvestris,
 Wild-Ash.
 Fraxinus, 2 Ashen, of
 Fraxineus, a, um, 3 Ash.
 † Fraxo, are, to go the Rounds,
 view the watch.
 Fredericus Enobarbus, an Empe-
 ror who went to the expedition of
 Jerusalem, and having taken some
 Towns in Armenia died in passing
 a River.
 Fregella, or -æ, a City in Italy.
 Fregellani, the people of Fregella.
 Fregellana vitis, a Vine that grows
 at Fregella.
 Fregenzæ, a Town in Tuscany.
 Freginates, a people of Italy.
 Frēmēbundus, a, um, raging, roaring

Frēmēns, ntis, Raging.
 Fremetco, ere, to begin to Rage
 Frēmētus, ūs, m. a Roaring, Ra-
 ging, a great shout; also fretting
 * Fremitus equorum, a neighing.
 * Fremitus secundus, a humming
 noise of good liking.
 † Fremius, i, m. [for fremitus]
 a fighting.
 FRĒMO, ui. Itum, [Βρυάω] to
 Roar, cry out, Rage, Murnur,
 Bray. * Fremit ereptum sibi
 consilium, he is sorely grieved
 that, &c.
 Frēmōr, òris, m. a Roaring.
 Friendens, ntis, Gnashing. * Frēn-
 dens dolor, Grief causing gnashing
 of the teeth.
 Frendeo, ere, [a fremo] to gnash or
 grind the Teeth, grun' or groan.
 † Frēnigerus, a, um, having a bridle
 Frentani, and Ferentani, a people
 of Italy.
 † Frenusculus, a sore about the
 mouth.
 FRĒQUENS, ior, i timus, [q. se-
 re cogens vel ab ἔρως adre-
 po, vel a ῥαξ, amio] Fre-
 quent, coming often, standing thick,
 common, well stored. * Frequen-
 tes fuimus ad ducentos, we were
 two hundred strong. * Belluis fre-
 quens, full of wild Beasts * Se-
 cretis frequens, often called to
 Council. * Venio in senatum
 frequens, I am often at the Par-
 liament-house.
 Frequentāmen, inis, n. a Frequen-
 ting.
 Frequentāmentum, i, n. a Divisi-
 on, a Warbling upon strings.
 † Frequentārius, a, um, Frequent.
 Frequentatio, ònis, f. a Resorting,
 setting close and thick. * Fre-
 quentatio verborum, the using or
 repeating the same words.
 Frequentatīvus, a, um, doing often
 Frequentatō, adv. often, frequently.
 Frequentator, oris, m. a Resorter.
 Frequentatrix, icis, f. she that
 frequents.
 Frequentatus, a, um, Frequented,
 used.
 Frequenter, inis, i timē, adv.
 oftentimes.
 Frequentia, æ, f. a Resort of people.
 † Frequentidicus, i, m. a prater.
 Frequento, are, [a frequens] to
 Frequent, Repeat, Visit, Resort un-
 to, draw together, extol. * Fre-
 quentare aliquem, to make often
 mention of any one. * Solitudi-
 nem alicujus loci frequentare, to
 people a place that was without in-
 habitants * Frequentare aliquid
 variis nominibus, to call a thing
 by several names. * Frequentare
 commercium literarum, to write
 Letters often.
 Frequentor, ari, to be Frequented,
 peopled, pestered.
 Fressus, or Fressus, a, um, [of fren-
 deo] Bruised, broken shaled.
 Frētū, le, of a narrow sea.
 FRĒTUM, i, n. [à fremo vel fer-
 veo] a narrow sea, stright, sound
 or Arm of the Sea.
 Fretum Britannicum, gallicum, or
 morinum, the Channel or Stright
 of Calis, the Sleeve
 Frētū, a, um, [a se veo vel fruor]
 relying upon
 Friabilis, le, which may be crum-
 bled.

Frātī, ònis, f. a crumbling.
 Friburgum, two cities, one in Swit-
 zerland and another of Germany,
 the seat of the bishop of Basil.
 † Fribusculum, Frigusculum, a
 frivolous slight separation of a man
 and wife for a season.
 Frictio, ònis, f. a rubbing, chafing.
 Frictor, òris, m. a Rubber.
 Frictrix, icis, f. she that Rubs.
 * Frictura, æ, f. a Rubbing.
 Frictus, a, um, Rubbed.
 † Fricillum, i, n. a Dunghill, or
 little bit of Dung.
 FRICO, ui, and avi, sum, and
 atum, [ῥιψ, vel ab heb. Pur
 d'rumpi] to rub, chafe, fret.
 Frictor, ari, to be Rubbed.
 Frictio, ònis, f. a chafing, rubbing.
 † Frictorium, ii, n. a Frying-p. n.
 Frictices, Women using unnatural
 lust.
 * Frictura, æ, a Frying.
 Frictus, ūs, m. a frying and rubbing
 Frictus, a, um, [of frigor] Fayed,
 parched.
 Frictus, a, um, [of frictor] Rubbed,
 chafed.
 Fredericus, the Name of several
 Men and Emperours.
 Frigidarius, a King of the Goths.
 † Frigecies, ei, f. cold.
 Frigēdo, inis, f. [a frigeo] coldness
 Frigefacio, ere, to cool or make cold.
 Frigefactio, ònis, f. cooling
 Frigefacto, are, to make very cool.
 Frigefactor, òris, m. he that cools.
 Frigefactor, ari, to be made very
 cold.
 Frigēfio, ieri, to be cold.
 Frigens, ntis, Cold, Fearful, Dead.
 FRIGEO, ere, [ῥιγ, ε] to be cold
 or unactive, freeze.
 Frigēratio, ònis, f. a cooling.
 Frigērator, òris, m. he that cools.
 Frigēratorium, ii, n. a cooling-house.
 † Frigēror, ari, to be cold.
 Frigescō, ere, to wax cold, go slowly
 on. * Frigescit it is cold.
 Frigida, æ, f. cold water.
 Frigidarium, ii, n. a cold bath.
 Frigidarius, a, um, of cooling cold.
 Frigidē, inis, i timē, adv. coldly.
 Frigiditas, atis, f. coldness.
 Frigidiusculē, adv. somewhat coldly.
 Frigidiusculus, a, um, somewhat
 cold.
 † Frigidō are, Frigideo, and esco-
 ere, to cool or be cold.
 Frigidūle, adv. chilly.
 Frigidulus, a, um, chill.
 Frigidus, a, um, ior, i timus, [a
 frigeo] cold, unactive, dangerous,
 Feeble, Foolish, Dead. * Frigidæ
 mensæ, the Roman Antepast of
 cold meats.
 Frigidus, a River of the Japodes,
 between Aquitæ and Æmonia,
 where Theodosius vanquished the
 Tyrant Eugenius; also a River in
 Tuscany called Fredo.
 FRIGILLA, æ, f. [a sono] a
 chaffinch.
 Frigillago, inis, f. the great Tit-
 mouse.
 Frigillarius, ii, m. a sparrow-hawk.
 FRIGO, x, sum, [ῥιγ, ε] to Fry
 or parch.
 Frigor, òris, m. coldness.
 Frigorificus, a, um, procuring
 cold, refreshing.
 † Frigilo, are, to chatter like a Jay.
 FRIGUS, òris, n. [ῥιγ, ε] cold,
 frost, a falling out of levers, a be-
 ing

- ing put out, a Blew come off, Fear.
 Death. * Frigore ferire, to kill
 Friguscūlum, i, n. a little Cold.
 Frigūtio, ire, to Quake for Cold.
 Prattle.
FRINGILLA, æ, f. [a sono] a
 Chaffinch.
 Fringillāgo, inis, f. the great Tit-
 moise.
 Fringillarius, as fringillarius.
 Fringultio, ire, to quaver, Speak
 sobbingly, Mutter.
 Frio, are, [Opau] to Crumble.
 † Frischinga, æ, f. a great Porket
 or Hog.
 Frisaboner, a People of Germany.
 Frisii, a People of Germany.
 Frisinga, a City of Vindelicia in
 Bavaria.
 Frit, n. ind. [a far vel frio] the
 Top of a Corn-ear.
 Fritilla, æ, f. [a frit] a kind of
 Pulse and Gruel.
 † Fritillum, i, n. a Mortar.
FRITILLUS, i, m. [a sono] a
 Dice box.
 † Fritillaria, æ, the herb fritillary.
FRITINNIO, ire, [a sono] to cry
 like a swallow.
 † Friviculum, i, n. a small cold.
 Frivōla, orum, n. Lumber, Bag-
 gage, Trumpery.
 Frivōlarius, a, um, of or for Lum-
 ber, &c.
 Frivōlarius, ii, m. a Pedlar, Broker.
FRIVOLUS, a, um, [Φαυρος]
 Frivolous, slight, of no Value.
 Frixā, Fryed fish or flesh, [sc. caro].
 † Frixo, are, to Fry.
 Frixōrium, ii, n. a Frying-pan.
 Frixūra, æ, f. a Frying.
 Frixus, a, um, [of frigor] Fried.
 Fro, the Name of a Saxon God.
 Fromus, the River Frome in Glou-
 cestershire and Dorsetshire.
 Frondārius, a, um, of Leaves.
 Frondātio, ōnis, f. a Lopping, Brow-
 sing.
 Frondātor, ōris, m. a Woodman, a
 Feller of Timber.
 † Frondātus, a, um, Leaved.
 Frondens, ntis, bearing Leaves.
 Frondeo, ere, [a frons] to have
 Leaves.
 Frondesco, ere, to shoot forth Leaves.
 Frondeus, a, um, Leafy.
 † Frondicūla, æ, f. a little Branch.
 Frondifer, a, um, Leaf bearing.
 † Frondis, a Leaf or Branch.
 Frondo, are, to Lop, Cut off.
 Frondor, ari, to be Lopped.
 † Frondositas, atis, Leafiness.
 Frondōsus, a, um, full of Leaves.
FRONS, nde, f. [a fero vel Bpua
 pullulo] a Leaf or Branch. * Fron-
 des vesca, brose.
FRONS, ntis, f. [ab ὄψος su-
 peroilium, vel a ὀψος cogita-
 tio] the Forehead, Front, Look,
 Modesty, Severity, Frontispiece.
 * In fronte, in breadth. * Fron-
 tem perficit, he is shameless.
 * Frontem capere, to frown.
 * Explicare frontem, to be mer-
 ry. * Frons literatus, Stigma-
 tized.
 Frontāle, is, n. a Frontlet, Head-
 stall, Fore-head-cloth.
 Frontātus, a, um, set in the Front
 or Outside.
 † Fronticūla, æ, f. a little Fore-
 head.
 Frontinus, one that wrote of Mili-
 tary Discipline.
- Frontispiciūm**, ii, n. [a frons &
 specio] the Forefront, Outside,
 Frontispiece.
 Frontitērium, ii, n. a Cloister,
 with g.
 Fronto, ōnis, one with a broad Fore-
 head.
 Fronto, an Orator and Philosopher
 who taught M. Antonius, who lo-
 ved him so well that he got the Se-
 nate to erect him a Monument.
 † Frontōsus, a, um, Impudent, begb
 Fore-headed.
 † Frox, oris, a green Leaf.
 † Frucellum, i, n. a Bag or Coffin.
 † Frucem, for frugem.
 Fructifer, a, um, [a fructus & fe-
 ro] Fruit bearing.
 Fructifico, are, to make or be Fruit-
 ful, to Fructify.
 † Fructificus, a, um, bearing fruit
 or profit.
 Fructuārium, ii, n. a Vine branch
 bearing fruit.
 Fructuārius, a, um, of bearing fruit,
 one that receives the fruit of.
 Fructuōse, inis, issimē, Fruitfully.
 † Fructuōsitas, atis, f. Fruitfulness.
 Fructuōsus, a, um, Fruitful, Pro-
 fitable.
 Fructus, a, um, [of fruor] having
 Enjoyed.
 Fructus, ūs, m. Fruit, Profit, Reve-
 nue, Rent, Income, Meat, Use.
 Fruendus, a, um, to be Enjoyed.
 * Justitiæ fruendæ causā, to have
 justice.
 Frūgālis, ior, issimus, [a frugi]
 Thrifty, Sober, Mean, Timely.
 Frūgālitās, atis, f. Frugality, Thrif-
 tiness.
 Frūgāliter, adv. Thriftily.
 † Frūgāmentum, i, n. Corn business.
 Frugēria, æ, the Goddess of Corn.
FRUGES, is, f. [a φρυγῶ torreo]
 all kind of Fruit, especially Corn.
 * Recipere se ad frugem bonam,
 to take to good courses.
 † Frūgesco, ere, to be Fruitful.
 Frūgi, Thrifty, a good husband, Tem-
 perate. * Frugi ædificium, a small
 and convenient dwelling house.
 Frūgifer, a, um, Profitable, bearing
 fruit.
 † Frugiferens, ntis, bearing Fruit.
 † Frugifero, are, to bear fruit.
 Frugilēgus, a, um, Corn-gathering.
 Frugiperda, æ, f. a Spoil fruit, False
 Knave, Corn-devourer, that does not
 deserve the Bread he eats.
 Frugipēta, æ, f. a kind of Pigeon.
 Frugivōrus, a, um, devouring Fruit.
 † Frūgo, are, to gather Fruit.
 Fruiscor, sci, [a fruor] to use, en-
 joy.
 Frūtūrus, a, um, ready to enjoy.
 Frūtus, a, um, having enjoyed.
 Frūmen, inis, n. [a fero] the Gul-
 let; also a kind of Pottage.
 Frūmentāceus, a, um, made of
 Wheat.
 Frūmentārius, a, um, of Corn.
 Frūmentārius, ii, m. a Forrager,
 Purveyor.
 Frūmentātio, ōnis, f. a Foraging
 for corn, also a general dole of Corn.
 Frūmentātor, ōnis, m. a Forager,
 Purveyor.
 Frumentius, one that Preached the
 Gospel in India, and was therefore
 made a Bishop by Athanasius.
 Frūmentor, ari, to Forage or Con-
 vey Corn into the Camp.
- Frumentōsus**, a, um, full of Corn.
 Frūmentum, i, n. [a fruor] Corn,
 also the Grains in a fig.
 † Frumio, ire, to Pluck the bar-
 from Leather.
 † Frumitor, oris, m. a tanner, currier.
 † Frumtorium, ii, n. a Tan-house.
 † Frundes, for frondes.
 † Frundo, ere, to Kill.
 † Fruniscor, ari, to Enjoy.
 † Frūitus, a, um, Wise, Trusty.
FRUOR, fructus, or-uitus sum, ut
 [a φέρω fero] to Enjoy, Use, take
 the Profit or Pleasure of a Thing.
 * Frui ingenio suo, to be his own
 Master.
 Frusino, a City of Campania.
 Frusinates, the People of Frusino.
 Frustātim, adv. Piece-meal.
 Frustillātim, adv. in small pieces.
 Frustillum, i, n. a little piece of
 Gobbet.
 † Frustito, are, to break in pieces.
 Frustra, adv. [a frustum vel frangere]
 in Vain, without Cause. * Frustra
 esse, to miscarry, come to nothing.
 * Frustra habere, to Disappoint.
 * Frustra est homo, the Man is
 mistaken.
 Frustrātio, ōnis, f. a Disappoint-
 ing, Failing. * Frustrationem
 jicere in aliquem, Frustrationem
 dare alicui, to deceive one.
 Frustrātor, ōris, m. a Deceiver.
 Frustrātus, a, um, Deceived or De-
 ceiving.
 Frustrātus, ūs, m. a Deceiving.
 * Frustratui habere, to make
 fool of one.
 Frustro, are, 2 [a frustra] to Dis-
 appoint, Fail, frustrate. * Frustrari laborem,
 labour in vain. * Ne te frustrare
 don't mistake yourself.
 Frustror, ari, to be Disappointed.
 Frustrātim, adv. by Piece-meal.
 Frustrulentus, a, um, broken in
 Pieces.
 Frustulum, i, n. a little Piece, Gob-
 bet, Grain.
FRUSTUM, i, n. [Opau, or, vel
 ab Heb. paras divinit] a frag-
 ment, Scrap. * Frustra pannorum
 Rags. * Frustum hominis, a mi-
 nutive fellow.
 Frūtētōsus, a, um, full of Thicket
 or Shrubs.
 Frūtētum, 2 i, n. a Thicket, or 2.
 Frutectum, 3 derwood.
FRUTEX, icis, m. [a Bpua pullu-
 lo] a shrub, young shoot, an tree
 with a great stalk.
 † Frutiasis or frutialis, a Multi-
 tude of stalks.
 Frūticans, ntis, Springing, shooting
 Fruticatio, ōnis, f. a running
 into fruitless branches.
 Fruticātor, oris, m. a sprouter for
 Fruticesco, ere, to spring forth.
 Fruticētum, i, n. a Thicket.
 Frutico, are, 2 to Sprout or Shoot.
 Fruticor, ari, 3 out.
 Fruticōsus, a, um, Overgrown, run-
 ning out into fruitless Branches.
 Frutinal, alis, n. a Temple of Ve-
 nus Fruti.
 † Frux, ūgis, f. Fruit, Corn. See
 Fruges.
 Fruxinum, a City of Vindelicia in
 Bavaria, called also Frisinga.

Fūmīfīco, are, to Perfume.
Fūmīfīcor, ari, to be perfumed.
Fūmīfīcus, a, um, sending out smoke.
† Fūmīgābundus, a, um, Full of Smoke.
Fūmīgāns, ntis, Smoking.
Fūmīgatio, ōnis, f. a perfuming.
Fūmīgātor, ōris, m. a perfumer.
Fūmīgo, are, to perfume, dry in the smoke.
Fūmīgor, ari, to be smoked.
† Fūmītus, ūs, m. a little smoke.
Fūmīvendālus, i, m. a Briggadochio.
Fūmō, are, to smoke, Reek.
† Fūmōītas, atis, f. Smokiness.
Fūmōsus, a, um, Smoaky, Black, smoked.
FŪMUS, i, m. [Fūmōs] smoke, a great undertaking without effect.
 * **Fūmū** terræ, fumitory. * **Vēndere fūmōs**, to make Court promises.
Fūnāle, lis, n. [a funis] a Link, a Cord or Halter.
Fūnālis, le, of a Cord or Link; also Hot. * **Cereus funalis**, a Torch.
 * **Fūnāles equi**, Horses harnessed.
Fūnāmbūlus, i, m. a Rope dancer.
Fūnārius, a, um, of a Rope.
Fūnctio, ōnis, f. the bearing an Office or Charge, also Restoring a thing borrowed.
Functus, a, um, [of fungor] having performed, Ended. * **Functus fatis** or morte, Dead.
FUNDA, æ, [Fūndō, vel a fundo] a sling, Leather Purse, Casting-net, the Collet of a Ring.
Fundāmen, ītis, n. a Foundation.
Fundāmentum, i, m. the same.
 * **Fundamenta facere salutē alicuius**, to begin to provide for the safety of any one.
† Fundānus or **fundarius**, ii, m. a Husbandman.
Fundatio, ōnis, f. a laying the Foundation.
Fundātor, ōris, m. a Founder.
Fundatus, a, um, Founded, Engraved. * **Fundatissima familia**, a most ancient and wealthy Family.
Fundens, ntis, Pouring out.
Fundi, a Town in Italy near Capua.
Fundibālistā, æ, } a slinger.
Fundibūlus, i, m. }
Fundibūlariū, ii, } a slinger.
Fundibūlator, ōris, m. }
Fundibūlum, i, n. a sling.
Fundibūlus, i, m. a slinger.
† Fundicarius, ii, m. the Master of the Shop.
† Fundicus, i, m. a shop, Warehouse.
Funditatio, ōnis, f. a frequent slinging.
Fundito, are, [a fundo] to pour out much. Waste, Bubble, sling.
 * **Funditare rem**, to waste an estate idly.
Funditor, ari, to be hit with a sling.
Funditor, ōris, m. a slinger.
Funditū, adv. from the very Foundation, Utterly.
Fundo, are, [a fundus] to found, lay the Foundation; also to sling.
FUNDO, ūdi, ūsum, [Xvov] to pour out, shed, spill, Cast metal.
 Reut, Overcome, Utter. * **Fundite iunicta in ceteris virtutes**, Justice runs through all other virtues,

every virtue has more or less of Justice. * **Fundere frugum spicas**, to put forth the ear. * **Funditur in Rhenum fluvium**, the River falls into the Rhine.
Fundor, ari, to be Founded.
Fundor, i, to be poured out.
Fundula, æ, f. a little sling.
† Fundulum, i, n. a pudding or Gut.
Fundulus, i, m. a little piece of Land; also a Gudgeon.
Fundum, i, n. a Floor or Bottom.
FUNDUS, i, m. [Buds, vel a fundo] a piece of Ground; a Farm, Foundation, Bottom, Cliff, Author, he that authorizes. * **Sera est in fundo parsimonia**, 'tis too late to spare when all is gone. * **Fundus septus**, a Close or Fort.
Funebris, e, of mourning or funerals, Sad, Sorrowful.
† Fūnēræ, arum, women to whom the Funerals belong.
Fūnērāle, is, n. [a funus] a Funeral.
† Fūnērālia, orum, Funeral rites.
Fūnērālis, e, of a Funeral.
† Fūnērārius, and **funeralitius**, a, um, the same.
Fūnēratio, ōnis, f. a Burying.
Fūnērator, ōris, m. a Burier.
Fūnēratus, a, um, Buried, Killed.
Fūnereus, a, um, of a Funeral, Unlucky.
Fūnero, are, to Bury or Kill.
Fūneror, ari, to be Buried.
† Fūnerōsus, a, um, Mournful.
Fūnestatio, ōnis, f. a Polluting by Slaughter.
Fūnestator, ōris, m. he that Pollutes by touching a dead Body.
Fūnestē, adv. Defiledly.
Fūnesto, are, to Pollute by Slaughter.
Fūnestor, ari, to be Polluted.
Fūnestus, a, um, Deadly, Polluted by a dead Corps. * **Arbor funeata**, the tree whose boughs are used at Funerals. * **Funelia familia**, a family one of which lies dead in the house.
Fūnetum, i, n. [a funis] a Winding of Vine-twigs one about another.
† Funetus, a, um, Bent, Bowed.
† Fungia, æ, a kind of Stone Fish and Bread.
Fungibilis, le, [a fungor] which may be changed for another.
Funginus, a, um, of a Mushroom.
FUNGOR, ūsus, ūsum, gi. [q. finem ago] to bear a Charge, Discharge, Execute, Endure. * **Fungi fatis**, to die. * **Fungi stipendio**, to be in Wages. * **Fungi munere**, to execute an Office, bestow a present.
Fūngōītas, atis, f. Spunginess.
Fūngōsus, a, um, like a Mushroom.
Fūngus, i, m. [Fūngus] a Mushroom, Tead-stool, Tent-worm, a Candle-snuff, and a Dunce, a Distemper in Olive-trees arising from the too vehement heat of the Sun.
 * **Fungus sambucinus**, Jews ears.
 * **Fungus pulverulentus**, a Fungball.
Fūnjūlus, i, m. a small Cord.
Fūnjūsus, i, m. a Rope dancer.
FŪNIS, is, m. and f. [Fūnis] a Rope or Cord.
FŪNUS, ūris, n. [a fūnis] a Funeral, Corps, Death, the Grave.
 * **Funera facere**, to kill.

† Fūnuscūlum, i, n. a little Funeral.
† Fuo, ui, to be.
FUR, ūris, c. [Fur] a Thief, Drunken, Slave.
† Furabilia, orum, the dark, threatening time.
Fūrācitas, atis, f. Thievishness.
Fūrāciter, ius, iusimē, adv. Thievishly.
Furatio, ōnis, f. a stealing.
Fūrator, oris, m. a stealer.
Fūratus, a, um, stolen.
Fūrax, ior, iusimē, Thievish.
FURCA, æ, f. [Furca, vel a ferro] a Fork, Gallows or Cross, where Malefactors were. * **Furca cancrorum**, the claws of Crabs.
† Furcatus, a, um, Forked.
† Furcella, and **furcellula**, æ, f. a little Fork or Gibbet.
Furcifer, i, m. one that has been condemned to the Gallows.
Furcilla, a Pitchfork, Gallows, Claws.
Furcula, æ, f. }
† Furcillus, is, f. a Dung fork.
† Furcillo, ōnis, m. a Glutton, great Eater.
† Furcillo, are, to hang on a Gibbet.
† Furco, ōnis, a great Fork and a Sacrificing Knife.
† Furculus, i, m. a little Thief.
Fūrens, ntis, Raging, Mad.
Fūrenter, adv. Ragingly, Outragiously.
FURFUR, ūris, m. [a farve Bopscopis sorde] Bran, Scum, Dranaruff.
Furfureus, } of Bran. * **Pa-**
furfuraceus, a, um, } nis furfur-
 us, brown Bread.
† Furfuraculum, i, n. the Dark.
† Furfuratus, a, um, Branny.
† Furfurio, ōnis, a Bird feeding on Meat.
† Furfurus, a, um, Branny, Scum.
Fūria, æ, f. [a furor] a Fury, Rage.
Fūriæ, arum, the three Furies of Hell, Alecto, Megæra, Tisiphone.
Fūriā, is, e, Furious, Raging.
Fūriāliter, adv. Furiously.
Fūriatus, a, um, Enraged.
Fūribundus, a, um, stark mad.
† Fūriens, Raging.
Furina, the Goddess of Thieves and Lots.
Furinæ lucus, a Grove in Italy where Caius Gracchus was slain.
Furinalia or **furnalia**, the Feasts of the Goddess Furina.
Fūrinus, a, um, [a fur] of Thieves.
 * **Furinum forum**, a Rendezvous of Rogues.
† Fūrio, are, to enrage or put one out of his wits.
Fūriose, adv. Furiously.
† Fūriōsitas, atis, f. Furiousness.
† Fūriōsim, Outragiously.
Fūriōsus, ior, iusimē, a, um, Furious, Outragious, Mad.
Furius Camillus, a Consul with Domitius Aenobarbus.
Furnaceus, a, um, [a furnus] Baked in an Oven.
Furnaria, æ, f. the Art of Baking or Stilling; also a Bake house and a Woman baker.
† Furnarium, ii, n. a Chimney.
Furnarius, a, um, of an Oven.
Furnarius, ii, m. a Baker or Still.
† Furnes.

† Furneo, are, and furno, ere, to make a Furnace or Oven.
 † Furnicus, a, um, Roofed, Arched.
 † Furnio, are, to bake.
 Furnius, a Consul with Domitianus Augustus; also a Friend of Horaces.
 Furnus, i, m. [a furvus] an Oven, Kiln, or Still.
 † Furo, ōnis, a kind of Beast.
 FUROR, ere, [φύροναι, vel a φουρμίσκο] to Rage, to be Distracted or Transported with Passion. * Furorite reperire, he would fain find you out.
 Fūror, ari, [a fur] to steal.
 Fūror, ōris, m. Madness, Fury, Rapture.
 † Furta, orum, n. Treachery.
 Furtivus, a, um, Thievish, given to stealing.
 Furtim, adv. Secretly, by stealth.
 Furtive, adv. secretly.
 Furtivus, a, um, stolen, secret. * Litteræ furtivæ, Cyphers or Characters. * Furtivæ res, Adultery.
 Furtō, adv. eSecretly, by stealth.
 † Furtulum, i, n. a petty Theft.
 Furtum, i, n. Theft, Thievery, Adultery, Ambush, Surprise. * Furto conceptus, a Bastard. * Furta belli, Stratagems.
 † Furtuosus, a, um, very Thievish.
 † Furveo and efco, ere, to be and grow black.
 Fūrnicius, i, m. a little Thief; also a Felon and a Ferret.
 † Fūrvulus, a, um, Blackish.
 FURVUS, a, um, [αβ * Ερβεσθ] Orei caligo] Dark, Dusky, Black, Obscure.
 † Fusanum, i, and fufana, æ, spindle-tree.
 Fusarius, ii, m. [a fufus] a spindle-maker.
 Fuscario, ōnis, f. a darkening.
 Fuscator, ōris, m. a darkner.
 Fuscatorius, a, um, apt to darken.
 Fuscatus, a, um, darkened.
 Fuscianus, a Consul with Syllanus.
 Fuscina, æ, f. [a furca] a Fork, Trident, Trout or Eel-spear.
 Fuscinula, æ, f. a little Fork or Fleish-hook.
 Fuscitas, atis, f. duskyishness.
 Fusco, are, to darken, over-cast.
 Fuscor, ari, to be darkened.
 † Fuscotinctum, died Fustian.
 FUSCUS, a, um, and fuscior, [φύκος : vel a φασμα utulolo] brown, dark coloured, dusky. * Fusca vox, a hollow Voice. * Animæ fusciores, more corrupt Souls. * Fusca laterna, a dark-lantern.
 Fuscus, a Roman Consul with Dexter.
 Fusè, adv. largely, abundantly.
 Fūsidius, the name of an Orator and a Usurer.
 Fūllis, e, [a fundo] molten or malleable.
 Fūllus, i, a little Spindle.
 Fūllim, adv. plentifully, all abroad.
 Fūllio, ōnis, f. a spreading or casting of Metal.
 † Fūllonaticum, or fūllonalitium, ii, n. a Melting-furnace.
 Fūllus, the name of an Orator in Cicero, Apish in imitation.
 Fūllor, ōris, m. a Metal-fuonder.
 Fūllorium, ii, n. a Sink.
 † Fūllorius, a, um, of Melting, or made by Melting.
 Fūllerna, æ, f. [a fūllis] the up-

per and knotty part of a Fir-tree.
 Fūllibālus, i, m. a Sling with a Staff four foot long.
 Fūllibūlator, ōris, m. a Slinger.
 Fūllibūlum, i, n. a Sling staff.
 Fūllicūlus, i, m. a little Staff or Cudgel.
 Fūlligatio, ōnis, f. a Cudgelling.
 Fūlligatus, a, um, Cudgelled.
 Fūlligō, are, to Cudgel, Labour.
 Fūlligor, ari, to be cudgelled.
 Fūllim, adv. with cudgels.
 FUSTIS, is, m. [Heb. Shevet.] a club, cudgel, Staff.
 † Fūllitudinæ Insulæ, a feigned word for the place where Slaves were beaten.
 Fūlluarium, ii, n. a Bastinado.
 † Fūlluaris, a, um, of beating.
 Fūlluaris, ii, m. the Beadle of Beggars of Bridewell.
 Fūllulus, i, a little Spindle.
 Fūllāra, æ, f. a Melting.
 Fūllus, a, um, [of fundor] poured out, melted, slain, large, smooth. * Fūllacupressus, a spreading Cypress-tree. * Fūllicrines, scatter'd Hairs.
 Fūllus, i, m. [a fundo] a Spindle.
 * Fūllus agrestis, Bastard Saffron.
 Fūll, or phthut, a River of Mauritania not far from Mount Atlas.
 † Fūllile, adv. Vainly, Idly.
 Fūllile, is, n. a Vessel used in the Sacrifice of Vellia, or a Vessel narrow at bottom which cannot stand, but must be held or drunk up.
 Fūllilis, e, cracked, running out, leaking, vain, dissolute.
 Fūllilitas, atis, f. a leaking, foolish, blabbing, craziness.
 Fūlliter, adv. vainly, idly.
 Fūllio, ire, [a fundo] to blab, leak, run out.
 Fūllior, iri, to be poured out.
 † Fūllis, is, a Ladle.
 † Fūllio, are, to cool with a Ladle, to confute, and to be often.
 † Fūllor, ari, to be confuted, or Reproved, chid.
 Fūllum, i, n. [a fundo] a Ladle or Sprinkler.
 Fūllus, ere, to lye with a Woman.
 Fūllor, i, to be lain with.
 Fūllūritio, ōnis, f. a future being of a thing.
 Fūllūrus, a, um, [of sum] Future, which will be. * In futurum, hereafter.
 Fūllūritio, ōnis, f. a lying with women.
 Fūllūtor, -rix, he or she, &c.
 Fūllernus, or Tyfurnus, a River of the Ferentani.

G

A

G. For Gaius, gaudium, Gellius, G. Genæ, Genius, Gratia, &c.
 Gakala, a City of Arabia, Phœnicia, &c.
 † Gabalium, the Fruit of an Arabian Tree, of which they make Ointments.
 † Gabalæa, a City in Spain.
 Gabale, a City of Media.
 Gables, a People of Aquitain.
 Gabalus, a Roman Emperor, of a Riotous and Innocent Life, was at last killed, dragged through the City, and thrown into Tyber; he

would be called the Sun, and therefore was Named Heliogabalus.
 † Gabalus, and -lum, i, n. a Gibbet or Gallows.
 Gabæon, the Metropolis of the Hivites, fifty Furlongs from Jerusalem.
 Gabæopolis, a Town in Galilee.
 Gābāta, e, f. 2 [ab He, Geviang Gabatæ, arum, 3 scyphus] a Platter.
 Gabba, a City of Syria.
 Gabbenus, an Inhabitant of Gabba.
 Gabbatha, a Pavement.
 † Gabea, æ, a kind of Bird.
 † Gabella, gabellum, or gablum, Toll.
 Gabellus, a River of Lombardy.
 Gabierus, a Roman Knight, who thought to have enriched himself by keeping Goats, but suffered great loss thereby.
 † Gabidus, a, um, cold.
 Gābiēnus, a valiant Soldier of Casar, slain by Pompey.
 Gabii, a City of the Volsci, seventy miles from Rome.
 Gabina, Juno Worshipped by the Gabini.
 Gabinius, a Roman Historian.
 Paulus Gabinius, a Governour of Syria, who restored Ptolemy to his Kingdom, and was therefore Condemned.
 Gabinus Cinctus, the Posture of wearing the Gown which the Consul used when he declared War.
 Gabranthorum Portus, Sureby in Yorkshire.
 Gabreta, part of the Wood between Bohemia and Nortogoa.
 Gabri, a people of Sarmatia in Asia.
 Gabrocentum, or Gabrosentum, Gates-head by Newcastle.
 Gadalaiphus, a Consul with Grati-anus.
 Gadanus, an Austere Man who lived in great Abstinence by the River Jordan.
 Gadara, a City of Palestine in Cælo-Syria.
 Gādāreus, a Sophister, who at first wandered up and down begging, but afterwards was made Consul by Maximilian.
 Gadeni, a People of Scotland.
 Gades, or Gadira, the Island Cales in Spain.
 Gaditanus, a, um, belonging to Gades.
 Gaderes, a City of Syria, not far from Afealon.
 † Gadira, æ, a Close or Hedge.
 † Gador, a kind of Fish.
 Gæa, a City Arabia talix.
 Gæon, Nilus so called by Josephus.
 Gafata, a People dwelling by Rhodanus, who with the Scæones, took Rome.
 Gæsum, i, n. a Gaulish Favelin. See Gæsum.
 Gatulia, a country of Libya Interior near the Geramanes.
 Gatuli, the Inhabitants of Gatulia.
 Gātilus, a, um, of Gatulia.
 Gatulicus, a certain Hystrian.
 Gagasmira, a city of India with a Ganger.
 Gagates, is, m. Fat, g.
 Gagates, a River of Sicily. where the Stone of that Name was first found.

- Gage, a Town of Lycia, from the River Gages, where Jet is found.
- † Gages, a precious Stone found in an Eagles Nest, which being shaken seems to have another in it.
- Gaia, a River in Spain.
- † Gaiacum, bastard meyn wood.
- † Gaidemgalba, a kind of Plant.
- Gaias, a Tyrant of Scythia.
- † Gaioli, Marchpans.
- † Gaitanum, i, n. a Girdle.
- Gaius, the name of several Romans; also the sixth Bishop of Jerusalem, and the six and twentieth Bishop of Rome.
- Gala, ctis, n. Milk, g.
- Galabrii, a Dardanian People about Thrace.
- Galactia, the Herb Tithymallus; also a precious Stone with white Veins, g.
- † Galactitia, æ, f. a Cheese-cake.
- Galactophagi, æ, People of Scythia in Asia.
- Galactophagus, i, a Milk-eater, a Milk-sop, g.
- Galactopola, æ, m. a Milk-seller, g.
- Galactopota, æ, m. a Milk-drinker, g.
- Galactopota, a People of Scythia, who Live upon Milk for want of Corn.
- Galadæ, Galadene, or Galaditis, a country of Arabia.
- Galadræ, a city of Macedonia.
- † Galanga, æ, Galingale.
- Galanthis, Alomena's waiting-woman, who when Juno would not suffer her Mistress to be Delivered, ran to her and told her she was, whereupon she arose, and opening her bewitching hands, Alomena was in that instant brought to bed; Juno in her rage turned her into a Weasel, and for telling a Lye, caused her to bring forth at her mouth.
- Galarina, a city of Sicily.
- Galata, an Island by Melita, a city of Syria, and an Island of Sicily, and a Mountain of Phocis.
- Galatæ, the People of Galatia.
- Galatæa, a Sea Nymph beloved by Polyphemus, and a country Girl in Virgil.
- Galatia, a country of Asia minor, bordering upon Phrygia.
- Galatus, the Son of Polyphemus by Galatæ.
- Galava, Wallwick in Northumberland.
- Galaxias, æ, m. a Milky Stone with bloody Veins; also the Milky way, g.
- † Galba, æ, f. a Mite, a Maggot.
- Galba, a Roman Emperour, and several others.
- † Galbæ, arum, Bracelets given to Soldiers.
- Galbānātus, a, um, [of Galbanum] wearing light coloured cloaths.
- Galbaneus, a, um, of the Gum Galbanus, a, um, banum.
- Galbanum, i, n. [Xαλβάν] the Gum Galbanus, i, m. Gum Galbanum.
- Galbānus, a, um, Lascivious, Effeminate. * Galbana, orum, Light-coloured cloaths.
- † Galbeum, ei, Womens attire
- Galbineus, a, um, Lascivious, Effeminate, light coloured.
- Galbula, æ, f. a Witwall, or Wood-wit.
- Galbulus, i, m. a cypress nut.
- GALBUS, a, um, [a Xαλβά gramen] light-coloured, greenish.
- Gaie, g. a Weasel.
- GÅLEA, æ, f. [Γαλήνη] a Helmet or Head piece, the top of a Mast, and a Galley.
- Galearii, orum, the Servants or bang-bys of an Army.
- Galeatius, a Historian who wrote eight books of the Modern Affairs of Italy.
- Gālēātus, a, um, having a Helmet on.
- † Galēdragon, a wild kind of Teasel.
- † Galega, æ, f. Goats-rue.
- † Gālēna, æ, a Lead mine.
- Galenus, a famous Physician of Pergamus, who lived one hundred and forty years, wrote fifteen Volumes besides his Notes upon Hippocrates.
- Gāleo, are, to put on a Helmet.
- Gatcola, æ, f. a little Head-piece, a ballow Vessel like a Helmet.
- † Galeopsis, is, f. stinking dead Nettle.
- † Galeos, otis, Lamprey, a kind of Hermine.
- Galeotæ, certain Sooth-sayers in Sicily.
- † Galeotes, a kind of Lizard, Enemies to Serpents.
- Galeothæ, a People of Attica.
- Galepsus, a city of Thrace.
- † Galēra, æ, f. a Hat.
- Gālērātus, a, um, having a Hat on.
- † Gālēria, æ, f. a Hat.
- Gālērīcūlum, i, n. a little or narrow brim'd hat
- Galericulus, i, m. also a Perriwig.
- Gālērīta, æ, f. [a galerus] a Lark.
- † Galerium, ii, n. a Hat of a skin of a sacrificed Beast.
- Galerius, a King of Tuscany, and a Roman Emperour who Prosecuted the christians, and others.
- Gālērīus, i, m. [a galea] a Hat or Galerium, i, n. Periwig, a Plume of feathers; also a Dog fish, and a Sea calf.
- Gālēsus, a River of Calabria; also a rich country man of Italy, who interposing to make Peace between the companions of Ascanius, and the children of Tyrrheus, was slain himself.
- Galetes, a Beautiful young Man, so well beloved of Ptolemy, that at his Request, he pardoned some that were going to be hanged.
- Galgulus, [a Galbus] a Bird which being looked upon by one that has the Yellow Jaundise, cures the Person, and dies it self.
- Galilæa, a country of Syria, on the North of Judea.
- Galilæus, a, um, of Galilæa.
- Galilæ, the time between Easter and Holy Thursday.
- Galium, ii, n. [Γάλακτος] the herb cheese-rennet, or Ladies-bed straw.
- Galla, æ, f. a Woman-Priest of Cybele.
- GALLA, æ, f. [a Κόλλα gluten] a Gawl, and an Aul; also a course black Wine; whence galium bibere to be sparing.
- † Gallacia, æ, f. a crystal.
- † Gallarie, æ, f. a Lamprey.
- Galleotæ, Sicilian Sooth-sayers.
- Gallesium, a city of Ephesus.
- Galli, Cybeles Priests in Phrygia, from the River Galus, whose Waters they drank, and were presently enraged, and Gelaed themselves.
- Gallia, æ, France. * Gallia togata, that part of France between the Alps and the River Rubicon.
- * Gallia braccata, the Province of Narbonne.
- Gallia comata, all France on this side the Alps, viz. Belgica, Celtica, and Aquitanica.
- Gallica, æ, a kind of Maple.
- Gallica Floris, the City Fragar in Spain.
- Gallica palus, the most inward part of the Adriatick Sea where Venice stands.
- Gallicæ, arum, Galloches. [sc. Soleæ].
- Gallicantus, is, m. Cock-crowing.
- Gallicanus, a Consul with Atilius Titianus, and others.
- Gallicanus, a, um, of France, French.
- † Gallicentrum, or Gallitricum, Clary. Sage of Rome.
- Gallicinium, ii, n. Cock-crowing.
- Gallicrista, æ, f. Penny-grass.
- † Gallicula, æ, a Galloche.
- † Gallicula, orum, n. green Walnut shells.
- Gallicus, a, um, French. * Gallicus canis, a Grey-hound.
- Gallienus, a Roman Emperour, who endured his Losses so patiently, that he turned them into Jest.
- Gallina, æ, f. [a Gallus] a Hen.
- * Gallina rustica, or sylvestris, a Partridge. * Gallina adriana, a good laying Hen. * Gallina africana, a Turkey Hen. * Gallina filius alba, a white Boy.
- Gallinaceus, a, um, of a Hen. * Crista gallinacea, upright vervain.
- * Gallus gallinaceus, a Dunghill-Cock.
- Gallinaceus, ei, m. a Cock or Cockrel.
- Gallināgo, inis, f. a Woodcock.
- * Gallinago minor, a Snipe.
- Gallinaria, an Island in the Tuscan Sea.
- Gallinaria sylva, a Wood near Cumæ.
- Gallinarium, ii, n. a Coop, Barton, or Yard for Poultry.
- Gallinārius, a, um, of keeping Poultry.
- Gallinarius, ii, m. one that keeps Hens.
- Gallinula, æ, a Pullet or Moor-hen.
- Gallinicus, the third Exarch of Italy.
- † Gallinum, i, n. Hens milk.
- Gallio, a Proconsul of Achaia.
- Galliopavus, i, m. a French Poultry-cock.
- † Gallipes, edis, footed like a Cock.
- † Gallipugnarium, ii, a Cock pit, a Cock fighting.
- Gallit, a People of the Alps.
- Gallialutæ, a People of India by the River Indus.
- † Gallitricum, i, the Herb Clary.
- † Gallium, ii, Ladies Bed straw.
- Gallus, a, um, of France, French.
- Gallus Vibius, an Eloquent Man, who Counterfeiting Madness, was killed in seed.
- † Gallus, are, to be Mad like Cybeles Priests.
- † Galluchius, i, m. a Galloche.

- Gallogræcia, a Country of Asia, called also Galatia, bordering upon Bithynia, Cappadocia, and Pamphylia.
- Gallogræci, the Inhabitants of Gallogræcia.
- Gallionius, a very riotous Man, of whom Lucilius says, he never supped well, because he never was angry.
- Gallubri, the People now called Romandioli.
- † Gallula, æ. f. a little Gall.
- † Gallio, are, and Gallulasco, ere, to have a big Voice or Beard.
- † Gallulus, i, m. a Cockrel.
- Gallus, a, um, of France, French.
- GALLUS, i, m. [Γαλλός, a sono, vel a galeā, vel a Κάλαμος ejus palæ] a Cock, an Eunuch. * Galli escatura, the Drofs of Lead.
- * Gallus marinus. a Dorfe or Gold Fish. * Gallus ipado, a Capon.
- Gallus, a French-man, and one of Cybele's Priests, and other Men.
- Gallus, a River in Phrygia and Bithynia, whose Water being drunk sparingly, purges the Brain, and cures Madnes, but too much makes one Mad.
- Gallus, a young man beloved of Mars, and set by him to keep the Door while he went in to Venus, but falling asleep let the Sun spy them, and was therefore turned into a Cock.
- Gallus Cornelius. a Poet, Governour of Egypt; who being forty Years old, killed himself.
- Gallus Hostilianus, the thirtieth Emperor of Rome.
- Gallus Sulpitius, the first Roman that found out the Eclipses of the Sun and Moon.
- Galmodesi, a People of Asia beyond Ganges.
- Galopes, a people of Arabia felix.
- Galorum, a city of Galatia.
- † Galum, i, the green Sparrow.
- † Galus, a, um, green.
- Galybi, a City of Africa propria.
- Gamaliba, a City of India within Ganges.
- Gamanodurum, a city of Noricum.
- Gamarga, a country in Media.
- † Gambura, a Bishops Crozier-staff.
- Gambreum, a city of Ionia.
- Gambreses, a Town in Æthiopia.
- Gambriui, the Hamburgers in Germany.
- Gimbua, a city of Phrygia major.
- † Gambuga, a kind of Medicine.
- Gamelia, a Name of Juno; also Marriage Feasts in the Month Gamelion, wherein Juno was worshipped.
- Gamelion, g. January.
- Gamelus, a, um, g. of Marriage.
- Gamelius, ii, m. the Name of Jupiter.
- † Gamelus, i, m. a Camel.
- Gamma, ætis, n. the three corner'd Letter gamma, g.
- Gammace, a Town of Arachosia.
- † Gammadæus, i, m. a Pigmy.
- † Gammadium, ii, and -adia, æ, f. a three corner'd Garment like a Gamma.
- Gammarus, i, m. [q. Cameratus] a River-Crab.
- † Gammoides, an Instrument to take matter out of a sore.
- Gampulantes, a People of Æthiopia.
- Gandara, a country of India.
- Gandarii, the people of Gandara.
- Gandavum, Gandt, the Metropolis of Flanders.
- Gandavenfis, e, of Gandt.
- Gandericus, a King of the Vandals, who having taken Hispalis in Spain, and being about to prophane the Temple, died of a sudden.
- Gandri, a people of Asia interior.
- GANEÆ, and -eum, [a Γὰν, voluptus] a Brothel-house.
- Ganeo, onis, m. a haunter of Stems.
- Ganeus, ei, a Ruffin.
- † Ganeus, a, um, Luxurious, Riotous.
- Ganga, and -itis, a River of Thrace.
- Gangæ, a city of Lycia.
- Gangama, a Place about Meotis, where Fish are dug out of the Ice, but Casaubon takes it for a kind of Net.
- Gangani, the People of Conaught in Ireland.
- Ganganorum, the Promontory I heyn in Caernarvanshire.
- Gangara, a Town of Albania.
- Gangaridæ, a People between the Assyrians and Indians.
- Gange, a Royal city of India, called Bengala.
- Ganges, a very great river of India, in the narrowest place eight Miles broad, and in some places twenty; and another in Taprobane.
- Gangeticus, a, um, of Ganges.
- † Gangites, i, m.
- Ganglium, i, n. a waterish D. stemper; also the Straining of a Sinenew, g.
- Gangra, a City of Paphlagonia, another in Arabia felix, and Pontus.
- GANGRÆNA, æ, f. [Γαγγραινα] a Gangreen. * Addidit is gangrenam, you have made it worse.
- † Gannatura, æ, mimical jesticulation.
- GANNIO, ire, [a sono] to yelp (as a Fox) to whine.
- Gannitus, us, m. a yelping, whining, howling, grinning.
- † Ganno, are, to sport or toy.
- Ganodurum, the city Constance in Helvetia.
- † Ganta, æ, or ganza, æ, a Goose or Gander.
- Gänymētes, a very beautiful young Man, son of Trös, whom Jupiter fell in love with, and sent an Eagle to carry him into Heaven, where he made him his cup-bearer instead of Hebe.
- Garamantis, idis, f. of Garamatia.
- Garamantites, a people of Libya interior.
- Garamantites, g. a kind of Car-buncle.
- Garamantiscus, a, um, of Garamatia.
- Garamas, antie, m. one of Garamatia.
- Garamas, a King of Libya, and a Mountain of Ana.
- Garapha, a Haven in Africa propria.
- Garaphi, Mountains of Mauritania Casariensis.
- Garates, a River of Peloponnesus in Arcadia.
- Garbata, a Mountain of Æthiopia.
- Garcus, an Island before Taprobane.
- Gardei, a People of Sarmatia in Asia.
- † Gardiantus, i, m. a Gardian.
- † Gard narius, ii, m. a Gardener.
- † Gardinum, n. a Garden.
- Garæatæ, a People of Arcadia.
- Garcathyra, a Town of Cappadocia.
- Gargæus, a Promontory of Apulia, running out three hundred furlongs into the Adriatick Sea, now called Mons St. Angeli.
- Girgaphia, a Valley and Fountain where Actæon was torn with his Dogs.
- Gargara, a Mountain and Town of Tross, on the top of the Hill Ida.
- Gargantes, a People mixed with the Amazons.
- † Gargaridæ, are, to prattle.
- Gargaria, a King of the Curetes, who first found out the use of gathering Honey.
- Gargarismus, i, m. a Gargarism, g.
- Gargarizatio, onis, f. a Gargling the Mouth.
- Gargarizatus, us, m. the same.
- Gargarizatus, a, um, Gargled.
- Gargarizo, are, to Gargle the Mouth or Throat.
- Gargurum, a Town in Italy, and other places.
- Garge, a city of Libya.
- Gargettius, part of the Tribe Ægeis, also a Dog that kept Geryon's Beasts, slain by Hercules.
- Gargilianus, a wanton Fellow in Martial.
- Gargilius, a Historian, who carefully wrote the Life of Alexander the Great; also a Hunter.
- Gargus, part of Mount Taurus.
- Gariannonum, Yarmouth in Norfolk.
- Garites, a people of Aquitaine, called Agennini.
- Garmaa, a Town of Thrace.
- Garoceli, a people of the Alps.
- Garodes, an Island of Nilus.
- Garopoli, g. an Oyl-man.
- Garpheti, a people of Arabia.
- Garha, a Town of Mauritania Casariensis.
- GARRIO, ire, [Γάρρῳ, a sono] to prate, chatter.
- † Garritido, are, to chatter, chirp.
- Garritus, us, m. a chattering, prating.
- Garrulitas, ætis, f. a prating.
- † Garrulo, are, to chatter, prate.
- Garrulosus, a, um, full of chat.
- Garrulus, a, um, prating, chirping, chirping. * Garrulus rivus, a purling Stream. * Garrulus can-tus, the whistling of Birds.
- Garzia, a King of Navarre.
- Garzas, a King of Spain, Son of Alphonsus.
- GARUM, i, n. [Γάρῳ] Pickle, Sauce, Anchovy.
- Garimna, æ, the River Garonne in France.
- Garus, i, m. a kind of Lobster, g.
- † Garyophallata, a, f. the Herb Auent.
- † Garyophylli, orum, the Spice Cloves.
- [5] M m m m m † Ga-

† Garyophyllum, a Clove or Gilly-flower. See Caryophyllum.
 † Garyophyllus, i, f. a Clove-tree.
 † Gassandæ, a people of Arabia.
 † Gassidanes, or Gatidanes, a Gem which breeds a young one once in three months.
 Gastrimargia, æ, f. Gormandizing, g.
 Gastrimargus, i, g. a Gormandizer.
 Gastrimantia, æ, f. Divination sounding out of the belly, g.
 Gastronia, a country in Macedonia.
 Gatheia, a city of Arcadia.
 Gathis, a Queen of Syria, who commanded that no fish should be eaten except she were present, and is said at last to be devoured of fish herself.
 Garhynia, a city built near the sea by King Lacon.
 Gaudara, a Town of Macedonia.
 Gaudens, ntis, Rejoycing.
 Gaudentius, a pious and orthodox Bishop of Ariminum, in the time of Constantine, who because he would not yield to the Arrian Bishops assembled there, was cruelly slain.
 GAUDEO, gavisus sum, ere, [Γαῦδος, Heb. Chaddah] to be Glad, Rejoyce, Delight in, Love. *Gaudere gaudium, to take joy. *Gaudere in sinu, to laugh in ones sleeve.
 Gaudialis, le, Jovial, Jocund.
 Gaudibundus, a, um, jocund, merry, joyful.
 † Gaudilloquus, a, um, Speaking joyfully.
 Gaudimonium, ii, n. a Rejoycing.
 Gaudiolum, i, n. short joy.
 Gaudium, ii, n. [a gaudeo] Joy, Mirth, Delight, Glad Tidings.
 † Gavesco, ere, to Rejoyce.
 GAVIA, æ, f. [Κάνα] a Seagull.
 † Gaviso, ere, to be glad.
 Gavisus, a, um, [of gaudeo] Rejoycing, Glad.
 Gaulos, or Leon, an Island near Libya, where no Serpent breeds or lives, and the Dust of the Country kills Serpents any where.
 Gaulus, i, m. a Milk-pale, a Boit, &c.
 Gaunacum, i, n. [Καυνάκιον] a shag.
 Gaunaca, æ, f. a shag Garment or covering.
 † Gaurito, are, to Rejoyce.
 Gaurus, an Island by Carthage, and a Mountain in Campania where excellent wine grows.
 Gausapatus, a, um, covered with a Rug.
 GAUSAPE, indec. 2 [Γαυσάπης, Aegypt, vel a gossipium] a Rug, a Turkey Carpet; also a long rough beard.
 Gausapinus, a, um, Rough, Freex.
 † Gausipium, ii, n. Cotton.
 GAZA, æ, f. [Περσικ.] a Treasure, or Treasury.
 Gaza, a famous city of Palestine, so called from the treasure Cambyses King of Persia had there; Alexander hardly took it in two months time; Gazeticus, a, um.
 Gazaca, a city of Media.
 Gazeus, a, um, of Gaza.
 Gazeticus, of Gaza.
 † Gazella, æ, a beast like a Roe, of which comes Musk.
 Gazetæ, a people of Galatia.
 Gazi, a King of the Turks taken by

Baldwin King of Jerusalem, A. D. 1121.
 Gazophylacium, ii, n. a Treasury, g.
 Gazophylax, æcis, m. a Treasurer, g.
 † Gazorus, a city of Macedonia.
 † Gazula, a little Treasure.
 Gazus, the largest city of India.

G

E

Gea, a town near Petra in Arabia.
 Gebbanitæ, or Gelbanitæ, a people by the red Sea in Arabia deserta.
 Gebbaniticus, a, um, of Gebbanitæ.
 Gebenna, a Town in France.
 Gedale, a country of Arabia.
 Gedanum, the city Dantzick in Poland.
 Gedrosia, a country of Asia called Tarse, Circan and Gest.
 Gedrosi } the people of Gedrosia.
 Gedrisii }
 Gehenne, æ, [Γέννα] the Valley of Hinnom by Jerusalem; also Hell.
 Geiza, a King of Hungary.
 Gela, a famous city of Sicily, by a river of the same name.
 Gēlābilis, le, easily frozen.
 Gēlāscō, ere, to freeze.
 Gelasinus, i, m. a dimple in the Face by reason of laughter, a Buffoon, Jester. *Cave ex gelasino, fiat catagelasinus, beware lest while you make others laugh, you are not made an object of derision your self, g.
 Gelasini, orum, m. the fore-teeth shew'd in laughing.
 Gēlāsīnus, a, um, of Laughing.
 Gelasius, a bishop of Rome, A. D. 1118.
 Gēlātio, ōnis, f. a Freezing.
 Gēlātor, ōris, m. a congealer.
 Gēlātus, a, um, congealed.
 Gelbis, the River Kil, emptying it self into the Mosel.
 Gelboe, or Gelbra, a Mountain in the Tribe of Manasse, six Miles from Scythopolis.
 Geldria, the Province of Gelderland in the Low-countries.
 Gēlicidium, ii, n. [a gelu & cado] an Icicle.
 Gēlide, adv. Coldly, Fearsfully.
 † Gēliditas, ātis, f. a Coldness.
 Gēlido, are, to congeal or make cold.
 Gēlidus, a, um, Cold, Frozen, Fearsful.
 Gellias, a very liberal Man of Agrigentum.
 A. Gellius, or Agellius, a Grammarian, Author of the Notes Atticæ, not long after Plutarch's death.
 Gello, a Virgin of Lesbos, who died young, whose Ghost was thought to walk and destroy Infants.
 Gelo, a boy who was happily preserved by a Wolf snatching his Book away, a little before the School fell and kill'd all the rest.
 Gelo, are, [a gelu] to Freeze. *Sigelant frigora, if the cold weather brings frost.
 Gēlor, ari, to be frozen.
 Gelo, or -on, a Tyrant of Sicily.
 Gelon, one that went about to poison Pyrrhus.
 Gēloni, or -nes, a People of Scythia, who painted themselves to seem more terrible.
 Gelonium, a Pool in Sicily, the stink

whereof drives away all that is near it.
 Gelonum, a City of Sarmatia Europe.
 Gelotophyllum, an Herb about rysthenes, which being drunk wine and myrrh, causes laughter.
 Gelos, a Port Town in Caria.
 GELU, indec. n. [a Γαῦς] vel Κόλλα gluten, &c.] Frost, Cold.
 † Gemea, a Wing of Scythia among the Macedonians.
 Gēmēbundus, a, um, sighing, Groaning sore.
 Gemellar, aris, [a gemellus] a Roman who kept a Bawdy house, and prostitute; Gemellarius, ii, n. an Oil-seller.
 Gēmellipāra, æ, f. a Woman has Twins.
 Gēmellus, a, um, [a gemellus] Double, twin.
 Gemellus, a Roman who kept a Bawdy house, and prostitute; Gemellaria, and Fulvia, and a noble Man Saturninus.
 Gēmendus, a, um, to be Lamented.
 Gēmens, ntis, groaning. *Gēmens rota, a screeking Wheel; the Cart is over-loaded.
 Gēmīnālis, agrestis, Clary.
 Gēmīnātīm, adv. Doubly.
 Gēmīnatio, ōnis, f. a Doubling.
 *Geminatio verborum, a repeating of Words.
 Gēmīnator, ōris, m. a Doubler.
 Gēmīnātus, a, um, Doubled.
 Gēmīnitudo, inis, f. a Doubling.
 Gēmīno, are, to Double, Encrease.
 Gēmīnus, a, um, [a Gēma facundus] Double, Equal, like.
 *Gemini, orum, twins; the first Castor and Pollux.
 Gēmīnus, i, m. a Twin.
 Geminus Rhodius, he wrote of Gemetry in Cicero's time.
 † Gēmīseo, ere, to sigh often.
 Gemites, is, m. a precious stone; the figure of two hands joined.
 Gēmītus, imp. there is a Groaning.
 Gēmītus, ūs, m. a Groan, sigh.
 GEMMA, æ, f. [a Gēma] vel a Gemma plenus sum] a Gem Jewel, Vine-bud.
 Gemmans, ntis, Budding, like precious stones.
 Gemmarius, ii, m. a Jeweller, a pidary.
 Gemmarius, a, um, of Jewels.
 Gemmasco, ere, to begin to Bud.
 Gemmatio, ōnis, f. a Budding.
 Gemmator, ōris, m. a Jeweller.
 Gemmatus, a, um, Budded, Studded, set with Jewels.
 Gemmeus, a, um, of Jewels.
 Gemmifer, a, um, wherein there are precious stones.
 Gemmo, are, to Bud or Spring.
 † Gemmor, ari, to be Budded.
 † Gemmōritas, ātis, f. plenty of Jewels.
 Gemmōsus, a, um, full of Jewels.
 Gemmūla, æ, f. a small Bud or Jewel.
 GEMO, ui, itum, [a Gēma onustus sum] to Groan, sigh, bewail. *Turtur gemit, the Turtle coo's. *Gemuit in pondere cymba, the Boat is ready to sink.
 Gemoniæ Scala, a place in Rome where Malefactors were executed.
 † Gemonidæ, arum, Women &c. Child.
 Gemonides, um, f. precious stones.

helping Women in Travail.
 † Gēmōr, i, to be Bewailed.
 jēmīlus, a, um, mournful, lamentable.
 Gemuria, æ, f. [a gemo] a Corn upon the little Toe, &c.
 GĒNA, æ, f. [yevu:] a cheek; also the Eye or Eye-lid.
 Gēnalum, a Town in Gallia.
 † Genavus, a, um, Gluttonous.
 Genauni, a People of Vindelicia.
 Genealogi, orum, Those that cast Nativities, g.
 Genealogia, æ, t. a Genealogy or pedigree, g.
 Genealogicus, a, um, g. of a Pedigree.
 Genealogus, i, m. g. a Writer of Pedigrees.
 Genēbia, a learned Woman of Verona under Pope Pius the second, who rehearsed Epistles of her own full of Learning.
 GĒNER, i, m. [sauβo, vel à genu] a Son-in-Law by marrying ones Daughter.
 Gēnērābilis, le, easily Ingendred.
 Gēnērālis, le, General, Universal.
 † Generalis Financiæ, a Treasurer or Chamberlain.
 Gēnērālitās, ātis, f. Generality.
 Gēnērālīter, adv. generally.
 † Gēnērāmen, inis, n. a begetting.
 Gēnērāns, ntis, begetting.
 Gēnērāscō, ere, to grow.
 Gēnērātum, adv. in General, by every Kind.
 Gēnērātiō, ōnis, f. a Generation, begetting.
 Gēnērātor, ōris, m. a begetter.
 Gēnērātōrium, ii, n. a power to beget.
 Gēnērātus, a, um, begotten, bred.
 Gēnērō, are, [a genus] to Beget, bring forth, Invent or Devise.
 Gēnērōsē, ius, iſimē, adv. Nobly, Courageously.
 Gēnērōsitās, ātis, f. Courage, Nobility, Kindness.
 Gēnērōsus, ior, iſimus, one of Noble Extraction or Family, Valiant, Kind, Courageous. * Vinum gēnērōsum, racy Wine.
 Genesē, a city of Laconia.
 Genesē, is, f. a Generation or Nativity, the Star reigning at a Nativity * Nota Mathematicis genesi tua, the Astrologers know under what Planet you were born, g.
 Genesīa Gallus, a Scribe, who being commanded to write the Edicts against the Christians, threw away his Pen and Ink, and fled, and at last was Martyred; also a Buffon, who was wont to scoff and jeer at the Christians, and at last suffered himself under Domitian.
 † Genesīa, æ. Brome. See Genista.
 Genetas, a Haven and River of Themisya; hence Genetæum promontorium, where was a Temple of Jupiter Hospitalis.
 Genethle, es, the same as Venus.
 Genethlia, orum, n. Feasting upon ones Birth-day, g.
 Genethliaci, orum, g. Calculators of ones Nativity.
 Genethliacus, a, um, g. of ones Nativity.
 Genethliaca, orum, g. Birth-day Feasts.
 Genethliologia, æ, f. a calculating of Nativities, g.
 Genethlius dies, g. ones Birth-day.

Genethliur, Jupiter so called as presiding over Nativities; also a very learned Sophister of Palestine.
 Genetyllis, a Name of Venus.
 Geneva, a free Imperial city of Savoy upon the borders of Helvetia, at the going out of the River Rhodanus from the Lake Lemanus.
 † Gengibæ, arum, the Gums
 Gengidium, the herb Tooth-pick.
 † Geni, for gigni.
 Gēniālis, le, [a genius] Full of Mirth. * Genialis dies, a gaudy Day. * Genialis homo, a good companion.
 † Gēniālitas, ātis, f. good Company, Mirth.
 Gēniālīter, adv. pleasantly, merrily.
 † Genianes, a Stone procuring Punishment to a Mans Enemies.
 Gēniānus, a, um, full of Mirth and good cheer.
 † Gēnicūla, æ, f. a little Knee or Joint.
 † Geniculatis, is, f. Garden Valerian.
 Gēniculātum, adv. Joint by joint, from knot to knot.
 Geniculatio, ōnis, f. a Kneeling.
 Gēniculātus, a, um, Knotted, Crooked.
 Gēnicūlo, are, to Joint.
 Geniculor, ari, to be Jointed.
 Gēnicūlum, i, n. [a genu] a little Knee; also a Joint in the stalk of an herb.
 † Gēnimen, inis, n. Fruit, Generation.
 † Geniosus, a, um, Witty.
 † Geniscula, æ, f. a Weazil.
 GĒNISTA, æ, f. [a genu, vel ant. geno] Brome. * Genista spinosa, Furs, Wbins.
 Genistella, æ, f. sweet Brome.
 Gēnita, æ, f. [a gigno] a Daughter.
 Gēnitābilis, le, of the seed, apt to Genitalis, le, Engender. * Genitalia corpora, the four Elements.
 Gēnitāle, is, n. the Yard.
 Gēnitālis, is, Glader or sword-grass.
 Gēnitālīter, adv. by Generation.
 † Genitiva, the Genitive Faculty.
 Gēnitivus, a, um, Genitive, Natural, having power to beget, of the same stock. * Genitivæ notæ, marks from ones birth.
 Gēnitor, ōris, m. a Begetter, Father.
 Gēnitrix, iōis, f. a Breeder, Mother.
 Gēnitūra, æ, f. the seed, begetting, the position of Heaven at ones Nativity.
 Gēniturus, a, um, about to beget.
 Gēnitus, a, um, [of gignor] begotten, born, bred * Pedibus genitus, born with the Feet foremost.
 GĒNIUS, ii, m. [a gignor] a good or evil Angel said to attend every one; the spirit and nature of a Man, Disposition. * Indulgere genio, to make much of ones self. * Defraudare genium, to starve ones self.
 Genius, the God of Nature among the Ancients.
 Gennadius, one of Massilia, who wrote of famous Men in the time of Theodosius.
 † Geno, ōnis, m. a Begetter.
 † Geno, ui, itum, to Beget.

Genoæ, a people of Molossia.
 † Genobardum, i, n. the Cat's-beard.
 Genocha, a dark yellow beast less than a Fox.
 † Genon, a sharp kind of Onion.
 GENS, ntis, f. [gēno] a Nation, People, Lineage, swarm. * Genes, ium, the Heathens, Gentiles. * Gens hominum, Man-kind. * Gens humida ponti, the fish.
 Gensericus, a Prince of the Vandals, who plundered Carthage, slew the Citizens, and turned their churches into Stables.
 Genra, a city of India without Ganges.
 Gentiana, æ, f. Gentian, Felwort, g.
 † Gentionella, æ, Bastard-felwort.
 Gentianus, a Consul with Bassus.
 † Genticus, a, um, of a People or Nation, National.
 † Gentilicus, a, um, of Gentiles.
 Gentilis, le, of the same Nation or Family, called by the same Name, proper or peculiar to such a country, a Gentile, Heathen (in Ecclesiastical writers.) * Gentile sacrum, private Chapel service. * Gentiles dominorum servi, Slaves called after their Masters names.
 Gentilismus, i, m. Heathenism.
 Gentilitas, ātis, f. a Lineage, Pedigree, Kindred; also the proper Language of any Country. * Gentilitas nominis, the nearness of Name.
 † Gentiliter, Heathenly.
 Gentilitium, ii, n. Propriety or Custom drawn from Ancestors.
 Gentilitius, a, um, that is common to a Country or Family, proper or peculiar to such a Nation. * Gentilitiæ hereditates, Inheritance by descent.
 Gentinus, a city of Troas built by one of Æneas's sons.
 Gentius, a King of Illyrium.
 GENU, Indec. [gēno] a Knee, Leg.
 Genua, uum, the Knees.
 Genua, a famous city of Liguria, called Genoa, eight Miles in compass, and curiously wrought with Marble.
 Genuale, is, n. a Garter.
 † Genuarius, ii, m. one that makes Legs or Courtesies.
 † Genuclare, to bow the Knee.
 Genuflexio, ōnis, f. a Bowing of the Knee, Kneeling.
 Genuflecto, ere, to bow the Knee.
 Genuinus, a, um, [a geno] Natural, Peculiar. * Genuini dentes, the Grinders. * Genuini terræ alicujus, the Natives. * Genuinum frangere in aliquo, or radere aliquem dente genuino, to Backbite.
 † Gēnūlo, are, to Kneel.
 † Genua, a, um, Gluttonous.
 GĒNUS, ēris, m. [gēno] a Race, Stock, Lineage, a countrey or people, a sort or kind, sort or fashion, a Gender. * Genus Thebanum, the Thebane People. * Est genus hominum, there are a sort of Men. * Cujus tibi videbitur generis, of what fashion you please.
 † Gēnur, m. the Knee.
 Gēnūsus, a River of Macedonia falling into the Ionian Sea.
 Geodelia, æ, f. a Measuring of Land, g.
 M m m m m a Geo-

- Geodetes, g. a Surveyor.
 Geographia, æ, f. Geography, the Description of the earth, g.
 Geographus, i, m. a Geographer. g.
 Geomantes, g. a Conjurer making Circles in the Earth.
 Geomantia, æ, f. Conjuratation by Circles. g.
 Geometra, æ, f. a Geometrician.
 Geometres, m, s Measurer of the Earth. g.
 Geometria, æ, f. Geometry. g.
 Geometrica, æ, f. the skill of Geometry.
 Geométrica, orum, Treatises of Geometry, the Elements and Rules of Geometry, g.
 Geometricè, adv. Geometrically, by Geometry.
 Geométrice, es, f. the Science of Geometry.
 Geometricus, a, um, g. of or skilful in Geometry.
 Georgi, a People of Iberia in Asia.
 Georgiana, the Countrey of the Georgi.
 Georgica, orum, Treatises of Husbandry.
 Georgicus, a, um, of Husbandry.
 * Georgicum carmen, a Poem treating of Husbandry.
 Georgius, George the name of several Men.
 Georgius Cappadox, a Tribune of the Soldiers under Dioclesian, said to have slain a huge Serpent and delivered a Maid whom he was to Devour.
 Georgius Tarpezuntius, a famous Philosopher who in his old Age forgot all his Learning, and his very Name.
 Georgus, i, m. a Husbandman, g.
 Gephyra, a City of Boeotia.
 Gephyri, Phenicians who came with Cadmus into Greece.
 Gephyrote, a City of Lybia.
 Geræa, a City in Portugal.
 Gerastus, a Town of Eubœa where Neptune had a Temple.
 Gerania, a City of Phrygia; also a Mountain between Megara and Corinth, from whence Ino threw her self headlong, when she flew from Athamas.
 Geranites, g. a Jewel like a Cranes Neck.
 Geranium, ii, n. the herb Stork-bill. Cranes bill, or Doves-foot. g.
 Geranthe, a City of Laconia.
 Gērānæ, fourteen Women appointed by the King of Athens to Sacrifice to Dionysius in private.
 Geraria, æ, f. [a gero] a Maid set to carry young Children about.
 Gerasa, a City of Cœlesyria.
 Gerastus the Son of Mygdon, from whose Daughters Parthenopolis in Syria took its Name.
 Gerdius, g. a By, Servant.
 Gereæ, an Indian City.
 Geren. a City of Lesbos.
 Gerendus, a, um, to be Born.
 Gerenia, a City of Messenia.
 Gērēns, ntis, Bearing.
 Gergina, a City of Myfia.
 Gergis or Gergithus, a City of Troas.
 Gergithius, Apollo so called.
 Gergobia, the Town Gergoy in France and other places.
 † Gericio, onis, a doing or carrying.
 Germana, æ, f. ones own Sister.
 Ger nānē, adv. Brotherly, Friendly, Sincerely, Candidly.
 Germania, Germany, or High-Dutchland.
 Germania inferior, the Low-countries.
 Germanica [Legio] the seventh Legion.
 Germanicia, or -cea, a City of Euphratesia by Mount Amanus, and another in Galatia.
 Germanicana, a City of Africa propria.
 Germanicani, Roman Soldiers warring in Germany.
 Germanicopolis, a city of Asia minor about Hellespont.
 Germanicum mare, the Sea that washes Germany between the mouths of the Rhine and Albis.
 Germanicus Cæsar, tēn Son of Drusus, adopted by Tiberius, and poisoned by him the thirty fourth Year of his Age.
 Germanicus, a, um, of Germany.
 Germanii, a People of Persia.
 Germanion, the 28th Bishop of Jerusalem.
 Germānitas, ātis, f. Brotherhood or Sisterhood, Sincerity of Affection.
 Garmaniter, brotherly, candidly.
 Germanitēs, s and cordially, adv.
 Germanopolis, the city Ginopoli in Paphlagonia.
 Germānus, a, um, [a germen] of the same Stock, Right, Real, True.
 * Germanæ gerræ, very Trifles.
 * Germanissimus Stoicus, a right Stoick.
 Germanus, i, m. ones own Brother; also a near Kinsman.
 Germanus, a, um, of Germany.
 Germanus, a Bishop of Capua, A. D. 521. Also a Bishop of Auxerre, A. D. 731, where he call'd Bretons from the Pelagian Error.
 Germanæ, a People of the Celta who by Day cannot see.
 Germen, inis, n. [a geno] a Sprout of a Tree or Herb.
 † Germicūlum, i, n. a little Sprig.
 Germinalis, e, a Springing. * Germinalis arbor, a Tree coming of a Sprout.
 Germīnāscō, ere, to begin to Sprout.
 Germīnatio, ōnis, f. a sprouting, Springing.
 † Germīnator, ōris, m. a Springer.
 Germīnatus, ūs, m. a Sprouting, a Bud.
 † Germīneus, a, um, of a Sprig or Bud.
 Germīno, are, [a germen] to Sprout or Branch.
 Germīnor, ari, to be Blossomed.
 GERO, mī, stum, [a Xep manue] to Carry, Behave, Do, Attchive, Execute, Demein. * Morēn gerere, to obey or humour. * Res alias gerere, to mind something beside the main business. * Iram in promptu gerere, to be wispish. * Civitatis personam gerere to represent the whole city. * Inimicitias gerere, to be at Enmity. * Rem leviter sine cruore gerere, to win the Ei 21 without Blood shed. * Se gerere pro vicē, to stand in stead of. * Bellum gerere, to wage war. * Gerere partum, or uterum, to be with young. * Gerere tutelam adium, to keep the house.
 Gēro, ōnis, m. a carrier or porter.
 Geron, ntis, g. an Old Man; also a Priest.
 Gerontia, an Island before the Gulf Pagaficus.
 Gerontocomium, ii, n. an Almshouse for Old Men. g.
 Gerontopogon, g. the Herb Priests beard.
 GERRÆ, arum, f. [Gerræ] Hurdles, Toys. * Gerræ Sicula, Old Womens tales.
 Gerræ, a Northern People.
 † Gerrania, orum, Toys, Trifles.
 † Gerratus, a, um, enclosed with Hurdles.
 Gerres, ii, f. [a gerræ] a Pileard.
 Gertha, a Sea-town of Egypt.
 Gerrihi, a People of Sarmatia in Asia and Arabia felix.
 Gerro, ōnis, m. [a Geræ] a Talker of Trifles.
 † Gerfa, æ, Black Grease, Smut.
 † Gerfo, are, to colly or smut.
 † Geribulum, i, n. a Cupboard for Wine-vessels.
 Gērūla, æ, f. [a gero] a Maid that tends a child.
 † Gērūlātor, ōris, m. a Porter bearer.
 Gērūlus, i, m. Porter.
 Gerunda, Girona in Catalonia.
 Gerundium, ii, n. a Gerund.
 Gerundivus, a, um, of a Gerund.
 Gerundivus, a, um, [for gerendū] to be born.
 Gerunium, the Town Carignola in Apuli Daunia.
 Gerus or Gerrhus, a River of Scythia.
 Gerusia, a City of Sarmatia in Asia.
 Gerusia, æ, f. a senate of old Men, also the senate-house. g.
 Geryon, or Geryones, a King of Spanish Islands, slain by Hercules, from thence feigned to have three Bodies.
 Gēsāli, a kind of superstitious Men who did publicly whip themselves.
 Gesclithron, the hole from whence Pliny says the North-wind blew.
 † Gesereta, a kind of Spy-boat.
 esodu um, the city Salzburg in Austria.
 Gelaces, a Mountain of Pannonia, call'd Schœchel.
 † Gessēmpni, Trees bearing cotton-tessen, a country of Egypt.
 Gelloriacum, Cal is in France.
 Gellus, a River of Ionia.
 Gestā, orum, n. publick Acts, Exploits.
 Gestāmen, inis, n. that which is carried, a Mace.
 Gestandus, a, um, to be carried.
 Gestans, ntis, carrying or carrying.
 † Gestarius, ii, m. a Mess of Meat.
 Gestatio, ōnis, f. a carrying, a riding in a chair or litter.
 Gestator, ōris, m. a Bearer.
 Gestatorium, ii, n. a chair, sedan.
 Gestatorius, a, um, serving for Bearing. * Cella gestatoria, a sedan.
 Gestatrix, icis, f. she that Bears.
 Gestatus, a, um, Born, Worn, Carried.
 Gestatus, ūs, m. a carrying, bearing.
 † Gestibam, for gestiebam.
 Gesticūla, æ, f. a Morrice-dance.
 Gesticularia, æ, f. a Maid-marien.
 † Gesticularius, a, um, of Attending.
 Gesticulatio, ōnis, f. an Acting.
 Gesticulātor, ōris, m. an Actor.
 Gesti-

Gesticulor, ari, to *Act like a player.*
 * Gesticulari carmina, to *dance to the tune of a Song.*
 † Gesticulosus, a, um, *full of Action.*
 Gesticus, ntis, *Rejoycing, greatly Desiring.*
 Gestio, ire, [a gestus] to *Rejoyce, Leap for joy, Desire earnestly.*
 Gestio, onis, f. [a gero] a *Doing, Adm.*
 Gestatio, onis, f. a *Carrying up and down*
 Gesticator, oris, m. *he that Carries up and down*
 Gestio, are, [a gesto] to *carry up and down*
 Gestor, ari, to *be carried about.*
 † Gestorius, a, um, *serving for to carry.*
 Gesto, are, [a gero] to *bear up and down, Wear.* * Puerum gestare, to *dance a child.* * Gestas animum meum, you *know my very thoughts.*
 Gestor, ari, to *be carried &c.*
 Gestor, oris, m. a *Porter, Bearer, Informer, Promoter.* * Gestores linguæ, *tale-bearers.*
 † Gestorium, i, n. a *Sedan or Chair.*
 † Gestum, i, n. *Barm or Test.*
 Gestus, adv. *Busily.*
 † Gestuositas, atis, f. *Business, Apishness.*
 Gestuosus, a, um, *Mimical, Acting, full of Tricks.*
 † Gestuarius, ntis, *Gladly desiring*
 Gesturus, a, um, *about to Carry or Do.*
 Gestus, a, um, [of geror] *Carried, Done, Managed.* * Bene gestare, *noble acts.* * Gestus est mos, *he was obeyed.*
 Gestus, us, m. *Gesture, Behaviour, Demeanour.* * Gestus tutela, the *government of a ward.*
 GESUM, i, n. [Γαζόν] an *old kind of French weapon.*
 Geta Cæsar, the *Colleague of Plautianus*
 Geta, a people of *Scythia in Europe, from whence the Goths are thought to come.*
 Gethuissa, a *City of Libya.*
 Gethyum, a *hollow leak, g.*
 Getious, a, um, of *Geta.*
 † Geum, i, n. the *herb Aven.*

G

I

Gibba, æ, f. a *Bunch on the back.*
 See Gibbus.
 Gibber, eris, m. a *Bunch or Swelling.*
 Gibber, a, um, *Crooked in the back, standing out.*
 † Gibberositas, atis, f. *Crookedness.*
 Gibberosus, æ, um, *Crooked, Bunched.*
 † Gibbosè, adv. *Crookedly.*
 Gibbosus, a, um, *Crooked back'd.*
 Gibbus, a, um, *huffed, crook-back'd*
 GIBBUS, i, m. [Κυβη] *Heb. Gau] a bunch or swelling.*
 Gibelini, and Guelphi, two *factions in Italy who slaughtered one another, the first favouring the Emperor Frederick, being excommunicated for coming into Italy, the others the Pope.*
 Gibraltar, a *noted mountain in Spain at the straits mouth, called formerly Calpe.*
 Giganeum, a *City of Colchis.*

Gigantes, Sons of the *earth of a very high stature, having Dragons feet, who made war with the Gods.*
 Giganteus, a, um, *Giant like.*
 Gigantis, an *old name of Arcadia.*
 Gigantomachia, æ, f. a *fight of giants, g.*
 Gigartum, or -ta, a *Town of Phoenicia by mount Libanus.*
 GIGAS, ntis, m. [γίγας] a *Giant, exceeding great.*
 Gigeria, orum, n. [ab Heb. Gnagur. anser] *Goose-giblets.*
 Gignentia, æ, a *getting, breeding.*
 † Gigniola, æ, f. a *tree like a palm.*
 † Gignis, i, f. a *Woman.*
 GIGNO, enui, enitum, [γεννῶ] to *Beget, bring forth, Fashion, Invent.* * Gignentia, things *growing out of the Ground.*
 Gignor, i, to *be born, &c.*
 Gigonus, a *City of Thrace.*
 Gilda, a *City of Libya.*
 Gildo, a *King of Africa.*
 Gilgambæ, a *People of Libya.*
 Gilimerus, a *King of the Vandals.*
 Gilippus, a *General sent with auxiliaries from Lacedæmonia to Syracuse.*
 † Gillo, onis, an *Ear of corn, also a Gill-measure*
 Gillus, a *banished man of Tarentum, who with his own money redeemed the Persian Spies taken by Pirates, and brought them to Darius, and being promised whatsoever reward he would ask, only desired to be restored to his Country.*
 GILVUS, a, um, [Κίρπος] an *Iron gray, coloured like a badger.*
 Gindanes, a *People of Libia, who live only upon the fruit of the lote-tree.*
 Gindarenfes and Gindari, a *people of Gindara near Antioch.*
 Gindes, a *River of Albania and Mesopotamia.*
 † Gingeria, orum, *Goose-giblets. See Gigeria.*
 † Gingeriator, oris, m. a *Piper or Fidler.*
 Gingiber, eris, n. [γινγίβρις] *Ginger.*
 Gingidium, ii, n. the *herb Tooth-pick, Fennel, g.*
 GINGIVA, æ, f. [q. γένυς γύ-
 menti fossa] the *Gum or Jaw.*
 Gingivula, æ, f. a *swelling under the Ears.*
 Gingla, a *Town of Comagene near Euphrates.*
 Ginglimos, the *joining of the bones, so that the same receives, and is received, g.*
 Ginglymore, a *City of Phoenicia.*
 Gingras, a *kind of pipe, g.*
 Gingras, Adonis, so *called by the Phœnicians.*
 Gingrina, æ, f. [a gingrio] a *kind of Piping, a short pipe with a sad shrill sound.*
 Gingrinator, oris, m. a *Piper, Fidler.*
 Gingrio, ire, [γινγρίζω] a *sono] to Gaggle like a Goose.*
 Gingritus, us, m. a *Gagging.*
 † Gingron, a *kind of pipe.*
 † Gingrum, i, n. a *Gagging.*
 † Gingula, æ, f. the *Gum.*
 Gingumum, a *Mountain of Umbria.*
 Ginnus, i, m. a *mule, g.* See Hinnus.
 Gion, or geon, the *same river which the Egyptians call Nilus; also a*

mountain of *Judea, where Solomon was anointed King.*
 Gippius, a *Roman who made as if he slept while his wife was naught, but when any came that he liked not, raised himself and cried, non omnibus dormio, which grew into a Proverb.*
 † Gipsatus, a, um, *Plastered.*
 † Gypsum, i, n. *Plaster, Mortar.*
 Gir, a *River of Libya.*
 † Giraculum, i, n. *Childrens toy.*
 Girgillus, i, m. [a gyro] a *Reel to wind yarn on.*
 Girim, a *mountain of the Garamantes, producing gems.*
 † Giruli, orum, *Minnows.*
 Gifira, the *City Oue in Africa propria.*
 Gissa, an *Island of the Illyrian Sea.*
 † Git, or gith, the *herb Nigella Romana, or Coriander.*
 † Githago, or Gittago, *Field nigella; also Cockle.*

G

L

G L. for *gloria, or gallus.*
 Glabella, æ, f. the *space between the eye-brows.*
 Glabellus, a, um, *Bald, Hairless.*
 GLABER, a, um, [γλαυρός] *Smooth, Bald.*
 † Glabris, e, *Bald.*
 † Glabra, the *same as glabella.*
 † Glabrator, oris, *he that makes bare.*
 Glabreo, to *become Smooth,*
 Glabresco, ere, to *Bare, Pill'd, to be without grass.*
 Glabrētum, i, n. a *bare place on the ground.*
 Glabrio, a *Consul with Ulpianus Trajanus, and others.*
 Glabrione, num, they *that have no hair on their Bodies.*
 † Glabriosus, and Glabrōsus, a, um, *without hair.*
 Glabritas, atis, f. *Baldness, smooth-*
 Glabrities, ei, f. *ness.*
 Glabro, are, to *make smooth or bare.*
 * Glabrare sues, to *scald them.*
 Glacialis, le, *Icy, Frozen.*
 Glacians, ntis, *freezing.*
 Glaciator, oris, m. a *freezer.*
 Glaciatus, a, um, *frozen, curled.*
 † Glaciacula, æ, f. a *little Ice*
 Glacies, ei, f. [a gelu] *Ice.* * Glacies ætis, the *solidity of brass.*
 Glacio, are, to *freeze.*
 Glacior, ari, to *be frozen.*
 GLACITO, are, [a sono] to *Gaggle like a Goose.*
 † Gladiālis, e, of a *Sword.*
 † Gladiatio, onis, f. a *fencing.*
 † Gladiātor, oris, m. a *Fencer, sword-player, a Cut-throat.*
 Gladiatōrē, adv. *fencingly.*
 Gladiatorium, i, n. a *fencing-school.*
 Gladiatorius, a, um, of *fencing or sword-playing.* * Gladiatorio animo, with a *mischievous intent.*
 Gladiatūra, æ, f. a *fencing, duelling.*
 † Gladiatus, i, m. a *Fencer.*
 † Gladii, orum, *rolls of Wooll ready for the wheel.*
 † Gladio, are, to *kill with the sword.*
 Gladiolus, i, m. a *Dagger, Corn-flag, Sword-grass.*
 Gladius, ii, m. [ab Heb. Catal oc-
 cidit] a *Sword, a Sword-fish.* * Gladius delphicus, a *thing fit for divers uses.* * Gladius plumbeus, or ficulneus, a *weak argument.*

- Suo sibi hunc jugulo gladio, I take him in his own device. * Ad gladium damnari, to be put into the fencing school.
- † Glagulus, i, m. an Olive-kernel.
- † Glama, æ, f. the Rheum of the Eyes.
- † Glancea, æ, f. a Widgeon.
- † Glandactus, a, um, belonging to Mast.
- † Glandarius, a, um, of Acorns or Masts.
- † Glandatio, onis, f. a feeding with or gathering of Acorns.
- † Glandeo, ere, to bear Acorns.
- † Glandia, æ, f. an Inflammation in the Nose.
- † Glandicula, æ, f. a little Acorn.
- Glandifer, a, um, bearing Acorns or Mast.
- † Glandinosus, a, um, full of Mast.
- † Glandion, a wreathing of the finews.
- † Glandionia, or glandionica, the daintiest part of a Swine.
- † Glandiolus, a, um, full of Mast.
- Glandium, ii, n. [a glans] a Hogs Sweet bread.
- Glando, inis, f. an Acorn.
- Glandomirum, a City of Spain, called Mondonnedo.
- Glandula, æ, f. [a glans] a kernel or Nut in the flesh of a man or beast.
- Glandulæ, are, the almonds of the ears.
- Glandulosus, a, um, full of Mast or Kernels.
- Glanicus, a River of Italy.
- Glanis, a River of Cuma, Iberia, and Italy.
- Glans, is, 2 a Hogs Sweet bread; Glanus, i, m. 3 also a crafty fish, which nubbles away the bait, &c.
- Glannobanta, Bainbrig in Yorkshire.
- GLANS, ndis, f. [Βαανύς] an Acorn. Mast, Chestnut, Bullet, kernel, suppository, the nut of a many yard. * Glans terræ, an Earth-nut.
- Glammum, a Town of Gallia Narbonensis.
- Glaphyræ, a City of Thessaly, and town of Cilicia.
- Glaphyrus, a noted Adulterer in Juvenal.
- Glaphyrus, a, um, Neat, pleasant, Merry, &c.
- GLAREÆ, æ, f. [αλας lapillus] Gravel.
- Glareola, æ, f. Grit.
- Glareosus, a, um, full of Gravel or Grit.
- Glaronia, the City Glaris in Helvetia.
- Glastinus, a, um, Sky-coloured.
- Glastum, i, n. [a gelu] the herb wood, also Amber.
- † Glaucædo, inis, f. Grayness.
- † Glaucia, the herb Celandine.
- Glaucia, a Town in Ionia.
- Glaucias, a skilful Anatomist.
- † Glaucius, a kind of Fish.
- Glaucinus, a, um, Gray-coloured.
- † Glauciolus, i, a horse with a wall eye.
- Glaucippus, an Historian who wrote of the Athenian Feasts.
- Glauciscus, i, m. a fish that breeds much milk in women, &c.
- † Glaucitas atis, f. Grayness.
- Glaucito, are, [a sono] to Cry like a weelp.
- Glaucium, ii, n. the Juice of me-
- mintbe used about eyes; also a Field-fare or Coot, &c.
- Glaucōma, atis, n. a pin or web in the eye; also a Wall-eye, &c.
- Glaucionium, ii, n. Pennyroyal, &c.
- Glaucopis, idis, f. she that is gray-eyed, an Epithet of Pallas, &c.
- GLAUCUS, a, um, [Γαυρός] Gray, or blewish-bay.
- Glaucus, the name of several men, whereof one was a fisher, who laying the fish which he caught upon the bank, observed that they tasted of an herb, and leaped into the Sea again, which he imitated, and became a God of the Sea; also a foolish Captain that changed his own golden Armour for Diomedes his brazen Armour; whence the proverb, Glauci & Diomedis permutatio, Robinhood's penny-worths.
- Glaucias, a King of Illyrium.
- Glaux, eis, an Owl; also the herb Milk-wort; a kind of Coin stamped with an Owl, a kind of dance, &c.
- GLEBA, æ, f. [Βαλός, Heb. Regeb] a Clod, Turf. * Glebam in os injicere, to fill the grave.
- Glebālis, e, of Clods or Turfs.
- Glebarius, ii, m. a Plough-man.
- Glebārius, a, um, of Ploughing.
- † Glebatim, Clod by Clod.
- † Glebella, æ, f. a small Clod.
- † Glebo, onis, m. a Ploughman.
- † Glebōitas, atis, f. Cloddiness.
- Glebōsus, a, um, full of Clods.
- Glebūla, æ, f. [a gleba] a small Clod.
- Glebūlentus, a, um, Clotty.
- † Glecon, Ornament, or Pennyroyal, &c.
- † Glecida, æ, the herb Piony.
- Glessaria, an Island in the German Sea.
- Glessas, a City of Boeotia.
- Glessum, i, n. or Glæsum, [a germ. glass] Amber.
- Gletes, a People of Iberia.
- Gleucinum, i, an Oil of Olives not thoroughly pressed or mixed with wine and spices, &c.
- † Gliconium, ii, n. Camomil.
- † Glinon, a kind of Maple.
- Gltarium, ii, the place where Dormice are kept.
- † Glirius, Glirius and Glirus, a, um, Drouse, like a Dormouse.
- GLIS, iris, m. [Εἰς] a Dormouse.
- Glis, idis, f. [αλας fordidus] Mouldiness of Bread.
- Glis, isis, f. [αλα gluten] a Thistle.
- Glis, itis, f. [Γιστρός viscosus] Potters clay.
- Gliscens, ntis, Growing, Raging.
- † Gliscrus, a, um, Encreasing, Shining, Sumptuous.
- † Glischromargon, a kind of white Marble.
- † Gliscitur, for Gliscit.
- GLISCO, ere, [Γαίχουα appeto] to Desire greatly, to grow better, Glow, Prosper. * Gliscit terra, the Land grows fat.
- † Glisera, a kind of Table.
- † Gliscus, a, um, of a Thistle or Bur.
- † Glissosus, a, um, full of Burs.
- † Gliscus, a, um, of Potters Clay.
- † Glitosus, a, um, full of Clay.
- † Glittus, a, um, Thin or Light.
- † Glix, a Fish called also Hippurus.
- † Globas, f. a joining together.
- Globātim, [a globus] adv. Roundly.
- Globatio, onis, f. a making round.
- Globator, oris, m. a Winder.
- Globatus, a, um, made round.
- Globo, are, to make round, wind up.
- Globor, ari, to be Wound, or made round.
- Globosè, adv. Roundly.
- Globositas, atis, f. Roundness.
- Globosus, a, um, Round.
- Globulus, i, m. a Pellet, Bullet, Ball, a Lenten leaf, and a Cypress.
- Globum, i, n. a Bowl or any round thing.
- GLÖBUS, i, m. [α λαβή to-mulus] a Globe, Bowl, Clot, Company, any round thing. * Globonaviū, a Squadron of Ships.
- † Glōcido, are, to Cluck like a Hen.
- Glōciens, ntis, Clucking.
- GLÖCIO, ire, 2 [Κλαζω, a to-cluck] no] to Cluck like a Brood-ben.
- Glōcitatio, onis, f. a Clucking.
- † Glomer, eris, and Glomera, 2, a Bottom of thread.
- Glōmerābilis, le, [a glomus] which may be wound up.
- Glōmērālis, le, Winding, Turning.
- Glōmērāmen, inis, a bottom, lump, Pellet, Pill.
- Glōmērans, ntis, Winding up.
- Glōmērārius, a, um, of Winding.
- Glōmērātum, Roundly, Freely, Plentifully, adv.
- Glōmēratio, onis, f. a winding of thread, Fetching round.
- Glōmērator, oris, m. a Winder.
- Glōmērātus, a, um, Wound up.
- Glōmēro, are, to Wind thread in a bottom, heap up in a lump, whirl about. * Glomerare gressus, to amble.
- Glōmeror, ari, to be gathered round.
- * Aves glōmērantes, the birds flock together.
- Glōmērōsus, a, um, gathered round, Swarmed together.
- † Glomerum, i, n. a Shepherd's Cloak.
- † Glomicellus, and -lum, i, n. a little Bottom or Clew.
- Glōmulus, i, m. a little bottom or round heap.
- GLOMUS, i, m. 2 [Heb Golem] a bottom of thread or yarn. * Bonorum glomus, abundance of wealth.
- GLORIA, æ, f. [Καλός, vel Γαύρος lingua] Glory, Renown, a good name, or a notorious ill name.
- Gloriabundus, a, um, greatly boasting.
- † Gloriāmen, inis, n. Honour.
- Glōriandus, a, um, to be boasted of.
- Glōrians, ntis, Boasting.
- Glōriatio, onis, f. a Boasting.
- Glōriator, oris, m. a boaster, bragger.
- † Glorificatio, onis, f. a glorifying.
- † Glorificatus, a, um, Glorified.
- Glōrifico, are, to Glorify.
- Glōriola, æ, f. a little Reputation or Glory.
- Glōrior, ari, to Glory, Boast, Crack, Brag. * Gloriarī aliquod, de or in re aliqua, ob rem aliquam, to brag of a thing.
- Glōriose, inis, inis, Gloriously, Boastingly, Vainly, adv.
- † Glōriositas, atis, f. Gloriousness.
- Glōriōsus, a, um, Glorious. Praef-worthby, also Vain-glorious. * Glōriōsus miles, a Brigadocio.
- GLOS, oris, f. [Γλως] the

Husbands Sister, or Brothers Wife.
 † Glos, offis, m. rotten Wood.
 Glossa, æ, f. a Tongue, an outlandish word in any writing or discourse, a short Comment, &c.
 Glossaria, orum, n. Dictionaries of divers Languages, a Bier.
 † Glossarius, um, of divers Languages.
 Glossarius, ii, m. a writer of glosses.
 † Glossatus, a, um, Expounded.
 Glossēma, ātis, n. a strange unsuitable word; also a gloss or Exposition, &c.
 † Glossēmaticus, a, um, of a Comment.
 † Glossō, and Glossūlo, are, to Comment.
 † Glossocomion, or Glottocomion, an Instrument in which broken members are set and bound up.
 Glossographus, i, m. an Interpreter of strange words, &c.
 Glossopetra, æ, f. a Precious stone like a Tongue, &c.
 Glossūla, æ, f. a small Comment or Exposition.
 Gloridis, the wife of King Clodorus, who left her wealth, and shut herself up in a Nunnery.
 Glōrō, are, [a sono] to cry like a fork.
 Glottis, idis, f. the windpipe of the Throat, a kind of bird, &c.
 GLŪBO, bi, itum, [Γλῦβω] to flea, bark, share.
 Glāmā, æ, f. [a glubo] a Husk, Chaff.
 † Glāmea, æ, f. the Nightingale.
 † Glāmo, are, to thresh out.
 † Glāmor, ari, to be threshed out.
 † Glāmūlum, i, n. a Tuft of Corn-stalks.
 † Gluo, ere, to ring or strain hard.
 † Glus, uris, m. Sighing, Sobbing.
 GLŪTEN, inis, n. [Κόλλα Γλα] Glue, Solder, Paste.
 † Glutidæ, arum, n. a kind of Snakes.
 Glutināmen, inis, n. † Paste or glutinamentum, i, n. † ish matter.
 Glutinans, ntis, gluing, closing.
 † Glutinanter, stickingly.
 Glutinatio, ōnis, f. a Gluing.
 Glutinator, ōris, m. a Gluer.
 † Glutineus, a, um, of Glue.
 † Glutitio, are, to Glue, Solder, close up.
 Glutino, are, to Glue together, Solder.
 Glutnor, ari, to be glued, joyned.
 Glutinōsus, a, um, clammy, sticking to.
 Glutinum, i, n. Glue.
 GLŪTIO, ire, [a gula] to swallow.
 * Glutire vocem, to rattle in the Throat.
 Glūto, ōnis, m. [a gula] a Glutton.
 † Gluttio, ire, to cluck like a Hen.
 Gluttus, i, m. [a gula] the Throat.
 † Glutus, or Glitius, a, um, compact, thrust close together.
 † Glux, ucis, fat and clammy earth.
 † Glycea, orum, n. Sores in the Nose.
 Glycēra, æ, the Name of a Beautiful Maid in Horace.
 Glycerium, ii, f. a Thespian Harlot, who gave the Thespians that piece of Cupid which Praxiteles gave her.
 Glycon, the Name of a very strong

Man in Horace; also the Physician of the Consul Panfa, who was cast into Prison upon Suspicion of Poisoning his Masters Wounds.
 Glycupieron, g. bitter sweet.
 Glycumerides, g. a kind of delicious Fish.
 Glycyrrhiza, æ, g. Liquorish.
 † Glycysancon, the herb Southernwood.
 Glycysside, g. the Herb Piony.
 Glymes, a Town in Lacedæmonia.

G

N

G N, for gens or genus.
 † Gnsus, i, m. a mark in the body, by which one may be known.
 Gnephaliūm, ii, n. Cudwort or Cotton weed, &c.
 † Gnaphalon, i, n. a stuffing of Flax or Flocks.
 † Gnaphalus, i, a fair coloured Bird with a loud Voice.
 Gnaphæus, ei, a Fuller, and a Fish called a Tucker, &c.
 † Gnaphus, i, a Fullers Teasel.
 Gnāre, or -iter, adv. Skilfully.
 † Gnārigare, to Declare.
 Gnāritas, atis, f. Skilfulness.
 † Gnāritur, it is known or desired.
 † Gnarrat, and gnarrille, for narrat and narrasse.
 † Gnaturis, re, Acquainted, Informed.
 † Gnaruro, are, to Inform.
 GNARUS, a, um, [Γναρῖς agnosco] Skilful, Expert, well known.
 Gnāta, æ, f. a Daughter. See Nata.
 Gnātho, ōnis, m. a Parasite, smell-Feast, &c.
 Gnatho, a Sicilian Glutton, who was wont to blow his Nose into the Dishes, that others forbearing, he might eat all.
 Gnathonicus, a, um, Flattering.
 † Gnāto, and gnaturio, ire, to get Children.
 Gnatus, i, m. a Son. See Natus.
 † Gnāvitās, ātis, f. Industry, Activity.
 Gnāviter, adv. Industriously, stoutly.
 GNĀVUS, a, um, [Γναῦς] Stout, Industrious, Active.
 † Gnephosum, i, n. Darkness.
 Gnes, a People of Rhodes.
 Gnesium, ii, n. the right Eagle, &c.
 Gneus, the Name of several Romans.
 † Gnidium granum, Pepper of the Mount.
 Gnidus, as Cnidus.
 † Gnitur, for gignitur.
 † Gnitus, for genitus.
 † Gnixus, for nixus.
 † Gnobilis, for nobilis.
 Gnoma, æ, a Moral Sentence, an Instrument to Measure Land, &c.
 Gnomon, ōnis, m. the Cock of a Dial, a Horses Tooth shewing his Age, a Carpenters Square; also a Quadrant, &c.
 Gnomōnice, es, f. the Art of Dialling, &c.
 Gnosiacus, æ, a, um, of Gnosus.
 Gnosius, æ, a, um, of Gnosus.
 Gnosippus, i, m. so notorious a Glutton, that the Athenians forbade their Children ever eating with him.
 Gnosis, idis, f. Ariadne.
 Gnosticus, a, um, g. knowing. * Gnoturci, crum, Hereticks pretending

great knowledge, denying a future Judgment, holding two Gods, &c.
 Gnosus, or Cnosus, a Famous City of Crete, where Minos kept his Court.
 † Gnot for novit, he Knows.
 † Gnotomel, elis, the Oracle of God.
 † Gnotus, ūs, m. Knowledge.

G

O

† Goa, æ, the Arched Fig-tree, one of which grows to a whole Wood by the boughs turning downward and taking root.
 Goarene, or Goarea, a Countrey of Arabia near Damascus.
 Goatha, a place near Jerusalem, by some thought to be Golgotha.
 Gobar, a Governour of Meleopotamia.
 Gobaum, a Promontory of Gallia Celtica, called Cap S. Mahe.
 Gobazes, a King of the Colchians.
 GOBIO, ōnis, † [Κοβίος] m. GOBIUS, ii, m. † rinus, a Whiting, and fluviatilis, a Gaddeon.
 Gobrias, a Noble-man of Persia, one of those that conspired with Darius against the Magi.
 Godefridus, a King of the Danes, and another of the Normans.
 Goëtia, æ, f. Witchcraft, &c.
 Gogarene, a Country between Colchis and Iberia.
 Golgi, orum, a place in Cyprus dedicated to Venus and Cupid.
 Golgotha, a place where Christ was Crucified.
 Goliath or Goliath, a Giant slain by David.
 Gomer, a Hebrew measure, somewhat above our Gallon.
 Gomerus gallus, the first who reduced his Colonies into a Kingdom, which afterwards was called Italy, and taught them Laws.
 Gomolita, a People of Idumæa.
 Gomphæna, æ, f. Jealousie; also the herb Poppingay, &c.
 Gomphi, a City of Thessaly.
 Gomposis, is, when one bone is fastened in another, as the teeth in the jaws, &c.
 Gōnagra, æ, f. the Knee-gout, &c.
 Gondamiris, a King of Spain.
 Gondra, a People of Thrace.
 † Gonglium, a Pill in Physick, the root Naveum or Turnep.
 Goniades, Nymphs having a Chappel by the river Cytherius, whose waters are thought to heal the sick.
 Gonni, a City of Pyrrhæbia.
 Gonoessa, a City of Ætolia.
 Gonorrhæa, g. the running of the Reins.
 Goroma, a Country in Arabia.
 Goromeni, the Inhabitants of Gorama.
 Gordisa, a Country in Persia.
 Gordianus, the Name of three Roman Emperors, the first had in his Library Sixty and Two Thousand Books.
 Gordieum, a City of Magna Phrygia by Cappadocia, called Sardis.
 Goadieus, a Mountain of Armenia, where Noah's Ark rested.
 Gorditanum, a Promontory of Sardinia.
 Gordium, a City of Phrygia by the River Sangarius.

Gor-

Gordius, a King of Phrygia, being before a Husband-man, and chosen King by Apollo's Oracle, because he first entered the Temple in memory whereof he hung up his cords there, tied in such a knot as was thought indissoluble. the Oracle also affirming, that he that undid it should Rule over those Countries, and Alexander, when he could not loose it, cut it asunder, saying, it was no matter how, so 'twas undone; whence the Proverb, No is Gordianus for any great Difficulty.

Gordon, the People of Gant in Flanders.

Gordynia, a City of Macedonia.

Gorgias, a famous Rhetorician, who wrote a good Book, De Concordia, at a time of Difference among the Greeks.

Gorgias Atheniensis, he wrote of the Harlots of Athens.

Gorgias Leontinus, a Philosopher, Scholar of Empedocles, and Master of Isocrates, he got so much Money as to place a golden Statue in the Temple of Apollo at Delphos, he declaimed and disputed any question extempore.

Gorgippia, a City of India.

Gorgo, the Ship in which Perseus returned after he had Conquered Medusa.

Gorgon, an Island of the Tyrrhene Sea.

Gorgones, the three Daughters of Phorcus, Medusa, Stheno, and Euryale, said to have Snakes instead of Hair, and kill Men by their looks.

Gorgones, or **Gorgades**, Islands in the Atlantick Sea.

Gorgoneus, a, um, of the Gorgons.

Gorgonia, the Name of Pallas from her helping Perseus to kill Medusa, who had profaned her Temple.

† **Gorgonia**, æ, Coral.

Gorgonius, a Noble-man, who under Dioclesian was hang'd for the Christian Religion, his Body was cast to hungry Dogs, but they would not touch it; also a stinking Fellow in Horace.

Gorgophoros, Pallas so called, because in her Shield Medusa's Head was engraven.

Gorgus, one very Skillful in the business of Metals, whose help Alexander made use of.

Gorgyensis, a Name of Bacchus.

Gorgyia, a place in Samos.

Gorgythion, the Son of Priamus and Castianira. Slain by Teucus in the Trojan War.

Gorricum, a City in Holland.

Gortyn, -ys, and -tyna, a Town in Crete, near the Lethæan Lake.

Gortynenses, the People of Gortyn.

Gortynia, or -um, a Town in Arcadia.

Gortyniacus, a, um, of Gortyn.

Gortynius, a, um, of Gortyn.

† **Gossampinus**, i, f. a Cotton-tree.

Gossipinus, a, um, of Cotton. * **Gossipina vestis**, Fustian.

GOSSIPIUM, ii, n. [Ægypt.] Cotton or the Cotton tree.

Gotha, a City of Thuringia, Built by the Goths, A. D. 913.

Gothfredus, a Count of Apulia and other Men, among whom Godfrey

of Bologne was made King of Jerusalem, A. D. 1000.

Gothi, or **Gotthi**, a fierce People of scythia, who wasted a great part of Christendom.

Gothia, the Country of the Goths. an Island in the Baltick Sea near Denmark, called Juitland.

Gothini, the People of Germany.

Gothunni, a People of Sarmatia Europæa, mixed of Goths and Huns.

† **Gotticus**, a, um, Doltish.

† **Govius**, ii, m. a Gudgeon.

G

P

G. P. for gula parentum.

G

R

G R, for gerens, gerit, gratia, or gratis.

G. R. for genus regium, or rerum.

† **Grabatarius**, ii, m. a maker of beds.

Grābātulus, i, m. a little Couch or trundle-bed.

Grābātus, i, m. [γρᾶβᾶτος] a Trundle-bed, Couch, or Pallet.

† **Grabium**, ii, n. a kind of Torch.

Gracchus, Sempronius, the Father of Caius and Tiberius, who being Proconsul in Spain, subdued the Celerians, repaired their Town Ilurcis, and called it Grachium.

† **Gracile**, and -ter, slenderly.

† **Gracilens**, and -gracilus, slender.

† **Gracilentus**, a, um, spare slim.

Gracilesco, ere, to grow lean or slender.

Gracilipes, ēdis, slender-legg'd, an Epithet of a Stork.

GRĀ ILIS, le, [q. gradilis, vel ab antiq. græco] slender, small, weak.

Gracilitas, ātis, f. leanness, slenderness. * **Gracilitatem exigere** stylo, to write in a soft stile, to use Childish Phrases and Expressions.

† **Gracilium**, ii, n. slenderness.

Gracillo, are, [a cano] to cackle like a Hen.

Graculus, li, m. [a fono, vel Kōgē corvus] a Jay.

† **Gracus**, a, um, filthy, foul.

Grādārius, a, um, going shortly.

* **Gradarii equi**, Ambling Horses.

Grādātum, adv. by degrees, step by step.

Grādatio, onis, f. a going up by stairs, a Figure in Rhetorick.

† **Gradator**, ōris, m. he that goes up by stairs, a goer.

Grādātus, a, um, made with steps.

Grādientis, ntis, going, walking.

† **Gradilis panis**, Dole-bread.

Grādior, gressusum, di, [a gradus] to step, march, walk, stalk.

† **Grādipes**, ēdis, a slow Bird, a Buzzard.

† **Gradir**, n. the palm of the hand

Gradivicola, æ, c. [a gradivus & colo] a Worshipper of Mars.

Grādīvus, a Name of Mars from marching.

† **Grādo**, are, to go by degrees.

† **Gradus**, for gradū.

GRĀDUS, ūs, m. [ab Heb. Darac, incessit] Degree, Step, Stair, a Degree of Quality, Condition, and kindred, beginning, entrance. * **Gradium facere**, to set a step in Clambering. * **Pleno gradu**, apace. * **De gradu dejici**, to be made to give Ground, to lose his Office.

Græa, for Tanagræa, a City of Eretia.

Græa, the three Sisters, the Daughters of Phorcus, who had all but one Eye and one Tooth, which they used by turns.

Græcānus, a, um, Grecian.

† **Græcator**, ius, more Greek-like.

Græcè, adv. in Greek.

Græcia, æ, Greece, a large part of Europe, the Nurse of Learning, Prowess, and all Arts.

Græciensis, of Greece.

Græcia magna, the uttermost Coast of Italy, subdued by the Greeks.

† **Græcisco**, are, to imitate the Greeks.

Græciscus, i, m. the custom of the Greeks.

Græcisco, are, to imitate the Greeks.

† **Græcolanus**, and -onus, one skilled in Greek.

Græcor, ari, to speak Greek, to swill it.

Græcostasis, a place of Rome where the Embassador of the Greeks lay.

Græcula, æ, f. a kind of Rose.

Græculus, i, m. one that has a smattering in Greek, a poor Greek.

Græculus, a, um, of Greece.

Græcus, a name of a man who gave Name to Græcia and the Greeks.

Græcus, a, um, of Greece, Greek.

* **Græcā fide**, for Ready Money.

* **Græca nux**, an Almond. * **Græca rosa**, a small Rose without smell.

Græci, a People of Æolia.

Grājūgēna, æ, c. [a graius & gigno] a Grecian born.

Graius, a, um, Grecian. * **Graius homo**, an Epicure.

Grallæ, arum, f. [a gradior] crutches.

Grallator, ōris, m. one that goes upon stilts.

Grallatōrius, a, um, great, large.

* **Gradus grallatōrius**, a large step.

Grānipes, ēdis, c. a great stalker.

† **Grallo**, are, to go stragling or on stilts.

GRĀMEN, īnis, n. [Γρᾶμν] all kind of Grass. * **Gramen plumosum**, a bent.

Grāmia, æ, f. [γρᾶμν] Rheum in the Eyes.

Grāmīneus, a, um, of or like grass.

* **Graminea corona**, a Crown made of green Grass, given to him that raised a Siege.

† **Grāmīno**, are, gramineo, and -esco, ere, to gather or fill with Grass.

Grāmīnōsus, a, um, full of Grass.

Gramiosus, a, um, blear eyed.

Gramma, ātis, n. a Letter, Writing, Scruple in weight, g.

Grammāteus, ei, m. a Notary, Scribe, g.

Grammatis, or **grammatis**, a Jasper with white streaks, g.

Grammātica, æ, f. Grammar, g.

Grammaticæ, æ, f. Grammar, g.

Grammaticæ, rum, n. the knowledge or Rules of Grammar.

Grammāticāli, le, of Gramm. r.

Grammāticāliter, adv. Grammatically.

Gramma, ī-aster, i, m. a poor poultry Grammarian.

Grammāicè, adv. according to Grammar.

Grammaticus, i, m. a Pedant.

GRIT

- Grammaticus, a, um, g. belonging to Grammar.
 Grammaticus, i, m. a Grammarian.
 Grammatista, -tes, æ, m. a poor or young Grammarian, g.
 Grammatophorus, i, m. a Carrier of Letters, g.
 Grammatophylacium, ii, n. a place where public Writings are kept, g.
 Grammicus, a, um, made of Lines.
 Grammium, a City of Crete.
 Grammitæ & Grammii, the Inhabitants of Grammium.
 Grammosus, a, um, Blear-eyed.
 Grampus, a large Mountain of Scotland called Granzebain.
 Granarium, ii, n. [a granum] a Graner, Barn.
 Granata, æ, f. a kind of Garment used by the Emperors.
 Granata, or Granatum, the City Granada in Spain.
 Granatum, i, n. a Pomegranate.
 Granatus, a, um, having many Grains or Kernels.
 Grandævus, & iter, adv. gravely.
 Grandævitas, ætis, f. [a grandis & ævum] Old Age, Antiquity.
 Grandævus, a, um, very Ancient.
 Grandebale, arum, Hairs in the Arm-pits.
 Grandesco, ere, to grow big.
 Grandiculus, a, um, somewhat big.
 Grandificus, a, um, Great, Brave, Noble.
 Grandigro, are, to hasten away.
 Grandiloquentia, æ, f. lofty Language, big words.
 Grandiloquus, a, um, speaking in a High Style.
 Grandimacula, æ, f. a Net with wide meshes.
 Grandinatus, a, um, full of hail.
 Grandino, are, [a grando] to Hail.
 Grandinosus, a, um, full of Hail, bringing Hail.
 Grandio, ire, to make great. * Grandire gradum, to hasten.
 Grandior, iri, to be increased.
 GRANDIS, æ, & -or, or -s, iſſimus, [a grandis senex] Great, Illustrious, Ancient. * Grandis natu, Aged.
 Grandiscapius, a, ū, with a great top.
 Grandisonus, a, um, making a great noise.
 Granditas, ætis, f. bigness, largeness. * Granditas verborum, a lofty Style.
 Granditer, adv. hugely, manly.
 Grandiosulus, a, um, of a good Stature or Age, somewhat big.
 GRANDO, inis, f. [a granum] Hail, also a little hard swelling in the Eye-lid.
 Granea, æ, f. a Meat of parched Corn, also a kind of Olive.
 Granellum, i, n. a little Kernel.
 Graneo, and Granesc, oere, to have Kernels.
 Graniacum, a Promontory of Corsica called Amanza.
 Granicus, a River of Bithynia, Famous for a battle between Alexander and the Persians, wherein were slain and routed 60000 Persians by his Army of 30000 Foot, and 4500 Horse.
 Granifer, a, um, bearing of Kernels.
 Granificum, ii, n. a making of Malt.
 Granionarium, the City Bamberg in Germany.
 Granio, are, to kernel like Corn.
 Granomastrix, the Tree from whence Mystick comes.
 Granomellum, i, n. Groat.
 Granones, the Hairs about a Cats Mouth.
 Granosus, a, um, full of Grains or Kernels.
 Granta, Cambridge.
 Granulum, i, n. a small Grain or Kernel.
 GRANUM, i, n. [a gero, vel Heb Goren Area] a Grain, Corn, Kernel.
 Granum viride, the Fruit of the Turpentine-tree.
 Granum Regium, Palma Christi, Granum Gnidium, Pepper of the Mount.
 Graphe, es, f. a Writing, an Inditement, g.
 Graphiarium, ii, n. a Pen-case or Ink-horn.
 Grapharius, a, um, of Writing.
 * Gladiolus grapharius, a Pen-knife. * Theca grapharia, a Penner.
 Graphice, es, f. the Art of Painting, portraying, or Writing and composing elaborately, g.
 Graphice, adv. Exactly, to the Life.
 Graphicus, a, um, Exact, to the Life. * Graphicus homo, a perfect Man, a finical spruce Man, g.
 Graphis, idis, f. the draught before the Painting, also Painting, g.
 Graphicus, i, m. an instrument to draw a Dart out of a Wound, g.
 Graphium, ii, n. an Icy Pen, with which they write on Tables waxed over. A file, g.
 Grapho, are, to write.
 Granhos, and graphus, i, m. a Writer.
 Grassa, æ, f. a step, stair.
 Grassandum est, a Man must proceed.
 Grassatio, ōnis, f. a Robbing or Killing by the High-way.
 Grassator, ōris, m. a High-way-man.
 Grassatura, æ, f. Plundering.
 Grassatus, a, um, cruel, passed, gone.
 Grassor, ari, [a gradior] to Rush along, Kill, or Rob by the High-way, Forage, Plunder, Rage, also to Flatter.
 Grassillus, a City of Macedonia.
 Gratabundus, a, um, Joyful for good Success befall another.
 Grātans, ntis, Rejoycing on ones behalf.
 Grātanter, adv. Rejoycingly.
 Grātē, in, iſſimē, adv. thankfully, willingly, joyfully, pleasingly.
 Grātēolens, ntis, smelling well.
 Grates, f. pl. thanks, also the Cells of Bees.
 Grātia, æ, f. [a gratus] Grace, Favour, Good will, a Thank, the remembrance of a good turn, comeliness, sake or cause. * Habere gratiam, to be beholden. * Est gratia. I acknowledge my self beholden to you. * Agere gratias, to thank. * Facere gratiam, to Pardon. * Esse in gratia, to be in high esteem.
 Grātie, arum, f. the Graces, Aglaia, Euphrosyne, and Thalia, Daughters of Jupiter and Venus, Goddesses of Friendship, handsome Conversation and Elegance.
 Gratianopolis, the City Grenoble in Gallia Narbonensis.
 Gratianus, the son of Valentinianus who succeeded both his Father and his Uncle Valence in the Empire. Also a Monk of Bononia, Brother to Peter Lombard; he first reduced the Decrees of the Pope into one Volume, A. D. 1189.
 Gratidia, a Woman Apothecary and Witch of Naples, called by Horace Canidia.
 Grātificatio, ōnis, f. a doing of a good turn.
 Grātificator, ōris, m. he that gratifies.
 Grātificor, ari, to do a pleasure, good turn, bestow freely.
 Grātificus, a, um, thankful.
 Grāteis, [a gratia] freely, for nothing.
 Gratilla, æ, f. a Cake used in sacrifice.
 Gratiola, æ, f. Hedge Hyssop.
 Gratiōse, adv. for Favour.
 Grātiositas, ætis, f. Popularity.
 Grātōsus, a, um, ior, iſſimus, popular, much esteemed, having great Friends. * Gratosus alicui, or apud aliquem, whose Company is pleasing or well approved by anyone.
 Grātus, adv. freely, frankly, for nothing.
 Grātito, are, to gratify often.
 Gratio, are, [a sono] to Goggle like a Goose.
 Grātītudo, inis, f. thankfulness.
 Grātō, adv. thankfully.
 Grātor, ari, to give one thanks, to rejoyce in ones behalf.
 Grātuiō, adv. freely. * Gratuito habitare, to sit Rent-free.
 Grātuius, a, um, given freely without desert.
 Grātulābundus, a, um, Rejoycing greatly at his own or anothers good.
 Grātulāmen, inis, n. a rejoycing with another.
 Grātulanter, thankfully, joyfully.
 Grātulatio, ōnis, f. a giving one Joy, a Rejoycing in ones behalf, a giving thanks.
 Grātulator, ōris, m. he that Congratulates.
 Grātulatrix, icis, f. she that congratulates.
 Grātulor, ari, to give one joy, rejoyce on ones behalf, to thank. * Gratulari tibi adventum, or de adventu, to express ones Joy for his Arrival. * Gratulari alicui in hac, de or pro hac re, to wish a Body Joy with such a thing.
 GRĀTUS, ior, iſſimus, [Xapists] thankful, acceptable, kind, pleasant, welcome. * Gratum facere, to gratify or comply with ones humour.
 Grāvāmen, inis, n. a Grief, Burden, Grievance.
 Grāvans, ntis, loading, grieving.
 Grāvātē, & adv. Grievously, Un-Gravatum, & kindly.
 Grāvātor, ōris, m. a griever, loader.
 Grāvātus, a, um, disdaining, loath, heavy, drowsie.
 Grāvē, gravely, heavily.
 Grāvedinōse, adv. drouse, heavily.
 Grāvedinōsus, a, um, having a heavy head or pose, causing such a Distemper.

Grāvēdo, inis, f. [a gravis] heaviness, *zizginess*.
 Grāvesco, ere, to grow heavy or big with child.
 Grāveolens, ntis, smelling Strong, stinking.
 Graveolentia, æ, f. a strong stinking scent.
 Grāvescens, ntis, growing big, worse and worse.
 † Grāvīcellus, a, um, somewhat Grave.
 † Gravicors, dis, having a heavy heart.
 Gravidatio, onis, f. a getting with child.
 Gravidatus, a, um, with child, full.
 † Gravidicus, a, um, speaking gravely.
 Graviditas, atis, f. a being great with young.
 Grāvīdo, are, to make great with young, to make fertile.
 Grāvīdor, ari, to be with young.
 Grāvīdus, a, um, [a gravis] heavy burdened, great with young. * Lingua grāvīda convitiis, a slanderous tongue.
 Grāvīi, a people of Spain.
 † Grāvīlloquētia, æ, f. a speaking solidly.
 Grāvīloquus, a, ū, speaking gravely or wisely.
 † Grāvīo, or Graphio, the Judge of the Chequer.
 GRĀVIS, ior, iſſimus, [Βαρύς] Grave, Grievous, Heavy, Weighly, big with child, Fruitful, Stinking, Laden. * Adversarius gravis, one that sits upon another's skirts. * Argentum grave, Silver in Bullion. * Navis gravis, a Merchant-man. * Gravis annis or ætate, very ancient.
 Grāvīscæ, a people of Tuscany.
 † Grāvīsonus, a, um, greatly sounding.
 † Grāvīstellus, a corpulent man.
 Grāvītas, atis, f. Gravity, Severity, Heaviness. * Gravitās annonæ, dearth of Victuals. * Auditūs grāvītas, thickness of hearing. * Gravitās cæli, the weather over-cast. * Genere gravitatem, to continue in a grave Posture. * Gravitās oris, a stinking breath.
 Grāvīter, iſſe, iſſimè, adv. Gravely, Heavily, Grievously. * Grāvīter sonare, to have a low sound. * Grāvīter spirare, to have a strong breath. * Grāvīter se habere, to be Sick.
 † Grāvītādo, inis, f. Heaviness, Weightiness.
 † Grāvīus, ii, m. an Earl or Governor.
 Grāvīuscūlus, a, um, [a gravis] somewhat Grievous or Heavy.
 Grāvō, are, to Burden, Load, Grieve.
 Grāvōr, ari, to be grieved, to disdain, Loath, not to Endure, to Dislike.
 † Gredibundus, a, um, walking often.
 Grēgālis, le, [a grex] of the same Flock, common. * Gregales tui, your Companions, those of your gang.
 Grēgārius, a, um, of the Flock. * Grēgārius miles, a common Soldier.
 Grēgātī, adv. by Flocks or Companies.
 † Grēgo, are, to gather into Flocks.
 Gregorius, Gregory, the Name of divers Bishops or Learned men.
 Gregorius Nazianzenus, who flourish-

ed under the Emperor Valence.
 Gregorius Nyſſenus, brother of Basilus Magnus, and honoured by the Greeks with the title Pater Patrum, he flourished A. D. 330.
 † Gressus, i, m. a kind of Bird.
 Gremia, orum, Splits or Billets of Wood.
 † Grēmīale, is, a Bib or Apron.
 Grēmīo, are, to make a lap or skirt.
 † Gremiolum, i, n. a little skirt.
 † Grēmīōsus, a, um, & gremiatus, having a great Lap or Bosom.
 GRĒMIUM, ii, n. [a gero] a Lap or Bosom. * Gremium Græciæ, the middle of Greece. * Gremium fluvii, the bed of a river or channel in which it runs.
 † Gressibilis, le, able to go.
 † Gressum, i, n. a pace.
 † Gressuo, are, to seek or search.
 † Gressura, æ, f. the Forked.
 Gressus, ūs, m. a Step or Pace, a Stepping or Walking.
 Gressus, a, um, [of gradior] Going.
 † Gressutus, a, um, having great Feet or long steps.
 Grestonia, a Country in Thrace.
 GREX, ēgis, m. [ab Ἀγείω congrego] a Flock or Herd, a Company, Crew, Gang. * Virgarum grex, a bundle of Rods. * Grex armentorum, a drove of great Cattle. * Grex hominum, a Company of men.
 † Gricena, a thick or strong Cord.
 † Grilletum, a place full of Crickets.
 Grillo, are, to cry like a cricket.
 † Grimini, orum, m. Lane-marks.
 † Grincio, ire, to cry like a Jay.
 GRIPUS, i, m. [Γρίψ] a Net, Riddle.
 † Grīsus, a, um, Grisly, Hairy, Rough.
 † Griura, æ, f. the Hammer of a Clock.
 † Grīzesco, ere, to grow Grey.
 † Groma, a casting out the ground for quarters, Fortifying a Camp.
 † Gromaticus, a, um, belonging thereto.
 † Gromphena, æ, a Bird in Sardinia like a Crane.
 Gronia, a city of Phœcis.
 Gronii, or Gromii, a people in Spain by the River Durus.
 Groninga, Groeninga, & Gruninga, a famous city in Germany, the Metropolis of Frisia.
 † Grossapina, æ, Cotton.
 † Grosso and grossesco, ere, to be Grosse.
 † Grossitas, grossities, and grossitudo, inis, f. Grossness.
 † Grossium, or -ius, a Quiver.
 † Grosso, are, to make Fat or Gross.
 Grossula, æ, f. [a grossus] a Gooseberry.
 Grosularia, æ, f. a Gooseberry-bush.
 Grossulus, i, m. a small green Fig.
 GROSSUS, i, m. [a crassus, vel ab Heb. Geres comminutum, vel Geresb cjesum] a green Fig.
 Grossus, a, um, Gross, thick, dull.
 † Grucula, æ, f. a little crane.
 Grudii, the People of Louvain in Brant.
 † Gruga, æ, f. a kind of Beast.
 † Gruina, and Gruinaria, the herb Cranes-bill.
 Gruinus, a, um, [a grus] of or like a Crane.

† Grulida, æ, f. a Porch.
 † Grulilo, are, to cry like a Quail.
 † Grulli, orum, a kind of Sbirds.
 Grūma, æ, f. [a gruo, vel congruo] a place where four ways meet, all the Teat, and an Instrument to measure land.
 † Grūmari, to Overthrow.
 † Grūmaticus, a, um, of Messuring, &c.
 Grumentum, a city of Lucania.
 † Grūmo, are, to direct for Messuring.
 † Grūmōsus, a, um, full of Clods.
 † Grūmūla, æ, f. a little heap.
 Grūmūlus, i, m. a Molehill, Garden-bed.
 GRŪMUS, i, m. [Θρόμβος] Hillock, a lump, clod. * Grūmūsalis, a corn of Salt.
 † Grunda, æ, the House-eave.
 Grundatorium, ii, n. the Eaves, all the water running down from there.
 GRUNDIO, ire, [Γρουάω a sowing] to Grunt, Murmur.
 † Grundo, are, to drop or run.
 † Grundūla, æ, f. little eaves.
 Grundūli, or grundiles, Heap of Gods instituted by Romulus, in the honour of a Sow that brought forth thirty Pigs at a Litter.
 Grunnitus, ūs, m. a Grunting.
 Gruno, a Duke of Frisia.
 Gruo, ere, to cry like a crane, crunk.
 GRUS, ūis, m. and f. [Γρίψ] a Crane, or an Instrument.
 † Grussus, i, m. a Wallet.
 † Grusus, a green Fig.
 † Grutaria, Funckets.
 Gry, g. a Grunt.
 † Gryllētum, i, n. a place full of crickets.
 Grylli, orum, Anticks in Print.
 Gryllus, i, m. [Γρυλλός] a cricket.
 Gryllus, the son of Zenophon, who died valiantly Fighting for his Country, whose Praise and Epitaph is wrote by many.
 Grynea, a city of Troas and Asia.
 Gryneum, or -nium, a Town of the Myrinæi, where there is a Temple of Apollo, and from thence called Grynæus.
 Gryneus, the name of a centaur.
 Gryphites, m. one with a crooked Nose like a Hawks Bill, g.
 Gryphus, i, m. a Riddle, casting-net, a Griffon, g.
 Gryps, vphis, m. a Griffon, g.
 Grypus, g. with a crooked Nose or Beak.

G

S

G. S. for Genio Sacro.
 G S for gravitas, genus, gemit.

G

T

G T. for Gentem, or gentes.
 G. T. for gravitas tua.

G

V

G U. for genus.
 G. V. for Gravis Valerius.
 Guaiacum, a West-India drug, Wood good against the French Disease.

Gualterus, the Name of several Men.

† Guardio, onis, or Guardianus, ni, m. a Guardian.

Guarimarus, a Norman Prince slain by his own men, A. D. 1049.

Gubernaculum, i, n. the stern or Rudder, the Helm of Government.

Gubernatio, onis, f. a Governing, Ruling, Guiding.

Gubernator, oris, m. a Governour, Guide. * Gubernator navis, the Steers-man.

Gubernatrix, icis, f. a Governess.

Gubernatus, a, um, Governed.

† Guberneta, æ, m. a Governour.

† Gubernio, onis, m. the same.

† Gubernium, ii, n. the Rudder.

GUBERNO, are, [Κυβερνῶ] to Govern, Guide, Steer.

† Gubernum, i, n. a ships Rudder.

Guelphi, the Faction in Italy, that opposed the Ghibelini.

Guido, the Name of several men.

Guido Lusignanus, a King of Jerusalem, A. D. 1184, and a King of Cyprus, A. D. 1191.

Guido Novellus, a Duke of Florence, A. D. 1260.

Guido Petramala, a Bishop of Milan, the crowned Ludovicus Bavarus the Emperor with an iron Crown, A. D. 1347.

Gulielmus, a King of Sicily, excommunicated by the Pope, A. D. 1153.

Gulielmus Conquestor, the first Norman King of England.

Gulielmus rufus, the son of the former William, who succeeded his father in the Kingdom, A. D. 1089.

GULA, æ, f. [a sono, vel ab Heb. luang deglutiri] the Gullet, Throat, Weasand; Gluttony, also the Nose of a pair of Bellows.

† Gulator, oris, m. a Ravenous glutton.

† Gullio, the green shells of Walnuts.

† Gulla and Gullia, orum, the same.

† Gulo, are, to devour greedily.

Gulones, num, [a gula] Belly-gears.

Gulo, adv. Gluttonously.

† Gulositas, atis, f. Gluttony.

Gulosus, a, um, Gluttonous. * Gulosus lector, one that has Read much.

† Gulus, i, m. a kind of Ship.

† Gumia, æ, f. Gluttony

Gummatum, a, um, Gummed, or bearing Gum.

GUMMI, indec. [Κόμμι] Gum.

Gumminus, a, um, made of Gum.

Gummitio, onis, f. anointing with Gum.

Gummosus, a, um, full of Gum.

† Gundula, æ, a kind of Boat.

† Gunianes, a precious stone supposed to work revenge upon enemies.

Guntia, a city of Rhætia, by the Danow, called Guntzburg.

Gurdus, a, um, [Hispan.] Foolish.

Gurdus, i, m. a Fool.

GURGES, itis, m. [Γύργης] a sono, vel a gyros] a Whirlpool, the Sea (in Poets) an insatiable Devourer or spendthrift, Glutton.

Gurges, the surname of Q. Fabius.

† Gurgitinus, a, um, of a Whirlpool or stream.

† Gurgitivus, a, um, of a gulf.

† Gurgito, are, to swallow.

GURGILIO, onis, f. [Ταργύλιον] the Pin of the Mouth, the

Weasand; also a Cater-pillar.

† Gurgus, a, um, somewhat swift.

Gurgutulum, i, n. a little Lodge.

Gurgustium, ii, n. [a gurgulio] a cottage or cabin.

† Gurrio, ire, to sing as a Nightingale.

† Gustabilis, e, tastable.

† Gustarius, ii, m. a taster.

Gustatio, onis, f. a tasting

Gustatorium, ii, n. a Parlour, Dining-room, a cup to taste in.

Gustatus, us, m. a Taste, Tasting.

Gustatus, a, um, tasted.

Gustito, are, to taste often.

GUSTO, are, [Γεύομαι] to taste, to have a smack of. * Gustare de aliquo, to make trial of him.

† Gustulum, i, n. a taste or bit.

† Gustum, i, n. a taste or draught.

Gustus, us, m. the taste, smack or relish.

Gutæ, a People supposed to be those that inhabited Gothland.

GUTTA, æ, f. [a sono, vel a Kuv fundo] a drop, very little, a spot in precious Stones. Six appendant drops seeming to trickle down from the channels of the triglyphs thro' the nether tænia.

Guttalus, a River in Germany falling into the German Ocean.

† Guttamen, inis, n. a dropping.

Guttans, ntis, dropping, distilling.

Guttatim, adv. by drops, drop by drop.

† Guttatorium, ii, n. a place where Droppings fall.

Guttatus, a, um, Spotted as it were with drops.

† Gutterna, æ, a sore throat.

† Guttem, for guttatim, by drops.

† Guttito, are, to drop often.

† Gutto, are, to fall in drops.

† Guttosus, a, um, full of drops.

Guttula, æ, f. a small drop.

Guttulus, i, m. a little cruse.

GUTTUR, ūris, n. [a gula vel gutta] the Throat.

† Gutturilla, æ, f. a Virtualling-House.

Gutturnium, ii, n. an Ewer.

Gutturōsus, a, um, having a wide Throat, Frog-throated, having the Mumps.

Guttus, i, m. [a gutta] a narrow-neck'd Glass or Bottle, a Vial or Cruse.

† Gutum, i, n. Pottage of Pease or Rice.

† Gutturnum, i, n. a Vessel made of a Fishers shell.

† Guvia, or guina, a cupping-glass.

G

X

3 X. for grex.

G

Y

Gyarus, and Gyara, orum, an Island in the Aegean Sea, whither the Romans transported Malefactors.

Gyas, one of Æneas's companions; also a part of Syracuse.

Gygæus, a Lake of Lydia, called afterwards Colonus, forty Furlongs from Sardis.

Gyge, a waiting Gentlewoman to Parvatis Queen of Persia, and Mother of Cyrus.

Gygemorus, a Hill not far from Thessaly.

Gyges, a hundred-banded Giant, Brother to Briareus; also a certain Lydian, who killed the King Candaulus and enjoyed his Crown and Wife whom he had shewn him naked, he is said to have a ring which made him invisible, which he found on a Giants hand in the Belly of a Brazen horse in the Earth; also a beautiful young man in Horace and others.

Gylacea, a city of Illyria, called also Apollonia.

Gylippus, a valiant Lacedemonian, who annoyed the Athenians very much.

Gymnas, ādis, f. exercise of Body or mind, g.

Gymnasiarchia, æ, f. the office of overseeing exercises, g.

Gymnasiarchia, and -chus, i, m. the head-master of an exercise, the head of a college, school, &c. g.

Gymnasiolum, i, n. a little school.

Gymnasium, ii, n. a place of exercise, a school or college, g.

Gymnasia, m. a Master of the Gymnastics, æ, g. Game or Exercise.

Gymnastica, æ, f. the Art of Exercising, g.

Gymnasticus, a, um, belonging to exercise, g.

Gymnesiæ, two Islands of the Iberian Sea, called also Baleares.

Gymnetes, a people of Æthiopia always naked, and generally live above a hundred years.

Gymnicus, a, um, of Exercise or Wrestling. * Gymnici ludi, exercises in a Ring, where they strip themselves, g.

Gymnologizo, are, to dispute naked or like the Indian Philosophers, g.

Gymnosophistæ, arum, Indian Philosophers that endured heat and cold and all hardship, g.

Gynæceum, ei, n. a Nursery where only Women reside, g.

† Gynæcia, arum, the passions of Women.

Gynæclarii, orum, they that belong to the womens room; also the baser sort of crafts-men.

Gynæconomi, certain Athenians who had the oversight of Feasts; also twenty men who were to overlook the Women; and their Behaviour.

Gynæcopolis, a city of Phœnicia and Egypt.

Gynæphilus, i, m. a friend to Women, g.

Gyndes, a River in Assyria next in bigness to Euphrates, which stopped Cyrus in his march against the Babylonians, and drowned one of his Friends, which made him cut it into forty six channels, so that it ran not above knee-deep.

Gypsatio, onis, f. a plaistering.

Gypiator, oris, m. a plaisterer.

Gypsatus, a, um, plaistered. * Gypsatus manus, a white or a deceitful hand.

Gypsis, an Island of Æthiopia.

Gypseus, a, um, of Plaster or Lime.

Gypso, are, to White or Plaster.

Gypsor, ari, to be Whited, &c.

GYPsum, n. or -sus, i, m. [Γύψος] white Lime, Plaster.

Gyraculum, i, n. a Whirligig.

Gyratilis, e, to be turned about

* Coi gyratilis, a Grind-stone.

N n n n n 2 Gyra-

Gyratio, ōnis, f. a wheeling about.
 Gyrator, ōris, m. be that turns about.
 Gyratus, a, um, Turned round.
 Gyreathus, i, m. a place where mad Folks or Lepers are kept, g.
 Gyrinus, i, m. a Frog or Tad-pool, g.
 Gyro, are, to turn or wheel a-bout, g.
 Gyor, ari, to be Turned round.
 Gyrosus, a, um, having the Falling-sickness or dizziness.
 † Gyrovagos, i, m. wandering round about.
 Gyrton, or Gyrtona, a City of Thes-saly and Perrhæbia.
 † Gyrunculum, i, n. a play-thing for Children.
 GYRUS, i, m. [Topos] a Turning about like a circle, a Circuit, Race.
 * Agere gyros, to run or turn round. * Ducere or compellere in gyrum, to block up in a straight place.
 Gytheum, a Town of Laconia, built by Hercules and Apollo laying a-siae their Grudges, now called Pale-opoli.
 Gythites, an Island near Æthiopia, called Genamani.
 Gyzanres, a People of Africa, called also Zyantes.

H A

H. For Hadrianus, Hares, Habet, H. Hi-, Homo, Honestas, Honor, Hora, &c.
 HA, [A] an Interjection of check-ing, Sirrah, Whist.
 Ha, ha, he, an interjection of laugh-ing, ah, ha!
 † Haba for faba, a Bean.
 † Habe and have, for ave, Hail.
 Hābēna, æ, f. [ab habeo] a Rein, Thong, Government, a Cock of a Fountain. * Furit immittis vul-canue habenis, the Fire rageth un-mercifully. * Immittit habena-clasli, they set sail. * Ad habe-nam, to the left.
 † Hābēnarius, ii, m. a Coach-man or Harness-man.
 † Hābēnatus, a, um, having a Rein.
 Hābendus, a, um, to be Had or Esteemed.
 † Hābēno, are, to Rein or Bridle.
 Hābens, ntis, Having
 Habentia, æ, f, Substance, Riches.
 Hābēnūla, æ, f. a small Rein, a Leash.
 HĀPEO, ui, itum, [ab Heb. Ha-vat fuit] to Have, Hold. Esteem, Account, Handle, Dwell, Lead, Un-derstand, Suffer, Detain, Give.
 * Occultum habere, to conceal.
 * Habere frustrā, to Frustrate.
 * Habere comiter, to receive kindly.
 * Nihil pensi habere, to slight.
 * Bene or bellè habere, to be in good health, succeed well. * Habe-rationem, to make an Account.
 * Habere fidem, to give Credit.
 * Habere gratiam, to think. * Pro-certo habere, to know certainly.
 * Habere quæstui, to make a gain of. * Lites habere, to be at Law.
 * Habere obviam, to meet. * Be-ne habet, it is well. * Habeo fa-

cere aliquid, I am to do a thing.
 * Ægre habere, to take grievous-ly. * Ætatem bene habere, to live merrily. * Æs alienum ha-bere, to run in debt. * Cicero-nem habere Authorem, to imitate Cicero. * Habere casum, to be in danger. * Habere censum, to muster. * Habere cultu liberali, to keep one decently Apparelled.
 * Habere diem vacuum, to be at leisure. * Habere ex ingenio, to invent. * Habere in memoria, to remember. * Habere in votis, to desire. * Habere ludibrio, to mock.
 * Habere orationem, to make a Speech. * Se parçè habere, to live hardly. * Habere scholam, to keep school. * Habere suspectum, to suspect. * Susque deque habe-re, to slight. * Sine sic habere, suppose it be so. * Habeo neces-se dicere, I must needs speak.
 * Habet Asiam, he dwells in Asia.
 * Audite habeo quid sentiat, I must bear what he thinks of it.
 Hābeor, eri, to be worn, or accounted, &c.
 † Habescit, for Habeat, let him have.
 Habesius, a City of Lycia, called afterwards Antiphellus.
 Hābilis, e, ior, iſsimus, [ab habeo] Fit, Handsome, Weildy, Fecund.
 * Habilis frumentis terra, good Corn-ground.
 Hābilitas, ātis, f. Fitness, Hand-someness.
 Hābilitat, ior, iſsimè, Fitly, Hand-somely, Nimbly, adv.
 † Hābilitudo, inis, f. Aptness, fit-ness.
 Habis, a King of Spain, who taught the Barbarous People to Plough with Oxen.
 Hābitābilis, e, Habitable, also In-habited.
 Hābitaculum, i, n. a Habitation, Dwelling-place.
 Hābitandus, a, um, to be dwelt in.
 Hābitans, ntis, Dwelling.
 Hābitatio, ōnis, f. a Dwelling, House-rent.
 Habitatiuncula, æ, f. a little dwel-ling.
 Hābitator, ōis, m. -trix, icis, f. a Dweller.
 Hābitatus, a, um, Inhabited.
 † Hābitatus, ūs, m. a Dwelling.
 Hābitio, ōnis, f. [ab habeo] a Having.
 Hābitior, iur, oris, Handsomely made.
 Hābito, are, to Inhabit, dwell, lodge, be conversant in. * Tecum habita, keep at home. * Habitant in vol-tu eorum oculi mei, my eyes are never off of'em.
 Hābitor, ari, to be Inhabited.
 Hābitor, oris, m. a Dweller.
 Hābitudinarius, a, um, having a Habit.
 Hābitudo, inis, f. Habit, Respect, Complexion, State, Plight, or Lik-ing of the body.
 Hābiturus, a, um, about to Have.
 Hābitus, a, um, [of habeor] Hād. Inclined, Accounted; also Lended.
 * Habitus duro imperio, barely dealt with.
 Hābitus, ior, iſsimus, a, um, Fat, well Liking, in good case.
 Hābitus, ūs, m. a Habit, the out-ward shape, feature, gesture, Appa-

rel, Disposition. * Bonus corp⁹-
 ris habitus, in good plight. * Ha-bitus locorum, the situation of places.
 Hæc, adv. this way, by this means.
 † Hæceldama, a Field of Blood, the name of that Field bought with the money for which Judas betrayed his Master.
 Hæcenus, adv. Hitherto. * Hæcenus excaudit, he was so far transported. * Atque hæc hæcenus, so much for this time.
 Hædassa, the same as Hæter.
 Hædria, æ, the Adriatick Sea.
 Hædrobolum, a sweet smelling Gar-
 in Media, g.
 Hædrophærum, i, a Spikenard with broad leaves, g.
 Hæbudes, as Ebudes.
 † Hædera, æ, f. Ivy. See Hæde-ra.
 † Hæderacea, æ, f. a Garland of Ivy.
 Hædillus, i, m. a little Kid.
 Hædulus, i, m. a little Kid.
 Hædus, i, m. a Kid. See Hædus.
 † Hælvola, arum, a kind of Grape between purple and black.
 Hæmachates, a Blood-coloured stem, g.
 Hæmatinon, a kind of red glass, g.
 Hæmatites, æ, f. a Blood-stone, g.
 Hæmatopus, ōdis, a red shank, g.
 Hæmitriteos, a half Tertianague, g.
 Hæmocharee, an Epitbet of Mars delighting in blood.
 Hæmodes, a Mountain of Lycia.
 Hæmon, a Theban young man, who was so deep in Love with Antigone, Daughter of Oedipus and Jocasta, that when she was slain by the com-mand of Creon, he slew himself upon her Grave; also a River in Bæotia.
 Hæmorrhagia, æ, f. a bursting out in bleeding, g.
 Hæmorrhoidalis, e, of the Emroid.
 Hæmorrhoidal.
 Hæmorrhæa, æ, f. a Flux of blood, g.
 Hæmorrhoids, idis, f. the Emroids Piles; also a Serpent causing the blood to start out of the veins, g.
 Hæmus, a mountain dividing Thes-saly and Thraee, on the top of which Mars dwelt, famous for coldness.
 † Hæredicapa, be that takes anothers inheritance.
 Hæredicolum, i, n. a small piece of ground fallen by Heritage.
 Hæredipeta, æ, f. one that by bribes insinuates himself upon design of be-ing made heir.
 † Hæreditatis, le, of Inheritance.
 † Hæreditamentum, i, n. an Hære-ditament.
 Hæreditarius, a, um, Hereditary, descending by Inheritance.
 Hæreditas, ātis, f. m. an inheritance.
 † Hæredito, are, to Inherit.
 Hæreditum, ii, n. [ab hares] a piece of ground fallen by Heritage.
 * Hæredo, are, to make an Heir.
 † Hærem, for Heredem.
 Hæren, ntis, Sticking to.
 HÆREO, fi, sum, [ab Hære de-ligo vel ab Hære necto vel Ab apto] to Stick, Doubt, Leave, to Spend time. * Aqua Hæret illi, he has no work. * In equo Hærete, to ride. * In complexu Hærete, to embrace heartily.
 * Criminibus repetundarum hæ-rebant, they could not clear

themselves from bribery. * Hæret
apud meretricem, he is deeply in
love with a barlot.
HÆRES, ēdis, a, [Heb. Foreb] an
Heir. * Hæres ex affe, an Heir
to the whole. * Hæres arboris, a
young shoot.
Hæres, a Goddess to whom they were
wont to sacrifice after they entered
upon an inheritance.
† Hæresco, ere, to Stick fast.
Hæresarcha, æ, and -chus, i, m.
the Ring-leader of a Heresy, g.
Hæresis, is, f. a wilful Opinion, a
Self or Heresy, g.
Hæreticè, adv. Heretically.
Hæreticus, a, um, Heretical.
Hæreticus, i, m. a Heretic.
Hæsitābundus, a, um, full of doubt.
Hæsitans, ntis, Stammering.
Hæsitanter, adv. Doubtingly.
Hæsitantia, æ, f. a Doubting, Stam-
mering.
Hæsitatio, ōnis, f. the same.
† Hæsitatiuncula, æ, f. a little
doubting.
† Hæsitativus, a, um, Doubtful.
Hæsitator, ōris, a doubter, stam-
merer, Lingerer.
Hæsitatus, a, um, Doubted of.
Hæsitō, are, [ab hæreo] to Stick
fast, Doubt or Stammer. * In eo
den hæsitās luto, you are as deep
as ever.
† Hæsitudo, inis, f. Doubtfulness.
Hæsiturus, a, um, [of hæreo] about
to sicken.
Hafnia, the City and University Co-
penhagen in Denmark.
Haga, Hague, the best Village in
Europe, where the States of Hol-
land keep their Court.
Hagenois, the City Hagenow in
Alsacia.
Hages, one of Alexanders flatterers,
who together with Cleon honoured
him as a God while he was alive.
Hagiographa, orum, n. holy Wri-
tings, and in particular, Ruth,
Psalms, Job, Proverbs, Ecclesiast-
ic, Canticles, Lamentations, Est-
her, Ezra and the Chronicles, g.
Hagiographus, i, m. a Writer of
holy things, g.
Hagon, a place in Scythia, where
Æsculapius was worshipped.
Hala, a Town in Boeotia, and other
places.
Minerva Halæa, so called from one
Halæus that built her Temple, which
being burnt, the Tegeæ rebuilt it
more sumptuously; when Augustus
overcame them, he took out of the
Temple the teeth of a Calydonian
bear above an Ell long and carried
they to Rome.
Halæus or Halæsus, the Son of A-
gamemnon, also a Mountain and
fountain near Halæsa in Italy.
Halæus, Apollo so called by Philo-
dorus, who being minded to put an
end to his Travels, built a Temple
to Apollo Halæus.
Halarodii, a People about Pontus.
† Halitio, ōnis, f. a Breathing.
† Halitor, ōris, m. a Breather.
† Halitus, ūs, m. a Breathing.
† Halicēdo, inis, f. a King-fisher.
† Halito, ōnis, m. a kind of Snake.
HALYON, ōnis, m. [Ἀλυων] a
King-fisher.
Halcyonēum, ei, n. a kind of medicine
Halcyonēus, a, um, of a King-fisher.
* Halcyonēides, or Halcyoni-

des, um, f. the calm days, when
the King-fisher builds on the Sea.
Halcyonium, ii, n. a hard foam of
the Sea of which the Halcyon's nest
is made.
HĀLEC, ēcis, f. and n. [ab Ἀλ-
μαρε] a Herring [accounted] also
the liquor of it dissolved, Sauce.
Halecula, æ, a Pilchard, Sprat.
Halefina, a City of Sicily.
Halecius, a place in Epirus, where
much salt is made; also a river and
mountain not far from Ætna, where
Proserpine gathered her flowers.
Hālelus, the Founder of the Falisci.
Halex, ēcis, f. a Herring.
Halia, a Feast of the Sun kept at
Rhodes; also a Sea-nymph, and
the same as Thessalonica.
Haliacman, a River in Macedonia.
Haliæetus, g. a kind of Eagle, an
Osprey.
Haliastus, a City of Boeotia, built
by Haliastus the son of Iherfander.
Haliacabus, i, m. Alkakengi, or
Winter-cherry, g.
Halicarnassus, a City of Caria, a co-
lony of the Argives, the Country of
Herodotus, Dionysius the Histori-
an, Heraclitus the Poet, &c. once
famous for the Mausoleum.
Halicyæ, a City of Sicily.
Halicyenses, the People of Hali-
cyæ.
Halicyrna, a City of Acarnania.
Haliēutica, orum, g. Treatises of
Fishes.
Haliēuticus, a, um, g. of Fish or
Fishing.
Halimus, g. a Shrub good to hedge
with; also the Oil of almonds, Sea-
purflain.
Haliphloeus, g. a Tree with bitter
Fruit, which no beast will touch but
a Swine.
Halipleumon, g. a kind of Fish.
Hālito, are, [ab halo] to Breathe
thick, to send out (a steam or va-
pours.)
† Halituosus, a, um, which may be
voided by pores.
Halitus, ūs, m. a Breath or vapour,
an Exhalation.
Halizōnes, a People of Paphlago-
nia.
Hallelujah [Heb.] Praise the Lord.
† Hallex, icis, one that jinks of
pickle, a Drunkard.
Hallucinatio, ōnis, f. a Mistake.
Hallucinātor, ōris, m. a Deceiver or
one Deceived.
Hallucinor, ari, [ab hallux] to mi-
stake. See Alucinor.
HALLUS, i, [ab Ἀλλαξι] the Great
Toe.
HALLUX, ūcis, m. the Great
Toe.
Halmades, um, f. Pickled olives, g.
Halmus, the Son of Siphus.
Halmydesus, a City of Thrace, cal-
led Stagnarus.
Halmyris, a Lake in lower Mysia,
made by the Danow.
Halmyrides, g. full of Salt.
HALO, are, [Ἀλῶ vel Ἀλῶν
laxo] to Breathe, savour.
Halo, ōnis, g. a Circle about the
Moon.
Haloa, an Athenian Feast.
Halone, an Island of Propontis be-
fore Cyzicus, with a Town of the
same name.
Halonnēsus, an Island in the Æge-
an Sea near Thrace, once held by
women, all the males being slain.

For this Island Philip and the A-
thenians contended. Also another
in Ionia.
Halophanta, æ, m. a wise Flatter-
er, g.
Halo, i, f. the Circle about the
Moon, g.
Haloschne, the dry froth of the Sea,
or whitish amber, g.
Hālōsis, is, f. the Sacking or taking
of a Town described. * Ἰλῶν halō-
sis, the destruction of Troy, g.
Hals agoras, a heap of Salt in the
Market, a stinking Fellow, g.
HALTER, ēris, m. [Ἀλτρον] a
Weight to jump with; the Pole
which Rope-dancers use.
† Halus or Alus, Comfrey.
Halus, a city of Achaia, and Phthi-
oris.
Halyætus or Halyæetus, the name
of a man who was changed into a
bird of that name.
Halyattes, a King of Lydia, Fa-
ther of Cræsus, who from him is
surnamed Halyaticus.
Halys, a River arising at Mount
Taurus, watering Cappadocia,
Syria and Paphlagonia, empties it
self into the Euxine sea toward the
North.
Halysis, is, f. a Circle about the
Sun, g.
Hāma, æ, f. [Ἀμ] a Hook to pull
down houses on fire; also a Leather-
bucket and Wine-veffel.
Hamadryades, um, f. Nymphs of
the Woods.
Hāmātilis, e, [ab hamus] of a book,
drawn by a book.
Hāmator, ōris, m. a Hooker, Catch-
er.
Hāmātus, a, um, Hooked, Crooked,
intangled. * Hamata tegula, pan-
tiles. * Hamata munera, Bribes.
Hamaxa, æ, f. a Waggon or Wain;
* Also Charles's wain or the seven
stars, g.
Hamaxa, a Country in Bithynia.
Hamaxagōga, æ, n. a Carter, Wain-
man g.
Hamaxampeus, part of the River
Hypenis mixing with Xampeus.
Hamaxuntia, part of the Tribe
Hippochoontis.
† Hāmāxārius, ii, m. a Carter.
Hamaxia, a City of Sicilia aspera.
Hamaxcus, a, um, [ab hamaxa]
of a Wain or Cart.
Hamaxicus, i, m. a Carter, Wain-
man.
Hamaxolitæ or Hamaxolii, a peo-
ple of Sarmatia Europæa, their
houses ran upon wheels.
† Hamagor, ari, to draw a wain.
Hamburga or -gum, the City Ham-
burg in Saxony.
† Hamedo, a fish which cannot be
caught with a Hook.
† Hami, orum, a pair of Cards for
Wooll.
Hamilcar, āris, the son of Annibal,
called also Borca.
Hamiōra, æ, m. [ab hamus] a fish-
er with hooks, an Angler.
Hammanienfes, a People of Africa,
amongst whom the Carbuncle is found
whose houses are made of salt.
† Hammites, a precious Stone like
spawn of fish.
Hammochrysos, a precious stone like
gold mixed with sand, g.
Hammodara, a Town between Æ-
gypt and Æthiopia.
N n n n n 3 Ham-

Hammon, the Son of Triton, Noah's grandson, King of Asia who married Rhea; also a surname of Jupiter supposed to be found in the sand having the horns of a Ram from those cattle amongst whom he was found.
 Hammonis cornu, a Gem like a ram's horns, Gold-coloured, most precious and sacred in Ethiopia.
 Hammonis fons, a Spring cold by day and hot by night.
 Hammonium, or Ammonium, a dark ruddy colour.
 † Hāmo, are, to Bow like a bow.
 † Hāmor, ari, to be insnared, caught.
 † Hamotrahones, Fishermen, or they that draw dead bodies with hooks.
 Hamūla, æ, f. [ab hama] a Basin or Goblet.
 Hamūlus, i, m. a Fish-hook, Surgeon's instrument.
 HĀMUS, i, m. [Ama falx] a Hook, the crooked head of an arrow, a chain; Also a Hitchel. * Meus hic est, hamum vorat, he bites, I have him sure, he bit his bumper'd.
 Hanapis, a River in Scythia.
 Hannibal and Hanno, as Hannibal and Anno.
 Hannovia, a Country in Germany, called Haynault.
 Hantonia, æ, Hampshire.
 Hanones, a People of Belgica.
 † Hanus barbarus, a great bellied Pot.
 Hapalus, a, um, soft, tender. * Hapala ova, poached eggs, g.
 Haphe, es, f. the sense of touching, a sprinkling of Wrestlers with dust after they were anointed; also a blow, g.
 Haphra, a King of Egypt.
 Hapsus, i, m. [ab Atrax tango] a lock of carded wool.
 † Hara, æ, a Bird used in soothsaying.
 HARA, æ, f. [a Xoræ porcus] a Hogs-sty, or Goose-pen.
 † Haracium, and Harracium, a stud of horses or mares for breed.
 Haraldus, a King of England.
 Harbon, a King of the Celtæ before the building of Rome.
 Harcalo, a Coniurer who would handle lions without hurt.
 † Harenifodina, æ, f. a Sand-pit.
 Hariola, æ, f. a Prophetess or witch.
 Hariolant, ntis, Prophefying.
 Hariolatio, ōnis, t. a Presaging, Gueffing.
 Hariolator, ōris, m. a Diviner.
 HĀRIŌLOR, ari, [affari] to Foretell, Presage, Gueff.
 Hāriōlus, i, m. a Soothsayer, Wizard; also a Mad-man.
 Harma, a City of Bœotia Tanigrica set about with rails because Amphiarus was there swallowed up by the earth; so execrable, that they say neither Birds nor Beasts will touch the place.
 † Harmala, æ, f. wild Rue.
 Harmastis, a Town of Iberia.
 Harmata, a City of India.
 Harmatas, a Town of Troas.
 Harmatopolitæ, the Inhabitants of Harmatas.
 Harmodius and Aristogiton, conspirators against the Athenian Tyrants; they were so beloved of Leona a famous barlot, that she would not disclose their conspiracy, but being tormented she bit off her tongue and spit in the tyrants Face.

Harmōge, es, f. the tempering of colours, g.
 † Harmoges, is, f. an order of Harmony.
 Harmōnia, æ, f. Harmony, Consort, Agreement, g.
 Harmonia, the daughter of Mars and Venus, the wife of Cadmus.
 † Harmoniacum, i, n. a Consent in Musick.
 † Harmoniacus, a, um, of Harmony.
 Harmonice, adv. Harmoniously.
 Harmonicus, a, um, Harmonious, Tunable, g.
 Harmonides, a Trojan whom Minerva dearly loved and inspired with all kind of art.
 † Harmula, æ, f. the seed of Rue.
 † Haro, a kind of Fern.
 Harpa, æ, f. [Ara] a Hanger, Schabbe, Falchion, Scymiter; also a harp, and a Ravenous bird.
 Harpæon or harpacticon, a kind of Gum, and a plaister of Brimstone and Turpentine, g.
 † Harpaga, æ, f. a Coopers addice.
 † Harpagatus, a, um, Taken away by force.
 Harpagium, ii, n, a watering-pot, g.
 Harpagium and harpagia, orum, a Town in Phrygia from whence Ganymede was taken.
 † Harpago, are, to draw with a Drag or Grapple.
 Harpago, ōnis, m. [Arapayus] a grapple of a ship, a drag to draw things out of a well.
 † Harpagor, ari, to Snatch.
 Harpāgus, a General of Cyrus who subdued the inner Asia.
 Harpalice, or -lyce, the daughter of Lycurgus, given to hunting, who when her Father was taken by the Getæ, immediately raised an army and restored him; also a Maid who being in love with Iphiclus, and slighted, died for grief.
 Harpalus, the name of a dog; also a Robber who laughed at the Gods for letting him live so well, and another who ran away from Alexander.
 Harpalycea, a City in Phrygia.
 Harpasa, orum, a Town in Asia, where there is a great rock the which one may move with a finger, but not remove with ones whole body.
 Harpastum, i, n. a great Ball, g.
 Hapafus, a River of Caria.
 Harpax, āgis, or āgos, m. a Grapple; also a Whirl and Amber, g.
 Harpe, es, f. the Falchion, with which Mercury slew Argus and Perseus Medusa, a Hanger, Scymiter.
 Harpēdone, es, f. the spoiling wheel.
 Harpis, a City of Lower Myfia.
 Harpocrates, the Egyptian God of silence with one Hand upon his mouth, he was indeed a Greek Philosopher, whose precepts commanded silence, and preferred it above all things; Whence the proverb, Reddere Harpocratem, to make one mute.
 Harpocratio, a Sophister who wrote of those things Rhetoricians were ignorant of, and against the truth of Herodotus History, Suidas mentions three more of that name.
 Harpya, a City of Ithyria.
 Harpyiæ, the three Daughters of Pontus and Terra; Aello, Cleono, and Ocypete, filthy monstrous ravenous Birds, with womens Faces, Vultures Claws, &c.
 Jarudes, a people in Gallia Celtica.

† Haruga, æ, f. a Sacrifice.
 Herundinētum, a place where reeds grow.
 † Harundo, and Haruspex, as Arundo, &c.
 Haruspex, iōis, m. a Sooth-sayer. See Aruspex.
 Haruspica, æ, f. a Sooth-Diviner.
 Haruspicina, æ, f. the Art of Divination.
 Haruspicius, a, um, of Divination.
 Haruspicium, ii, n. Soothsaying.
 † Haspeum, or hapseum, ei, n. a Lock of wool.
 HASTA, æ, f. [a xtra sto vel, To ope pilum] a Spear, Pike, Javelin, Action or open sale of Goods.
 * Hasta pura, the spear-staff without an iron head. * Hastam abicere, to give over a suit. * Hastam mittere, to proclaim open War. * Ad hastam, to the right. * Hastæ bona subicere, to sell plundered Goods by out-cry.
 Hastarium, ii, m. a selling plundered Goods by out-cry.
 Hastarius, a, um, of a Spear or Javelin.
 † Hastarius, ii, m. a spear-man.
 Hastatus, i, m. a Pike man. * Hastatus primus, a captain of a hundred in the midst of a Legion.
 Hasticus, a, um, of a spear. * Hasti ludi, running at tilt.
 Hastifer, a, um, bearing a spear.
 Hastile, is, n. a spear staff or pole, the Pike itself (in Poets).
 † Hastiludior, ari, to run a tilt.
 Hastiludium, ii, n. [ab hasta, & ludus] a Tournament, Running at Tilt.
 † Hastilūdo, ere, to run a-tilt.
 † Hastilūfor, ōris, m. a Tilter.
 † Hastina, æ, f. a spear.
 Hastula, æ, f. a little spear or Javelin. * Hastula regia, Tellus asphodil.
 † Hastuspices, for Haruspices, Sooth sayers.
 Hatto, an Arch bishop of Mentz, who in the time of a great Famine gathered many poor People into a Barn and burnt them, saying, they were but Rats that devoured Corn, but was at last eaten himself by Rats, who also gnawed his very name out of the walls and hangings.
 † Hetubus, a, um, faltering in speech.
 Hau, interj. (A) O strange.
 HAUD, adv. [Oudæ] Not, in no wise. * Haud scio an, perhaps, and not unlikely.
 Haudquaquam adv. by no means.
 † Have, haveto, all Hail.
 † Haureax, m. a Wheel or Truckle.
 HAURIO, si, stum, [Aru] to Draw, Empty, Endure, swallow, Devour, Learn, Hear, See, Relate, Tell, Wound, Pierce, End and Finish. * Haurire gaudium, dolorem, to receive and pass over joy, grief. * Incendū haurit urbem, the City is quite burnt down. * Haurire auribus, to hear. * Haurit corda pavor, fear makes them afraid. * Haurire patrias opes, to waste an Estate. * Nudum hostis latus subiecto mucrone haurit, he run his naked enemy through. * Supplicia haurire mediis scopulis, to be cast away upon a Rock. * Haurire lucem, to be born.
 † Hauritorium, ii, n. a Wheel of a Well.

† Hauritōrius, a, um, of drawing.
 † Hauribillio, e, which may be drawn.
 † Hauritorium, as hauritorium.
 † Hauristellum, hauristellus, and hauristillus, i, m. a little draught.
 † Haurio, are, to draw often or much.
 Haurior, ōris, m. a Drawer.
 Haurum, i, n. a Wheel to draw up Water, a Bucket or a Wine-pot, a Pump.
 † Haurillus, i, m. a little draught.
 † Haurum, i, n. a draught.
 Haurus, a, um, [of haurior] drawn, swallowed, drowned, drunk up, consumed. * Multæ naves hauriæ maris, several Ships were sunk.
 Haurus, ōis, m. a draught or soup.
 * Haurus luminis, the borrowed light. * Exiguus hauribus bibere, to sip.
 Haut, adv. ['Oute] not. See baud.

H

E

HE, HEU, ['Ai, Ai] Interj. Alas!
 † Heana, æ, f. a Foundation; also the Ballast of a Ship.
 Heautontimorumenos, i, m. a discontented fretting, self-tormenting Person, the Name of a Comedy in Terence, g.
 Hebdōmar, adis, 2 a week. * Hebdoma, æ, f. 7 domas magna, the Passion-week. * Duodecima annorum hebdomas, the eighty fourth Year of ones Age.
 † Hebdomadarius, ii, m. a Cook or Caterer for a Week.
 Hebdomarius, a, um, of a week.
 Hebdomarius, ii, m. he that waits in his Week.
 Hebe, the Daughter of Juno without a Father, the Goddess of Youth, she conceived by eating of Lettuce, and Hebe for her Beauty was made Cup-bearer to Jupiter, till she sipped and showed her Nakedness, for which she was dismissed, and Ganymede put in her place; but Homer says, she was conceived of Jupiter, never turned out of her Office; but was Cup-bearer to the other Gods, as Ganymede was to Jupiter, and when Hercules came to Heaven, Married him, and at his entreaty restored Iolauus, the Son of Iphiclus to his Youth.
 Hebenaceus, a, um, and hebenus, of Ebony.
 Hebēnus, i, f. [ἑβένος, Ebony, Black Wood.
 Hebenum, i, n. [ἑβένος] Ebony, Black Wood.
 Hebeo, ere, to be dull or blunt.
 HEBES, ētis, [ab He. Gnavah crassus fuit] blunt, dull, slow, heavy, dim. * Hebes flos, a Flower without smell. * Habes os, a Mouth without a Pallet. * Hebes guttu, flat.
 Hebesco, ere, to grow dull or blunt.
 * Nec frustra adversus impios hebescere sydera, nor is it for nought that the Stars disappear while these Villains are playing their Pranks.
 Hebetatio, onis, f. a dulling or blunting.
 Hebetator, ōris, m. he that assuages, blunts, or dulls.
 Hebetatrix, icis, f. making dull and dim.

Hēbētātus, a, um, dulled.
 Hēbētesco, ere, do grow dull or stupid.
 Hēbeto, are, to dull, blunt, stupify. * Hebetari umbra terræ, to be in an Eclipse. * Hebetatur speculorum fulgor, the brightness of the Looking-glass is spoiled, darkened.
 Hēbētudo, inis, f. Dulness, Bluntness.
 † Hēētus, Dull, Blockish.
 Hebræi, the Jews called so from Heber.
 Hebrides, Islands upon the West of Scotland, called also Ebudæ.
 Hebrus, a River in Thrace, having Golden Sands, into which Orpheus's Head was cast, when he was torn in pieces by the Cicones; also a City by that River between Æmus and Rhodope, called also Trimontium.
 † Hebulus, i, m. Wall-wort. See Ebulus.
 Hecale, a Poor Old Woman, who brought up Theseus when he was Young; thence the Proverb, Nunquam hecale fies, you shall never be poor.
 Hecalius, an Attribute given Jupiter by Theseus, from Hecale, who had devoted her self for his safe return from the War.
 Hecamede, the Daughter of Arsinous, who fell to Nestors Lot in the taking of Tenedos.
 Hecate, the Sister of Apollo, and Daughter of Jupiter and Latona, called Luna in Heaven, Diana on Earth, Proserpina in Hell. Also the Daughter of Perles, Skilful in Herbs and Poisons, she Reigned in Taurica Chersonesus.
 Hecatæum, g. a frightful Ghost, thought to be sent from Hecate.
 Hecateus, a Milesian Historian, who first wrote a History in Prose.
 Hecateis, f. Libbard-bane, Wolfsbane, g.
 Hecates, an Island before Delos, and another about Lesbos.
 Hecatesia, the City Idrias in Caria.
 Hecatis nemus, a Promontory of Sarmatia Europæa.
 Hecatombæ, es, f. a kind of Sacrifice, wherein they killed a hundred of the same kind, a Hecatombæ, g.
 Hecatompodon, a Temple of Minerva's in Athens, laying open an hundred Feet every way.
 Hecatompheia, g. Messenian Sacrifices from the Slaughter of a hundred of their Enemies.
 Hecatompolis, an Epithet of Crete from their hundred Cities. Also a Country of Laconia.
 Hecatompus, ōdis, m. a Fish with a hundred Feet, g.
 Hecatompulos, an Epithet of Thebes in Ægypt from its hundred Gates. Also a City in Parthia, Hyrcania, and Libya.
 Hecaton, g. a hundred.
 Hecatonchiroi, an Epithet of Briareus from his hundred Hands.
 Hecatonnessi, twenty small Islands about Lesbos, so called from Apollo Hecatus, who was much worshipped in those Places.
 Hecatonstylon, i, n. a Gallery in Rome with an hundred Pillars.
 Hecatonrachiria, the City which now is called Crestiades.

Hecatonarchus, i, m. the Captain of an hundred Men.
 † Hecia, æ, f. or hetta, a little puff rising in baked Bread, a trifle, a piping, vexing. * Hecia me facit, he sets little by me.
 Hecica, æ, or hecice, es, f. a Hectick Fever or Ague Consuming the Body, g.
 Hecicus, a, um, g. in a Consumption with a Hectick Fever, g.
 Hecodurum, a City of Rhætia.
 Hecor, ōris, the Son of Priamus and Hecuba, the most Valiant of all the Trojans, and slain by Achilles.
 Hecoreus, a, um, of Hecor.
 Hecuba, the Wife of Priamus, feigned to be turned into a Dog after the taking of Troy, because of her railing against the Grecians.
 Hecubæ sepulchrum, a Promontory of Thrace.
 Heeyra, æ, f. a Mother-in-law, the Name of a Comedy in Terence.
 HEDERA, æ, f. [ab edo] Ivy. * Hedera saxatilis, Rock alehoof.
 Hederaceus, a, um, of Ivy, made of Ivy.
 Hederātus, a, um, wrought with Ivy work.
 † Hederæus, a, um, of Ivy.
 † Hederifer, and hederiger, a, um, bearing Ivy.
 † Hederinus, a, um, of or like Ivy.
 Hederōsus, a, um, full of Ivy.
 † Hederula, æ, f. Barren Ivy. * Hederula aquatica, Water-Ivy.
 Hedetani, a People of Spain.
 Hedonacum, a Town in Bæotia.
 Hedones, -i, a People of Thrace.
 Hedra, æ, f. a Seat; also the Buttocks, g.
 † Hedrinus, a, um, of Ivy.
 Hedrus, the Island Berdley by Ireland.
 Hedui, a People of France bordering on the Averni, whose Chief Town is Autun.
 Hedychrom, i, n. a Perfumer, or Sweet Oyl, g.
 Hedylium, a Mountain of Bæotia.
 Hedymeles, a Harper in Juvenal.
 Hedyosmos, or mum, the Herb Mynt, g.
 Hedyphon, a River of Babylonia.
 Hedyponis, idis, f. Succory, Dandelion, g.
 Hedyponus, a River of Susiana.
 † Hedyssarum, i, n. Honey-suckles.
 Hedyssmata, um, g. Sweet Oynments.
 Hegemon, a port of Corax in Phrygia.
 † Hegemonicus, a, um, Leading, Principal.
 Hegelander, an Historian of Delphos.
 Hegesiana, an Historian of Alexandria, who wrote of Troy.
 Hegesias, a Philosopher of Cyrene, who set out the Miseries of this Life with so much Eloquence, that many of his Auditors killed themselves, and therefore was silenced by King Ptolemy.
 Hegesigonus, he wrote of the strange Shapes of Men in India.
 Hegesinous, he wrote a Poem concerning Attica.
 Hegesiphyle, or Hegesippe, the Daughter of Olorus King of Thrace, and Wife to Miltiades.
 Hegesippus, an Historian, who wrote of the Jews.

five Books of Church-Afts; and others.

Hegeſtratus, an Ephesian, who being banished, came to Delphos, and enquired where he should dwell, and being answered there where he saw the Rustick Dancing with Olive-Crowns, he went into Asia, and seeing such a thing there, built the City Elea.

Hēgētēria, æ, f. the Athenian Name for a fig, because they lived upon it, before the finding of Corn.

Hegethmata, the City Lignitz in Germany.

Hegira, the flight of Mahomet from Mecca, the Turkish Epoch or computation of Time.

† **Hegumenus**, the Governour of a Monastery.

HEL, interj. [O!] Alas!

Heidelberg, the City Heydelberg in Germany, the seat of the Count Palatine of the Rhine.

† **Hejulo**, are, to bowl.

† **Hel** for mel.

Hela, a Country of Asia.

† **Helacathener**, certain sea-fishes.

Helciarius, ii, m. one that tows a Boat or Ship. * **Helciarius equus**, a drag-horse.

Helcium, ii, n. a Horse collar, drawing Harness.

Helysma, ætis, the Drops of Silver or other Metal, g.

Helea, æ, a certain singing Bird in fenny places, g.

† **Helebia**, æ, a kind of black Hel-lebre with reddish leaves.

Hēlēna, the Daughter of Jupiter, by Leda, in the form of Swan, she brought forth two Eggs, out of one came Helena and Pollux, out of the other Castor and Clytemnestra, she was stoln away by Theseus, and recovered by her Brothers. She was afterwards Married to Menelaus, and enticed away by Paris, which occasioned the Trojan War.

Helena or **ne**, an Island of Attica, where Helena arrived after the taking of Troy; now called Macronisi; also a Fountain in Chios and a City of Bithynia, and Palestine, both built by Helena the Mother of Constantine, and other places.

† **Helena**, æ, an unlucky fiery Apparition at Sea.

Helenium, ii, n. Elicampagne, g.

Helénopolis, the City Frankfort in Germany.

Helénus, the Son of Priamus and Hecuba, famous for sooth-saying, and was therefore preferred by the Grecians; He foretold their shipwreck, and was honoured by Pyrrhus who gave him Andromache to wife, and part of his Kingdom, which from his Brother he called Chaonia, and built the City like to Troy, where afterward he entertained Æneas; also a King of the Sicambri, who for his laziness was forced to lay down his crown.

Helioselinum, g. a Herb like to Smallege with one Leaf.

Helopolis, is, f. a battering Ram.

Helerni lucus, a Grove about Rome and the River Tyber.

Heleuteri, a People of the Celta next the Gaduroi whose Town is called Orillac.

Heli, a Jewish Priest, also the Father of Joseph, Husband of Mary.

Helia, a small Island of Sicily; also the City Eli near Cambridge.

Haliacus, a, um, g. of the Sun. * **Haliacus ortus**, the appearance of a Star, which before was bidden by the Sun-beams. * **Haliacus occasus**, when a Star is bidden by the Sun-beams.

Heliades, Daughters of the Sun and of Clymene, sisters of Phaeton, two of them were called Lampetie, and Phaethusa, who bewailing the Death of their Brother, were turned into Alders.

Heliæa, g. the greatest judgment-seat among the Athenians.

Helianthemum, i, g. English Cistus.

† **Heliastæ**, arum, m. certain Athenian Judges, who sat in an open place.

Helice, es, f. a Constellation, Ursa major, g.

Helicon, onis, a mountain in Bœotia, consecrated to the Muses not far from Parnassus.

Helicon, a River of Macedonia and Sicily.

Heliconius, a, um, of Helicon.

Heliconiades, } the Muses.

Heliconides, }

Helienſe cænobium, Ely Minster.

Heligastus, a famous Prophet and Priest of the Sicambri.

Helingas, a City of Spain.

Helini, a People of Thesprotia.

Helioceanus, i, m. a Sunning-house.

Heliochryſus, i, m. Yellow camomil, Gold-flower.

Heliodorus, a famous Sophister, whose History of Æthiopia is yet extant; also a Tragedian, Physician and Rhetorician.

Heliothalus, the Son of Antoninus Caracalia, born at Emiffa, where he was Priest of the God Alagabalus; being made Emperor by his Mothers means lived Dissolutely.

Helionora, or Leonora, Daughter of the King of Portugal, crowned at Rome, with Frederick Duke of Austria, A. D. 1451.

Helipolis, a city in Ægypt, Cœloſyria, Cilicia, and other places; Corinth was also once so called.

Helioscopium, ii, n. a kind of Spurge with a Leaf like Purslain, g.

Helioſelinon, g. an Herb like Smallege with one leaf.

Helioſis, is, f. a Sunning, g.

Helioſtrophon, i, g. a Turnſole.

Heliotropium, ii, n. the Herb Turnſole, g.

Heliotropium, a City of Thessaly.

Helioſon, a City of Attica.

Helisyci, a People of Liguria.

Helius, a Potent flatterer of Nero's.

Hēlix, icis, f. a spiral line; also the Herb Ale-boof, g.

Helixcæa, a Hyperborean Island as big as Sicily, the Islanders are called Carambycæ.

Helixus, a River of the Island Ceos.

Heliadius, the Disciple of S. Basil, and his successor, he left a Book of his Masters Life.

Helladius, a, um, } of Greece.

Hellanius, }

Hellanicus, a Name of two Historians.

Hellanodices, g. a Judge at Games and Exercises.

Hellas, the Name of Greece, also a City of Thessaly, and Cœloſyria.

Hella, the daughter of Athamas King of Thebes, falling from the back of a golden Ram into the Pontick Sea, occasioned the calling of it Hellespont.

Helleboraster, the great Ox-beet.

Helleborastrum, i, n. the root of the Ox-eye.

Hellebörine, es, f. wild white Hel-lebore, g.

Helleborofus, a, um, having taken more than a Dose of Hellebore.

HELLEBORUM, i, n. } [Fam.]

HELLEBORUS, i, m. } [Lec.]

Hellebore. * **Helleborus albus**, Lung-wort, whose Root makes need-ing Powder. * **Helleborus niger**, bear-foot, or set-wort.

Hellen, a young Man brought up in the Ministry, and said to have wrought many Miracles, and carry fire in his bosom without harm.

Hellenes, the Grecians. * Also the city Pontevendra in Spain.

Hellenismus, i, m. a Greek phrase or manner of speaking, g.

Hellenista, æ, m. a Grecian; also a Grecising Jew, born out of Judæa, and using the Septuagint Translation.

Hellenopolis, as Hepenopoli.

† **Helles**, a title of Aries.

Hellespontis, a North-east-wind.

Hellespontus, the Hellespont, a narrow Sea by Constantinople, dividing Asia from Europe, called Stretto di Gallipoli or Bracci di St. Georgio.

† **Helleta**, the Name of a Star.

Helleviones, a People in Germany by Dantzick.

Helluo, ōnis, m. a Glutton. See Heluo.

† **Helmus**, i, Sedge or Shear-grass.

Helops, ōpis, m. a Fish of delicate Taste, g.

Helorius, a Bird with a long crooked beak, with brown spotted feathers.

Helorium, or -rus, a River and Town in Sicily.

Helorus, a River of magna Græcia. * Also the son of Iſter, slain by Ajax in that fight which the Grecians had with Telephus.

Helos, a City of Laconia.

Helotæ, the People of Helos.

† **Heluabundus**, a, um, very Luxurious.

† **Heluacia**, æ, a kind of Lydian Garment.

Heluatio, ōnis, f. Gormandizing.

Heluator, ōris, m. a ravenous Devourer.

† **Helucus**, i, m. a Surfeit.

Helvecones, a People of Germany.

Helvella, arum, [ab helvus] small Sallet Herbs, Sprouts.

† **Helvénus**, a, um, Flesh coloured.

Helveſlus, a, um, [ab helvus] purple-coloured.

Helvetii, orum, a People of Germany, their Country is Helvetia, Switzerland, divided into thirteen Cantons.

Helvetum, a City in Germany called Schlestadt.

Helvii, a People of the Celta, called Albigeois.

Helvina, or -nus, a Fountain in Italy, whence Ceres is called Helvina.

Helvinum, a River of Picenum, called Piomba.

- HELVO**, ōnis, m. [ab Eluo, vel Heb. Balang absorpsit] a Glutton, Ravenous Devourer. * **Helluo** li-
brorum, an unsatiable Reader.
Heluo patria, a destroyer of his Country.
Helvulus, a, um, Purple coloured.
Helvolum vinum, Claret.
Helvor, ari, to Devour ravenously.
Helus, and **helusa** for olus and olera.
Helvulus, a, um, [q. Gilvus] of a pale red, flesh coloured, Carnation.
Helixine, es, f. Pellitory of the wall, &c.
Helymus and **Panope**, two Huntsmen, companions of **Acestes** King of Sicily.
HEM, interj. [a sono] O strange! Take that, look there, Ha, hum!
Hemanthinum, i, n. a kind of red glass.
Hemafni, a People of Dalmatia.
Hemera, g. a Day.
Hemerellus, a, um, g. of one Day.
Hemeridion, g. that which endures for a Day.
Hemeris, g. the dwarf Oak.
Hemero, onis, m. a Snatching greedy Fellow.
Hemerobaptista, one that Baptises daily.
Hemerobius, ii, m. a Worm that lives but one day.
Hemerocallis, g. yellow, or daylillyg.
Hemerocetus, g. a Night thief.
Hemerodromus, i, m. a Post, or Runner, g.
Hemerologium, ii, n. a Day-book, g.
Hemeroscopium, a City of Celtiberia.
Hemi, half.
Hemicadium, ii, n. half a boghead.
Hemichara, a Town in Sicily.
Hemichorium oreum, g. half a dance.
Hemierania, a, f. half the Skull, the Meagrim, g.
Hemieranius, a, um, g. troubled with the Meagrim.
Hemieranium, ii, n. half the skull, g.
Hemicyclium, ii, n. a Vardingale, g.
Hemicyclus, i, m. half a Circle, a Chair half round.
Hemicyne, a people near the Massagetae and Hyperborei, which [Apollonius says] bark like Dogs.
Hemidolium, ii, m. half a Hoghead.
Hemimiris, g. half a Foot.
Hemina, a, [ab Hui dimidium] half a sextarius, or nine Ounces.
Heminaria, orum, n. small Doses.
Heminarius, a, um, about a Hemina, in a small quantity.
Hemingus, a King of the Danes.
Hemion, g. a kind of Boat.
Hemionus, and **hemionicus**, a, um, g. as much and half as much more.
Hemionitis, idis, the Herb small Moen, or Spleen wort, g.
Hemionium, ii, n. the herb Hearts-tongue, g.
Hemipus, g. a kind of Pipe.
Hemiphorium, ii, a kind of Garment.
Hemiplexia, a, f. or **hemiapoplexia**, half an Apoplexy, g.
Hemispherium, ii, n. a hemisphere, g.
Hemistichium, ii, n. half a Verse, g.
Hemitaricon, a kind of Salt-fish.
Hemitogium, it, n. a half Gown.
Hemitonium, ii, n. half a Note, g.
Hemitritaeos, or us, g. a Semitertian Age, returning in thirty six hours.
Hem-xelles, g. a Demisextier.
Hemodes, seven Islands in the German Sea, Seelandt, Fuynen, Langlandt, Moen, Falster, Loylandt and Feremen.
Hemodus, a Mountain of India.
Hemofus, a, um, Odious.
Hemus or **Hæmus**, a bill in Thrace.
Hendecasyllabus, a, um, g. of 11 Syllables.
Hendianis, g. one thing expressed by two Terms.
Henehotis, a Country of Sarmatia in Asia.
Heneri, a People of Paphlagonia.
Heneria, the same as Veneria.
Heniochi, a People of Sarmatia in Asia. * **Heniochii**, Mountain amongst them called also **Coraxici**.
Henlega, **Henley** upon Thames.
Henrichus, **Henry** a King of Germany, A. D. 920. and several others.
Henula, a, f. a little Chappel.
Heorta, a Town of lower Pannonia called **Hardberg**.
Hepar, ari, n. the liver, also a Fish so called, g.
Hepatarium, } of the Liver.
Hepaticus, a, um, }
Hepatica, a, f. Liverwort * **Hepatica palustris**, white Crow-foot.
Hepatici, orum, such whose Liver is disordered.
Hepatitis, a, m. a precious Stone like a Liver.
Hepatitis, g. the great carrying vein.
Hepatum, ii, n. the Liver, g.
Hepaton, onis, g. a Temperature of Brass resembling the Liver.
Hephæstia, a City of Lemnos, now destroyed. * Also a Town in the Tribe Achamantis, where there was a Temple of Vulcan. Near this town is a Sunburnt hill, upon which they say Vulcan fell when he was thrown out of Heaven for his deformity.
Hephæstades, the People of Hephæstia.
Hephæstus, Mountains in Lycia, being touched with a burning Torch, they burn, and the very Stones burn the water.
Hephæstion, one of Alexanders commanders whom he loved, and was wont to compare with Craterus saying he loved Alexander, and this lost the King. He spent at his funeral above 12000 talents. Also a Grammarian of Alexandria.
Hephæstus, a, m. a fiery precious Stone, g.
Hephæstium, a Town of Lycia.
Hephæstos, or -tus, a name of Vulcan.
Hephæstunæ, Islands of Vulcan by Adiabena.
Hephthemimeris, the seventh half foot, a short syllable after three feet made long by Cætura, g.
Hepiala febris, a Quotidian Ague.
Hepialus, i, m. a Candle fly, g.
Hepitalum, a City of Iapygia.
Hep.ēma, atis, n. Must boiled to the third part, g.
Hepte or **Heptas**, g. the Seventh.
Heptachordus, a, um, g. of seven strings.
Heptacometæ, barbarous People inhabiting mount Cyzicus.
Heptagonia, the name of a place in Livy.
Heptanesia, a City of India within Ganges.
Heptapachys, g. a measure of seven Cubits.
Heptapona, g. a Porch in Olympia which turns the voice seven times.
Heptaphyllon, g. the herb **Termen-til** and **Set foyle**.
Heptapolis, a Country of Egypt.
Heptapleurus, or -rum, i, n. Plantain, g.
Heptaporos, a River of Troas.
Heptapylor, an Epithet of Thebes in Boeotia.
Heptapylus, a, um, g. having seven Gates.
Heptastadium, ii, n. a place gained out of the Sea by Cleopatra.
Heptapomus, i, g. having 7 months.
Hentatechnus, a, um, g. of the seven Liberal Sciences.
Heptatenchus, i, seven Columns, the five Books of Moses with Joshua and Judges, g.
Hauptatonos, g. of seven Strings or Notes.
Heptazonus, a, um, g. with seven Girdles.
Hepter or **Hepteres**, is, a Ship with seven Banks of rowers.
Hēia, a, f. [a He. s] a Lady, Mistress, Dame, pls. the herb Clary.
Hera, a Name of Juno and Ceres; Also a City of Sicily, and other places.
Heraclea, a City of Sicily, at the foot of mount Taurus, another in Caria and Sicily. * Also St. Giles in Gallia Narbonensis; and other places.
Heraclea ponti, a City of Bithynia called **Penderachi**.
Heraclea Thraciæ, a large City in the mouth of Propontis called **Pantiro**.
Heracleo Bucoli, a Town in Egypt.
Heracleon, an Egyptian Grammarian, who commented upon Homer.
Heracleon, g. Water-lilly or yarrow.
Heracleoplis, the Name of three Cities one in Egypt, another near Perusium, the third by the mouth of Nilus.
Heracleos, or **Heracles lapis**, g. the Lead-stone.
Heracleotes, **Dionysius**, the Philosopher so called. * Also an Island betwixt Italy and Sicily.
Hēracleoticus, a, um, g. as **Hēracleotica nux**, a Hazel-nut or Filbert. * **Heracleoticum Organum**, by **Jordan Majoran**.
Heracleum, a Promontory of Capadocia, and other places.
Heracles, a Sophister of Lycia, who taught at Smyrna; also a famous Grammarian of Mopsus in Cilicia, and a Philosopher of Pontus, who heard Plato and Aristotle, he writes of a certain Woman who had been dead seven days, and came to life again.
Heracles, a Philosopher of Ephesus who much affected dark speeches, and they say he always wept when he went abroad, and that he had no other Master but himself. He flourished under the last Darius, there were four others of the same Name.
Heracium, ii, n. the Water-lilly.
Heracius, a River in Greece; also an Emperor who succeeded **Thocas**.
Heracius lapis, g. the Lead stone.
Heraea,

- cury, the Messenger and Interpreter of the Gods.
- Hermes Trismegistus, an Egyptian Philosopher after Moses in whose time Philosophy began to be studied, time before they only studied Axioms, and things relating to it. He acknowledged one God the Creator of all, and confessed the errors of his Followers in Worshipping Idols; having observed that a Bird dedicated to Serapis, made water twelve times in a day, he divided the day into twelve hours, which has been observed ever since.
- Hermias, an Eunuch, Scholar to Plato and Aristotle; also a Lid whom a Dolphin carried into the Sea.
- Herminius, a mountain in Portugal, called Monte Arminio; also a German Captain, who slew Varus the Ambassador of Augustus, and three Legions of Soldiers; and other Men.
- Hermiona, a City upon the Aegean Sea.
- Hermione the City called also Lacedaemon. Also a Temple in Peloponnese, consecrated to Ceres and Proserpine, which was a Sanctuary for Offenders. Also the Daughter of Menelaus and Helena, betrothed to Orestes, and given afterwards to Pyrrhus, who was therefore slain by Orestes in Apollo's Temple.
- Hermiones, a People of Germany thought by some to be those of Pomerania.
- Hermippos, an Athenian Comical Poet with one eye, he wrote 40 Plays. Also a Philosopher of Berytus. Scholar to Philo Biblius, he wrote many things under Adrian.
- † Hermo, onis, a kind of Serpent.
- Hermocrates, a Philosopher of Phocis, whom the Emperor Severus forced to marry an ill favoured Daughter of his Secretary Antinater, whom afterwards he divorced.
- Hermodolus, i. e. the herb Dogstones or Wild Saffron.
- Hermodorus, the name of several Philosophers, whereof one was an Ephesian, who caused to be made the twelve Tables at Rome, and had therefore a Statue erected him.
- Hermogenes, a Philosopher of Tarsus, when he was fifteen years Old he was an excellent Scholar, and received many Gifts from Marcus Antonius, but afterwards grew worse and worse which made Antiochus say, that Hermogenes was an Old Man in his Childhood, and a Child in his Old Age.
- Hermoglyphis, a Graver of Images, especially of Mercury's, g.
- Hermolaus, a Grammarian of Constantinople, who wrote an Epitome of Stephanus de uribus, and dedicated it to the Emperor Justinian. Also another who conspired against Alexander; and a Statuary.
- † Hermolaus, Hedge-fumitory, or Hens-foot.
- Heron, a Prince of the Pelasgi, who was forced for fear of Darius to abandon Leno, but made as if he did it willingly to gratify the Athenians, which caused the Proverb, Heronium officium, for a forced kin'ness.
- Heronia, a City of lower Mysia called Moncastro, and by the Turks Belgrade.
- Hermenthis, a City of Egypt, where Juniter, Apollo and Isis were worshipped.
- Hermopolis, a City in Egypt, where they worshipped Pan and a Goat.
- Hermopolium, ii, n. a place where Images were sold; also a place of resort for good Cheer, g.
- Hermotimus, a Lydian, whose Soul was wont to wander from his Body and return with Foreign News, till once his Enemies took his Body and burnt it in the mean while.
- Hermula, æ, f. [ab Herma, æ,] a Statue without Hairs.
- Hermupoa, æ, g. the Herb Mercury.
- Hermus, a River of Asia minor, with Golden Sands.
- Herne, a great Stone.
- HERNIA, æ, f. [ab Eruptio, ruptus] a Rupture, Burstness.
- Hernaria, æ, f. Rupture wort.
- Hernibi, a People of Campania inhabiting Rocky places.
- Herniosus, æ, um, bursten.
- Hero, us, a beautiful maid of Sestos in Thracia to whom Leander used to swim from Abydos, till at length he was drowned; she seeing his Body cast up, threw herself headlong into the Sea. Also a City in Egypt.
- Herodes, the Name of three Kings of Judea, Herodes magnus, who slew the Children, Herodes Antipas his Son, who slew John, and Herodes Agrippa, the Grandson of Magnas, who slew James. * Herodiani, a Jewish Sect, who believed Herod to be the Messiah.
- Herodes Atticus, one of the Consular Dignity, and great Eloquence.
- Herodianus, a Historian of Alexandria, who wrote eight Books of History from Commodus to Gordianus the Younger.
- Herodias, the Grand daughter of the first Herod by his Son Aristobulus first married to Philip, and taken from him by Antipas.
- Herodotus, a Trumpeter of Megara, that at one time would eat twenty pounds of Fish, and drink two Gallons of Wine, and sound two Trumpets very loud at one time. Also a Historian of Halicarnassus, who wrote nine Books under the Names of the Nine Muses.
- Hērōes, Noble and Famous Men, accounted next the immortal gods for their notable Exploits, g.
- Hērōus, æ, um, g. Heroick, Noble. * Per heroicus, a Dactyl. * Heroica tempora, the time in which there was most Valiant and Courageous Men.
- Herōia, æ, f. a Noble Woman.
- Herōis, idis, g. a Lady, Princess.
- Heron, an Athenian Orator, who Commented on Herodotus, Xenophon and Thucydides; also a Martyr under Decius.
- Herona, a City of Dalmatia.
- Herophila, the Erythraean Sibyl, who being denied by Tarquin the price of her three Books of Prophecies, burnt two, and received the whole price for that which was left.
- Heropolis, the City of Heroes in Egypt.
- Hērōs, ōis, m. a Nobleman, a Heroe, Demi-god, g.
- Herostatus, he that burnt the Temple of Diana at Ephesus.
- Herōum, i, n. a Monument of some Nobleman, g.
- Hērōus, æ, um, Heroick, Noble, g.
- Herpeditani, a People of Mauritania Tingitana.
- Herpes, etis, m. the Singles or St. Anthony's fire, g.
- Herphe, a City of Armenia.
- † Herpica, æ, f. a Harrow.
- † Herpicarius, æ, um, of a Harrow.
- † Herpico, are, to Harrow.
- † Herpilus, i, wild running betony.
- Herie, the Daughter of Cecrops, beloved of Mercury.
- Hersilia, the Wife of Romulus, turned afterwards into the Goddess Orta.
- HÉRUS, i, m. [ab Hērōs, heros, vel Heb Horeb genitor] a Lord or Master.
- Herus, the fifth Bishop of Antiochia.
- Hesa, a City of Sicily.
- Hesæus, a Mountain which divides Pæonia and Media.
- Hesiodus, a Poet born at Ascræ in Bæotia, being sent by his Father to keep Sheep, he fell asleep, and dreamt that he was a Poet on a sudden. He wrote of Husbandry and the Genealogy of the Gods.
- Hesione, the daughter of Laomedon, King of Troy, whom Hercules delivered when she was exposed to be devoured by a Sea Monster; Laomedon denied him his promised reward, whereupon Hercules sacked Troy, and gave her to Telamon, who first got upon the Wall.
- Hespera, a very great Island, once the Seat of the Amazons.
- Hesperia, a common Name both of Italy and Spain.
- Hesperides, the daughters of Hesperus, brother of Atlas called Egle, Arethusa and Hesperethusa, they were feigned to have Gardens that bore golden fruit, kept by a vigilant and watchful Dragon, whom Hercules slew. Also Islands in the Atlantick Sea, discovered and peopled by the Portuguese, now called Isle di Capo Verde.
- Hesperii, a People of Africa.
- Hesperion cornu, a Promontory of Libya, called by the Spaniards Cabo Verde.
- Hesperis, idis, f. Dames Violet, g.
- Hesperius, a Mountain in Æthiopia, near which the Fields shine by Night like Stars.
- Hesperius, æ, um, Western, g.
- Hesperius, æ, um, of Italy or Spain.
- Hesperugo, inis, f. the Evening-Star.
- Hesperus, i, m. the Evening-star or Evening, g.
- Hesperus, the Son of Jupiter, and brother to Atlas, who being banished by his Brother, went into Italy and called it Hesperia; some say, that he went to the top of Atlas to observe the Stars, and was seen no more, whence he was thought to be turned into a Star of his own Name.
- † Hesperus, or -um, Yesterday.
- Hesternus, æ, um, [ab Heri] of Yesterday, Yesterdays.
- Hemia, a part of Thessaly, and other places.
- Hesus, a God of the Ancient Gauls, thought to be the same as Mars.
- † Helychalta, æ, m. an Anchorite resting from worldly Affairs.
- Hesychius, a Famous Milesian Historian.

Horian in the time of Anastasius ; also a Grammarian, and others.

Hetaria, æ, f. Fellowship, g.

Hetariarcha, æ, m. an Abbot ; also the General of the Allies and Auxiliaries, g.

Hetariarchia, æ, f. an Abbots-ship, g.

Heteroclitus, a, um, irregular in declining, g.

Heterocranea, æ, f. a disease in the Head, aking and swelling with little pusles, g.

Heterogeneus, a, um, of another kind, g.

Heteromischala, and heteromalla, orum, Garments freezed but on one side, or having but one sleeve, g.

Heteronymon, having another Name.

Heteroscii, Inhabitants of either temperate Zone, whose shadows are to one side, and contrary to those of the other temperate Zone.

Hetruria, the Dukedom of Tuscany in Italy.

Hetrusci, orum, the people of Tuscany.

Hetta, æ, f. the light chippings of Bread. * Non hettæ facere, to despise.

Hettæ, alack !

Heu, interj. [Φεῖ] alas !

Heuretes, æ, m. an inventor.

HEUS, interj. [Heb. Hoi] so ho !

Hex, f, x, g.

Hexaclinum, i, n. a place where there are six beds to sup on, g.

Hexagon, an Embassadour of the Ophiogenes in Cyprus, thrown by the Roman Consuls into the Tub of Serpents, who instead of biting licked him with their Tongues.

Hexagonus, a, um, of six Corners, g.

Hexamerinus, a, um, of six days, g.

Hexameron, the space of six days ; also a Treatise of the six days work, g.

Hexameter, a, um, of six feet, g.

Hexapeda, æ, a Fathom or six feet, g.

Hexaphoron, i, n. a Sedan carried by six, g.

Hexaplus, a, um, six-fold, g.

Hexaptotus, a, um, with six Cases, g.

Hexas, adis, the six, g.

Hexasticum, i, n. Barley with six rows in an Ear ; also six Verses together, g.

Hexecontalithus, i, a small precious stone of divers Colours and Corners, g.

Hexeres, is, f. a Galley with six Banks of Rowers, g.

H

I

H. I. Hereditatis jure, Hercle iuravit, or hic inveniet.

Habundus, a, um, Gaping, Gasp- ing.

Hiacinthus, i, m. the herb Del-phinium.

Hians, ntis, gaping, greedy, ill-joined. * Hians oratio, an Incon- sistent Discourse. * Emptorem in-ducere hiantem, to deceive a greedy Buyer.

Harbar, a King of the Gerulians, who made War upon Dido.

Hari fer mirari, to Wonder.

Hiasco, ere, to open, cleave, or gape. † Hiasco, and Hiatro, are, to gape wide.

† Hiator, oris, m. a Gaper.

† Hiatula, æ, f. a round Gaping shell-fish.

Hiatulus, us, m. a gaping, yawning, opening.

† Hibēris, idis, a kind of Cresses.

Hiberna, orum, Winter Quarters.

Hibernacula, orum, n. the same.

Hibernia, Ireland.

Hibernus, a, um, [Χειμῆριος] of Winter.

Hiberus, a, um, Spanish.

Hibiscum, i, n. [Ἰβίσκος] marsh- Hibiscus, i, m. & mallows.

Hibris, idis, f. a wild Hog bred of a tame sow and wild boar, a men- grel. See Hybris.

HIC, HÆC, hoc, [Ὅτι, Heb. Geh, Dec] this, he, such a one.

* Tu si hic sis, aliter sentias, if you were in my place you would be of another mind. * Hoc est quod, this is the reason why.

Hic, adv. here, at this time, then.

Hicce, hæce, hocce, this or that.

Hiccine, hæccine, hoccine, this ?

† Hicta, æ, f. the skin of a pome- granate.

† Hidroa, æ, sweat.

† Hiems, emis, f. Winter. See Hyems.

Hiera, a consecrated Garland, when two run in a race, and neither out- run the other, g.

Hiera, an Island of Sicily, called Vulcano, sending out fires ; and other places. Also the Wife of Telephus, said to excel Helena in Beauty.

Hieræa, a Country of Cyrene in Libya.

Hieracites, g. a precious stone of a Hawks colour.

Hieracium, ii, n. a Hawk-weed, g.

Hierama, a City of Caria.

Hierannesus, an Island of Crete and Egypt.

Hieranthemis, as Eranthemis, g.

Hierape, an Island of Libya.

Hierapolis, a city of Syria under the Archbishop of Antioch ; and another in Phrygia under the Patriarch of Constantinople.

Hiera pyria, a city of Crete.

Hierarcha, æ, m. a Holy Prince, a Prince of the conclave, g.

Hierarchia, æ, f. the Hierarchy or Holy Government, g.

Hierarchicus, a, um, of Holy Government, g.

Hierasus, a River of Dacia.

Hieraticus, a, um, Religious, De- dicated, g.

Hierax, a young Man turned into a Hawk of that Name by Mercury, for aw-kening Argus when he would have stolen Io away from him.

Hierax, acis, m. a faker, g.

Hieri, a People beyond the Sauro- mata, bald and flat Nosed by Na- ture, called Sacred, because of their Simplicity and Plain-dealing.

Hierice, or -chus, untis, the City Jericho.

Hiero, one of Syracuse, made King by the Romans, and their perpetu- al Friends ; and others.

Hierobotane, es, f. base or flat Vervain, g.

Hierocæsarea, a City of Maxenia in Asia.

Hieroceps, ar. Island of Cyna near Paphus.

Hierocomitæ, a People of Hiero- come in Caria.

Hierocomium, a spittle-hospital.

Hierodulia, æ, f. a Profession of Religion, g.

Hierodulum, a city of Libya.

Hierodulus, i, m. a Minister.

Hieroglyphica, orum, n. Hierogly- phicks, g.

Hieroglyphicus, a, um, of Hiero- glyphicks, g.

Hieroglyphus, i, m. a Grauer of sacred or secret things, g.

Hieron, a Promontory of Ireland.

Hieron, or Hieroon, g. a Chappel.

Hieronica, or -cus, i, m. a winner of the prize in public Games, g.

Hieronymus, a Sicilian Tyrant, also an Ecclesiastical Writer, very

Elloquent, who Translated the Bible into Latine, was born at Strido in the Confinnes of Dalmatia and Pa- nonia.

Hierophanta, æ, m. an expounder of sacred things, g.

Hierophylax, g. a Church-warden.

Hierofarchus, i, or -cha, æ, m. the chief Priest, g.

Hierosolyma, æ, and Hierosolyma- orum, n. Jerusalem in Palestine, hence Hierosolymarius, a Title given Pompey, and Hierosolym- tanus, a, um.

Hierotheca, æ, f. the Place or Box wherein the Crucifix was kept, g.

† Hieto, are, and -tor, ari, to gape or open.

† Hiera, æ, f. a Root of Pepper.

Hilaratio, onis, f. a making merr- ry.

Hilarator, oris, m. a merry maker.

Hilaratus, a, um, made merry.

Hilarè, -tis, adv. merrily.

Hilaresco, ere, to cheer up.

Hilara, orum, n. the Festival of Cybele, or any solemn Festival.

Hilarion, a French Hermit, said to work many Miracles.

HILARIS, re, ior, iissimè, [ἡλᾶρος] Merry, Joyful.

Hilaritas and -tud, inis, f. Joy- fulness, Mirth. * Hilaritas dis- cernit the cleanness of the Day.

Hilaritè, adv. Plaut. Joyfully.

Hilarius, a Bishop of Poitiers in France, who was Banished by the Arrians, and other Men.

Hilāro, are, to make Merry or Joy- ful.

Hilarædus, i, m. a singer of merry Songs, g.

Hilātor, ari, to be cheered.

Hilarulus, a, um, pretty cheerful.

Hilārus, a, um, Merry, Cheerful. See Hilaris.

Hilla, æ, f. [ab Hilum, ve-]

Hilla, orum, [Hira] a Chilling- ling.

† Hillum, i, n. the small Gut.

† Hilo, onis, m. the North Wind.

HILUM, i, n. [ab Heb. Ehl -hilum] the black of a Bean, a spot.

* Ne hilum quidem, not a jot.

† Him [for hinc] hence.

Himantopodes, a crump-footed People of Æthiopia.

Himantopus, opodis, a kind of Bird, g.

Himera, a City in Sicily ; also a River in that Isle parted into 2 Channels, the one fresh Water, the other Salt.

† Hin.

Hin, a measure of twelve Sexta-
rii.
Hinc, [*E, &c.] from hence. * Hinc
& hinc, hinc & illinc, on this side
and that side. * Hinc civis, one
of our city. * Hinc è proximo,
from hard by.
Hincses-ga, Hinksey near Oxford.
Hinna, & f. a Hind, Mule.
Hinnabile, le, apt to neigh.
Hinnibundè, adv. neighingly.
Hinniculus, i, m. a young Mule.
† Hinnientes, ium, Horses.
† Hinnilito, are, to whinny.
Hinnio, ire, [ab hinnus, vel a
sono] to Neigh or Whinny
Hinnitus, us, m. a Neighing or
Whinnying.
Hionulus, i, m. a young Mule,
Hinnuleus, ei, f. a fawn or hind-
calf; also a Dog-fish, the young of
other Beasts.
HINNUS, i, m. [*Tyn, Tiw] a
slim gutted Mule, a Nag, a
Hind.
HIO, are, [Xáa sono] to Gape.
Chap, Blow, Admire, Doubt, Watch
for with open mouth. * Hiare ad
aliquid, to have a very great desire
for a thing.
† Hiato, are, to Yawn
Hippace, ea, cheese of mares. milk, g.
† Hippaco, are, to fetch breath often.
† Hippagium, ii, n. Carriage on
Horse back.
Hippago, inis, f. }
Hippagoga, & f. } g. a Horse boat.
Hippagus, i, m. }
† Hippagogeus, or Hyragogeus, a
cushion laid on Porters Shoulders
for ease, g.
Hipparchus, i, m. the Master of the
Horse, g.
Hipparchus, an Astronomer of Ni-
cea, who wrote against Plato.
Hipparie, a River in Camarina,
some of whose Water is fresh, and
some Salt.
Hippasus, a philosopher of Metapon-
tium, Pythagoras's Scholar, who
affirmed that all things were made
of fire; also one of the Centaurs
Hippe, the Daughter of Chiron the
Centaur, who being got with child
in Hunting, and fearing her Fa-
ther's Displeasure, was pitted by the
Gods, turned into a Hare, and
carried up to Heaven.
Hippeus, a comet or crab-fish, g.
Hippa, the name of Minerva in
Aradia; also a city of Pyrrhobia.
† Hippia, & f. chick-reed.
Hippiades, dum, f. Images of Ho-
men on Horse-back, g.
† Hippia, arum, a swift kind of
crab fish.
Hippias, a Philosopher of Elis, he
placed the chiefest good in being
content with that which suffices Na-
ture, he was skilled in all Arts and
Sciences.
† Hippiastrus, i, m. a Farrier.
Hippice, ei, f. an Herb which being
carried in the mouth prevents hun-
ger and thirst.
Hippici, mountains of Sarmatia in
Asia.
Hippion, he that taught Medicine
to Esculapius.
† Hippito, are, to Gape or Yawn.
Hippius, Neptune so called.
Hippo, or Hippon, a city in Africa
of which St. Augustine was Bishop,
called by him Hippo Regius. And

another city not far from it called
Diarrhytos.
Hippoboros, a feeder of Horses, g.
Hippoboto, a very large field near
the Caspian streights, where 50000
Horses were wont to feed.
Hippocamelus, a Monster, half horse
and half camel, g.
Hippocampa, and -pus, i, m. a
Sea-horse, g.
Hippocampinus, a, um, of a Sea-
horse, g.
Hippocentauri, a monstrous kind of
Men by Thessaly near Mount Peli-
on, supposed to have their upper
parts like Men, and their lower parts
like horses. St. Hierom speaks of
a Hippocentaur that spoke to St.
Antony and set him in his way.
† Hippoclasta, orum, Trenches set
with stakes to overthrow horse-men.
Hippocomus, i, m. a Horse-courser,
Jockey, g.
† Hippocoum, a kind of Wine
brought from Cous.
Hippocrates, a famous Physician of
Cous, scholar to Democrates, he
lived with Perdiccas King of Ma-
cedonia and died in the 104th year
of his Age; and other men.
Hippocratæus, a, um, of cr like
Hippocrates. * Hippocraticum
vinum, Hippocras.
Hippocrène, a fountain of Bœotia
near Helicon, supposed to be made
by the hoof of Pegasus.
Hippocrenides, the muse to whom
that fountain was consecrated.
Hippocuræ, two Cities of India
within Ganges.
Hippodame and Hippodamia, the
Daughter of Oenomaus King of
Elis, whom Pelops won at a Race
with her Father by corrupting his
Chariot-driver.
Hippodamia, the wife of Pirithous,
whom the Centaurs went to take a-
way upon her wedding-day, and were
slain by Hercules and Theseus;
also the daughter of Briseus whom
Achilles took from Lyrnessus, call'd
from him Briseis; also the daugh-
ter of Anchises and wife of Alca-
thous.
Hippodamus, i, m. a breaker of
Horses, g.
Hippodamus, a Philosopher of Mi-
letus, who first wrote of a well
governed commonwealth.
Hippodorus, a Prince of Athens,
who used much severity towards his
children and his folks to ingratiate
himself with the people; he caused
a daughter of his (taken in Adul-
tery) to be bound to a Chariot and
torn to pieces.
Hippodromus, i, m. a Race-place
or course, g.
Hippodromus, a Thessalian Philo-
sopher who taught at Athens in the
time of M. Antonius.
Hippoglossa, or -flum, i, n. the
herb Horse-tongue, g.
Hippoglossion, g or hypoglossion,
Laurel of Alexandria.
Hippola, a city of Laconia.
Hippolapathum, i, n. Patience or
Monks Rubarb, g.
† Hippolaphus, i, m. a Beast like
a Stag, with Hair and Beard like
a Goat.
† Hippolasia, & f. a driving of
Horses.
† Hippolegus, i, m. a Horse-stealer.

Hippolochus, the son of Bellerophon
and father of Glaucus. Also the
son of Antimachus slain with his
brother Pisander in the Trojan war.
Hippolyte, a Queen of the Ama-
zons, whom Hercules overcame
and gave to Theseus.
Hippolytus, the son of Theseus and
Hippolyte, he was torn in pieces by
his chariot-horses as he fled when he
was accused of Adultery by his Mo-
ther-in-law Phædra, whose sollici-
tations he refused.
Hippomachia, & f. a Combat on
Horse-back, g.
Hippomachus, a certain Minister
at Athens.
Hippomânes, is, n. a piece of flesh
on the head of a colt new foaled which
the Mares bites off, with which they
say Witches make Men mad, g.
Hippomarathrum, wild fennel, g.
Hippomènes, he fell in love with A-
talanta, and winning of her by his
golden Apples thrown in her way,
lay with her in Cybeles temple, who
thereupon turned him into a lion and
her into a Lioness. Also the twen-
ty seventh Prince of Athens; he
gave his Daughter Limone being
taken in Adultery to be devoured
by wild Horses; hence the Proverb,
Magis impius Hippomene.
Hippomolgi, a people of Scythia.
Hippona, the Goddess of Horses.
Hipponax, an Ephesian Poet so
deformed that Bupalus drew his
picture to be laughed at, which so
incensed him that he wrote an inve-
ctive against him and made him
hang himself.
Hipponeus, a city of Caria and
Lydia.
Hipponiates, a bay of the Tyrrhene
Sea called Golfo di St. Eufemia.
Hipponium, the city Bivona in
Calabria.
Hipponomus, i, m. a horse-keeper, g.
Hippopæra, & f. a Male, Portman-
tle, Cloak-bag, g.
Hippophas, Teasel, or Sheer-mens
bur, g.
Hippophagi, a people of Scythia in
Asia.
Hippophorbus, i, a Horse herd or
feeder of Horses, g.
Hippoplanus, a cheater in Horse-
courting, g.
Hippopedes, a people of Scythia
who (as Solinus says) resembles men
in all parts but their feet which
resemble horses.
Hippopotamus, i, m. a Sea-horse, g.
† Hipporedicus, a Horse-rider or
breaker.
Hippus, a Horse, and in composition
great, g.
Hippofelinū, the herb Alexanders, g.
Hippotades, Æolus so called.
Hippothela, & f. a foal of an Ass, g.
Hippotoxota, & m. an Archer on
Horseback, g.
Hippotiphia, & f. very great pride, g.
Hippuacra, a city of Libya.
Hippuris, an Island in the Medi-
terranean.
Hippuris, is, t. the herb herfetail, g.
Hippuriscus, an Island of Caria.
Hippurus, a kind of Lobster, keep-
ing in holes during winter, g.
Hippus, a River in Colchis; also
an Island of Bretia, a City of
Sicily and Palestine.
hippus, a kind of very swift crab fish.
† Hipr.

† Hir, iris, f. the palm of the hand.
 Hira, æ, f. [ab hir] the hungry gut.
 Hira, a city of Messenia and other places.
 Hircinus, a, um, [ab hircus] Goatish.
 † Hirciolus, i, m. a little Goat.
 Hircipilus, i, m. one that has hair of two colours or bristly.
 † Hircius, a, um, of a Goat.
 Hircosus, a, um, stinking like a Goat, Rammish.
 † Hircui, orum, Mockers.
 Hirculatio, onis, f. a Distemper in a vine turning all its substance into wood.
 Hirculus, i, m. a kind of Spikeweed.
 HIRCUS, i, m. [Tedy, vel ab hircus] a Goat, the sweat under the arm-pits; also a cuckold. * Mulgere hircum, to suck a bull. * Olere hircum, to smell rank.
 Hirminium, ii, n. a river in Sicily.
 Hirnea, æ, f. [ab hir vel hira] a kind of Vessel.
 Hirpiæ familiæ, a people near Rome who were wont yearly in their sacrifices to Apollo to walk upon fire and not be burnt, and therefore by a perpetual decree of the Senate were freed from all kind of duty.
 Hirpini, a people of the Samnites; also the Hills from whence the river Aufidus in Apulia flows.
 Hirpinus, the name of a stately borse in Juvenal.
 † Hirquinus, a, um, Goatish.
 Hirquitallio, ire, to have ones voice break, to wax Goatish.
 Hirquitallus, i, m. [ab hircus] one past fourteen years.
 Hirquus, i, m. [ab hircus] the corner of the eye; also Goggle eyed; also a Goat.
 † Hirric, the snarling of a Dog.
 Hirrio, ire, [a scno] to snarl like a Dog.
 † Hirritus, us, m. a snarling.
 † Hirsipilus, a, um, rough, hairy.
 Hirsute, adv. roughly.
 Hirsutia, æ, f. roughness of hairs.
 † Hirsuticulus, i, m. one with an hairy neck.
 Hirsuto, are, to make rough or hairy.
 HIRSUTUS, a, um, [Heb. Sagnir, vel ab hirsuta lana] Hairy, Rough, Overgrown, Rude, Rough in Manners.
 Hirtius, a consul colleague with Panfa, both slain as they went to relieve Brutus besieged by Antony at Mutina; also a Historian who wrote the eighth book of Cæsar's French War.
 † Hirtuosus, a, um, rough, shagged.
 * Hirtuosus dens, P. n.
 Hirtus, a, um, [ab hirsutus] hairy, rough, flutish.
 HIRUDO, inis, f. [ab haurio, vel a Pon traho] a Horseleach; also a spendthrift, consumer. * Hirundo forensis, a Petrifger.
 Hirundinaria, æ, f. great Celandine.
 * Hirundinaria minor, Pilewort.
 Hirundineus, of a Swallow.
 Hirundinus, a, um, of a Swallow.
 HIRUNDO, inis, f. [Xavda, a scno] Swallow; also a Serpish with Fins like a Swallows tail and wings; also dry Scabs in a Horses foreleg.
 † Hisciat, a, um, Gaping.
 † Hiscio, ire, to cease or end.

Hiscus, ere, [Xavda, ab hio] to gape, yawn, mutter, divide. * Nec hiscere quisquam audebat, no one durst open his mouth.
 Hispalis, the city Sevil in Spain.
 Hispalus, a King of the Celtiberi.
 † Hispanach, the herb Spinage.
 Hispania, the country of Spain, called also Iberia, Hisperia and Celtiberia, it is divided into three parts, to wit, Bætica, Lusitania and Tarraconensis.
 Hispaniolus, i, m. a Spaniel.
 Hispanicus, a, um, Spanish.
 Hispanus, Hispaniensis e, dwelling in Spain.
 Hispellum, and -lla, æ, a Town in Umbria.
 Hispellates, the Townsmen of Hispellum.
 † Hispex, m. a prickly Thorn or Bristle.
 Hispidor, ari, to be prickly.
 † Hispidosus, a, um, full of Bristles.
 Hispidus, a, um, Rough, Bristly, Borish.
 Hister, tri, a Tuscan Word for a Player or Tumbler.
 Histia, a city in Eubœa.
 Histæus, a tyrant of Miletus banished for conspiring against Darius.
 † Histipex, wood burning on the fire.
 † Histion, onis, m. a Weaver.
 HISTORIA, æ, f. [Istoria] a History, tale.
 Historialis, e, Historical. * Opus historiale, story work in Tapestry.
 Historice, es, f. that part of Grammar that teacheth one to unfold Authors, the way of writing History, g.
 Historiens, a, um, Historical, g.
 Historicus, i, m. a Historian.
 † Historio, are, to write a History.
 Historiographia, æ, f. a writing of History, g.
 † Historiographo, are, to write history.
 Historiographus, i, m. a Historiographer, g.
 † Historiola, æ, f. a little story.
 Historicus, a, um, historical.
 † Histriculus, a, um, of or like a Stage player. Hypocritical.
 † Histricus, a, um, of a Play or Actor. * Histricus Imperator, the chief Actor.
 HISTRIO, onis, m. [hetrusc. hister] a Player, Actor.
 Histrionalis, le, of an Actor.
 Histrionicus, a, um, of an Actor.
 Histrionia, æ, f. the Art or Science of Acting.
 Histris, icis, a Ferret or Hedgehog. See Hystrix.
 † Hitta, æ, the Skin of a Pomegranate, a trifle.
 † Hittio, ire, to scent as the dogs in hunting.
 Hiule, adv. Gapingly.
 Hiuleo, are, to cleave, chap, cut.
 † Hiuleulus, a, um, gaping a little.
 Hiuleus, a, um, [ab hio] Gaping as pierced Ground. * Hiulea gens, greedy Folk. * Oratio hiulea, an ill composed Oration.

H

L

H. L. for hic locus, or honesto loco.

H

M

H. M. for honesta mulier. Honestamala, or mortis.
 H. M. D. A. for hoc mandavit dari Augustus.
 H. M. P. for hic memorie posuit, or hoc monumentum posuit.
 H. M. S. M. Hic mater sua mortua, or hora mala sumpsit meram.

H

O

H. O for homo, or honestus.
 Hoba, a country of Syria.
 Hoc, [ab hic] so much the more bitter.
 Hœdie, [of hoc die] to day, Now-days, at this very time. * Hœdi mane, to day morning.
 Hœdiernus, a, um, of this Day.
 * Hœdierna dies, this very day.
 Hœdædæus, a Highway Man, g.
 Hœdæporicum, an itinerary, a Voyage or Journey described, g.
 Hœdæporus, i, m. a Traveller on the high-way, g.
 Hœdomanti, a people of Thrace.
 Hœdile, is, n. a place where kids are kept.
 Hœdillus, and hœdiculus, i, m. a young kid.
 Hœdulus, i, m. of a kid.
 † Hœdulo, are, to sport or play like a Kid.
 Hœdulus, i, m. a little Kid.
 HOEDUS, i, m. [Heb. Gedhi, a iono] a Kid, young Goat.
 † Hœlix, icis, the opening of a Pipe.
 Hœmatopus, ædis, m. the bit called a Red-shank, g.
 HOI, [O i jinter], alas! well a-day.
 Holcas, ædis, a Hoy, g.
 Holce, es, f. a Dram.
 Holcimus, a, um, easily drawn, g.
 Holcus, i, m. Wall barley, g.
 Holcades, a people within the River Iberus.
 † Hollogopomenon, comprehending many things in few words.
 Hollandia, Holland.
 Hollandus, a Hollander.
 Holmi, a city of Cilicia aspera.
 Holmia, Stockholm, the Metropolis of Sweden.
 Holmium, a City of Bœotia.
 Holmus, a mortar, a cup like a horn. Also a mams breast, g.
 Holo, a city in Spain.
 Holobryzus, a, um, all of gold, g.
 † Holoberus, Holoverus, a, um, all of true Purple.
 Holocaustum, i, n. a burnt sacrifice, g.
 Holochrysus, a, um, all of gold, g.
 Holocotis, the same as Memrem, g.
 Holocron, a Mountain of Macedonia.
 Hologrammon, or Hologrammaton, a Will written all with the Testators own hand.
 Holographicus, wholly written.
 Holographus, a, um, ten with his own hand, g.
 Holographum, i, the original copy, g.
 Holotampus, a, um, all in a flame, shining bright, g.
 Holopechion, a whole Cubit, g.
 Holophanta, æ, m. one that will lie for a small matter, g.
 Holoporphyrus, a, um, all of purple, g.
 Holopyxos, a City of Crete.
 † Holo-

† Holor, oris, m. a Swan.

Holos, g. Whole.

Holosericus, a, um, g. all of Silk.

Holosteon, ei, n. the herb Stitchwort.

Holothuria, g. a prickly Sea-fish.

† Hólus, éris, n. a Pot-herb.

† Homagium, ir, n. Homage, Fidelity.

Honellum, ii, n. a kind of Cap, g.

† Homer, a measure of 45 Gallons.

Homeritæ, a People of Æthiopia and Arabia felix.

Homeromastix, g. Homer's whip Zolus.

Hómērus, Homer, the most famous Greek Poet about a hundred and sixty years before the building of Rome, seven Cities contend for his Birth-place, Smyrna, Rhodes, Colophon, Salamis, Chios, Argos, Athens.

Homicida, æ, m. [ab Homo & cædo] a Man-slayer, Murderer.

Homicidium, ii, n. Man-slaughter, Murder.

Homilia, æ, f. a Homily or Sermon, g.

Homilæ, a City of Thessaly. * Homiliaticus, a, um of a Homily, Discourse or Sermon.

Hónillus, i, m. [ab homo] a little Man.

Hominatus, and hominium, ii, n. Homage.

HOMO, inis, m. [ab Heb. Om populus] a Man, Man servant, Humanity. * Hominem exuere, to dye. * Homines sumus non dii, the best must have their grains of Allowance. * Homo es, you are a Man every inch of you.

Homocapnus, a, um, a Living in the same house, by the same fire.

Homœologia, æ, g. likeness of Speech.

Homœomeria, æ, f. Likeness of parts in the Nourishment and Nourished, g.

Homœoptoton, i, n. the ending of divers clauses with the like cases.

Homœosis, g. Similitude.

Homœoteuton, when divers clauses end alike, or with the same Cadence, g.

Homogalactos, and -tus, i, m. a Foster-brother, g.

Homogenus, a, um, g. of the same kind.

Homogenia, æ, f. Affinity, g.

Homoglossus, a, um, g. of the same Language.

Homographia, æ, f. a like Writing or Painting.

Homohypni, orum, g. they that sleep under the same roof.

Homole, a Mountain of Thessaly, a seat of the Centaurs.

Homolea, a Mountain of Magnesia.

† Homoleum, ei, n. a kind of Caps.

Homolium, a Town of Magnesia and Macedonia.

Homologia, æ, f. a Confession or Agreement, g.

Homologus, a, um, g. Confessing, Agreeing.

Homonea, Consent, Concord.

Homonymia, g. likeness of name, Equivocation.

Homonymon, g. that which has the same Name.

Homonymus, a, um, having the same Name, though the things be of several kinds, Doubtful, Ambiguous, g.

Homopathes, g. Suffering together.

Homopatoria, Athenian Feasts, when fathers met together to enroll their children.

Homophagia, æ, f. an eating together, an eating of raw meats.

Homophasis, g. a doubtful Exposition.

Homophōnos, g. of the same sound.

Homophylus, g. of the same Tribe.

Homopsychus, g. of the same mind.

Homos, g. Like.

Homotechnus, i, g. of the same Art.

Homouision, g. Consubstantial.

Homouitus, a, um, g. of the same Substance.

Hómūlus, i, m. } [ab Homo]

Homuncio, onis, m. } a little Man, Dwarf.

Homuncionitæ, Hereticks denying Christ's Deity.

Homunculus, i, m. a little or poor Man.

Honestamentum, i, n. an Ornament.

Honestas, itis, f. Honesty, Dignity, or a Worshipful person.

Honestatio, onis, f. an Honouring.

Honestator, oris, m. an Honourer.

Honestatus, a, um, Honoured.

Honestè, adv. Honestly, Honourably.

† Honestitudo, inis, f. Honesty, Dignity.

Honesto, are, to Honour, make Honourable.

Honestor, ari, to be in Credit.

Honestum, i, n. Honesty, Virtue.

Honestus, ior, iſſimus, a, um, Honest, Civil, Courteous, Honourable.

Comely, Noble. * Homines honore honesti, Men of high Rank.

* Honesta facie virgo, a Maid of a solemn look.

HONOR, ōris, m. respect given to any one, Honour, Ornament, Beauty, Love, Sacrifice, Reward; Also Reproach, Infamy. * Mortis honor, the funeral ceremonies. * Sit honos auribus, Sir-reverence. See Honos.

Hónorābilis, e, Honourable.

Hónorābilitas, atis, f. Honourableness.

Hónorābiliter, adv. Honourably.

Hónorandus, a, um, to be Honoured.

Honoraria, orum, Plays in honour of Bacchus.

Hónorārium, ii, n. a present to Embassadors, Princes, Landlords, &c.

Hónorārius, a, um, of Honours, appointed by the Prætor. * Honoraria opera, an endeavour to reconcile two Persons. * Honorarium vinum, Presented to great Men.

* Honorarius Consul, the Consul Elect. * Honorariæ literæ, Letters of Preferment. * Honorarium jus, an order of the Council table, Lord-Mayor, &c.

Hónorātè, adv. Honourably.

Hónoratio, ōnis, t. an Honouring.

Hónoratus, ior, iſſimus, Honoured.

† Hónorculus, ſi, m. a little Credit.

Honor, the Sister of the Emperor Valentinian.

Honorichus, a King of the Vandals.

† Honorificābilis, le, capable of Honouring.

† Honorificabilitas. Honorificabilitudo, Honorificabilitudinitas, atis, f. Honourableness.

† Honorificabiliter, Honourably.

Honorificus, a, um, bringing Honour, Creditable.

Hónoripētus, æ, m. one ambitious of Honour.

Honorius, the 46th Emperor of Rome, with his Brother Arcadius; Also the 68th Bishop of Rome, A. D. 625. and other Popes.

Hónorō, ari, to Honour, reverence, Worship.

Hónoror, ari, to Honour.

Honorofus, a, um, full of Honour.

Hónorus, a, um, Creditable, Honourable.

HONOS, ōris, m. [ab ONOS] pretium] Honour. See Honor.

Honus, and honustus, for onus, and onustus, g.

† Hopia, æ, a precious Stone; also a kind of Poison.

† Hopistocrepides, a kind of Womens-Shoe.

Hopliag, a River of Bæotia.

Hoplites, æ, m. a man of war, g.

Hoplomachus, i, m. an armed Fencer, g.

HŌRA, æ, f. [Ωρα] an Hour, or any part of time, twenty Days allowed the Plaintiff for drawing up his Plea against the Defendant.

* Omnium horarum homo, a man for Mirth or business. * Utisus horis, to spend his time in.

* Septembris horæ, the Month September. * Hora anni, the season of the year.

Hora, a Roman Goddess of Beauty.

Horacitæ, a People bordering on Illyrium.

Horæ, a City of Calabria.

Horæ, Goddesses the Daughters of Jupiter and Themis.

Horæus, a, um, g. Fair, reasonable.

Hōrārium, ii, n. a Dial, Clock, Watch.

Hōrārius, a, um, of an Hour, hourly.

Horatæ, a People of India.

Horatius Cocles, a noble Roman, when Porſena had taken Janiculum, and was rushing into the City, opposed the enemy so long, till the Bridge broke under him, and leaping into Tybur, swam safe to land.

Horatius Flaccus, a Lyrick Poet, and Satyrist of Venus in great favour with Augustus, by reason of his Patron Mæcenas, he made the Emperor his heir, and was buried nobly near Mæcenas.

Horbatii, a People of Illyrium.

Horchia, a Goddess of Tuscany.

† Herciulus, for urceolus, a kind of Measure.

HORDA, æ, f. a Cow with Calves. See Fords.

Hordeaceus, a, um, made of Barley.

Hordeārius, a, um, of living barley. * Hordearia pruna, plum of a Barley-colour, or being ripe about Barley-harvest. Hordearium æ, Honey given Troopers in lieu of Barley.

† Hor-

† Honorificabiliter, Honourably.

Honorificè, centum, centesimè, adv. Honourably, Creditably.

Hónorificentia, æ, f. Worship.

Hónorificentior, ius, ioris, more Honourable.

† Hónorifico, are, to Honour or credit.

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† Hor-

- † *Hordeus*, a, um, of or like barley.
Hordeolum, i, n. a Wheal on the eye-lid, the Tip of the rump.
HORDEUM, ei, n. [ab *horreo*] Barley.
Hordicidia, orum, n. Roman festivals, when they sacrificed cows with calf. See *Fordicidia*.
Hordonenses, a People of Apulia.
† *Horecticus*, a, um, getting a mach.
Horesti, a People of Scotland.
Horia, æ, f. [ab "Op^o terminalis] a Fisher-boat.
Horici, a People of Italy.
Horilla, æ, a little Fisher-boat.
Horizontalis, e, of the Horizon.
Horizon, onis, m. the Horizon, g.
Horma, a Town of Macedonia.
Hormades, a Chaldean God supposed to be Jupiter.
† *Hormelion*, a fiery precious stone.
Horminum, Clary * *Horminium* sativum, garden Clary, Sage of Rome. See *Horminium*.
Horminius, a Mountain of Bithynia.
Horminodes, g. a kind of precious stone.
Horminum, i, n. [“Op^olyov] Clary.
† *Hormus*, i, m. a kind of Dance.
† *Horno*, for hoc anno, this year.
Hornus, [“Op^olyov] of.
Hornotinus, a, um, this year.
Hornotinus, i, m. a Fawn or Hind-calf.
Herodes, a King of Parthia slain by M. Crassus.
Horologicus, a, um, of a clock, g.
Horologicus, i, m. a Clock-maker, g.
Horologium, ii, n. a Clock, Dial, Hour-glass, Watch. * *Horologium Sciothericum*, or solarium, a Sun-dial.
Horos, a Bound or Term, g.
† *Horoscopantia signa*, the Constellation arising at ones nativity.
Horoscopium, ii, n. a Dial, g.
Horoscopo, are, to Calculate ones Nativity.
Horoscopus, a, um, Arising at the East when one is born, g.
Horoscopus, i, m. he that Calculates a nativity, g.
Horrearius, ii, m. the keeper of a Barn.
Horreaticus, a, um, of a Barn.
Horrefacio, ere, to Affright.
Horrendum, adv. dreadful.
Horrendus, a, um, Horrible, to be Dreaded.
Horrens, ntis, affrighted, also rough, Prickly.
HORREO, ere, [Heb. Gur timuit, a sono] to Quiver for fear, or cold, to be Afraid of, be rough thro' fear or astonishment. * *Horret divinum numen*, be greatly fears God.
Horreolum, i, n. a little Barn.
Horrescens, ntis, Trembling.
Horresco, ere, to Tremble, Fear, grow rough. * *Tempestas horrescit nimis*, it grows thick and dark.
Horreum, ei, n. [ab *horreo*] a barn, Garner, Store-house, Wine cellar.
Horribilis, e, Horrible, Frightful.
† *Horribilitas*, atis, f. Horribleness.
Horribiliter, adv. horribly.
† *Horricomis*, e, Shagged, Long-haired.
- Horridè*, adv. roughly, grossly.
† *Horriditas*, atis, f. Roughness, Trembling.
† *Horridiuscule*, somewhat roughly.
Horridulus, a, um, grievously quivering with cold, Somewhat Rough, &c.
Horridus, a, um, [ab *Horreo*] Horrible, Untainted, Cold, Rough, Brighting. * *Horrida oratio*, a rough unpolish'd speech. * *Horrida vita*, a savage kind of life.
† *Horrifer*, a, um, causing Cold or Grief.
Horrificè, adv. Horribly.
Horrifico, are, to make to Quake.
Horrificor, ari, to be affrighted.
Horrificus, a, um, Terrible, making to quake.
† *Horripilatio*, onis, f. the Staring of the hair.
† *Horripilo*, and -or, ari, to have the hair rough, or stand an end.
† *Horriseno*, are, to make a dreadful noise.
Horrisomus, a, um, making a dreadful noise.
Horror, oris, m. [ab *horreo*] a quivering for cold or fear, dread.
Horsum, adv. [ab hoc] Hitherward.
Hortamen, inis, n. an Advice.
Hortamentum, i, n. sing.
Hortani, ntis, Exhorting.
Hortanum, a City of Tuscany.
Hortatio, onis, f. an Exhorting.
Hortatus, us, m. sing. Advising, persuading.
† *Hortatiuncula*, æ, a little Encouragement.
Hortativus, a, um, serving for Exhortation.
Hortator, oris, m. an Exhorter.
† *Hortatorius*, a, um, Exhorting.
Hortatrix, icis, f. she that exerts.
† *Hortellus*, i, m. a very little Garden.
Hortentia, the eloquent daughter of *Hortensius*, who when the Roman Matrons were taxed by the Triumviri, and no Man durst plead for them, pleaded the cause so eloquently, that she got a great part of it taken off.
† *Hortensia*, the name of an herb.
Hortensie, e, [ab *Hortus*] of a Garden.
Hortensius, an Excellent Roman Oratour, called the King of Causes, and admired for his Memory, being able at Night exactly to write all that was done at an Auction or Outcry the whole day before.
† *Horticola*, æ, m. and hortilio, onis, m. a Gardener.
Horticultura, æ, f. the art of Gardening.
HORTOR, ari, [ab "Op^o exoito] to Exhort, Advise, Persuade; also to be Exorted.
Hortulanus, i, m, a Gardener.
Hortulus, i, m. a little Garden.
HORTUS, i, m. [a X^oer^o gramen, vel ab "Op^o plantarum ordo] a Garden, an Orchard, Farm.
* *Hortus a nditu*, a Salade.
* *Hortus indiligens*, a neglectful Garden.
* *Horti imaginarii*, Flower-pots.
* *Horti pensiles* or *Adonidis*, Gardens on the tops of Houses, or cut at Windows.
Horula, æ, f. [ab *hora*] a little Hour.
Horus, the Son of Isis; also a King of Assyria.
- † *Hofa*, a kind of Buskin.
Hofa, a City of Tuscany called Martha.
HOSPEs, itis, m. [ab "O^oisquis [icil.] advenit] an Host or Guest, a Stranger. * *Hospes in re aliquâ*, one unexperienced in a thing, a Novice.
† *Hospinus*, a, um, receiving Guests.
† *Hospita*, æ, f. an Hostess or Landlady, also a Stranger.
† *Hospitalarius*, ii, m. the Master of an Hospital.
Hospitalis, e, [ab *hospes*] of a Guest or Entertaining; also Bountiful keeping a full and open house.
* *Hospitale cubiculum*, a Guest-chamber.
Hospitalissimus, a, um, given much to Hospitality.
Hospitalitas, atis, f. Hospitality, courtesy in lodging Strangers.
Hospitaliter, adv. Courteously like an Host.
† *Hospitale*, is, n. and *Hospitalium* an Hospital.
† *Hospitarius*, and *Hospitator*, oris, m. an Entertainer.
† *Hospitrix*, icis, f. she that Entertains.
† *Hospitatura*, æ, f. an Entertainment.
† *Hospitarius*, ii, m. an Inn-keeper.
† *Hospiticia*, æ, c. a Killer of Guests.
† *Hospitiola*, æ, a little Inn.
Hospitolum, i, n. a little Hospital or Lodging, Friendship obliging to lodging.
Hospitum, ii, n. [ab *hospes*] an Inn or lodging, Entertainment, Friendship. * *Hospitum publicum*, an Hospital. * *Arenæ hospitio prohibemur*, we are forbidden to land.
* *Hospitum calamitatis*, a shelter against all manner of Calamity.
† *Hospitivus*, a, um, of an Inn or Lodging.
Hospitor, ari, to Lodge or Sojourn; also to Entertain. * *Hospitatur aqua in eo loco*, the water stands in that place. * *Hospitari nescit castanea*, the Chestnut-tree must not be removed or transplanted.
Hospitus, a, um, Strange, Entertaining or Entertained. * *Hospita flumina*, which may safely be passed.
† *Hosimi* or *Hosimi*, those that are flat-nosed, or born without nostrils.
Hosanus, a famous Magician, one of Alexanders Companions.
Hostacius, a Prince of the Ravennates, banished by the People because he grew idle and unfit for Government.
Hostea, a City of Italy; also a girl whom Propertius loved and called Cynthia.
HOSTIA, æ, f. [ab *hostibus* domitis] a Sacrifice; also the pope's Host.
† *Hosii* or *Hosiones*, a People by the western Ocean.
† *Hosarius*, ii, m. an Hostler or Door-keeper.
† *Hostiatus*, a, um, bringing Sacrifice.
† *Hosticapax*, acis, a taker of Enemies.
† *Hosticida*, æ, a killer of Enemies.
Hosticum, i, n. the Enemies country.
† *Hosti*

Hosticulus, i, m. *he that dwells in an enemies country*
Hosticus, a, um, [ab hostis] of an enemy. **Hostile**, e, enemy. **Hostilitas**, atis, f. *Hostility*.
Hostiliter, adv. *in hostile manner*.
Hollimentum, i, n. *a requital*.
Hollio, ire, [Loco Tis, vel ab hostis] to Requite, make even, strike, Offend, Retrain.
Hollio, are, to Sacrifice.
Hollula, a, f. *a little Sacrifice*.
HOLLIS, i, m. [ab hospes, vel ab 'Oscuquidus] an enemy. * **Hollis non hostis**, an Enemy that has not proclaimed hostility.
Hollus **Hollilius**, a valiant Roman, crowned by Romulus with a Coronet of Leaves.
Hollorium, ii, n. *a Strike to even measure*.
Hollus, i, m. *so much oil as the Olive yield at every pressing*.

H

P

H. P. for **Hora pessima**, **Honestas** persona, **honestus puer**, **hic possit**, or **hereditatis possessio**.

H

R

H. R. for **Heres**.
H. R. for **Honestas ratio**.
H. R. I. P. **hic requiescit in pace**.

H

S

H. S. for **hæc** or **hic sit**, **hoc satis**, **hora sacra**, or **Herculis sacrum**.
H. S. E. for **hic situs** or **sepultus est**.
H. S. F. for **hæc facellum fecit**.
H. S. V. F. M. **hoc sibi vivens fieri mandavit**.
H. S. for **Sextertius**.

H

U

H. U. for **hujus**.
H. V. for **honestas via**.
H. V. H. P. **Herus verus honorum possessor**.
Huber, **Hubero** for **Uber**, &c.
Hubiola, **Hops**.
Huc [ab hic] to this End or Place, **hither**, adv. * **Huc & huc**, now on the one side, now on the other. * **Huc & illuc**, **hither and thither**.
Hucine? **what hitherto?** adv.
Hucusque, adv. **Hitherto**.
Hugo, onis, **Hugh**, a King of the Franks, A. D. 988. * **Also a King of Cyprus and Italy**.
Hui, interj. [a sono] **Whoop**, **Hey-day**.
Hujusce, gen. of **hiocce**.
Hujuscemodi, of this sort, **indeed**.
Hulcuseulum, i, n. *a little wheel*.
Hullus, the River Hull in Yorkshire.
Hulula and **Hululo**, as, **ulula**, &c.
Humanatio, onis, f. *a being made man*.
Humandus, a, um, *to be buried*.
Humane, adv. **Gentlely**, **Courteously**.
Humantiter, s. **zealously**, **friendly**, **patiently**.
Humantitas, atis, f. **Humanity**, **Courtesy**, **Gentleness**. * **Humantitatis studia**, the liberal Arts.
Humantur, adv. **After the manner of men**.
Humano, are, *to make Humane*.

Humānor, ari, *to become humane*.
Hūmānum, i, n. **mankind**. * **Si ex os humanum**, *if men had no bones*.
Hūmānus, a, um, [ab homo] **Humane**, of a Man, **Courteous**, **Gentle**, **Kind**. * **Lac humanum**, **Breast-milk**.
Hūmātim, by **Burying**.
Hūmatio, onis, f. *a Burying*.
Hūmator, oris, m. *a Buryer*.
Hūmatix, icis, f. *she that Buries*.
Hūmatus, a, um, **Buried**.
Hūmbra, the **Humber** in Yorkshire.
Hūmectatio and **hūmectamentum**, i, n. *a Moistning*.
Hūmectator, oris, m. *a Moistner*.
Hūmectatus, a, um, **Moistned**.
Hūmectē, adv. **Moistly**.
Hūmecto, are, *to Moisten*, **Wet**.
Hūmectus, ior, **issimus**, a, um, **Wet**, **Moist**.
Hūmefacio, ere, *to make Moist*.
Hūmefactus, a, um, **made Moist**.
Hūmens, ntis, **Moist**, **Watery**.
Hūmeo, ere, [ab humus vel ab 'Tua pluvia] *to be Wet or Moist*.
Hūmērāle, is, n. *a Coat cast over the shoulders*, **a Doctors-bod**.
Hūmērālis, le, of the **Shoulders**.
Hūmercūlus, i, m. *a little shoulder*.
Hūmerillus, i, m. *the Linch-pin of a Wheel*.
Hūmerosē, **Humorously**, **Moistly**.
Hūmerositas, atis, f. **Moistness**.
Hūmērosus, a, um, **having broad shoulders**. * **Locus humerosus**, a place full of **Hillocks**.
Hūmērūlus, i, m. *a little shoulder*.
HūMERUS, i, m. [Quæ] the **Shoulder**.
Humfredus or **Humfridus**, a Duke of Gloucester, a great Warrior, and others.
Hūmi [ab humus] on the **Ground**.
Hūmiditas, atis, f. **moisture**.
Hūmido, are, *to Moisten*.
Hūmidulus, a, um, **pretty Moist**.
Hūmidus, a, um, [ab hūmeo] **Moist**, **Wet**, **Waterish**. * **Hūmidum paludum**, where the **Marshes** were **waterish**.
Hūmifer, a, um, **Moistning**.
Hūmifico, are, *to Moisten*.
Hūmificus, a, um, **making moist**.
Hūmīgatio, onis, f. *a moistning*.
Hūmīgatus, a, um, **well moistened**.
Hūmiliatio, onis, f. **an humbling**.
Hūmiliator, oris, m. *he that humbles himself*.
Hūmiliatus, a, um, **humbled**, **abased**.
Hūmilio, are, *to humble*, *to abase*.
Hūmilio, onis, f. **an humbling**.
Hūmilis, ior, **illimus**, [ab humus] **Humble**, **Low**, **Mean**, **Poor**, **Faint**.
Ars humilis, a pitiful **inconspicuous** trade.
Hūmilitas, atis, f. **Humility**, **lowness of mind**, **fiatness**, **concession**.
Hūmilitē, in **illume**, adv. **humbly**, **lowly**, **basely**.
Hūmilitudo, inis, f. **humbleness**.
Hūmipēta, a, m. *a Sparrow-bird*.
Hūmuribus, i, a **crumery-bird**.
Hūmo, are, [ab humus] **Earth**, **cover with Earth**. * **Hūmare** **la** **leas**, *to set the seeds for the first*.
Hūmor, or **g. m.** **a humor**, **myare**.
Hūmor aquosus, the **Drope**.
Hūmor hachis, **Wine**.
Hūmōritas, atis, f. *a Moistness*.
Humotenus, adv. *on the Ground*.

HūMUS, i, f. [ab hūmeo, vel a Xapai humi] the bare **Ground**, **moist earth**, **dust**.
Hundesdena, **Hunsdon** in **Hertfordshire**.
Hungaria, **Hungary**, divided by the River **Danubius** into the **hither** and **farther**.
Hungarus, i, m. *a Hungarian*.
Hungreforda, **Hungatford** in **Barkshire**.
Hunni, the **Hunns**, **Scythians** that over-ran all **Gallia** and **Italy**, till at the entreaty of **Pope Leo**, they retired themselves into **Hungary**.
Hunnum, **Sevenshale** in **Northumberland**.
Huntingdonia, **Huntingdon town**.
Hurpices, **Harrows**.
Hussus, i, f. *a Holly-tree*.

H

Y

Hyacinthia, orum, n. **Solemnities kept in the night by the Lacedæmonians**, in honour of **Hyacinthus**, whom **Apollo** slew with a coat.
Hyacinthinus, a, um, **purple-colored**, g.
Hyacinthizontes, g. *a kind of emeralds*.
Hyacinthus, i, m. *a Violet*, *a Jacynth*, also *a Garment of purple*, g.
Hyacinthus, the son of **Amyclas**, he was at once beloved of **Zephyrus** and **Apollo**, **Zephyrus** being slighted, turned his love into hatred, and threw a coat thrown by **Apollo**, upon his head and killed him.
Hyades, the seven Stars in the head of **Taurus**, which in their rising and setting stir up rain, g.
Hyæa, a City of **Locris**.
Hyæna, a, f. *a beast like a wolf with a mane and long hairs*, accounted the subtlest of beasts, often changing sex, and counterfeiting mans voice, also a sea-fish, and by some a Civet cat, g.
Hyænia, and **ium**, a precious stone found in the **Hyæna's** eyes.
Hyale, one of **Diana's Nymphs**.
Hyalinus, a, um, of **Glass**, **Glass-colored**, g.
Hyaloda, or **hyaloides humor**, the third humour of the eyes like melted **Glass**, g.
Hyalotheca, a, f. *a Glass-case*, or **Cup-board**, g.
Hyalurgus, i, m. *a Glass-maker* or **Glassier**, g.
Hyæus, i, m. *a Glass*; also **Green color**, g.
Hyamira, a City of **Messenia**.
Hyamion, a City of **Troy**.
Hyampolis, a City of **Phocis**.
Hyanthæ, the People of **Boeotia**; hence **Hyanthius**, an Epithet of **Cadmus**.
Hyentia, a City of **Locris**.
Hyantius, a, um, of **Boeotia**.
Hyanteus, a, um, of **Phocis**.
Hyapea, a City of **Phocis**.
Hyas, ntis, the son of **Atlas**; Also a King of **Boeotia**.
Hyasis, a City of **Libya** called also **Oasis**.
Hybanda, once an Island of **Ionis**, and now joined to the continent.
Hypææ, a City by **Carthage**.
Hyberia, as **Iberia**.
Hyberna, orum, n. **Winter-quarters**.
Hybernia, **Ireland**.

- Hybernaculum**, i, n. a place to Winter in.
- Hybernatio**, ōnis, f. a Wintering.
- Hybernator**, ōris, m. he that Winters.
- Hybernicus**, a, um, of Ireland.
- Hyberno**, are, to Winter, be in winter-quarters.
- Hybernus**, a, um, [*Xetuplides*, vel *ab hyems*] of winter, winterly.
- Hybla**, or **Hyble**, a Mountain of Sicily, abounding with thyme and bees; hence **hyblæus**, a, um.
- Hyblon**, a petty King of Sicily who gave name to the City **Hybla**, which was afterwards called **Megara**.
- Hybreas**, a famous Orator of Mylasa in Caria, his father left him nothing but a mule, which kept him while he served the Philosopher **Diotrophes**, and came at last to govern the common-wealth.
- Hybrianes**, a People of Thrace.
- Hybris**, idos and **hybrida**, æ, f. a Mongrel, a Pig whose Sire or Dam was wild. * **Vox hybrida**, a word made of two Languages, g.
- Hyccura**, a Town in Sicily where **Lais** is said to be born.
- Hydara**, a City of Armenia major.
- Hydarnæ**, Indians who fought against **Bacchus**.
- Hydaneæ**, a noble man of Persia who conspired with **Darius** against the Magi.
- Hydaspes**, a River of Asia, running thence Susiana. * And another of India, the bounds of Alexander's expedition; in this River is much Gold and precious stones. * **Hidaspæi**, the Inhabitants thereabouts.
- Hyde**, a City of Lydia.
- Hydrius**, a City of Caria.
- Hydra**, æ, f. a Water adder, g.
- Hydra Lernæa**, a Serpent of fifty Heads, of which when **Hercules** cut off one, two came in the room. * Also an Island of Libya and other places.
- Hydragogia**, the conveying of water, g.
- Hydragogus**, a, um, conveying water away, g.
- Hydragogus**, i, m. he that conveys Water, g.
- Hydrargyrum**, and -rus, i, m. Quick-silver, g.
- Hydrastina**, æ, f. wild Hemp.
- Hydraula**, an Organ carried by water; also a Player on such an Organ, g.
- Hydraulicus**, a, ū, driven by water, g.
- Hydraulus**, i, m. an Engine or Instrument driven by water; also to draw up water.
- Hydrea**, an Island by **Troezenæ**.
- Hydrela**, a City of Caria.
- Hydria**, æ, f. a pitcher or waterpot, g.
- Hydrias**, a Country of Asia minor.
- Hydrinus**, a, um, of the Serpent **Hydra**. * **Hydrina vulnera**, Wounds given him.
- Hydrocle**, es, f. burstness or falling of the water into the Scrotum, g.
- Hydrocelicus**, a, um, Bursten, g.
- Hydrocephalus**, a humor between the skin and the skull, g.
- Hydrolapathum**, i, n. a water-dock, g.
- Hydromantia**, æ, f. Divination by water, g.
- Hydromeli**, ris, n. wet beglin, weed, g.
- † **Hydromōla**, æ, f. a Water-mill.
- Hydrophanta**, æ, m. he that searches and scours Water-channels, g.
- Hydrophantica**, æ, f. a searching of Water, g.
- Hydrophobia**, æ, f. a being bitten by a mad Dog and fearful of Water, g.
- Hydrophobus**, i, m. he that is bitten by a mad dog and fears the water, g.
- Hydrophyllax**, acis, a keeper of water, g.
- Hydropicus**, a, um, having the Dropsie, g.
- † **Hydropiper**, ēris, Water-pepper or **Arsefmart**.
- Hydropsis**, is, f. the Dropsie, g.
- Hydropolis**, Dorchester in Oxfordshire.
- Hydrops**, ōpis, m. the Dropsie, one in a Dropsie, g.
- Hydruntum**, and **hydrus**, the Metropolis of all Apulia called **Otranto**.
- Hydrus**, i, m. a Water-serpent, g.
- Hydrusa**, a City of Attica; also the Island **Andros**.
- Hyela**, the City **Velia** in Lucania.
- † **Hyemaculum**, i, n. a House to winter in.
- Hyemalia**, orum, n. winter-quarters.
- Hyemalis**, e, winterly.
- Hyematio**, ōnis, f. a wintering, the winter-time.
- Hyematus**, a, um, Frozen.
- Hyemo**, are, to be winter; also make winter, be tempestuous. * **Hyemat**, the hard weather is come in.
- Hyems**, ēmis, f. [*Xetuplides*, vel *ab hyems*] winter, a storm, ice; also a Year.
- Hyettus**, a City of Boeotia.
- Hyetussa**, an Island by Caria.
- Hygassus**, a City of Caria.
- Hygeia**, the Daughter of **Æsculapius**, called also **Salus**.
- Hygennenses**, a people of Asia minor.
- Hygiaa**, Minerva so called.
- Hygiana**, a City of Triphyllia.
- Hygrempastrum**, i, n. a moist plaster, g.
- Hygris**, the City **Sabardi** in **Sarmatia Europæa**.
- Hyi**, a People of Susiana.
- Hylactor** and **hylax**, barker, chanter, one of **Acteon's** dogs, g.
- Hylæus**, one of the Centaurs.
- Hylami**, a City of Lycia.
- Hylas**, the son of **Theodamas**, going to fetch **Hercules** some Water fell into the River; or (poetically) was pulled in by the Nymphs in love with him.
- Hylatæ**, a People of **Cœlosyria**.
- Hylates**, **Apollo** worshipped at **Erythea** in Cyprus.
- Hyle**, a City of Cyprus where **Apollo Hylates** was worshipped. * Also a City of **Locris** and **Boeotia**.
- Hylessa**, one of the Cyclad Islands, called also **Paros**. * Also an Epithet of **Zacynthus**.
- Hyllis**, a Peninsula or Promontory of **Liburnia**.
- Hyllus**, the son of **Hercules** by **Deianaria**; and another by **Melita**, whence the People **Hyllienses** in **Illyria**. * Also a River in Lydia.
- Hylonome**, the wife of the Centaur **Cyllarus**, who when her husband was dead, fell upon his sword.
- † **Hylum**, as **Hilum**.
- Hymer**, ēnis, m. a thin skin, membrane.
- Hymani**, a People of **Liburnia**.
- Hyme** and **Hymenæus**, i, m. the God of Marriage, Marriage or a Wedding-song.
- Hymettus**, a Mountain of Attica abounding in Bees and good Honey whence **hymettius**, a, um.
- † **Hymnicæus**, **Hymnicus** and **Hymnidæus**, i, m. a Singer of Hymns.
- Hymnifer**, a, um, making Hymns.
- Hymnigraphia**, a writing of Hymns.
- Hymnigraphus**, i, m. a writer of Hymns, g.
- Hymnus**, i, m. a hymn or song, g.
- Hyops**, a City of Iberia in **Chærnesus**.
- Hyoscyaminus**, a, um, of *ben-haze*.
- Hyoscyamus**, i, m. henbane. * **Hyoscyamus Peruvianus**, Tobacco, g.
- Hypseris**, yellow succory, g.
- Hypacynis**, a River of Scythia **Europæa**, called **Deina**.
- Hypæa**, an Island of **Mallitia** of the **Stœchades**.
- Hypæa** and **Hypæpæ**, a Town in **Dydia** stored with beautiful Women and dedicated to **Venus**.
- Hypæsia**, a country of **Peloponnesus**.
- Hypæthrum**, an open Gallery, g.
- Hypæthrus**, a, um, open above, g.
- Hypallage**, es, f. a figure putting one term for the other, g.
- Hypanis**, a River in Scythia very sweet, till after forty Miles running it meets with a little Stream called **Exampetū**, which imbibes it.
- Hyparchia**, a Grecian Woman well read in Philosophy.
- Hyparinus**, a King of Sicily.
- Hypasis**, a River of India, the bounds of Alexander.
- Hypata**, a City of Thessaly.
- Hypate hypaton**, B, mi, g.
- Hypate meion**, E, la, mi, g.
- Hypates**, a River of Sicily.
- Hypatia**, the Daughter of **Theon**, and Wife of **Isidorus**, she taught at Alexandria, and had a very full Auditory.
- Hypatius**, he conspired against **Justinian**, made himself Emperor, and was overthrown by **Belisarius**, and put to death together with his Accomplices.
- Hypaton parhypate**, C, fa, ut, g.
- Hypatus**, i, m. a Consul, g.
- Hypelate**, a kind of Laurel, g.
- Hypenemium ovum**, an adult egg, g.
- Hyper**, above, g.
- Hyperaspites**, is, m. a Preserver, defender, g.
- Hyperbasis**, 2 f. a transgressing the
- Hyperbaton**, 7 bounds of natural Order in Expression.
- † **Hyperberetæus**, the Month **October** among the Macedonians.
- † **Hyperberetæa**, late Fruits.
- Hyperbolæon trite**, F, fa, ut, g.
- Hyperbolæon nete**, A, la, mi, ut, g.
- Hyperbolæon paranete**, G, sol, ut, g.
- Hyperbole**, es, f. an Expression beyond the truth, either in Exaggeration called **Auxensis**, or Diminution called **Meiōsis**, g.
- Hyperbolicè**, adv. hyperbolically.
- Hyperbolicus**, a, um, excessive, g.
- Hyperborei**, a very Northern people beyond Scythia.
- Hypercatalectic**, a, um, having a syllable or two too much at the end, g.
- Hyperdexion**, a Country of **Leibania** where **Jupiter Hyperdexios** and **Minerva Hyperdexia** were worshipped.
- Hyperdisyllabon**, of more than ten Syllables, g.

Hyperia, a City of Sicily.
Hyperichius, a Grammarian of Alexandria under Marcian, who wrote of a Noun, Verb and Orthography.
Hyperesia, a City of Achaia, from **Hyperetes** the Son of Lycaon.
Hyperia, a Fountain and City in Thessaly, and other places.
Hyperium, i, n. St. John's wort, g.
Hyperides, an Athenian Orator who emulated Demosthenes.
Hyperion, the Sun or the Sun's father, the Son of Coelus, and Brother of Saturn, he first found out the motion of the Stars.
Hyperionius, a, um, of the Sun.
Hyperis, a River of Persia.
Hypermeter, g. having a Syllable above the common measure.
Hypermetra, one of Danaus's fifty daughters commanded to kill their Husbands, the fifty Sons of Ægyptus, she alone saved her Husband Lynceus, who afterward killed Danaus.
Hyperochia, æ, g. the value of the pledge above the sum of the debt.
Hyperthyrum, g. the Lintel of a Door.
Hypæzus, a Mountain of Campania.
Hypæza, Misselto, Birdlime.
Hyphen, a note of union, the stroke between two words or syllables, g.
Hypnismus, a baven of Achaia.
Hypnale, es, f. a Serpent whose stinging causes a deadly Drou-siness, g.
Hypnolucus, a, um, g. Procuring sleep.
Hypobarus, a River of India by which the Trees drop Amber.
Hypobolus, i, n. that which the husband bequeaths to his wife above her Dowry, g.
Hypocaustum, i, n. a Stove or hot-house, g.
Hypochalcis, a City of Ætolia; hence **Hypochalcideus**, a, um.
Hypochondria, orum, n. the fore-part of the belly and sides about the last ribs.
Hypochondriacus, a, um, g. troubled with the spleen and melancholly.
Hypocistis, an Excrescence of the plant Cistus, whose juice stops fluxes, g.
Hypocritus, is, f. Hypocrite, dissimulating, g.
Hypocrita, æ, m. a Hypocrite, g.
Hypodema, atis, n. a Shoe, g.
Hypodiconus, g. a Subdeacon.
Hypodistole, es, f. a Sub-distinction, g.
Hypodidascalus, i, m. an Usher of a School, g.
Hypodromus, a City of Æthiopia.
Hypodytes, the High-Priest's inner Garment, g.
Hypogastrium, ii, n. the Groin or lower part of the Belly, g.
Hypogæon, ei, n. a Vault under Ground, g.
Hypoglossis, idis, the little Flesh which fastens the tongue to the nether part of the mouth, g.
Hypomnema, atis, n. a Memorial, Note-book, Commentary, g.
Hypomnematographi, orum, g. writers of Commentaries.
Hypomochlium, ii, n. a roller laid under timber for the more easie conveying it.
Hypopia, g. the Bones under the Eyes.

Hypopium, or -ion, g. the blemish under the Eyes.
Hyposelinum, i, Lounge.
Hypostasis, is, f. a Subistence, the Sediment at the Bottom of an Urinal.
Hypotenusa, æ, g. a Slope line.
Hypotheca, æ, f. a gage or pledge, g.
Hypothecarius, a, um, of a pledge.
Hypothecarius, ii, m. a Pawn-broker.
Hypothesis, is, f. the Argument or Subject of a Discourse, a Supposition, g.
Hypotheticus, a, um, g. Conditional.
Hypothyrum, i, n. the Threshold, g.
Hypotrachelium, ii, n. the main Body of a Pillar, g.
Hypotrimma, atis, n. Banqueting stuff, g.
Hypozeuxis, is, f. g. when every Clause of a Sentence has its proper Verb.
Hypsa, a River in Sicily.
Hypsæa, a noted Blind Woman in Horace. * **Hypsea cæcior**, as blind as a beetle.
Hypsenor, the Son of Dolopion, a Priest as much honoured as a God, slain by Europylus at Troy.
Hypsicratea, the Wife of Mithridates, who followed him in all his Wars in Man's Apparel.
Hypsicrates, a Phœnician Historian * Also a Grammarian.
Hypsilæ, a City of Ægypt.
Hypsipyle, a Queen of Lemnos, banished from thence for saving her father Thoas, when all the men of the Isle were killed by women; hence **Tellus Hypsipylæa**, for Lemnos.
Hypsus, untis, the Son of Lyncen, who built Thyreum in Arcadia.
Hyrkania, part of Asia bordering South on Armenia; hence **Hyrceanus**, a, um.
Hyrceanus, the Son of Josephus, who killed himself.
Hyreus, a Countryman of Bæotia, to whom was born Orion of an Ox's hide water'd by Jupiter, Neptune and Mercury, whom he had entertained.
Hyrgus, a River of Scythia Europæa, called Scozna.
Hyria, the same as Paros; Also a Country in Bæotia, and other places.
Hyris, a Promontory of Bithynia.
Hyrium, a City of Apulia Daunia, called Rhode.
Hyrmine, a Town in Peloponnesus.
Hyrna, a chitterling or small Gut salted.
Hyrtaeus, a City of Creet. * Also the father of Nisus.
Hyrtha, an Island West of Scotland.
Hysæis, two Islands of Æthiopia.
Hysbe, a City of Lydia.
Hyslena, a City of Illyricum.
Hysginum, i, n. a Plant which dies a light red.
Hysginus, a, um, g. of a light red.
Hysia, a City of Bæotia.
Hysopites, is, m. Hyssop wine, g.
Hysopus, i, f. Hyssop, g.
Hysaspæ, a People of Persia.
Hysaspes, the Son of Darius, and another the Father of the same Darius.
Hysiera, orum, n. the Womb; also the After-birth, g.

Hystericalgia, æ, f. a pain in the belly or womb, g.
Hypericæ, arum, g. women troubled with fits of the mother, g.
Hyperologia, æ, f. a placing that last in discourse which should be first, and è contra.
Hysternen proteron, a speaking postercusly, putting the cart before the horse, g.
HYSTRIX, icis, f. [ἵστριξ] a Porcupine.

I

A

J for in, inter, intra, Julius or Junius.
J A. for jam.
J A D. for jamdudum.
J, imper. of eo, Go.
Ja, the younger Daughter of Atlas.
Jacca, a City in Spain.
Jaccetani, the People of it.
Jacchus, a Name of Bacchus; also Wine.
Jacca, æ, f. the Herb Trinity Knapweed.
Jacens, ntis, lying, faint, * **Animus jacens**, an afflicted comfortless mind * **Oratio jacens**, a flat speech * **Consilium jacens**, a short or shallow reach.
Jaceo, ui, ere, [Zacû, Heb. Shacû] to Lye, Abide, be Situate or Dend, Slighted, Confounded. * **Jacet graviter**, he lies sick. * **Jacent pretia prædiorum**, Land is cheap. * **Jacent rationes**, I can shew you no reason why. * **Jacent suis testibus**, they are out to a stand by their own witnesses. * **Tantum campi jacet**, so large is the plain. * **Non aliter cineres mando jacere meos**, just so would I be buried, have my ashes interred after the same manner.
Jacinthus for hyacinthus.
JACIO, eci, æt, um, [ab 'Inu' Hna, mitto] to Cast, shoot, utter, make, lay. * **In vulgus jacere**, to Publish. * **Fundamenta jacere**, to lay the Foundation. * **Jacere querimoniam**, to complain.
Jacobæa, Ragwort, Seggrum.
Jacobus, James.
Jactabundus, a, um, Boasting.
Jactamen, inis, n. Vain glory.
Jactans, ntis, Casting, Bragging. * **Jactans sui**, a Braggadocio. * **Jactantior gestus**, a flaunting Carriage.
Jactanter, iut, adv Boastfully.
Jactantia, æ, f. Bragging.
Jactatio, onis, f. Swinging, Tossing, Casting, Boasting.
Jactator, oris, m. a Boaster. * **Acet linguæ jactator**, a Raicer.
Jactatus, a, um, tossed to and fro.
Jactatus, u, m. a Tossing or boasting.
Jactitatio, onis, f. a Posturing or Tossing.
Jactitator, oris, m. a boaster.
Jactito, are, to brag or Toss about.
Jacto, are, [a facio] to Toss. Eling about, boast, torment, vex * **A facie jactare manus**, to bless ones self. * **Jactare dicta**, to give out words. * **Jactare equitatem injuriis**, to perplex a Cause. * **Jactare se**, to vaunt it, to be big with a conceit of ones self.

Jactor, *ari*, to be tossed, &c. * **Hoc** vulgo **jactatur**, this is the common talk. * **Jactatur nummus**, the Money is so enhanced and debased, that the rate is uncertain.

† **Jacturarius**, *a, um*, suffering Loss. **Jactuō**, *adv*. Boastingly.

Jactuofus, *a, um*, Boasting, Insolent.

Jactura, *æ, f*. Damage, Loss, a throwing Goods over-board in a Storm. * **Jacturam facere**, to lose.

Jacturalis, *e*, of Loss, or which may be lost.

Jactus, *a, um*, [of **jactor**] cast, laid.

Jactus, *us, m*. a Throw, Draught of a Net. * **Basilicus jactus**, the best throw at Dice. * **Si illud quod maxime opus est jactu non cadit**, if we don't throw the Cast we most desire.

Jactulabilis, *e*, which may be flung.

Jactulamen, *inis, n*. a Throwing.

Jactularis, *e*, of Throwing.

Jactulatio, *onis, f*. a Darting.

Jactulator, *oris, m*. a Darter, a Fisher with a casting net.

Jactulatorius, *a, um*, of or for shooting.

Jactulatrix, *icis, f*. she that darts.

Jactulatus, *a, um*, having thrown.

Jactulatus, *us, m*. a throwing, darting.

Jaculo, *are*, } to Fling, Throw, dart.

Jaculor, *ari*. } Shoot, Aim; also to Desire or Reach at.

Jaculum, *i, n*. [a **jacio**] a Dart, Casting-net.

Jaculus, *i, m*. a Serpent that darts himself from trees upon Beasts that pass by.

Jader, a River of Dalmatia falling into the Adriatick Sea, near which is the Town Jadera or Zara, under the Venetians.

Jatia, a City in Sicily.

Jagath, a City of Mauritania Tingitana.

Jalemus, the Son of Calliope, a very pitiful songster, whence he is wont to be put for a mournful ditty.

† **Jalopa**, *æ*, Jalop a Black West-Indiaroot purging waterish humours.

Jalysus, a City of Rhodes.

JAM, *adv*. [ab Heb. **Jam** dies] Now, Yet, Moreover, By and By, Already, ever since. * **Jam hic aderit**, he'll be here presently. * **Jam diu**, this good while. * **Jam dudum**, this pretty good while. * **Jam jam**, immediate. * **Jam olim**, a great while ago. * **Jam pridem**, a pretty while ago. * **Jam nunc** still, just now. * **Jam tum**, at that very time. * **Jam inde**, from henceforth, Lately. * **Jam primum**, first and foremost. * **Jamne ibis** ? will you be gone so soon ?

Jamæ, a People of Scythia.

Jambeus, } an Iambick.

Jambicus, *a, um*, } an Iambick.

† **Jamblich**, a kind of salt good to digest raw humours.

Jamblichus, a Pythagorean, Philosopher of Chalcis in Syria, Scholar to Porphyry, and reckoned next to him at Rome in the time of Constantine.

Jambolus, he wrote of the strange shapes of the Indians.

Jambus, *i, m*. an Iambick, the first Syllable short and the last long, *g*.

Jami, a People of Scythia.

Jamna, a City of the Isle Balearis.

Jandadum, } *adv*. See **Jam**.

Jampridem, } *adv*. See **Jam**.

Jamprimum, } *adv*. See **Jam**.

Janicula, the old name of Tuscany.

Janiculum, a Town beyond Tyber on the Hill Janiculus.

Janiculus, *adv*. ever since.

Janitor, *oris, m*. [a **janua**] a Porter. * **Catenatus janitor**, a Mastiff dog.

Janitrix, *icis, f*. a Portress. * **Janitrix vena**, the port-vein. * **Laurus janitrix**, the laurel at the Emperours Gate. * **Janitricæ**, the Wives of two Brothers; also the Bride-woman.

† **Jantaculum**, *i, n*. a Break-fast. See **Jentaculum**.

Janthe, a Cretian maid, the Daughter of Telepha, who upon her Wedding day was transformed to a man.

Janthina, *orum, g*. Purple-garments.

Janthinus, *a, um*, Purple or Velvet-coloured, *g*.

JANUA, *æ, f*. [a **janus**] a Gate or Entrance, the beginning of a Discourse.

Janual, *alias*, a Cake sacrificed to janus.

Janualis, *porta*, Janus's Gate in Rome.

Januaris, *e*, of January.

Januarius, *ii, m* the Month January.

† **Januator**, *oris, m* a Porter.

Janus, the most ancient King of Italy, who entertained Saturn when he was banished from Crete by Jupiter, and having learnt Husbandry of him gave him part of the Kingdom; at his Death he was deified, and had a Temple built him by Numa, which was open in time of War, and shut in time of Peace, whence he was called **Patuleius** and **Clusius**, and was pictured with two Faces. Also a place in Rome where his Image was, and where Usurers met.

† **Jao**, the Heathen Corruption of Jehovah.

Janitæ, a People of Lydia, called also **Ibeni**.

Japerus, the Son of Titan and Terra, a Powerful Thesalian, Father of Prometheus, Epimetheus, Hesperus and Atlas.

Japodes, a Celtick People towards Illyria called **Cranei**, subject to the Prince of Austria.

Japyges, the people Japygia, a Peninsula on the borders of Italy, called also **Messapia**, **Solentina** and **Calabria**.

Japygium, the Promontory Capo di S. Maria.

Japys, a Sooty-sayer and Musician in Virgil.

Japex, the Son of Dædalus, Founder of the Japyges.

Japex, a western wind blowing from the coasts of Apulia, *g*.

Jarbas or **Hyrabas**, a King of Getulia, the Son of Jupiter and Garumantis, a Suiter to Dido.

Jarchas, the chief of the Indian philosophers.

Jardanes, a King of Lydia and father of Omphale.

Jardanus, a River of Crete and Lydia.

Jasa, a City near the Red Sea.

Jasion, the Son of Jupiter and Electra, beloved of Ceres.

Jasione, *es, f*. a kind of With-wind.

Janus, the Son of Abas, and brother of Dardanus.

† **Jasme** or **Jasminum**, **Jesamin**.

Jason, *knis*, the Son of Aeson, built the ship Argo, and by Medea's help brought away the Golden Fleece from Colchis, and the Men.

Jasionium, a Promontory of Capadocia called S. Thomas; also a City of Margiana, and other places.

Jaspideus, *a, um*, made of Jasper.

Jaspis, *idit, f*. a Jasper stone, also **pis aerizusa**, a Turquoise, *g*.

Jasponix, *g*. a kind of Jasper.

Jatraliptes, *æ, m*. he that cures Ointments and Frications, *g*.

Jatraliptice, *es, f*. a curing by Ointment and Rubbing, *g*.

Jatronice, *es, f*. a Treatise of Physick, *g*.

Jatronices, *æ, m*. a Master Physician.

Jatros, *i, m*. a Physician, *g*.

Java, the City Laca in Spain.

Jaxamatæ, or **Examatæ**, a People about Mæotis.

Jaxartæ, a People of Sogdiana, whence the Turks are said to proceed.

Jaxartes, a great river of Sogdiana, which the Scythians call **Shir**.

Jaxtes, another River in the same Country.

Jazyges, a People of Sarmatia Europea. Also a People of Mesopotamia, and a Country of Europe between Moravia, Transylvania, Pannonia, and Poland, called **Garia di la Dal Danubio**.

I B

I. B. for in brevi.

† **Iber**, **imber**, or **umber**, a Mass.

Iberia, a Country of Asia between Colchis and Albania; also an ancient name of Spain.

Iberi or **Georgiani**, the People of Iberia.

Iberica, *æ, f*. the Herb **Spartum**.

Iberis, *idis, g*. **Scitica** (Cress).

Iberius, the famous River of Spain called **Ebro**.

Ibex, *icis, m*. [I **ibex**] a Roe buck.

IBI, *adv*. [E **ibi** vel **ab** **ibi**] There. * **Ibi loci**, in that place.

* **Ibi nunc sum**, I hereabouts.

Ibi, a People of India, thought to spring from Hercules.

Ibidem, In the same place, or matter. * **Ibidem loci res erit**, it will be in the same case still.

Ibis, *is or idis, f*. the Egyp- tian Stork which devours serpents, &c.

Ibnalack, a King of the Saracens and Spain, A. D. 717.

† **Ibridia**, *æ*, a Bastard. See **Hybrid**.

† **Ibus** for **is** of **is**, *ea, id*.

Ibycus, a very amorous Poet of Rhegium.

Ibylla, a City of Tartessus.

Ibyllini, the Citizens of Ibylla.

I C

J. C. for **Juris consultus**.

J. C. for **Julius Cæsar**.

J. C. E. V. for **justa causa esse n- detur**.

Icadistæ, the Epicureans so called from their keeping the Twelfth Day of every Month upon which **Picurus** was born.

Icarus, the Son of Debalus and Father of Erigone, having received a Bottle of wine from Bacchus, that he might shew men the benefit of it, he went into Attica, and made some wine, who thinking he had poisoned them, killed him, and threw him into a Well, his little dog Mœra went back to Erigone, and brought her to the place where he lay, she for grief hanged herself, and the Dog pined away, whereupon Icarus was translated into Bootes, Eurigone into the sign Nigro, and Mœra into the Dog-star. * Also a Lacedæmonian, Father of Penelope.
 Icarus, the son of Dædalus, who flying from Crete together with his father, flew higher than his father bade him, and melted the Wax off his wings, and fell into the Sea between Alcyone and Cyarus, which from thence was called Icarium mare.
 Icarus or Icaria, one of the Cyclades called before Macris.
 Icaradus, f. the twentieth day of the month being the Festival and Birthday of Epicurus, g.
 Icatari, a People of Sarmatia in Asia.
 Iccirco, conj. Therefore, See Idcirco.
 Iccius portus, the Port-town Calais in France.
 Iccius, one of the Sons of Somnus.
 Iccini, the People of Suffolk, Norfolk, Cambridge and Huntingdonshire, or by some Essex-men.
 Iccia, an Island by Sicily called Pannaria.
 Ichaia, an Island in the Persian Gulf at the mouth of the Euphrates.
 Ichna, a City of Macedonia, whence it is called Ichnaea.
 Ichneumon, ðnis, m. and Ichneuta, æ, an Indian mouse, an Egyptian Water-rat.
 Ichnobates, Tracer, a Dogs name, g.
 Ichnographia, æ, f. a Ground-plot of a Building, g.
 Ichnusa, a name of the Island Sardinia, being made like the print of a Foot.
 Ichreiasinus, the herb Marjoram.
 Ichthyobolus, g. a Fisherman.
 Ichthyocolla, æ, f. Mouth glue, and the Fish of whose skin 'tis made, g.
 Ichthyophagi, a People of China, who lived together upon Fish and water, both they and their Cattel, with whose flesh they fed their fish, they built their houses with fish bones and shells, and make their bread of fish dried in the Sun and a little corn mixt; for tho' they have no Corn, yet they have Mills.
 Ichthyophagica, orum, a Book of Ennius, touching feeding upon fish.
 Ichthyophagus, i, m. a Fish-eater, g.
 Ichthyopola, æ, m. a Fishmonger.
 Ichthyopolium, ii, n. a Fish-market.
 Ichthyosa, Ichthyusa, or Ichthyocessa, the Island Icaria.
 Ichthyotrophium, ii, n. a Fish-pond or Trunk to keep Fish in, g.
 Ichthys, a Promontory of Elis in Achaia.
 ICO, ci, æ, um, [Heb. Hiccab] to strike or Touch. * Icere colaphum, to give one a Blow * Fœdus icere, to make a Covenant.
 Icolatria, æ, g. Image worship.
 Icon, ðnis, f. an Image, Picture or Likeness of any thing, g.

Iconicula, æ, f. a small Image.
 Iconicus, a, um, g. Representing the lively Image of a thing.
 Iconismus, i, g. a Pourtraying to the Life.
 Iconium, ii, n. a little Image, g.
 Iconium, a City of Lycaonia called Cogni.
 Icor, ci, to be Smitten or Blasted.
 Icos, one of the Cyclades.
 Iconium, a town of Mauritania Cæsariensis, built by the twenty of Hercules's Companions.
 Icrium, a Gibbet; also a Perch for Powl to rest on, g.
 Icteria, a precious Stone good for the yellow Jaundise, g.
 Ictericus, i, m. one sick of the Jaundise, g.
 Icterus, i, m. the Jaundise; also a wit-wall or wood-wall, g.
 Ictinus, i, m. a Kite, g.
 Ictio, onis, f. a Striking.
 Ictis, is or Idis, f. a Ferret.
 Icto, Icto, Ictus, are, to Strike often.
 Ictus, a, um, of [Icor] Stricken, Blasted. * Ictum fœdus, a League made. * Icto capiti fervor accedit, the wine got into his head.
 Ictus, us, and i, m. a Stripe, Stroke or Blow, a Blast or Biting; also a Course. * Uno ictu, at a Blow * Ad ictum cervicem dore, to submit oneself to the fatal Stroke. * Sub ictu nostro positum est, 'tis put under our Command, they are left to our Governance.
 Ictus, a famous wrestler of Tarentum, who to preserve his strength, abstained all his life time from women.
 Iconicula, arum, little Images, puppets.
 Ictus, a kind of precious Stone.

I

D

I D. for Judex, Idus or idem.
 I. D. for Inferis Dns. In dimidio, or Juris.
 Id. [ab is] That. * Id ætatis, about that age.
 Ida, the name of a Mountain near Troy, upon which Paris gave his Judgment for Venus against Pallas and Juno; also a Mountain of Crete.
 Ideus, a, um, of Ida.
 Ideia, the mother of the Gods.
 Idæi Dactyli, the Sons of Minerva and Sol, or by some Saturn and Alciope, called also Corybantes, who first found out Iron.
 Idæus, a Poet of Rhode, who wrote three thousand verses of the Rhodian Affairs.
 Idæus sinus, part of the Ægean Sea, between Myfia and Lesbos.
 Idalus, a mountain of Cyprus consecrated to Venus, who from thence is called Idalea.
 Idanthyrus, a King of Scythia, who subdued a good part of Asia.
 Idas, the Son of Neptune, who by force carried away Marpesia the daughter of Evenus as she was dancing in Diana's grove, and when Jupiter gave her her choice of cleaving to him or Apollo, she chose Idas, lest Apollo should forsake her in her old age.
 Idcirco, conj. [a circa] Therefore, for that Cause.

Idea, æ, f. the Form or Shape of a thing, g.
 Idealie, e, format.
 Idem, eadem, idem, [of is and demum] the same. * Idem ac si, 'tis all one as if. * Idem ætatis, the same age.
 Idemidem, adv. Oft-times, Ever and Anon.
 Ided, Therefore. * Ided quod, because.
 Idessa, a City in the confines of Colchis and Iberia.
 Idetes, a People of Iberia.
 Ideus dactylus, an Iron-coloured stone in Crete like a thumb.
 Idicus, a, um, and Idæus, of the Mountain Ida.
 Idiographum, i, n. g. a private Writing.
 Idiographus, a, um, written with his own hand, g.
 Idioma, atis, n. a proper form of Speech.
 Idiomelum, i, a Canticle for a certain day, g.
 Idiopathe or idiopathia, æ, f. the proper passion of a disease, g.
 Idiota, or Idiotus, æ, m. an Idiot, Private man, Lay-man or Fool, g.
 Idioticus, a, um, of an Idiot, g.
 Idiotismus, i, m. g. a Propriety of Speech.
 Idmon, a soothsayer of the Argonauts.
 Idolicus, a, um, of an Idol.
 Idolum, i, n. a place where Idols are kept.
 Idololatra, æ, m. an Idolater, g.
 Idololatria, æ, f. Idolatry, Image-worship, g.
 Idolatrix, icis, f. Idolatress.
 Idolopæia, the bringing in a dumb Person, g.
 Idolothyia, a sacrificing to Idols, g.
 Idolothyton, a thing sacrificed to Idols, g.
 Idolum, i, n. [Εἰδωλον] an Idol, Image, Spright.
 Idomene or idomenæ, a City of Macedonia.
 Idomeneus, the son of Deucalion and Grandchild to Minos, driven from his Kingdom for offering to sacrifice his son (according to his vow) being the first that met him after his return from Troy.
 Idonee, adv. Aptly, Fittly, Properly.
 Idoneior, Ulp. more Fit.
 Idoneitas, atis, f. Aptness, Fitness.
 IDONEUS, a, um, [Idoneo proprius] Apt, Fit, Proper, Meet, Convenient. * Idoneus author, a person of Credit. * Idoneus debitor, one able to pay his debts.
 Idothea, the daughter of Prætor King of the Argives, cured of her Madness by Melampus. * Also Jupiter's nurse. * And the Daughter of Proteus.
 Idriat, a City of Caria, called before Chrysacris.
 Idubea, a Mountain of Spain.
 Idulus, a sheep offered to Jupiter upon all the Ides.
 Idumana, the river Blackwater in Essex.
 Idume, Idumæ, a Country of Syria so called from Edom, Esau's Son.
 Idumæus, a, um, of Idume.
 Idus, are, to Divide.
 IDUS, um, f. [ab Hetrose. Ideo] the Ides of a Month, the 13th day of March, May, June,

and October, and in others the thirteenth.

- † Iduus, a, um, Divided.
Idyia, the Mother of Medea in Cicero, called by Ovid Ipsea.
Idyllium, ii, n. a kind of Eclogue or short Poem, g.
Idyma, a City of Caria by the River Idymus.
Idyrus, a City and River of Pamphylia.

I E

- I. E. for Interest, in eum, in are or Judex esto.
Jebus, the same as Jerusalem.
† Jecinorofus, or Jecorofus, a, um, Diseased in the Liver.
† Jecoraria, æ, f. Liverwort, or Wood-row.
JECUR, oris or cinoris, n. [Hæp] the Liver.
Jecusculum, i, n. a little Liver.
Jehova, æ, m. [Heb.] the peculiar Name of God.
Jējanitio, onis, f. a Fasting.
Jējanator, oris, m. he that fasts.
Jējanē, adverb, Slenderly, Coldly, Barely.
Jējanitas, atis, f. Bareness or Barrenness, Abstinence and Emptiness.
Jējanium, ii, n. a Fast or Fasting.
Jējano, are, to Fast.
Jējunofior and ius, more Hungry.
Jējunum, i, n. the empty Gut.
JEJUNUS, a, um, [ab p'luo vacuo] Fasting, Abstaining, Empty, Greedy, Barren, Faint. * Jejunem intestinum, the hungry Gut * Jejana anima, a stinking Breath. * Jejunus animus, a poor mind unfurnished. * Jejana oratio, an empty Speech.
Jena, a City of Thuringia; also the River Ken in Scotland.
Jens, euntis, [of eo] Going.
† Jentaculo and jentaculo, ari, to Breakfast.
Jentaculum, i, n. a Breakfast.
† Jentatio, onis, f. a Breakfasting.
Jentator, oris, m. he that Breakfasts.
JENTO, are, [a jejunus vel ventus] to Breakfast.
Jericho, untis, a City in the Tribe of Benjamin.
Jerna, a River in Spain.
Jerne and Jerna, Ireland.
Jerusalem, the Metropolis of Judæa, built by Melchisedec, as Josephus says.
Jes, etis, a City of Achai, or a promontory of the same name.
† Jesemin or jeseminum, i, and jesminum, jesminum, Gesemin.
Jesuitæ, a religious Order in the Roman Church, founded by Ignatius Loyola about the year 1540.
Jesus, u, g. Jesus, a Saviour.
Jesue, the name of Josuah, and other men.
Jeterus, a River of Mælia, flowing from Rhodope.

J F

- J. F. for Julii filius, in foro, interfuit.
I F T, for interfuerunt.
I G
I. G. for igitur.
I. G. for in agro.

Ignedita, a City of Lusitania.

- Ignulum, an Island on the shore of Tuscany called Giglio.
IGITUR, Conj. [Toi, sp, vel q. ad agitur] Therefore, Then, Hence forward.
Ignare, Ignorantly.
† Ignaria, æ, f. a kind of pigeon.
Ignarium, ii, n. a Tinder-box.
† Ignarius, ii, a kind of Fire-stone.
Ignarus, a, um, [of in and gnarus] Unskilful, Ignorant; also unknown, Obscure. * Nihil tam ignarum barbaris quam machinamenta, those barbarous People are very much unacquainted with the use of warlike Engines.
Ignatius, a Bishop of Antioch, A.D. 91. he was brought to Rome and thrown to wild Beasts.
Ignave, adv. Cowardly, Slothful.
Ignaviter, ly.
Ignavesco, ere, to Grow Idle.
Ignavia, æ, f. Sloth, Cowardise, Idleness. * Ignavia odoris, that has little or no smell.
Ignavitas, atis, f. Slothfulness.
Ignavus, a, um, [of in and gnarus] Idle, Lazy, Slothful, Fearful. * Ignavius succus, Juice without force or Virtue. * Flos ignavus, without smell.
† Ignearius, a, um, having Fire.
† Ignefacio, ere, to set on fire.
Ignecolus, a, um, somewhat fiery.
Ignescens, ntis, like fire, growing hot.
Ignesco, ere, [ab ignis] to burn, be on fire or enraged.
Ignetes, a People of Rhodes, the first Inhabitants.
Igneus, a, um, fiery, of or like fire. * Igneum splendens, white Pepper.
Igniarium, ii, n. any dry thing that presently catches Fire, as Tinder, Matches, &c. a Steel.
Igniarius, a, um, of fire. * Igniarius fomes, Tinder or Touch-wood. * Igniarius lapis, a Flint.
† Igniculum, i, n. a Censer.
Igniculus, a, um, having fiery hair.
† Igniteremus, a, um, Burnt in the fire.
† Igniculum, i, n. a Censer or fire-pan.
Igniculus, i, m. a little fire, spark, embers, an incentive. * Igniculus desiderii, a Motion. * Igniculus caloris, a little heat.
Ignifer, a, um, bringing fire. * Ignifer axis, the chariot of the Sun. * Ne ignifer quidem relictus est, not one escaped.
Ignifusus, a, um, casting forth fire.
Ignigēna, æ, c. bred of fire.
Ignigenus sol, the heat of a Burning-Glass.
Ignio, ire, to enflame, set or be on fire.
Ignipes, edit, having fiery feet.
Ignipotens, ntis, ruling the fire.
IGNIS, is, m. [Heb. Esh, vel q. ingentus] Fire. Heat, Love, Lightning, a Fever, Harlot, Occasion or Matter. * Ignem subicere, to put fire to. * Ignis meus, my Sweetheart. * Ignis sacer, St. Anthony's fire. * Ignis speculatorius, a Beacon. * Ignis græcus, wild fire. * Liquidus ignis, the clear Element of fire. * Igni ferroque minari, to threaten sorely. * Ignem igni ne addas, don't exasperate a

testy Person. * Sopitos suscitat ignes, rakes in Embers, touches an old Sore.

- Ignispium, ii, n. Divination by fire.
Ignitabulum, i, n. a chafing dish, Warming pan, Fire pan; also Fuel.
† Ignitegium, ii, n. courfew, raking up the Fire.
Ignitus, a, um, fire, all on fire. * Vinum ignitus, hotter Wine.
Ignivomus, a, um, belching out fire.
Ignobilis, le, [of in and nobilis] Unknown, Ignoble, Obscure, of low Birth or Estimation.
Ignobilitas, atis, f. Ignobility, baseness.
† Ignobilliter, ius, adv. Ignobly, Strangely.
† Ignomines, num, Men without Name, Praise or Glory.
Ignominia, æ, f. [a nomen] Ignominy, Reproach, Scorn. * Ignominia est tibi, 'tis a Disgrace to you. * Ignominia afficere, to slander.
Ignominatus, a, um, Defamed, Reproached.
† Ignominio, are, to Defame and slander.
Ignominiose, adv. Ignominiously, Reproachfully.
Ignominiosus, a, um, full of Infamy and Slander.
Ignorabilis, e, which is not known.
† Ignorabilitas, atis, f. a being hardly known.
† Ignorabiliter, in an unknown manner.
Ignorans, ior, iissimus, Ignorant.
Ignoranter, adv. Ignorantly.
Ignorantia, æ, f. Ignorance.
Ignoratio, onis, f. unskilfulness.
Ignorator, oris, m. one ignorant of.
Ignoratus, ior, unknown.
Ignoro, are, [ab ignarus, vel a Trapiſa nosco] to be Ignorant. * Nemo ignorat, Every Body knows.
Ignoscens, ntis, apt to forgive.
Ignoscentia, æ, f. a forgiving.
Ignoscibilis, e, easily pardonable.
Ignoscitur, imp. there is a pardon.
Ignosco, ovi, otum, [ex in & nosco] to learn of one, know, to forgive, to pardon. * Hoc nemo ignovit, no one was Ignorant of it.
Ignotum est, they were pardoned.
Ignoturus and Ignosciturus, a, um, ready to pardon.
Ignotus, ior, iissimus, a, um, [of in and notus] Unknown, Ignorant of, Obscure. * Ignota capita, Men of no account.
Igūvium, a Town of Umbria.

I H

I. H. for in honestatem, or justum hmo.

I I

- I. J. for in jure, jus jurandum, or justè judicavit.
I I, for inibi.
J. J. J. for justa judicavit judicia.
Ii, the nom. plu. of is, they.
Iis, the Dat. and Abl. plu. of is.

I L

- I. L. for Illustris.
I. L. for in loco, jure legis or justa lex.
† Illa,

Illa, *a*, *f*. a *Fitch* of *Bacon*.
Ilapinactes, *a*, *Sirname* of *Jupiter*
at Cyprus.
Ilarchus, *i*, *m*. the *Captain* of a
Troop of *Horse*, *&c*.
Ilaris, *a*, *city* of *Lycia*.
Ilba, or *Ilva*, *a*, *Tyrrhene Isle*.
Ilbericus, *a*, *King* of the *Vandals*.
Ildeicus, *a*, *King* of the *Goths*.
Ilidoradus, *a*, *King* of the *Goths*.
ILE, *is*, *n*. [ab eo, vel ab *Elas* involvo] the *flank*
Ilcon, *ei*, *n*. the *third gut* from the
Ventricle, *&c*.
Ilcon, or *Ilcon*, *ei*, *m*. the *passion* of
the Guts, called also *Iliaca passio*,
and miserere mei; also the *long*
Gut, *&c*.
Ilconus, *g*. be that is *troubled* with
a pain in his *Guts*, *panting*.
Ilorda, the *city* *Lerida* in *Spain*.
Ilorgetes, *a*, *People* of *Spain*.
ILEX, *icis*, *f*. [ab *Heb. Elah* quer-
cus] the *Scarlet Oak*.
Ilia, *ium*, *n*. the *flank*, *small Guts*.
Ducere ilia, to be *out* of *Breath*.
See Ile.
Ilia, the *same* as *Rhea*, the *Daugh-*
ter of *Numitor*.
Iliacus, *a*, *um*, of *Ilium*.
Iliacus, *a*, *um*, of the *Guts* or *Cho-*
lick.
Iliad, *adis*, *f*. *Homer's Poem* of the
Destruction of *Troy*; hence *Ilias*
maiorum, *abundance* of *Evils*.
Iliad, *a*, *Trojan Woman*.
Illece, for *ire* *licet*, *incontinently*,
presently, *forthwith*, *away*, *be gone*.
Illece *parafiticae arti*, *away* with
this Flattery.
Illeceum, *i*, *n*. [ab *Ilex*] *a Grove*
of Scarlet Oaks.
Illeceus, *a*, *um*, *made* of the *Scarlet*
Oak.
Illeo, [q. in loco] *adv.* *anon*, *by*
and by; also in the *same* *place*.
Illicenses, *an Ancient People* of *Sar-*
dinia.
Ilignus, and *Ilignus*, *a*, *um*, of the
Scarlet Oak.
Ilignae, the *people* of *Leginitz* in
Germany.
Ilione, the *eldest daughter* of *Pria-*
mus, and *Wife* to *Polymnestor*
King of *Thrace*.
Ilioneus, the *son* of *Phorbus* *a Tro-*
jan, who followed *Aeneas* into *Italy*,
and being eloquent, was *sent* by him
upon several Embassies.
Ilissus, *a River* in *Attica* consecra-
ted to the *Muses*, called from thence
Ilissides.
Ilithyia, *a Name* of *Juno*.
Ilium, or *Ilios*, the *City* *Troy*.
Ilius, *a*, *um*, of *Ilios*.
Ilia, that *way*.
Illobefactus, *a*, *um*, *unbroken*.
Illobor, plus *sum*, *bi*. [of in and
labor] to *slide off* or *fall into*. * *Il-*
labi ubi & mari, to *slip into* the
City and *Sea*.
Illoboratus, *a*, *um*, *made* without
paint, *esse*. * *Fructus illobora-*
ti, *spontaneous Fruits*.
Illoboro, *are*. [of in and laboro]
to Labour upon. * *Illoborare do-*
mibus, to *take pains* about *Build-*
ing.
Illic, *adv.* that *way*, *through* that
place. * *Illic facere*, to be *of* that
place.
Illicetabilis, *e*, which *cannot* be *rent*
or torn.
Illicetitus, *a*, *um*, *unprovoked*.

Ilachrymabilis, *e*, *Inexorable*, *not*
to be moved by *pity*.
Ilachrymandus, *a*, *um*, to be *la-*
mented.
Ilachrymatio, *onis*, *f*. *a Bewail-*
ing.
Ilachrymo, *are*, to *Burst out into*
tears or *Weep over*. * *Ilachry-*
mat ebur, the *Marble sweats*.
Ilactenus, *so far*.
Ilac for *illius*, of *her*.
Ilac for *Illa haec*, that *very woman*
or those very things.
Ilacus, *a*, *um*, [of in and *læsus*]
not Hurt, *Untoucht*.
Ilævigatus, *a*, *um*, *not smoothed*.
Ilætābilis, *e*, *unpleasant*, *sorrow-*
ful.
Ilapsus, *a*, *um*, [of *Ilabor*] *Slid-*
ing or *Falling*.
Ilapsus, *us*, *m*. *a sliding in*.
Ilāqueatio, *onis*, *f*. *an ensnaring*.
Ilāqueator, *oris*, *m*. *an Entang-*
ler.
Ilāqueatus, *a*, *um*, *Ensnared*.
Ilāqueo, *are*, [of in and *laqueo*]
to ensnare, *entangle*, *catch* with
a Net.
Ilātābilis, *e*, *without breadth*.
Ilātēbratio, *onis*, *f*. *a hiding in*
Corners.
Ilātēbro, *are*, to *bide* in a *dark* or
secret corner.
Ilātēbrōsus, *a*, *um*, *full* of *corners*.
Ilatenus, *adv.* *So far*.
Ilatio, *onis*, *f*. *an inference*, *inter-*
ment.
Ilatratio, *onis*, *f*. *a Barking at*.
Ilātrator, *oris*, *m*. *a Barker*, *Re-*
viler.
Ilātro, *are*, to *Bark at*, *Slander*.
Ilātus, *a*, *um*, [of *inferor*] *Brought*
in.
Ilāudābilis, *le*, *not worthy* to be
Praised.
Ilāudābiliter, *Uncommendably*.
Ilāudatus, *a*, *um*, *deserving no*
Praise.
Ilāudo, *are*, to *discommend*.
Ilautus, *a*, *um*, *Unwashed*, *Foul*.
ILLE, *a*, *ud*, [heb. *Eleb. illi*] *He*
That, the *Self-same*. * *Ille alter*,
that other fellow. * *Ego ille fa-*
ctus sum, *I play the part*.
Illecēbra, *a*, *f*. [ab *illicio*] *an En-*
ticement, *a Lure*; also the *Herb*
Stone-crop, or *Wall-pepper*.
Illecebratio, *onis*, *f*. *an enticing*.
Illecebrator, *oris*, *m*. *an enticer*.
Illecebro, *are*, to *Allure*, *Entice*,
Flatter.
Illecebrōse, *iis*, *adv.* *Enticingly*,
Flatteringly.
Illecebrōsus, *a*, *um*, *Enticing*, *full*
of Flattery.
Illestamentum, *i*, *an Enticement*.
Illestatio, *onis*, *f*. *an Enticing*.
Illestio, *are*, [ab *illicio*] to *Allure*,
or Entice often.
Illestum, *i*, *r*. *a thing* not *Read*.
Illectus, *a*, *um*, [of in and *lectu*
of legor] *Unread*, *Ungathered*
Reproved, *rejected*.
Illectus, *a*, *um*, [of *illicior*] *Allu-*
red, *Provoked*, *Overcome*.
Illectus, *us*, *m*. *an Alluring*, *En-*
ticement.
Illegitime, *adv.* *unlawfully*.
Illegitimus, *a*, *um*, *unlawful*, *base*
born.
Illepide, *adv.* *unpleasantly*.
Illepides, *a*, *um*, [of in and *lepi-*
dus] *unpleasant*, *without a Grace*.

Illex, *egis*, *c*. *without Law*, *Lawless*.
Illex, *icis*, [ab *illicio*] *Alluring*,
Enticing.
Illex, *icis*, *f*. *an Allurement*, *an In-*
veigler, *Trepanner*, *a St. n.*, *Decoy*,
Lure.
Illic, *adv.* *There*, in that *place*.
Illicite, *adv.* *Purely*, *Uncorruptedly*.
Illicatus, *a*, *um*, *Pure*, *Whole*,
untouched, *uncorrupted*.
Illicenter, *adv.* *Erasm.* *unwilling-*
ly.
Illicerālis, *e*, *Covetous*, *Pinching*,
Base, *Uncourteous*. * *Illicerale*
facinus, *an ungentile Action*. * *Illic-*
eralis ars, *a sordid Mechanick*
Trade.
Illiceralitas, *atis*, *f*. *Niggardli-*
ness.
Illicerāliter, *ius*, *adv.* *Niggardly*,
Covetously.
Illiceris, *a*, *City* in *Spain*.
Illicerini, the *People*.
Illiceris, *e*, [a *liber*] *without Chil-*
dren.
Illic, *adv.* [ab *ille*] *There*, in that
place.
Illic, *illic*, *illic*, *He*, *Sbe*, *That*.
Illicio, *exi*, *sum*, [of in and *lacio*]
to Allure, *Inveigle*, *Entice*, *Wind*
in.
Illicite, *adv.* *Unlawfully*, *Unbo-*
nestly.
Illicitus, *a*, *um*, *unlawful*, *unto-*
nest.
Illicium, *ii*, *n*. *Allurement*, *Entice-*
ment.
Illicius, *a*, *um*, *Alluring*.
Illico, *adv.* [q. in loco] *by and by*,
presently.
Illico, *illi*, *sum*, [of in and *lacio*] to
hit, *dash*, or *beat against*. * *Illic-*
dere dentem rei, to *set his tooth* in
it.
Illicatio, *onis*, *f*. *a Fastning unto*.
Illicator, *oris*, *m*. *a Fastner*.
Illicatus, *a*, *um*, *Fastned*. * *Illic-*
gata post tergum manus, *his hands*
bound behind him. * *Amicitia*
alicui illicatum esse, to be *much*
obliged.
Illico, *are*, [of in and *ligo*] to *Bind*
tye or *fasten* to, *entangle*. *Inter-*
lace. * *Illicare se bello alieno*, to
intermeddle or *interest himself* in
another's quarrel.
Illic, for *illinc*, *Thence*.
Illicis, *c*, *without mud* or
dirt.
Illic, [ab *ille*] *adv.* *From thence*,
from that part. * *Hinc illinc*, to
and fro.
Illicus, *us*, *m*. [in & *lingo*] *Broth*
or Liquor to be *supped*.
Illicio, *ivi*, *itum*, [of in and *lino*]
to Anoint or *Be'mear*.
Illicio, *evi*, *ini* and *ivi*, *itum*, to
Anoint with any liquor. * *Illicere*
chartis, to *put in writing*. * *Brum-*
manives iunit agris, *covers the*
fields with snow. * *In illicium*
illucere, to *spread upon* a *Rag*.
Illicula, *a name* of 2 *Towns* in *Spain*.
Illicetacio, *ere*, to *Melt into* any
thing.
Illicetatus, *a*, *um*, *melted into*.
Illicetio, *icis*, to be *Melted in-*
to.
Illicus, *us*, *m*. *a Hitting* or *Dealing*
unto or *against*.
Illicus, *a*, *um*, [of *Illicior*] *Dashed*
against.
Illicerāte, *adv.* *Unlearnedly*.
Illicer-

Nitēratūs, a, um, *unlearned*.
 Niturgis, a City of Spain, *raised by*
 Scipio for revolting to the Cartha-
 ginians.
 Nitūs, a, um, [of illinor] *Anoint-*
ed, Besmeared, Painted, Embroi-
dered.
 Nitūs, ū, m. a *besmearing, daub-*
ing. * Nitūs coloris, the *first*
setting of a Picture.
 Nitūmōdi, indecl. of that sort.
 Nitix, ū, f. *Alluring, inveigling*.
 See Nitex.
 Nitō, adv. to that place, *thither*.
 Nitōcābilis, e. not to be *Hired, Let*
out, or put off in Marriage.
 Nitōsum, adv. *Thitherward*.
 Nitōtus, a, um, *Unwashed, Foul*.
 * Nitōtis manibus, *irreverently*.
 rashly.
 † Nitūbricans, ntis, *Sliding*.
 Nitē, adv. to that Place, *Thither*.
 Nituc [for Nitid] that Thing. * Nituc
 atatis, about *that Age*.
 Nitūceo, xi, ere, [of in and luceo]
 to *shine, appear and shew it self,*
arise upon.
 Nitūcesco, ere, to *grow Light, or*
begin to shine. * Nitūcescet ali-
 quando dies, the *day will come*.
 Nitūcido, are, to *Enlighten*.
 Nitūcidus, a, um, *Obscure, without*
Light.
 Nitūctans, ntis, *Swelling, Resisting,*
Hardly pronounced.
 Nitūctor, ari, to *Strive, Contend,*
Struggle.
 Nitūdens, ntis, *mocking at*.
 Nitūdo, ū, sum, [of in and ludo] to
Mock, Deride, Jest at. * Pecun-
 iæ nitūdere, to *spend money fool-*
ishly. * Chartis nitūdere, to *write*
Romances. * Pene nitūsi vitam
 filia, I *had almost cast away my*
Daughter.
 Nitūminatē, adv. *Clearly, Plainly*.
 Nitūminatio, ōnis, f. an *Enlight-*
ning, also Baptism.
 Nitūminator, ōris, m. an *Enlight-*
ner.
 Nitūminatrix, ū, f. she that *En-*
lightens.
 Nitūminatus, a, um, *Enlightened*.
 Nitūmino, are, to *Enlighten, Illu-*
strate, adorn with Figures.
 † Nitūminus, a, um, *without light,*
dark.
 Nitūnc for illum, *Him*.
 Nitūnis, e, [ab in & luna] *without*
Moon-shine, Dark.
 Nitūrcis, a City of *Iberia, called*
afterwards Gracchuris.
 Nitūro, a Town in *Catalonia*.
 Nitūrio, ōnis, f. *Derision, Mockery*.
 Nitūsor, ōris, m. a *Scorner, Mock-*
er.
 Nitūstramentum, i, n. an *Enlight-*
ning, Ornament.
 Nitūstrandus, a, um, to be *Adorned*.
 Nitūstrans, ntis, *Adorning*.
 Nitūstratio, ōnis, f. *Illustration, Beau-*
tifying, making manifest.
 Nitūstratus, a, um, *enlightened*.
 † Nitūstrē, ū, is, *illimē, Plainly,*
famously.
 Nitūstris, e, [ex in & lūstro] *Illu-*
strious, Bright, Renowned, Fa-
mous.
 Nitūstro, are, [of in and lūstro] to
illūstrate, make manifest, clear and
famous. * Ab sole toto die nitū-
 stratur, the *Sun lies upon it all day*.
 Nitūsus, a, um, [of illudor] *Mock-*
ed. * Vestes nitūse auro, *embroi-*
dered.

† Nitūsus, ū, m. a *scoffing*.
 † Nitūtibarus, a, um, *having a foul*
Beard.
 † Nitūtibilis, e, not to be *cleansed or*
washed out.
 † Nitūtus, a, um, *unwashed, filthy*.
 Nitūvies, ei, f. [ex in & lavo] *Fil-*
thiness, Uncleanne's.
 Nitūvius, a, um, *Nasty, Filthy*.
 Nitūvicum, Illyris and Illyria, the
 Country called *Sclavonia or Schla-*
vonica.
 Nitūvicus, a, um, of *Illyricum*.
 Nitūva, an *Island by Tuscany*.
 Nitūs, the son of *Tros, King of Troy,*
when Minerva's Temple was on fire
he ran in and saved the Palladium,
and was stricken blind, but after-
wards the Goddess was appeased,
and gave him his sight again; also
the name of Ascanius.
 Nitūus and Nitūneus, a, um, of *Ilus*.

I

M

I M. for *Hymnus, or Jam*.
 † Im for eum, *Him*.
 Imacharenses, the people of *Imacha-*
ra in Sicily.
 Imaduchi, a People of *Scythia on*
the ridge of Caucasus.
 † Imāginābilis, conceivably.
 † Imāginābundus, a, um, *Fanciful*.
 Imāginārius, a, um, *Imaginary,*
Counterfeit. * Imaginarius miles,
 one taken in at a *Muster, a Fagot*.
 Imāginārius, ii, m. he that carried
 the *Emperors Image in the Army*.
 Imāginatio, ōnis, f. *Imagination,*
Conceit.
 † Imāginativus, a, um, *Fantastical,*
Conceited.
 † Imāginator, ōris, m. an *Imagi-*
ner.
 Imāginatus, a, um, *Imagined or*
carved with Images.
 † Imāginifer, eri, m. the *Emperors*
Image bearer.
 † Imāgino, are, to *make Images, to*
represent the shapes of things (as a
looking glass).
 Imāginor, ari, to *Imagine, Conceive,*
Fancy.
 † Imāginosus, a, um, *full of Images*.
 * Morbus imaginofus, the *Frenzy*.
 IMAGO, ū, is, f. [ab imitor] an
Image, Likeness, Pattern, a Fancy
or Vision; also a sheath. * Ima-
 gines ūbita, *upstart gentry*. * I-
 mago humana, a *Coat-card*. * I-
 mago jocosa, the *Eccho*. * Imago
 libertatis, a *bare shew of liberty*.
 Imāguncula, ū, f. a *small Image,*
a Puppet.
 Imantion, g. the *falling of the U-*
vula.
 Imaus, the *greatest mountain of*
Scythia, part of Taurus, dividing
it into the hither and farther Scy-
thia.
 † Imbalnitier, ei, *neglect of Wash-*
ing.
 † Imbarbesco, ere, to *begin to have*
a Beard.
 Imbarus, part of *mount Taurus*.
 Imbecillis, e, [ab in & bacil-
 lū] *Weak,*
Feeble.
 Imbecillitas, atis, f. *Feebleness,*
Weakness.
 Imbecilliter, ū, adverb, *Weakly,*
Faintly.
 Imbellia, ū, f. *cowardise, want of*
Courage.

Imbellis, e, [ab in & bellum] *not*
fit for the Field, fearful, timorous.
 IMBER, ū, is, m. [Opus] a
shower of Rain, Tears that are
shed (in Poets). * Per imbrēm, is
Rainy Weather.
 Imberbis, e, [a barba] *Beardless*.
 Imbibō, bi, itum, to *drink in, con-*
ceive. * Imbibere animo, to *con-*
tain such an Opinion.
 Imbracteatus, a, um, *covered with*
Plates.
 Imbracteor, ari, [a bractea] to be
Gilt over, harnessed.
 Imbratius, a River of *Samos, called*
from thence Imbratia.
 Imbrex, ū, is, m. [ab imber] a
Gutter tile, the bridge of the Nose.
 Also an *Applause, Shooting*.
 † Imbricamentum, i, n. the *Roof-*
eaves.
 Imbricatim, adv. in the *Fashion of*
Gutter tiles.
 † Imbricatio, f. a *laying of Gutter-*
tiles.
 † Imbricatus, a, um, *made like*
with Gutter-tiles. * Cemen-
 ter se imbricata, *rubble put*
together like Tiles.
 Imbricator, ōris, m. he that *raises*
showers.
 Imbricator, ōris, m. *rainy, causing*
rain.
 † Imbricium, ii, n. the *covering of*
a House.
 Imbrico, are, to *cover with Roof-*
tiles, to Fashion like Tiles.
 † Imbricosus, a, um, *full of Roof-*
tiles.
 † Imbriculus, i, m. a *little shower*.
 † Imbricus, a, um, *rainy, full of*
showers.
 Imbrifer, a, um, *rainy, stormy*. * Im-
 brifer arcus, the *Rainbow*.
 Imbros, or imbrus, an *Island near*
Samothece abounding in Hay,
and Dedicated to Mercury, now
called Lembro.
 Imbrius, a, um, of *Imbros*.
 † Imbubinatus, a, um, *polluted*.
 † Imbubino, are, to *pollute with*
menstruous Blood.
 † Imbulbito, are, to *Deplete with*
Childrens Ordure.
 † Imbuli, orum, *Warlike-places*.
 † Imbumentum, i, n. an *Imbruing,*
Staining.
 Imbuo, ū, itum, [a Bū fac-
 cio] to *imbrue, stain, dye, sear,*
with Liquor. * Imbuere se lu-
 dio, to *furnish himself with learn-*
ing. * Ipse tuum opus imbuo,
 do you first *make proof of your*
Workmanship.
 Imbuor, ū, itum, to be *taught*. * Ca-
 grensis stipendii imbui, to be
train'd up in Martial Discipline.
 † Imburso, are, to *make a purse*.
 Imbutus, a, um, [of imbuor] *im-*
brued, infected, instructed.
 Imitabilis, le, *Imitable*.
 Imitamen, ū, is, n. an *Imitative*
or Pattern.
 Imitamentum, i, n. an *Imitative,*
Counterfeiting.
 Imitandus, a, um, to be *imitated*.
 Imitans, ntis, *resembling*.
 † Imitas, atis, f. the *bottom*.
 Imitatio, ōnis, f. *Imitation*.
 † Imitativus, a, um, *done by Imita-*
tion.
 Imitator, ōris, m. an *Imitator*.
 Imitatrix, ū, is, f. she that *imita-*
tes.

- Imitatus**, a, um, *Imitated*.
IMITOR, ari, [*Imitator*] to Imitate, Follow, Resemble, Counterfeit.
Imitus [abimus] adv. from below.
Immaculatus, a, um, *Unspotted*, pure.
Immaeo, ere, to be wet or moist.
Immane, adv. *excessively*, mightily.
Immaniter, tily.
Immanis, ior, iſſimus, [ab antiq. manis, i. e. bonus] *Cruel, Barbarous, Huge*. * Immane dictu, 'tis incredible. * Immanis pecunia, a very great Sum.
Immanitas, atis, f. *Excessiveness*, Cruelty.
Immanuete, adv. *Ungently*.
Immanuetus, ior, iſſimus, a, um, *Ungentle, Unattractable, Fierce*.
Immarcescibilis, e, *unfading*, uncorrupt.
Immarcesco, ere, to putrefy, rot within, wither.
Immatūre, ius, adv. *unripenly*, too hastily.
Immatūritas, atis, f. *Unripeness*, over-hastiness.
Immatūrus, a, um, [of in and maturus] not yet ripe, untimely, rash, not Marriageable.
Immediatē, adv. *immediately*, without means.
Immedicabilis, e, *uncurable*.
Immedicatus, a, um, *Medicined*. * O immedicatum, a besmeared Painted Face.
Immeditātē, adv. *without Premeditation*.
Immeditatus, a, um, *unpremeditated*, or not having premeditated.
Immo, nxi, iſſum, to piss into.
Immemor, oris, *unmindful*, forgetful, ungrateful.
Immemorabilis, e, not worthy remembering, *inexpressible*. * spaciū immemorabile, time out of mind.
Immemorantia, æ, f. *Unmindfulness*.
Immemoratio, onis, f. *a forgetting*.
Immemoratus, a, um, not mentioned. * Immemorata ferens, telling things never heard of before.
Immemoria, æ, f. *Unmindfulness*, forgetfulness.
Immenae, adv. *bugely*, greatly.
Immensitas, atis, f. *immensity*, hugeness, passing greatness.
Immensus, a, um, [of in and mensus] *Excessive*, without Measure, Huge. * Immensus quantum, incredibly great.
Immo, are, to enter or pass into.
Immerens, ntis, *undeserving*.
Immerenter, adv. *undeservedly*.
Immergo, si, ſum, to plunge, dip into, drown, fall into. * Immergere se aliquo, to steal into a place.
Immeritiſſimē, adv. *most unjustly*.
Immerito, adv. *without Desert*. * Immerito meo, without any Desert of mine.
Immeritus, a, um, *undeserving*.
Immeritabilis, e, which cannot sink or be drowned, *resolute in bearing Affliction*.
Immerſio, onis, f. *a dipping or plunging in*.
Immerſio, onis, f. *a drowning*.
Immerſo, are, to plunge or dip in.
- Immerſus**, a, um, [of immerſor] plunged, drowned, dipped into.
Immetatus, a, um, *Unmeasured*, unbounded.
Immigratio, onis, f. *an entring into a place*.
Immigrator, oris, m. *he that passes into a place*.
Immigro, are, to come into a House or Land to dwell there. * Immigrare in ingenium ſuum, to Live at his own Pleasure, to follow his own Fancy.
Imminens, ntis, *imminent*, at hand, earnest. * Ad eadem imminens, ready to commit a Murder. * Imminenti eſſe avaritia, to mind nothing but heaping up Wealth, scraping Riches together.
Imminenter, adv. *imminently*.
Imminentia, æ, f. *a hanging over*.
Immineo, ere, [of in and maneo] to hang over, to threaten or be hard by. * Mors nobis quotidie imminet, is daily at hand. * Imminet bellum, we are like to have War. * Imminere alicui, to lye upon the catch.
Imminuo, ui, ſum, to diminish, lessen, assuage, break. * Imminuere virginem, to deflower a Virgin.
Imminutio, onis, f. *a diminishing*, lessening.
Imminutus, a, um, [of imminuo] diminished; also not diminished.
Immisceo, ui, iſſum, [of in and misceo] to mingle or meddle with. * Bello ſe immiscere, to go into the Wars. * Nocti ſe immiscuit atra, ſhe Vanished in the dark. * Summis immiscuit ima, he turned all topsie-turvy. * Cui multum eſt piperis etiam oleribus immisceat, they that have good ſtore of butter may lay it thick on their bread.
Immiſcerabilis, e, not worthy of pity.
Immiſcerabiliter, adv. *pitileſſy*.
Immiſericordia, æ, f. *Unmercifulness*.
Immiſericorditer, adv. *Unmercifully*.
Immiſericors, ordis, *unmerciful*.
Immiſarius, ii, m. [ab immitto] a suborned Accuſer.
Immiſſio, onis, f. *an ingriſting*, entring, a letting grow.
Immiſſor, oris, m. *an enterer*.
Immiſſum, i, n. *a laying of Raſters*.
Immiſſura, æ, f. *the entring of a Tenon into a Mortaiſe*.
Immiſſus, a, um, [of immittor] put, laid, ſent or thruſt in, suborned, hanging down. * Immiſſa barba, a long Beard.
Immiſtus, a, um, [of immiſceor] mingled together.
Immitis, e, *Ungentle*, cruel, vigorous, unripe, ſowre, tempeſtuous.
Immito, iſi, ſum, [of in and mitto] to put, caſt or ſend in, suborn, let grow at length, incenſe. * Claſſi immittit habenas, he gives cloth enough. * Immittere ſe in voluptates, to give himſelf up to Pleaſures.
Immixtus, a, um, [of immiſceor] mingled together.
Immo, Teſ * Immo etiam, but what is more. See Imo.
Immobili, le, *unmovable*, fixed.
Immobilitas, atis, f. *Unmoveableness*.
- Immobiliter**, adv. *Unmoveably*.
Immoderate, adv. *immoderately*.
Immoderatio, onis, f. *immoderation*, unruliness.
Immoderatus, a, um, *immoderate*, unruly, untemperate.
Immoderor, ari, to Diſtemper, Disorder.
Immodeſte, adv. *immodestly*, unmannerly, *exceſſively*.
Immodeſtia, æ, f. *immodesty*, exceſs, lack of Manners and good Behaviour.
Immodeſtus, a, um, *immodest*, unmannerly, *immoderately*.
Immodice, adv. *exceſſively*, beyond measure. * Immodice facere, to bear impatiently.
Immodico, are, to become a Prodigal, without Moderation.
Immodicus, a, um, without measure, or Moderation. * Immodica oratio, a tedious long Speech.
Immodulate, adv. *without Melody*.
Immodulatus, a, um, without Proportion. Tune, or Melody.
Immolatio, onis, f. *a Sacrificing*.
Immolatitius, a, um, of or for Sacrifice.
Immolator, oris, m. *a Sacrificer*, Offerer.
Immolatrix, icis, f. *ſhe that Sacrificeth*.
Immolatus, a, um, *Sacrificed*. * Sacra haud immolata devorat, he cannot ſtay till Grace be ſaid.
Immolitus, a, um, [of immolior] Built, reared upon.
Immolo, are, [a mola] to Slay, to Sacrifice, Offer.
Immordeor, ere, to bite in two.
Immorigerus, a, um, *Disobedient*.
Immori, ri, [of in and morior] to dye in or upon a thing. * Studiis immori, to dye at ones Study.
Immoriturus, a, um, ready to dye.
Immoro, ari, to dwell upon. * Ne terrenis immoro, not to ſtand upon things here below.
Immorſus, a, um, [of immordeor] bitten in two, *faſting*.
Immortalis, e, *immortal*, never Dying.
Immortalitas, atis, f. *immortality*.
Immortaliter, adv. *immortally*.
Immortale, ſ for ever. * Immortaliter gaudeo, I am wonderful glad.
Immortuus, a, um, [of immorior] dead, forgotten; also yet alive.
Immotus, a, um, *unmoved*, firm.
Immugio, ire, to Low like a Cow, bellow, roar.
Immugitor, oris, m. *a bellower*.
Immulgeo, ſi, or xi, ſum or tum, to milk into.
Immunditia, æ, f. *Sluttineſs*.
Immundities, ei, f. *Sluttineſs*.
Immundus, a, um, *filthy*, foul, unclean.
Immungo, ere, to cleanſe.
Immunificus, a, um, *Niggardly*, Covetous.
Immunis, e, [ab ia & manus] free, without Office or Charge. * Immunis aratri, which never drew the Plough.
Immunitas, atis, f. *Exemption from Charge*, Privilege.
Immunitus, a, um, not Fenced or Fortified.
Immunſtratio, onis, f. *a murmuring to ones ſelf*.
Immunſtro, are, to murmur to ones ſelf.

m. an Os-
prey or kind
of Eagle.

Impedandus, a, um, *to be propped up.*
† Impedatura, æ, f. *a Footstep.*

*Emperour. * Jus imperatorium
the power of a Commander over his
Soldiers.*

for ones honour. * Impertit tibi salutem, salutes you.
 Impertior, iri, to Bestow, Deal, &c.
 Impertitus, a, um, made Partaker of.
 Imperturbatus, a, um, not Disturbed, Calm.
 Impervius, a, um, without passage.
 Impesco, ere, [of in & pasco] to turn beasts into rank pasture.
 Impete for impetus [of the old impes] with force or violence.
 Impetorius, a, um, carried with Force.
 Impetibilis, e, which may or may not be Assailed, or Hurted.
 Impetiginositas, atis, f. Scabbiness.
 Impetiginosus, a, um, scabby.
 Impetigo, inis, f. [of in & petigo] a Ring-worm or dry scab.
 Impetigosus, a, um, scabby.
 Impetio, onis, f. an Impeachment.
 Impeto, ivi, itum, to Invade, Assault, set upon.
 Impetrabilis, e, easily obtained, or obtaining. * Impetrabilis orator, one that never meets with a denial.
 Impetrasso, are, to Obtain by request.
 Impetratio, onis, f. an Obtaining by request.
 Impetrator, oris, m. an obtainer.
 Impetratus, a, um, Obtained, achieved, firm.
 Impetratus, us, m. an obtaining.
 Impetrio, ire, to Ratify, Confirm. See Impetro.
 Impertitus, a, um, sure and certain, obtained.
 Impetro, are, [of in and patro] to Obtain by request, to achieve, finish. * Equum bonum impetrare, to get what is ones right.
 Impetuosè, violently.
 Impetuositas, atis, f. Violentness.
 Impetuosus, a, um, violent, forcible.
 Impetus, us, m. [ab impeto] Invasion, Assault, Violence, Force, Rage, or Passion, a Fit, Brush.
 Imperum facere, to Assault.
 Imperum caput, he had a sudden violent inclination. * Uno impetu, at once, at one say.
 Impexus, a, um, Uncombed, Untrimmed.
 Imphe, a people near the Perrhoei.
 Impiamentum, i, n. a prophaning.
 Impiatio, onis, f. a Defiling.
 Impiatus, a, um, polluted.
 Impicatus, a, um, pitched over.
 Impico, are, to pitch over.
 Impicè adv. wickedly, cruelly.
 Impietas, atis, f. Impiety, ungodliness.
 Impiger, a, um, Nimble, Quick.
 Impignoro, are, to lay to Pawn.
 Impigrè, adv. quickly, diligently.
 Impigritas, atis, f. Nimbleness, diligence.
 Impiba, orum, n. [a pilus] woollen Socks.
 Impilum, ii, n. [Ἐπιπλάου] a hair lace, a Coif.
 Impingendus, a, um, to be Dashed against.
 Impingo, egi, atum, [of in and pango] to Beat or Dash against, knock or fling against. * Impingere fustem alicui, to cudgel one.
 Impingere dicam, to enter an

action against one. * Impingere mulsam in os pueri, to stop his mouth with sugar-sops. * Impinges me in magnam litem & molestiam, you will bring me into very great trouble. * Impingere alicui calicem mulsi, to drink to one.
 Impingere basia spissima, to give kisses thick and threefold.
 Impinguatio, onis, f. a making Fat.
 Impinguatus, a, um, Fatted.
 Impinguesco, ere, to grow Fat.
 Impinguo, are, [a pinguis] to make Fat.
 Impio, are, to defile, pollute.
 Impius, a, um, [of in and pius] Wicked, Ungodly, Cruel, pitiless.
 Implacabilis, e, not to be appeased.
 Implacabilitas, atis, f. Inextorableness.
 Implacabiliter, adv. implacably, obstinately.
 Implacatus, a, um, not Appeased.
 Implacidus, a, um, Outragious, unquiet.
 Implagium, ii, n. a little net.
 Implānator, oris, m. a Deceiver.
 Implāno, are, to Deceive.
 Implecto, ere, to wrap or fold.
 Implectum, i, n. a filling up.
 Impleo, evi, etum, [of in & pleo] to fill up, fulfill, perform, make up, satisfy, imitate, supply. * Implevit annos septem, he is full seven years old. * Fortiter implere arcum, to draw the arrow up to the head. * Imperatorem implere, to make an accomplished Emperour or General. * Implere libram, to weigh a pound. * Implet ulnas hominum quatuor hæc arbor, this tree is as big as four men can fathom.
 Implētus, a, um, [of Impleor] Filled, Finished, Ratified.
 Implexus, a, um, [of implector] Folded together, Braided together.
 Implexus, us, m. an enwrapping.
 Implicatio, onis, f. a Wrapping or Folding together. * Implicatio rei familiaris, the embroilment of an Estate.
 Implicatè, adv. intricately.
 Implicator, oris, m. he that unfolds.
 Implicatus, a, um, wrapped, or folded together, intricate. * Implicatus ad severitatem, bent to severity. * Implicator ad loquendum, ready of speech.
 Implicitor, ici, to be out of ones Wits.
 Implicite, adv. intricately, obscurely.
 Implicito, are, to entangle.
 Implicitorus, a, um, about to braid, or deck up.
 Implicitor, a, um, [of implicor] entangled. * Vix errore implicitor, ways full of turnings and windings. * Lino implicitor, mired.
 Implico, avi, arum and ui, itum, [of in and plico] to wrap, plait or fold together. * Collo implicuit brachia, she clasped him about his neck.
 Implicare caput ad speculum, to dress the head at the looking glass.
 Implicare morbo, to lye by it.
 Imploratio, onis, f. a calling for help, beseeching.
 Imploratus, a, um, implored.
 Imploro, are, to implore, beseech with tears, call for help.
 Implumis, e, [ab in & pluma] Callow, without Feathers or Hair.

Impluo, ui, utum, to Rain into, through, or upon. * Cum impluit cæteris ne impluat mihi, when evil happens to others, may it not light upon me.
 Implutus, a, um, wet with rain, caused by the rain.
 Impluvia, æ, f. a Riding coat.
 Impluviatus, a, um, of a sad brown colour.
 Impluvium, ii, n. a place where it rains in, the Louvre or top of a hall left open for light; also a square Yard or Court, a Gutter.
 Impluvius, a, um, wet with rain.
 Impœnitendus, a, um, not to be repented of.
 Impœnitens, ntis, impenitent.
 Impolite, adv. Rudely, without polishing.
 Impolitia, æ, f. Rudeness, Slovenliness.
 Impolitus, a, um, Rude, rough, unpolished.
 Impollutus, a, um, undefiled.
 Impõmenta, orum, [q. imponi-menta] things set on the Table after supper.
 Impõno, õfui, itum, [of in & pono] to impose, put in or upon.
 Impõnere finem rei, to put an end to a matter. * Impõnere sibi leges, to restrain himself. * Impõnere alicui, to deceive one. * Impõnere frumentum, to assess one such a quantity of Corn.
 Imporcatio, onis, f. a making of Balke.
 Imporcatus, a, um, Balked.
 Imporcator, a Balke.
 Imporcitor, oris, m. a Balke.
 Imporco, are, [ab in & porca] to make Balke.
 Importatio, onis, f. an Importation or bringing in.
 Importo, are, to carry or bring in.
 Importune, adv. Importunately, Unseasonably.
 Importunitas, atis, f. Importunity, Unseasonableness, Outragiousness, Cruelty.
 Importunus, a, um, [ab in & portus] that hath no graceful carriage, troublesome, importunate, not seasonable, cruel. * Importunissima bellua, a most savage beast.
 Importuosus, a, um, having no Haven.
 Impos, õtis, [ab in & pos vel potis] unable, feeble. * Impos animi, not sound in judgment, beside himself. * Impos voti, not able to have his wish.
 Impositio, onis, f. a Laying on, Imposition.
 Impositus, a, um, Imposed, put.
 Impositivus, a, um, son, unnatural. * Nomina imposititia, made names.
 Impositor, oris, m. an Impositor, Monitour.
 Impositura, æ, f. the Monitours Office.
 Impositus, a, um, [of imponor] Set, or put on, given.
 Impositus, us, m. a patting or laying on.
 Impossibile, e, impossible.
 Impossibilitas, atis, f. Impossibility.
 Impostor, oris, m. [ab impono] a Cheat, Deceiver, Fugler.
 Impostoria pila, a cunning cast, pretended one way, and thrown another.

- Impostura, a, f. Deceit, craft, guile.
 † Impotus, a, um, Deceived.
 Impotui. See Impono.
 Impotens, ntis, Impotent, Weak.
 Violent, Outragious, not able to rule the affections. * Impotens ira, or animi, passionate.
 Impotenter, adv. weakly, passionately. * Impotenter regnare, to rule as he list.
 Impotentia, a, f. weakness, infirmity, impotency, wilfulness. * Impotentia mentis, foolishness.
 Impræcéditad, adv. without previous Meditation.
 Impræpeditè, adv. without Fail or Impræpeditio, f. hinderance.
 Impræcéditus, a, um, not kindred.
 Impræsentiarum, adv. for the present.
 Imprætermisè, adv. without missing.
 Impransus, a, um, not having lined.
 Imprécario, ònis, f. a cursing.
 Imprécor, ari, to curse.
 † Impregno, are, to get with child.
 Impresè, adv. diligently, forcibly.
 Impressio, ònis, f. Impression, printing, assault. * Impremionem facere in homines, to charge the enemy.
 Impressor, òris, m. a Printer.
 Impressus, a, um, [of imprimer] Printed, Fashioned, Thrust in; also not pressed or milked.
 Impressus, us, m. a pressing Forward.
 Imprimis, [ab in & primus] adv. first of all, chiefly.
 Imprimo, essi, sum, [of in and premo] to print, mark, thrust in. * Imprimerè sigilla, to seal. * Imprimerè aliquod animo, in animo, in animum, to imprint upon the mind.
 Impróbabilis, le, improbable, unlikely.
 Improbatio, ònis, f. a condemning, disallowing.
 Impróbator, òris, m. a disallower.
 Impróbatus, a, um, disallowed, condemned.
 Impróbè, adv. Wickedly, Naughtily, lewdly, saucily, boldly.
 Impróbitas, atis, f. wickedness, lewdness, boldness.
 Impróbo, are, [of in and probò] to corrupt, debauch, disapprove, disallow, condemn, make null and void.
 † Impróbro, are, to Reproach in words.
 Impróbūlus, a, um, saucy.
 Impróbue, a, um, [of in and probus] Lewd, Ungracious, Naughty, Cruel, Base, Unjust, Wicked, not approved of, saucy, bold. * Improbipositi, rotten posts. * Labor improbus, great pains. * Improbum testamentum, an imperfect will. * Nulli alia rei est improbus, he is addicted to another vice.
 † Improcerus, a, um, of a low Stature, short, dwarfish.
 † Improcerebilis, e, not begotten.
 Improfessus, a, um, b. v. not confessed, or declared his Estate.
 Improles, is, without Issue, not yet Enrolled, and made per.
 Impromiscuus, a, um, Unmixed, not common.
 Improptus, a, um, unart, slow.
 Impropratus, a, um, most blasted, also hasten.
 Improperium, ii, n. a Nickname.
 Impropero, are, to upbraid, reproach, nickname; also to insist upon.
 Improperus, a, um, making no haste.
 Improprè, adv. Improperly.
 Improprus, a, um, improper.
 † Impropugnatus, a, um, not defended.
 Improper, a, um, unhappy, unsuccessful.
 Improspère, adv. unfortunately.
 † Improtectus, a, um, not protected or guarded.
 Improvide, adv. improvidently, carelessly.
 Improvidentia, a, f. carelessness.
 Improvidus, a, um, careless, without fore-cast, also unexpected.
 Improvise, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly.
 Improvisus, a, um, unlooked for, sudden.
 Imprudens, ntis, imprudent, unadvised, not knowing. * Imprudentes cades, Chance-medley. * Non imprudens avertabar, I was willingly against it. * Imprudent negotii, having nothing of the Concern.
 Imprudenter, adv. indiscreetly, unadvisedly, rashly, foolishly. * Imprudenter opprimere, to take one napping.
 Imprudentia, a, f. Rashness, Foolishness, Inconsiderateness. * Imprudentiam oculorum adjicere, to look on unawares.
 Impubescent, ntis, Beardless.
 Impubesco, ere, to grow, increase.
 Impuber, eris, [ex in & pubes] Impubis, e, unripe.
 † Impubes, is, and e, Beardless, unripe.
 † Impubium, ii, n. the hair about the Privities.
 Impudens, ntis, impudent, shameless.
 Impudenter, adv. Impudently, shamefully.
 Impudentia, a, f. Shamelessness.
 † Impudentiusculus, a, um, somewhat impudent.
 † Impudicatus, a, um, debauched.
 Impudicè, adv. unchastely, lewdly.
 Impudicitia, a, f. unchastity, uncleanness.
 † Impudico, are, to Debauch.
 Impudicus, a, um, unchaste, unclean, lewd, malapert, saucy. * Digitus impudicus, the middle-finger.
 † Impudoratus, a, um, impudent.
 Impugnatio, ònis, f. an Assaulting, falling upon, Opposition.
 Impugnatus, a, um, Assaulted, resisted, taken; also not fought against.
 Impugno, are, to Fight against, Assault, fall upon, oppose, dislike. * Impugnare morbum, to Cure a Distemper.
 Impulsio, ònis, f. an egging on, thrusting on.
 † Impulio, are, to egge on, thrust forwards.
 Impulsor, òris, m. a persuader. * Me impulsere hæc non fecit, I never counselled him to do it.
 Impulsus, us, m. persuasion, enforcing. * Impulsus scutorum, the jostling together of Bucklers.
 Impunctus, a, um, pounced, set with pricks.
 Impunè, ins, issumè, adv. without punishment or danger. * Cessit impunè, there comes no harm of it. * Haud impunè feres, y cu, shall not escape scot free.
 Impunis, e, [ab in & pena] safe and sound, unhurt, unpunished.
 Impunitas, atis, f. an escaping without punishment.
 Impunitus, a, um, ior, unpunished.
 † Impuno, ònis, an impudent Fellow.
 † Impuratus, a, um, defiled, corrupted, filthily.
 Impure, adv. filthily, uncleanly.
 Impurgabilis, e, not to be cleansed.
 † Impurgo, are, to Disdain, not to cleanse.
 Impuritas, atis, f. Filthiness, lewdness.
 Impuritia, arum, f. Filthiness.
 Impuro, are, to Defile.
 Impurus, a, um, [of in and purus] unclean, impure, foul-mouthed.
 Imputator, òris, m. an Imputer, Reproacher, Witness against one.
 Imputatus, a, um, imputed, pruned or lopped.
 Imputo, are, to impute, impute charge with, set upon ones score.
 Imputresco, ere, to rot with him.
 † Imputridus, a, um, not rotten.
 Imulus, a, um, a little towards the bottom.
 Imus, a, um, [ab infirmus] the lowest, last, deepest, at the bottom, at the bottom of the body, or Smocks.
 Imyra, a city of Phoenicia.

I N

- J. N. for intercisus dies.
 J. N. E. for Justum non esse.
 IN, præp. [E] in, into, against, towards, for, upon, unto, after, instead of, according. * In una hora ebibere, to sit drinking an hour. * In paucis diebus, over a few days. * In amicis es, thou art one of my Friends. * In singulis diebus, for every day. * In diem vivere, to live from hand to mouth. * In manu nostra est, it is in our power. * In genua astat, he stands upon his knees. * In lucem bibit, he drank till day-light. * In laudem dixit, he spoke to his Praise. * In os laudavit, he praised him before his Face. * Frumenti in annum satis, Corn enough for a year. * In ipsos reges, over kings themselves. * In ante, before. * In immensum, exceedingly. * In obliquum, a-cross. * In orbem, round. * In posterum, hereafter. * In tantum, so far. * In totum, wholly. * In unguem, exactly. * In promptu, at hand. * In publico, abroad. * In vicino, or proximo, hard by. * In principibus, one of the chief. * In pedes nasci, to be born with the feet forwards. * In rem præteritam venire, to take a view of the last in controversy.
 IN--- [A] Un---
 Inabruptus, a, um, not broken off.
 Inabsolutus, a, um, imperfect.
 † Inaccedo, ere, to enter upon the Stage.
 Inaccessus, a, um, inaccessible, which cannot be come unto.
 † Inaccusabilis, e, not to be accused.
 † Inaceo, [to be sharp, fruit] or grieve.
 Inachia, Peloponnesus, so called from the River Inachus.

Inachum, a Town in Peloponnesus, called also Argos Hippium.
Inachus, River Planizza in Peloponnesus. And another in Acarnania. Also the first King of the Argives, the father of Io.
Inadversum, on the other part.
Inadulabilis, e, not to be Enticed or caught with chaff.
Inadurum, a, um, not Burnt.
Inarum, f. small Springs or Vain, as in Paper, Eggs, &c.
Inarditus, a, um, Unbuilt, also Built upon.
Inardisco, are, to Build in or by, also to pull down.
Inaqualis, e, Unequal, Unjust, Unproportionable.
Inaqualiter, adv. Unequally, at unequal proportions.
Inaqualis, e, Unequal, uneven.
*** Vixit inaequalis**, he never was settled all his Life.
Inaqualitas, atis, f. Inequality, Injustice, unevenness.
Inaqualiter, unequally, unjustly.
Inaquis, are, to make unequal, also unjustly.
Inaquo, are, to make plain, even.
Inestimabilis, e, Inestimable, not to be valued, also of no Value.
Inaquo, are, to burn or boil within.
Inaeternum, adv. for Ever.
Inastabilis, e, uncourteous.
Inastatus, a, um, not Affected, not stoicly virtuous.
Inastabilis, e, unmoveable.
Inastatus, a, um, not Moved, Driven, Vexed, Tossed.
Inalbesco, ere, to grow white, pale.
Inalesco, ere, to grow or stick together.
Inalgesco, ere, to grow Cold.
Inalienus, a, um, not strange.
Inaltero, are, not to change.
Inalto, are, to exalt on high.
Inamabilis, e, unamiable.
Inamaresco, ere, to grow bitter.
Inamatus, a, um, Loveless. * **Haud inamatus**, lovely.
Inambitiosus, a, um, without Ambition.
Inambulatio, onis, f. a walking in a place.
Inambulo, are, to walk in a place.
Inamoenitas, atis, f. unpleasantness.
Inamoenus, a, um, unpleasant.
Inane, is n. a vain empty thing or place; also the Air.
Inanesco, ere, to grow empty.
Inania, e, f. emptiness.
Inaniloquus, i, m. a vain Babler.
Inaniloquium, ii, n. vain Talk.
Inaniloquus, a, um, [ab inanis & loquor] talking or babling vainly.
Inanimatus, e, without life or soul.
Inanimatus, a, um, Without Life.
Inanimus, a, um, and Soul, Dead.
Inanimentum, i, n. emptiness.
Inanimo, are, to encourage.
Inanio, ire, to empty or make Void.
INANIS, e, [ab 'Ivis inanio] Empty, Void, Vain, Poor, Idle.
*** Inanis rebus**, not able to pay debts. * **Epistola inanis aliqua re utili & suavi**, a letter with nothing pleasant or profitable in it.
Inanitas, atis, f. Emptiness, Vanity.
Inaniter, adv. emptily, vainly.
Inanitio, onis, f. an Emptying.
Inanitus, a, um, Emptied.
Inante, adv. Before.

Inantentatus, a, um, not Summoned to bear witness.
Inapertus, a, um, not Opened, Shut, Secret.
Inapparatio, onis, f. lack of Preparation, Negligence.
Inaquis, a, um, without water, dry.
Inarabilis, e, not Arable.
Inaratus, a, um, Unplowed, untilled.
Inerculum, i, n. a twig of a Pomgranate or other fruitful Tree, set upon the head of the Queen Priest when she Sacrificed.
Inardeo, 3 to Burn or be on Fire.
Inardesco, ere, 3 Fire.
Inarefactus, a, um, Dried up, or to Powder.
Inareleo, ere, to Dry up, grow drier and drier.
Inargentatus, a, um, washed or covered with Silver.
Inargento, are, to wash or cover with Silver.
Inargute, adv. Unwittily, without Subtlety.
Inargutus, a, um, unwitty, dull.
Inarime, an Island in the Bay of Paeteoli near Naples, wherein a Mountain shaken with an Earthquake, brought forth another Island called Prochyre.
Inaro, are, to plough up, overwhelm in the Earth.
Inartificialis, e, Inartificial.
Inartificialiter, adv. Inartificially.
Inascensur, a, um, hard to be come at.
Inaspectus, a, um, unseen.
Inaspiuus, a, um, hard to be seen.
Inasatus, a, um, thoroughly Roasted.
Inastuetus, a, um, unaccustomed.
Inateres, those that married two brothers.
Inattente, adv. Inconsiderately.
Inattenuatus, a, um, not Diminished.
Inattestatus, a, um, not Summoned to bear witness.
Inaudax, acis, Comarous, Fearful.
Inaudibilis, e, not to be heard.
Inaudientia, e, f. Disorder.
Inaudio, ire, to Hear or Over-hear.
Inauditiuncula, e, f. a cunning pretty knock not heard of before.
Inauditus, a, um, unheard of, strange, new.
Inaverfabilis, e, inevitable.
Inaugeo, ere, to encrease.
Inauguratio, onis, f. a dedicating, enstalling.
Inauguratio, adv. with rites of Divination, Luckily, Seasonably.
Inauguratus, a, um, Installed. * **Inauguratum est**, 'tis granted by the Gods.
Inauguro, are, to foretel things to come by observing the Flight of Birds, to judge of the Good or Bad success of an enterprise, to Enstall, Dedicate, Consecrate. * **Inaugurari in locum alterius**, to be made Priest in another's place.
Inaurator, oris, m. a Gilder.
Inauratura, e, f. Erasim. a Gilding.
Inauratus, a, um, Gilded or Ungilt.
Inauris, is, f. an earring.
Inauritus, a, um, without ears.
Inauro, are, to Gild, Enrich.
Inauspicato, adv. unluckily.
Inauspicatus, a, um, Unfortunate, Unlucky.
Inausus, a, um, which none dare attempt.

Inauxiliatus, a, um, without help.
Inbonitas, atis, Lemane.
Ineaduus, a, um, which no man cutteth.
Incaleo, ere, to be hot within.
*** Incaluit virtus**, Courage began to encrease again.
Incaleico, ere, to grow hot or fierce.
Incalitacio, ere, to make hot.
Incalide, adv. Fecklessly, Simply.
Incalidus, a, um, simple, not crafty.
Incalo, are, to call upon.
Incandescio, ere, to be red on Fire, or very Angry.
Incandidus, a, um, without white.
Inanesco, ere, to grow white, hoary.
Incantamentum, i, n. Enchantment.
Incantator, oris, m. an Enchanter.
Incanto, are, to Enchant, Chirp or Sing upon.
Incandus, f, um, very White and Hoary with Age.
Incipax, acis, incapable.
Incipitro, are, to Halter.
Incipite, are, to begin.
Incarceramentum, an Imprisonment.
Incercetatio, onis, f. an Imprisoning.
Incerceratus, a, um, Imprisoned.
Incercero, are, to Imprison.
Incardinatus, a, um, Established.
Incaratio, onis, f. Incarnation, a bringing or being made flesh.
incarnatus, a, um, flesh coloured.
Incarnus, a, um, without flesh.
Incarno, are, [a caro] to bring flesh upon, fill up with flesh.
Incasso, are, to make void.
Incassum, adv. in Vain.
Incassigatus, a, um, not Chastised Corrected.
Incassitas, atis, f. unchasteness.
Incastro, are, to set in the Stocks or Pillory.
Incassus, a, um, unchaste.
Incassurus, a, um, [of incido] like to happen.
Incateuo, are, to ensnare.
Incavatus, a, um, made hollow.
Incaveo, ere, to be wary, take heed.
Incavillatio, onis, f. Mockery, Jeering.
Incavo, are, to make hollow.
Incassum, i, n. Ink.
Incaute, adv. unwarily, uncircumspectly.
Incautus, a, um, unwary, uncircumspect. * **Inter hostibus incautum**, Tacit, a Passage not observed or heeded by the Enemy.
Incendo, e, i, m. to Go or Walk, Come, Mince with stately gate.
Inccelebratus, a, u, obscure, of no fame.
Incelebris, e, without Celebration, unknown frequented.
Incendiaria, e, f. an unlucky bird, the sight whereof caused them to purge the City by sacrifice.
Incendiarius, a, um, setting on Fire, Fiery. * **Incendiarii siphones**, fire-buckets. * **Incendiarium** clean, Wild-fire.
Incendiarius, ii, n. an Incendiary, Boutefeu.
Incendium, ii, n. an Inflammation, burning, envy, hatred, love. * **Annona incendium**, an entangling fern.
Incendo, di, um, [of in and caudo] to Enflame, kindle, set on Fire, Incense, Provoker, Enhance, make famous. * **Clamore incendunt**, celum, make the Air ring again.
*** Incendere in te odia**, to make ones self odious.

Incense, adv. very earnestly.
 Incensio, ōnis, f. a burning or enflaming.
 Incensitus, a, um, Poor not Reckoned. See incensus.
 Incensor, ōris, m. an Incendiary.
 Incensum, i, n. Incense
 Incensus, a, um, [of incendor] inflamed set on Fire.
 Incensus, a, um, [of in and censor] not registered or enrolled among the Citizens, that has not given in the value of his Estate to the Censor.
 † Incensio, ōnis, f. a Singing, Harmony, Enchantment.
 Incentivum, i, n. a Motive or provocation, Fuel.
 Incentivus, a, um, [ab incino] Stirring up by singing or playing.
 Incantor, ōris, m. he that sings the Defcant; also a Make-bate, Fire-brand, Barretour.
 † Inceps, for deinceps, afterwards.
 † Inceps, for inceperit.
 Inceptio, ōnis, f. an Enterprize or beginning.
 Inceptivus, a, um, beginning.
 Incepto, are, to begin, Enterprize, undertake.
 Inceptor, ōris, m. a Beginner.
 Inceptum, i, n. a Beginning, an Enterprize.
 Inceptas, a, um, [of incipior] Begun.
 Incērātus, a, um, Waxed over.
 Incerniculum, i, n. a Fan for Corn; also a Sieve, Strainer or Colander.
 Incerno, crevi, cretum, to Sift, Search, inquire Narrowly.
 Incēro, are, to cover with Wax.
 Incertē, adv. uncertainly
 Incertitudo, inis, f. uncertainty.
 † Incerto, are, to make uncertain or doubtful.
 Incertō, adv. uncertainly. * Incerto scio, I am uncertain.
 Incertum, i, n. Doubtfulness.
 Incertus, a, um, uncertain, doubtful, wavering. * Incertus animi, not knowing what to do. * Incerto pce ferri, to go staggering.
 Incessanter, adv. incessantly.
 Incessus, a, um, Besieged, Assaulted.
 Incessus, ūs, m. a Walking, a gate or manner of going. * Fractus incessus parum viri signum est, a mincing gate is the sign of an effeminate mind.
 Incesso, si. or sivi. itum. [ab incedo] to Provake, Exasperate. Invade or Seize upon. * Multitia incensit animos, they grew sad. * In te nova incessit religio, you are grown nice and scrupulous of late.
 Incessē, adv. Incestuously. fi. thily.
 Incestificus, a, um, acting by incest
 Incesto, are, to defile by Incest, Pollute.
 Incessum, i, n. Incest.
 Incessus, ūs, m. Incest.
 † Ince uousus, a, um, Incestuous.
 Incessus, a, um, [of in and capus] Depled, Polluted, Impure. * Filius incessus, begotten in Incest.
 † Inchoatio, ōnis, f. a Beginning.
 † Inchoativē, Beginningly.
 Inchoativus, a, um, Beginning.
 Inchoatur, a, um, Begun.
 INCHOO, are, [à Xō aggerem] to Begin, Perform, Finish.

† Incicur, uris, Wild.
 † Incidenter, incidently.
 Incido, di, ere, [of in and cado] to fall out or Happen. * Mihi incidit suspicio, I had a Jealousie.
 * Incidi in latrones, I fell among Thieves. * Incidit portis exercitus, the Army flies to the Gates.
 * Aliud ex alio incidit, one thing brings in another. * In euntem incidere, to light up one as he goes.
 Incido, di, isum, [of in and cado] to Cut or Grave, Tear in pieces, Break off, weaken. * Incidere ludum, to break off a Play.
 Inciduus, a, um, [of in and cado] unfelled, uncut, or which may not be cut.
 † Inciens, ntis, a Woman near her Travel.
 † Inciteo, ere, to incite, provoke.
 Incile, is, n. [ab incido] a Gutter to Convey water, Trench, Gap.
 Inciles, } Furrows or Trenches
 Inciles fossæ, } for Conveyance of water.
 † Incilo, are, to Rebuke, Reprove, Reproach.
 Incinctus, a, um, Girded; also ungirded, loose.
 Incingo, xi, nctum, to Gird or Compass about.
 Incino, ui, ntum, [of in and cano] to Sing or Incant.
 † Incipero, for imprecō, I command.
 † Incipescis, for inceperis.
 Incipio, epi, eptum, [of in and capio] to begin, go about, Enterprize.
 † Incippo, are, to enclose, shut in.
 Incircumcissus, a, um, uncircumcised.
 Incircumscriptus, a, um, not bounded.
 Incisē, } By pieces and Parcels,
 Incisum, } Piece-meal.
 Incisio, ōnis, f. a Cutting, Engraving, Lancing; also a short Clause of a Sentence.
 Incisores dentes, the four foremost Teeth.
 Incisorius, a, um, Cutting, paring.
 * Dentes incisorii, the Foreteeth.
 Incisum, i, n. a short Member of a Sentence, a Comma
 Incisura, æ, f. an Incision, Cut, a Line in the palm of the Hand.
 Incisus, a, um, [of incidor] Cut or Engraved, Indented or Jagged.
 * Incisa spes, frustrated.
 Incisus, ūs, m. a Cutting or Carving.
 Incita, æ, f. [ab incito] Necessity, a Streight. * Incitæ, arum, checkmate. * Ad incitas redactus, non plus d.
 Incitābūlum, } a Stirring up,
 Incitamentum, i, n, } Encouragement.
 Incitātē, adv. Swiftly, Vehemently.
 Incitatio, ōnis, f. an Incitation, Provocation, a violent motion.
 Incitator, ōris, m. a Mover, Instigator.
 Incitatus ū, m. an Instigation, Stirring up.
 Incitatus, a, um, ior, illimus, moved, Encouraged, Swift, Earnest.
 * Mente incitatus, troubled in mind.
 Incitatus, i, m. a Horse of Domitian, highly prized for his Racing.

† Incitega, a thing set under to save the Table.
 Incito, are, to provoke, stir up, hort, spur. * Incitare currentes to spur a freeborse. * Incitatio dit aem hæc herba, this herb an Appetite, makes one hungry.
 Incitus, a, um, [of in and cito] Swift, Speedy, Earnest, Provoked.
 Incitus, ūs, m. a Provoking.
 Incivilis, e, Uncivil.
 Inciviliter, adv. Uncivilly, Clumsily.
 Incalmator, ōris, m. a Cryer, Seagant.
 Inclāmto, are, to call often of one.
 Inclāmo, are, to Cry out. * Inclāmare contra aliquem, to brawl one. * Inclāmare aliquem, to call aloud after one, to rattle one, scornly.
 Inclāreo, } to be Famous
 Inclaresco, ere, } Known abroad.
 Inclēmens, ntis, Merciless, Rigorous.
 Inclēmter, adv. rigorously, cruelly.
 Inclēmētia, æ, f. Rigour, unmercifulness. * Inclementia Celi, the sharpness of the Weather.
 Inclīnamentum, i, n. a Declension.
 Inclīnans, ntis, Leaning, Steep.
 * Inclīnans ad crocum, coming near the Saffron colour.
 Inclīnatio, ōnis, f. an Abasing, Inclination, Leaning or Bending.
 * Repentina voluntatum inclinatio, a sudden change of mind.
 Inclīnatus, a, um, inclined, Bowed, Decaying, flaggy. * Dies inclinatus, the latter part of the day.
 * Inclīnatus ad causam plebis, one leaning to the people's side, a popular Person. * Inclīnatus morbus, a declining distemper.
 Inclīnatus, ūs, m. a Declining.
 Inclīnis, e, inclining, bending.
 Inclino, are, to Incline, Lean or Bow towards, Decay. * Sol se inclinat, the Sun is going down. * Inclīnacies, the Army gives ground. * Inclīnare omnem culpam in aliquem, to lay all the blame upon one.
 * Meridies inclinat, the Evening draws on. * Phalereus, eloquentiam primus inclinavit, Phalereus was the first that debased Eloquence.
 Inclitus, a, um, Renowned, Famous.
 Inclūdo, si, sum, [of in and claudo] to include, inclose, shut up, to Engrave. * Vocem includit dolor, he cannot speak for Grief. * Includere gemmam in xyphis aureis, to encase precious stones in Gold Cups.
 † Includarium, ii, n. a Pennon or Pinfold.
 Includia, æ, f. an Inner Garment.
 Inclūsiō, ōnis, f. an Inclosing, Shutting up.
 Includor, ōris, m. an Engraver, Jeweller.
 † Inclūsiōrium, a, um, shutting up.
 † Includorius, ii, m. a pinner, passer or parter.
 Inclūsus, a, um, [of includor] included, shut up or in. * Verba inclusa modis, Verses, Meeter.
 Inclutus, a, um, [Κλυτός, vel κλυός] Renowned, Famous.
 Incoactus, a, um, unconstrained, luntary, willing. * Lac incoactum in caseum novum, soft or green cheese.

Incoctilis, e, sodden in a tbtng tin-
ned or leaded. * Incoctilia, ium,
Vessels leaded or tinned.
† Incoctio, onis, f, a wanting of
Cocctio.
Incoctus, a, um, [of incoquor]
Jed or boiled in; also unsodden, raw,
infilted, dyed, or indued with. * In-
coctum generoso pectus honesto,
a right honest mind.
Incoctus, a, um, Supperless.
Incoctis, e, not having eat a Supper.
Incocto, are, to Sup.
Incocto, or, as incepto, &c.
Incoctibilis, e, thoughtless, incom-
prehensible.
Incoctans, ntis, Inconsiderate, Rash.
Incoctantia, æ, f. Rashness, Un-
adviseness.
Incoctatus, a, um, inconsiderate,
unthought of.
Incocto, are, to think.
Incoctus, a, um, unknown. * In-
coctita causa, without examining
the Case.
† Incohibesco, ere, not to be able to
restrain.
† Incohibilis, e, not to be kept in.
† Incohibilis, e, not to be joined with
another.
Incoquinatus, a, um, not defiled.
Incocta, æ, s. an Inhabitant, Stran-
ger, Sojourner. * Arbor incola, a
Foreign Tree planted here.
Incoctus, us, m. an Inhabiting,
Journeying, Pilgrimage.
Incocto, ui, ultum, to Inhabit, dwell.
* Incolere, vitam, to be alive.
† Incolore, adv. without Colour.
INCOLUMIS, e, [a colo, column
vel culmis] safe, sound, whole,
free. * Incolumis status, good
plight of body.
Incolumitas, atis, f. soundness, per-
fect Health and Safety.
† Incomes, itis, without a fellow.
Incomis, e, uncourteous, surely,
clownish.
Incomisatus, a, um, unattended,
without company, alone.
Incomisiter, adv. discourteously.
† Incomisitas, atis, f. Clownishness.
† Incomitio, are, to bring or be
brought before an Assembly.
Incommensabilis, e, unpassable.
Incommendatus, a, um, not com-
mended.
Incommensabilitas, atis, f. Stupidity.
Incommensatio, onis, f. disrespect,
hurt, damage.
Incommode, adv. hurtfully, disprop-
riately, unseasonably.
Incommoditas, atis, f. unprofita-
bleness, damage, unseasonableness.
* Incommodate abstinere apud
convivas, not to displease the Guests.
Incommodo, are, to indamage, be hin-
dered, hurt. * Incommodare alicui,
to do one a Displeasure.
Incommodum, i, n. Damage, Loss,
Hurt, Displeasure.
Incommodus, a, um, hurtful, un-
profitable inconvenient, unapt
† Incommune, in common, indif-
ferently, for the publick Good.
Incommunicabilis, e, Incommuni-
table.
† Incommutabilis, e, unchangeable.
† Incommo, ere, to disorder.
† Incompactus, a, um, disjointed,
burgled, ill-pieced together.
Incomparabilis, e, incomparable.
Incompertus, a, um, uncertain, un-
known. * Incompertum habeo.

I know not in the least.
† Incompertus, ntis, unsuitable.
Incompositè, adv. inordinately, dis-
orderly.
Incompositus, a, um, Disordered,
Confused. * Incompositus mori-
bus, a disorderly person, loose in man-
ners. * Motus incompositos dare,
to dance rudely and disorderly.
Incomprehensibilis, e, incompre-
hensible.
Incomprehensus, a, um, not com-
prehended or understood.
† Incomptè, slovenly, carelessly.
Incomptus, a, um, not decked or
trimmed.
Inconcessus, a, um, not permitted
or granted.
† Inconciatè, uncumposedly.
† Inconciatio, are, to put out of Or-
der, Disorder, Provoke, Deceive,
Sell, and call before a Council. * In-
conciare sibi aliquem, to make
such a one his Enemy.
Inconciniter, adv. rudely, inde-
cently.
Inconcinitas, atis, f. ungraceful-
ness.
Inconcinus, a, um, unhandsome,
unapt, improper.
Inconcius, a, um, gentle, soft.
Inconcusus, a, um, not shaken or
moved.
Incondemnatus, a, um, uncondemn-
ed.
Inconditè, adv. out of Order and
Fashion, Confusedly.
Inconditus, a, um, uncovered, out
of Order and Fashion, disordered,
confused, unburied. * Inconditus
exercitus, an Army in disarray.
Inconditus, a, um, not seasoned, in-
spid.
Inconfessus, a, um, having not con-
fessed.
† Inconfusibilis, e, not to be asha-
med.
Inconfusus, a, um, not Confounded
or Ashamed.
Incongélabilis, e, which cannot con-
geal or freeze up.
Incongruè, adv. absurdly.
Incongruens, ntis, & not agreeing.
Incongruens, a, um, & unsuitable ab-
surd.
Incongruenter, adv. unsuitably.
Incongruentia, æ, f. Incongruity.
Incongruitas, atis, f. Absurdness.
Inconniuens, ntis, not twinkling
the Eyes.
Inconnivus, a, um, the same.
Inconsciis, a, um, not conscious, ig-
norant, innocent.
Inconsequens, inconsequent.
Inconsequentia, æ, f. a not follow-
ing.
Inconfidèrans, ntis, Inconsiderate,
Rash.
Inconfiderantia, æ, f. Inconsiderate-
ness, Rashness.
Inconfidèrè, adv. Inconsiderately.
Inconfidèrè, onis, f. Rashness.
Inconfidèratus, a, um, unadvised,
inconsiderate, Rash.
† Inconfilior, ari, to be called be-
fore the Council.
Inconsolabilis, e, Comfortless.
Inconsolantia, æ, f. unaptness in
sound.
Inconspicue, a, um, not Remark-
able.
Inconspretus, a, um, not disallow'd.
Inconstans, ntis, inconstant, given
to change.

Inconstanter, adv. Unconstantly,
Lightly.
Inconstantia, æ, f. Unstability,
Lightness.
Inconsuetus, a, um, Unaccustomed,
not Used.
Inconsultè, adv. Rashly, Unadvi-
sedly.
Inconsustò, adv. Unawares.
Inconsultus, a, um, Unadvised,
Foolish, of ones own Head, Rash,
not consulted. * Me in consulto,
without asking my advise. * In-
consultus abiit, he went away with-
out asking any thing of counsel.
Inconsultus, us, a not demand-
ing or giving counsel. * Incon-
sultu meo, without making me ac-
quainted.
Inconsummatus, a, um, not Per-
fected, Finished.
Inconsumptus, a, um, not Consum-
ed, spent or wasted.
† Inconsutilis, e, } Seamless.
Inconsutus, a, um, }
Incontaminatus, a, um, uncorrupt-
ed, undefiled.
Incontentus, a, um, unbent, slack.
Incontiguus, a, um, not to be touched.
Incontinens, ntis, Incontinent, In-
temperate, immoderate, * Incon-
tinens sui, that cannot bridle him-
self.
Incontinenter, adv. Immoderately.
† Incontinently, Presently.
Incontinentia, æ, f. Incontinence,
want of moderation in affection.
* Incontinentia urinæ, difficulty
in holding ones water, the Stran-
gury.
Incontrarium, adv. on the contrary.
Inconveniens, ntis, Imconvenient,
Unsuitable, Uncomely.
Inconvolutus, a, um, Unfolded.
† Incoprio, are, to Scoff, Jest.
Incoquo, xi, tum, to boil in or with,
to tin or silver over.
Incoram omnium, in the sight of
all that are present.
† Incordio, are, to put into the heart,
persuade.
Incoronatus, a, um, not crowned.
Incorporalis, e, } Incorporeal.
Incorporeus, a, um, }
Incorporalitas, atis, f. a being in-
corporeal.
Incorporeo, are, to Incorporate, Em-
body.
Incorrectus, a, um, Uncorrected.
Incorruptè, adv. Purely, Entirely.
† Incorruptela, æ, uncorruptness.
Incorruptibilis, e, Incorruptible.
Incorruptio, onis, f. Purity.
Incorruptus, a, um, Uncorrupted,
Pure, Entire.
Incoxo, are, to sit cross-legged, or
on ones breech, to cower down.
Incrassatus, a, um, made Gross.
Incrasso, are, to make thick or gross.
Increatus, a, um, Uncreated.
Increbesco, ere [brui & bui] to be
much known or spread. * Incre-
buit aura, the wind is risen. * In-
cebut consuetudo, the custom ob-
tained or grew in force.
Increbro, are, [a creber] to have
Often & Many.
† Increndendus, a, um, not to be be-
lieved.
Incredibilis, e, Incredible or Incre-
dulous.
Incredibilis, atis, f. Incredibility.
Incredibiliter, adv. Incredibly.
Increditus, a, um, not believed.

Incredūlitā, atis, f. Incredulity.
Incredūlus, a, um, Incredulous, un-
believing, not to be believed.
† Incredundus, a, um, Incredible.
† Incremento, are, to give increase.
† Incrementulum, i, n. a small in-
crease.
Incrementum, i, n, Increase, Aug-
mentation, Promotion, Liberality,
Tribute.
† Increpātio, ōnis, f. a Chiding.
Incrēpito, are, to make a loud noise,
Chide, Rebuke sharply, Take up
scold.
Incrēpitus, a, um, Rebuked, Chid-
den.
Incrēpo, are, ui and avi, Itum, to
make a sound or cry; also to chide,
Provoke, Impute, Prick forward.
** Increate aliquem avaritiæ, to*
*blame a mans Covetousness. * In-*
create liram, to play upon the
Lute.
Increſco, evi, ērum, to Encrease,
grow more and more, over or upon.
Incrēto, are, [a creta] to Chalk.
Incrētus, a, um, [of incernox] Gift-
ed, Purged, Cleansed; also not
Sifted.
† Incriminātio, ōnis, f. Unblame-
ableness.
Incrimino, ari, not to blame or
accuse.
Incrudeſco, ui, ere, Erasmi. to En-
crease.
Incruentatus, a, um, not stained
with blood.
Incruentus, a, um, Unbloody, with-
out Blood-shed, where on blood has
been Spilt.
Incrustatio, ōnis, f. a Pargetting,
Staining, Wainscoting.
Incrustatus, a, um, Pargetted, rough-
*cast. * Opus incrustatum, wain-*
scot.
Incrusto, are, to Parget or bring on a
*Crust. * Calicem incrustare to rub*
the Pots brim with an Orange Peel.
Incubatio, ōnis, f. a sitting upon
Incubatus, ū, m. } or Brooding.
† Incubator, ōris, m. a Dweller or
Usurper.
Incubatio, ōnis, f. a Lying or sit-
Incubatus, ū, m. } ting upon.
Incubito, are, to Lye or sit upon.
Incubo, ui, Itum, are, to Lye or lean
*upon. * Incubare ova & ovis,*
or incubare [alone] in Columel.
*to sit upon eggs. * Incubare Jo-*
vis, to lye in the Capitol to receive
*dreams from Jupiter. * Incuba-*
re theſauris, to lye brooding over
*bags. * Incubare ille pecunia, he*
witches narrowly for the money, his
*fingers itch at it. * Mens incu-*
buit dolori, Sadness seized the
Mind.
Incubo, ōnis, m. he that sits brood-
ing; also the Night Mare.
Incubus, i, m. the Night Mare.
† Incudo, ōnis, a worker at the
Anvil.
† Incudo, ſi, ſum, to Coin, Ham-
mer out.
Inculcandus, a, um, to be Thrust or
Forced in.
Inculcatus, a, um, Inculcated.
Inculco, are, [of in and calco] to
Trod or Thrust or Beat often into,
*inculcate. * Alicui inculcare ali-*
quid, to beat something into ones
head.
Inculpābilis, e, Blameless.
Inculpāte, adv. Blamelessly.

Inculpatus, a, um, without blame
or Fault.
† Inculpo, are, to excuse, make
blameless.
Incultē, adv. Grossely, Rudely.
Incultus, a, um, Untilled, Rude,
*Desert, Untrimmed. * Inculta*
oratio, a rude Oration, not Elo-
quent.
Incultus, ū, m. want of Tilling,
Rudeness, Slovenliness.
Incumbæ, f. that part of a pillar
on which the building lyes, the Ca-
pital of a pilaster.
Incumbo, ui, itum, to Lye or Lean
upon, Endeavour or give Diligence
unto, skin down or Rush upon, to
*possess and keep safe. * Incumbe-*
re ad or in aliquid, to employ ones
*utmost force about a thing. * Stu-*
diis incumbere, to keep close to
*ones book. * Incumbit in ejus*
perniciē, he industriously endeavours
*his ruin. * Magna vis venti in*
mare incubuit, a great storm arose.
** Incumbit illi spes ſucceſſionis,*
he is in a fair way to be heir.
Incunābula, orum, n. a Cradle. In-
*fancy, Beginnings, Birth place. * Ab*
incunabulis, from ones cradle or In-
*fancy. * Jovis incunabula Creta,*
Crete the Birth Place of Jove.
** Incunabula virtutis, the first*
springings of virtue.
Incunctābilis, e, not to be doubted
or delayed.
Incunctanter, adv. without delay or
doubting.
Incūratu, a, um, not Cured or Re-
garded.
Incūria, æ, f. [a cura] Carelessness,
Negligence.
Incūriose, adv. Carelessly, Negli-
*gently. * Incuriōſus agere, to be*
too negligent.
Incūriōſus, a, um, Negligent Care-
*less. * Incuriōſus proximorum,*
not minding things near and easie
*to humane understanding. * In-*
curiōſi ſuorum aras, letting all
things paſs without the least notice
or mark.
Incurritur ſervis, they fall upon the
Servants.
† Incurius, ſomewhat Remiſſly.
Incurro, ri, ſum, to Run or Rush up-
on Incur make an Inroad into a
*Country, ſumbe at. * Incurrere*
voce, calceolorum to be ill-ſpe-
*ken of by the Envious. * Incurrere*
*in curre, to be in eye ſire. * Qui*
in dūm in curre, neſcit, I know
not upon what day it happens.
Incurſatus, a, um, A ſudden In-
road.
Incurſim, adv. Hoppily, Quickerly.
Incurſio, ōnis, f. a ſudden In-
*road. * Incurſio, ōnis, f. a ſudden*
meeting or conflux of things.
Incurſus, are, to run very often
upon.
Incurſo, are, [ab incurſo] to Run
often upon. Juſſe, Encount, In-
*vade. * Incurſabit dolor in re*
meus, you'll be ſorry as well as I.
** Cui nullus alius color incurſa-*
verit, mixed with no other colour.
** Milites incurſant agro, the ſol-*
*diers make an Inroad. * Incurſe*
*in aliquid, to change one. * In-*
curſare oculis, to be an eye-ſore.
** Pugnis & calcibus incurſare, to*
box and kick one.

Incurſus, ū, m. an Invaſion, In-
Encounter.
† Incurvatio, ōnis, f. a Bending.
Incurvatus, a, um, Bowed, Bent.
** Incurvatum bacillum, a bow.*
Incurveſco, ere, to grow Crooked.
Incurvicervicus, a, um, wry neck.
Incurvo, are, to Bow, Bend, make
Crooked.
Incurvus, a, um, very Crooked or
Uneven.
Incus, ūdis, f. [a cudo] an Anvil.
** Sub incude, not finiſhed. * Opus*
ablutum mediis incudibus, a work
*taken before 'tis finiſhed. * Red-*
dere verſus incudibus, to play
*verſes. * Incus miles, a Soldier.*
Inciſatio, ōnis, f. an accusing bla-
ming.
Inciſator, ōris, m. an Accuſer.
Inciſatus, a, um, accuſed, blamed.
Inciſo, are, to Rebuke, Blame.
Inciſſio, ōnis, f. a Diſtinguiſhing.
Inciſſus, ū, m. } gainſt.
Inciſſus, a, um, [of incurſor] Di-
rected againſt, Bruiſed againſt.
Inciſſoditus, a, um, not kept
Guarded.
Inciſus, a, um, [of incurſor] Chained,
Picked, Indented, Faſhioned at the
Anvil.
Inciſſio, ſi, ſum, [of in and cudo] to
*Strike or Daſh againſt. * Ma-*
lum alicui incurſere to caſt
*into a ſickneſs. * Vim ventis in-*
tere, to cauſe bluſting weather.
** Incutere pollicem, limini, to ſtrike*
*ble at the Threshold. * Incutere*
religionem, to make ſerupulous
*tender or loath to do. * Terram*
incutere, to ſcare one.
Indāguābilis, e, to be enquired after,
also excuſed.
Indāguanter, by following the Truth,
with diligent ſearch.
Indāguatio, ōnis, f. an Inquiſition
Searching.
Indāguator, ōris, m. an inquiſitor.
Indāguatrix, ſciæ, f. } or Searcher.
Indāgo, ere, [of in and ago] to ſearch
*Diligently, Hunt or Trace. * Om-*
nibus veſtigis indagata reſta
this Buſineſs has been thoroughly
ſe veried and Sifted.
Indāgo, ſciæ, f. a diligent Search
the ſcenting of a hound, Nets pick-
ed about a wood into which Beaſts are
*driven. * Indagine poenarum*
ſciæ, to be ſurrounded with painted
textures.
INDE, adv. ['Einde] from
thence, Out of that place, and there-
*afterwards. * Hinc inde, on every*
*ſide. * Jam inde, as ſoon as*
*from. * Inde uſque, from*
*that time to this. * Inde ad,*
and upon this account.
Indēbite, } adv. Unduly.
† Indēbito, } adv. Unduly.
Indēbitum, i, n. a thing not due.
Indēbitus, a, um, not Due or Ow-
ing.
Indēcens, ntis, Undecent, Unſeem-
ing.
Indēcenter, adv. Undecently.
Indēcer, imper. it becometh un-
Indēclinābilis, e, not to be eſcaped,
not bending to one ſide or other; al-
*ſo Undeclined. * Indēclinābilis*
animus, a conſtant firm mind.
Indēclinatus, a, um, not Eſcaped,
*Steaſt, * Indēclinata amicitia*
ſettled friendſhip.
*Indēcor, ōris, not becoming. * In-*
erit

- erimus regno indecora, we shall not be unworthy the Kingdom.
 Indecore, adv. Undecently.
 † Indecorōsus, a, um, unseemly, unbecoming.
 † Indecorū, i, n. Indecency.
 Indecorus, a, um, unbecoming, unworthy.
 Indefatigabilis, e, not subject to weariness, not to be tried.
 † Indefectus, a, um, without Defect.
 Indefensus, a, um, Undefended.
 Indefessus, } adv. unwarily.
 Indefessus, }
 Indefessus, a, um, unwearied.
 † Indeficiens, ntis, not failing.
 Indefinite, adv. Indefinitely. Obscurely.
 Indefinitus, a, um, Indefinite, Obscure, Ambiguous, Unbounded.
 Indefertus, a, um, not Lamented.
 Indefertus, a, um, not Bent or Bowed, constant.
 Indefertus, a, um, not cast down or dejected.
 Indelebilis, e, which cannot be blotted.
 Indelectatus, a, um, not pleased.
 * Non indelectatus, well pleased.
 Indelibatus, a, um, entire, not diminished, untouched.
 Indemnatus, a, um, not condemned.
 Indemnitas, e, [a damnum] without Hurt or Damage.
 Indemnitas, atis, f. Indemnity, freedom, pardon.
 † Indemno, are, to pardon, acquit.
 Indemonstrabilis, e, which cannot be demonstrated.
 † Indentatus, a, um, Toothless.
 † Indepictus, a, um, not painted.
 † Indepiscor, sci, to obtain.
 Indeploatus, a, um, not bewailed or lamented.
 Indeprovatus, a, um, not Depraved. Uncorrupted.
 Indeprecabilis, e, Indeprecable, not to be passed by for any Prayers.
 Indeprehensibilis, not to be Taken or laid hold on.
 Indeprehensus, a, um, not Taken or Found.
 † Indeplo, are, to Obtain, Get.
 Indeptus, a, um, [of indepiscor] Gotten or having Gotten.
 Indesertus, a, um, never Left or Forsaken.
 Indeser, idis, not idle, quick.
 Indesinens, ntis, continual.
 Indesinenter, adv. continually.
 Indespectus, a, um, not despised.
 Indeterminatē, adv. Indifferently, not precisely.
 Indetonsus, a, um, not polled, unshorn.
 † Indetribilis, e, not to be worn out or wasted.
 Indevitatus, a, um, not avoided.
 † Indevotio, ōnis, f. want of Devotion.
 Index, icis, m. [ab indico] an Interpreter, Discoverer, a Touch-stone the Forefinger, a Title page or Table of a Book, an Inventory, Token, Sign, Guide. * Index charta, the trump * Index nauticus, the mariners compass.
 Indi, the Indians.
 India, a very large country of Asia.
 Indica, e, f. an Indian precious Stone, which in rubbing breaks out into a purple Sweat.
 Indica, a city of Iberia.
- Indicatio, ōnis, f. setting the price, a shewing. * Tua indicatio est, you ought to set a price.
 Indicativus, a, um, Indicative, shewing, declaring.
 † Indicātorius, a, um, Discovering.
 Indicātura, e, f. a pricing.
 Indicātus, a, um, prized, uttered, declared.
 Indicēna, e, f. a discovering, shewing, sign.
 Indicium, ii, n. a discovery, mark, sign. * Indicio est, it signifies. * Meo indicio miser perii, I have bewrayed my own nest. * Indicium profiteri, to discover his comrades.
 Indico, are, to shew, declare, demonstrate, accuse, set a price upon; also to promise. * Rogito prices, indicant charos, I ask the price of the Fish, but they hold them at too high a rate.
 Indico, xi, ctum, to denounce, proclaim, Summon, Tax, Appoint.
 * Indicere bellum, to bid defiance.
 * Indicere supplicationem, to enjoin prayers and supplications to be made on such a day either for averting threatened judgments, or a Thanksgiving for blessings received.
 † Indicator, ōris, m. he that Indites, or prefers an Inditement.
 Indictio, ōnis, f. a taxing. * In quos libera est indictio, they that are Tributary.
 Indictivus, a, um, proclaimed, published.
 Indictus, a, um, [of indico] Denounced, proclaimed; also unjust, not to be uttered. * Indicta causa, without pleading to the cause.
 Indicum, i, n. Indian blew.
 Indicus, a, um, Indian.
 Indidem, adv. From that same place.
 Indies, adv. daily, from day to day.
 Indifferens, ntis, Indifferent, without distinction. * Indifferens circa cibum, not scrupulous in Diet.
 Indifferenter, adv. Indifferently.
 * Indifferenter ferre, to be unconcerned.
 Indifferentia, e, f. Indifference, Likeness.
 Indigena, e, c. [ab inde & gigno] born in the same country. * Indigena vinum, Wine coming from such a Country, made there.
 Indigenitalis, e, natural, native.
 Indigenus, ntis, poor, needy.
 † Indigenter, adv. poorly, needily.
 Indigentia, a, f. want, poverty.
 Indigeo, ere, to want, to be in extreme poverty. * Indigere auxilii adjumento, to want aid, help.
 † Indigeries, ei, f. Indigestion.
 Indigēte, adv. confusedly.
 † Indigestibilis, e, not to be digested.
 † Indigestio, ōnis, f. indigestion.
 Indigestus, a, um, confused, not set in order. * Indigesta ligni simplicia, solid Wood without any Grain or Speck.
 Indigētes, um, Gods made of men.
 Indigetur, imp. there is want.
 † Indigitamentum, i, n. a Shewing, printing. * Indigitamenta, ōrum, n. a calendar of canonized Saints.
 Indictatio, ōnis, f. a naming, printing, canonizing.
- Indigito, are, [a digitus] to call name, shew with the Finger.
 Indignabundus, a, um, taking snuff, chafing, angry.
 Indignandus, a, um, to be rejected, slighted.
 Indignans, ntis, angry, taking ill, or in Wrath. * Servituti indignantissimus, not enduring slavery.
 Indignanter, adv. disdainfully.
 Indignatio, ōnis, f. Indignation, Wrath.
 Indignatiuncula, e, f. a little Anger, Pet or Trick.
 Indignatus, a, um, moved, angered, tempestuous. * Pontem indignatus, not enduring a bridge.
 Indigne, ius, adv. unworthily, beinously. * Indigne pari, to take it ill, hardly to brook it.
 Indignitas, atis, f. Unworthiness, an Abuse, Infamy.
 Indignor, ari, to be Angry, Wrath or Discontented, think scorn, take beinously. * Quidam indignatur imperia, some refuse Offices of Command.
 Indignus, a, um, unworthy, undeserving, beinous, barbarous. * Indignae turre, very high Towers. * Dignos atque indignos adibo, I'll try every one.
 Indigus, a, um, [ab indigeo] poor, needy, in want.
 Indiligens, ntis, negligent. * Indiligens hortus, negligently kept. * Non indiligens, diligent.
 Indiligenter, adv. negligently.
 Indiligentia, a, f. Negligence, sloth.
 Indimensus, a, um, unmeasurable, infinite.
 Indipiscor, sci, [ab in & ant. apiscor] to purchase, obtain, begin, fasten. * Indipisci pugnam, to begin the fight. * Indipisci animo, to get by heart, to have at ones fingers ends.
 Indirexus, a, um, unseemly, out of order.
 Indireptus, a, um, not pulled down.
 Indisciplinatio, ōnis, f. Misrule, want of discipline.
 † Indisciplinosus, a, um, Ill-bred, untaught.
 Indiscretus, a, um, not separated. * Indiscretæ similitudinis in a ginea, pictures extremely alike, between which no difference can be discerned.
 Indiscriminatim, adv. Indifferently.
 Indiscriminatus, a, um, not separated, without choice.
 Indiserte, adv. uneloquently.
 Indisertus, a, um, not eloquent.
 † Indispensatus, a, um, inconsiderate, without respect or proportion.
 Indispositē, adv. disorderly.
 Indispositus, a, um, out of order.
 † Indissimilimus, a, um, most unlike.
 Indissimulabilis, e, not to be dissembled.
 Indissimulatus, a, um, not dissembled.
 Indissolubilis, e, which cannot be dissolved or loosed.
 Indissolutus, a, um, not loosed or dissolved.
 Indistanter, adv. indifferently.
 Indistinctus, adv. confusedly.
 Indistinctus, a, um, confused.
 Indistigibilis, e, not to be distinguished.
 Indistinctus, a, um, unburst, not raised.

† Inditor, ōris, m. a Civer, an im-
poser.
Inditus, a, um [of indor] put in,
built upon. * Vincula indita, be
was laid fast. * Lectica inditus,
put into a sedan.
† Individuē, inseparably.
Individuitas, ātis, f. inseparable-
ness.
Individuum, i, n. an Atom, a small
body not to be divided, one particu-
lar thing.
Individuus, a, um, individual, not
to be parted or separated.
Indivisiibilis, e, indivisible.
Indivisus, a, um, undivided.
Indivulsi, a, um, unseparable.
Indo, id, itum, [of in and do] to
put in, give, make, fix. * No-
men indidisti Tyndaro ye called
him Tindarus. * Indere cic-
trices in scapulas alicuius, to
make scars on any ones shoulders.
† Indocibilis, e, unteachable.
Indocilis, e, unteachable, unapt to
learn, dull. * Arbores indociles
nascent. Trees that will not grow.
* Indocili gulture vernat, sings
naturally.
Indocilitas, ātis, f. Unteachable-
ness.
Indolē, adv. unskillfully.
Indolus, a, um, Untaught, Un-
learned, Unskillful.
† Indolenter, without Grieving.
Indolentia, æ, f. want or absence of
Grief or Sorrow.
Indoleo, to begin to Grieve.
Indolesco, ere, fer.
Indoles, is, f. [ex in & oleo] To-
wardliness, a Disposition, Increase,
Nature. * Equorum indoles, the
Race of Horses.
† Indoloria, æ, f. a being without
Grief.
Indomābilis, e, Untameable.
Indomitus, a, um, Untamea, Un-
ruly, Invincible.
Indormio, ire, to sleep in or upon.
be slack or negligent. * Indormire
causam, to sleep as it were in
pleading.
† Indorio, are, to put on the back.
Indoratus, a, um, having no dowry
or portion, not honoured with
Funeral Rites.
† Indu, indo or endo, within.
Indubio, adv. without doubt.
Indubitābilis, e, not to be doubted.
Indubitāter, adv. Undoubtedly.
Indubitare, adv. Undoubtedly.
Indubitatus, a, um, undoubted,
certain.
Indubitō, are, to Doubt of, Doubt
much.
Indubius, a, um, questionless, out of
doubt.
INDUCIÆ, arum, f. [ab otium] a
truce, respite. * Inire inducias,
to enter into truce, clap up a peace.
† Inducarius, of a truce.
Inducialis, e, of a truce.
† Inducio, are, to make a Truce.
Induco, xi, &um, to lead, bring,
or draw in, induce, persuade, blot
out, race, cancel. * Inducere a-
nimum or in animum ut, to per-
suade ones self that. * Inducere
animum ad aliquid or aliquid in
animum, to give ones mind to a thing.
* Inducere aliquem or aliquem
loquentem, to bring any one in
speaking (in a speech, dialogue, &c.).
* Inducere calceum alicui, to put

on a mans shoe for him. * Indu-
cere aliquem in errorem or ali-
quem, to deceive one, shew one a
trick. * Inducere scuta pellibus,
to cover over the targets with skins.
* Inducere aliquid alicui, to put
a thing upon such a mans account,
sell it to him. * Inducere fron-
des, fructum, to put forth Leaves,
bear Fruit. * Ingenti pecunia
vobis inducetur, it will cost you a
good round sum. * Inducere ali-
quem in affectus, to move one.
Inductile, is, a Wine-pot.
Inductio, ōnis, f, an Induction, bring-
ing in, conveyance, persuasion, can-
celling, a general conclusion from the
enumeration of particulars. * In-
ductio aquarum, a conduit, a con-
veying of Water. * Inductio ani-
mi, a persuasion, resolution.
Inductor, ōris, m. an introductor.
Inductus, a, um, [of inducor]
Induced, Brought in, smoothed,
covered; also foreign.
Inductus, ūs, m. a persuasion, bring-
ing in.
Inductila, æ, f. [ab induo] an
under Garment, a Waistcoat, &c.
† Indugredior, di, to enter in.
Indulco, to sweeten.
Indulcoro, are, to sweeten.
Indulgens, ntis, gentle, coddling.
* Indulgentior facies, a pleasant
and sweet countenance.
Indulgenter, ius, iusimē, adv. ten-
derly, favourably.
Indulgentia, æ, f. Indulgence, gen-
tleness, mildness, liberty to do
anything. * Indulgentia celi, the
clearness and serenity of the heavens.
INDUEGEO, si, sum and tum,
[ab urgeo, vel à Olay mulceo]
to tender, coddle, give liberty, to
have regard, to make much of.
* Lachrymis indulgere, to weep
much. * Indulgere genio, to pam-
per up ones self. * Indulgere
amicitiis novis, to dote upon new
acquaintance. * Tempestas in-
dulget imbris, it rains hard.
* Indulgere gymnasiis, to addit
ones self to sports and manlike
recreations.
† Indulgitas, of Indulgence.
Indulgitas, ātis, of Indulgence.
Indultus, a, um, [of indulgeo]
coddled, suffered, born with.
Indūmen, inis, Apparel, Ve-
ndumentum, i, n. sure, Gar-
ment.
INDUO, ui, ūtum, [Ere] to
clothe, put on, translate, counter-
feit, intangle, cover, contain, fix-
ten. * Induit se nux in florem,
the Nut-tree blossomed. * Induere
animum artibus, to furnish the
mind. * Induere soleas jumentis,
to shoe horses. * Induere sibi iras,
to grow angry. * Induere se rei
publicæ, to intermeddle with the
Affairs of the state. * Induit illa
patrem, she blindfolded your Fa-
ther. * Indui sua confessione, to
be taken in his own confession.
† Indupedio, ire, to hinder, entan-
gle.
† Indupeditus, a, um, Hindered,
&c.
Indūpērator, ōris, m. an Emperor
or General. See Imperator.
† Indūpēro, are, to Demand.
Indūratic, ōnis, f. a hardening.
Indūrator, ōris, m. a hardener.

Indūratus, a, um, hardened.
Indūreo, ēre, induresco, ēre, to grow
hard. * Indurescere in prave,
to be depraved by vicious habits.
Indūro, are, to make hard.
† Indūrus, a, um, very hard.
Indus, a famous River of the Ea-
st, washing India and the West.
Indus, a, um, of India.
† Indūsia, æ, f. a waistcoat or shirt.
† Indūsiamen, inis, n. a German.
† Indūsiarius, ii, m. a Maker
Seller of shifts.
Indūsiatus, a, um, having a shift.
† Indūsiō, are, to put on Cloths.
† Indūsiōr, orie, m. he that bathes
shifts on.
Indūsiūm, ii, n. [ab induo] a shift
or shift.
Industria, æ, f. Industry, Diligence.
* De or ex industria, for the sake
Industrie, ius, adv. industriously,
diligently.
Industrius, a, um, [ab intus & itruo]
Industrious, diligent, care-
ful, laborious.
Indūtus, a, um, [of induor] put
anointed, clothed.
Indūtus, ūs, m. an arraying, cloth-
ing, putting on. * Indutus in
peratorius, Royal Robes.
Induvia, arum, f. [ab induo] an
Adder's skin. Cloak.
Induvium, i, n. the bark of a tree.
Inebri, arum, f. [ab inhiere] in-
drances, unlucky birds.
† Inebriācus, a, um, Drunken.
Inebriatio, ōnis, f. a making drunk.
Inebriator, ōris, m. a Drunken-
maker.
Inebriatus, a, um, made drunk.
Inebrio, are, to make drunk.
† Inebriōsus, a, um, drunken.
Inedia, æ, f. [ab edo] Famine, want
of Meat.
Ineditus, a, um, not published.
† Ineffāber, a, um, Bungling.
Ineffābilis, e, unspeakable.
† Ineffābiliter, adv. unspeakably.
Inefficax, acis, without force or
virtue.
Ineffigiat, a, um, without form
or fashion.
Ineffigibilis, e, Inevitable, Un-
avoidable.
Inelābōratus, a, um, done with
little Labour.
Inelēgans, ntis, not gay or trim.
Inelēganter, adv. without a Grace
or Beauty.
† Inelēgancia, æ, f. slovenliness.
Ineluctābilis, e, which cannot be
overcome or broke thorough.
Inemendābilis, e, which cannot be
mended.
Inemendatus, a, um, not mended.
Inemōrior, ri, to Die in a thing.
Inemptus, a, um, not bought, free.
Inenarrābilis, e, unutterable.
† Inenarrābiliter, unspeakably.
Inenarratus, a, um, untold, past speech.
Inenodābilis, e, not to be loosed &
untied.
Inenodatus, a, um, not explained.
† Inenodo, are, to loose, untie.
† Inenormis, e, not excessive.
Ineo, inivi, itum, to go into, en-
dertake, lye with one. * Inire ce-
fulatum, to enter upon the Confu-
ship. * Inire gratiam ab aliquo,
to get into ones good favour. * Inire
numerus, to count, number. * Inire
nexus, to come into an Engage-
ment. * Inire certamen, to fight.

the Combat. * In re rationem, to devise. * In it te febris, you have a Fever.
 † Inēphippiātus, a, um, unsaddled.
 † Inēptē, adv. Foolishly, beside the purpose.
 Inēptia, æ, f. Foolishness, trifling.
 Inēptio, ire, to trifle, talk idly.
 Inēptitudo, inis, f. unfitness, trifling.
 † Inēpro, are, to trifle, play the fool.
 Inēptus, a, um, [ab in & aptus] unapt, unapt, foolish, fond.
 Inēquābilis, le, not to be ridden upon.
 Inēquitratio, ōnis, f. a riding upon.
 Inēquisto, are, to ride upon.
 Inermis, e, [ab arma] unarmed, naked.
 Inermus, a, um, armed, naked.
 † Inermatus, a, um, disarmed.
 † Inermo, are, to disarm.
 † Inerrābilis, le, not wandering.
 Inerrans, ntis, wandering in; also not wandering. * Stella inerrantes, the fixed Stars.
 Inerro, are, to wander about. * Ignis inerrat adibus. creeps about the House.
 Iners, tior, issimus, [ab ars] slothful, sluggish, ignorant of all Arts and Sciences, dull, spiritless fruitless, barren, unfavoury, unfit. * Ætati iners, Old age. * Anima iners, a Coward. * Ponderus iners, a great Lubber. * Inertissima segnitia, very great sloth. * Iners membris, having no use of his limbs. * Caro iners, unfavoury flesh.
 Inertia, æ, f. Ignorance of Arts and Sciences, sluggishness. * Strenua inertia, unskilful Diligence.
 Inerticula, æ, f. a Vine that bears very small Wine, or which does not bring the Gout.
 † Inertichilus, a, um, somewhat lazy, never hurting the sinews.
 Inertitudo, inis, f. Laziness.
 Inertitū, adv. ignorantly.
 † Inertitudo, ōnis, f. ignorance.
 Inertitū, a, um, unlearned, ignorant.
 Inescatio, ōnis, f. a Baiting, inveigling.
 Inescatur, a, um, deceiving, fed.
 Inesco, are, [ab esca] to lay a bait, deceive, allure.
 Inevectus, a, um, exalted, or not exalted.
 Inevitabilis, le, unavoidable.
 Inevitatus, a, um, not avoided.
 Inexatūabilis, le, insatiable, not to be filled.
 Inexatūatus, unsatisfied.
 Inexcitabilis, e, not to be awakened.
 Inexcitatus, a, um, not provoked.
 Inexcogitabilis, le, not to be found out.
 Inexcogitatus, a, um, not devised.
 Inexcultus, a, um, unpolished.
 Inexcusabilis, le, unexcusable.
 Inexcusatus, a, um, not excused.
 Inexercitatus, a, um, not exercised.
 Inexercitus, a, um, [ab exercis] cised, not practised.
 † Inexformabilis, le, which cannot be fashioned.
 Inexhaustus, a, um, which cannot be wasted, spent, drawn out, or filled.
 Inexorabilis, e, inexorable, implacable.
 Inexoratus, a, um, not intreated.
 Inexpediabilis, le, not to be expedited.

Inexpectatus, a, um, unexpected, unlooked for.
 Inexpeditus, a, um, unfurnished, unready.
 Inexperectus, a, um, not risen up.
 † Inexpers, rtis, unskilful.
 Inexpertus, a, um, not proved or tried, unexperienced, not having proved.
 Inexpiabilis, e, inexpiable, not to be cleansed or appeased. * Odium inexpiabile, an irreconcilable hatred.
 Inexpiatus, a, um, not cleansed or appeased.
 Inexplānabilis, e, not to be explained.
 Inexplānatus, a, um, not made plain, fluttering.
 Inexplēbilis, e, unsatiable.
 Inexplētis, a, um, not filled or finished. * Lachrymans inexplētum, greatly bewailing.
 Inexplicabilis, e, not to be explained. * Inexplicabiles fraudes, Deceits for which there is no vindication.
 Inexplicabiliter, adv. inexpressibly.
 Inexplicatus, [ab explicatus] intricate, not
 Inexplicitus, a, um, [ab explicatus] to be unfolded, hard to be understood.
 Inexplorātē, adv. not making
 Inexplorato, [ab exploratus] proof or trial, rashly
 Inexploratus, a, um, not Tried or Searched.
 Inexpugnabilis, e, impregnable, invincible.
 Inexpugnatus, a, um, not overcome.
 Inexpūtābilis, e, which cannot be numbered.
 † Inexterminābilis, e, which cannot be driven out.
 † Inextimābilis, e, which cannot be esteemed.
 Inextinctus, a, um, not quenched.
 Inextinguibilis, e, unquenchable.
 Inextirpabilis, e, not to be rooted or plucked up.
 Inextirpatus, a, um, not rooted or plucked up.
 Inextricabilis, e, of which one cannot rid himself, hardly plucked up.
 Inextricatus, a, um, not unfolded or freed.
 Inexuperabilis, e, not to be overcome or passed.
 Inexuperatus, a, um, not overcome.
 Infāber, a, um, bungling, inattentive.
 Infābrē, infaberrimē, adv. bunglingly, clouterly.
 Infabricatus, a, um, not wrought by the Carpenter, rough beam.
 Infacētē, adv. unpleasantly.
 Infacētiæ, arum, f. dull Humours, pitiful Conceits, witless Merriment.
 Infacētus, a, um, dull, unpleasant.
 Infacundia, æ, f. want of Eloquence.
 Infacundus, a, um, not Eloquent.
 Infalibilis, e, infallible.
 Infamatio, ōnis, f. a defaming.
 Infamator, ōnis, m. a defamer.
 Infamatus, a, um, defamed.
 Infamia, æ, f. [ab fama] Infamy, bad Name, Reproach.
 Infamis, e, evil Spoken of, slandered and slanderous; also unlucky, dismal. * Infamem facere, to defame.
 Infamissimē, adv. most infamously.
 Infamo, are, to Defame, Reproach, Slander, Destroy. * Ut tua mo-

deratio aliorum infamet injurias, how your mild Temper renders the Injuries offered by others contemptible.
 † Infandificus, a, um, doing things not to be named.
 Infandum! adv. O horrible!
 Infandus, a, um, horrible, not to be Spoken or Named.
 Infans, ntis, [ab fari] an Infant, Babe, the Young of Beasts or Birds.
 * Homo infans, a poor Speaker.
 * Pectus infans, a Child's Breasts.
 * Infans balerus, a young Musbroom. * Nil Lestulo infantius, no Man living had less Eloquence.
 Infantaria, æ, f. a Teeming Woman; also a Woman lying in.
 Infantia, æ, f. infancy, Childhood, disability of expressing ones mind.
 Infanticidium, i, n. a killing of infants.
 Infantilis, e, of Childhood.
 Infantissimus, most Childish.
 Infanto, are, to feed Children.
 † Infantula, æ, f. a little Girl.
 Infantulus, i, m. [ab infans] a little Infant.
 Infarcio, si, tum, to fill, stuff. * Infarcire verba, to crowd in words.
 Infatigabilis, e, unwearied.
 Infatigabiliter, adv. unweariedly.
 Infatigatus, a, um, unwearied.
 † Infatuatio, ōnis, f. a besetting.
 † Infatuatus, a, um, stupified, distracted.
 Infatuo are, [ab fatuus] to make stupid and foolish.
 † Infavorabilis, e, not to be favoured.
 Infaustus, a, um, unlucky, unhappy.
 Infectio, ōnis, f. Infection.
 † Infecto, are, to colour or dye.
 Infector, ōnis, m. a Dyer.
 † Infectorius, a, um, dying. * Infectoria spina, Buck-thorn.
 Infectus, ū, m. a dying.
 Infectus, a, um, [ab inficior] dyed, infected.
 Infectus, a, um, [of in and factus] undone, not finished, unfeasible. * Si omnia pro infecto sint, suppose nothing were done. * Infectum argentum, unwrought Plate.
 Infelicitas, atis, f. unhappiness.
 Infelicitate, adv. unhappily.
 † Infelicitate, are, to make unhappy.
 Infelix, icis, unlucky, unhappy, dismal. * Infelix arbor, a Gibbet.
 † Infendo, ere, to provoke.
 Infensē, adv. angrily.
 Infense, are, to Anger; also to be angry or displeased. * Infensare pabula, to harass the Pastures.
 Infensus, a, um, ior, issimus, [ab ant. fensus, iratus] angry, displeased; also hateful or hated, raging.
 * Infensa valetudo, Sickness.
 † Infer, for infra, beneath.
 † Infercio, ire, [of in and farcio] to stuff, fill.
 Inferi, orum, m. [ab infra] the Gods or Souls in Hell.
 Inferiæ, arum, f. Sacrifice for the Dead.
 Inferialis, e, of Funerals.
 Inferior, ius, ōnis, inferior, lower.
 Inferius, adv. lower. See Infra.
 Inferius, a, um, [ab inferi] consecrated to the Gods.
 infernalis, e, infernal.
 Infernas, atis, which is from beneath.
 Infernē, adv. from beneath.

Infer-

Infernum, i, n. Hell.

Infernus, a, um, which is below.

Infero, inferi illatum, to bring in, rush or cast in, add, conclude. Bury, alledge, sue. * Inferre manus alicui, to lay hands on one. * Inferre faucibus, to put into one's Mouth. * Inferre abortum, to make one miscarry. * Inferre signa, to march with Colours. * Ut magnifice inferre, how statelily he makes his entry. * Inferre litem capitis in aliquem, or periculum capitis alicui, to impeach one of Felony. * Sermonem hac de re intulit, he discoursed of this matter, Treated of it. * Inferre rationibus, to cast up. * Inferre mortuum, to Bury a Corpse.

Infertilis, e, Barren, unfruitful.

† Inferor, oris, m. he that serves up the Meat.

† Infertum vinum, Wine sacrificed and offered at the Altar.

Infervecio, ere, to make hot.

Inferveo, ere, to be hot, boil.

Infervesco, ere, to be made hot.

Inferus, a, um, [ab infra vel infero] which is beneath. * Mare inferum, the Tuscan Sea. * Inferum limen, the threshold.

† Infessus, a, um, unwearied, very studious.

Infestatio, onis, f. a vexing, troubling.

Infestator oris, m. a Troubler, Robber.

Infestatus, a, um, troubled.

Infestus, ius, illine, adv. troublesomely, maliciously.

Infestus, a, um, unpleasant.

Infesto, are, to Vex, Trouble, Corrupt.

Infestus, a, um, [a festus vel fero] annoying, troubles me, deadly, malicious, hostile, spiteful, angry; also mortally hated. * Infesta itinera, Roads haunted by Thieves. * Mare infestum habere, to picket, molest by Piracy.

Infibulo, are, to Clasp, Button.

Infictio, arum, f. dull, insipid tests.

Inflectus, a, um, [of in and factus] dull, unpleasant.

Inficialis, e, of a Denial.

Inficiendus, a, um, to be denied.

Inficias, Acc. Plu. a denial. * Inficias ire, to deny.

Inficiatio, onis, f. a denying.

Inficiat r, oris, m. a denier, he that disowns a Debt, &c.

Inficiatrix, icis, f. a denier.

† Inficiens, ntis, idle, unemployed.

Inficiens, ntis, [of inficio] dying.

Inficio, eci, um, [of in and facio] to dye colours, infect, stain, pollute, instruct, corrupt, over-cast. * Delicis animum inficere, to deprave the mind with pleasures. * Inficere artibus, to teach one the Arts.

Inficior, ari, [a facio vel fateor] to deny, refuse, disown that which was entrusted.

Infide, adv. treacherously.

Infidelis, e, Faithless, Distrustful.

Infidelitas, atis, f. infidelity, Disloyalty.

Infideliter, adv, unfaithfully.

Infidus, a, um, unfaithful.

Infigo, xi, ctum, to fasten, stick in.

† Infigibilis, e, not to be described or portrayed.

Infirmates, ium, m. the Meanest of the People, the Rascality.

† Infirmatus, a, um, abased, depressed, cast down.

† Infimilitas, atis, f. Lowness, Baseness.

† Infimo, are, to depress or cast down.

Infimus, a, um, [ab intra] Lowest, Meanest, Vilest. * Infimis precibus petere, to intreat most Humbly.

Inido, ere, to Cut, Cleave or Grasp.

† Infinitabilis, e, infinite.

Infinitas, atis, f. Infinity, Endlessness.

Infinitè, adv. infinitely, Endlessly.

Infinito, ly.

† Infinitum, a, um, night at hand.

Infinitio, onis, f. infiniteness.

† Infinitimus, a, um, infinite, undetermined.

Infinitus, a, um, infinite, without number or end. * Ad infinitum, for ever and ever.

Infirmarium, an Hospital.

† Infirmarius, ii, m. he that is sick or looks to be sick.

Infirmatio, onis, f. a Weakening.

Infirmator, oris, m. a Weakner.

† Infirmatorium, ii, n. an Asylum.

Infirmatus, a, um, weakened, wounded, denied.

Infirmè, adv. Faintly, feebly.

Infirmitas, atis, f. feebleness, weakness. * Infirmitas Gallorum, the levity of the French.

Infirmus, are, to weaken, confute, dissolve. * Infirmare testes, to make their Evidence void.

Infirmus, a, um, ior, issimus, feeble, weak, infirm [in Body or Mind].

* Infirmi saporis vinum, weak Wine, Spiritless.

Infit, [a quasi dico] he begins or says.

† Infiteor, eri, to deny.

† Inficias, for inficias.

† Inficiatio, onis, f. a denying.

† Infixio, onis, f. a Fastening or Thrusting in.

Infixus, a, um, [ab infigor] Fastened, thrust in or thorow. * Infixa animis religio, Religion imprinted upon the Mind.

† Inflammantè, inflamedly.

Inflammatio, onis, f. an inflaming.

Inflammator, oris, m. an Inflaming.

Inflammatrix, icis, f. a mer.

Inflammatus, a, um, inflamed. * Inflammata lassitudo, an inflammation from too much labour, causing heaviness.

Inflammo, are, [a flamma] to inflame, incense, provoke. * Inflammare invidiam, to heighten envy.

† Inflatè, ius, Proudly, puffingly.

Inflatio, onis, f. a puffing up, swelling with wind. * Magnam habet inflationem, it breeds Wind extremely.

Inflatus, a, um, Blown or puffed up.

Inflatus, us, m. a swelling or puffing up, inspiration.

Inflexio, onis, f. a Bowing, wheeling about.

Inflexo, xi, ctum, to Bow or bend in, daunt, decline. * Solus hic inflexit sensus, He alone made me change my mind. * Lachrymis

me inflexit, he moved me to compassion with his Tears.

Inherus, a, um, unlamented.

Inflexibilis, e, inflexible, not to be t.

† Inflexibilitas, atis, f. inflexibility.

Inflexio, onis, f. a Bowing or bending in.

Inflexus, a, um, [of inflector] bent in, changed, declined.

Inflatus, a, um, [of inflator] inflated, dashed against.

Infigo, xi, ctum, to inflit, strike, sting. * Infigere colaphum, to give one a Box. * Infigere turpitudinem, to disgrace himself.

Inflo, are, to blow into or puff up.

* Inflare spem, to increase hope.

† Influctus, are, to swim or flow in.

Influentia, æ, f. a Flowing influence.

Influo, xi, xum, to flow into, enter gently, flow together in a heap.

* Influerè in aures populi blanditus, to win the Affections of the People by Flattery.

Influxus, us, m. an influence, flowing in.

Infodio, odi, sum, to dig in, interre.

Infecundè, adv. Barrenly.

Infecundus, a, um, Unfruitful.

Infecunditas, atis, f. Unfruitfulness.

Infecundo, are, to make Barren, Unfruitful.

Infecundus, a, um, Unfruitful, barren.

Infelix, Unhappy, unfruitful, evil.

† Infelix, a, um, Barren.

† Infector, oris, f. a piercing.

Infector, oris, a Piercing.

Informatio, onis, f. a Fashioning, Draught, Model, and the shape of it with the Fancy.

Informator, oris, m. a Fashioner.

Informatrix, icis, f. an informer.

Informatus, a, um, informed, fashioned, only begun, not finished, not put in Execution. * Amicus a natura bene informatus, a well framed, apt to receive a virtuous impression.

Informidatus, a, um, not feared.

Informis, e, [a forma] without form, shape or comeliness, ill-favoured, ugly.

† Informitas, atis, f. Deformity, Uglinefs.

Informo, are, to Form, fashion, instruct, train up. * Informare de conjectura, to Guess what the Cause are.

Infiro, are, to pierce or bore a hole into, to publish at the market, pluck.

† Infortio, are, to confirm.

Infortunatè, adv. Unfortunatly.

Infortunatus, a, um, Unfortunate, unhappy.

† Infortunitas, atis, f. Unhappiness.

Infortunium, ii n. misfortune, chief. * Infortunium habere, to be miserable.

† Infortuno, are, to make unhappy.

Infusus, a, um, digged, buried in.

INFRA, præp. [a super] beneath, below. * Non infra novena, not fewer than nine. * Homerus infra superiorem Lycurgum fuit, Homer did not live after Lycurgus the elder.

In Gorn, Enter upon, Begin. * Vetti-
gus patris ingredi, to tread in his
Father's steps, imitate him. * Quam
vitam ingrediar, What course of
life I shall follow. * Spem in-
gredi, to be in hopes.
Ingressio, ōnis, f. a Going in.
Ingressus, a, um, [of ingrediō] En-
tered.
Ingressus, ūs, m. a Going in, or En-
trance, the beginning of.
† Ingrossor, ōris, an Ingrosser.
Ingruens, ntis, Hard at Hand.
Ingruo, ere, [a grus] to invade, Af-
flict, Approach. * Ingruit frigus,
the cold weather is at hand. * Imber
ferreus ingruit, a great shower is
ready to fall.
INGUEN, Inis, n. [ab "Εγγον
fetus] the Twist, Groin, a Bile
thereabouts.
Inguinalis, e, of the Groin.
Inguinalis, is, } Share-wort.
Inguinaria, æ, f. }
Inguini, a People of Umbria
† Inguissatus, a, um, Burdened bur-
sten belied.
Ingurgitatio, ōnis, f. a Devouring,
Swallowing up.
Ingurgitator, ōris, m. a Devourer.
Ingurgito, are, [a Gurgēs] to De-
vour, Swallow up, Drown. * Se ci-
bis ingurgitare, to cram himself.
* Ingurgitare se in flagitia, to
plunge himself over Head and Ears
in Villanies.
Inguisabilis, e, not to be Tasted.
Inguisatus, a, um, not Tasted.
Inhabilis, e, unapt, unweildy, an-
fit.
† Inhabilitas, ātis, f. unfitness, un-
weildiness.
Inhabitabilis, e, Uninhabited, not
to be dwelt in.
† Inhabitantes, ium, Inhabitants.
Inhabitatio, ōnis, f. an Inhabit-
ing.
Inhabitator, oris, m. an Inhabi-
tant.
Inhabito, are, to Inhabit or Dwell.
Inhareo, si, sum, to stick fast unto,
in or at. * Inhærere voluptati-
bus, to be wholly given to pleasure.
* Inhæret illa lingua, he is tongue-
tied. * Inhærere veltigiis priori-
bus, to follow his old wont.
Inhæres, ētis, c. he that is no Heir.
Inhæresco, ere, to cleave to, stick in.
Inhæsiō, ōnis, f. a sticking to or in.
Inhālātio, ōnis, f. } a Breathing or
Inhālātus, ūs, m. } Blowing in.
Inhālo, are, to Breathe or Blow in or
upon.
† Inhāmātio, ōnis, f. a Hooking.
† Inhamo, are, to hang on or take
with the Hook.
† Inhiāter, Gapingly, Greedily.
Inhiatio, ōnis, f. } a Gaping upon,
Inhiatus, ūs, m. } a Chap in the
Earth.
Inhiator, ōris, m. a Gaper.
† Inhibæ, arum, f. Unlucky birds
in Soothsaying.
Inhibeo, ui, itum, [of in and ha-
beo] to hinder, stop, With-hold, hold
in the reins. * Inhibere remos, to
desist from an undertaking. * In-
hibere supplicia, to threaten Pu-
nishment. * Inhibere retro navem,
to row backwards.
Inhibitio, ōnis, f. an inhibition,
forbidding.
Inhibitor, ōris, m. a forbider, hin-
derer, a Serjeant or Beadle.

Inhibitus, a, um, [of inhibeor]
Hindered, Stopped, &c.
Inhio, are, to Gape upon, follow with
open mouth, Seek greedily. * Inhi-
are aliquem, to Gape for ones com-
ing.
Inhonestamentum, i, n. a Reproach,
shame.
Inhonestas, ātis, f. Dishonesty, Base-
ness, Ill favouredness.
Inhonestatio, ōnis, f. a Dishonour-
ing.
Inhonestè, adv. Dishonestly, Disho-
nourably.
Inhonesto, are, to Dishonour, Dis-
grace.
Inhonestus, a, um, Dishonest, Filthy,
Base.
Inhonorabilis, e, Dishonourable.
Inhonoratus, a, um, Unhonoured.
* Transire aliquid inhonoratum,
to pass a thing without giving it
its due praise.
Inhonorus, a, um, Dishonourable,
without Honour or Renown.
Inhorreo, ere, } to be afraid, grow
Inhorresco, ere, } Rough.
† Inhospes, itis, he that lodges no
Man.
Inhospitalis, e, Unkind, Receiving
none to lodge, not Inhabited.
Inhospitalitas, ātis, f. Inhospitality,
bad Entertaining of guests.
Inhospitus, a, um, Harbourless, not
apt for Lodging. Rude, Merciless.
† Inhube, ēris, Small, Slender.
Inhumāre, } adv. Inhumanity,
Inhumaniter, } courtesy.
Inhumānitas, ātis, f. Inhumanity,
Uncourteousness.
Inhumānus, a, um, Inhumane, Un-
civil, Ungentile, Immortal.
Inhumatio, ōnis, f. a Burying.
Inhumatus, a, um, Unburied.
† Inhumigo, are, to Water, Over-
flow.
Inhumo, are, to Interr, Bury.
Inhumor, ari, to be Buried or Un-
buried.
Inibi, adv. in that same place.
† Inicere, to strike or drive in.
Iniciatus, a, um, Begun.
† Inidoneus, a, um, Unfit.
Injectio, ōnis, f. a putting or Cast-
ing in. * Manus injectio, a laying
hold in.
Injecto, are, often to cast in or on.
Injectus, a, um, [of [in]icior] Cast
or Thrown in or upon.
Injectus, ūs, m. a Casting in or up-
on.
Iniens, -ntis, [of in eo] Begin-
ning. * Ab ineunte ætate, from
his Youth.
Inigo, egi, actum, [of in and ago]
to Drive in, Throw down.
Inicio, eci, ectum, [of in and jacio]
to Cast in or upon, clap in. * In-
jicere, manum, to challenge a thing
for ones own. * Religionem inji-
cere, to raise a Scruple. * Frustra-
tionem in aliquem injicere, to be-
guile. * Injicere spem, to give
one hopes. * (Glebam in os injice-
re, to fill up the Grave. * Injicio
illud, Moreover.
Inimicè, adv. like an Enemy.
Inimiciter, adv. Spitefully.
Inimicitia, æ, f. Enmity, Hatred.
* Capere inimicitias in se, to
bring himself into displeasure
* Inimicitia sunt inter eos, they
are fallen out.
Inimicitialis, e, Spiteful.

Inimico, are, To set at Enmity.
Inimicor, ari, to Fall out or be at
Enemies.
Inimicus, a, um, ior, ius, ius
Hateful, Hated, Inimical, Hostile.
Inimicus, i, m. [of in and amicus]
an Enemy, a Back-friend.
Inimitabilis, e, Inimitable, not ea-
sily followed.
† Ininde, adv. From that place.
Inion, g. the hinder part of the back.
Inique, adv. Unjustly. Partially.
Iniquitas, ātis, Unevenness, un-
justness, Unequalness. * Iniquitas
loci, the odds of the ground.
Iniquo, are, to vex, grieve.
† Iniquosus, a, um, unjust, Partial.
Iniquus, a, um, ior, ius, ius
and æquus] Uneven, Unjust, Un-
reasonable, unkind, unfriendly, Par-
tial. * Loco iniquo pugnatum est,
they fought not on even ground. * In-
iniquo onere premi, to be overbur-
thened. * Spatiis iniquis excludi,
to be straightened for room. * In-
quo vultu spectare, to look on
upon one.
† Inirascencia, æ, f. want of argu-
ment.
† Inirrigatus, a, um, Unwatered.
† Initia, æ, f. a point or Ribban for
a Coat before.
Initia, orum, n. the Mysteries of
Ceres.
Initialis, e, Ancient, First.
Initiamenta, orum, n. the first
Principles of Religion.
Initiatio, ōnis, f. a Beginning of
Entering upon.
Initiator, ōris, m. the Bishop of
Syracusa.
Initiatus, a, um, Initiated, Entered
upon, Licensed.
Initio, are, to enter one into the my-
steries of Ceres. Instruct, License.
* Initiare munditias, trick and
trim up ones self, go near and gen-
tile. * Liberis anitiantur maritus
& uxor, man and wife as fast link
together by the fruit of their Bo-
dies.
Initior, ari, to Begin, be Admitted
licensed.
Initium, ii, n. [ab in eo] a Begin-
ning, Entrance, Rise, Birth. * Initia
prima, the first Principles.
† Initor, oris, m. a Stallion.
Initus, a, um, [of in eo] Begun, Un-
dertaken.
Initus, ūs, m. a Coupling together.
Injucundè, adv. Unpleasantly.
Injucunditas, ātis, f. Unpleasant-
ness.
Injucundus, a, um, Unpleasant.
Injudicabilis, e, not to be Judged.
Injudicatus, a, um, Unjudged.
Injugis, e, without Yoke or Conjun-
ction.
Injunctio, ōnis, f. an Injunction.
Injunctus, a, um, Joyned together.
Injungo, xi, ctum, to Joyn or En-
joyn, to put in Commission, give in
charge of Command. * Injungere
detrimentum republicæ, to en-
dammage the Common-wealth. * In-
jungere sibi tormentum, to per-
plex ones self.
Injurabilis, e, which cannot be called
to Swear.
Injuratus, a, um, unsworn, without
Swearing.
Injuria, æ, [a jus] an Injuring.
Prejudice, Wrong. * Ab injuria ob-
livionis se afferere, to make him-
self immortal. * Injuriam for-
mole

*culpa, an action of trespass. * Injuriam cum aliquo agere, to sue upon an action of trespass. * Nec injuria, and not without cause. Injuria, abl. } Wrongfully, Unjustly, adv. } deservedly. Injuriæ, tri, to Injure, wrong. Injuriæ, adv. injuriously, wrongfully. * Injuriæ tractare, to wrong. Injurius, a, um, Injurious, doing Wrong. * Vita injuriosa, a manner of living hurtful and offensive to others. Injurius, a, um, doing wrong, unjust. Injustus, a, um, not commanded, not Authorized, without fowing. Injustus, m. want of Warrant or Command. * Injustu meo, without my bidding or Authority. Injuste, adv. Unjustly, Wrongfully. Injustitia, æ, f. Injustice, Wrong. Injustus, a, um, Unjust, Unreasonable, Excessive, Cruel. * Injusto sub fasce, with too great a burden. Injux, ægis, Untamed. Inlātēro, are, to hide within. Inlāqueatus, a, um, Bound or unbound. Inlecebrosē, Urgently, Unpleasantly. Inlex, icis, c. [ab inlicio] a Decoy. * Inlices canales, channels in streets See Illex. Inlicitiosus, a, um, Excessive. Inlicio, ēre, to Entice. See Illicio. Inlicitator, ōris, m, he that buys or bids more. Inliquēfactus, a, um, Melted into. Inlitratus, a, um, Unwritten. Innabilis, e, not to be Swam or Sailed on. Innascor, natus, sum, fci, to be born or engendered in any thing. Innatābilis, e, not to be Swam in. Innatatio, ōnis, f. a Swimming upon. Innato, are, to Swim in or upon, Overflow, creep into. Innatus, a, um, Born or Engendred in. Innavigābilis, e, Unnavigable, not fit to be sailed on. Innavigatus, a, um, not sailed on or in. Innavigo, are, to sail in or on. Innecho, xui, and xi, xum, to knit or Tye together, Clip about. * Moras innectere, to prolong. Innexus, a, um, [of innector] Tied, Fastned. Innotor, ixus and nifus sum, ti, to stay upon, or Lean, Endeavour. Innoxus, a, um, Learning upon. Inno, are, to Swim into or upon. Innocens, ntis, Innocent, Guiltless, Harmless. Innocenter, ius, adv. Innocently. Innocentia, æ, f. Innocency. Innocentius, the Names of several Popes. Innoce, adn. Harmlessly. Innoceus, a, um, Harmless, Innocent. Innodatus, a, um, Knit, Fastned. Inno, are, to knit fast. Innomīnābilis, e, not to be named. Innomīnatus, a, um, not named. Innotesco, ere, to become Famous and Known. Innoto, are, to inscribe. Innotus, a, um, Unknown.*

Innovatio, ōnis, f. an Innovation, Renewing. Innovator, ōris, m. a Renewer. † Innovatus, a, um, renewed. Innovo, are, to renew, make or become new. Innoxius, a, um, Innocent, harmless and unharmed. Innuba, æ, f. she that never was married. Innubilatus, a, um, clouded. Innubilus, are, to cloud. Innubilus, a, um, clear. Innubo, pfi, ēre, to marry into. Innubus, i, m. [a nubo] he that never was married. Innūmerābilis, e, innumerable. Innūmerābilitas, ātis, f. an infinite number. Innūmerābiliter, adv. Innumerably. † Innūmerālis, e, } Number- Innumerus, a, um, } less. Innuo, ui, utum, to Nod, Signify by nodding, Hint, Intimate. Innuptus, a, um, Unmarried. * Innuptæ nuptæ, where the usual ceremonies are not performed. Innutrio, ire, to Nourish, Bring up, in or at. Innutritio, ōnis, f. a bringing up. Innutritus, a, um, brought up in or at. Ino, us, the Daughter of Cadmus and Harmonia, and wife of Athamas, who in his Madness supposing her to be a Lioness drove her headlong into the Sea. Inobediens, ntis, disobedient. Inobedientia, æ, f. Disobedience. Inoblitus, a, um, Unforgetful. Inobrotus, a, um, not overwhelmed. Inobscuro, are, to make dark or obscure. Inobsequens, ntis, Disobedient. Inobservabilis, e, Unobservable. Inobservantia, æ, f. Inadvertency. Inobservatus, a, um, Unobserved. Innocentus, a, um, Harrowed in. Inociduus, a, um, never Dying or Setting. Inocco, are, to barrow in. Inoculatio, ōnis, f. an Engrafting of a bud. Inoculātor, ōris, m. an Engraffer. Inoculo, are, [ab oculus] to engraffe or bud. Inodoro, are, to Sweeten, give a Savour. Inodorus, a, um, without Savour, Unsavoury. † Inoffensē, without stumbling, Inoffensus, a, um, not stumbling, Unhurt, Inoffensive. * Iter inoffensum, a plain way. * Inoffensa tempora a valetudine vivere, to live in perfect health. * Inoffensa copulatio vocum, a smooth joining of words, not grating a curious Ear. Inofficiōse, Uncivilly. Inofficiōsus, a, um, acting against Duty, Honesty, or Friendship, Undutiful. † Inolens, ntis, without smell or savour. Inolesco, evi, etum, and ui, itum, to Encrease, Grow within or Bigger. * Natura inolevit, Nature hath strengthened. Inollitus, a, um, Inbred, which one is accustomed to. Inomīnalis, e, Unlucky. Inomīnatus, a, um, Unhappy, Fore-spoken. Inopaco, are, to Shade or Shadow.

† Inopērio, ire, to Discover. Inopertus, a, um, Uncovered. * Inoperto capite, impudently. Inopia, æ, f. [ab inops] Want, Poverty. * Inopia & jejunitas oratori cavenda, an Orator ought to take Care his Oration be sinewy and pithy. Inopinābilis, e, Never thought of, Unlooked for. Inopinans, ntis, Uncircumspect, not aware. Inopinanter, } adv. Un- Inopinatē, } wares, beside Inopinato, } Expectation. Inopinatus, a, um, not thought of or looked for. * Ex inopinato observare, to watch slyly. Inopinus, a, um, the same. † Inopinofus, a, um, very poor. † Inoppidatus, a, um, not inhabited. Inopportune, adv. Unseasonably. Inopportūnus, a, um, Unseasonable, Importunate, Troublesome. Inops, ōpis, [ab ops vel opes] Needy, Poor, Helpless. * Inops confilii, wanting direction. * Inops verbis, wanting words to express ones mind. Inoptābilis, e, not to be desired. Inoratus, a, um, Unrequested, Untold. Inordināte, } Disorderly and Inordinatim, adv. } inordinately. Inordinatio, ōnis, f. a Disorder- ing. † Inordinatus, a, um, out of Order, in disorder. Inorior, i, to begin to arise. Inornatē, adv. Rudely. Inornatus, a, um, Untrimmed. † Inorus, a, um, without a mouth. † Inotiōsus, a, um, not idle. † Inovo, are, to Triumph, Rejoyce. Imposterum, adv. Hereafter, for the Future. Imprimis, } First of all. Imprimus, } † Improperatus, a, um, not Swift, Slow. Inquam, I say, or did say. See Inquo. Inquantum, adv. For as much. Inquantumunque, adv. as much as may be. Inquies, eris, adj. Restless. Inquies, etis, f. Disquietness, want of Rest. Inquietatio, ōnis, f. a Haunting, Disquieting. Inquietator, ōris, m. a Disqui'er. Inquietatus, a, um, Disquieted, Haunted. Inquietē, adv. Restlessly, Unquietly. Inquieto, are, to Disquiet, Trouble, Haunt. Inquietudo, inis, f. Unquietness, Trouble. Inquietus, a, um, flimsy, Unquiet, Troubled, Troublesome. † Inquilino, are, to dwell in a strange place, to be Tenant. INQUILINUS, i, m. [ab incolo vel a culina] an Inhabitant, Tenant, Inmate. Inquinamentum, is, n. Filthiness. Inquinatē, adv. Filthyly, Barbarously. Inquinatio, ōnis, f. a Deftling. Inquinator, ōris, m. a Deftler. Inquinatus, a, um, ior istimus, Deftled. INQUINO, are, [Καίρω] to Deftle, Pollute, Corrupt, Soyl, Disgrace.

grace. * Inquinare vellus mu-
rice, to dye the Wool Purple. * In-
quinare famam, to sully a Mans
Reputation.
INQUIO, is, it, [ab inquires, vel
Exe in sto] I say, Quoth I.
† Inquiritus, a, um, Unsought.
Inquiro, sivi, itum, [of in and quæ-
ro] to Enquire, Search, Demand.
* Inquire re in hominem, to take
Information about a Man.
Inquisition, ōnis, f. an Inquisition,
Search.
Inquisitor, ōris, m. an Enquirer,
searcher, promoter, informer.
Inquisitus, a, um, [of inquiror]
Searched.
Inrecogitatio, ōnis, f. inconsiderate-
ness.
† Irredivivus, a, um, irreparable.
† Irreligiose, irreligiously, pro-
phanely.
† Irremissè, Carefully, Speedily.
† Irrestinctus, a, um, Unquenched.
† Irribilis, e, which cannot laugh.
† Irribus, a, um, without Laughter.
† Irroius, u, um, not Gnawed.
† Irumpibilis, e, not to be broken.
Infaluber, } Unwholesome.
Infalubris, e, }
Infaluberrimus, }
† Insātur, a, um, Absurd, Sottish.
† Insalutatio, without saluting.
† Insalutatus, a, um, Unsolicited. * In-
salutato hospite discedere, to go
without bidding his Host Farewell.
Insanabilis, e, incurable.
Infantus, a, um, Unboly.
Insane, adv. madly, excessively.
Insania, æ, f. Madness, Furrourness,
Excessiveness. * Insania villarum
excessive sumptuousness in building.
Insanians, ntis, Raging Mad.
Infantia, ei, f. Rage, Madness.
Insano, ire, to be Mad, Transport-
ed out of ones Wits. * Insanire in-
saniam hilarem, to be pleasantly
Mad. * Nisi ego insano, If I am
in my Wits or understand any thing.
Insanitas, atis, f. Madness.
Insanum, adv. Excessively.
Insanus, a, um, ior, ius, Mad,
Distracted, Excessive Also very
Wise. * Insana herba, Henbane.
* Insane vites. Vines that bear
twice a Year. * Insani fluxus,
mighty Surges and Billows.
† Insaporatus, a, um, insipid, with-
out Taste.
Insatiabilis, e, insatiable.
Insatiabilitas, atis, f. Unsatiableness.
Insatiabiliter, adv. Insatiably. * In-
satiabiliter aliquem deficere, to
take on extremely for.
Insatiatus, a, um, Unsatisfied.
† Insatietas, atis, f. Unsati-
ableness.
† Insativus, a, um, Unfown Grow-
ing of its own accord.
Insaturabilis, e, Unsatisfiable, not to
be filled.
Insaturabiliter, adv. insatiably.
† Insaucius, a, um, not wounded,
unhurt.
Inscalpo, pſi, ptum, to Engrave
upon.
Inscendo, di, sum, [of in and scan-
do] to Ascend, get up into.
Inscensor, ōris, m. a Sea Soldier.
Inscensus, a, um, [of inscendor]
Mounted, Climbed, Leaped into.
* Inscensus equarum, the covering
of Mares.

Inscidè. }
Inscienter, } Ignorantly.
Insciens, ntis, ignorant, not witting-
ly. * Abi sis insciens, away you fool.
* Me insciente, without my privacy.
Inscientia, æ, f. ignorance, folly.
† Inscindo, scidi, scissum, to Cancel,
Rase out.
Inscitè, adv. Unseemly, awkwardly
Inscitia, æ, f. ignorance, folly, un-
skilfulness.
Inscitus, a, um, ior, issimus, Fool-
ish, Unhandsome, ill favoured, un-
known.
Inscius, a, um, ignorant, unskilful,
Foolish, Unknown.
Inscribo, pſi, ptum, to inscribe, en-
title, write in or upon. * Inscip-
lere Deos sceleri, they made the
Gods a Cloak for their wickedness.
* Inscribere ædes mercedi, to set
a Bill upon the door. * Corpus tu-
um virgis inscribam, I'll mark
your Back for you.
Inscriptio, ōnis, f. an inscription,
Placard, Title. * Inscriptiones
frontis, marks or scars in the fore-
head.
Inscriptum, i, n. a Bill, Supercrip-
tion, a Princes Letter, a Passport.
† Inscriptura, æ, f. the Title, Super-
scription.
Inscriptus, a, um, [of inscribor]
Written upon; also Unwritten
* Inscriptum pecus, cattle not en-
tered into the Toll-book. * Inscrip-
tum maleficium, a Crime not pro-
vided against by any written Law.
† Inscriptus servus, a branded slave.
Inscrutabilis, e, Unsearchable.
Insculp, pſi, ptum, to engrave, or
Carve in, imprint
Insculptus, a, um, [of insculpor]
Engraven. * Insculptus animo,
imprinted upon the mind.
Inscindibilis, e, which cannot be cut
divided.
Inscio, ui, ōum, to Cut, slice into,
intrail.
Insecta, ōrum, n. Insects, small flesh-
less and boneless vermin, not divi-
ded into joints, as it were divi-
ded between Head and Body, as flies,
&c.
† Insectabilis, e, not to be followed.
Insectanter, adv. Reproachfully.
Insectatio, ōnis, f. a pursuing, in-
veighing against.
Insectator, ōris, m. a Slanderer
Insectatus, a, um, Pursued, Re-
proached.
Insectio, ōnis, f. a Declaration,
Discourse, cutting.
Insecto, are, [ab insequor] to
Insector, ari, s. pursue, follow af-
ter, Reproach, Sue at Law. * In-
sectari aliquem maledictis, to re-
vile one, give one base Language
* Insectari terram ratis, to rake
the weeds out.
Insectus, a, um, [of insecor] Cut,
Cleft, intruded.
Insenutio, ōnis, f. a Pursuing.
Insecutor, ōris, m. a Persecutor.
Insecutus, a, um, [of insequor]
having followed. * Insecutus men-
sibus, in the following months.
Insedabilis, e, that cannot be Ap-
peased.
† Insedabiliter, Unappeasably.
Insedatus, a, um, Unquiet, Trouble-
some.
† Insegnis, e, Diligent, Industri-
ous.

† Inseminator, ōris, m. to the
Sows in.
Inseminatus, a, um, Sowed or Gra-
ed in.
Insemino, are, to Sow or Set in.
† Insemitatio, ōnis, the want
a Path.
Insenesco, ere, to grow Old, or
ones whole Life in a Business.
Insensatus, a, um, Senseless, Foolish.
Insensibilis, e, Insensible, who
cannot Feel, or be Felt.
Insensilis, e, stupid, senseless, with-
out Feeling.
Inseparabilis, e, inseparable.
Inseparabiliter, adv. inseparably.
Insepultus, a, um, Unburied, im-
perfect.
Insequens, ntis, Following next.
Insequenter, adv. inconsequently.
† Insequentia, æ, f. bad Consequence,
not Following.
Insequor, cutus sum, qui, to Follow
after, Pursue, Enveigh against, to
bearse in order. * Insequi contra-
meliam, to speak ill of a Person.
Inserenus, a, um, Cloudy, not Clear.
Insero, evi, itum, to Sow, insert,
implant, instil. * Inserere her-
tes, to plant Gardens.
Insero, ui, ōum, to set or put in,
Aid, Mingle, Interpose, Busy one-
self. * Vitæ alicuius inserere, to
bring one to Life.
Inserpo, ere, to Creep in.
Inserta, æ, f. a piece put in, an in-
strument.
Insertus, a, um, put or thrust in.
Insertim, adv. by thrusting in.
Insertio, ōnis, f. a Putting in
between.
Insertivus, a, um, Mixed, not Na-
tural.
Inserto, are, [ab inseru] to put in,
often, Apply, to be ever and anon
clapping to.
† Interiorium, ii, the Handle of a
Target.
Insectus, a, um, [ab inferor] Put
or Cast in, Mincled.
Inservio, ire, to serve, Do all that
can. * Suis inservire commodis,
to drive on ones own ends. * Vi-
ludini inservire, to attend ones
Health. * Nihil est a me infer-
vum temporis causa, I did not
serve the times.
Inservo, are, to observe, keep, de-
fend.
Insector, ōris, m. a Robber by the
Highway.
Inessus, a, um, [of insideo] Be-
sieged, Loaded.
† Inseto, are, to put a Hair in a
Shoe-makers thred.
Insebito, are, to whistle or blow in.
Insecatus, a, um, Undried.
Insecco, are, to Dry.
† Insecarius, ii, m. a Sausage-maker.
† Insecium, ii, n. a Sausage.
Insidens cura, a continual care.
Insideo, edi, effum, [of in and se-
deo] to sit upon, remain, sit
deep into, to Watch, Seize. * In-
sidere arcem militibus, to garrison
a Castle. * Insidere iter, to sit
watch on the Passage.
Insidiæ, arum, f. [ab insideo] an
Ambush, Lying in wait, Treachery,
Conspiracy. * Ex insidiis aliquis
agere, to do a thing craftily.
Insidians, adv. by secret Plots.
Insidiator, ōris, m. } a Liar
Insidiatrix, icis, f. } Wait.

infidatus, a, um, having lyen in wait.
 infidior ari, [ab infidiæ] to Lye in wait or ambush, Entrap. * Infidari tempori, to wait an opportunity.
 infidiōsē, adv. Deceitfully.
 infidiōsus, a, um, Deceitful.
 infido, edi, esum, to sit down upon, Alight, Sink into. * Infidere in memoria, to be fixed in the memory.
 infidor, di, to be rested upon or loaded with.
 infigne, is, n. [a signum] an Ensign, Badge of Honour, Mark. * Infigne regni, a Royal Diadem.
 insignio, ire, to make Eminent or Remarkable.
 insignis, e, Famous, Remarkable, Eminent, Evident. * Insignis equus, a horse strangely marked. * Insignis ad deformitatem, very ugly or deformed.
 insignita, orum, n. natural marks.
 insignitē, adv. notably, remarkably.
 insigniter, e, ably, Evidently.
 insignitio, ōnis, f. a Marking.
 insignitus, a, um, ior, Marked, Remarkable, Notable.
 insilio, it, n. [ab insilio] a Treadle of a Weavers Loom.
 insilio, ui, & ii, ultum, [of in et insilio] to leap upon or into.
 insimilis, e, Unlike.
 insimul, adv. Together.
 insimulatio, ōnis, f. an Accusing, Blaming.
 insimilator, ōris, m. an accuser.
 insimulare, are, to Accuse, Lay to ones charge, Counterfeit. * Insimulare aliquem avaritiæ, Ter. Insimulare aliquem facinus, Plaut. to accuse one of covetousness, to lay a grievous crime to ones charge.
 insinuatō, ōnis, f. an Insinuation.
 insinuatīvus, a, um, Insinuating.
 insinuator, ōris, m. an Insinuator.
 insinuatūs, a, um, Bowed or Folded within one another. * Insinuatīs manibus, with hand in bosom.
 insinuo, are, to put in the bosom, Insinuate or Creep into. * Insinuare aliquid alicui, to imitate to one. * Insinuare se in alicujus amicitiam, to screw himself into ones favour. * Insinuare se in causam, to search the bottom of the business.
 insipide, adv. Insipidly, Foolishly.
 insipidus, a, um, [a sapidus] Unsavory, without Taste or Sense.
 insipiens, ntis, [of in & sapiens] Unwise, Foolish.
 insipienter, adv. Foolishly.
 insipientia, æ, f. Foolishness.
 insipo, are, to Cast or Steep in, throw upon.
 insistentus, a, um, to be staid in.
 insisto, ūti, ūtum, to insist upon, Press forward, Tarry or Stand upon.
 insistere viis, Cicer. viam, iter, Vir. to Travel, Walk * Insistere vestigiis alicujus, to tread in such a mans footsteps, imitate him. * Omnes vestigia instant sua, let all persons do as they please. * Insistebat in manu Cereris simulachrum victoria, Ceres, held the Statute of the Goddess Victory in her hands.
 insitio, ōnis, f. a Grafting.
 insititius, a, um, ingrafted. * Insititius sermo, a foreign tongue.
 insitium, ii, n. a Sausage.
 insitivus, a, um, Engraved. * Semacula insitiva, a grafting knife.

Insitor, ōris, m. a Grafter.
 Insitum, i, n. a Graft, Shoot, Slip, young Set.
 Insitu, ūs, m. a Grafting.
 Insitus, a, um, [of inferior] Grafted in, not Natural; also Natural. * Insitus menti amor cognitionis, the natural prones the mind has to learning.
 † Insociabilis, e, not to be joined, Unsociable.
 Insociatus, a, um, not Mixed or Joined.
 Insolabiliter, adv. Uncomfortably.
 Insolatio, ōnis, f. a Bleaching or Drying in the Sun.
 † Insolatorium, ii, n. a Bleaching.
 Insolatus, a, um, Sunned or Sunny. * Insolati dies, Sun-shining days.
 Insolens, ntis, ior, iſsimus, insolent, Haughty, Arrogant, also Unacquainted. * Insolens lætitia, immoderate Joy. * Quid tu Athenas insolens, how came this strange thing to pass to see you at Athens. * Bellorum insolens, not used to the Wars, a raw Soldier.
 Insolenter, ius, adv. insolently, Proudly, also usually.
 Insolentia, æ, f. insolency, arrogancy, haughtiness; also strangeness, Unwieldiness.
 † Insolero, ere, to be insolent.
 Insolensco, ere, to grow proud.
 Insolidum, & adv. Wholly, Thorow.
 Insolido, & ly.
 Insolidus, a, um, Unsound, Weak.
 Insolite, adv. Unusually.
 Insolitus, a, um, Unusual, Unwonted, Unaccustomed. * Insolitus rerum bellicarum, not knowing what belongs to War.
 † Insollicitus, a, um, Careless, Improvident.
 Insolo, are, to bleach or dry in the sun.
 Insolubilis, e, not to be loose or requited.
 Insolubiliter, adv. indissolubly.
 Insolutus, a, um, Unpaid. * Insolutum accipere, to take something for Satisfaction.
 Insomnio, æ, f. a waking, watching.
 Insomniōsus, a, um, dreaming often.
 Insomnis, e, [a somnus] Sleepless, Waking.
 Insomnium, ii, n. a Dream or Vision in ones Sleep.
 † Insōnator, ōris, m. he that sounds in or about.
 Insōno, are, to Sound into, at or about.
 Insōno, ntis, Innocent, Guiltless.
 † Insontia, æ, f. Innocency.
 † Insōnus, a, um, having no sound. * Insōnæ literæ, mutes.
 Insopitus, a, um, Waking, Sleepless.
 † Insoporo, are, to make or watch.
 Infortitus, a, um, not divided by lot.
 Inspectatio, ōnis, f. a Beholding, Looking wistly upon.
 Inspectator, ōris, m. a Beholder.
 Inspectio, ōnis, f. a diligent Beholding, Oversight.
 Inspecto, are, [ab inspicio] to be bold, Consider often or wistly.
 Inspector, ōris, m. an Overseer, he that looks upon any thing to buy it.
 Inspectus, a, um, [of inspicior] looked in or upon.
 Inspectus, ūs, m. a Beholding, Viewing.
 Insperabilis, e, which cannot be believed or hoped.

Insperans, ntis, without Hope or expectation.
 Insperatō, adv. Unexpectedly.
 Insperatus, a, um, unexpected, unlooked for. * Ex insperato, beyond expectation.
 Inspergo, si, sum, [of in and spar-go] to sprinkle in or upon.
 Insperio, ōis, f. a Sprinkling, Bespattering.
 Insperus, a, um, [of inspergor] Sprinkled upon, Bespattered.
 Inspicio, xi, ūtum, [of in and spicio] to look in or upon, view, search, Oversee. * Inspicere sententiam alicujus, to search into ones meaning and intendment.
 Inspico, are, [a spica] to make Sharp like the ears of Corn.
 Inspiratio, ōnis, f. an inspiring, Breathing into.
 Inspirator, ōris, m. an inspirer.
 Inspiratus, a, um, inspired.
 Inspiro, are, to inspire, Breathe or Blow into. * Inspirare literam, to aspirate a Letter.
 Insolatus, a, um, not Spoiled, Stripped or Plundered.
 Inspuo, ui, ūtum, to Spit upon.
 Inspūo, are, to spit often upon or in, Bespawl.
 Instabilis, e, Unstable, Unconstant, changeable.
 Instabilitas, ātis, f. Unconstancy, Unstability.
 Instans, ior, iſsimus, instant, Urgent, Nigh at hand.
 † Instantaneus, a, um, Momentary.
 Instanter, adv. instantly, Earnestly, without giving over, also indifferently.
 Instantia, æ, f. instance, earnestness, Pressing.
 Instar, [of ad instar] adv. Like, as it were.
 Instar, n. Indec. a Likeness, Proportion. * Ad instar inclyti montis, like a great mountain.
 Instar, imp. it is near, or within a little.
 Instauratio, ōnis, f. a Restoring, Repairing.
 Instaurativus, a, um, } New made, Renewed.
 † Instaurativi ludi, solemn plays retrieved after disuse.
 Instaurator, ōris, m. a Repairer.
 Instauratus, a, um, Repaired, Renewed.
 INSTAURO, are, [ab instar, vel a εἰσπῶ palum depango] to Repair, Renew, Restore. * Instaurare sibi monumentum, to erect him a Tomb. * Instaurare animum, to take heart at Grief. * Instaurare tunicam adversus hyemem, to get him a new coat against winter. * Instaurare acies, to rally again.
 Inferno avi, atum, to cover or spread upon.
 Instigatio, ōnis, f. an instigation, Provoking.
 Instigator, ōris, m. } a Provoker.
 Instigatrix, icis, f. }
 Instigatus, ūs, m. a Provoking.
 Instigatus, a, um, Provoked.
 Instigo, are, [a εἰσπῶ pungo] to incite, Provoke, stir up, Prick forward.
 Instillatio, ōnis, f. an instilling or Dropping in.
 Instillator, ōris, m. an instiller, infuser.
 Instillatus, a, um, instilled, infused.

Infillo, are, to instill, infuse, drop in.
Instimulatio, ōnis, f. a putting forward, an Egging on.
Instimulator, ōris, m. an Egger, Provoker.
Instimulo, are, to put forward, provoke, stir up.
† Instritor, ōris, m. a Provoker, Stirrer up.
Institus, ūs, m. an Instinct, an inward motion or persuasion of the mind, natural inclination.
Institutus, a, um, [of instinguor] stirred up, provoked.
Instinguo, xi, nctum, [à xriçw pungo] to provoke persuade. * **Instinxit** nos ad elegantiam, he stirred us up to effect Elegancy.
† Inſipo, are, stop chinks, clefts.
Inſipilor, ari, to Bargain, indent, Agree.
Inſita, æ, f. [ab inſito] a Well, Girde, Lace, Gallon, a Swathe. * **Inſitæ**, arum, Bel girls.
Inſitio, ōnis, f. an inſiting, ſtaying.
Inſito, are, [ab inſito] to be at hand, inforce often and Much, Withſtand.
Inſitor, ōris, m. a Merchant-man, or Faſtor, alſo a Pedlar, Broaker. * **Inſitor veſtis**, the ſeven Stars. * **Inſitor eloquentiæ**, a pedling ſcribler.
Inſitōrius, a, um, of a Faſtor or Pedlar.
† Inſitrix, icis, f. a Woman-faſtor or Pedlar.
Inſituo, ui, utum [of inſituo] to Ordain, Appoint, Inſtruct, Begin. * **Officinam inſtituere**, to ſet up ſhop. * **Collegium inſtituere**, to found a College. * **Ita in animo inſtitui**, this is my reſolution.
Inſtitutio, ōnis, f. an inſtitution, inſtruction, Beginning, Teaching. * **Inſtitutio operis**, the ſetting upon a work.
Inſtitutor, ōris, m. an inſtructor, Teacher.
Inſtitutum, i, n. a purpoſe, inſtruction, Trade, Cuſtom. * **Uti inſtituto ſuo**, to do as he was wont.
Inſtitutus, a, um, [of inſtituor] inſtructed, Appointed.
Inſto, ititum, to enforce, preſs on, be at hand, be Earneſt, inſiſt upon. * **Noli mihi inſtare**, do not urge me. * **Inſtare operi**, to haſten the Work. * **Reſtam inſtas viam**, you are in the right way. * **Inſtare veſtigii**, to follow ſtep by ſtep. * **Instant me tibi bona**, I will ſhortly do you a kindneſs. * **Ille inſtat factum**, he ſtands in't 'twas ſo.
Inſtrāgulum, i, m. a ſaddle-cloth.
† Inſtramentum, i, n. a Coverlet.
Inſtratum, i, n. a Couch, or Stair, a Horſe-cloth.
Inſtratus, a, um, [of inſternor] covered, ſpread upon. * **Inſtratus fragminibus panis**, pelted with broken bread. * **Inſtratus equus**, ready ſaddled and Bridled.
Inſtrēnuus, a, um, Lazy, Remiſs.
Inſtrēpo, ui, itum, to make a noiſe.
Inſtrictus, a, um, [of inſtringor] Tied.
† Inſtridens, ntis, making a biſſing Noiſe.
Inſtingo, xi, ctum, to Bind hard, at to unbind.
Inſtructio, ōnis, f. a Furniſhing, inſtructing.

Inſtructor, ōris, m. a Furniſher, inſtructor, Orderer, Preparer.
Inſtructus, ior, iſtimus, [of inſtruor] inſtructed, Furniſhed. * **Inſtrictiores peditum copiæ**, the infantry better Maſſed.
Inſtrictus, ūs, m. a Furniſhing.
Inſtruendus, a, um, to be inſtruct d.
Inſtruens, tis, inſtructing, &c.
Inſtrumentalis, e, inſtrumental.
*** Inſtrumentaliter**, inſtrumentally.
Inſtrumentum, i, n. an inſtrument, Tool, Weapon, Furniture, a Deed or Evidence, an inventory, Reſtiter.
*** Verus & novum inſtrumentum**, the old and new Teſtament.
Inſtruo, xi, ctum, to Order, put in rank and file, Prepare, Equip, Furniſh, inſtruct, Endoctrinate. * **Inſtruere locum inſidiæ**, to ſet ambuſhes. * **Acie inſtruere**, to draw up an Army. * **Inſtruere poteſtate**, to empower. * **Inſtruere accuſationem**, to make a ſuit ready for a Trial.
† Inſtudioſus, a, um, not ſtudious.
Inſtūpens, ntis, Aſtoniſhed, ſenſeleſs.
Inſtūpere, ere, to be amazed, nummed.
Inſuaſum, i, n. [à ſuadeo vel ſuavis] a yellow ſmoky colour.
† Inſuaſus, a, um, not perſwaded.
Inſuaſus, e, not ſweet, Bitter. * **Inſuaſa vita**, an unpleaſant life.
Inſuaſitas, atis, f. unpleaſantneſs.
Inſubide, adv. R. ſhly, Headily.
Inſubidus, a, um, R. ſh, Precipitant, Headly.
Inſubjectus, a, um, not ſubject.
Inſubria, a Country of Gallia Ciſalpina.
Inſubres, the inhabitants of Inſubria.
Inſubilis, e, not ſubtile.
Inſubtiliter, adv. unſubtilly, groſſely.
† Inſubula, a Weavers turning beam.
Inſucco, are, [à ſuccus] to Wet or Dip in, Steep in.
Inſudo, are, to ſweat at.
Inſueſcit, a, um, Accuſtomed.
Inſueſca, Colum, to be Accuſtomed.
Inſueſco, evi, etem, to Accuſtom, or be Wont, Train up.
Inſuetus, a, um, unaccuſtomed. * **Inſuetus laboris**, not uſing to take pains.
† Inſufflo, are, to puff or ſnuff.
Inſula, æ, f. [à ſalum] an iſland, a Palace or great Houſe without any Houſe adjoining.
Inſulæ, arum, the City L'ſle in Flanders.
† Inſulāneus, ei, m. an Iſlander.
Inſularis, e, of an Iſland.
Inſularius, ii, m. He that inhabits or keeps a great houſe ſet by its ſelf in a City, an Iſlander.
† Inſularus, a, um, made an iſland.
Inſulofus, a, um, full of iſlands.
Inſulſe, adv. unſavourily, Fool ſhly.
Inſulſitas, atis, f. unſavourineſs, fooliſhneſs.
Inſulſus, a, um, [of in and falſus] inſipid, Unſavoury, Freſh, Wiſeſs, Dull.
Inſultatio, ōnis, f. an inſulting, Domineering over, Tripping upon, Outragious, inveighing againſt.
Inſulto, are, [of in and ſalto] to leap up againſt or upon, ſtamp upon. Triumph inſult over. * **Inſultare ſores calcibus**, to kick at the door.
Inſultura, æ, f. a trampling or Leaping upon.

Inſultus, ūs, m. an aſſault, a Tripping over.
Inſum, fui, eſſe, to be preſent.
Inſuma, a, adv. Briefly, in concluſion.
Inſumo, are, to Conſume, be low, lay out, aſſume.
Inſumo, pſi, mptum, to ſpend.
† Inſumptio, ōnis, f. a Conſumption.
Inſumprus, a, um, [of inſumere] ſpent, &c.
Inſuo, ui, utum, to ſew in, ſut.
Inſuper, adv. Moreover, Over, above. * **In ſuper habere**, to ſit above. * **Inſuper his**, Moreover.
Inſuperabilis, e, inſuperable, invincible, Unpaſſable.
Inſuperhabitus, a, um, ſlight.
Inſurgo, xi, ctum, to Riſe up, againſt. * **Inſurgere publicis litatibus**, to brue great regret at the common weal. * **Inſurgere mis**, to tug hard at the Oar.
Inſurrexio, ōnis, f. an inſurrection.
Inſuſceptus, a, um, not Taken.
Inſuſurratio, ōnis, f. a Whiſper in the ear.
Inſuſuro, are, to make a noiſe, Whiſper in the ear, ſport privately.
Inſutus, a, um, [of inſuor] ſewn in.
Inſyncerus, a, um, not ſincere, corrupt, Unſound.
Inſtabeſco, ere, to Pine, Melt, ſtr away.
† Inſtabulo, are, to write on Tablets.
Inſtaſtilis, e, not to be Touch'd.
Inſtaſtus, a, um, Untouch'd, Unteſed, Whole. * **Virgo inſtaſta**, a maid. * **Inſtaſti religione**, an Atheiſt. * **Inſtaſti ſtulo**, never expoſ'd to laughter.
† Inſtaſtus, ūs, m. a not feeling Touching.
† Inſtaliatio, ōnis, f. a Carving.
† Inſtaliator, ōris, m. a Carver.
† Inſtatio, are, to Carve, Cut in form.
Inſtaminatus, a, um, Undeſtled.
† Inſtamo, are, to Deſile.
Intantum, adv. For ſo much.
Intectus, a, um, [of integer] Covered, Armed, alſo Uncovered.
† Intega, æ, f. a Table Carpet.
Integellus, a, um, [ab integer] pretty whole or ſound.
INTEGER, a, um, [ab in & tango] Whole, intire, Sound, Uncorrupted, Seber, Upright, Free, not meadled with.
*** Integer vitæ**, an innocent man.
*** Integer ævi**, in his prime. * **Integrum inſtituere**, to ſet on a ſtatu quo prius. * **Integrum ſervare**, to keep himſelf diſengaged from any party. * **Mihi integre eſt**, I am free to do it. * **De integro**, a freſh.
Intego, xi, ctum, to Cover over.
Integraſco, ere, [ab integro] Reſtored, grow new again.
Integratio, ōnis, f. a Renewing.
Integratus, a, um, Renewed.
Integre, errimè, adv. Purely, rightly.
Integritas, atis, f. integrity, rightneſs, the Reſpit between the fit of an ague. * **Integritas corporis**, perfect health.
† Integritudo, inis, f. integrity, Soundneſs.

Integro, are, to Renew, Renewed.
 Integumentum, i, n. a Cover, a dark
 sprich. * Integumenta flagitiorum, specious pretences to cover vile crimes.
 Intellectus, e, of the understanding.
 Intellectuāliter, understandingly.
 Intellectus, a, um, [of intelligor] understanding.
 Intellectus, ū, m. Understanding, also Signification.
 Intellexes, for intellexisses.
 Intellegens, ntis, Understanding.
 * Intellegens principis, perfectly understanding the humour and inclination of the Prince.
 Intellegenter, adv. Understandingly.
 Intellegentia, æ, f. Knowledge, Prudence, Wit, Wisdom.
 Intellegibilis, e, intelligible, which may be understood.
 Intellegibiliter, intelligibly.
 Intellego, xi, & um, [of inter & lego] to understand. * Male intellegere, to mistake.
 Intemeratus, a, um, not to be profaned or violated.
 Intemeratē, Undeiledly.
 Intemeratus, a, um, undefiled, inviolated, uncorrupted.
 Intemperans, ior, iſſimus, Intemperate, overpowered by his passions.
 Intemperanter, iſſe, iſſimē, adv. intemperately, inordinately.
 Intemperantia, æ, f. intemperance, incontinence, Excess. * Intemperantia coeli, bad air.
 Intemperatē, adv. intemperately.
 Intemperatus, a, um, intemperate, moderate.
 Intempetia, æ, f. Fury, Madness.
 Intempetia, arū, distraction, Furies.
 Intempetia, ei, f. unseasonableness, unwholesome weather.
 Intempetivē, adv. unseasonably.
 Intempetivus, a, um, unseasonable, out of due Time, Excessive, of bad odds.
 Intempesto, are, to Molest, Destroy with Tempest.
 Intempestus, a, um, unseasonable, Untimely. * Intempeſta nox, midnight.
 Intemporalis, Eternal.
 Intendendus, a, um, to be marked, Branded, intended.
 Intendens, ntis, inclining, Bending to, Endeavouring. * Intendentes se tenebris, growing darker and darker.
 Intendo, di, sum & tum, to Bend, Strain, Stretch, Observe diligently. Settle, Apply, in force, increase, Purpose, Continue, Declare, to go.
 * Intendere formulam or aſſionem, to sue one. Intendere locum fertis, to hang garlands about a place. * Intenderere digitum, to point. * Os in hostem intendit, it faces the Enemy. * Iter intendere, to go march. * Intendere ferrum, to hold the sword to ones throat. * Se adversarium in aliquem intendere, to declare himself such a mans Enemy. * Intendere eruditionem, to set forth learning, make it appear.
 Intento, are, f. a stretching, Stretching. Diligence, Purpose, an Accusation against one. a Charge.
 Intentus, a, um, [of intendor] stretched out, Bended, Attentive Earnest.

Intentabilis, e, not to be tempted.
 Intentatio, ōnis, f. a threatening.
 Intentator, ōris, m. a threatner, Tempter.
 Intentatus, a, um, [of in & tentatus] not assayed or Tried.
 Intentatus, a, um, [of intencor] ready Drawn, ready to strike, pointed at.
 Intente, iſſe, iſſimē, adv. Diligently, Accurately.
 Intentio, ōnis, f. a stretching, Bending out, intention, Employment, a Charge against one, the Augmenting of a quality. * Intentio animi, the earnestness of the mind.
 * Intentione diligenti notare, to note very carefully. * Perdere intentionem, to miscarry in his suit.
 Intento, are, to stretch out often, Threaten. * Intentare actionem, to commence a suit against one.
 * Intentare alicui manus, to offer to strike one.
 Intentus, ior, iſſimus, a, um, [of intendor] stretched upon, Diligent at work. * Intentionior custodia, a more careful watch. * Intentionis alimenterum pretis, Diet growing dearer. * Intento opus est animo, one should be very serious about it.
 Intentus, ū, m. a stretching out.
 Intereo, ere, } to grow warm.
 Intepesco, ere, }
 INTER, præp. [Metā vel ab in] within, between, Among. * Inter cenam, at supper time. * Inter ambulandum, as I was walking.
 * Inter patres lectus, chosen Senator. * Inter se, one another.
 * Inter opus, in the action. * Inter sacrum saxumq; stare, to be in the mouth of danger. * Inter initia, at the beginning. * Inter hæc, in the mean time.
 Inter albio, are, to be white between or to have white mixed with other colours.
 Interamna, a City of Umbria.
 Interamnates, the people of it.
 Interamnia, the City of Teramo in Aprutium.
 Interanea, ōrum, [ab intra] the Bowels.
 Interaneus, a, um, of the Bowels, inward.
 Interareſco, ere, to become utterly dry.
 Interatim, in the meanwhile.
 Interbibō, bi, tum, to drink out all.
 Interbitō, are, to come in the meanwhile.
 Intercālāris, e, Set or put between.
 * Annus intercalaris, leap year.
 * Dies intercalaris, the odd day added that year. * Versus intercalaris, the burthen of a Song.
 Intercālāritas, atis, f. a putting between.
 Intercalarium, ii, n. the Addition in a Leap-year.
 Intercālātio, ōnis, f. the putting in of Day, Month, &c.
 Intercālātor ōris, m. he that puts in.
 Intercalatus, a, um, put between, inserted.
 Intercālō, are, to put in a day or year, insert, Differ.
 Intercāpedō, in, f. [ab capio] Distance of space between time or place, Delay, Respite. * Nulla est intercāpedō molestiæ, continuous trouble and misery.
 Intercarpens, ntis, taking about

the M date.
 Intercēdo, ū, iſſe, to intercede, come in between, Hinder, Withstand. * Intercellum est auctoritati, authority is opposed. * Ira inter eos intercessit, they are not Quater-cousins. * Intercedit illi tecum amicitia, there is a great deal of Friendship between him and you. * Intercedere pro aliquo, to bail out.
 Intercento, are, to jing between, a Jingle in part.
 Intercencor, ōris, m. he that sings a M-an.
 Intercensus, ū, m. [a cantus] the mean part in Musick.
 Intercēptio, ōnis, f. an intercepting, incroaching.
 Intercēptor, ōris, m. an interceptor, Deceiver, Fore-staller. * Intercēptor litis alienæ, he that carries on another mans suit for him, that espouses his cause.
 Intercēptus, a, um [of intercēptor] Surprised, Prevented, Forestalled.
 Intercētho, ōnis, f. an interceding, Withstanding, Hindering.
 Intercēssor, ōris, m. an intercessor, Hinderer, Opposer.
 Intercēssus, ū, m. [ab intercedo] a coming between, an Entreaty.
 Intercēdens, ntis, Falling between. * Intercēdens, dies, an extraordinary or critical day forced by the malice of the Disease.
 Intercēdentia, æ, f. the Falling of a Humour.
 Intercēdo, ere, [of inter & cado] to Decay, Perish, Fall between, be Forgotten. * Si intercederit tibi aliquid, if you forget any thing.
 Intercēdo, di, sum, [of inter & cado] to cut asunder in the midst, cut off or in pieces.
 Intercēdium, ii, n. the Space between the Eye-brows.
 Intercinctus, a, um, Girded about the middle.
 Intercino, ui, ntum, [of inter & cano] to sing between or in the middle part.
 Intercipio, epi, eptum, [of inter & capio] to intercept, incroach, prevent, Forestal, Surprise, Take all, make clean Riddance. * Intercipere veneno, to Poison. * Intercipere iter, to stop up or hinder a passage or way. * Intercipere victoriam alieno labore quaſitam, to attribute a victory to himself that another has obtained. * Ne qua interciperet oblivio, lest it should be forgotten.
 Intercisa, the City Raczkesz in lower Pannonia.
 Intercisē, adv. by Pieces, Scraps.
 Intercisio, ōnis, f. a Cutting off or between.
 Intercisus, a, um, [of intercisor] Divided, Cut asunder. * Intercisid ea, Half-worky-days. * Intercisa pactiones, Bargains broke off.
 Intercisāmo, are, to cry out, among or between.
 Intercisūdo, ū, sum, [of inter and claudō] to Shut up from, Stop up, Comp. G. * Omnes poriones aqua frigida intercludere, to drink cold water after all other liquors. * Interccludere comestum inimicis or inimicis comestibus, to keep the enemy from provision.
 Intercisūne, ōnis, f. a Closing or Stopping of the way. * Intercisus ant-

animæ, diffinition in breathing
 Interclator, oris, m. He that stops
 up or cuts off.
 Interclūsus, a, um, [of interclu-
 dor] Closed, Stopped up.
 † Intercōlo, ero, to procure favour.
 Intercolumnium, ii, n. [a colum-
 na] the Space between two pillars.
 Interconcilio, a, e, to procure fa-
 vour or Friendship between two.
 † Intercostālis, e, Between the ribs.
 Interculco, are, [of inter and cal-
 co] to trample upon, between, or in
 the midst.
 † Intercumbo, ere, to lye or sit be-
 tween.
 Intercurrens, ntis Running between.
 * Intercurrens pulsus, an odd pulse
 coming between two others.
 Intercuro, ri, sum, to run between,
 beset.
 † Intercursatio, ōnis, f. a frequent
 coming between.
 Intercurio, are, [ab intercurro] to
 run fen between, to Strike or
 Strike.
 Intercursus, ūi, m. a Running or
 Coming between, Intercession.
 Intercutis, ūtis, f. [a cutis] Between
 the Skin and Flesh. * Aqua or vi-
 tum intercutis, the Dropsy. * In-
 tercutibus vitis madentes, full of
 secret Vices.
 † Intercutor, ōris, m. a cutter off.
 † Intercutaneus, a, um, within the
 Skin.
 † Intercutio, ere, [of inter and
 quatio] to strike between.
 † Interdatus, a, um, Distributed
 or put between.
 † Interdianus, a, um, in the Day
 time.
 † Interdiarius, ii, m. he that rehs
 by day.
 Interdico, xi, ūm, to Forbid, Re-
 strain, keep from. * Interdicere
 aqua & igni, to banish. * Inter-
 dixit mihi nequid mirer. It kept
 me from wondering. * Nihil inter-
 dico, I care not. * Cui nemo in-
 terdicere possit, whom no body can
 gainsay. * Interdicere veniis,
 to forbid one coming or going over.
 Interdictio, ōnis, f. a Prohibition,
 Interdictum, i, n. } forbidding.
 Interdictus, a, um, [of interdicor]
 Forbidden; also Enjoyed, Decreed.
 Interdiu, adv. in the day time
 † Interdius, a, um, Daily, conti-
 nually.
 † Interdo, are, to distribute. * Ni-
 hil interdare, and flaccum non
 indare, to flight.
 † Interduatim, Sometimes.
 Interduca, Juno so called from
 bringing home the bride.
 Interducus, ūi, m. a Distinction,
 a space between. * Interducus li-
 brarii, paintings
 Interdum, adv. Sometimes, Now
 and then, in the mean while.
 Interea, adv. in the mean while.
 Nevertheless. * Interea l. ci. or
 temporis, the same.
 Interemptio, ōnis, f. a Killing.
 Interemptor, ōris, m. a Killer.
 Interemptus, a, um, [of interem-
 ptor] Killed.
 Intereolivi, ūm, to decay, perish,
 eyes near away. * Fame interire,
 to be starved.
 Interequito, are, to Rise in the
 night.

Intererro, are, to come to pass be-
 tween or among.
 Interest, imp. [ab intersum] it be-
 longs, it concerns, it is good, it is
 the Duty. * Per magni interest,
 there is great Difference. * Hoc
 pater as dominus interest, a Fa-
 ther and Master differ in this. * In-
 terest inter duos amnes, it lyes
 between two rivers. See interium
 * Triduum non interest ætatis
 uter major sit, there is not three
 days difference in our Ages.
 Interfacio, ere, to make up, set ones
 hand to the work, work by fits.
 Interfari, ri, to interrupt or speak
 in ones discourse.
 Interfatio, ōnis, f. an Interruption.
 Interfectio, ōnis, f. a Killing.
 Interfector, ōris, m. } a Killer.
 Interfector, ūis, f. }
 Interfectus, a, um, [of interficior]
 Slain.
 † Interfeminium, ii, n. the privities.
 Interficio, ūi, ūm, [of inter
 and facio] to Kill, Slay, Destroy,
 Deprive of, Burn up. * Interfi-
 cere aliquem pessimis exemplis,
 to make one a terrible example.
 Interfinium, ii, n. [a finis] the
 Space between bounds, the Bridge
 of the Nose.
 † Interfio, eri, to Perish, consume
 away
 Interfluo, xi, ere, to flow between.
 Interfluo, a, um, flowing between.
 Interfodio, ere, to Dig or enter into.
 Interfœminium, as interfemini-
 um.
 Interfor. See interfari.
 Interfringo, egi, ūm, [of inter
 and frango] to break asunder.
 † Interfulgeo, ere, to shine between.
 † Interfundo, udi, ūm, to pour
 between.
 Interfuro, ere, to be Mad by fits,
 or rage between or amongst.
 Interfusus, a, um, [of interfun-
 dor] Poured between two. * Genas
 interfusa maculis, having speckled
 cheeks.
 Interfūturus, a, um, [of intersum]
 like to be present.
 † Intergarro, ire, to prate between.
 Intergarritus, a, um, chatted between
 * Pauoulis verbis intergarritis,
 after a little prating.
 Intergerinus, a, um, } put between
 Intergerivus. } * Interge-
 rinus paries, a middle or partition
 wall.
 Intergerium, ii, n. a Middle-wall.
 Intergero, ūi, ūm, to carry or put
 between.
 Interhe, adv. In the mean time.
 Interjacens, ntis, being between.
 Interjaceo, ere, to ly or be between
 † Interjacio, ere, to cast between,
 intermingle.
 Interbi, adv. In the mean while.
 † Interribilis, e, Corruptible.
 Interjatio, ōnis, f. a Casting or
 Interjatus, ūi, m. } putting be-
 tween, an Interjection. * Interje-
 ctio temporis, some time after.
 Interjatus, e, um, [of interjacio]
 cast put between. * Longo inter-
 vallo interjunctio, a great while
 after.
 Interjicio, ūi, ūm, [of inter and
 jicio] to cast or put between, mix.
 Interim [ab inter] adv. in the mean
 time, suddenly, notwithstanding.

Interimo, ēmi, emptum, [of inter
 and emo] to Kill, Destroy, Ruin.
 * Interimit me hæc oratio, le
 Discourse very much displeases me.
 Interior, ius, ōris, [ab intra] in-
 ward. * Interior epistola, the
 letter thats in the middle of the
 packet.
 † Interitic, ōnis, f. a Perishing,
 Destruction.
 Interitūrus, a, um, [of interire]
 like to dye and be forgotten.
 Interitus, ūs, m. a Destruction, a
 holition, Death.
 † Interitus, a, um, Slain, ce-d.
 Interjunctus, a, um, [of interja-
 gor] Joined between.
 Interjungo, xi, ūm, to join be-
 tween, touch one another, to bait
 the way. * Interjungere equos
 uniteam horses.
 Interius, adv. more inwardly.
 Interlabor, lapsus sum, bi, ti, f.
 or slide away.
 Interlectio, ōnis, f. a Reading be-
 tween.
 Interlego, ere, to gather up between
 there
 Interlido, ere, [of inter and lido]
 to strike between. * Gravem in-
 terlidere dentem, to give a biting
 taunt.
 Interligo, are, to Bind between.
 † Interlinea, æ, f. an Interline.
 Interlinearis, e, Interlined.
 Interlino, ini, evi, and ivi, ūm,
 ere, to interline, Rase or blot.
 Interlitus, a, um, [of interlinere]
 Interlined, Laid between, Cancelled.
 Interlocutio, ōnis, f. an interlo-
 cution, interrupting of another tale.
 Interlocutorius, a, um, Spoken be-
 tween or by the by.
 Interloquor, quutus sum, ūm,
 to interrupt ones speaking, to de-
 mine a controversy for a while.
 Interlucatio, ōnis, f. the Calling
 off boughs to let in light.
 Interlūceo, ere, to Shine between,
 appear in the midst, stand thin.
 Interlūco, are, [a lux] to Cut off
 boughs, make a glaze in a wood.
 Interlūdens, ntis, Playing between
 or among.
 Interludium, ii, n. an interlude.
 Interlunis, e, [a luna] with
 light. * Interlunis nox, the
 night the moon changes.
 Interlūnum, ii, n. the Change of
 the Moon, when neither new Moon
 old Moon is seen.
 Interluc, ui, ūm, to flow or pass
 between.
 Interlūvie, ei, } a Flow
 † Interlūvium, ii, n. } or passage
 between.
 Intermaneo, nfi, sum, to abide
 carry between or among.
 Intermedius, a, um, in the mid-
 Intermedium, ui, n. the be-
 tween or Change.
 Intermentivus, a, um, in the in-
 termedium.
 Intermeo, are, to Go, Flow or Pass
 between.
 Intermeris, e, [a mensis] belong-
 ing to the Months Change. * In-
 termetris luna, the Moon in the
 junction.
 † Intermetium, ii, n. the space be-
 tween the Goals.
 Intermetatio, ōnis, f. a Shout
 in the midst.
 Intermet, are, to shine between
 among.

- interminatus, a, um, [a minor] threatening Threatened or charged, Forbidden.
- Interminatus, a, um, [a terminus] Boundless.
- Interminor, ari, to Threaten sore, to charge upon a penalty.
- Interminus, a, um, Boundless. * Utere felicitate interminâ, I wish you endless happiness.
- Intermisceo, ui, istum, to mix with other or between.
- Intermissio, ōnis, f. a Forbearance, Ceasing, Breaking off. * Intermissionem facere, to surcease.
- Intermittas, a, um, [of intermitter] Left off, Discontinued, Standing asunder.
- Intermissus, ūs, m. a Leaving off, or Ceasing for a time.
- Intermixtus, a, um, [of inter] miscor. Mixed between or in others.
- Intermitto, issi, istum, to Leave off, or cease for a time. Consuetudinem intermittere, to discontinue acquaintance.
- Intermixtor, ōris, m. a Medler.
- Intermorior, ri, to Dye in the performance of a thing.
- Intermoriturus, a, um, Ready to Dye.
- Intermortuus, a, um, half Dead.
- * Intermortuæ conciones, weak and feeble Orations.
- Intermundium, ii, n. [a mundus] the space between words supposed by Epicurus.
- Intermuralis, e, [a murus] between two walls.
- Internascor, natum, sum, sci, to grow between or among.
- Internatus, a, um, grown or sprung up among. * Internatæ saxis herba, weeds springing up among stones.
- † Internecida, æ, m. he that kills a man, or forgives a false will.
- † Internecies, rei, f. the killing of a man.
- Internecinus, a, um, Pernicious, Deadly, Mortal. * Internecinum bellum, a most bloody war.
- Internecio, ōnis, f. a general Slaughter.
- * Ad internecionem cæsi, not a man left to carry news.
- Internecine, adv. to the utter destruction of both parties.
- Internecivus, a, um, Pernicious, Mortal.
- Interneco, ui, and avi, etum, and atum, to Kill all.
- Internecto, xui, and xi, xum, to knit together.
- Internectus, a, um, [of internecor] slain altogether.
- † Internecida, æ, f. a Murderer.
- † Internecidium, ii, n. Murder.
- Internidifico, are, to build a nest between.
- Internigrans, ntis, having black mixed with other colours.
- Interniteo, ere, to Shine between or among.
- Internodium, ii, n. the Place between two knots.
- Internodia digitorum, Knuckles.
- Internosco, ōvi, ōtum, to know one thing from another.
- Internuntia, æ, f. a Women-messenger between two.
- Internuncio, are, to carry a message between two.
- Internuncius, ii, m. a Messenger or Spokesman between two.
- Internundinum, ii, n. [a nundinum] a space between Fairs, nine Days of working.
- Internus, a, um, [ab intra] Inward.
- Intero, rivi, ritum, [a tero] to Grate or Crumble in. * Tute hoc intristi, the fault is yours, you did it.
- † Interopus, while the work was doing.
- Interordinium, ii, n. [a ordo] the space between ranks.
- † Interpartio, ire, to divide between or among. * Mea bona interpartiant, let them part my goods between them.
- Interpateo, ere, to Lye open between.
- Interpedio, ire, [a pedes] to Hinder between.
- † Interpellatim, Step by Step.
- Interpellatio, ōnis, f. an Interruption, hindring.
- Interpellator, ōris, m. an Interrupter, Disturber, Hinderer.
- Interpello, are, to Interrupt, Hinder, Disturb, Demand; also to warn. * Interpellare debitorem, to sue him.
- Interpersiva, ōrum, n. [a pendeo] a kind of penit use.
- Interpersivi pariete, Walls that rise upon another building without a Foundation in the Ground.
- Interpersivus, a, um, Hanging between certain bounds.
- † Interperitio, ire, to part between or among.
- † Interplacito, are, to Handle, incident matters before the principal.
- Interplicatio, ōnis, f. a Folding or Platting between.
- Interplico, are, to Fold or Plait between.
- Interpolatio, ōnis, f. a new Dressing or Polishing.
- Interpolator, ōris, m. a Furbisher
- Interpolatrix, icis, f. or Dresser of old things.
- Interpolis, e, New dressed, Scoured, Rubbed up.
- Interpolitio, ōnis, f. a Polishing.
- Interpolo, are, to Furbish, dress up, Scour. * Interpolare thura, to refine the Frankincense. * Paratam præsentemque victoriam interpolare, to hinder a victory almost gotten. * Satietaem epularum ludis interpolabat, he sweetened the unpleasantness of the Banquet with pleasant and delightful sports.
- Interpolus, a, um, [a polio] New-trimmed or Dressed.
- † Interpodium, ii, n. the Difference of weights.
- Interpono, ōvui, itum, to Put between or among, to Mingle, Inter-meddle, suborn, resist, differ. * In eam rem se suamque fidem interposuit, he undertook for it. * Operam suam interponere, to do the best he can. * Interponere pœnas, to threaten. * Me nihil interpono, I will not meddle at all with it. * Judicium suum interponere, to determine, give his judgment upon a thing. * Quid enim me interponerem audaciæ tuæ, for why should I give a check to you
- boldness? * Interponere postulatam, to make overtures only to amuse people.
- Interpositio, ōnis, f. a Setting or Interpositus, ūs, m. Putting between or among.
- † Interpositor, ōris, m. he that puts between.
- Interpositus, a, um, [of interponor] Put between or among.
- * Interpositus quinis diebus, five days after. * Per interpositam personam, by proxy.
- Interpremo, ūi, ūum, to Thrust or press between.
- Interpres, etis, c. [a præ vel partes] an Interpreter, Expounder, mediator, soothsayer. * Interpres pacis, he that intercedes for peace.
- † Interpretabilis, e, easily expounded.
- Interpretamentum, i, n. an Interpretatio, ōnis, f. Interpretation, exposition, conjecture, judgment. * Nec interpretatio est facilis, nor is it easy to judge.
- Interpretator, ōris, m. an interpreter.
- Interpretium, ii, n. the price beaten between buyer and seller.
- Interpretor, ari, [ab interpre] to interpret, expound, translate, construe, judge, esteem. * Interpretari memoriæ, to bring to ones remembrance. * In diversum interpretari, to misconstrue. * Grato animo interpretari aliquid, to take a thing in good part, like it exceeding well.
- Interpunctio, ōnis, f. a Pricking or Pointing between.
- Interpunctum, i, n. Distinction by points.
- Interpungus, a, um, [of interpungor] distinguished by points.
- Interpungo, xi, nctum, to prick or point between.
- Interpurgatio, ōnis, f. a Purging here and there.
- Interpurgo, are, to Pick here and there what is superfluous.
- Interpratio, ōnis, f. a Pruning here and there.
- Interprato, are, to Prune or Cut off the little branches.
- Interqueror, ri, to complain frequently.
- † Interquies, etis, f. a resting between.
- Interquiesco, evi, etum, to Rest or Pause in doing.
- Interrado, ūi, ūum, to File, Polish, Scrape about.
- Interrāsilis, e, Scraped or Shaved.
- † Interrador, ōris, m. a Scaper or Engraver about.
- Interrāsus, a, um, [of interrador] Scraped, Carved, or Shaped about.
- Interregnum, i, n. the space between the death of one King and the choosing of another.
- Interrex, egis, m. a Regent governing from the death of one till another be chosen.
- Interritus, a, um, Fearless, Undaunted.
- Interrogatio, ōnis, f. an Interrogation, Question.
- Interrogative, adv. Interrogatively.
- Interrogatiuncula, æ, f. a little Question.
- Interrogator, ōris, m. a Questioner.

Interrogatorius, a, um, by way of Question and Answer. * **Interrogatoria**, orum, questions put to Witnesses, Interrogatories.
Interrogatus, a, um, questioned.
Interrogo, are, to question, Ask, Argue, Charge, or Accuse.
Interrumpo ūpi, uptum, to interrupt, break asunder, confound, to discontinue.
Interruo, ere, to rush between
Interrupte, adv. brokenly, by fits.
Interruptio, ōnis, f. Interruption, breaking off.
Interruptor, ōris, m. an Interrupter.
Interruptus, a, um, [of interrumpo] interrupted, broken, discontinued. * **Interruptus vocibus uti**, to stammer, or speak stammeringly.
Interscalare, is, n. [a scala] a Ladder staff.
Intersealmium, ii, n. [a sealmus] the space between the Oars in a Galley.
Interseapilium, ii, n. [a seapula] the place between the Shoulder-blades.
Interseindo, scīdi, scissum, to cut asunder or in the midst.
Interferibo, pſi, ptum, to interline, write between.
Interſcriptum, i, n. the interlining.
Intersecatio, ōnis, f. a cutting in the middle.
Interseco, ui, ctum, cut off or in the middle.
Interfocio, ōnis, f. a cutting off.
Interſeminatus, a, um, sowed between or among.
Intersepō, pi, ptum, to compass or close round about, hedge in, or divide by a hedge.
Interseptum, i, n. a Partition.
Interſeptus, a, um, [of interſepi or] enclosed, hedged in, shut up.
Inters, ēro, ēvi, itum, to Graff or Plant between.
Intervo, ui, ertum, to put or mingle between or among.
† **Interſignum**, i, n. a watch-word.
Interſiſtitur, [ab illis] they stop.
Interſisto, ſtiti, ere, to stop or stay between
Interitus, a, um, [of interſeror] sowed or set between. * **Interſita peregrinatio**, a pleasant Journey accompanied with Variety of Objects.
Interſono, ui, are, to sound between or in the mean while.
Interſperſus, a, um, [a sparſus] Sprinkled, scattered here and there
Interſpiratio, ōnis, f. a breathing between. * **Sine interſpiratione**, in a breath.
Interſpirator, ōris, m. a breather between.
Interſpiro, are, to vent or breathe between.
Interſerno. ravi, ratum, to spread or lay between.
Interſtinuus, a, um, [of interſtingor] D ſingor ſed, Separated, part d here and there. * **Ambustus interſtinuus penantibus oculis**. Raiment ſet with Stars.
Interſtingo, ſtingo, Interſtinguo, nxi-
ductum, [de ſtingo purgo] to diſ-
ſinguish, ſeparate between. Stop.
Interſtio, ōnis, f. a ceasing or leav-
ing off for a time.
Interſtitium, ii, n. a ſpace or di-
ſtance between * **Interſtitium**

Luna, the change of the moon.
† Interflo, are, to stand between.
Interstratus, a, um, [of interiter
nor] strowed or laid between.
Interirep, ui, itum, to make a
noise among others.
Interstringo, xi, ctum, to strain or
press between. * Gulam inter-
stringere, to choke.
Interstructio, onis, f. a Building
between.
Interstruo, xi, ctum, to Build and
join several things together.
Interium, fui, esse, to be present or
at hand, to differ. See Interest.
Intertexto, ere, to weave between.
Intertextus, a, um, woven or wrought
between, embroidered.
Intertignum, ii, n. [a tignum]
the space between two rafters.
Intertinctus, a, um, [of intertin-
gor] dred, spotted here and there.
Intertingo, ere, to dye or spot be-
tween.
Intertraho, xi, ctum, to draw out
from between, take away all. * A-
mimam puteo intertrahere, to
draw a Well dry.
† Intertrigatus, a, um, Galled.
Intertrigo, ini, f. [a celo] a gal-
ling the Skin with long going; al-
so interfering.
Intertrimentum, i, n. loss, dam-
age, dross of Metal.
Intertritura, æ, f. the loss or waste
of Coin in wearing.
Interturbatio, onis, f. a disturbing,
hindring.
Interturbator, oris, m. a disturb r.
Interturbo, are, to disturb, inter-
rupt, binder.
Intervacatio, onis, f. a being vacant
or at leisure.
Intervaco, are, to be vacant be-
tween.
Intervallatus, a, u, which comes and
goes by turns, intermitted, put be-
tween. * Febris intervallata, an
Ague coming by Fits, periodical.
Intervallum, i, n. space or distance
between, pause, respite. * Ex in-
tervallo, by and by * Longo in-
tervallo, a great way off * Eodem
tervallo, at the same time. * Ne
intervallo quidem facto, without
any delay.
Intervello, vulsi, ultum, to pluck
from between or here and there.
Intervenies, ntis, coming in the
god speed, lying between. * In-
tervenientibus desertis, Deserts
being between.
Intervenio, eni ntum, to come up-
on one suddenly, come in the mean
while, flow or be between, befall, in-
tercede, oppose. * Malo ne inter-
venier a. time a. if you don't run
into mischief.
Interventum, ii, n. [a vena] the
space between things in the Earth.
Interventio, onis, f. a suretyship.
Interventor, oris, m. a mediator,
Surpriser, Surety, Erker.
Intervenit, eni, imp. they came
suddenly upon.
Interventus, us, m. a coming in the
mean while, an overtaking, Meas-
tion. * Interventus noctis, by the
Nights stealing upon them.
Interverfor, oris, m. a turner away.
Interverto, a, um, [of interver-
tor] turned or conveyed away * In-
terverto regali dono, having next.

ly choose them of the Kings pre-
sent.
Interverto, ti, sum, to draw away
suddenly, steal, purloin, turn up-
side down, abolish, destroy.
Intervigilatio, ōnis, f. a waking.
Intervigilo, are, to be between sleep-
ing and waking.
Intervireo, ere, to have green mixed
with other Colours.
Intervilo, si, sum, to visit now and
then.
INTĒRŪLA, æ, f. [ab intra, vel
tero] a Skirt, Waistcoat.
Interundo, are, to distinguish with
Waves.
Intervocaliter, adv. aloud, between
whites
Intervomo, ere, to vomit between
or sometimes.
Interusurium, ii, n. [abusura]
Use or Interest in the meantime.
Intestabilis, e, which by Law can
make no Testament, or be taken for
a Witness, detestable, gelded
Intestato, adv. without a Will.
Intestatus, a, um, intestat, having
made no Will, not proved by Wil-
ness, out of Credit, gelded.
Intestina, orum, the Entails, Bow-
els.
Intestinum, i, n. [ab intus] an
Entrail, a Gut. * Intestina terra.
Earth worms * Intestinum cæ-
cum, the fourth or blind gut. * In-
testinum duocenum, the gut next
to the Stomach. * Intestinum
quintum, or crassum, the same as
colon. * Intestinum rectum, the
strait or Arse gut.
Intestinus, a, um, [ab intus] in-
ward, Secret, Deceit, Sprightly.
* Intestinum bellum, Civil War,
* Intestinum odium, a secret
grudge. * Intestinum opus, wain-
scot. * Intestinum pavimentum,
a boarded Floor.
Intexo, ui, xtum, to weave in or
between, Interweave, Embroider.
* Intexere aliquem orationi, to
bring in a Person in a Dialogue.
Intextus, a, um, [of intexor] In-
termoven.
Intextus, ūs, m. an interweaving,
embroidering.
Intimas, ātis, m. [ab intimus] a
Friend, Secretary.
Intimatio, ōnis, f. an intimating,
signifying.
Intimātor, ōris, m. an Intimater.
Intimē, adv. very inwardly, from
the bottom of the Heart.
Intimo, are, to intimate, signify,
relate, love entirely, register.
Intimor, ari, to be entred into.
Intimus, a, um, [ab intra] inti-
mate, most inward or secret * In-
timi dentes, the Cheek Teeth. * In-
timis aliquis esse, to be ones con-
fident or Bosom Friend
Intinctio, ōnis, f. a dying, dipping.
Intinctor, ōris, m. a Dyer.
Intinctus, ūs, m. Sauce.
Intinctus, a, um, [of intingor]
dyed, dipped; also not eyed. * In-
tinctus arte, thoroughly instructed
an Art.
Intingo, xi, nctum, to dye, dip in.
Intinilatus, a, um, Intiniled.
Intinilo, ere, to entitle
Intolerabilis, e, intolerable.
Intolerabiliter, adv. intolerably.
Intolerandus, a, um, not to be
with.

Intolerans, ntis, impatient, not able to bear. *Intolerantissimus laboris, not to work.
 Intoleranter, adv. impatiently.
 Intolerantia, æ, f. impatience.
 Intollo, ere, to lift up on high.
 Intonatus, a, um, thundered.
 Intondeo, di, sum, to shear or shave about.
 Intono, ui, are, to thunder, make a noise, speak with passion. *Intonnare minas, to threaten terribly.
 Intonus, a, um, [of in and tonius] unsaved, unshorn.
 Intorqueo, si, sum and tum, to wrest, wrestle, burle. *Intorquere talum, to strain ones Ankle.
 Intortus, a, um, [of intorqueor] wrested, crooked, intricate. *Intorta oratio, a perplexed Speech.
 Intotum, adv. wholly, all together.
 INTRA, adv. & præp. [Evdw, 'Etrōs, vel ab inter] within, less than. *Intra hæc, before these things were done. *Intra me futurum est, I will keep it to my self. *Intra verba desipere, to express Folly in words only. *Intra famam esse, not to answer the Opinion the World conceives of one. *Intra modum loquendi, by way of Discourse. *Intra legem epulanti, to live Cheaper than the Laws allow. *Intra juventam rapti, to dye in ones Youth.
 Intractabilis, e, untractable, rude, fierce. *Bruma intractabilis, a very sharp Winter.
 Intractatus, a, um, unruly, not subdued or broken.
 Intraho, ere, to draw in.
 Intramuranus, a, um, within the Walls.
 Intraneus, a, um, inward, within.
 Intransitivus, a, um, intransitive, incommunicable, not transitory.
 Intrarius, a, um, inward, within.
 Intratus, a, um, ready to enter.
 Intratus, a, um, entered into.
 Intratus, us, m. an entrance.
 Intrémisco, ere, to fall a trembling.
 Intrémo, ui, ere, to tremble, be afraid.
 Intrémulus, a, um, not trembling.
 Intrépide, adv. without fear, boldly.
 Intrépides, a, um, fearless, Courageous.
 Intribuo, ere, to contribute.
 Intributio, onis, f. a contribution.
 Intricatè, adv. intricately.
 Intricatio, onis, f. an intanglement.
 Intricatūra, æ, f. a ling.
 Intrico, are, [a tricæ] to wrap together, snarl, entangle, take in a springe. *Intricare peculium, to pawn or Mortgage.
 Intrinsecus, adv. [of intra and secus] from within, on the inside.
 Intrinsecus, a, um, inward.
 Intripola, æ, f. an Old Garment new dressed.
 Intrita, æ, f. grated bread.
 Intritum, i, n. a bash made of minced meat, fine Mortar, Loom put about Grass.
 Intritus, a, um, [of interior] grated or crammed in.
 Intrò, within. *Intrò ferre, to carry into the House.
 Intro, are, to enter, go in, insinuate or creep into.
 Introcedo, ere, to come in.

Introclūdo, si, sum, [a claudo] to shut within.
 Introclusus, a, um, [of introcludor] shut in.
 † Introcuror, ere, to run in.
 Intrōdo, are, to enter or get in. *Introdebat se, he thrust himself in, intruded.
 † Intrōdūca, f. she that leads the Bride to the Bridegroom.
 Intrōdūco, xi, ctum, to introduce, bring or lead in, enter one in a Science.
 Introductio, onis, f. a leading or bringing in, an entering on.
 † Introducor, oris, m. an introducer.
 Introductōrius, a, um, of bringing in.
 Introductus, a, um, [of introductor] brought in.
 Introeo, ivi, itum, to go or enter in.
 Introfero, tūli, latum, to bear or carry in.
 Introgrēdior, di, [of intro and gradior] to enter in.
 Introgressus, a, um, [of introgrēdior] entered in.
 Introiens, euntis, [of introeo] going or entering in.
 † Introitōrius, a, um, of entering in.
 Introitur, imp. there is an entering.
 Introitus, us, m. an entrance, passage, or going in.
 Introitus, a, um, entered in.
 Intrōlātus, a, um, [of introferor] brought or carried in.
 Intromissio, onis, f. a letting in.
 Intromissus, a, um, [of intromittor] let in.
 Intromitto, issi, sum, to send or let in.
 † Intrōneus, a, um, inward.
 Introrūm, adv. [ab intro & ver-] [introrsus, & sus] inwardly, within, toward the inside.
 Introrumpo, upi, ptum, to rush or break in by Violence.
 Introruptio, onis, f. a breaking or rushing in.
 Introspectio, onis, f. a looking in or on.
 Introspector, oris, m. a looker in.
 Introspectus, a, um, [of introspector] looked into, diligently considered.
 Introspectio, xi, ctum, [of intro and specio] to look in, Consider diligently.
 Introvocatus, a, um, called in.
 Intrōvōco, are, to call or cause to come in.
 Intrūdo, si, sum, to Thrust or Shove in.
 Intrusus, a, um, [of intrudor] to Thrust in.
 Intubus, i, m. Endive, g.
 Intubum, a, n. Endive, g.
 Intubaceus, a, um, of Endive.
 † Intuburina, æ, f. Endive.
 † Intubāsinos, a, um, of Endive.
 Intuens, ntis, Beholding.
 Intueor, tus sum, eri, to Behold, Regard, steadfastly. *Acrioribus oculis intueri, to Behold earnestly.
 Intuerigi, a People of Germany.
 Intuitus, a, um, [of intueor] having beheld.
 Intuitus, us, m. a steadfast beholding.
 Intūli, of infero.
 Intūmeo, ere, to Swell.
 † Intūmescentia, æ, f. a Swelling.

Intumesco, ere, to begin to swell.
 Intumēlātus, a, um, Unburied.
 Intuor, tus sum, ui, to Behold.
 Inturbatus, a, um, not disturbed, quiet.
 Inturbidus, a, um, not Troubled, Disquieted or Muddled, Clear.
 † Intūria, is, f.apers for sauce.
 INTUS, adv. [Evdw] In, Within, From within.
 Intusium, ii, a Shirt. See Indusium.
 Intūsus, a, um, Unsafe, Unsecure, Dangerous.
 Intybum, i, n. Endive, g.
 Invādo, si, sum, to Invade, Assault, Set upon, enterprize, take away by force. *Invāsit cupiditas plerisque, most men had a desire. *Invadere viam, to take a journey, march on.
 Invāgino, are, to Sheath, Put up.
 Invālentia, æ, f. Sickness, feebleness.
 Invāles, ere, to grow strong or in Use. *Invāluit consuetudo, the Custom is prevalent or obtains.
 Invālesco, ere, to grow strong, prevail; also to grow weak and out of use.
 Invālētūdo, inio, f. unhealthfulness, sickness, weakness.
 Invālidè, adv. weakly, sickly.
 Invālidus, a, um, Weakly, feeble, sick; also very Strong.
 Invālio, onis, f. an Invasion, Assault.
 Invāsor, oris, m. an Invader, Assailer.
 Invāsūrus, a, um, [of invado] about to Invade.
 Inūber, eris, [of in and uber] small, slender.
 Inubero, ere, [ab uber] to give suck.
 Invectio, onis, f. a Carrying or Bringing, an outrage of words, Inveighing. *Invectiones Lunæ, the course of the Moon.
 Invenitūsus, a, um, Imported, Carried in.
 Inveniva, æ, f. [sc. oratio] an Inveitive.
 † Invenivāliter, Inveitively.
 † Invektivus, a, um, Inveitive.
 † Invecto, are, to carry in often.
 Invehor, oris, m. a Bringer in.
 Invehor, a, um, [of invehor] brought or carried in, befallen.
 Invehus, us, m. a carrying in.
 Invehens, ntis, Inveighing, Carrying. *Invehere oceanum, to put out to Sea. *Acies invexit se, the Army charged.
 Invehor, h, to Rate, Defame with angry words, be Furious, Drive furiously, be conveyed by Ship, Charriot, on Horseback, &c.
 † Invenālis, e, not to be sold.
 Invendibilis, e, not Saleable.
 Invenditus, a, um, unsold.
 Invenio, eni, ntum, to Invent, Find, Get, Devise, Seek out. *Non enim invenire, to get a Nick name. *Invenias ubi habitat, know where he lives.
 † Invenibo, for inveniam.
 Invenitur, imp. there is an invention.
 Inventarium, ii, an Inventory, Register.
 † Invenitibilis, e, which cannot be found out.
 † Inventicūla, æ, f. a small dew fe.

- Inventio**, ōnis, f. an *Invention*, *finding out*.
Inventitius, ii, m. a *Foundling*.
Inventiuncula, æ, f. a *small Invention*.
Inventor, ōris, m. an *Inventor*.
Inventrix, icis, f. *Deviser*.
Inventum, i, n. a *feign'd Story*.
Inventus, ūs, m. a *Lye*, an *Invention*.
Inventus, a, um, [of *invenior*] *Invented*, *gotten*. * *Inventus in culpa*, taken tardy. * *Est inventus qui*, there is not one wanting to, &c. * *Opus est invento*, it must be found.
† **Invenustas**, ātis, f. *Uncomeliness*.
Invenuste, adv. *uncomely*, without *Grace*.
Invenustus, a, um, *unseemly*, *ungraceful*.
Inverecundē, *Impudently*, *Boldly*, adv.
Inverecundia, æ, f. *Impudence*.
Inverecundus, a, um, ior. *issimus*, *Shameless*, *impudent*, *immodest*.
Invergo, ere, to *Slide in*, *Incline*, *Pour on or in*, *Stoop a Vessel*.
Inversio, ōnis, f. a *turning inward* or *upside down*, *inverting ranks* into *file*.
† **Inversum**, *Orderly*, in *Order*.
Inversus, a, um, [of *invertor*] *Turned inward*, or *upside down*, not *translated*. * *Inversum mare*, a *boisterous sea*. * *Inversi mores*, manners *extremely altered*.
Inverto, ti, sum, to *turn the inside out* or *upside down*, *pervert*, *disturb*. * *Invertere scrobes oleis*, to *make trenches for Olives*. * *Invertere cadum*, to *tilt a Barrel*.
Invesperasco, ere, to *grow Late*, or *towards Night*.
Investigābilis, e, which cannot be *found out*.
Investigandus, a, um, to be *sought out*.
Investigārius, ii, m. a *Blood hound*.
Investigatio, ōnis, f. a *searching* or *finding out*.
Investigātor, ōris, m. a *tracer*, *searcher* or *finder out*.
Investigatus, a, um, *searched* or *found out*.
Investigo, are, [a *vestigium*] to *search*, *trace*, *find* or *bunt out*.
† **Investimentum**, i, n. a *Garment*, *Cloathing*.
Investio, ire, to *invest*, *garnish*, *deck inwardly*.
Inveſtis, e, *beardless*, without *Hairs* or *Cloths*.
Investitura, æ, f. an *investing*, *giving possession*, *Livery of seisin*.
Investitus, a, um, *unclothed*.
† **Inveſto**, are, to *warm* or *heat*.
Invetrasco, ere, to *grow old*, to *grow in or out of Custom*, to *decay*, *grow weak*.
Invetratio, ōnis, f. a *growing in use* or *age by long Custom*.
Invetratus, a, um, *grown into use by Custom*. * *Invetrata barbaria*, their *wanted barbarity*. * *Invetrata querela*, an *old Complaint*.
Invetro, are, [a *vetus*] to *become old*, *grow stale* or *in use*, *be settled*. * *Invetravit hac opinio*, this *Opinion* has been of *long continuance*.
Invetitus, a, um, not *forbidden*.
Invia, [ic. loca] *unpassable places*.
Invicem, adv. *by turns* or *course*, *one after another*.
Invicus, a, um, *Invincible*, not *overcome*. * *Invictus a labore*, *indefatigable*.
† **Invidē**, adv. *Enviously*, *Maliciously*.
Invidendus, a, um, to be *envied*. * *Opes invidendæ*, *abundance of Wealth*.
Invidentia, æ, f. *Maliciousness*.
Invideo, idi, sum, to *envy*, *grudge* not, to *deny*, to *give*. * *Invidere laudes alicui*, or *laudibus alicujus*, to *envy one's Praise*.
Invidetur, imp. there is a *Grudging*.
Invidia, æ, f. [ab *invideo*] *Envy*, *Malice*, *Hating*, or *being Hated*. * *Esse in invidia*, *habere invidiam* to be *envied*. * *Mihi invidiam confavit*, he *hath brought me into disgrace*.
Invidiola, æ, f. a *little grudge* or *envy*.
Invidiosē, adv. *spitefully*, *enviously*.
Invidiosus, a, um, *envious*, or *envied*. * *Hoc tibi invidiosum futurum est*, this will *cause you ill will*.
Invidus, a, um, *envious*, *malicious*, *spiteful*.
Invigilatio, ōnis, f. a *diligent watching*.
Invigilator, ōris, m. a *watcher*.
Invigilo, are, to *watch*, *give diligence*.
† **Invilesco**, ere, to *grow vile*.
† **Invilito**, are, to *make vile*.
Invincibilis, e, *invincible*.
Invincibiliter, adv. *inviolably*.
† **Invinius**, a, um, *temperate*, *refraining from Wine*.
Invio, are, [a *via*] to *go* or *walk*.
Inviolabilis, e, *inviolable*.
† **Inviolabiliter**, adv. *inviolably*.
Inviolatē, adv. *uncorruptly*, *purely*.
Inviolatus, a, um, *inviolated*, *unhurt*, *unsound*.
† **Inviscatio oculi**, a *fliminess* in the *Eyes* making the *Lids stick together*.
Invisco, are, [a *viscus*] to *take with Bird-lime*.
Invisibilis, e, *invisible*.
Invisitatus, a, um, not *visited*.
Invisito, are, to *visit often*.
Inviso, ūi, sum, to *visit*, *come* or *go to see*.
Invisor, ōris, m. an *Envier*, *Hater*.
Invisus, a, um, ior. *issimus*, [of *invidior*] *hated*, *odious*, not *seen*.
Invitabilis, e, *alluring*, *delectable*, *fair spoken*.
Invitamentum, i, n. an *alluring*, *desiring*, *requesting*.
Invitatio, ōnis, f. an *inviting*.
* **Invitatio vini**, a *Drinking Collation*.
Invitator, ōris, m. the *Officer* *inviting Men* to *Sup* with the *Emperor*.
Invitatus, a, um, *invited*, *allured*.
Invitatus, ūs, m. a *bidding*, *calling*, *inviting*.
Invitē, ius, *issimē*, adv. *unwillingly*.
† **Invitio**, are, to *spoil*, *pollute*.
Invito, are, [a *via*] to *invite*, *bid*, *entertain*, *allure*, *provoke*. * *Invitare aliquem poculis*, to *bid one* we come
* **Invitare** *sele* in *con*, to *fill* to.
† **Invitro**, are, to *glaze with Glass*.
Invitus, a, um, ior. *issimus*, [a *vito vel vita*] *unwilling*, *constrained*, in *spite of one's Teeth*.
Invius, a, um, [a *via*] without *way* or *passage*, *unpassable*.
Inula, æ, f. [ab *Helenium*] *Elecampane*.
Inultus, a, um, *unrevenged*, *scot-free*. * *Inultum auferre aliquid*, not to be *punished for it*.
Inumbratio, ōnis, f. a *shadowing*.
Inumbrator, ōris, m. a *shadower*.
Inumbratus, a, um, *shaded*, *apparen*. * *Quies inumbrata*, *unquiet sleep*.
Inumbro, are, to *cast* or *give a shadow*, *defend*, *shield*.
Inuncatio, ōnis, f. a *booking unto*.
Inunco, are, to *catch* or *catch with a Hook*.
Inunctio, ōnis, f. an *anointing*.
Inunctor, ōris, m. an *anointer*.
Inunctus, a, um, [of *inunger*] *anointed*.
Inundatio, ōnis, f. an *Inundation*, *overflowing*, a *floud*.
Inundator, ōris, m. an *over-flower*.
Inundo, are, to *overflow*, *break upon*. * *Inundari falerno*, to be *well plied with good Wine*. * *Dei si inundata Troes*, the *Trojans throng in*.
Inungo, xi, nctum, to *anoint*.
In-unguem, at the *Fingers-ends*, *exactly*.
Inunio, ire, to *unite*, *make one*.
Inunitus, a, um, *united*.
In universum, generally, *wholly*.
Invocatio, ōnis, f. a *calling upon*.
Invocatus, a, um, [of *invoco*] *called upon*.
Invocatus, a, um, [of *vocatus*] *unbidden*, not *invited*.
Invoco, are, to *call upon* for *help* also not to *call*.
Involutio, ōnis, f. a *flyng upon*.
Involatus, ūs, m. a *flyng upon*.
† **Involutor**, ōris, m. he that *flies upon*.
Involito, are, to *fly in* often, *be over*.
Involo, are, to *run violently upon*, *clap hands upon*, *fly at*. * *Animum cupido involat*, *quickly enters*. * *Involare in possessionem*, *violently to seize an Inheritance*.
Involvere, cris, cre, } not *fledg'd*, } which can-
Involucris, re, } not yet *fly*.
Involacre, is, n. [ab *involvere*] the *Barbers Towel*.
Involacrum, i, n. a *covering*, any thing that *covers*, *cloaks*, *hides*. * *Involucrum floris*, the *cup of a Flower*. * *Involucrum majus Agrimony*.
† **Involuntariē**, adv. *unwillingly*.
Involuntarius, a, um, *unwilling*.
Involve, vi, olūtum, to *roll*, *wrap together* or *upon*, *enfold*, *bea cast self close up*. * *Involvere se literis*, to *keep close to his Study*. * *Nimbi involvere diem*, the *Day* is *cast*.
Involvulus, i, m. a *Caterpillar*.
Involūtē, coverily, *closely*.
Involutio, ōnis, f. an *enfold*.
Involutus, a, um, ior. *issimus*, *folded*, *covered*, *intricate*. * *Involutum bellum nomine pacis*, *cloaked under the name of Peace*.
Inurbane.

Inurbane, adv. uncivilly, uncourteously.
Inurbānus, a, um, uncivil, uncourteous, unmannerly.
Inurens, ntis, the scorching heat of the Sun.
Inurgeo, ēre, to urge against.
Inurino, are, to plunge in the water.
Inuro, ſi, uſum, to mark with a hot Iron, to inamel, imprint. * *Inurere* famam ſuperbiæ alicui, to make one always be accounted a proud Fellow. * *Inurere* calami-bris, to curl the hair.
Inuſitate, } adv. unuſually.
Inuſitātō, }
Inuſitatus, a, um, unaccuſtomed, ſtrange.
Inuſus, a City of Ægypt.
Inuſtio, ōnis, cauterizing, burning in.
Inuſus, a, um, [of inuror] burnt in, ſeared with a hot Iron.
Inuſus, e, unprofitable, uſeleſs.
Inuſilitas, atis, f. unprofitableneſs.
Inuſiliter, adv. unprofitably.
Inuulgatio, ōnis, f. a divulging.
Inuulgator, ōris, m. a divulger.
Inuulgo, are, to divulge, publiſh, make known.
Inuulnerabilis, e, Inuulnerable, which cannot be Wounded.
Inuulneratus, a, um, not wounded.
Inuus, [ab inco] the Night-mare.
Inycus, a City of Sicily called Longobardo.
Inynia, Feaſts Celebrated at Lemnos.

J O

J. O. M. for Jovi, optimo, maximo.
Jo, interj. [*Io] a Particle of Joy or Grief, Oh! heigh ho!
Jo, ius, the Daughter of Inachus, turned into a Cow by Jupiter that ſhe might not be known by Juno who drove her into Ægypt, where ſhe recovered her former ſhape, married King Oſiris, and after her Death was worſhipped by the name of Iſis.
Jocachus, a Surname of Bacchus.
Jocundus, a, um, full of Feſts.
Jocaciter, adv. Feſtingly, Merrily.
Jocamen, inis, n. a Feſt.
Jocans, ntis, Feſting.
Jocasta, the daughter of Creon King of Thebes, after the Death of her Husband Laius, ſhe unwittingly married her own Son Oedipus, by whom ſhe had Eteocles and Poly-nices, who killing one another ſhe alſo killed her ſelf.
Jocatio, ōnis, f. a Feſting.
Jocator, ōris, m. a Feſter.
Jocatorius, a, um, Feſting, in Feſt.
Jocatus, a, um, Feſting, Playing upon.
Jochabela, the Mother of Moſes.
Jocō, adv. in Feſt, Merrily.
Jocor, ari, [a jocus] to Feſt, make Sport by Feſting.
Jocōt, adv. Feſtingly, Merrily.
Jocōſitas, atis, f. Merrineſs, a Feſting.
Jocōſus, a, um, Jochoſe, Feſting, merry. * *Jocōſa* imago, the echo.
Jocritus, the Son of Lycurgus.
Joculans, ntis, Feſting.
Jocularia, ōrum, Bracelets, Jewels.
Jocularis, e, Jocular, ſpoken in Feſt.

Joculariter, adv. Feſtingly, Mer- rily.
Jocularius, a, um, Feſting, in Feſt. * *Jocularium* malum, a pleaſant Miſchief, a pretty kind of harm.
Joculator, ōris, m. a Feſter.
Joculatorius, a, um, done in Feſt.
Joculax, acis, full of Feſts.
Jocūior, ari, to Feſt, Board.
Jocūlus, i, m. a pretty Conceit, merry Tale.
Jocunditas, atis, f. Jocundneſs, Mirth.
Jocundor, ari, to be merry.
Jocundus, a, um, Jocund, Merry.
JOCUS, i, m. [a juvo, vel Heu- ſachab kriſi] a Feſt, merry Story, a Fool, Lying-ſtock. * *Ridiculi joci*, pleaſant Feſts, Gentile Riſſery.
Johanna, the Name of ſeveral Men and Women.
Johannes, John, the Name of ſe- veral Men.
Johannes Chryſoſtomus, or Chry- ſorremion, a Biſhop of Conſtanti- nople. Depoſed by Theophilus Bi- ſhop of Alexandria; was Ban- ſhed into Pontus, where he Died, A. D. 413.
Jol, a City of Numidia called af- terwards Colonia Cæſarea, now Alger, and by the Inhabitants Geizeir.
Jolau, the Son of Iphiclus, who hope Hercules in killing the Hydra, ſeizing the Neck where a Head was cut off, that others might not ſpring. in his Old Age he was re- ſtored to his Youth by the Prayers of his Uncle Hercules.
Joclos, a Town in Theſſaly called Jaco.
Jolciacus, a, um, of Jolci.
Jole, the Daughter of Eurytus King of Oecalia, beloved of Hercules, and when Eurytus being overcome, reſuſed to deliver her according to his Bargain, Hercules ſlew him, carried her away, and afterwards gave her to his Son Hyllus.
Jolum, a Mountain of Perrhoëbia.
Joli, the Inhabitants of Jolum.
Jon, a Tragedian of Chius; and other Men.
Jone, a City of Paleſtine, called al- ſo Gaza; alſo Antiochia ſo called.
Jonia, a Country of Aſia minor, be- tween Caria and Æolis, now called Sarchiam, and by the Turks Quiſcum.
Ionicus, } of Ionia.
Ionius, a, um, }
Ionicus, a foot of two long Syllables, and two ſhort. * *Ionica* ſaltatio, a wanton Dance.
Jonis, a kind of Carbuncle-ſtone.
Jonthi, Warts or Pimples, the priſt down of Hair.
Iopas, a King of the Afri, one of Dido's Suitors, and an Excellent Muſician.
Jope, a City of Phœnicia and Theſ- ſaly.
Jopis, a Country of Laconia.
Jordanes, a Roman Conſul with Se- verus.
Jordānes, a moſt pleaſant River of Judæa.
Jornandes, a Gothick Hiſtorian.
Jos, an Iſland in the Myrtoan Sea, famous for Homer's ſepulchre, and the Birth of Homer's Mothers.
Joſephus, the Name of ſeveral Men.

Joſippus, a Hiſtorian, the Son of Gorion.
Jota, the letter I, a jot, tittle, a thing of nothing, &c.
Jotatis, an Iſland in the Gulf of Arabia.
Jotaſcimus, a frequent beginning of the Letter I; alſo a fault, of pro- nouncing it too broad, &c.
Jota, a People of Scythia.
Jota pata, a City of Syria.
Jotape, Lombardo in Cilicia.
Joviacum, Saltzberg in Noricum.
Jovianus Pontanus, a Philoſopher and Poet, who wrote many things in Proſe and Verſe, which are yet ex- tant.
Jovinianus, a Name which Maxi- minian took from his Exports in Illyricum.
Jovinus, a Roman Conſul with Lu- picinus.
Jovis, [a Jehovah] the old Nominati- ve, but now the Genitive of Jupi- ter. * *Jovis arbor*, the Oak. * *Jovis barba*, Senſgreen. * *Dies Jo- vis*, Thursday. * *Jovis flo*, Roſe- campagn. * *Jovis glans*, a Cheſnut. * *Jovis faba*, Henbane. * *Jovis ale*, the Eagles.
Jovis fanum, a City of Lydia.
Jovis font, a Fountain in Dedone, which is always dry at Noon.
Jovis mons, a Mountain in Spain called Monjui.
Jovis Promontorium, an Iſland of Taprobane.
Jovis Sereatoris portus, a Haven by the Argolick Gulf.

I P

I. P. for in publico, in poſſeſſione, intra Provinciam, Julia Persona, Juſtus Poſſeſſor, Juſ Prætoris, or Pontificium.
Ipana, a City about Carthage.
Iphian-ſſa, Iphinoë, and Lyſippe, the Daughters of Proteus King of Argos, who preferring their Emu- lity before Juno's, were by her ſtruck with Madneſs, imagining them- ſelves to be Cows.
Iphiclus, or Iphclus, the Son of Amphitryo by Alcmena, who bore him with Hercules [by Jupiter].
Iphicrates, an Athenian Captain, who Banished himſelf becauſe they would not be guided by him.
Iphidamas, the Son of Antenor, ſlain by Agamemnon in the Tro- jan War.
Iphigenia, Agamemnon's Daugh- ter, which ſhould have been Sacrifi- ced to Diana, becauſe her Father had ſlain a Hart of hers, but the Goddeſs pitied her, and ſent a Hart to be Offered in her ſtead.
Iphimedia, being Raviſhed by Nep- tune, ſhe brought forth Iphicrates and Otus, who grew every Month nine fingers in length, till helping the Giants againſt the Gods, they were ſlain by Apollo.
Iphingia, æ, a kind of Precious Stone.
Iphis, a young Man who hanged him- ſelf for the love of Anaxarate, who was alſo turned into a ſtone.
Iphis, a Cretian Virgin, turned in- to a Man on her Wedding-day at the Prayers of her Mother, to avoid the anger of her Husband Lygduſ, who ſuppoſed her to be a Man, and

had provided her a Wife, he having commanded her mother if she brought forth a girl to destroy it.

Iphistiadae, a People of Athens.

Iphitus, the Son of Eurystus King of Oechalia, whom Hercules [having slain his father] threw headlong from the tower.

Ipnus, untis, a Country in Samos, where there was a Temple of Jupiter Ipnuuntis.

Ips, ipos, f. a little Worm bred upon trees by the South-wind in Spring time, g.

IPSE, a, um, ius, [ab ipse & ipse] He, Himself, the Same, Very. * **Ego ipse**, I my self. * **Ipsi veniunt ad mulatracapellæ**, they came of themselves. * **Agam par me ipse**, I'll go about it by my self. * **Se Fannius ipse peremit**, Fannius killed himself. * **Triginta dies erant ipsi**, for thirty days together.

† **Ipsis**, for **ipsi**.

Ipsemet, He himself.

† **Ipsi**, for **ipsius**, of Him.

Ipsicuri, a People of Liguria.

† **Ipsipe**, and **Ipsipte**, to Himself.

Ipsissimus, a, um, [ab ipse] the very Self-same.

† **Ipsulices**, or **ipsiplices**, Leaves growing within one another.

Ipsus, a, um, be Himself. See **Ipse**

I R

† **Ir**, the Hollow of the hand.

IRA, æ, f. [ab Heb. Charak exarsit irâ] Anger, Wrath, Rage. * **Ira**, arum, fallings out. * **Maris ira**, the raging of the Sea.

Ira, the City of Messenia.

Iracundè, adv. Angrily, Hastily.

Iracundia, æ, f. Watchfulness, Hastiness.

† **Iracunditer**, Angrily.

Iracundus, a, um, Wrathful, Hasty, Testy.

Irascor, atus sum, sci, to be Wroth or angry. * **Irasci vicem alicujus**, to be angry on the behalf of another.

Irātè, ius, iisimè, adv. Angrily.

Irātus, ior, iisimus, a, um, [of irascor] Angry, Moved, Tempestuous.

* **Iratum habere aliquem**, to make one angry.

Ireus, ei, m. [ab hira] a kind of Puddings used in Sacrifices.

† **Ireipes**, edis, a Harrow.

Ire, and **iri**, the Infinitives of **Eo**.

Ireos, a city of Spain.

Irelandia, Ireland.

Irenarches, æ, m. a Justice of Peace.

Irene, the Mother of Constantine the seventh, she reigned with him nine Years, he expelled her, and reigned alone seven Years; again, she took him by craft, put out his Eyes, cast him in Prison, where he died, and reigned alone four years.

Irenica, orum, g. Prayers for Peace.

Irenicus, a, um, g. belonging to Peace.

Irenopolis, a city of Cilicia.

Iresione, an Olive bough with wool about it; also all sorts of Fruits at Festivals, g.

Ira, a River in Italy.

Ira Flavia, a city in Spain.

† **Iricius**, ii, m. a Hedge-hog.

Iricolor, oris, [ab iris] of all colours of the rain-bow.

Ireneus, a Learned Bishop of Lugdunum, A. D. 179.

Irinum, i, g. an Gintment made of Flower-de-luce.

Irinus, a, um, g. of the Flower-de-luce

Irio, onis, m. [ab iris] Rank-crejtes.

Iris, iridis, f. the Rain-bow; also a Flower-de-luce, and a Six corner'd precious stone, and the black circle about the nipple, g.

Iris, the daughter of Thaumast Feigned by the Poets to be Juno's Messenger, also a River in Asia minor.

Irlandia, Ireland.

Irnea, æ, f. [ab Opus avis] Ironem, ei, n. a Wine-veffel used in Sacrifice; also a Cake in fashion of a Bird. See **Hirnia**.

Iromus, a King of Tyre.

Ironia, æ, f. an Irony, when one speaks a thing jestingly and means the contrary. * **Sine ulla mercurulè ironia loquor**, truly I don't jest with you, g.

Ironice, adv. Ironically, by Contraries.

Ironicus, a, um, g. Ironical, spoken jestingly.

Ironicus, i, m. a Jester, Scoffer, g.

Irpex, icis, f. [ab Eserpo vel Apæ & rapax] an Iron-rake to grub up weeds.

Irpini, a People by the hill Scraetes, from **Irpus**, which among the Samnites is a wolf.

Irradiatio, onis, f. a casting of beams like the Sun.

Irradiator, oris, m. an Enlight-ner.

Irradiatrix, icis, f. a Light.

Irradiatus, a, um, Intlightned

Irradio, are, [of in and radio] to Shine or cast beams like the Sun.

Irrasus, a, um, not Shaven or Clipped.

Irrationabilis, e, without Reason.

Irrationabiliter, adv. Irrationally.

Irrationalis, e, Unreasonable

Irraucio, ire, [of in and raucio] to be Hoarse.

Irraucesco, ere, to grow Hoarse.

† **Irrecompensatus**, a, um, Unrequited.

† **Irrecordabilis**, e, not to be Remembered.

Irrecompensabilis, e, Unrecoverable.

† **Irrecompensatio**, are, not to Recover.

Irredivivus, a, um, not to be Revived or Repaired.

Irredux, ūcis, whence none return.

Irrefragabilis, e, Invincible.

Irrefutabilis, e, not to be Disproved.

Irregulāris, e, Irregular.

Irregulāritas, atis, f. Irregularity, Disorder.

Irregulārīter, adv. Irregularly.

Irregulātus, a, um, Disordered.

Irreligātus, a, um, Unbound.

Irreligiōsè, adv. Prophanely.

Irreligiōsitas, atis, f. Prophaneness.

Irreligiōsus, a, um, Irreligious, prophane.

† **Irreligo**, are, to Unbind, Loosen.

Irremeabilis, e, from whence none can Return

Irremediābilis, e, Uncurable.

† **Irremissibilis**, e, Unpardonable.

Irremotus, a, um, Unremoved.

† **Irremunerabilis**, e, not to be Payed or Re-compensated.

† **Irremuneratus**, a, um, Unrequited.

† **Irreparabilis**, e, not to be Repaired.

Irreparabiliter, Unrecoverably.

Irrepertus, a, um, not Found.

Irrepto, pti, prum, [of in and repto] to Creep in, Slide in cunningly.

* **Irrepere in tabulas publicas**, to enroll by stealth.

Irreproscibilis, e, not to be Required.

Irreprehensibilis, e, Unreprovable.

Irreprehensus, a, um, not to be Re-blamed, Faultless.

Irrepto, are, to Creep in often, Steal into.

Irrequies, etis, Restlessness.

Irrequietus, a, um, Restless, Busy, never Quiet.

Irrefectus, a, um, not Pared or Cut.

Irresolūbilis, e, not to be Loosed.

Irresolutus, a, um, not Slacked or Loosed.

Irrētio, ire, [à rete] to Intangle, take in a Net, Intice.

Irrētitor, oris, m. an Entangler.

Irrētītus, a, um, Entangled, Ensnared.

Irretorquibilis, e, not to be Retorted.

Irretortus, a, um, not Cast back, Strait, free from Envy or Grief.

Irrevērens, ntis, Irreverent.

Irrevērenter, adv. Irreverently.

Irrevērentia, æ, Irreverence, Boldness.

† **Irrevēreor**, eri, to Dishonour, not to Reverence.

Irrevocābilis, e, Irrevocable, not to be called or Pulled back.

Irrevocandus, a, um, not to be Recalled.

Irrevocatus, a, um, not Revoked or called back.

Irrevolūtus, a, um, not Rolled back, not Turned over.

Irrhesia, an Island in the Aegean Sea.

Irrideo, si, sum, [of in and rideo] to Mock, Laugh, or Scoff at. Also to Flatter.

Iridicule, without Mirth, Unmerrily. Bluntly, or Wittily, adv.

Iridicūlum, i, n. a Laughing stick.

Irrigatio, onis, f. a Watering.

Irrigātor, oris, m. a Waterer.

Irrigātus, a, um, Watered. * **Plagis irrigatus**, whipped till the blood come.

Irrigo, are, [of in and rigo] to water the ground.

Irrigua, orum, n. little Brooks to water the ground.

Irriguus, a, um, Well-watered, Moist, Fuddled.

† **Irrio**, ire, to Snarl like a Dog.

Irripio, ere, [of in and rapio] to Snatch in.

Irrisio, onis, a Scoffing at.

Irrisor, oris, m. a Scoffer, Scorn.

Irrisus, a, um, [of irrideor] Derided.

Irrisus, ūs, m. Derision.

Irritābilis, e, Easily provoked.

† **Irritābilitas**, atis, an Aptness to be moved.

Irritāmen, inis, a Provocative.

Irritamentum, i, n. Exasperation.

Irritatio, onis, f. a Provoking, as Appetite.

Irritator, oris, m. a Provoker.

Irritatus, a, um, ior, iisimus, Provoked, Nettled, Angry.

IRRITO, are, [Epē] to provoke, kindle Wrath, Incense. * **Noli irritare crabrones**, don't meddle with wasps.

Irrito, are, [ab irritus] to Disappoint, make Void.

Irritus, a, um, [of in and ratus] *Void, Invalid, Null, Vain, of no Effect.* * *Irritus spei*, disappointed.
Irroboro, are, to grow strong, *Prevail.*
Irrogatio, ōnis, f. the *Imposing of a penalty.* * *Irrogatio multæ*, an *amercing.*
Irrogator, ōris, m. an *Imposer of penalties.*
Irrogatus, a, um, *Imposed.*
Irrogo, are, [of in & rogo] to *set a penalty upon, also to bestow.* * *Irrogare multam*, to *amerce.*
Irrogor, imp. it *Misles.*
Irrotratio, ōnis, f. a *Misling, Bedewing.*
Irrotratio, ere, to grow moist with *Dew.*
Irroto, are, to *Sprinkle, Bedew.*
Irroto, are, to *Trundle, wheel about, to skim flat stones on the water.*
Irrobo, ere, to grow *Red.*
Irrobo, ere, to *Belch upon.*
Irrobo, are, [a rufus] to *make red-dish.*
Irrogatio, ōnis, f. a *wrinkling.*
Irrogator, ōris, m. a *Wrinkler.*
Irrogio, ire, to *Roll out.*
Irrogo, are, to *Wrinkle or Rumples.*
Irrogator, ōris, m. be that *suckles*
Irrogo, are, [a ruma] to *Suckle or give suck.*
Irumpens ventus, a violent *wind.*
Irumpo, upi, uptum [of in and rumpo] to *break or Rush in by force.*
Irro, ui, ūtum, [of in and ruo] to *Run or Rush furiously upon.* * *Irro*, in malum, to *run headlong into mischief.*
Irroptio, ōnis, a *Breaking in by force.*
Irroptia, a kind of *Vine.*
Irro, a *Mountain of India, and a City of Thessaly.*
Irro, a *Messenger between Penelope and her Suitors, called also Arnaus, whom Ulysses killed with his Fist; so beggarly, that it caused the Proverb, Irro pauperior, As poor as Job.*

I

S.

I S. for in *Senatu, Judicium solvi, Solius, or Senatus.*
I S. C. for in *Senatu consulto, or Iudex Sacrarum Cognitionum.*
I S. S. for *infra Scripta sunt.*
I S. a *River of Susiana, falling into Euphrates.*
I S. ea, id, ejus, [Heb. Zeb] *He that, the same, Such a one.* * *Et id, atque id, idque, and much more, and that.* * *Duo filii id ætatis*, two *sons of that age.* * *Et quidem id temporis*, and at *such a time.*
Isabella, the *Sister of Henry, King of England, married to the Emperor Frederick, and other Women.*
Isacius Angelus, an *Emperour of Constantinople, Whom his Brother deposed, blinded, and kept in Prison.*
Isaceus comnenus, a *Greek Emperour, so continent, that he would never lye with his Wife after she had a Child, though the Physicians advised him to it for his healths sake.*
Isacus, an *Assyrian Rhetorician, who*

spent his youth very dissolutely, and became a very good man.
Isagoge, e, f. an *Introduction, g.*
Isagogium, i, n. *Scholar's entrance-money.* Also the *rudiments of any Art, g.*
Isagogicus, a, um, *Introductory, g.*
Isagogus, i, m. a *Teacher, Instructor, g.*
Isagrus, an *Athenian Emperour.*
Isalecus, a *City of Lusitania.*
Isamminum, a *Promontory of Ireland, called S. Johns Foreland, or Portmuck.*
Isander, the *Son of Bellerophon.*
Isapis, a *River in Italy called Sacro.*
Isar, or *Isara*, a *River in Gallia Narbonensis, called L'Isere*
Isarci, a *People of the Alps.*
Isari, a *People of India.*
Isaticæ, a *People of Carminia desert.*
Isatis, idis, f. *Wood, g.*
Isatodes, a *Blewish colour, g.*
Isauria, a *country of Asia minor by mount Taurus, subdued by Publius Servilius, who was therefore called Isauricus.*
Isaurum, or *Isaura*, a *City of that Country called also Claudopolis.*
Isaurus, a *River of Umbria, called la Foglia, and another in Magna Græcia called Donato.*
Isburgis, the *wife of Philippus Theodatus, King of Franks, being divorced by her husband because he thought her somewhat a-kin to him, she lived in a perpetual continence.*
Isburus, a *River of Sicily, called Mayhafoli.*
Isbus, a *City of Isauria.*
Isca Danmoniorum, the *City Exeter.*
Isca flurum, *Caerleon in Monmouthshire.*
Isce, ejusce, [ab is] *even he, he himself.*
Iscehmon, ōnis, m. *g. Cocks-foot-grass.*
Ischalis, *Ischeester in Somersetshire.*
Ischas, adis, f. *Somthistle, g.*
Ischera, a *City of Lybia interior.*
Ischiacus, troubled with
Ischiadicus, a, um, the *Sciatica.*
** Ischiadicus dolor*, the *Sciatica, or Hip-gout, g.*
Ischia, adis, f. the *Sciatica or hip-gout, g.*
Ischium, ii, n. the *Hip or Huckle-bone, g.*
Ischnon, a *Fine slender thing.*
Ischnotes, g. a *Pronouncing too small.*
Ischomache, the *Wife of Pirithous.*
Ischomachus, a *famous wrestler.*
Ischopolis, a *City of Pontus called Tripoly.*
Ischuria, æ, f. a *difficulty of making water, g.*
Ischia, an *Island over against Velia called also Oenotria.*
Iscina, a *City of Africa propria.*
Isidica, a *City of Thrace.*
Isidigertes, a *King of Persia.*
Isclasia, æ, f. an *Entrance, g.*
Isclasticus, a, um, of an *entrance, g.*
Isopus, a *Scythian Nation.*
Isium, a *City of Ægypt, so called from Isis.*
Isium, ii, n. [ab infeco] a *Salvage.*
Isicius, ii, a *Salmon.*
Isidos plocamos, a *sea shrub like Ceral, g.*

Isidorus, be *suffered Martyrdom at Alexandria under Decius.*
Isigonus, an *ancient Author of Nicæa, and others.*
Isis, a *certain Plaister against Melancholy.*
Isis, a *River in Colchis; also the same as Io.*
Ismaela, a *country in Arabia.*
Ismaelita, the *Inhabitants of Ismaela.*
Isimora, a *city of Armenia major by Euphrates.*
Ismarus and Ismara, orum, a *Mountain of Thrace by the River Hebrus.*
Ismarus, of *Ismarus.*
Ismaricus, a, um, of *Ismarus.*
Ismene, the *Daughter of Oedipus, espoused to a young Man of Cyrrha, who was slain before his marriage by Tydeus.*
Ismenias, a *certain Musician of Thebes.*
Ismenus, a *River of Boeotia.*
Isocronus, a, um, *contemporary, g.*
Isocinnamon, the *sweet herb Daphnois, g.*
Isocolon, when two *sentences are alike in length, g.*
Isocrates, an *Athenian Orator, Master to the chiefest Orators of Greece, he never used to pronounce his Orations, by reason of an imperfection in his speech, and to avoid the envy of his Eloquence.*
Isocraticus, a, um, *Erasm. of Isocrates.*
Isodomon, an *Uniformity in building, g.*
Isosæ, a *People of Sarmatia in Asia.*
Isopyrum, the *herb Phasiolum, g.*
Isora, a *Woman of Verona who professed Philosophy, she wrote a Dialogue, where she enquires whether Adam or Eve committed the greater sin; she lived and died a Virgin.*
Isosceles, an *equality of Sides, g.*
Isostates, be that *oversees a thing it be equal and right, g.*
Ipsa, a *City of Armenia minor.*
Israelita, arum, m. the *Israelites.*
** Ipsida*, æ, f. a *King fisher.*
Issa, an *Island in the Illyrian Sea.*
** A City in Lesbos, and the name of a little dog in Martial.*
Issaris, a *City of Parthia.*
Issedon or Eisedon, a *City of Scythia and Serica.*
Issoria, *Diana so called.*
Issorium, a *Mountain of Laconia.*
Issus, a *City between Syria and Cilicia, where Alexander overcame Darius, and called it Nicopolis.*
Issac, adv. *That way.*
** Issace*, for *Issac.*
Issactenus, adv. *Thus far forth.*
ISTE, a, ud, ius, [abis] *This, He, That.* * *Tu istis faucibus*, you *having such a throat or swallow.*
Itæga, æ, f. the *Deck of a Ship.*
Ister or Istrus, a *Historian, Scholar of Callimachus, whence he was called Callimachus.*
Isthis, isthæc, *Isthoc or Isthue, This same, the self same.*
Isthis, there, there *where you are, adv.*
Isthinc, adv. *From thence.*
Isthmia, orum, one of the *4 solemn games kept every 5th year in Greece in honour of Neptune, the Congre-tours were crowned with Pine.*

Isthmiacus, { of an Isthmus.
 Isthmicus, a, um, {
 ISTHMOS, { [Ἰσθμὸς] a
 ISTHMUS, im. { Neck of land
 between two Seas, particularly that
 whereon Corinth stands; also the
 Bridle of the Nose, and the Neck
 of the mermaid.
 Iticea, a City of Eubœa.
 Itiæotis, a Country of Greece.
 Istic, istæc, istoc, This, that.
 Istica, æ, f. the Gridlestead.
 Istismodo, indec. of the same sort,
 such.
 Iuo, adv. Thither, to that place.
 Istioc, adv. this way, from that
 place.
 Itione, a mountain by Corcyra.
 Istorsum, adv. That Way, towards
 that place.
 Istria, a Country in Italy.
 Istriana, a City by the Persian Sea.
 Istrianus, a River of Taurica Cher-
 sonesus, called Calamita.
 Istri, the People of Istria.
 Istrii, a People by the Euxine Sea.
 Istrinus, a, um, of Istria.
 Istropolis, a City of Thrace.
 Istrus, a City of Creet and other
 places.
 Istuc, adv. Thither to that place.
 Istuc, for Istud the Same, This.
 Istus, an Island in Afr. ca.
 Isuelli, a People of Æthiopia.
 Isura, an Island in the gulf of Arabia.
 Isursum, Alborough in Yorkshire.
 Isus, a Son of Priamus; also a City
 of Bœotia.

I

T

I T. for intra.
 I. T. for intra tempus, or jure te-
 stamenti.
 ITA, adv. [Ἰτα, Ὀύτως, ab iæ]
 So, Taz. * Ita est, 'Tis even so.
 * Non ita dissimili sunt argu-
 mento, the subject matter is very
 little different. * Ita ut re erat,
 as in very deed he was.
 Itane, Indeed it is so. * Itane ve-
 ra? do you speak as you think?
 Italia, Italy, one of the most famous
 Countries in Europe, between the
 Adriatick and Tuscan Seas; its
 chiefest City is Rome, where the
 Pope has his seat.
 Italica, a City in Italy, called also
 Confinium, and another in Spain,
 the Country of S. Iulius Italicus, and
 the Emperor Trajan.
 Italicus, æ, a, um, Italic, Italian.
 Italus, æ, a, um, of Italic.
 Italus, or Atlas, the Name of Kittim
 King of the Janigenæ; also the Son
 of Telegonus, who gave name to
 Italy, and others.
 Itamus, a Haven of Arabia felix.
 Itani, a people of Spain.
 Itanus, the City Paleocastro in Creet.
 Itaque, conj. Therefore, Then, and so.
 Itargis, a River in Germany, called
 also Visurgis.
 Itca, the Daughter of Danaus, who
 slew her Husband Antiochus.
 ITEM, adv. vel conj. [ab Ἰτα
 doinde, vel Ἰτα adhuc] also, in
 like manner. * Itemque, and
 moreover. * Spectaculum tibi uni
 in iucundum, ceteris non item.
 an unpleasant sight to you only, to
 others of being so.
 Iter, eris, and in eris n. [ab eo] a
 Journey, a Road, March, Progress,

Voyage, a Design, Undertaking, a
 passage by water. * Iter facere,
 to travel. * Iter habere, to be
 upon taking a journey. * Iter pro-
 num ad honores, an easy way or
 means to come to honour. * Iter
 diei, a days journey. * Fatiamur
 illum ire nobis itineribus, we
 may let him follow our way of wri-
 ting.

Iterato, adv. Again.

Iteratio, onis, f. a Repeating, Do-
 ing again, the second Ploughing of
 ground, or the second pressing of O-
 lives.

Iterator, oris, m. a Repeater.

Iteratus, a, um, Repeated, Doubled.

Itero, are, to Repeat, Double, Begin
 again Renew; also to take a jour-
 ney. * Iterare pugnam, to begin
 the fight afresh. * Iterare æquor,
 to take a second Voyage by Sea.

Iterum, adv. [ab iter vel item]
 again, the second time. * Iterum
 ac sapius, more than once or
 twice.

Itesii, a People of Gallia Lugdu-
 nensis.

Ithabalis, a King of Tyre.

Ithaca, an Island in the Ionian Sea
 called val du compere.

Ithacæus, æ, a, um, of Ithaca.

Ithacanus, æ, a, um, of Ithaca.

Ithan, a City of Thessaly.

Ithona, a City of Ætalia.

Ithymbus, a song in honour of Bac-
 chus.

Ithyphallica, Of scene Poems, g.

Ithyphallus, the same as Priapus.

Iditem, adv. [ab ita] in like man-
 ner, so, after the same sort.

Itiner, eris, n. a Journey.

Itinerarium, ii, n. a Description of
 a Voyage, Journal. * Itinerari-
 um sonare, to sound a march.

Itinerarius, a, um, of a Journey.

Itineror, ari, to go a Journey.

Itio, onis, f. [of eo] a going, walk-
 ing.

Ito, are, to go to and Fro, to Fre-
 quent.

Itome, a City of Epirus, Italy, Bœ-
 otia and Lydia.

Itonus, a King of Thessaly, son of
 Deucalion, he invented the melting
 of metals and coining of Money.

Itur, imp. sc. [ab illis] they are
 Gone & Going.

Ituræa, a Country of Palestine, cal-
 led also Trachonitis.

Ituræi, the People of Ituræa, who
 fought with bows.

Iturienses, a People of Spain.

Iturissa, a city in Spain.

Iturum, a City of Umbria.

Iturus, a, um, [of eo] ready to go.

Itus, us, m. a going a journey.

Itylus, he was slain by his own mother
 Ædon instead of Amaleus the son
 of Nimphion.

Itymoncus, the son of Hyperochus
 slain by Nestor.

Itye, a River in the west of Scot-
 land called Affin.

Itys, he was slain by his Mother
 Progne, and set before his Father

Tereus, at a Banquet for deflouring
 his sister Philomela, he perceiving
 the murder pursued them with his

naked sword, but in their flight they
 were changed, Progne to a swallow,

Philomela to a Nightingale, and
 Itys to a Pheasant.

I

U

J. V. for justus vir.

† Iva arthritica, Ground Pine, Field-
 Cypress.

Juba, a King of Mauritania, a con-
 stant Friend to Pompey, and by
 Party, he and Petreus flew
 another that they might not fall
 into Caesar's hands, and others.

JUBA, æ, f. [Φόβα] the Mane of a
 horse or other beast. * juba Billi-
 naceorum, the Feathers of a Cock
 about his Neck.

jubar, æris, n. [a juba] the bright-
 ness of the Sun or Stars; also the
 Morning-star. * Albus jubatus,
 Moon.

jubatus, a, um, having a Mane or
 crest.

JUBEO, si, sum, [ζῆλω, vel ab
 Heb. Jaaui desideravit] to com-
 mand, charge, ordain or appoint,
 bid, Desire also to ratify. * ju-
 beo Dionysium salvere, command
 me to Dionysius.

jubilæus annus, [Heb. Jovel] the
 year of Jubilee among the Jews, it
 was every fiftieth year, and now kept
 at Rome every twenty fifth Year,
 beginning. A. 1475.

jubilatio, onis, f. a crying out for
 Joy.

jubilatus, us, m. a Shout in token
 of Joy.

jubilus, a King of the Hermunduri.

jubilare, are, to shout for Joy.

jubilum, i, n. an Out-cry for Joy.

† jubosus, a, um, having a large
 Mane.

jucca Peruana, a Plant whose root
 makes the Indian bread Casava.

jucundè, ius, iussum, Pleasantly,
 adv.

jucunditas, ætis, f. Pleasantness,
 Delightfulness. * jucunditati re-
 dare, to divert oneself, unbend the
 mind.

jucundor, ari, to make Jyful or
 Merry.

jucundus, ior, iussum, [a juvo vel
 jocus] Pleasant, Delightful. * ju-
 cundus alicui, humouring any
 one.

Judæa Chanaanæa, Chanaan, the
 Holy Land or Land of Promise, be-
 ing a part of Syria.

Judæus, a, um, of Chanaan.

Judaismus, i, m. Judaism, the Faith,
 custom or religion of the Jews.

Juda zo, are, to Judaize or imitate
 the Jews.

Judas, æ, the name of several Men,
 whereof one betrayed Christ. * Ju-
 da Arbor, Judas tree with black
 leaves, whereon he is supposed to have
 hanged himself.

JULEX, icis, c. [a ju & dico] a
 Judge. * J. dex rerum, a Pro-
 ger. * Judicium princeps, the
 Lord Chief Justice. * Sumere ju-
 dicem aliquem, to make one Ju-
 dge.

† Judicabilis, e, which may be
 Judged.

† Judicamen, inis, Judgment.

† Judicarius, a, um, of a Judge.

† Judicarius, ii, m. a Judge.

† Judicavit, for Judicaverit.

Judicatio, onis, f. a Judging.

Judicatus, us, m. a Judge.

Judicādo, adv. Advisedly, not
 Rashly.

- Judiciarium**, ii, n. the place of Judge. ent.
Judex, icis, f. a Judge
Judicium, i, n. a Judgment decreed. * **Judicatum facere**, to obey the decree of the Court.
Judicatus, a, um, Judged, Condemned, Coſt. * **Judicatus pecuniæ**, paid.
Judicialis, e, judicial, pertaining to Judgment. * **Ne lūdatione quidem judiciali datâ**, not giving him so much as ordinary commendation offered Friends upon their Tryal.
Judiciarius, a, um, of a Judge or Judgment. * **Judicarii dice**, Law-ſayers.
Judicium, i, n. a mean Judgment.
Judicium, ii, n. Judgment, Suit, Sentence. Respect, Affection. * **Docent ſui iudicium non eſſe**, they ſay it is not agreeable to their minds.
Judicia ſuprema, a laſt Will or Teſtament.
Judico, are, to Judge, Suppoſe, Condemn, Try. * **Judicare capiti**, to cut for life. * **Judicare perduellionem alicui**, by try a Traitor. * **Judicare ſub formula**, to proceed according to the rigour of the Law.
Judocus, the Son of a Britiſh King, who forſook his Inheritance and clothed himſelf with Rags.
Juerna, Ireland.
Jugalis, e, [a jugum] of the Law, coupled or yoked. * **Vinculum jugale**, Wedlock. * **Leſus jugalis**, the Marriage-bed. * **Jugales**, Horſe harnessed.
Jugamento, are, to Couple together.
Jugamentum, i, n. a Yoke, Couple.
Jugantes, a People of Britain.
Jugaris, e, drawing the Yoke.
Jugarius, ii, m. be that yokes Oxen or Horſes.
Jugatinus, a God ſuppoſed to preſide over yokes.
Jugatio, ōnis, f. a yoking; alſo a tax upon every Acre of Ground.
Jugator, ōnis, m. a Yoker.
Jugatorius, a, um, accuſtomed to the Yoke.
Jugatus, a, um. Yoked, Coupled.
Jugata virtutes, virtues link'd together, having a near affinity one with another.
Juggeratim, adv. Acre by Acre.
Juggerum, i, n. [a jugum] an Acre; ſo much land as two Oxen can plough in a day, two hundred foot ſquare.
Juges, Yokes or pair of Oxen.
Jugis, e, Continual. * **Jugis puteus**, a perpetual Water-ſpring. * **Jugis aqua**, running water.
Jugiter, ātis, f. Continuance.
Jugiter, adv. Continually.
Jugites, yoke-fellows.
Jugito, are, to Continue, Perſevere.
Jugitus, ūs, m. the crying of a King.
Juglans, ndis, f. [q. jovic glans] Wall nut or Wallnut-tree.
Jugo, are, to yoke, couple or tie together. * **Juga**, to your rank. * **Vites juganter**, Vines are plaiſhed againſt Walls or other trees. * **Jugare juvenem puellâ**, to marry a young couple together.
Jugo, ēre, [a jugis] to cry like a King.
Jugosus, a, um, full of Ridges or Hills.
- Jugula**, e, f. the Conſtellation of Orion.
Jugularis, e, of the Throat.
Jugulatio, ōnis, f. a Throat-cutting, Murd'ring.
Jugulator, ōnis, m. a Cut-throat.
Jugulatorius, a, um, of Throat-cutting or Killing.
Jugulatus, a, um, Killed, Stabbed.
Jugulo, are, to cut ones throat, Stab, Kill, Deſtroy, Convince. * **Suo gladio jugulari**, to be diſproved by his own words.
Jugulum, i, n. the Throat, Wind-Jugulus, i, m. a Pipe. * **Oſtentare jugulum pro capite alicujus**, to hazard ones Life for another. * **Jugulum petere**, to ſtrike at the throat; alſo to touch the Main point.
JUGUM, i, n. [Ζεύς, vel a jungo] a Yoke, Slavery, a Couple, Weavers loom, the Beam of a Balance, a bench of rowers, the top of a Mountain, a rank of Soldiers; as much ground as two Oxen can plough in a day, the Celeſtial ſign Libra, alſo Gallows made of ſpears under which Priſoners of War were made to march. * **Mittere ſub jugum**, to bring ones neck under the yoke, enſlave. * **Juga**, ſticks running croſs a Vine Frame.
Jugurtha, a King of Numidia, taken by the Romans after a long War, and brought to Rome, where he died in Priſon.
Jugurthinus, a, um, of Jugurtha.
Jugus, eris, n. a furlong of Land.
Jujuba, æ, the Jubube-tree. See Zizyphum.
Julepus, i, a Julep.
Julæus, a, um, of July.
Julia, a City of Italy built by Dædalus. Alſo the daughter of Auguſtus, baniſhed by her Father for her Adulteries, and the name of ſeveral.
Juliacum, the City Gulick in Germany.
Julianus, a, um, of Julius Cæſar.
Julius, a, um, * **Juliana ceraſa**, Spaniſh Cherries.
Julianus, a Biſhop of Alexandria, A. D. 181. Alſo a Martyr under Decius at Alexandria, A. M. 2514. Alſo a Roman Emperor, ſurnamed Apoſtata, from his falling away from Chriſtianity to Heatheniſm; and ſeveral other men.
Juliobona, a City of Gallia Celtica, called Hanſeur. Alſo the Metropolis of Auſtria, called Vienna.
Julobrica, a City in Spain.
Juliomagus, the City Angiers in France, called alſo Aubes and Andegavi. Alſo the city Pfullendorff in Germany.
Julioſopolis, a City of Bithynia.
Julis, id e, f. a kind of fiſh, g.
Julis, a City in the Illyria, the country of Simonides and Eraſtratus, they had a Law to kill all that were above ſixty years old, that others might not want.
Julium Carnicum, the City Zuglio between Italy and Noricum.
Julium præſidium, the City ſantarem in Portugal.
Julius, the name of divers Romans.
Julius Cæſar, the firſt Roman Emperor, he ſubdued France, Spain, Britain, &c. the greateſt part of Ger-
- many, Reigned three years and was ſtuffed in the Senate-house.
Julius Cordus, a hiſtorian, who wrote the lives of the Emperors.
Julius, i, m. the Month July, in honour of Julius Cæſar, being called before Quintilis.
Julus, the Son of Æneas, called alſo Aſcanius.
Julus, i, m. the Down upon Fruit, a little worm breeding in Vines and Oaks; the ragged catkins of Wall-nuts and Hazels, g.
Jumentarium, ii, n. a Stall for Cattle.
Jumentarius, a, um, of Cattle. * **Jumentaria mola**, a Horſe-mill.
Jumentarius, ii, m. a Feeder of Cattle.
Jumentum, i, n. [αἰνός] a beaſt of labour and burthen, alſo a little Car.
Jumentum citellarium, a Pack-horſe. * **Jumentum plauſtrarium**, a Cart-horſe. * **Jumentum molarium**, a Millers-horſe.
Juncata or **junceata**, freſh Cheeſe.
Juncellus, i, Dwarf-ruſh.
Juncetum, i, n. [a juncus] a place where Bulruſhes grow.
Junceus, a, um, of or like a Bulruſh, Slender. * **Junceus virgo**, a ſmall-bodied Maid.
Juncidus, a, um, of or like a Bul-
Juncinus, a, um, a ruſh, ſlender.
Junco, ōnis, f. a reed Sparrow.
Juncosus, a, um, full of Bulruſhes.
Junctim, adv. Jointly, without diſtance.
Junctio, ōnis, f. a joining.
Junctor, ōnis, m. a joiner.
Junctura, æ, f. a Joint, Coupling, Yoking, the Cloſing of boards.
Junctus, ier, iſſimul, [of jungor] joined, familiar, near of Kin, dear. * **Ex me & ſe junctus**, having his Name made of mine and thine.
Junculi, orum, Junclets; alſo freſh Cheeſe.
Junculus, i, m. a little Bulruſh, a Cracknel.
JUNCUS, i, n. [ζυγός, vel a jungo] a Bulruſh.
Jungaria or **juncaria**, a City of Spain.
Jungibilis, e, which may be joined.
JUNGO, nxi, n. aum, [ζυνωβω] to join together, Afficiate, Harnesſe. * **Jungere alicui ſocietatem**, to make an Alliance with, enter into bonds of Friendſhip.
Junculus, i, m. [a junior] a very long Vine-branch.
Junius, ius, ōnis, [a juvenis] by unger.
Juniperinus, a, um, of Juniper.
Juniperus, i, f. [a junior & pario] the Juniper-tree.
Junis, e, young.
Junius, the name of ſeveral men.
Junius, ii, m. the Month June.
Junix, icis, f. [a juvenis] a liſer.
Juno, ōnis, the Daughter of Saturn, and Ops, Twin-ſiſter and Wife of Jupiter.
Junonia avis, a Peacock. * **Junonia roſa**, the Lily.
Junonia major & minor, two of the Fortunate Iſlands.
Junonis ora, a Promontory of Gades.
Junonis Promontorium, a Promontory of Peloponneſus, called Capo Giallo.
Junonis Sacrum or **Templum**, a Promontory of Melita.

Jupiter, the Son of Saturn and Ops in the Island Crete, he Conspired against his Father, expelled him, and divided the Empire between himself. Neptune and Pluto; Varro reckons up 300 of this Name. and the Exploits of all are attributed to this one.

Jura, a Mountain in Gallia Belgica, separating the Sequani from the Helvetii.

Juramentum, i, n. an Oath. * **juramentum agere**, to administer an Oath.

jurandus, a, um, to be sworn by.

† **jurata**, æ, f. a Jury.

† **juratio**, ōnis, f. a Swearing.

† **jurātō**, adv. with an Oath.

† **jurātor**, ōris, m. a Swearer.

† **jurātus**, a, um, having sworn, sworn to be kept, sworn by. * **juratissimus** Author, an Approved Author.

* **juratissimus amicus**, an assured Friend.

jurē, adv. Lawfully, Justly, Reasonably.

jura, æ, f. Brewis.

jureconsultus, i, m. a Lawyer.

† **jurejūro**, are, to swear solemnly.

jureus, a, um, [a jus] of or like Pottage.

jurgāmen, inis, n. } a Chiding.

jurgatio, ōnis, f. }

jurgātor, ōris, m. a chider.

† **jurgiosē**, adv. Chidingly.

jurgiosus, a, um, Contentious, brawling.

jurgium, ii, n. Contention, Brawling, Scolding.

jurgo, are, } [a jus] to Chide,

jurgor, ari, } Brawl, Taunt.

juridicialis, e, belonging to a Judge or Judgment.

† **juridicina**, crum, n. Courts of Exchequer.

juridicus, a, um, according to right and reason. * **juridici conventus**, the Assizes or Sessions. * **Juridicus** dies, the Court-day.

juripicus, i, m. a Justice.

jurisconsultus, i, m. a Lawyer.

jurisdiction, ōnis, f. a jurisdiction power to judge.

jurisperitus, i, m. one skilled in the Law.

jurisprudent, ntis, m. a Lawyer.

jurisprudentia, æ, f. Skill in the Law.

jurisperitia, æ, f. Erasmi. Skill in the Law.

JURO, are, [a Jupiter vel jus] to swear, also to Conspire. * **jurare aras**, to Swear by the Gods.

* **jurare in litem**, to Swear that's his own due which he claims. * **jurare in leges alterius**, to Swear allegiance to one. * **jurare in verba**, to take a Covenant or any Formal Oath.

jurulentus, a, um, sodden in broth, stewed.

JUS, ūris, n. [Ζῆδος, a Zie fer-veo] Broath. Gravy, Juice, Pottage.

* **Vocare aliquem in jus**, to feed on a thing.

JUS, ūris, n. [a jus vel Zie Jus] Law, Right, Privilege, Power, Authority, State, Duty.

* **Sui juris esse**, to be his own man.

* **juris sui facere legiones**, to bring over the Soldiers to his side. * **Meo jure**, according to what I can say or do. * **Decedere de jure**, to part with one's Right. * **Summum jus**,

the rigour of the Law. * **In jus vocare**, to Arrest. * **In jus adire**, to Commence a Suit. * **Pari esse jure**, to have the same Privilege.

† **jussellarius**, ii, m. a maker of Broath.

jussulum, i, n. Pottage, Grewel.

* **jussulum coactum**, Jelly.

jussurandum, jurisjurandi, n. a Solemn Oath. * **jurisjurandi gratiam facere**, to dispense with taking an Oath.

† **jusquiamus**, i, m. Henbane.

† **jussio**, ōnis, f. a command.

† **jussor**, ōris, m. a commander.

† **jussulentus**, a, um, stewed in Broath.

jussum, i, n. } a Command, charge.

jussus, ūs, m. }

jussurus, a, um, about to command.

jussus, a, um, [of jubeor] Com-manded.

justa, orum, n. Funeral Obsequies, Sacrifices for the Dead, an Ordinary Task, just Allowance. * **justa hospitalia**, Solemnities of Entertainment. * **justa operum peragere**, to work out his full Task.

justē, adv. Justly, Lawfully.

† **justidium**, ii, n. the day of bearing.

justificatio, ōnis, f. a justifying.

justificatus, a, um, justified.

justifico, are, to justify.

justificus, a, um, doing justly and rightly.

justiniana, a City of Macedonia, Myfia and Bithynia, called also Chalcedon.

justinianus, a Roman Emperor, who Collected the Summe of the Civil Law.

justinianus Secundus, Succeeded his Father Constantine, and for his bad Government and Cruelty had his Nose cut off, and was banished.

justinopolis, a principal City of Idria.

justinus, two Emperors of Rome. Also an Historian, Epitomizer of Trogius in the time of Antonine.

Also a Samaritan Philosopher, who wrote an Apology for Christianity, and delivered it to Antoninus Pius, and was afterwards Martyred.

justitia, æ, f. Justice, Righteousness.

justitiarius, ii, m. a Justice of Peace.

justitium, ii, n. Vacation-time between Term and Term.

justus, a, um, ior, ius, [a jus] Just, Honest, Upright, Full, Perfect, Fit, Sufficient, Great. * **justi dies**, Days of respite allowed those that Confessed a Debt. * **justa uxor nati**, born of his lawful Wife.

* **Dominus justus**, the right owner.

* **Opus justum**, a reasonable Task.

* **Statura justa**, a middle size.

* **justo longior**, longer than is fit.

justus, a Bishop of Jerusalem, another of Alexandria; and other Men.

Justurna, the Daughter of Daunus, made by Jupiter for the loss of her Maiden head the Immortal Nymph of the River Numicius, it is a fountain in Italy that falls into that River, and gave occasion to that Fable.

† **jūvāmen**, inis, n. } Help, Aid.

juvamentum, i, n. }

jūvat, imp. it delights, it is profitable.

table or Booth. * **Quando ita ut juvat**, seeing it is your will.

* **jūvatio**, ōnis, f. a helping.

jūvator, ōris, m. a helper.

Juvavia, the City Saltzburg in Bavaria.

Juvavius, the River Saltz running by that City.

jūvenālia, } Games cele-

juvenilia, orum, n. } brated for the health of youth.

jūvenālis, a Satyrical Poet of Aquinum, he flourished under Domitian.

jūvenālis, e, belonging to youth.

* **juvenalis dies**, one day added to the Saturnalia by Caligula.

jūvenca, æ, f. a Heifer or young Cow; also a young Pullet.

† **jūvencula**, æ, f. a little or young Heifer.

juvenculus, i, m. a little Stew, a little dapper Fellow.

jūvenus, i, m. [a juvenis] a Stew, young Ox, or young man. * **juvencus equus**, a young horse.

juvencus, a Spanish Presbyter, who wrote a Paraphrase on the Evangelists in Heroick verse.

† **jūvēneo**, ere, to be Young, Flourish.

juvenesco, ere, to grow young.

juvenilior, ius, ōris, younger.

jūvenilis, e, young, of youth, youthful.

jūvenilitas, ātis, f. youthfulness.

jūveniliter, adv. youthfully, like young men.

jūvenis, ior, ius, [a juvo] I was, a young man. * **juvenis oris**, a Hogrel. * **juvenes anni**, youthful years.

jūvenor, ari, to act youthfully.

jūventa, æ, f. young age, youth.

juventas, ātis, f. youth; also the Goddess of youth.

juventus Celsus, a Consul with Heracius Marcellus; and another with Crispinus.

jūventus, ūtus, f. youth, youthfulness, a Company of young men.

Juverna, Ireland.

JUVO, ūvi, ūtum, [a juve, vel ab Heb. Jevu depit] to help, succour, Favour, Ease, make better, Delight, Profit.

Juxta, adv. & præp, [a jungo] nigh, near to, also alike. * **juxta seditionem ventum est**, it came almost to a Tumult. * **juxta bonum maliq;** as well good as bad. * **juxta tecum scio**, I know as well as you.

* **juxta magnis difficultatibus**, as matters of great importment.

* **juxta cum ignarissimis**, just as much as they that know nothing can.

* **juxta varronem doctissimus**, the learnedst next to Varro.

† **juxtangina**, æ, the Squammy.

juxtim, adv. Near, Nigh.

† **juxto**, are, to approach or be Near.

I

X

Ixia, æ, f. [ab Ἰξός viscus] in herb Chamelion or Mustard.

† **Ixia**, broad veins in the Body.

Ixia, a Country of Rhodes, where Apollo Ixius.

Ixiae, a City of the Oenotri.

Ixibata, a People of Pontus.

Ixion, the Son of Phlegyas threatened with a wheel cast round his neck, and fastened to a wheel cast round his neck.

anally turning, for boasting he had slain with Juno, in whose stead Jupiter had placed a Cloud, on which he kept the Centaurs.
Ixion, a, um, of Ixion.
Ixionides, Pirithous, the Son of Ixion.
Ixiris, is, f. a kind of Fish.
Ixos, a large and whitish kind of Ravens, &c.
Ixo, Mille-toe, &c.

I

Z

Icelus, a Castle in Sicily.
Iegii, a People of India.
Ixiom, a City of Egypt.

K

A

K for Calendæ, caput, cardo, crura, &c.
Kabbala, heb. the secret science of Jewish traditions.
Kallia, a Queen of Pannonia, who put out her husbands eyes.
Kalendæ, as Calendæ.
Kali, or Alkali, Glass-wort, the herb whose Albes make Crystal-glasses.
† Kalo, are, to proclaim the moveable Feasts.
Kalones, num, Knapsack boys.
Kane, a General of the Huns, under whose Conduct they entered Pannonia, and vanquished the Romans.
† Keiri, the Wall flower, or Stock-gillflower.
Kittim, a King of the Janigenæ.
Konigunda, a Wife to the Emperor Henry the second, who to clear herself from the imputation of unchastity, went barefoot and blindfold on red hot Irons.
Cyriceleson, Lord have mercy upon us, &c.

L

A

L for Lælius, Lex, Libens, Liber-tas, Locus or Lucius.
La, a city of Laconia.
Lariba, a city of Arabia felix.
Labaca, a City of India within Ganges.
† Labandago, inis, f. an engine for execution.
Labanis, an Island in the Gulf of Arabia.
Labani, ntis, Fainting, Failing, ready to fly or run away.
Labara, a city of Caria.
Labarsadach, the twenty second King of Babylon.
Labarum, i, n. the Roman Emperors Standard, &c.
Labas, a people of India without Ganges.
Labasco, ere, to begin to start, † Labascor, sci, Loosen, Tield, Fail.
Labda, the lame Daughter of Am-phion, despised by the rest of the Bacchides.
Labdacida, the Thebans.
† Labdacismus, i, m. an insisting too much on the letter L.

Labdacus, a King of Thebes, and Grandfather of Oedipus, called from him Labdacides.
Labdalon, a Promontory near Syracuse.
Labdas, the thirty third Bishop of Jerusalem.
Labeatis, a Lake of Dalmatia, called Lago di Scutaxi.
Labecula, æ, f. [a labes] a little spot.
Labefaciendus, a, um, to be Broken, weakened, made to change his mind.
Labefacio, eci, a, um, [a labo] to break, weaken, destroy. * Labefacere animum, to remove from his steadfastness. * Labefacere fidem, to become bankrupt. * Contagione labefacere, to infect. * Dentes mihi labefecit, [he hath made my teeth loose].
Labefactatio, onis, f. a Loosening, Undermining.
Labefactor, oris, m. an Underminer.
Labefactorus, a, um, loosened, shaken.
Labefactorio, onis, f. a Loosening, weakening.
Labefactio, onis, f. a Weakening.
Labefacio, are, to Shake, Loosen, Batter, Undermine. * Labefactare onus ventris, to make one miscarry.
Labefactor, oris, m. a Conqueror, Overcomer.
Labefactus, a, um, broken, shaken, overcome.
Lal efio, ieri, to be bespotted or weakened.
† Labellulum, n. a very little Lip.
Labellum, i, n. [a labrum] a little Lip, Laver, Washing-bowl.
Labens, ntis, slipping, growing out of use. * Domus labens, a house ready to fall.
Labeo, onis, m. he that is blabber-lipped; also the Blind-nettle.
Labeo, Antistius, an excellent Lawyer.
Laberius, a Roman Poet made a Knight by Julius Cæsar.
Labertis, a city in Spain.
LABES, is, f. [λαβη, vel a labor, i,] a spot or blemish, a tempest, gaping of the earth, corruption, confusion, also a destroyer. * Labes conscientie, remorse of Conscience.
† Labia, æ, f. a Lip.
Labici, a people of Italy.
Labidus, a, um, [a labor] Slippery.
Labienus, one of Julius Cæsar's Captains, who revolted to Pompey. Also an Historian so severe that he was called Rabienus, when Cassius Severus heard that his books were burnt, said, I also ought to be burnt, because I have gotten them by heart.
Labilis, e, slippery, unconstant.
† Labina, æ, f. slipperiness.
Labinus, a River of Gallia Togata called Lavino.
† Labio, onis, m. a Blackhead.
† Labiolium, i, n. a little Lip.
† Labiosus, a, um, Blobber-lipped.
Labisco, a City of Gallia Narbonensis.
LABIUM, ii, n. [a lambo] a Lip.
LABO, are, [a λωω linquo] to loosen, rack, rotter, decay, falter in ones speech. * Vita labat, his life is not upright. * In

dubio labant pectora, we are in doubt. See labor.
Laboeia, a city of India within Ganges.
LABOR, psua sum, bi, [a λει-σουργο fluo, vel ab heb. Navel cecidit] to slide, slip, fall, decay, offend or do amiss. * Per aquora labi, to glide along the Seas. * In genas furtim labitur, trickles down the Cheeks. * Tempora labuntur, time passes away insensibly. * In proclive labuntur, fall headlong. * Labi mente, to be void of sense and reason.
Labor, oris, m. [a labo] Labour, Pain, Danger, Calamity, an Enterprize. * Solis labor, the eclipse of the Sun.
Laborans, ntis, Labouring, suffering, Faulty, in Danger, put to the utmost Shifts, Travailing with Child. * Luna laborans, the moon eclipsed.
Laboras, a River about Antioch in Syria.
† Laboratio, onis, f. a Labouring.
† Laborator, oris, m. a Labourer.
† Laboratorium, ii, n. a Working.
† Laboramen, inis, n. a house.
Laboratur, imp. there is great Labouring and Canvassing.
Laboratus, a, um, wrought with pain and diligence.
Labores, the fourth King of Lacedæmonia.
Laboræ campi, a fruitful Country about Capua in Italy.
Laborifer, a, um, enduring labour.
Laboriosè, inis, isime, adv. painfully.
† Laboriositas, atis, f. painfulness.
Laboriosus, ior, isimus, laborious, difficult, full of pain and labour.
Laboro, are, [a labor] to Labour, be in pain, danger. * Arma laborare, to make harness. * Laborare morbo, to be sick of a Disease. * Laborare ex invidia, to be greatly envied. * Laborare à labore, to be in travail. * Laborare à veritate, not to be well able to prove it. * Ob avaritiam laborare, to be covetous. * Magnitudine laborare, to grow too big. * Laborare causâ, to have a bad cause. * Laborare re frumentaria, to want corn. * Laborare de aliquare, to take care, to put ones self to trouble in any thing. * Non laboro de nomine, I pass not for the name.
Labor, oris, m. labour. See Labor.
† Laboriosus, a, um, painful, also slippery.
Labradeus, a name of Jupiter worshipped in Caria.
Labratum, i, n. [a labrum] a kissing of the Princes hand, and touching the hem of his Garment, the place where they saluted the Emperor.
† Labrax, acis, m. a certain wide mouth'd Fish.
Labro, or Laburnus, a haven in Tuscany, called Livorno.
† Labronium, ii, n. a kind of large Cup.
Labro, Light-foot, a Dogs name, &c.
Labrosus, a, um, having a Brim, brink, border, or great Lips.
LABRUM, i, n. [a lavo vel a lambo] a Lip; also the Brims of any thing; the listern under a cock; also

a Basin of a Fountain, a Tub to Bathe. * Labrum mordere, to fret at any thing. * Primoribus labris degustare, to have a smattering of a thing. * Madoi verfabatur mihi in labris primoribus, 'twas at my Tongues end.

Labrus, i, m. a kind of Fish.

Labrusca, æ, f. [a labrum] a Labruscum i, n. Wild Vine.

† Labruscetum, i, n. a place where Wild Vines grow.

† Labruscosus, a, um, full of wild Vines.

† Labrusculum, i, n. a little wild Vine; also the place where they grow.

Laburnum, i, n. [a labor, i,] bean-trefoil.

Labyrinthus, a, um, of or like a Labyrinth.

Labyrinthus, i, m. a Labyrinth or Maze made with so many windings, and turnings, that one cannot get out; also an intricate business, g.

Labyzus, or Labuzus, a kind of Gum like Myrrh, but more precious and odoriferous, g.

LAC, ctis, n. [Γάλα] Milk. * Lac presum, new Cheese and Curds. * Flos lactis, Cream.

Lacenus, a, um, of Laconia or Lacedæmonia.

† Laccæ, a certain red Gum from certain Arabian Trees.

† Laccæus, a, um, full of Gum lack.

† Laccia, æ, f. a Chevin.

Laccini, a people of Italy.

Laccobardi, a people of Germany.

Laccobrica, the City Lagos in Laccobriga, Portugal.

† Laccæbra, æ, f. in inticement.

Lacedæmon, the Son of Semele, who in the time of Moses built Lacedæmonia.

Lacedæmon, ðnis, f. the most fr.

Lacedæmonia, æ, f. mous city of Peloponnesus, called also Sparta, and now Mistra.

Lacedæmones, the People of La-

Lacedæmonii, cedæmon.

Lacedæmonium, ii, n. a green marble, (sc. marmor.)

LACER, era, um, [Λατς scissura, vel a Λατς crepo] rent, torn, ragged, scattered, broken.

Lacerabilis, e, easily torn.

† Laceramen, inis, n. and lacera-

mentum, i, n. a Rent.

Lacerandus, a, um, to be rent.

Laceratio, ðnis, f. a tearing in pieces.

† Lacerator, ðris, m. a tender,

† Laceratrix, f. a tearer.

Laceratus, a, um, torn, rent.

Laceria, a City of Magnesia and Italy

LACERNA, æ, f. [a lacer vel a Λατς vulgaris] a Winter-Cloak.

Lacernatus, a, um, having a thick Cloak on.

† Lacernosus, a, um, full of Cloaks, or wearing much Cloaths

† Lacernula, æ, f. a little or short cloak.

Lacero, are, [a lacer] to rend or tear in pieces, torment, devour, disdain, hurt * Lacerare diem, to waste the day. * Lacerare convitiis, or incesto ore, to rail at one. * Lacerare rem suam, to waste his Estate. * Lacerare reliquias vitæ, to take away the little

Goods he has left. * Rumore vulgi lacerari, to be defamed.

† Lacerose, adv. tatteringly.

† Lacerosus, a, um, full of tatters.

Lacerta, æ, f. a Newt. Evet, Lacerta; also a kind of Sea-fish. See Lacertus.

† Lacertellus, i, m. a little lizard.

Lacertosus, a, um, brown, strong.

Lacertulus, i, m. a little Arm.

LACERTUS, i, m. [ab Ὀλκισμῶν cubiti eminentia] the brown of the Arm or Thigh; an Arm, Strength; also a Lizard, and a kind of Fish.

Lacerus, a, um, torn. See Lacer

† Lacesio, ðnis, and lacesitio, f. a provoking.

† Lacesitor, oris, m. a provoker.

Lacesitus, a, um, provoked.

Lacessio, ivi, ere, [a lacio] to provoke unto wrath, rail or, abuse, stamp, scrape, molest, vex, fingle as one's Flesh does. * Sermone lacessere, to move Discourse. * Ruper lacessit taurum, thrusts his horns against the Rock. * Pelagus lacessere, to row hard.

Lachanizo, and lachanisso, are, to be faint or weak.

† Lachano, are, or ere, to feed with Herbs.

Lachonopales, æ, m. a Seller of Herbs, g.

Lachonopolium, ii, n. the Herb Market, g.

Lachinum, i, n. all kind of Pot-herbs, g.

Lachesis, one of the destinies, called also Sors.

Lachetes, f. Rug, a Dogs name, g.

LACHRYMA, æ, f. [Δακρυμα] a Tear. * Lachryma arborum, Gums. * Lachryma abiegna, Venous Turpentine. * Lachryma nihil citius arefcit, Grief is soon over. * Hinc illæ lachrymæ, all the stir is about this.

Lachrymabilis, a, to be Lamented.

Lachrymābundus, a, um, ready to Weep.

Lachrymatio, ðnis, f. a weeping.

Lachrymator, ðris, m. a weeper.

Lachrymatus, a, um, wept, distilled.

Lachrymo, are, to weep. * Num id lachrymo, ari, lachrymar v. ergo? does she weep for that?

Lachrymose, adv. Weepingly, as though one wept.

Lachrymosus, a, um, full of Tears, lamentable, making one weep * Fumus lachrymosus, the Smoke causing ones Eyes to run over with water.

Lachrymula, æ, f. a little Tear.

Laciburgum, the city Lazenitz in Pomerania.

LACINIA, æ, f. [a Λατς lace-ro] guard, hem, or fringe of a Garment, an old Clout; also a Rope. * Laciniae sinus, the plaits of a Gown. * In laciniis pecus agrotum distribui jubet, he commands the sickly Cattel to be put by themselves.

Laciniatum, adv. raggedly, by pieces or edges.

Laciniatus, a, um, platted, gathered, or hemmed.

Laciniates, a people of Liburnia.

Lacinio, to make holes, de-

Lacinio, are, scribe.

† Laciniose, adv. raggedly, intricately.

Laciniōsus, a, um, full of plaited folds, jagged, intricate, superfluous.

LACIO, ui, xi, itum, to Allure and Deceive.

Lacinium, a Promontory of Macedonia, where there was a Temple of Juno Lacinia

Lacipea, a city of Spain.

Lacipo, a city in Spain.

Lacmon, Promontory of Mount Idus, from whence the River Inachus flows.

Lacobriga, the City Lagos in Portugal.

Lacones the Lacedæmonians.

Laconia, the same as Lacedæmonia.

† Laconica clavis, a Key to the door without

Lacōnice, adv. briefly, pitily.

Lacōnicum, i, n. a Stove, for-bath, also a Lacedæmonian Garment.

Lacōnicus, i, m. a Dog

Lacōnismus, i, m. a short pitting-tence, or way of speaking, f.

Lacōnius, a, um, of Lacedæmonia.

Lacriassus, a city of Armenia and nor.

Lacruma, or lacryma, as lacryma

† Lacucus or Lacutus, the juice of an herb.

Lactans, ntis, suckling or suckling milk. * Lactantia, white meat

Lactaria, æ, f. spurge or milk-meat

Lactaria, orum, n. white meat.

Lactarium, ii, n. a Dairy-house.

Lactarius, a, um, of Milk, g.

Milk. * Lactarius pistor, a baker of white Meats.

Lactarius, ii, m. a Dairy-man.

Lactatio, ðnis, f. a suckling, or veigling.

Lactatus, ðs, m. a giving of suck.

† Lacte, is, n. Milk.

Lactens, ntis, suckling or suckling

* Metæ lactentes, green clover

* Frumenta lactentia, wheat yielding very white flower. * Lactifcus, a Fig full of Milk.

Lacteo, ere, to suck Milk.

Lactecolus, a, um, whitish, f.

Lacter, a Promontory of the Iles Coa.

† Lacteris, Spurge.

† Lacteron, cuie, Southistle.

Lactes, ium, f. the small Guts, f.

Lactis.

Lactesco, ere, to be turned to Milk.

Lacteus, a, um, of or like Milk, white. * Lacteus circulus, a Milky way.

Lacticia, orum, white Meats.

Lacticosus, a, um, full of Milk.

Lacticolor, oris, of Milk color.

Lactineus, a, um, Milky.

Lactiphagi, a people of Scythia.

Lactis, is, f. [a lac] the Guts or Triper. * Lactes pistor, the soft Row or Milt in Fishes.

† Lactissimus, a, um, abounding with Milk.

Lacto, are, [a lac] to suckle.

Lactis, are, [a lacio] to allure in veigle.

Lactoris, is, f. a kind of Milk Herb.

† Lactorones, the Blossoms of Herb Lactoris.

- Ladodurum**, a Town in England, by some Bedford, others Stony-Stratford.
- Ladonacium**, a city of Aquitaine.
- Ladonarius**, a, um, of Lettuce.
- Laduca**, æ, f. [a lac] Lettuce.
- Laduca sylvatica**, Hawk-weed.
- Laduca leporina**, the first Sow-thistle.
- Laducarius**, ii, m. a seller of Lettuce.
- Laducella**, æ, f. a Sow-thistle.
- Laducetum**, i, n. a place where Lettuce grows.
- Laducimen**, } the Frogs in
Ladunen, iiii, n. } sucking children mouths.
- Laducini**, the Surnames of several Noblemen of Rome.
- Laducula**, æ, f. a little Lettuce.
- Ladurium**, ii, m. a sucking pig.
- Ladurnus**, a, um, a God supposed to preside over standing corn.
- Ladulatus**, a, um, having the Picture of Pools or Lakes, watered.
- Laduna**, æ, f. [a lacus] a Puddle, hollow pit or ditch, a gap in a Bank where something is lost, a little Cavity above a Horse's Eye shewing its Age. * **Lacuna famæ**, a blemish in one's good Name. * **Vide nequa lacuna sit in auro**, see that none of the money be lacking. * **Lacunarum rei familiaris explorare**, to make even with the World, to make an Estate whole.
- Lacunar**, ariis, n. [a lacuna] a beam in a House, a space or separation, the hollow place in the upper lip.
- Lacunarius**, ii, m. a Ditcher or Rannal-raker.
- Lacunatus**, a, um, made hollow like a Ditch.
- Lacunculius**, i, m. a little Lake.
- Lacuniaria**, hanging Lights.
- Lacunar**, are, to lay with Planks, make Ditcher, Carve.
- Lacunosus**, a, um, Rugged, full of hollows or gaps.
- LACUS**, ðe, m. [adux] a Lake, the Vat under the Wine-press, the Channelling of Rafter, the partition in a Gartner, a main beam in a House, a watering or washing-place, a place where Mortar is made; also a deep Ditch.
- Lacunculius**, i, m. a little Ditch, Pond, Plank or Vat.
- Lacutris**, e, of a Lake or Pool.
- Lacuturris**, or **Lacuturria brassica**, Savoy-Colewort.
- Lacydus**, a King of the Argives, very Effeminate and Curious in his Hair.
- Lada**, } [Ladon] a kind of Ivy in
Ladum, } Cyprus, whose Leaves gather a Dew, of which **Ladanum** is made.
- Ladinum**, i, n. a sweet transparent Gum.
- Ladus**, Alexander's Page, who ran so swiftly, that the print of his foot could not be discerned in the Sand.
- Lade**, an Island in the Ægean sea.
- Ladephi**, a people of Bithynia.
- Ladicus**, a piece of the Pyrenean Mountain, called **Los colos de Ladoco**.
- Ladifacres**, a Bay in the Persian Sea.
- Ladiflaus**, a King of Hungary, A. D. 1078. so modest, that he was forced to take the crown, he added **Dalmatia** and **Croatia** to **Pannonia**, overcame the Huns, restrained the Poles by taking **Cracow**, and did many other excellent Exploits.
- Ladon**, a River of Arcadia, near which they say **Syrinx** was turned into a Reed.
- Ladon**, } a Dogs name.
- Ladon**, } an Island in the African Sea, called also **Isola del Patriarcha**.
- Læana**, a city of Arabia petrea.
- Lædenata**, a city of Mœsia.
- Lædibilis**, e, hurtful.
- LÆDO**, ði, sum, [Ladon] to hurt, injure, offend, grieve, blemish, contradict. * **Lædere naves ad saxa**, to run against the Rocks. * **Lædere fidem**, not to keep his Word. * **Lædere os alicui**, to abuse a man before his Face.
- Læni**, a people of Arabia felix.
- Læna**, a city of Caria.
- Lelaps**, æpis, m. Tempest, a Dog's Name.
- C. Lælius**, a great Friend of **Scipio Africanus**.
- LÆNA**, æ, f. [Xavina] an Irish Rug, a Freeze-cassock, a rough hairy Garbazine.
- Læna**, or **Læna**, a Harlot and Confident of **Harmodius** and **Aristogiton**, who slew the Tyrant **Hiparchus**, when she was tortured to confess, she bit out her Tongue.
- Læneus**, a River of Crete, to which they say **Jupiter** carried **Europa**.
- Laertes**, the son of **Arceus**, and Father of **Ulysses**, who from him is called **Laertiades**.
- Laertius**, a, um, of **Laertes**.
- Laertes**, a little country of **Cilicia**.
- Laertius Diogenes**, a Historian, who wrote the Lives of the Philosophers.
- Lætio**, ðnis, f. a hurting.
- Lætrygones**, a cruel people inhabiting **Formia** in **Campania**, who (as **Pliny** says) lived upon man's flesh.
- Lætrygonius**, a, um, of the **Lætrygones**.
- Lætura**, æ, f. a hurting or hurt.
- Læsus**, a, um, [of lædor] hurt, broken, beaten.
- Lætābilis**, e, of which one is glad.
- Lætābundus**, a, um, joyful, merry.
- Lætāmen**, inis, n. a Rejoycing, Comfort, Dung.
- Lætandus**, a, um, to be rejoyced at.
- Lætānter**, adv. joyfully.
- Lætāster**, ri, a merry Companion.
- Lætatio**, ðnis, f. merriness, mirth.
- Lætē**, inis, iſtme, adv. Gladly, abundantly.
- Læthargus**, i, m. Close-biter, a Dogs Name.
- Lætificatio**, ðnis, f. a Rejoycing.
- Lætificator**, ðris, m. a rejoycer.
- Lætifico**, are, to rejoyce one.
- Lætificare terram**, to Dung or Soil the Ground.
- Lætificor**, ari, to Rejoyce or be Glad.
- Lætificus**, a, um, making glad.
- Lætisco**, ere, to be glad.
- Lætitia**, æ, Gladness, Joy.
- Lætitudō**, inis, f. Gladness, Joy.
- Læto**, are, to make glad.
- Lætor**, ari, to be glad. * **Nec lætor malorum**, nor do I rejoyce at Mischances.
- LÆTUS**, a, um, ior, iſsimus, [a lad volo] Glad, Joyful, Merry, Fruitful, Fat; also Swift. * **Læta indoles**, a Sprightly brisk Disposition.
- Læva**, æ, f. the left Hand.
- Lævus**, a, um, ior, iſsimus, smoothed.
- Lævi**, a people of **Liguria**.
- Læviga**, æ, f. a Razor, Plane.
- Lævigatio**, ðnis, f. a planing.
- Lævigator**, ðris, m. a smoother.
- Lævigatorius**, a, um, smothering.
- Lapis lavigatorius**, a flint-stone.
- Lavigatus**, a, um, smoothed.
- Lævigo**, are, to sleek, smooth, plane, polish, loosen the Belly.
- LÆVIS**, e, [lævo] smooth, sleek, without hair or scales. * **Brassica lævis**, red Coleworts.
- Lævitas**, atis, f. smoothness, lightness. * **Lævitas intelluctuum**, a Looseness.
- Lævo**, are, to smooth, plane.
- Lævor**, ðris, m. smoothness, plentiness.
- Lævorsum**, adv. toward the left side.
- LÆVUS**, a, um, [lævo] left, on the left-hand, left-handed, foolish, unlucky. * **Inconuit lævum**, it thundered luckily. * **O ego lævus**, O Fool I. * **Lævo tempore aliquem interpellare**, to disturb one thro' his busie, to make an unreasonable Visit.
- Lægānum**, i, n. a Pancake, Fritter, g.
- Lagaria**, a city in Sicily.
- Lagārum**, i, n. part of the Body from the Stomach to the Navel.
- Lagarus**, a, um, loose. * **Lagari versus**, Verses that ball in the middle, g.
- Lagarium**, Castleford in Yorkshire.
- LAGĒNA**, æ, f. [adym] a Bottle, Flaggon, the Measure of four sextaries.
- Lageos**, i, a small Grape, g.
- Lageus**, a, um, of **Lagus**.
- Lagia**, one of the Names of the Island **Delos**.
- Lagina**, a City of **Bithynia**, and other places.
- Lagnus**, a Bay in the Baltic Sea, called **Beltz**.
- Lagochilus**, g. bare lipped.
- Lagois**, idis, f. a Bird and a Fifth testing like a hare, g.
- Lagonoponos**, g. a griping of the Guts.
- Lagophthalmia**, æ, f. a sleeping like a hare with the Eyes open, g.
- Lagophthalmus**, i, m. he that sleeps with his Eyes open, g.
- Lagopus**, ðdis, f. the herb **Hare-foot** or **Hare cummin**; also an Alpine Bird as big as a Dove, with hairy feet, g.
- Lagotrophium**, ii, n. a Hare-warren.
- Laguncula**, æ, f. [a lagena] a little Flaggon or Bottle.
- Lagunculus**, i, m. a March-pane.
- Lagus**, the father of **Ptolemy**, who succeeded **Alexander**.
- Lagusa**, the Island **Christiana** near **Crete**.
- Lagyrā**, the city **Soldaia** in **Taurica Cherſoneſus**.
- Læcus**, a, um, of the common People, not of the Clergy, g.
- Lami**, a people of **Peonia**.
- Lale**, idis, a Scythian Harlot, living at **Corinth**, whose excessive Rites made **Demosthenes** say, he would not buy Repentance so dear, by her

- instigation Alexander burnt Per-
senopolis; she was killed by the
women of Thessaly in the Temple of
Venus.
- Laius, Jocasta's husband after whose
Death she married his son Oedi-
pus.
- Lala, a city of Armenia major.
- Lalage, the name of a Girl in
Horace.
- Lalassio, the River Calendo in
Isauria.
- Lalerani, a people of Spain, their
Country is called Laletania. Hence
Laletanum vinum, a Wine com-
mended more for the plenty than the
goodness.
- Lalifanda, or Dalifanda, a City of
Isauria.
- Lalio, ōnis, m. [α λαίος vocife-
ror] a wild Asses colt.
- † Lallatio, ōnis, f. a prattling like
a b.b.e.
- Lallo, are, [λαλέω loquor. a sono]
to prattle like a babe or nurse
- Lalus, i, m. a Lullaby, or bringing
the child to sleep.
- Lallus, the God thought to preside
over Nurses and their Lullabies or
prattlings
- Lama, a City of Lusitania.
- LAMA, a, f. [α λανη γραμια] a deep
Ditch, a Fish-pond; also an Arabi-
an thorn whence mastick fr seeds.
- Lamactia, a city abut. Armenia.
- Lamafa, a City of Numidia.
- Lambana, a City of Mesopotamia.
- Lambacismus, an insisting too much
on the letter L, g
- Lambdoidei, the bindmost Seam of
the Scull, g.
- Lambe, an Island in the Gulf of
Arabia.
- † Lambero, are, to cut or tear in
pieces.
- Lambese, the City Lambesca in
Atrica.
- Lambito, are, to lap or lick often.
- LAMBO, bi, ere, [λαμβο a sono]
to Lick, Lap, Touch softly, pass
gently by.
- Lambrani, a people of Insubria.
- Lambrus, the River Lambro in
Gallia Cisalpina.
- Lameca, the City Lamege in
Portugal.
- Lamelia, a, f. [α lamina] a thin
plate.
- Lamellum, a little Island in the
Tyrrhene Sea, called Maliora.
- † Lamentabilis, lamentable, to be
pitied.
- Lamentarius, a, um, moving to
lamentation.
- Lamentatio, ōnis, f. a Lamentation.
- Lamentatus, a, um, lamented.
- LAMENTOR, ari, [a sono] to
lament, bewail.
- Lamentum, i, n. a Moaning, Be-
wailing.
- Lamia, a City of Thessaly, another
in Sicily. And a mountain in Ar-
radia. Also a famous Harlot belo-
ved of King Demetrius, to flatter
whom the Thebans built a temple
to Venus Lamia.
- LAMIA, a, f. [α λανη γραμια
vel λαμπε inluvies] a Witch.
Hag; also a Dog fish, Sea-Dog;
Break-net.
- Lamia, arum, a Noble Family in
Rome
- Lamida, a City of Mauritania Ca-
sariensis.
- LAMINA, a, f. [αβ' Eado duco]
a plate or thin piece of Metal, the
Ear lap, a Slate, a Pipe stove, a
sword blade, a hot gad of Iron.
- † Laminatus, a, um, wrought into
plates.
- † Laminio, are, to Emboss or cut
into plates.
- † Laminosus, a, um, full of Plates,
Embossed.
- Lamirus, the Son of Hercules by
Iole daughter of King Furius.
- Lamisus, a Historian of Samos.
- Lamissus, the second King of the
Longobardi.
- Lanium, ii, n. [α lama] the dead
Nettle.
- Lamna, a, f. for Lamina.
- † Lamnula, a, f. a little plate.
- † Lamofus, a, um, full of watery
ditches.
- Lamotis, a country of Cilicia.
- † Lampada, a, f. a Lamp. Torch.
Fire in the Air, Brightness. Also
the wild Rose.
- † Lampadarii, orum, the Emperors
officers looking to the lamps.
- Lampadephoria, a Play wherein
they ran about with Lamps, g.
- Lampadias, a, f. a Blazing star
like a Torch, g.
- Lampadion, a little Torch or
Taper; also a shrewd Girl, g.
- Lampad u, the Colleague of Orestes.
- Lampaga, a people of India within
Ganges.
- Lampares, the Twenty fourth King
of Assyria.
- LAMPAS, adis, f. [λαμπας] a
Lamp, Torch, a fiery Glean. * Lu-
naris lampas, Moon shine.
- Lampe, a City of Apulia, Creet and
other places.
- Lampedo, a happy woman of Lace-
demonia, being the daughter, wife,
and mother of a King.
- Lampena, a, f. a fine coach, g.
- Lampetia, the Sister of Phacihusa,
who kept the sheep of their Father
Phœbus in Sicily.
- Lampeto, a Queen of the Amazons.
- Lampetra, a, f. [a lambo & petra]
a Lamprey.
- Lampetus, one of Phaeton's Sisters.
- Lampeus or Lampia, a Mountain
of Arcadia.
- Lampia, a River flowing from the
River Lampeus.
- Lampis, a City by the River
Meander.
- Lampon, the name of a very swift
Horse. Also a Priest who was wont
to swear by a Goose.
- Lamponea, a city of Troas, and an
Island by Thrace.
- Lampisacus, a City of Asia near
Lampisacum, Hellespont, where
Priapus was worshipped.
- Lampisacus, a, um, of Lampis-
acus.
- Lampisacenus, a, um, of Lampis-
acus.
- Lampisana, a, f. Nipple wort, corn-
sallet, g.
- Lampuca, a, f. Hawk weed.
- Lampurus, a Dogs name, White-
tail, g.
- Lampyrus, Idis, f. a Glow-worm, g.
- Lamus, the son of Hercules by the
Queen Omphale. Also a King of
the Lastrygenes, who gave name
to the Roman family of the Lamia.
Also the name of a stately horse.
A River in Cilicia.
- Lamulia, the Country about the
River Lamus in Cilicia.
- Lamyra, a River and City of Lycia.
- Lamyru, i, m. a kind of Lycian
Evet, g.
- LANA, a, f. [α λανη] Wool. * La-
na anserina, Goose down. * Lana
caprina, Goats hair, a thing of a
value.
- Lanaria, a, f. Fullers-weed, Cal-
wort.
- Lanaris, e, having or bearing Wool.
- † Lanarium, ii, n. a Store house
for Wool.
- Lanarium, a River of Sicily.
- Lanarius, a, um, of or like wool.
- Lanarius, ii, m. a Wool-winder,
any one that works about wool.
- † Lanata, a, f. a Sheep.
- Lanator, a, um, Woolley. * Ma-
lum lanatum, a quince * Lan-
ta vites, Vines bearing Grape
covered with soft cotton.
- Lance, a city in Spain.
- LANCEA, a, f. [α λανη] a Jew-
lin, Lance, Pike, the head of a spear.
- Lancearius, ii, m. a Spear-man.
- Lanceatus, a, um, Armed, or ar-
med with a spear or lance.
- † Lanceo, are, to handle a Lance.
- Lanceolla, a, f. a little spear, also
Rib work.
- Lances, the Basins of a ballroom,
also any deep Dishet. See Lanza.
- Lanciati, a city in Spain.
- Lancifer, a, um, bearing a Lance
Spear.
- Lancinatio, ōnis, f. a Lancy-
Thrusting through.
- † Lancinator, ōnis, m. a Lancy-
Thrusting through, to Rend or Car-
sume.
- Landavia, the City Landiffa.
- Landi, a People of Germany con-
quered by Caesar.
- † Lanerum, i, n. a Garment made
of unwashed Wool.
- Laneus, a, um, [α lana] Woolen.
- * Laneus lupus, a fish in the
River Timavus.
- Langa. See Languria.
- Langia, a River of Peloponnesus.
- Lango, a City of Peloponnesus.
- Languefacio, ere, to enfeeble,
weaken.
- LANGUEO, ere, [α λανη pigresco]
to Faint, Languish, Pine away.
- * Languere otio, to grow extreme-
ly lazy.
- Languesco, ere, to grow Faint or
Feeble.
- Languide, Faintly, Feebly, Lazily,
adv.
- † Languido, are, to make Faint or
Feeble.
- Languidule, adv. somewhat faint-
ly.
- Languidulus, a, um, somewhat
faint, dying, withered.
- Languidus, a, um, Weak, Faint,
Lazy, Withered, Decayed. * Ho-
mo languidior, one that cannot
do much.
- Languificus, a, um, making faint.
- † Langula, a, f. a broad platter.
- Languor, ōnis, m. faintness, weak-
ness, infirmity (of Body or Mind).
- * Aquosus languor, the Drunken-
ness.
- † Languorofus, a, um, Languish-
ing much.
- Languria, a, f. [α λανη vel α λανη
α λανη] a kind of Basket
whose Urine Amber was thought to
be made.
- Langurium, ii, n. [α λανη]

a Lanquet of Amber.
Laniarium, ii, n. Butchery.
Laniatio, ōnis, f. *a Butchering,*
Laniatus, ūs, m. *Quartering,*
Tearing in pieces.
Laniator, ōris, m. *a Render in*
pieces.
Laniatorium, ii, n. *a Butchers-*
shop.
Laniatus, a, um, *Torn in pieces.*
Lanileum, ii, n. [a lana] *Trading*
in wool; also the Gain thereof.
Lanicus, a, um, *of Wool.*
Laniculus, e, *hearing Wool.*
Laniēna, æ, f. *a Slaughter-house,*
the Butchery.
Lanifer, æa, um, *bearing Wool.*
Laniger, æ, f. *a spinner or worker*
of Wool.
Lanificia, æ, f. *a spinner or worker*
of Wool.
Lanificium, ii, n. *a working of*
wool, or making of Cloth.
Lanificus, a, um, *working wool.*
Lanio, ōnis, m. *a Butcher. See*
Lanius.
Lanio, are, [a lanius] *to Quarter,*
cut in pieces.
Lanionius, a, um, *of or like a But-*
cher.
Lanipendia, æ, f. *a Spinner or*
weigher of Wool.
Lanipendium, ii, n. *a weighing*
of Wool.
Lanipendius, ii, m. *he that par-*
cels out Wool for the Spinners.
Laniscus, i, m. *a tod of Wool.*
Lanise, an Island in the Ægean
 Sea.
Lanista, æ, m. [a lanio] *a Fencing-*
*master. * Lanista gallorum, a*
Cock-master.
Lanitium, ii, n. *a trading in wool.*
Lanium, ii, n. *a Slaughter-house.*
LANIUS, ii, m. [a lacero, vel a
lacina fodio] a Butcher; also a
Bird.
Lanoculus, i, be that wears a cloth
 before his eye.
Lanofus, a, um, *full of Wool.*
Lantana, æ, f. *the Wayfaring-*
tree.
Lanuginosus, a, um, *full of Cotton,*
Wool, or Down.
Lanugo, inis, f. [a lana] *Down, the*
Moss of Fruits, the first Down upon
the cheeks, saw dust; also a Ditch
or Furrow.
Lanula, æ, f. *a small lock of Wool.*
Lanuvium, a City in Italy.
Lanuvius, a, um, *of Lanuvium.*
LANX, ncis, f. [Λανξ] *a*
Platter, Basin or Scale of a Bal-
ance.
Laocon, the Son of Priamus, and
 Priest of Apollo, he dissuaded the
 Trojans from receiving the wooden
 horse.
Ladamantia, an Island of Libya.
Lodamas, the son of Alcinous.
Lodamia, the Daughter of Belle-
 rophon, she brought forth Sarpe-
 don King of Lycia to Jupiter, and
 was shot with her own Arrows by
 Diana. Also the Daughter of
 Acastus, who desiring to see the
 Ghost of her husband Protefilaus,
 died in his Arms.
Lodice, the Daughter of Priamus
 and Hecuba; also the Daughter of
 Agamemnon.
Lodicea, a City of Cælofryia, and
 another in Lydia.
Lodocus, the son of Antenor; in
 his shape Minerva came to persuade

Pandarus to break the League by
 darting at Menelaus.
Laomedon, the Father of Priamus
 and King of the Trojans, slain by
 Hercules for not performing his
 promise made for his preserving his
 Daughter Hecione from the Sea-
 monster, to which he was forced to
 expose her for defrauding Nep-
 tune and Apollo of their wages
 for building the City walls.
Laomedontia, the City called after-
 wards Lamisacus.
Laolthenes, the 33d King of Assyria.
Lapadanum, the gum Ladanum.
Lapathos, i, f. *a Dock.*
Lapathum, i, n. *a Dock.*
 * **Lapathum acutum**, some Sor-
 rel.
Lapersa, a Mountain of Laconia.
Laperthus, a City of Cyprus.
Laphyra, a name of Minerva from
 the spoils which they carry from
 the war.
Laphyttium, a mountain of Boeotia,
 whence Jupiter is called Laphytus,
 and the Bacchæ Laphystiæ.
Lapicida, æ, m. [a lapis & cædo]
a Mason, a digger of stones.
Lapicidina, æ, f. *a Stone-quar-*
ry.
Lapicidina, æ, f. *a Stone-quar-*
ry.
Lapidarius, a, um, *belonging to*
*Stones. * Lapidaria latomia,*
Quarries of stones.
Lapidarius, ii, m. *a Mason or*
digger of stones.
Lapidatio, ōnis, f. *a stoning to*
death.
Lapidator, ōris, m. *a burler of stones.*
Lapidatus, a, um, *stoned to death,*
battered with stones.
Lapidatum est, it rains stone s.
Lapidesco, ěre, *to grow hard like a*
Stone.
Lapideus, a, um, *made of Stone,*
heavy, hard as a stone.
Lapido, are, *to stone to death, cover*
with a heap of stones; also to rain
Stones.
Lapidosus, a, um, *full of Stones,*
hard as a stone.
Lapillus, i, m. *a little stone; also*
*a precious Stone. * Nivei lapilli,*
*Pearls. * Virides lapilli, Eme-*
ralds.
Lapio, to Harden, make Hard,
 Grieve, make heavy.
LAPIS, idis, m. [Λᾶς, Λῖθος, vel a
Λᾶς for pavimentum] a Stone.
 * **Lapis molaris**, a Mill stone.
 * **Lapis redivivus**, an old Stone
 put into a new building. * **Lapis**
bibulus, a pumice stone. * **Lapis**
parius, white marble. * **Lapis**
terminalis, a Boundary. * **Ad**
tertium lapidem, three miles off.
 * **Lapidem verberare**, to lose ones
 labour. * **De lapide empti**, slaves
 bought in the market.
Lapis, a Cretian King.
Lapista, æ, f. *a Stone trough.*
Lapistrus, i, m. *a Dock.*
Lapit, lipit, or labit, it grows
 hard as Stone.
Lapithæ, a people of Thessaly, the
 first inventors of bridles and saddles.
 Also a mountain in Laconia.
Lapithe, a city of Thessaly.
Lapitheus, æ, f. *of Lapithe.*
Lapitheus, a, um, *of Lapithe.*
Lapitheum, a City in the Mountain
 Taygetus.
Lapithus, a City in Cyprus.
Lappa, a city in Crete.

LAPPA, æ, f. [ab Heb. Laphath
 apprehendit] *a Bur.*
Lappiceus, a, um, *of or like a bur.*
Lappago, inis, f. *the herb Maiden-*
lips, shepherds Rod or Teasel.
Lappenna, arum, f. *Blazing-*
stars.
Lappetum, i, n. *a place where*
Burrs grow.
Lappotus, a, um, *full of Burrs.*
Lappula, æ, f. *the herb Maiden-*
lips.
Lapabundus, a, um, *just a falling.*
Lapsina, æ, f. *Dock-tresses, with the*
root of this herb Cæsar's army was
long fed at Dyrrhachium; whence
Lapsanā vivere, to live hardly. See
Lampsana.
Lap-anium, ii, n. *broth of Lap-*
sana.
Lapsans, ntis, *slippery.*
Lapsias, River of Bithynia.
Lapsum, slidingly.
Lapina, æ, f. *a Slippery place.*
Lapso, ōnis, f. *a slipping.*
Lapso, are, *to slip often, slider.*
Lapsorium, ii, n. *a sliding-place.*
Lapsurus, a, um, *like to Fall.*
Lapsus, a, um, [of labor] *having*
*fallen. * Lapsus animi, out of*
*ones wits. * Lapsus facultatibus,*
*that has lost his estate. * Lapsa*
consuetudo, a custom out of use.
Lapsus, ūs, m. *a falling, sliding, a*
*glance, course. * Lapsus volu-*
*crum, the flying of birds. * Lapsus*
fidei, a losing ones credit.
Lapordum, the City Londain in
 Aquitaine.
Lapyges, a people of Sarmatia.
Laquear, i, n. *the Roof of a*
chamber embow-
Laqueare, is, *ed; also a plain beam in a Roof.*
Laquearius, a, um, *of a Roof.*
Laqueatus, a, um, *entangled, sna-*
*red; also Arched, Vaulted. * Te-*
stum laqueatum, a channelled roof.
Laqueo, are, [a laqueor] *to lay the*
roof, to roof.
Laqueo, are, [a laqueus] *to En-*
tangle.
Laqueolus, i, m. *a little snare.*
Laqueosus, a, um, *full of snares.*
Laquetismus, i, m. *a gin or grin.*
LAQUEUS, ei, m. [Λᾶξ & fovea;
 vel ab Heb. Lacach caput] *a Gin,*
*or Snare, a Halter. * Laquei ju-*
dicii, the penalties of the Law.
 * **Laqueus laqueum cepit**, one
 knave has caught another. * **Dis-**
putationum laquei, Niceties,
 subtleties.
Lar, the River Om in Arabia felix.
LAR, aris, n. [Hetrusc princeps]
a household God, a House, Hearth.
 * **Homo incerti laris**, one that
 has no certain abiding place.
Lara, or Larunda, one of the Naiades,
 on whom Mercury instead of carry-
 ing her to Hell for revealing to Ju-
 no the love of Jupiter to Juturna,
 begat two twins called Lares.
Larissa, a City of Media.
Laranda, a City of Lycaonia.
Lārarium, ii, n. *a private chapel*
for the Lares.
Larissa, a City of Media.
Larbason, Antimony, g.
Larcus, i, m. *an earthen fire-pan.*
Lardarium, ii, n. *a Larding-stick,*
also a Larder.
Lardo, are, *to Lard, Baste with*
Lard.
Lardosus, a, um, *full of Fat.*
Lardus, i, m. *a Lard.*

- † Lardūm, i. n. a little Lard.
LARDUM, i. n. [a lar] Bacon.
 Latendani, a People of Arabia Felix.
 Larentia, a famous Harlot.
 Lares, or Penates, the Household Gods.
 Lares, a City in Africa propria.
 † Larex, or Larga, the Larch-tree.
 Largē, ius, iſſimē, adv. Largely, plentifully.
 Largificus, a, um, Bountiful.
 Larāfluus, a, um, Flowing at large.
 Largilocus, a, um, Speaking much or freely.
 Largio, ire, to Give liberally.
 Largior, iri, Grant, Permit.
 * Civitatem alicui largiri, to make one free. * Si tempus non largitur, if time wont give leave.
 * Largitor de te puer, boy answer for your self.
 Largitis, ātis, f. Liberality, Bountifulness.
 Largiter, adv. Largely, liberally.
 * Largiter mercedis, a great reward.
 Largitiōnis, f. Prodigality, Bribe, Largeſſe.
 Largitionalis, is, m. a kind of Almoner.
 Largitor, ōris, m. a Liberal giver, Briber.
 † Largitrix, icis, f. the same.
 † Largitudo, inis, f. Liberality.
 Largitus, a, um, Given, Offered.
 † Largitus, Liberally.
 † Largiusculus, a, um, somewhat Large or Bountiful.
 T. Largius, the first Man created Dictator at Rome.
 Largus, the Colleague of Messalinus.
LARGUS, a, um, ior, iſſimus, [a largus copiosus, vel a largus va de operosus] Large, Liberal, Full of, also Prodigal. * Largus opes, abundance of Riches or Wealth. * Largus lachrymarum, weeping much. * Largus donare, Bountiful.
 Lariagara, a City of India without Ganges.
 Larices, a People of India within Ganges. Also a City of Noricum.
 † Lariccus, a, um, of a Larch-tree.
 Laricina, æ, f. Turpentine.
 Laridum, i, n. Bacon. See Lardum.
 † Larienus and Larigena, æ, born Larice.
 † Larigna, æ, Gum of the Larch-tree.
 Larina, an Italian Virgin who assisted Turnus against Aeneas. Also a Fountain in Aitica.
 Larinum, a City of Apurium.
 Larinates, the People.
 † Larinx, gis, the top of the Weasand.
 † Laringa, æ, f. f. f. f.
 Larise, a City of Aetolia.
 Larissa, the Name of several Cities.
 Laridenus, of Larissa.
 Larissacus, the largest Lake in Italy, called Lago di Como, containing from North to South sixty miles.
LARIX, icis, f. [a λαρὶς dulcis] the Larch-tree, whose Wood is very durable.
 Laro, or Laron, a River in Tuscany.
 † Larfus, a, um, Sky-coloured, Gray.
 Larta, a City of Epirus, called before Ambracia.
LARVA, æ, f. [a lar] a Vizard or Mask; also a Masher, Mummer, Night-ghost, Hobgoblin.
 † Larvāle, i, n. a Ghost, Hobgoblin, a Vizard.
 Larvāle, e, of a Vizard or Ghost.
 Larvatus, a, um, having a Vizard on, frighted with Ghosts.
 Larunda, for Laranda, or Lara.
 Laruncia, an Island in the African Sea.
 † Larvo, are, to wear a Vizard.
 † Larvosus, a, um, Frighted with Spirits, Haunted.
 Larus, a Mountain and River in Italy.
 Larus, i, m. [a lar] a Sea-cob; also a Gaping.
 † Larvula, æ, f. a little Mask or Ghost.
LARYNX, gis, f. [a lar] the top of the Weasand.
 Lacyſus, a Mountain of Laconia.
 Las, a City of Laconia.
LASANUM, i, n. [a las] a Close-stool.
 † Lascia, æ, f. Lace for Garments.
 Lascivē, adv. Wantonly.
 Lascivia, æ, f. Wantonness.
 Lascivibundus, a, um, very Wanton.
 Lascivio, ire, to be wanton, grow Rank.
 † Lasciviōe, Lasciviously.
 † Lascivioſitas, ātis, f. Lasciviousness.
 † Lasciviōſus, a, um, Lascivious.
 Lascivulus, a, um, somewhat wanton.
LALCIVUS, a, um, ior, iſſimus, [a lalcus, a lalcus, vel a lalcus] Wanton, Effeminate, Rank, Full of.
 Lascoria, a City of Galatia.
 Laser, ēris, n. the gum Benzoin. See Laserpitium.
 Laserpitiatuſ, a, um, mixed with Benzoin.
 Laserpitifer, a, um, bearing Benzoin.
 Lasepitium, ii, n. [a lac & zia] for virgultum unde exudat laser] Master-wort.
 † Laies, Household Gods.
 Lasos, a City in Crete.
 Lascatio, ōnis, f. a Tiring.
 † Lascator, ōris, m. a Wearier.
 Lascatum, a, um, Wearied.
 Lasseco, ēre, to tire or grow Weary.
 Lassa, the Isle Andros.
 Lassitudo, inis, f. Weariness, Laziness, the Green sickness.
 Lasso, are, to tire or make weary.
 † Lassulata, æ, f. the Herb Costmary.
 Lassulus, a, um, somewhat weary.
LASSUS, a, um, [q. latus, vel ab Heb. Lab defatigari vel Chalaſh debilis fuit] Weary, Tired. * Res lasa, Adversity.
 Lathenia, a Woman who went in Mens Apparel to hear Plato.
 Lasus, he was the first that wrote of Musick in the time of Darius King of Persia.
 † Lata, æ, f. a Lath.
 Latage, es, the Drink thrown out of a Cup; also the noise.
 Latamedā, a River of India without Ganges.
 Latē, ius, iſſimē, adv. Largely.
 * Longe lateque, far and wide.
LATEBRA, æ, f. [a lateo] a lurking-hole or Corner, a Den, Nest, an excuse, pretence. * Latebra tabellæ, the Judges giving his Sentence in writing. * Latebram quarere perjurio, to disguise a false Oath.
 Latebricola, æ, c. one that plays at hide.
 † Latebro, are, to Lurk or Hide.
 † Latebroſe, adv. Secretly.
 Latebroſus, a, um, Dark, full of Caverns or little Holes. * Latebra flumina, Rivers whose Spring-head is unknown.
 Latenter, adv. Quietly, Secretly.
 † Latentivōra, æ, c. one that does yours secretly.
LATEO, ui, itum, [a lateo] to Lurk or Lye hid. * Latet plerique, most Men are ignorant of it.
LATER, ēris, m. [a latus vel a lapis] a Brick or Tile. * Latereſ aurei, Wedges of Gold.
 * Latērem lavare, to lose one's labour.
 Latēralis, e, [a latus] belonging to a side. * Lateralis dolor, the Pleurisy.
 † Latēralis, is, m. a Waiter, Page.
 † Latēramen, inis, n. an Earth-plot.
 Latēranus, a Roman Patrician, who hid himself from business, and being designed Consul, was slain by Nero's Command. * The Laterane Palace, which Constantine gave the Pope, did belong to him.
 Latēranus, i, m. a Freeman of the Guard.
 Lateraria, æ, f. [a later] a Brick-kiln.
 Laterarius, a, um, [a latus] Belonging to a Side.
 Latēranus, ii, m. [a later] a Brick-maker.
 † Latērcalenses, ium, they that kept the Emperors Bath.
 Latērcūm, i, n. a Master-roll; also a State, and the Emperors Bath.
 Latērcūlus, i, m. a Slate or Tile.
 Latērenſis, is, m. a Waiter.
 † Latēritum, ii, n. a Brick-floor.
 Latēritiuſ, a, um, made of Bricks or Tiles.
 Laterium, the Farm-house of Q. Cicero.
 Laterna, æ, f. [a lateo] a Lantern, Also an eye of a Needle.
 Laternarius, ii, m. a Lantern-bearer.
 Laternūla, æ, f. a little Lantern.
 Latēro, ōnis, m. [a latus] a Freeman of the Guard.
 † Latēro, are, to put to the Side.
 † Latērucūlaria, æ, f. a Chess-board.
 † Latērucūli, orum, Chess-men.
 Latēſco, ere, to grow Broad.
 Latēſco, ēre, to Hide, or be Hidden.
LATER, icis, m. [Heb. Lathah, vel a latro] all kind of Juice or Liquor also a Fountain.
 Lathyr, is, m. the Herb.
 Lathyrus, idis, f. the Spurge.
 Latēlis, e, Italian, of Italy.
 † Latibulo, are, to lurk or lye hid.
 † Latibulor, ari, in a Den or Cavern.

- Laticlavium**, i, n. [a lateo] a Den, Larking-place.
Laticlavia, æ, f. [sc. tunica] a Garment which Roman Senators wore, with a broad Purple-fringe, the Dignity of a Senator.
Laticlavus, a, um, wearing such a Garment, or belonging thereto.
Laticlavus, ii, m. [a latus & clava] a Senator, Alderman.
Laticosus, a, um, Watered, Moist.
Laticolus, a, um, having Broad Leaves.
Latifundium, ii, n. a broad or wide Ground, large Possession.
Latina, arum, Holy-days to Jupiter of Latium.
Latine, adv. in Latin, Plainly, after the manner of the Latins. * **Latine scire**, to understand Latin.
Latiniensis, e, of Italy.
Latinitas, atis, f. the Latin Language, the privilege of the Citizens of Rome.
Latino, are, to imitate the Latins.
Latino, ari, i, to imitate.
Latius, an ancient King of Italy, who married his Daughter Lavinia to Æneas.
Latinus Sylvius, the fifth King of the Latins.
Latinus, a, um, Latin, of Italy.
Latius, onis, f. a Carrying, Ordaining. * **Latio suffragii**, a giving one's Voice.
Latipes, edis, Broad-footed.
Latitatio, onis, f. a Lying hid.
Latitator, oris, m. a Lurker.
Latitatrix, icis, f. a Lurker.
Latito, are, [a lateo] to lurk, lie hid, Skulk.
Latitudo, inis, Latitude, Breadth, Largeness.
Latium, Italy [properly that part of it called Campania di Roma].
Latius, a, um, Italian. * **Latinitas**, the Latin Tongue.
Latmus, a Mountain of Caria.
Lato, are, to make wide.
Latobrigi, a People of Gallia Belgica, between the Allobroges and Helvetii.
Latonia, idis, Diana, the Daughter of Latona.
Latonia, æ, f. a Stone-Quarry, g.
Latonia, arum, f. a Prison at Syracuse, into which Verres cast many Roman Citizens, and another at Rome. And 6 Islands in the Gulf of Arabia.
Latonia, i, m. a Quarrier, Digger of Stone, g.
Latona, the Daughter of Cæus, one of the Titans, on whom Jupiter begot Apollo and Diana.
Latone, a City of Ægypt, called also Latopolis, where the Pyramids are.
Latoni, a, um, of Latona.
Lator, oris, m. a Carrier, Bearer, Messenger, Giver. * **Lator legis**, a Law-giver.
Latoria Lex, a Roman Law against the wronging of Orphans.
Latorum, a City of Ægypt.
Latorici, a People of Pannonia.
Latrans, ntis, Barking, Greedy, crying like a Raven.
Latratio, onis, f. a Barking.
Latratior, oris, m. a Barker.
Latratum, imp. there is Barking.
Latratu, a, um, Barked at, Begged.
Latratu, us, m. a Barking, Inveighing.
Latreu, one of the Centaurs.
Latria, æ, f. Religious Worship, g.
Latriensis, e, Worshipping.
Latria, æ, f. [a lateo] a Privy; also a Kitchen or Wash house.
Latria, a German Island called Frisch Narung.
LATRO, are, [Tραχτα a seno] to Bark as a Dog, to Enveigh against; also to Crave.
LATRO, onis, m. [Λατρός, vel a τρώω servus] a High-way-man, Cut-throat, Robber, a hired Soldier, a Life-guard-man, a Man [at Tables]. * **Prælia latronum ludere**, to play at Chess.
Latrocinialis, e, of Robbing or Robbers.
Latrocinatio, onis, f. a Robbing.
Latrocinator, oris, m. a Robber.
Latrocinium, ii, n. Robbery; also Warfare.
Latrocinor, ari, to Rob, serve in the Wars for Money.
Latrunculator, oris, m. a Searcher for Robbers, a Provost Marshal.
Latrunculus, ii, m. [a latro] a little Thief or Chess-man. * **Latrunculis ludere**, to play at Chess or Tables.
Latuniae, arum, Stone quarries, to which Vagabonds were condemned, a Prison.
Latuniarium, ii, a Jail-bird.
Latunium, ii, a Quarry, an Instrument to dig stones.
Latūra, æ, f. Portage, Porters-fare.
Latūra, a Bay in the Libyan Sea.
Latūrarius, ii, m. a Porter.
Latūrus, a, um, about to Bring or Bear.
Latus, a, um, [offeror] Brought, Carried, Ordained, &c. * **Lex lata per vim**, a Law made by force.
LATUS, a, um, [ελατός] Broad, Wide, Large, Great.
LATUS, eris, n. [Heb. Tselang, vel a Kairo declivitas] a Side, Strength of Voice; also a Companion. * **Dolor laterum**, a stitch or pleurisy. * **Honor lateris**, a taking the upper hand.
Latus, or latos, i, a kind of Fish.
Latufates, a People of Aquitaine.
Latufclavus, i, m. the Purple garment or dignity of a Senator.
Latuseulum, i, a little Side.
Latymnium, a Mountain in Lacedæmonia.
Lavacrum, ri, n. a Washing-place, Font. * **Lavacrum veneris**, fuller's teal.
Lavamen, inis, n. a Washing or Washing place.
Lavandula, æ, f. [a lavo] Lavender.
Lavatio, onis, f. a Washing.
Lavator, oris, m. a washer.
Lavatorium, ii, n. a Bath, Conduit, or Font.
Lavatrina, æ, f. a Sink to wash dishes upon, also a Bathing-tub.
Lavatrix, Bowes upon Stanemore in Yorkshire.
Lavatrix, icis, f. a Landress.
Lauce, the Island Achillea in Pontus.
Laucus, i, m. a Torch-bearer, also a Kid-napper, and Fellers.
Laud, a River of Mauritania T in gitana.
Lauda, a Fine given by a new Tenant.
Laudabilis, e, Laudable, Praiseworthy.
Laudabiliter, inis, adv. Laudably, Commendably.
Laudanæ, arum, Ornaments hung up before the Altar.
Laudatè, Laudably.
Laudatio, onis, f. a Praising.
Laudativus, a, um, Praising.
Laudator, oris, m. a Commender.
Laudatrix, icis, f. a Commender.
Laudatus, a, um, ior, iſimus, Commended.
Laudicæna, æ, m. One hired for
Laudicænus, i, a Supper to praise one.
Laudare, [a laus] to Praise, Commend. * **Ego Jovem supremum testem laudo**, I call Jupiter to witness. * **Laudare auctoritatem**, to declare his Title to his Lands before the Court.
Laudominium, ii, n. Somewhat given beside the Pension.
Laudum, i, n. an Award, Determination.
Laudunum, the City Loan in Gallia Belgica.
Lavendula, æ, f. [a lavo] Lavender.
Laver, eris, n. and f. [a lavo] Water-parsley.
Laverna, a Roman Goddess from whom the Thieves were called Laveriones as being under her Protection.
Lavernalis, e, of Laverna.
Lavernio, onis, m. a Thief.
Lavernium, the Temple of Laverna.
Laviacum, a City of Austria called Laufen.
Lavinia, the Daughter of Latinus and Amata, betrothed first to Turnus, but Æneas slew him and married her.
Lavinum, a City in Italy built by Lavinus, Æneas, and so called from his Wife Lavinia.
Lavinus, a, um, of Lavinium.
Laumellum, the City Lamello in Insubria.
LAVO, avi, autum, orum, and avatum [lavo] to Wash, Purge, be Wet. * **Lavare peccatum suum**, to clear himself of a Crime laid to his charge.
Lavo, ere, to wash.
Laura, a Street, Market-place.
Laura, a City in Sicily.
Laurago, inis, f. a Bay tree.
Laurea, æ, f. a Laurel or Bay-tree, a Garland, Triumph.
Laureatus, a, um, crowned with Laurel.
Laurentalia, orum, n. Festivals in honour of Laurentia.
Laurentia or Acca Laurentia, the nurse of Romulus and Rhemus.
Laurentius, Laurence, the name of several Men.
Laurentum, a City of Italy.
Lauratum, i, n. a garden of Laurel.
Laureo, are, to crown with Laurel.
Laureola, æ, f. a little Laurel or Garland. * **Laureolum in mustaceo quætere**, to seek after praise by trifling.

† Laureolum, i. n. a Surgeons Instrument to draw out Bullets.
 † Laureolus, i, m. a kind of Enterlude.
 Laureolus, a Robber who was hanged and devoured of wild beasts, which story was afterwards often acted at Rome.
 Laureolis, idis, f. [a laurion] the Ashes that come of the trying of silver.
 Lauretum, i, n. the place set with Bay-trees.
 † Laureum, ei, n. a Laurel-leaf or Garland.
 Laureus, a, um, of the Bay-tree or Laurel.
 Laurices, cum, m. [Hispan] young Rabbits cut out of the Dams belly, or taken from the Teats and so drest.
 Lauricōmus, a, um, bearing Bay-leaves or Trees.
 Laurifer, a, um, bearing Bay-trees.
 Lauriger, a, um, wearing a Garland of Laurel.
 Laurinus, a, um, made of Bays or Laurel.
 Laurion, a place about Athens where were silver Mines.
 LAUKUS, ūs, f. [ἀλφειά, vel a laus] a Laurel dedicated to Apollo, and used in triumphs and victories. * Laurus sylvatica, wild bay without smell. * Laurustinus, a wild bay.
 Laus, a City of Lucania.
 Laus Pompeia, the City Lodi in Insubria.
 LAUS, dis, f. [a λαός populus vel a λαός lequor] Praise, Commendation, Renown, a Laudable Deed. * Est tua laus, this tends to your Commendation. * Quod metello laudi datum est, for which Metellus is commended.
 † Lauso, are, to Applaud or Commend often.
 Lausonium, a City by the Lake Lemane called Lausanne.
 Lausus, the son of Numitor and brother of Ilia Sylvia, slain by his uncle Amulius; also the Son of Mezentius slain by Aeneas as he defended his Father.
 Laute, ius, iſſimè, adv. Daintily, Richly, Bravely. * Laute loqui, to deliver himself in clean Language.
 Lautia, orum, n. 2 [a lautus] the Lautia, arum, f. 3 Roman presents to foreign Ambassadors. * Lautia loca, places of good Entertainment.
 † Lauticose, Plentifully, Costly.
 † Lauticofitas, ātis, f. Pountiffulness.
 † Lauticosus, a, um, Pleasant, Delightful.
 Lautitia, æ, f. Daintiness, Finess.
 † Laurices, cum, the Wives of two brothers.
 Lautila or lautola, arum, certain hot Baths near Rome.
 Lautumarius, ii, m. a Bridewell or Fowl-bird.
 Lautumia, arum, Stone-quarries. See Latomia.
 Lautus, a, um, [of labor] Washed; also Dainty, Neat, Spruce, Rich, Sumptuous. * Lautissima cena, a very Noble Supper. * Lautiores servi, Servants having a neat carriage. fit for any Mans service.

† Lax, Deceit, Fraud.
 Laxamentum, i, n. Release, Recreation and Refreshing. * Dare legi laxamentum, to abate the rigour of the Law.
 Laxamina, num, the Reins of a Bridle.
 Laxatio, ōnis, f. a Loosning.
 Laxatus, a, um, Loosned, Delivered, Freed. * Laxatio membrana, a Larger sheet of Parchment.
 Laxe, ius, iſſimè, adv. Loosely, at a Distance.
 Laxitas, ātis, f. Looseness, Breadth, Largeness; also Cheapness.
 Laxo, are, to Loose, Slack, Unlock, Unty, Release, Refresh, to Abate. * Munera Bacchi laxarunt mentem, Wine made him merry. * Laxare tempus, to prolong the time. * Laxare se moleſtiis, to free himself of troubles. * Annona laxat, the price of Corn sinks.
 Laxra, a City in Spain.
 LAXUS, ior, iſſimus, [a Xαλός laxo, vel ab Heb. Chalats libera vit] Slack, Loose, Large Free, Unbound, Long, Weak. * Laxa dies, a long time.
 Lazi, a People of Scythia.
 Lazulus, i, m [Arab. Azal] a blew kind of Marble, of which they make azure colour much used in Physick.

L E

Lea, an Island above Crete.
 Lea, æ, f. [a leo] a Lioness.
 Lea, æ, f. [λαία] a kind of Colewort.
 Leai, a People of Pæonia about Macedonia.
 Leæna, the Name of an Athenian Harlot. See Harmodius.
 Leæna, æ, f. [λεωνία] a Lioness.
 Leander, a young man of Abydos, who was wont in the night to swim over the Hellespont to Hero, one of Venus's Nuns at Sestos, till at length he was drowned.
 Leander or Leandrius, a Milesian Historian.
 Leandis, a City in Armenia minor.
 Leantia, a People of Arabia felix, hence Leantia finus.
 Learchus, the Son of Athamas and Ino, slain by his Father in a raging madness taking him for a Lions whelp.
 Learchus, a, um, of Learchus.
 Lebadæa, a City of Boeotia by the river Cephissus.
 Lebædus, a City of Ionia, where there was a College of Actors who acted every year in the Honour of Bacchus.
 Lebēris, idis, f. a dry cast skin of an Adder; also a Coney and a kind of Bird, g.
 Lebes, ētie, m. [ἀσπερ] a Kettle or Caldron.
 Lebui, a People of Italy.
 Lebuni, a People of Spain.
 Lebyntus or Lebinthus, an Island in the Aegean Sea, one of the Cyclades.
 Lecanomantes, æ, m. he that Divines by water in a Basin, g.
 Lecanomantia, æ, f. a Divining by water in a Basin, g.
 Lecanomantius, a, um, g. of such Divination.
 Lechaum, a Haven of Corinth.
 Lecebra, æ, f. an Allurement.

† Lectarius, ii, m. a maker of Beds.
 Lectè, ius, iſſimè, adv. Choicely.
 Lectica, æ, f. [a lectus] a Horse-litter. Chair, Sedan. * Lectica arborum, little beds in the Forks of trees.
 † Lecticālis, e, of a Horse litter.
 Lecticārōla, æ, f. she that loves a Sedan-man.
 Lecticarius, a, um, belonging to a bed or Horse litter.
 Lecticarius, ii, m. a Sedan-man; also a Coffin-bearer.
 Lecticula, æ, f. a little Chair.
 Lectio, ōnis, f. a Lesson, Reading, choice. * Lectio lapidum, a picking up stones.
 † Lectonarium, ii, n. a Missal Service-book.
 Lectisterniator, ōris, m. a Bed-maker.
 Lectisternium, ii, n. a Spreading of a Funeral Banquet.
 † Lectistrator, ōris, m. a Bed-maker.
 Lectio, are, [a lego] to Read often, Gather often.
 Lectiuncula, æ, f. [a lectio] a little or short Lesson.
 Lector, ōris, m. a reader.
 † Lectōrius, a, um, of Reading.
 † Lectrum, i, n. a pulpit, reading seat.
 † Lectualia, orum, Bidding.
 † Lectuarius, a, um, of a bed. * Lectaria findon, a sheet.
 † Lectula, æ, f. a little Bed, a bower.
 † Lectulārius, ii, m. one that is Bedridden.
 Lectulus, i, m. a Pallet or Couch.
 Lectum, a promontory of Troas called Scorpiata.
 Lectura, æ, f. a Lecture, Reading.
 † Lecturio, ire, to desire or be desired to read.
 Lectus, ior, iſſimus, [of legor] Read, Chosen, Notable, Excellent.
 † Lectus, ūs, m. a Choice or Election, a Gathering.
 LECTUS, i, m. [ἀσπερ] a Bed or Couch. * Lectus funebri, the Bier or Coffin.
 Lecythus, i, m. an Oil cruse; also the yolk of an Egg. * Non est oleum in lecytho, he is inexorable, g.
 Leda, the Daughter of Theſſias and wife to Tyndarus King of Laconia, being deceived by Jupiter in the form of a Swan, she brought forth two Eggs, whereof one produced Pollux and Helena, the other Castor and Clytemnestra.
 Leda, æ, 2 a kind of Ivy. See Lædum, 3 Lada.
 Ledaus, a, um, of Leda.
 Ledæ ioboles, the Sign Gemini.
 Ledum, a River of Narbone called Le Lez.
 Ledum arpinum, a sweet Mountain Rose-tree.
 Lēgālis, e, [a lex] Lawful, belonging to the Law.
 † Lēgālitas, ātis, f. Loyalty.
 † Lēgāmen, inis, n. a Sending away.
 † Legarium, ii, n. all sort of Pulse.
 † Legata, æ, f. a woman Messenger or Ambassador.
 Lēgātarius, a, um, bequeathed by Will.
 Lēgātarius, ii, m. a Legatee.
 Lēgatio, ōnis, f. an Embassy, Lieutenantship.
 † Lēgatiuncula, æ, a little Embassage.